

VENTE PAR LE MARSHAL.
J. Jourdan...
B. B. Tiller...
L. DAUNOY—Marshal.

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George A. Lucas...
L. DAUNOY—Marshal.

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Pierre Labert...
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Jacob Coste...
L. DAUNOY—Marshal.

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John Combe...
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James Freret...
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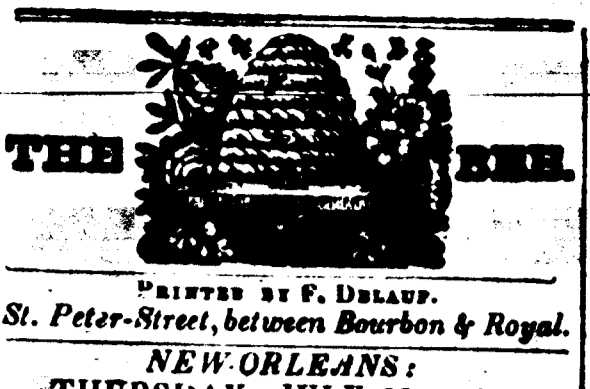
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THE NEW ORLEANS GAZETTE.
THURSDAY, JULY 23, 1829.

NEW ORLEANS:
We are informed that Mr. B. Z. Canonge has been elected, unanimously, Major of the 4th regiment of the 1st brigade of Louisiana militia.

The Post-Master General has advertised in the official paper of Washington that proposals will be received at his office, until the 10th day of October next, inclusive, for carrying mails of the United States, on the following post routes:

From Madisonville to New-Orleans, once a week, 38 miles.
Leave Madisonville every Monday at 6 A. M. and arrive at New-Orleans same day by 6 P. M.

Leave same every Wednesday at 6 A. M. and arrive at Madisonville same day by 6 P. M.

From New-Orleans, by Terre aux Boeufs, Centilly, Point La Hache and St. Philip, to Balize, thrice a week, in steam boats, 117 miles.
Leave New-Orleans every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 3 P. M. and arrive at Balize on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 6 P. M.

Leave same every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 A. M. and arrive at New Orleans on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 11 A. M.

CITY COUNCIL OF NEW ORLEANS.
The following preamble and resolutions were taken into consideration, on Tuesday last, and after having been amended, the further consideration was postponed to Saturday next:

The Committee to whom was referred that portion of the Mayor's communication of Saturday last, relative to the Loan of \$200,000 that the city is authorized to make, beg leave to report. That they are convinced of the great importance and urgent necessity of continuing the paving of the commercial part of the city, and fauxbourg St. Mary; and as so desirable an object cannot be effected for a long time unless we resort to the means proposed, submit the following resolution:

ART. 1 Resolved, That the Mayor be authorized, jointly with the Committee of Finance, to enter into immediate negotiation for effecting a Loan of 200 thousand dollars, in conformity with the act of the Legislature, approved 9th March, 1827, authorising the Corporation to borrow \$300,000 for certain purposes therein mentioned.

2d. That said Loan be effected redeemable in twenty years from the time of the payment of each installment, and to bear six per cent per annum interest, which interest shall be payable semi-annually in New-York, Philadelphia, or in this city.

3d. That said Loan must be effected at a rate not less than par.

4th. That if said Loan be effected in any of the Northern cities, that the money be paid into the City Treasury here, or deposited in the United States Branch Bank in New York, to the credit of the Corporation, in four equal instalments as follows:

One-fourth on the 15th November next.
One-fourth on the 15th May, 1830.
One-fourth on the 15th November 1830.
One-fourth on the 15th May, 1831.

That the certificates shall be of \$1000 each.

JAMES S. FRERET, Chairman.
SAMUEL J. PETERS.

Pensacola, July 14.
The U. S. Ship Hornet, Capt. Norris, arrived here on Thursday last, left Havana on the morning of the 5th inst. The Hornet has been on a laborious cruise of fifteen weeks, on the North side of Cuba, constantly and actively engaged in giving convoy from Havana and Matanzas, and searching among the Keys with her boats. The Officers and crew are in excellent health, and Lieut. Young whose legs had been so shattered as to require amputation of both of them, was left at Havana, doing very well, and expected soon to embark for the U. States.

