THE BEE.

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NEW-ORLEANS.
FRIDAY (MORNING,) FEBRUARY 25, 1831.

☞STEPHEN MAZUREAU, Esq. at the solicitation of a number of his friends, has consented to become a candidate for the Legislature, in place fo Gen. Gaisnié, resigned.

We are informed that letters from the Havana, received in town last evening, announce that the king of Spain had published a [illegible] of hostilities for ten years, [illegible] Mexico, and that [illegible] to [illegible].—*Courier.*

If [illegible] mentioned intelligence prove to be well founded, it is doubtless of great moment; since it would amount to nothing short of a tacit recognition of the independence of Mexico: but from information obtained from merchants in this city, who have the most frequent and regular intercourse with the different ports of Cuba, we are inclined to believe the announcement premature. Agreeably to our information, a Cadiz packet was hourly expected at the Havana, which, in pursuance of previous advices, it was believed would bring this desirable intelligence. It may still turn out, that our informants were not well advised.

Whatever is intended for our "edification," or to explain in a satisfactory manner, the causes of continued failures of the mails for weeks together, and that general derangement in the conveyance of them, which is complained of in all sections of the United States, must be quoted from another source than the *Washington Globe*, or any other journal, got up and supported for the sole purpose of justifying the measures of a profligate and corrupt administration.

James Monroe.—We learn through the N. Y. *Mercantile Advertiser*, that the bill appropriating thirty thousand dollars, as a liquidation of all claims of James Monroe on the government, on condition "that the accounting officer of the Treasury Department shall, upon examination of his accounts, believe so much is due him upon principles of equity and justice," passed a third reading in the House of Representatives on the 4th inst. The vote stood 104 yeas—88 nays.—It is confidently expected that this bill will pass the Senate by a large majority.

The National Intelligencer of the 3d inst. says—"It is understood that the Senate have ratified the Convention with the Ottoman Porte, with the exception of the reputed secret article, granting to the Turkish Government certain privileges as to the building ships of war."

The act, authorising the construction and equipment of three schooners, not exceeding 12 guns each, and appropriating 87,360 dollars for this object was approved by the President on the 3d instant.

Duty on Salt.—Mr. Mallary, from the committee on manufactures has introduced a bill into the House of Representatives, for raising the duty on Salt to 15 cents per bushel, and to repeal the law by which the duty will be further reduced on 1st January next, to 5 cents per bushel.

In the following beautiful and interesting article copied from the *Cincinnati Chronicle*, we recognise the pen of Morgan Neville, Esq. one of the most accomplished gentlemen and scholars in the western country.

REMINISCENCE OF PITTSBURGH.

The elevation of the Duke of Orleans to the throne of France, recalls some early recollections, and if you will indulge me in the privilege of the fair Sheherezade of being discursive, and of digressing as much as I please, a paragraph or two is at your service.

It was probably in 1799 or 1800, that this distinguished personage, accompanied by his two brothers, Montpensier and Beaujolois, came to the western county. On arriving in Pittsburgh, then a small village, they found one or two *emigres*, who had formerly filled prominent stations under the *ancienne regime*, but who were now earning a scanty subsistence in carrying on somet little business of merchandise. One of them, the chevalier du B——c, one of the worthies of men, and an admirable philosopher, kept a little shop, then denominated *par excellence* a confectionary. The articles, and the only ones, by the way, entitling the chevalier's establishment to this attractive name, were the kernels of hazlenuts, walnuts and peach stones, enclosed in an envelope of burnt maple sugar, *fabricated* by the skilful hands of the chevalier himself. Du B——c was the most popular citizen of the village; he had a monkey of admirable qualities, and his pointer, Sultan, could, like the dog in the Arabian Nights, tell counterfeit money from good; at least the honest folks who supplied our little market with chickens and butter, thought so, and that was the same thing. It was amusing to hear the master of the shop calling his two familiars to aid him in selecting the good from the bad "leven penny-bits." Allons Sultan, tell dese good ladie de good moneye from de counterfait." Then followed the important consultation between the dog and the monkey; Pug grinned and scratched his sides; Sultan smelt and in due time scraped the money into the drawer. As there was no counterfeit "leven-pences" Sultan seldom failed. "Madame," would my friend say to the blowzy country lass, "Sultan is like de Pope, he is infallible." Sultan and Bijou laid the foundation of this excellent man's fortune. They brought crowds of custom to the shop; and in two or three years he was enabled to convert his little business into a handsome fancy store. An attraction was then added to the establishment that diverted a portion of the public admiration from Sultan and the monkey: this was a Dutch clock, with a goodly portion of gilding, and two or three white and red figures in front: before striking it played a waltz. It was inestimable—this music had never before been heard in the west, and those who have been brought up amidst the everlasting grinding of our present museums, can have no conception of the excitement caused by our chevalier's clock. In those days every unique piece of furniture or rare toy, was believed to have formed a part of the *spolia opima* of the French revolution, and most generally they were set down as the property of the Queen of France. It was soon insinuated abroad that the chevalier's clock formed one of the rare ornaments of the Boudoir of the unfortunate Marie Antoinette. When he was asked how much it cost, he evaded the question with admirable casuistry. "Ah, mon ami," he would say with sincere tristesse, "the French revolution produce some terrible effect: it was great sacrifice; it is worte fifteen hundred franche guiney." That, and the dog and the monkey were worth to the chevalier, 15,000 dollars, for he realized this sum in a few years from a foundation of a few pounds of sugar, and a peck of hazlenuts.

