

Arrivés.  
Bateau de remorqueur Grampian, de la Passé B.  
avec le navire...  
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**THE BEE.**  
PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY P. BELLAUF.  
St. Peter Street, between Bourbon and Royal.  
MONDAY, JUNE 16, 1828.

**New-York, May 14.**  
By the Caroline Augusta, from Havre we have the Journals of that place to the 14th ult. They do not furnish a syllable of political news.

When the Caroline Augusta sailed, a French brig had just arrived at Havre, in four days from Lisbon, with passengers, who left the latter place on account of a revolution which had broken out. The Journal de Havre of the 13th April, contains a table of imports for the first three months of 1828; whence it results that a distribution of 12241 bales of cotton had occurred in the imports of cotton, as compared with the same period of last year. The principal decrease was in Egyptian cottons amounting to 75,480 bales; in Brazil, 1558; in other sorts, exclusive of American, 2379. In American, there had been an increase of 7001.

In rice, from America, the imports had increased very much, being for the first quarter of this year 13,360 tierces, against for the same period of last year, 7746. In tobacco, a diminution of 198 hhd. had occurred.

Of 259 foreign vessels that entered the ports of France in the first quarter of this year, 210 were from the United States.

**New-York, May 14.**  
From Havre.—By the ship Caroline Augusta, Capt. Merrill, from Havre, we have received Havre papers to the fourteenth of April inclusive, from which we have translated the following articles.

**HAVRE, April 12.**  
The Jules et Julie, left Lisbon the 3d of April, and as we then intimated the capital of Portugal continued to present up to the time of her departure the affecting prospect of civil disturbances.

Don Miguel, whose projects of despotism are no longer doubtful, had not yet however caused his absolute power to be proclaimed. The moment however for the accomplishment of this usurpation cannot be far distant. It was even announced that before the 10th it would be consummated.

Among the passengers of the Jules et Julie, the number of which amounts to 22, are the Director of the Customs, S. M. Morinto, de Silveira, minister of State, who have followed the example of that large number of the citizens of Portugal now emigrating in the vessels which leave the city of Lisbon.

The English marines, who to the number of 600 men, had taken possession of the two forts commanding the Tagus, are not disposed to give them up to Don Miguel, who has demanded their restitution in the strongest terms, and had threatened in case of refusal to take them by force. The presence of the vessels which the English have left before Lisbon appears, however, to have made him pause before executing this violent design.

The Count of Saldanha, ex-minister of war who recently left England, alarmed by the spectacle of the troubles, dared not disembark at Lisbon. He at first thought of going on board the Jules et Julie, but finally resolved on returning to Portsmouth, by the steam packet Duke of York.

**Havre, April 14.**—The engineers which were to leave Toulon in the brig Aloyon, will embark in the Alacrité to place themselves under the orders of the Count Capo D'Istria, and to offer their services to the Greek Government. Two vessels had arrived at that port with despatches from Admirals Marigny and Collet. A convoy of 35 sail entered Toulon the same day. One of the Captains of this convoy related, that the frigate Astrea had taken and burnt an Algerine Corsair.

Accounts from the neighborhood of Algiers up to the 28th March say, that the blockade continues to be rigorously enforced.

An eruption of Mount Vesuvius took place on the 14th of March, and subsequently several tremendous shocks have been felt, and great quantities of stone and ashes have been discharged, accompanied by flames.—After a variety of explosions, a tremendous shock forced the three apertures into one, and a column of smoke and ashes arose from it and presented to the city of Naples, the appearance of a Pine tree of gigantic dimensions. The rays of the sun reflecting against it presented one of the most extraordinary spectacles ever seen. Stones were thrown up in great numbers, and one among the rest of immense dimensions, which was thrown over the side of the crater, and rolled down the mountain.—D. Adv.

**NAPLES, March 22.**  
The violence of the eruption began to diminish at three o'clock, and the wind having changed, caused the volcanic column to incline towards Ortujano, and it began gradually to diminish in size. At five o'clock the summit of Ve-

stavius displayed only a small cloud of smoke. The road to Portici is crowded with carriages and pedestrians.