On the morning that the Hornet sailed, a Squadron of Spanish Men of War consisting of one Ship of the line, two 44 gun Frigates, two Brigs, two Schooners, & seven Transports, with an Army of 5000 men, sailed from Havana; their destination the Coast of Mexico. Vera Cruz is the place where it is supposed they will make their descent. The Army is commanded by Genl. Barradas, the Squadron by Admiral Laborde—it is conjectured that Mexican Patriots holding high offices, are prepared to receive them as friends.
Proclamation have been published by both commanding Officers, to be distributed through Mexico, offering oblivion for the past, all those in power to remain so, and on equality of rights, &c. &c. &c.
Gazette.

New-York, June 26.
FROM BUENOS AYRES.
By the brig Volant, Capt. Finney, at Baltimore in 50 days from Buenos Ayres, we have received papers of that place to the 25th April inclusive. Letters of a still later date have been received at Baltimore, extracts of which we copy from the Baltimore American and Gazette.

It will be seen that the fortunes of the city were extremely uncertain. The hostile force under Rosas and Lopez had arrived in the immediate neighborhood of the city, amounting, including Indians, to 5000 or 6000 men; while the regular troops under Lavalle were only 1500. A decisive engagement was momentarily expected. For the information of some readers it is proper to state, that the war is maintained on the one side by the city and province of Buenos Ayres, and on the other by Provinces of the Federal Republic. It is of the same character as would be a war between the state of New-York and Pennsylvania, Ohio, &c. united; except that the federation between the different provinces of the Argentine Republic has for a long time been little else than nominal. It originated in the usurpation of Lavalle, if such it may be called, and especially in the rash execution of his predecessor Dorrego, which was considered an unwarrantable act even by the best friends of the former, and inflamed his enemies to madness. The next arrival will probably determine the fate of the Republic.

FOREIGN RESIDENTS.—In the "British Packet" of the 25th, an outline is given of the correspondence between M. Mendeville, the French Consul General, and Don Ramon Larre, commandant of the battalion of foreigners called the "Friends of Order,"—and also a correspondence between the former and the Minister of the Buenos Ayrean government. The Consul complains that while British and North Americans were exempted from military service, the French (as well as Indians, &c.) were required to perform it: That this service, which was at first limited to patrols, for the sole purpose of maintaining order and the public tranquility, had degenerated into a military system inconsistent with the neutrality which the French nation desired to maintain:—And that the foreign residents were uniformly employed in the most dangerous service, and posted in the positions most exposed to a hostile attack. He therefore demanded the dissolution of the French companies incorporated in the battalion of the "Friends of Order," and that the French residents in Buenos Ayres should not be exposed to any violence whatever, "which could only be considered as the breaking out of hostilities against the king of the nation." To all this the Minister replied:—

1. That the government do not recognize M. Mendeville in any other character than that of Consul General, with out powers to make diplomatic reclamations, much less to make protests contrary to the respect due to constituted authorities.

2. That the subjects of H. C. Majesty who enjoy the protection of the laws of the country are subject without reserve to the obligations which those laws impose upon them during their residence in the territory of this province.

The letter concludes by stating, that the Minister conceives it his duty to inform M. Mendeville that the government has viewed with the greatest dissatisfaction the unjust opposition which has been made to the means taken to protect the lives and properties of the inhabitants of the Capital against the barbarians who threaten it and that it is resolved to employ all means to make its determination respected.

The Consul, about this time, issued a circular, declaring that "every Frenchman who, without the authority of the King, takes military service in a foreign country or joins a foreign military body, will lose his title as a Frenchman;" and enjoining all his countrymen "immediately to deposit their arms and to refuse all military service."

Port au Prince.—A letter to the editors of the Baltimore American, dated June 7, says—"Vessels are dropping in with assorted cargoes, which have tended to diminish prices since last quotations. Our crop of Coffee is said to be considerably short of what it was last season; it comes in small quantities and commands high prices, viz: 9, 50 a 9, 62½. The crop being near its termination, a decline cannot be looked for. I annex quotations, as per last sales:—Beef, mess. \$18; prime, 15; Pork, mess 28, last sales, prime, 22; Fish, Herrings 8, last sales, Mackerel, 9½ do; Cod, 8 do Butter, 22c. do; Lard, 30c. do; Rice, 10c; Soap, 2, 75; Flour, 17 at 17 50, sales.

THEATRICAL ACCIDENT.—Mr. Forrest, one of the managers, in playing Sir John Ramorney, in "Blood for Blood," on Monday evening, was much injured in the breast, by the use of a dagger, which was supposed to be a spring one.—The wound was near the heart, and rather deep, but we are hap-

py to say that he is now considered out of danger, though for a time there was great fear that it would be mortal.—*Albany Daily Adv.*

From the Norfolk Herald, June 22.
We should infer that the pressure of his official duties, about this time would not allow the President of the United States to pay his intended visit to Fortress Monroe, (and of consequence, to this place) so early as the present week.