Such was the chevalier du B——c in his Magnazin; and he was a perfect illustration of the French character of that day, it would accommodate itself to any situation in life: it enabled the minister of Marine to become, like Bedredden, a pastry cook, and young Egalite, the present king of France, a schoolmaster, in Canada.—But this is only one side of the picture; du B——c, when he closed his shop, and entered into society was the delight of his auditory. He was an accomplished scholar, possessed the most polished manners and habits of "vis vielle cour." He was a younger son, or as the French people call it, he was the 'cadet' of a noble family. He had travelled much, and observed profoundly. He had been to the 'Holy Land,' not exactly as a palmer, but being 'attaché à la légation Française' at Constantinople, of which his relation Seuf Boeuf, was the head, he took the opportunity of travelling through as much of Asia as was usually examined by European travellers. Such was my early friend du B——c, to whose instructions and fine belle lettre acquirements, I am indebted for some of the most unalloyed enjoyments of my life, by opening to me some of the richest treasures of French literature; and such was the man whom the sons of Orleans found in a frontier American village. I do not remember the destination of the interesting stran[illegible] certain it is, that the chevalier du [illegible] induced them to while away a much longer period in Pittsburgh than could have been their original intention. He proposed to General N——, whose house was always the temple of hospitality, where he was in the habit of dining every Sunday, and at whose table and fireside the unfortunate *émigré* was sure to find a hearty welcome, to introduce the travellers. The General at first received the proposition with coldness; He had been a soldier of the Revolution, the intimate of Rochambeau and Lafayette, and of course entertained a feeling of devoted respect for the memory of the unfortunate Louis, not as a monarch, but as a most amiable and virtuous man. He insisted that no good could spring from the infamous exciter of the jacobins, the profligate Egalité. 'Mais mon Général, (said the chevalier, with a shrug of the shoulders, and most melancholoiy contortion of his wrinkled features,) ils sont dans la plus grande misère, et ils ont été chasse, comme nous autres, par ces vilains sans culottes." The chevalier knew his man, and his *bon hommie* of the General prevailed. 'Eh! bien! chevalier, allez rendre nos devoirs aux voyageurs, et qu'ils dinent chez nous, demain." The strangers accepted the courtesy and became intimate with and attached to the family of the kind hearted American: the charms of the conversation of the Duke of Orleans, and his various literary attainments, soon obliterated for the moment the horrible career of his father, from the minds of his hearers. If my boyish recollection is faithful, he was rather taciturn, and melancholy; he would be perfectly abstracted from conversation, sometimes for half an hour, looking steadfastly at the coal fire that blazed in the grate, and when roused from his reverie, he would apologise for this breach of *bienséance*, and call one of the children who were learning French to read to him. On these occasions I have read to him many passages selected by him, from Télémaque: the beautiful manner in which he read the description of Calypso's Grotto is still fresh in my memory. He seldom adverted to the scenes of the revolution, but he criticised the battles of that period, particularly that of Jemmapes, with such discrimination, as to convince the military men of Pittsburgh, of whom there were several, that he was peculiarly fitted to shine in the profession of arms.

Montpensier, the second brother, has left no mark on the tablet of memory by which I can recall him: but Beaujolais, the young and interesting Beaujolais, is still before 'my mind's eye.' There was something romantic in his character, and Madame de Genlis' romance, the 'Knights of the Swan,' in which that charming writer so beautifully apostrophises her youngward, had just prepared every youthful bosom to lean towards this accomplished boy. He was tall and graceful, and playful as a child. He was a universal favorite.—He was a few years older than myself, but when together we appeared to be of the same age. A transient cloud of melancholy would occasionally pass over his fine features, in the midst of his gayest amusements: but it disappeared quickly, like the white cloud of summer. We then ascribed it to a boyish recollection of the luxuries and splendors of the Palais Royale, in which he had passed his early life, which he might be contrasting with the simple domestic scene which was passing before him. It was, however, probably in some measure, imputable to the first sensation of that disease, which in a few short years afterwards, carried him to his grave.

