

LOTERIE

PAR F. DUTILLEAU.

Le bonheur de la loterie commence à la bourse, à midi.

UN TERRAIN sitôt dans le feuibing de l'Aménagement ou La Course, faisant partie d'un plus grand Terrain désigné dans le No. 4 de l'île No. 76, bordé d'un côté par le terrain No. 1, 2 et 3 et de l'autre par une portion dedans du terrain appartenant à Jeanne Hélène Ogier, mesurant 55 pieds de face à la rue Malibron, soit 196 pieds de profondeur, le tout en terrains en pleins débuts avec eau pure. Payable 50 piastres comptant, et le reste en deux termes égaux de 9 et 18 mois, au billet endossé et hypothétique spéciale jusqu'à final paiement.

19 avril.

PAR M. W. BOYD.

Samedi, à la Bourse, il n'est pas avant l'heure de 12 m., lorsque le greve ordinaire, agé d'environ 28 ans, excellent peintre et vitrier, ganté des malades et vêtu primitivement, il est son charmeur et couteur, très bien connu dans ce pays. Payable à 6 et 12 mois, il donne 125 de fonds en avance à la propriétaire, et s'engage à faire régler un bien de famille.

Avril.

PAR F. DUTILLEAU.

Le bonheur, à la bourse d'Hébert, Lund 23 et 24, sur l'île et ses dépendances, dont les deux îles, entre celles d'Amboise et St. Antoine, mesurant 20 pieds de face sur 120 de profondeur, entouré d'un côté par la propriété d'Ant. Pichot et de M. le Père par celle d'Amboise. Un aménagement ou le festo à ultime, en bullet court, n'admettant pourtant hypothèque que jusqu'à partiel paiement.

3 avril.

LOTERIE.

De l'argent compris il se passe tout!

Loterie de la Louisiane.

1, 25, 3, 14.

SONT les numéros sortis cette dernière fois le Samedi 19 Avril.

Le billet 25. 1. 7. qui a gagné.

38000,

a été vendu à l'ancien Bureau de Banque. C'est encore une nouvelle preuve de l'assurance avec laquelle il peut promettre à tous qui achètent chez lui, que lorsqu'ils un peu plus tôt que leurs lots leur tombent en portage.

Ceux qui ont gagné sont invités à venir recevoir leur argent, ou renouveler leur chance dans la prochaine loterie.

à l'ancien Bureau de

F. V. DARRIEN,
Bureau de St. Louis.

TIRAGE DE LA LOTERIE

DE LA LOUISIANE.

7-25-1-3.

Ceux qui ont gagné dans cette Loterie, peuvent s'adresser, pour recevoir leur argent, au renouvellement leur chance.

au Bureau de Fortune de

FENNELL,
rue de Chartres No. 33.

LE TIRAGE

de la Loterie de la Louisiane.

Classe à peu près; les Numéros sont

7-25-1-14.

à l'adresse du Bureau de la Rue de

Chartres, de

MALCOLM,
59 av. rue de Chartres, No. 33 et au N° 132

POUR PORT-AU-PRINCE

Le galion Héritage GRISTELLEZ, double et chevillé en cuivre, et d'une marche supérieure, capt. John J. McNeil, ayant trois quarts de sa charge engagé, portera gracieusement pour fret ou passagers à l'adresse au capitaine à bord.

(Voir Marque No. 173.)

Qui aident à vendre au embarquement de la même.

228 avec café vert.

51,027 livres bois de Campêche.

1 charrette avec son haras (construction de N.-Y.)

1 sac de cordes de pêche.

19 avril.

POUR NANTES.

Le BANC D'ARGAIL "COMMERCE", double et chevillé en cuivre; Capt. A. B. Morris, partie pour le port de Nantes le 20 d'Avril prochain. Pour fret de 200 balles de coton et passage devant des Embarcations fort commodes. S'adresser au Capitaine à bord, ou à

LANDREUX VIRENNE & Co.

rue Gravier, No. 58.

Qui offrent à vendre en débarquement du même navire :

Frouage de Gruyère, 1/4 Gramme;

Verniselle;

Sardines au beurre & à l'huile—Confitures;

7000 points de marmites;

50 Paniers Guignolet;

39,800 Carréants.

POUR TAMPA.

La galion ECLIPSE, capitaine Mar-

chon, ayant la majeure partie de son chargement arrêté, partira immédiatement pour le port. Pour fret et passage, s'adresser à

19 Avril.

M. P. COUGOT, rue Royale.

Un moment de partir je prie les par-

sonnes qui auront quelque réclama-

tion contre moi, de se présenter chez Mr. J. Guérin fabbourg Marigny, rue des

Franchises. Celle qui me doivent ont au-

ssi l'occasion de régler avec Mr. J. Guérin, qui

est procureur générale.

21 avril.

LALAURIE Dr.

THE BELL.

Progress News, or F. Darrin.

MONDAY, APRIL 21, 1828.

[From the New York Times.]

The British Military Premier.—It may not be interesting to many of our readers to say how His Grace of Wellington treated a report—that current in May last, on the formation of Mr. Canning's ministry—of his (the Duke's) being placed at the head of the ministry. The report is from the Times of the 3d May, of the Duke's speech delivered on the evening previous to the House of Lords:

"Would any man, therefore, believe, that when he was in a situation which enabled him to recommend to the notice of his Majesty all his former friends and companions in arms, paid no regard to them according to their merit?—He knew that they had bravely made under his command in the field; would

any man believe that he would reluctantly resign a situation so consonant to his feelings and his habits, for the mere empty ambition of being placed at the head of the Government? He knew that he was disengaged for any such office;

he knew that he was unable to address the house as a person who inspired to such an office ought to address it—(hear, and laugh)—and he, therefore, said, that filling as he did with respect to the situation which he had recently filled at the head of the army—filling it, as he did, from the opportunity which gave him to improve the condition of his old comrades in arms—knowing his incapacity for filling the post of First Minister, he should have been glad, and worse still, had he ever entombed the young project which certain individuals had in view.