Eight o'clock.—As the column of smoke diminishes, the noises and explosions in the interior of the mountain increase, and symptoms of earthquake threaten another violent eruption. Shocks have been felt in Capri, in the districts of Riggio and Palmi. No change of importance has been observed.

The Brig Pulaski, arrived at Baltimore from Havana, sailed April 2d, reports that the yellow fever was raging in that place. A Spanish seventy four, had 300 days on the sick list.

**From the Aurora and Pennsylvania Gaz.**  
An intelligence correspondent has suggested as there is now a prospect of war in Europe, it would be interesting to our readers, to have brought into view, the population and strength of the several nations likely to be involved in it. The following is the result of what we have been enabled to collect from the most authentic sources within our reach.

**The Russian Empire in Europe,** is said to be equal in extent all the rest of Europe; it does not, however, appear to be very accurately known or defined. It is composed of upwards of fifty different nations; and these occupy a territory of about 17 millions of square miles, and compose a population of probably 45,000,000. In Asia, Russia is supposed to have a territory of 8,000,000 of square miles, and a population of ten or fifteen millions; total population, probably 6,000,000. She has an army of about 600,000 men, about 200,000 of which she can take into the field, and a Navy of about 400 sail.

**The Ottoman Empire in Europe,** consists of about 700,000 square miles, with 10,000,000 of inhabitants.—In Asia, perhaps 1,000,000 square miles and 15,000,000 of inhabitants, making an aggregate population of 25,000,000. She has a nominal Army of 400,000 men, and can take into the field probably 200,000, and a Navy of 200 sail.

**Prussia,** now at war with Russia, has a territory of 1,500,000 square miles, a population of 24,000,000, an army of 260,000 men, and a Navy of 100 sail.

**Austria** covering an extent of 1,000,000 square miles, has a population of 30,000,000, an army of 200,000, and a Navy of 30 sail.

**France** has in Europe, a territory of about 1,000,000 square miles, a population of 30,000,000, an army of 300,000 men, and a Navy of 130 sail.

The British empire, in Europe, is about 500,000 square miles, with a population of 20,000,000, an army of 300,000 men, and a fleet of 1000 sail. Her colonies are greater in value and extent than those of any other nation, and add to the population under her dominion probably 60,000,000.

The above statements are given in round numbers; but are believed, however, not to be far from the truth, and afford a fair comparative estimate of the Nations mentioned.

**Another Forgery.**—A melancholy instance of forgery was brought to light in London on the 15th ult. which furnished the leading topic of conversation. Mr. Ferham, the confidential clerk of the house of Ward, was the criminal. It was not sufficient that he had a fine salary for his services, together with an income of 5000l. by his wife, a young and amiable woman, he must resort to a less regular mode of gain. Involved by ill success in his gaming practices, he resorted to forgery to extricate himself. The forgery for which he was indicted was a bill of 500l. upon the firm of Rothschild; in order to release this bill he had raised money by a forged acceptance of the Messrs. Baring. After his arrest a number of similar acceptances were found upon searching his trunk. Every effort was made to prevent the prosecution from being followed up—even Mr. and Mrs. Rothschild used their entreaties in favor of the prisoner, who had been a man of respectable character and moved in the most distinguished society, but all was in vain. He was remanded for trial. Nothing short of death probably will satisfy the laws of his country. The agony of his wife was never described.

**From the Boston Patriot.**  
The wife of Mr. Isaiah Eaton of the city, gave birth last Tuesday, to three children, a boy and two girls. The boy weighs about six pounds, and the girls four pounds each. This makes an addition of four youngsters to Mr. Eaton's family within one year. We are glad to learn that they are all doing well.

**Dutch Economy.**—Louis Bonaparte says, that, in a village of the island of Tholon, after visiting a Calvinist Church, he was struck with seeing in the church-yard an immense heap of bones, formed, without any ceremony in an open and public place, where children were playing; they were human bones heaped together, without any roof over them. Orders were issued

to re-bury them, and to erect an expiatory altar. When the Burgomaster was interrogated respecting this piece of negligence, and the bad condition of his church, which was tolerably rich, he answered: "We have a sufficiency of revenues; but we have employed the burying-ground money in agriculture,—the best use to which we could put it!" His Excellency seems, upon the whole, to have formed a curious idea of Dutch masters; for another place he says, that if an offer were made to pay the interest of their national debt in diamonds, they would at once explain against it, because it was a novelty; and he adds, that they are just and equitable; but, at the same time, grumble in the extreme!