One little circumstance made a singular impression on me. I was standing one day with this group of Frenchmen, on the bank of the Monongahela, when a countryman of theirs, employed in the quarter-master department, as a laborer in taking care of flat boats, passed by, Pierre Cabot, or as he was familiarly called. French Peter, was dressed in a blanket capot, with a hood in place of a hat, in the manner of the Canadian boatmen, and in mocasins. Du B——c called after him, and introduced him to the French princes.—The scene presented a subject for moralizing even for a boy: on the banks of the Ohio, and in exile, the representative of the first family of a nation who held rank of higher importance than any other nation in Europe, took by the hand in a friendly and familiar conversation his countryman, whose lot was cast among the dregs of the people, and who would not have aspired to the honor of letting down the steps of the carriage of the man with whom he here stood on the level.

Peter was no Jacobin—he had emigrated from France before the philanthropic Robespierre and his colleagues had enlightened their fellow citizens, and opened their eyes to the propriety of vulgar brutality and ferocity. Honest Cabot, therefore, felt all the love and veneration for the Princess, which Frenchmen under the old regime, never failed to cherish for members of the "grand monarque." I was a great favorite with old Peter. The next time I met him, he took me in his arms, and exclaimed with tears in his eyes,—"Savez-vous, mon enfant, ce qui m'est arrivé? j'ai eu l'honneur de causer avec monseigneur, en pliene rue. Ah! bonDieu, quelle chose affreuse que la révolution."

The brothers, on quitting Pittsburgh, left a most favorable impression on the minds of the little circle in which they were received so kindly. The recollection of the amiable Beaujolois was particularly cherished; and when the news of his death in Sicily, a few years after, reached the west, the family circle of General N——expressed the sincerest sorrow.

The Chevalier du B——c, after realizing a snug fortune by industry and economy, removed to Philadelphia, to have the opportunity of mingling more with his countrymen. On the restoration of the Bourbons, his friends induced him to return to France, to resume the former rank of his family. But it was to late; the philosophical emigrant had lived too long in American seclusion to relish the society of Paris, or habits had changed there too much to be recognized by him. The following is a translation of a paragraph from one of his letters to his old friend, the late General N——, soon after his arrival in Paris.

"I am again on the stage, where the delightful days of my early youth were passed; but my dear General, I am not happy—I feel like the old man in one of your English tales, forty years of whose life had been spent in prison, and who had been discharged by the clemency of a new monarch, only to find that his relatives and friends were all dead, and that his own name had been forgotton; he begged the emperor to recommit him, to his prison. I find myself actually sighing for the little circle of your family, and for my little magazin on the banks of La Belle Riviere. I am a stranger in Paris, unknowing and unknown. I am surrounded by new faces, new names, new titles, and what is more embarressing, by new manners. What a change! The metamorphosis is worthy of the pen of Ovid it is the transformation of the lovely and graceful nymph, into the rough and rigid tree. You may accuse me of speaking like a Frenchman, but I cannot help saying that the elegance and polish of French society, so long the glory of the world, is gone forever. The low gray headed speci- mens of the old court, like myself, who have returned, are insufficient to restore it. We have soirées now, but the charms of the 'petits-soupers' are no more to be found. Music has not retrograded, certainly; but dancing, my dear sir, except on the stage, is nothing like what it was *bons vieux tems Ludovico*. Yet do not understand me as meaning to convey the idea that upon the whole, things are not better. That wonderful man who is sent to St. Helena, although a tyrant of the first order, will have many of his sins forgiven in this world, for the liberal encouragement he gave to the arts, science and literature. More correct notions of government are cherished, and if the old royalists will only encourage the new king to adopt and appreciate the vast changes in society and thinking, all will go well; but I acknowledge, my dear friend, that I doubt the prudence and common sense of my old friends, particularly of those who remained in Europe. As a patriot and philosopher, I must bear witness to the improvement and advancement of my country, since the revolution: as a man, however, I cannot but mourn; the storm has not left a single shrub of my once numerous family; the Guillotine has drunk the blood of all my race; and I now stand on the verge of the grave, the dust of a name whose pride it once was to trace its history thro' all the distinguished scenes of French history, for centuries back. With the eloquent savage, Logan, whose speech you have so often read to me, I can say, that "not a drop of my blood runs in the veins of any living creature." I must return to America, and breathe my last on that soil, where my most contented days were past."

The chevalier never returned, however; he lingered away his time in the different seaports of France, until death finally arrested his mortal career, in the city of Bordeaux. N.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 8.

From the Pacific.—The editor of the Baltimore Gazette has received Valparaiso papers to the middle of October. Chili was quiet. The Estanco party was still in power, and all public improvements at a stand. Peru was still troubled with internal commotions. A revolution had broken out in Cuzco, and President Gamarra, had set out for that quarter, the general opinion prevailed that he would not return, so unpopular had he become in Lima. Lafuentas would no doubt supercede him, being a man of more decided character.