A letter was received here yesterday from Fortress Monroe, which mentions the receipt of a letter from Commissary General Gibson, stating that the President would not visit that Post until after the 4th of July.

From the London Courier of May 30.
The Paris Papers of late, have afforded us little worth notice beyond the squabbles in the Chambers and some occasional sparring between the Right and the Centre. A scene of this kind took place on Saturday last, occasioned strangely by an African Lion and Don Miguel. Now, that two such dissimilar personages should be brought together, will appear extraordinary. In a discussion upon the accounts of 1827, M. de Pompieres remarking upon the items of expenditure, said—

If the conveyance of an African Lion to Paris cost us 7,000 francs, in 1826 we paid double to accelerate the arrival of a Tiger in Portugal, (some papers say a Biped Monster) much more dangerous—[Interjection.]

The Left—Yes, yes; more dangerous—and, above all, less generous.
The Right—It is indecent!
The Left—How would you call him?
M. de Pompieres—We have, I say, paid double the sum for the arrival of a Tiger in Portugal.

(Violent murmurs—Excessive agitation for ten minutes.)
M. Duterte—Order, Order!
Voices on the Right—We cannot suffer this. President, do you duty; call him to order.
M. Broussin—Repeat it!
The Left—and legitimacy. Do you think of it?

The Right—It is infamous.
A Voice—Is it the word biped that makes these gentlemen so angry?
M. Guilhem to M. de Pompieres—Answer those who are interrupting you.
The President—Don't answer.
The Left—What tenderness for an usurper.

A Voice—It is Don Miguel whom you should call to order.
Other Voices—Go on. (Smiles from the Minister's Bench.)
After the tumult had continued for some time, M. de Pompieres proceeded to another item of expenditure.

ONE MILLION LOAN.—The Commissioners of the Pennsylvania Canal and Rail Road Loan, have given public notice in the papers, that on Saturday next at 1 o'clock P. M. the One Million Loan, authorized by the Legislature will be offered at auction, at the Merchants' Coffee house in Philadelphia, in lots from five hundred, to one hundred thousand dollars. Terms, one half on the 1st July, and the residue on the 10th. The Loan to be on an interest at the rate or five per cent per annum.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.
THE Regents of the Central and Primary schools having procured a healthy, commodious, and central position for the upper primary school have the pleasure of announcing to the public, that it is, this day, reopened under the care of Doctor J. A. Kinnicut, principal, and J. Duval assistant, in the Baptist Church, Lafayette square.

The lower primary school, under the care of Mr. Bigot, principal and Riviere assistant, and the Central school under that of Messrs. Murray, principal, Pichot and Roca de Santi Petri, professors, continue, as heretofore, in the old Convent of Ursulines, Condé Street.

In the Primary Schools are taught: Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, and the rudiments of Grammar in the English and French languages.

In the Central School are taught: the English, the French, Spanish, Latin and Greek languages; Mathematics; Literature; History; Natural Philosophy; &c.

There is also, attached to the establishment a drawing school under the direction of M. Bigot.

Terms of Admission:
In the primary schools:—For tuition in both languages, two dollars per month. In the Central school; for tuition in any or all of the branches taught in the school and which the pupils is capable of pursuing, three dollars per month. Books and Stationary furnished by the pupils or charged separately.

In each of the schools one hundred pupils unable to pay for their education are admitted and taught gratis. Application may be made to the principals of the several schools, the Director of the public schools, the President of the Board of Regents or the Mayor of the City.

For the Board of Regents
JOS. W. MURRAY,
July 23 Acting Director of the Public Schools.

SALES AT AUCTION.
By J. T. Bauduc.
WILL be sold this day, 23d of July, at his auction store,
5 cases Colonia water,
1 do. cambric gloves,
1 bale best apron checks,
1 case Masulipatan handkerchiefs,
80 pieces siamoise,
200 doz. blue handkerchiefs,
6 cases writing and letter paper. j 16

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT.
Sole at Auction by Joseph Theodore Bauduc.—By virtue of an order from this hon. the Court aforesaid and at the request of Nicholas Benoit the syndic of the creditors of Auguste Rieffel, there will be sold at Hewlett's Exchange coffee house, on Friday the 31st of July 1829, at one o'clock P. M. precisely, A mulatto slave named JOHNSON, a coachman aged about 25 years, surrendered by the said A. Rieffel to his creditors.