The celebrated Edmund Burke was one of the members appointed by the House of Commons to enforce the charges of crime against Mr. Warren Hastings, and one day, when he had been nourishing out all his splendid talents in a rich display of oratory against the accused, he addressed the splendid assembly of peers, ladies and gentlemen, before him, in the following terms:—"When I look round this glorious circle, bright with all that is high in rank, and all that is powerful in talent, all that is amiable in virtue, all that is brilliant in beauty, and then turn my eyes to the criminal at the bar, my mind is convulsed with horror, and I almost forget to breathe." The orator then placed his hands on the table before him, and dropped his head into them, as if overwhelmed by the dreadful contemplation. On coming out of Westminster Hall, after this splendid oration, Burke could not find his carriage, and Lord Yarborough having just drawn up, the Peer offered to take him home. The abolition of Burke's mind had not subsided, and on the way, without considering the impropriety of appealing to one who was ultimately to pronounce judgment in the case, he proceeded to re-urge the arguments of his speech on his noble auditor, concluding with the eager inquiry, "Do you not think this man a great criminal?" Lord Yarborough, whose correctness of intellect was not inferior to all who had the opportunity of knowing him, immediately answered, "Burke, all I can say at present is, that either you or Hastings deserve to be hanged; but I cannot now tell which of the two."

The ship, Cecilia, Tatem, from Philadelphia (March 1st) for New-Orleans, was lost 16th same month on Carter's Key, with nearly all the cargo, and one of the crew. One of the crew has arrived at Norfolk, via Nassau and Newbern.

**J. MAIGNAN & FAURIE.**  
LEVEE STREET, SURROUND MARYNY.  
HAVE the honor of informing the Planters, Steam-Mills and others, that since the 1st of June, just, they execute all kinds of IRON CASTINGS on the most moderate terms, and with the utmost exactitude.—They will repair wherever their services may be wanted, and will also undertake every thing that relates to their trade of Founders of all Metals, Blacksmiths, Turners, and Pattern Makers. They hope by their known assiduity and their experience, to merit a continuance of the confidence which they will always endeavor to make themselves worthy of.

They have constantly on hand a quantity of Charcoal and Pit Coal.

**TO THOSE WHO VISIT THE LAKE.**  
THE Public is respectfully informed that the old establishment of the Missing Sun is reopened under the name of MECHANIC'S HOTEL, where may be had all kinds of refreshments; there is an ordinary every day at 12 o'clock, at one dollar per person. Separate rooms are provided for private parties. The bar is well supplied with excellent liquors, and at one half the customary price.

**NOTICE.**  
Billion in the second Senatorial District, to wit:  
OF a Representative in the Congress of the United States by the first Congressional District of this State, of which the 2d Senatorial District is a part, to serve two years after the 3d March, 1829.  
OF seven Representatives in the General Assembly of this State, for the Parish and City of New-Orleans.  
And of a Governor for the State.  
By virtue of the Proclamation of His Excellency Henry Johnson, Governor of the State of Louisiana, dated 1st May last, for the election above mentioned, the Judge of the City and Parish of New-Orleans, notifies the electors of the Second Senatorial District comprising the City of New-Orleans and its suburbs, beginning at the New's Suburb above, and extending below as far as the Canal des Pechons including the inhabitants of the Bayou St. John and Gentilly, that this election will take place on the 7th, 8th and 9th of July next, in the Hall of the Sitings of the Parish Court of the Parish of Orleans.

J. PITOT, Judge.

**ON SALE.**  
Lynchburg White Lead, ground in Oil, Bleeding Copper, Earthware, Tin Plates, AN ASSORTMENT OF HARDWARE, CONSISTING OF  
Curt Mill's Axes, Trace Chains, Hoop Nails and Nails, Anchors, &c. Best Spanish, &c. for roofs of houses.  
Apply to  
CURELL, LESAMER & HENRY.