The prohibitions in Peru, were virtually done away by the admission of certain American vessels, upon the petition of our enterprising merchants in Lima, on the ground of their having sailed from the United States before the promulgation of the law to go into effect the 15th September. Colombia was still divided in the South—General Flores was at the head of government, and no doubt one of the best men in the country—a friend to the commercial interest, particularly to the town and trade of Guayaquil. A new tariff was expected to be proposed by Gen. Flores to the Congress at Rio Bamba.

[*Mercantile Advertiser.*

New-Orleans, Jan. 20, 1831.

On the 10th of September last, I wrote to the Minister of Foreign Affairs, to acquaint him with the dissatisfaction excited among the Merchants by the measure which had been adopted with regard to the payment of Custom House duties, and which allowing only forty and eight days credit for paying said duties, did not afford sufficient time to collect the proceeds of the goods upon which the duties were imposed. I further informed him that, that measure was attributed to the intrigues of some Foreign houses. The Minister made me the following answer, which I received on the 16th of December last.

"UNITED STATES OF MEXICO,
National Palace of Mexico, Nov. 9.
First Secretary of State's Office, Department of the Interior—Section 1.

"His excellency, the Vice President has taken cognizance of your private letter (No. 95) dated the 10th of September last, in which you mention the dissatisfaction manifested by the merchants of your city, at the measure which fixes the mode of payment of duties imported in Mexico, and also the cause to which the adoption of that measure is attributed, to wit: the influence exercised on the government by some foreign houses established in this place; and his Excellency has directed me to answer you, letter, in order that you may be enabled to undeceive public opinion in that respect. The Government has been forced to recur to that measure by its pressing wants to meet its engagements, and especially to procure the necessary means to maintain the war against the factions of the South. The Government has never suffered itself to be influenced by the intrigues of foreign houses, and it proceeds in all its acts with perfect independence, without regard to private or foreign interests, and without other rules than the laws of the country. God and Liberty.

ALAMAN."

I deem it my duty to publish the foregoing, in order that the true motives of the Mexican Government for adopting the measure complained of, may be duly appreciated. A MEXICAN.

MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Homer, Williams, Boston, Pico & Peabody.
Brig Herschell, Lord, Boston, Cockayne, Watts & co.
Brig Diamond, Todd, Liverpol, W W Caldwell.
Schr Yberia, Matorel, Havana, S Cucullu.
Schr Thomas, Mood, Magnolia, Master.
Schr Susan, Mathews, Philadelphia, Bedford & Sumner.
Schr Montaneda, Ceneras, Havana, S Cucullu
Schr Talma, Pool, Havana, A Hodge.

ARRIVED.

Steam towboat Shark, Wood, fm S W Pass; took to sea ship Edward & brig Horace; brought ships Frances and Chancellor, and schr Jane—left the Pass at 4 p m on the 23d.—Nothing in sight. In the river, brig Rival, ship Siroc, and schr Fortune—one ship and two brigs unknown.

Packet ship Francis, Beauvais, New York; to Barstow & Adams;—cargo to Foster & Hutton; Rogers & Slocomb; Wallace, Lambeth & Pope; J H Field & co; W V Chardovayne; M White; & co; B Lacoste; F Perret; Kennedy & Ducamp; E Rose; J Dick; Jones Beldon & co; J Dews; Bonny & Baker; W Smith; J W Breedlove, F & J Kain; Le Carpentier; H Raymond; C Byrne; G Wilbor R G L Depeyster; J Pendegarst; J Linton; J M Duperu; C J Henshaw; Reynolds, Byrne & co; B Levy; G Brusle; H R Lee; E & J B Hill; J Mager; C A Jacobs; R Layton; S Gloyd & co; D S Woodruff; Debevoise & Garretson; G Barnett & co; Hayes & Durrell; W M'Kean; A Beauvaise; C A Miller; Carrier & Borduzat; Peters & Millard; W & J H Leverich; Gray & Durive; J M Taylor & co; V David; Yard & Blois; J Colles; E D Boyle; W Neweomb; P B Pennny; W Alderson; J L Bogart; Aarrison, Brown & co; M M'Cullum & co; M Newell; W A Gasquet; Whiting, Slark & co; Marvin, Furst & co; S W Oakey; W F & E B Hyde; J Dick; O Aikin; Lockhart & Arrott; Callendar & Deblois; Colles & Hearsey; Carter & Babcock; H N Pollard; R Marsh; Hall & Opdyke; S Stow, J P Labonosse; Tuyes & co; the consignees & others.

