THE BEE.

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JEROME BAYON.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 4, 1832.

GOVERNOR.
J. B. DAWSON.

We received no mail yesterday, and presume that the damage done to one of the vehicles is the cause of the irregularity.

The legislature closed yesterday a long, and, we are pleased to think, a useful session, during which several measures of public importance were adopted.

The President of the United States completed his sixty-fifth year, on the 14th of March.

Thompson's Statue.—We learn by our late English papers, that a statue is about to be erected to the memory of the immortal poet of the seasons. When Thompson first came to London, he could barely meet with a lodging, and few extended a friendly hand to one, in whom poverty and poetry seemed to be linked in one keyless chain.—Collins had already canonized his memory in verses of unrivalled beauty. Posterity, which later or sooner, with an even hand deals out the reward due to genius, has come at last to a poet whose name shall be perennial as the seasons, which he has described. He is represented in the design, in the picturesque dress, which he usually wore, when walking in his favorite garden, with his hands gently folded behind, in the attitude of deep contemplation.

FELIX BOSWORTH, Esq., of the parish of Washita, has been appointed Parish Judge of the new Parish of Carroll.

THE SECRET SESSION.—We have already given the journal of both branches while in secret session. The following are the resolutions passed in secret session in the Maine legislature, and which were submitted to our legislature.—*Boston paper.*

Resolve respecting the territory lying north and east of the rivers St. John and St. Francis.

Whereas information has been communicated by the agent of this state, at Washington, that it is proposed, that Maine should cede to the U. S. her claim and jurisdiction over that portion of the territory which lies northerly of the line recommended by the Arbiter, for an ample indemnity, in order that the U. States may be enabled to make such an arrangement with Great Britain, as may best comport with the interest and honor of the U. States.

And whereas the government of Maine has repeatedly declared, and now declares, that the right of soil and jurisdiction in said territory, according to the provisions of the treaty of 1783, is in the state of Maine, as a sovereign and independent state, and has denied and continues to deny the right of the general government to cede the same to any foreign power, without the consent of Maine, and has communicated resolutions to that effect to the general government, and has claimed of that government the protection guaranteed to every state by the constitution of the U. States,

And whereas the legislature of Maine is disposed to regard the proposition aforesaid as emanating from a disposition on the part of the general government, to promote the interests and preserve the peace of the nation, without violating the rights of Maine, or disregarding the obligations resting upon the whole Union; to protect each state in the full enjoyment of all its territory and right of jurisdiction, and willing to meet the proposition in a like spirit, in which it is believed to have been made.

Therefore, *Resolved*, That upon the appointment by the president of the U. States, of a person or persons to enter into a negotiation with this state, for the relinquishment by this state to the U. States of her claim to said territory, and for the cession of the jurisdiction thereof, on the one part, and for an ample indemnity therefor, on the other part; and notice thereof being communicated to the governor, the governor, with the advice of council, be, and he is hereby authorized and requested to appoint three commissioners on the part and behalf of this state to treat with such person or persons, so appointed by the president, on the subjects aforesaid; and any agreement or treaty to be made in pursuance of this resolve is to be submitted to the legislature of Maine, for approval or rejection; and until such agreement or treaty be so submitted to, and approved by the legislature of Maine, nothing herein contained shall be construed, in any way, as implying the assent of this state to the line of boundary recommended by the arbiter, or to the right of the general government to adopt or sanction that line, instead of the line described in the treaty of 1782.

Resolved, That the governor be requested forthwith to communicate the foregoing preamble and resolutions confidentially to the agent of this state at Washington, and also to the executive of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, to afford to that commonwealth, the opportunity of adopting such measures as she may consider expedient in relation to her interests in said territory.

Clerk's office, april 3 *Dep. Clerk.*

BRIG INVINCIBLE.—It is with sincere and heartfelt pleasure that we are enabled to state that a letter has been received from a house at Gibraltar, covering the copy of a letter from capt. Pratt, late of the brig Invincible, and dated Barcelona, 14th January, giving information of his having been carried into that port by the Monorquin brig St. Christoval, which vessel took him and crew off the wreck on the 18th December. The Invincible was within a few hours run of Cape Cod, twenty-four days from Malaga, when she encountered north-west gales till 6th December, when she was struck by a sea which threw her on her beam ends, and left her a wreck. Capt. Pratt had taken passage for himself and crew on board the brig Superior, of New York, to sail for Cadiz.

The fears which were entertained for the captain and crew—some of whom were connected with the most respectable families in our town, are thus happily removed, to the great joy of all their friends.

Alex. Gaz.

LIGHTNING.—At Portsmouth, N. H. last Monday at midnight, a house was struck by lightning. The fluid came down the chimney, passed the floor, ripped off the sole of one of the shoes of a miss Austin, who was writing at the moment, and passed off without injuring the young lady, though the building was somewhat injured. At the same time it struck a two story dwelling house, occupied by Mr. J. Moulton, in the south part of the town. The family were all in bed, the lightning entered a chamber, where Mr. M., wife and two children were sleeping, shivered the door to atoms, and broke the timbers, windows, &c. in several parts of the house. Fortunately no one was injured.

HOMICIDE.—We learn from the Litchfield, Conn. Inquirer, that Mr. Noah Barnum, of Danbury, was shot, a few days since, by his own son who had been offended at him previously. The gun was loaded with two balls, one of which entered his abdomen; the other his head. He expired instantly. The murder was deliberate—the son—only 18 years of age—having, during the day, cut the lilac bushes from before the window, for the purpose of aiming with more unerring certainty.