TERMS CASH.
The deed of sale to be executed before Theod. Seghers, notary public, at the expense of the purchaser. June 30.

Marshal's Sales.
MARSHALL'S SALE.
J. Jourdan vs. B. B. Tiller.
BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. P. Smith, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose to sale on Monday the 3d of August next, at 5 o'clock, at No. 150 Gervais Street, fauxbourg St. Mary, a Counter & Shevea, Lamps, Water, Tumblers, Cotts, Matresses 13 Chairs &c. seized in the above suit. July 23 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

MARSHALL'S SALE.
George A. Lucas vs. J. B. Curds.
BY virtue of an order of sale to me directed by the hon. P. Grima Presiding judge of the city court, I shall expose to sale on Friday the 31st of July, at 5 o'clock, opposite Mr. W. Nott's Plantation one Flat-Boat containing about 80 bls. of corn more or less, seized in the above suit. July 23. L. DAUNOY, marshal.

MARSHALL'S SALE.
James Freret jr. vs. Nott, f. m. of c.
BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Preval, associate judge, I shall expose to sale on Monday the 27th July, at 4 o'clock, at Hewlett's Coffee-House, a Horse and a Dray—seized in the above suit. July 18 L. DAUNOY, Marshal.

MARSHALL'S SALE.
John Combe, of New-Orleans; vs. L. Van Buren, of New-York.
BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. J. Bernudez, associate judge of the City Court of New-Orleans, I shall expose for sale on Monday the 27th of July, at 4 o'clock, at the Principal, sundry articles of Perfumery such as musk water, essence of flowers, bergamote, &c. rouge, hair powder, and others—seized in the above suit. July 18 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

MARSHALL'S SALE.
Theodore Segond vs. the same.
BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. B. Beauregard, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale, on Saturday the twenty fifth day of July, at 4 o'clock P. M. at the corner of Madison and Condé streets, a quantity of household furniture, seized in the above suit. July 16 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

MARSHALL'S SALE.
R. Jacobs vs. capt. Deals, brig Andromach and owners—P. Miller vs. the same.
BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias, directed to me by the hon. G. Preval, associate-judge of the City Court, I shall expose to sale on Friday the 24 day of July next, at 12 o'clock at the Exchange coffee House,
The brig Andromach, now lying in river opposite to Bienville street, her tackle, apparel and furniture, seized in the above suits. June 25 L. DAUNOY—Marshal.

Marshal's sale.
BY virtue of 2 writs of fieri Facias to me directed, by the hon. B. Beauregard associate judge of City Court, I shall expose to sale, on Friday the 14th of August next, at 12 o'clock noon, at Hewlett's coffee house, a negro woman named Pimbo aged about 40 years—seized at the suite of Story, and Victor Soubrin. 14th July L. DAUNOY—Marshal.

MARSHALL'S SALE.
Pierre Lebert vs. Simon.
BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. B. Beauregard associate judge of the city court, I shall expose to sale on Thursday the 23d of July, at 5 o'clock, at the Principal, 2 Bed Corniches and 2 Book cases unfinished—seized in the above suit. July 11 L. DAUNOY, Marshal.

MARSHALL'S SALE
Sudler & Clough vs. schooner Zealous and owners.
BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Preval, associate Judge, I shall expose to sale on Monday the 10th of August next at 12 o'clock noon, at Hewlett's coffee house, the Schooner ZéALOUS, her tackle, apparel, and furnitures—seized in the above suit. July 11 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

MARSHALL'S SALE.
Schwing & Richardson vs. the same.
BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Preval, associate judge of the City Court, I shall expose to sale on Monday the 27th day of July, at the New-Exchange Coffee-House, at 12 o'clock at noon, a bay HORSE—seized in the above suit. July 18 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

A LOT OF 52 BAGS prime green Havana Coffee for sale by D. G. BORDUZAT and Co.

TO LET (possession given immediately) THE STORE No. 108, Chartresstreet. Apply to C. B. KEELER, 85, Chartres St.

Parish Court for the Parish and City of New-Orleans, July 13th 1829—Present the hon. James Pitot.
Israel P. Cooper vs. his creditors. (Petition for a receipt.)

UPON reading and filing the petition and other documents in this case, it is ordered by the Court that a meeting of the creditors of the said Israel P. Cooper take place at the office of G. H. Stringer, Esq. notary public, on the 25th day of July instant, to deliberate upon the affairs of the said petitioner; and in the meantime all proceedings against his person and property are stayed.

I do hereby certify the above.
July 23 Th. S. KENNEDY, clerk