Ship Chancellor, Bradley, New York, to Lincoln & Green—cargo to J H Field & co; L H Gale; W & J Montgomery; J & L Brewster; J Avery; W Newcomb jr; passengers D F Kimple; E W Iske, and G W Asirey. Passed off Florida Keys brig Yellow Bird, fm New York for this port.

Schr Jane, M'Pherson, Rio Grande, cargo
Schr Signal, Griffin, Charleston, cargo
Schr St Thomas, Lane, Porto Rico, coffee
Schr [illegible], Pilsbury, Jamaica, cargo,
Schr [illegible]shine, Janner, N York, cargo.
Sloop [illegible]pard, Gibbs, Apalachicola.

Brig Ann Maria, Thorndyke, from Baltimore, with 200 bbls fish.

Brig Remittance, Monroe, Bristol, (R I) cargo to L H Gale.

Schr Josephine, Tanner, New York, cargo

Steamer Walk in the Water, Buckner, Natchez, with 662 bales cotton J Linton; 6 W Bullitt, 81 A Fisk & co; 319 do 2 bxs madz Reynolds, 2 bags corn N Ball; Passengers Mesdames Lew; is, Ford; & daughter, Misses Evans & servt-Taylor, Wailes, Dr Calhoune lady & servt, Messrs Givins, Armes, Sharp, Kingley, Gaybread, Kinsheur, 8 on deck.

Steamer Columbia, Munford, frm Bayou Sarah, with 216 bales cotton J Linton; 116 N Cox 114 Reynolds, Byrne & co; 89 A Lagnon, 27 D Evans; 13 P Smith & co; 66 M White; 41 Willams & Lee; 12 N & J Dick & co; 45 A Fisk & co; 9 E Forstall; 16 Cooper, Caruthers & co; 12 Maurin & O'Duhigg; 11 W I? Lewis; 6 P Dorherty; 5 do 19 bbls molasses 35 hhds sugar Wallace, Lambeth & Pope; 21 do do T Nicolet & co; sundries to owners on board, 76 passengers.

Steamer Souvenir, Moorehead, frm Lafourche interior, with 25 hhds molasses J Hagan & co; 164 bbls do J Linton; 20 hhds sugar W Bogart; 39 do N Cox; 15 do 3 bbls sugar O Akin, 35 passengers.

Steamer Red Rover, Miller from Nashville, with 650 tons freight, viz: 2 bags feathers, 5 bags ginseng, 72 coils rope, 289 bales cotton to Lauve & Benedick; 279 do Cooper Caruthers & co; 588 N & J Dick; & co; 40 B F West; 544 do 1 bx mdz 9 hds tobacco to order; 22 do J W Breedlove; 143 do 8 bbls beef W L Robeson; 10 bbls whiskey, 3 do flour J Hagan & co, 125 tons pig iron 6 sugar kettles, to Yateman, Woods & co; 27 passengers.

Steamer Bob handy, Dulril, frm Opelousas, with 50 bales cotton to Taledano & Gaillard. 125 1 Linton; 7 Williams & Lee; 58 hides Peters & Millard, 4 passengers.

Six flatboats from Alabama, with about 1850 bales cotton to L Maddox; N & J Dick & co: Lockhart & Arrott; W M Beal; Coopers, Caruthers & co.

Steamer Courier, Keating, Lafourche interior, with 52 hhds sugar 40 bbls molasses N & J Dick & co; 40 hhds sugar J Hagan & co; 16 bales cotton W Bogart; 23 do Maurin & O Duhigg; 9 bbls molasses 3 hhds sugar S S Westgate, several passengers.

Orleans Theatre.

HERR CLINE'S BENEFIT, AND LAST APPEARANCE.

THIS EVENING, FRIDAY FEBRUARY 25, 1831.

In consequence of the length of time required for fixing the rope, and that no unnecessary delay may be occasioned, HERR CLINE, will commence the entertainments by making his

Grand Ascension

On the tight rope excelling a
WHEELBARROW.

To be followed by a second representation of

Napoleon at Berlin,
OR, THE GREY SURTOUT;

An historical fact in one act, with songs. Immediately after which

HERR CLINE

Will have the honor of appearing on the Elastic Cord, and to make a greater variety in his performance on this evening, he will in the first place go through his Ballot of Action of the
SAILOR'S RETURN
He will immediately reappear and dance his admired
SABOTIERE.
In which he will perform his singular Metamorphoses, and a variety of most daring and astonishing feats never yet executed in New-Orleans.

ANDRÉ CLINE

Will have the honor of performing his surprising
FEATS OF STRENGTH
In which he will combine his extraordinary
GYMNASTIC EXERCISES.
The performance to conclude with the Opera of

The Little Sailor.

COFFEE.—306 bags prime green Porto Rico coffee landing from schr St. Thomas,—for sale by
feb 25 STETSON & AVERY.