(Hear him.)

Daley of the Appropriation Bill.—We have already adverted to the great inconvenience resulting to the public service from the delay of Congress in passing the appropriation bills. An aggrieved party sends us the following advertisement, for insertion—and we wish him success in discovering the lost or mislaid bills.

ADVERTISSEMENT EXTRA.

A hundred dollars reward will be paid by the subscriber, for such information as will lead to a discovery of two Bills, amounting to between five and six millions of dollars—one entitled a Bill making appropriations for the Navy, the other for the army, for the year 1828.

These bills are supposed to have been lost or forgotten in one of the committee rooms of Congress, and have probably fallen into the hands of some evil disposed person, who intends to make a bad use of them. The above reward, and all reasonable charges will be paid, for the discovery of the bills—and one half for the thief.

A DISTRICT POSTAGE CHARGE.

[From the New-York Esquire.]

Florida Land Titles.—We have occasionally referred to this subject and endeavored to impress upon Congress the importance of confirming the proceedings of the commissioners relative to what has been already done, and to provide for the speedy adjustment of the land titles in Florida. This beautiful and invaluable province makes no figure in the possessions of the United States. Population, capital, and enterprise, which are indispensable in the advancement of a new country, cannot be invested or realized while so much uncertainty prevails as to the titles to lands.

The commissioners appointed some years ago have decided upon several claims, which decision, wisely and prudently made, only awaits the confirmation of Congress; and the bill reported by Judge Morgan in Senate, provides for the speedy adjustment of the residue. A sum of money has been invested in the purchase of the faith of the commissioners, and the funds, now in New-York, and elsewhere, will be sent to the land, which is to be sold in small parcels and parcels, and the proceeds applied to the payment of the debts of the commissioners; and this probably, which may, and will be called the Italy of America, will, in a few years, after disputes and questions as to titles are settled, become the most flourishing state in the union.—We are persuaded that there is no good cause for this delay; nor can there be any desire on the part of the competent tribunals to procrastinate the decision. We earnestly hope, that the report of the commissioners will be taken up and confirmed, and that the bill will be final settlement of the whole question.

Horrified Outrage.—A man named O'Doherty, and his wife, were yesterday committed to Bridewell, for having attempted to murder a poor old woman, residing in Greenwich street.

It appears that it was their intention to have robbed her of some money which she possessed; and to do it the more effectually, they struck her on the head with a log of wood—but were prevented accomplishing their inhuman intentions, by the intercession of some persons, who were attracted to the spot by the shrieks of the unfortunate woman. She was conveyed to the alms house, and the opinion of the medical gentlemen was, that it was impossible for her to live. [V. Y. Journal of Com.]

John RANDOLPH.—There are mountebanks and smatterers in stile as well as in physic, and we can mention no one who deserves more the name of a political mountebank than the man of Roanoke.—It is the characteristic of these street orators to mount a derrick, hence the name, and horroge the collected multitude upon any subject he thinks best calculated to excite their wonder and admiration, and in the midst

of it to sell them his nostrums and worthless drags, will the bold assurance that they will prove infallible—nothing more necessary to exasperate themselves for all their complaints.—The chief aim of the mountebanks is, by an amazing story, so master what, to make the gaping audience believe in his infinite skill in curing all disorders, "past, present, and to come." Besides athletic feats and high sounding phrases, he repeats incoherent scraps of Latin, short anecdotes, and low puns, their whole aim being to operate ignorance, and make the swallow their quick medicina.

Some of these mountebanks are indeed very skilful in operating the passions to which the species were

subjected. Others, & those not a few

have adhered to the swallowed advice of Mahomet, while officers, disengaged

in their profession, have chosen the pay and splendor of the Pacha of Egypt

to fill the feelings of humanity, and have done what they could to disgrace their native countries.

When the character and conduct of Americans in the service of Greece

will be better known than they have

been by their countrymen, the publick

opinion will be entirely reformed.

Martyrdom to the attendant of merit; and it

is not for men like Howe and Miller

and Jarvis to blazon abroad their own

merit. So far from it, it is only by

interrogation and enquiry through other

sources that we can get at the particu-

larities of their labours and self-denial

in favor of the Greeks. Dr. Howe,

ever since he has arrived in that country

as the physician of the American legation,

has been highly rewarded.

SCRUTATOR.

From the Southern Patriot.

The article we have copied from

Bell's Weekly Messenger, seems to

accuse the Duke of Wellington

of "marvelously profligate" for the

Premiership, in the present state of

parties in England. Energy of spirit

determination—dash—are qualities

that the Duke no doubt possesses. He

may be an able negotiator, and yet

have an innate fear of Government.

To regulate the affairs of an Empire

singularly complicated in its domestic

relations, is a different matter, from the

"carte et tierre" of diplomacy. The

contests of Parliament cannot be left to

subordinates, however well drilled;

the management of the Finances cannot

be entrusted to mere clerical abilities,

like Mr. Goulburn. The division of

labour does not obtain in the adminis-

tration of the Government of England,

as far as the Premier is concerned.

He must be a Minister of all work.

He must be a man of figures as well

as to take in charge the Foreign Bu-

reau. He must be imbued with the

principles of trade and finance, as well

as know the balance of Europe. He

must enter Parliament with the energy

of spirit to put down opposition, but

also with the conciliatory temper to

head decisions among his own followers

and coadjutors. Whether the Duke