**LAST LOTTERY,**  
This Season, in the Sixth Class of the  
**PUBLIC SCHOOL**  
LOTTERY.  
Favorably to be drawn on Saturday the  
21st June, 1828.  
**HIGHEST PRIZES:**  
\$4000, \$2500, \$2000, \$1500, \$1000,  
\$500, \$1000, \$1000, \$1000.  
With smaller Prizes, in all 60,000.  
Whole Tickets, \$5; Shares in proportion.  
For a continuation of "GREAT LUCK," apply at MALCOLM'S ever truly fortunate Office, No. 65, Chartres Street, Sign of the Wheel of Fortune, where has been sold in the last Lottery, THE CAPITAL PRIZES of \$10,000, and \$4 of each \$1000.

**TEN DOLLARS REWARD.**  
Runaway from the subscriber, living in Marigny suburb, on the 13th inst. in the evening, a negro wench named SILVIE, of the height of 5 ft. 2 or 3 inches, thin face, big lips and large mouth, speaking English and French. The above reward shall be paid to whomsoever will bring back said wench to her master or lodge her in Jail.

Master of vessels, steamboats & others, who returned from harboring said wench under the penalties of the law.  
**PHIL. DODE.**  
June 16.

**NOTICE.**—Messrs. L. Noreau, Let & Pierre Smith, Counsellors and Attornies at Law, have entered into partnership for the exercise of their profession. Their office is in St. Louis street, above Mr. Boyd's auction store, opposite the "Magazine Office" may 21

**HAT STORE.**  
No. 18 Canal Street.

**DRAB BEAVER HATS.**  
NICHOLS & KIRCHER have received per ship Valmy, the finest quality of DRAB BEAVER HATS of the first quality, and of the latest New-York fashion.  
April 28

**AGENT of Le Courier de la Louisiane,** intends visiting every village of importance on the coast, and would be happy to collect any accounts placed in his possession, on a fair percentage.  
May 22.

**Ten Dollars Reward.**  
Were stolen from the subscriber, on the 22d of April last, two American Horses, one grey, old; very large, lean and rounded on the shoulder, the other black, with a small white star in front, with a mark near the eye, occasioned by the rubbing of the leg. The above reward will be given to any person who will bring said Horses to No. 146 Esplanade street.  
FRANÇOIS LAROCHE, Esq.  
May 9

**NOTICE to Peddlars and Hawkers,** trading within the State of Louisiana. THE Subscriber, purchaser of the Firm of Licences to be granted to Peddlars and Hawkers, and other persons, trading, selling, or exchanging merchandise on the great roads and water courses in this State, informs those whom it may concern, that his office is opened every day, in Leves street, between Bienville and Cagoune-House, No. 21, Jackson Store, where the different Licences may be had for twelve months, at the rate fixed by the Act of the Legislature, approved the 10th of February, 1825, and conformably to the act providing for the collection of money for the casual expenses of said State, and for other purposes—approved on the 25th of April, 1828.

The Farmer informs those who may traffic sell (themselves, by their agents or hiring people) beyond the limits of this State, that he will prosecute those who so trade without being furnished with a license.

He also gives notice that Mr. P. D. HENRY is his agent, and is authorized to deliver licences signed by me.

Those who have licences and their terms are expired, are requested to renew them to avoid the penalty above mentioned.  
**LOUIS ALLEY.**  
May 7.

**SPERMACETI OIL.**—3000 Gallons of the best quality Spermaceti Oil. A complete assortment of opposite planes.  
30 Boxes Roll Brimstone.  
300 Lines Bags.  
300 Kegs Paints of all colours.  
00 Boxes Window Glass assorted sizes for sale by  
**MARTINSTEIN & HALL.**  
No. 130 Canal Street.

**REMOVAL.**—CHARLES JANIN, Auctioneer at law and Notary Public, has removed his Office to Toulouse street, in the house where the French Consul formerly kept his office. may 12

**COFFEE.**—100 bags prime Havana Coffee for sale by  
G. B. BUNNELL & BARNSTON.  
may 12