FOR SALE—A very fine Carriage in good condition, and two fine Horses; apply to this office. feb 25

CHARLES DENIS,
DISTILLER OF CORDIALS.

HAVING lately arrived in this city, has the honor to inform the public in general, that he has opened a store at No. 123 St Peter-street, between Bourbon and Dauphin sts., where will be found all kinds of fine cordials, and sirups of the best quality, which will be sold wholesale and retail. By his zeal and attention in supplying orders, he hopes to merit public patranage.
feb 25

WANTED—A situation as, in or out door Clerk, by a young Man who speaks the English, French and Spanish Languages, and who is somewhat acquainted with Book keeping, respectable references will be given, apply to
DOYLE & BROWN.
feb 24 No 31 Conti street.

PRIME GREEN COFFEE.

154 BAGS, landing from on board the Catharine, for sale by
feb 24 J W ZACHARIE & co.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

500 hhds superior sugar on the coast, 200 do do do do in the city, 20,000 galls. molasses; for sale by
A. GURNEY, Broker,
feb 24 no. 62 Gravier-street.

FOR SALE.

ANTOINE GENERAL, offers for sale his establishment, consisting of coffee-house, restaurant, billiards &c., situated in Dumaine-street no. 21, between Levée and Conde-streets; for conditions, apply to the proprietor upon the premises. feb 24

THE undersigned has received by late arrivals from France, and offers for sale the following described merchandize:

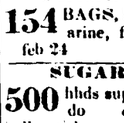
3-4 and 5-8 white and yellow stuffs for mosquito bars; holland linen for shirts; ready made shirts with and without ruffles; linen pocket handkerchiefs, with white and colored borders; table linen; thread ticking; bleached and unbleached ditto for pantaloons; Laval linen, colored do; 4-4 black alpine; gingham plain and bordered: straw hats; straw colored lace and assorted gauzes for hats; also, rose and white champaign wine; kirsh-wasser and marisquino.

Note—an extensive assortment of colored paper hangings, do do glass and porcelain ware; also splendid clocks &c. &c. T. MAROT.
feb 24 no. 133 Royal-street.

NOTICE.

THE creditors of the late Nicole Lefeuvre, Widow Dupiton, are requested to present their claims together with the evidences upon which they are founded, to A. W. Pichot Esq. Attorney, for Reni Bellevue, curator of the estate, at his office No 145 Chartres street within ten days of the date hereof. feb 23

STRAY HORSE.



Was brought to the livery stable of G. B. Fauchet, no. 176 Royal street, an American horse, a dapple grey, about ten years old and shod all round. &c. The owner is requested to come forward and claim his property paying the charges for keeping and this advertisement. feb 23.

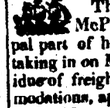
MACKEREL, COD FISH, & HERRING.

300 Bbls Mackerel; 50 kids do; 200 boxes cod Fish; 200 do Herring; now landing from brig Gem, opposite the custom house, for sale by
feb 23 A. GURNEY, 62 Gravier st.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

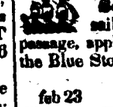
The fast sailing coppered schr ST THOMAS, capt. Lane, of the burthen of 600 barrels, will be ready to receive cargo in three days. For terms apply to the master on board, nearly opposite Custom House street or to
STETSON & AVERY,
feb 25 No 27 camp street.

FOR MATIMORAS, *via. of the River.*



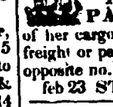
The fine fast sailing schr JANE, McPearson, master, having the principal part of her cargo engaged, will commence taking in on Monday next the 28th inst. for residue of freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to the capt. on board or to
feb 25 J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.

FOR HAVANA.



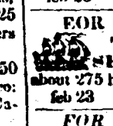
Schr WHALE, capt Wolf, will sail in all this week. For freight or passage, apply to the master on board, opposite the Blue Stores, or to
THAYER, HURD & Co.
feb 23 29 Magazine street.

FOR BOSTON.—(*A Packet.*)



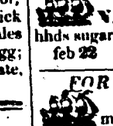
The fine fast sailing coppered barque PALLAS, capt. Kelly, having part of her cargo engaged, will have despatch. For freight or passage, apply to the master on board, opposite no. 80, or to
feb 23 STETSON & AVERY, Camp-st.

FOR BOSTON OR PHILADELPHIA.



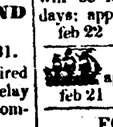
The new and fast sailing [A 1] brig GEM, will have despatch for one of the above ports—for freight apply to the master on board opposite the Custom House or to
feb 23 A GURNEY, 62 Gravier-st.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.



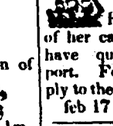
The fine fast sailing brig JOSEPH SPRAGUE, capt Hanks, will carry about 275 hhds sugar, or 400 bbls flour, apply to
feb 23 Wm. G. HEWES.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

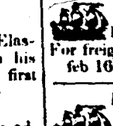


The [A 1] brig CHALCEDONA, capt. King, will carry about 450 hhds sugar—apply to W. G. HEWES.
feb 22 no 9 Camp street.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

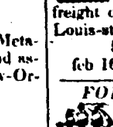


The fine brig MOSCOW, Fales, master, burthen about 400 hhds sugar, will be in readiness to receive cargo in a few days: apply on board or to
feb 22 STETSON & AVERY.



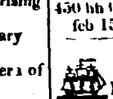
WANTED, a vessel for Europe; apply to
feb 21 THEODORE NICOLET & Co.

FOR ST. YAGO DE CUBA.



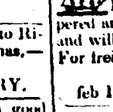
The fine fast sailing brig AJAX, F Budd master, having three-quarters of her cargo engaged and going on board, will have quick despatch for the above mentioned port. For freight of 500 bbls., or passage, apply to the captain on board, or to J. PRATS,
feb 17 No 55 St, Ann-street.

FOR LIVERPOOL.



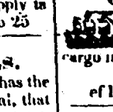
The fine coppered and copper fastened brig THOMAS, I. Currie Master. For freight or passage, apply to
feb 16 THEODORE NICOLET & co.

FOR PORT AU PRINCE.



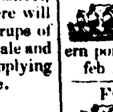
The fast sailing brig BILLOW, capt. Sampson, burthen 180 tons—for freight or passage apply on board opposite St. Louis-st, or to BEDFORD & SUMNER,
53 Bienville-st, between Chartres and
feb 16 Royal streets.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.



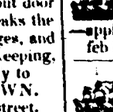
THE coppered (A 1) brig NAVARINO, Capt Weeks, will carry about 450 hhds. sugar, apply to W. G. HEWES.
feb 15 no. 9 Camp street.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.



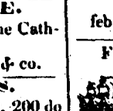
THE packet ship EDWARD BONNAFE, Vandyke master, coppered and copper fastened, is now discharging, and will be ready in a few days to receive cargo. For freight or passage apply on board, or to
S. C. BELL.
feb 15 no. 60 Canal street.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER,



A first rate coppered brig, burthen 150 tons, can be in readiness to receive cargo in a few days. Apply to
STETSON & AVERY,
ef 12 27, Camp street

WANTED.

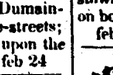


A good vessel to carry about 400 to 425 hhds. sugar and molasses to a northern port. Apply to
feb 11 THEOD. NICHOLET & co.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The [A 1] brig ELVIRA, capt. Joseph Grace, burthen 900 bales cotton—apply to W G HEWES,
feb 9 No. 9 Camp-street

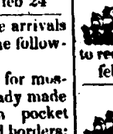
WANTED.



A first class vessell, of 800 bales capacity, for a northern port—apply to
STETSON & AVERY.
feb 9 27 Camp st.

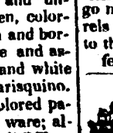
FOR HAVANA OR MANTANZAS.

(As freight may offer.)



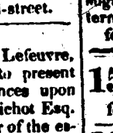
The fine Spanish fast sailing coppered brig ISABELLA & JUAN, Beiga master, burthen about 800 barrels. For freight or passage apply to
feb 5 J. W. ZACHARIE & co.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.



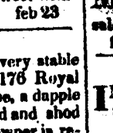
The fast sailing brig DELAWARE Wilson master, burthen 130 tons, and stows 160 hhds, for terms apply to the Captain on board opposite blue stores, or to
feb 4 J W ZACHARIE & co.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.



The new fast sailing schooner SARAH, Stevenson master, is now ready to receive cargo. For terms apply to
feb 4. J. W. ZACHARIE & co.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.



The fast sailing Brig ALFRED, capt. Soule, having three quarters of her cargo now on board, requires the bulk of 600 barrels to complete her loading. For terms apply to the master on board, or to
feb 4 STETSON & AVERY.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The fine schooner PARAMOUNT, Capt. Tobey, burthern about 80 hhds sugar, will be ready to load in 3 or 4 days. For terms apply to
feb 3 LINCOLN & GRE.

154 BAGS prime Havanna coffee, landing from the Catharine, for sale by
feb 23 J. W. ZACHARIE & co.

MACKEREL &c.—No. 3 mackerel & nests casks, landing from ship Merrimack, for sale by
feb 23 LINCOLN & GREEN.

SUPERFINE MUSTARD.

IN cases of 6 doz. bottles each, landing from ship Albree and for sale by
STETSON & AVERY.
feb 15 27 Camp street.

LANDING from the Steamer KENTUCKIAN, and for sale; 50 barrels superior old Monongahela whiskey; apply to
THOMSON & GRANT.
feb 23 39 Levée street.

50 10 lb. Caitys Young Hyson Tea for sale by ALPHEUS GURNEY,
feb 19 62 Gravier street.

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Friday the 25th inst., will be sold at the auction store,
2 bales white netting; 2 do Russia; 1 do do waistcoating; 1 do white drilling. feb 25

BY F. DUTILLET.

WILL be sold at Hewlett's Exchange, on Monday the 28th inst. at 12 o'clock, noon: 4 lots of ground situated at the corner of Francais and Girod-sts. in the faubourg Marigny.—Their situation is elevated and highly advantageous; and the great increase in value of which they are susceptible makes them particularly deserving the attention of speculators, who are invited to call and examine the plan of them, which may be seen at the exchange.

Conditions—6, 12 and 18 months credit; the purchaser giving satisfactory indorsed notes, with mortgage upon the property till full and complete payment. The acts of sale to be passed before L. T. Caise, Notary Public, at the expense of the purchaser. feb 25

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Friday the 25th inst. will be sold at the auction store at 11 o'clock A M by order and under the inspection of the Wardens of the port an account of whom it may concern, 45 pieces 4-4 shirting imported and damaged on board the brig Gold Hunter, capt Curtis from New York. Also—10 hhds of sugar. feb 24

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Saturday, February 26th, at noon, will be sold at Hewlett's coffee house,
A mulatto wench named Marie, aged about 20 years, somewhat of a cook, washer and ironer.
Julienne, a mulatto woman aged about 22, good house servant, washer and ironer.
A mulatto named George, a good house servant.
☞All the above slaves are warrented against all vices and diseases contemplated by law.
Payable at 5 and 12 months in approved endorsed paper. feb 23

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Saturday the 29th inst. at the exchange coffee house, at 12 o'clock, will be sold
A creole negro woman named Marie Reine, aged 31 years, a good cook and house servant; she is warranted free from all the vices and diseases prescribed by law. Also, another creole negro woman named Charlotte, aged 30 years, a complete house servant—she is warranted free from all the vices and diseases prescribed by law. She has runaway once in the city.
Terms:—12 months credit, in approved endorsed notes, and mortgage until final payment. feb 22

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Monday the 7th of March next, at noon, will be sold at Hewlett's coffee-house,

A LOT OF GROUND, corner of Magazine and Gravier streets, measuring 34 feet 7½ in front to the former and 100 feet 8 inches on the latter, on which stands a fine two story brick house.
A LOT measuring 18 feet 9½ inches front of Gravier street and 94 feet 11½ inches in depth, on which stands a two story brick store.
A LOT adjoining the preceding, one measuring 13 feet 8½ inches with a similar store on it.
A LOT adjoining the preceding, measuring 21 feet 7 inches, having also on it a two story brick store.
☞A plan of the above property shall be exhibited on the day of sale.
PAYABLE—¼ cash, ¼ Dec. 30 1831, ¼ Dec. 30 1832, and ¼ Dec. 30 1833.

MARSHAL'S SALES.

Robert Evans & Co. vs. John Longmire.

BY virtue of a writ of *fieri facias* to me directed by the honorable J. Bermudez, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose for sale on Saturday the fifth day of March at four o'clock P M at the principal a quantity of Cigars, and Tobacco, seized in the above suit feb 24 L. DAUNOY, marshall.

B. Campanel, vs. E. Hugon. The Same vs. The same.

BY virtue of two writs of *fieri facias* to me directed by the hon. B. Beauregard, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans; I shall expose for sale on Friday the 25th day of March 1831 at Hewlett's coffee house corner of Chartres and St. Louis, at 12 o'clock, a certain lot of ground situated on St. Philip's street measuring 60 feet front by 120 in depth, and designated by no. 4 in square no. 62, Faubourg Tremé, seized in the above suit.
feb 23 L. DAUNOY, marshall.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION.

☞NOTICE. The ladies and gentlemen of New Orleans are most respectfully informed that this is the last week but one of the Anaconda &c. being exhibited in this city.

JAMES T. COPS, from the Tower of London, and late of New York, begs leave most respectfully to inform the public that he has opened for their inspection his Exhibition of the most rare and beautiful works of the creation, at the corner of Levee and Conti-streets, where he hopes to meet with that encouragement so liberally bestowed by a discerning public, on subjects of natural history amongst which will be found an immense Anaconda, or mountain serpent of Ceylon, also the Boa Constrictor, or Strangling serpent of Java, and great Bock serpent of Bengal, the oriental Cobra, or Real Diamond serpent of Shandernago two of those surprising snakes, hipabieco, or golden headed serpent of Siam and the snake destroyer, the real Egyptian Ichnumon, [illegible] of those aston