NECESSITY HATH NO LAW.—Yesterday morning, Ald. Palmer of the 13th Ward was alarmed by the barking of his watch dog, and proceeding to the rear of his premises he found there a miserable poverty stricken female in the act of carrying away a smoaked ham, which she had just stolen from his house.

"Why did you come here to steal from me good woman?" asked the Alderman. "Sir, replied she, if you had, like me, six or seven starving children, you would not think it wrong to eat an Alderman out and out."

Mr. Palmer without believing that there is any thing peculiarly savory in the flesh of an Alderman, possessed himself of the stolen ham, but immediately presented it to the poor creature who seemed to require it to save her from starving.—*New York Courier and Enquirer.*

A splendid piece of ancient mosaic has been discovered in the ruins of Pompeii. It is said to be unique, like the Apollo of Belvidere, and to surpass far every thing of the kind left by antiquity. A battle car with twelve horses and twenty four persons, with a number of other figures, half the size of life, are admirably delineated. The subject is conjectured to be the victory of Alexander over Darius.

A SHIP SALIVATER.—A striking instance of the volatility, penetrating power, and noxiousness of mercurial vapor was afforded, in 1810, on board the Triumph man of war. This vessel had taken on board thirty two tons of quicksilver, confined in leather bags of fifty pounds each, which had been picked up on the shore of Cadiz, from the wrecks of two Spanish ships. The bags were stowed in the bread room, after hold, and store rooms. Being saturated with salt water, in about a fortnight they all decayed and burst. In collecting the quicksilver, to save it in casks, much of it found its way into the unapproachable recesses of the ship, and some was secreted by the men, who amused themselves with it in various ways. At this period so much bilge water had collected in the ship that the crew was so intolerable, and the air so fetid as nearly suffocated every one on board. The well was sounded. The effect of the gas on the mercury in the barometer was manifested by its changing to black, and by its subsequent fusion. In this instance, however, means of every kind were crowned with quicksilver, and a general affection of the mouth took place among the men and officers, to a severe degree of salivation in upwards of 200 men. It was, in consequence, necessary to take the Triumph into dock, remove all her stores, clean her hold thoroughly, and dislodge one of her lowest planks in order to make an opening for the escape of the mercury, before she could be restored to a serviceable state.—*Buffon's Natural History.*

From the New York Evening Post.

A friend who has long watched in this city the fluctuations of commerce and the acquisition and loss of fortunes, has pointed out to our attention an article from a correspondent of the Philadelphia National Gazette, giving an account of a lecture delivered by Judge Hopkinson before the Mercantile Library Association of Philadelphia. As the subject is one which interests a very numerous class of our readers, we copy the greater part of it. The evil on which Judge Hopkinson principally animadverts, the tendency to over-trading, to engaging in extravagant speculation, to doing business on fictitious capital—will never, we fear, cease to exist as long as the temptation remains. That temptation arises from the banking system adopted in the United States. It is our banks which furnish the enterprising with the means of doing business on a capital not their own. During a period when commercial confidence is unimpaired, and there is in the market specie enough to pay the notes of the banks as they are presented, these institutions are liberal of their facilities. It is their interest to discount as largely as they can, to throw as great a quantity of their notes as possible into circulation. The adventurous merchant, of course, avails himself largely of these facilities, and for a time, perhaps, appears to find his account in it. In the mean time, the currency of the nation by the immense emissions of paper becomes depreciated; prices are raised; and as a necessary consequence, specie leaves the country. The banks at length find a difficulty in procuring specie to pay their notes; they curtail the discounts, or cease to discount altogether; the speculator on fictitious capital stops business and fails, involving perhaps, his friends, in his failure; prices again decline, and a period of embarrassments and bankruptcies ensues, which lasts until the money market is restored to its original state, and then the same process recommences, to go over again. These contractions and expansions of the currency, are estimated by those who have observed them to take place once in about seven years.

JUDGE HOPKINSON'S LECTURE.—In the commencement the eloquent lecturer drew an admirable portraiture of the importance to the community of that class of men called merchants; and dwelt especially on the influence which the character of our shipping merchants exercise on national comfort and respectability. They are the sources of contact between nations, bringing them into acquaintance with the wants and wealth and virtues of each other; smoothing thus the roughness of prejudice, allaying the rancor of preconceived hostility, and teaching the profitable, the agreeable, and the ennobling lessons of peace.

Such being the case, the lecturer naturally enquired how far the condition of the mercantile community corresponded with its station at home and its importance abroad; and was led, for various reasons, to the conclusion, that although there were many, very many most honorable exceptions, yet, as a class, the merchants of the United States did not occupy the lofty ground to which, by their wealth, usefulness, and extended intercourse, they were entitled. The cause of this degradation became, therefore, an important and highly interesting subject of inquiry; and, on this point, was consumed the greater part of the evening. Among these causes were enumerated, incompetent mercantile training, inadequate capital, extravagant speculation, unjustifiable domestic expenditure, and a degraded scheme of morals, a low ethical estimate of the obligations of a debtor, &c. &c.

Any one may become a merchant, and merchants are among the *elite* of society; hence, when a man has made money, in other modes he must "turn to merchandise." If a man draws a prize in a lottery, or acquires a sum by a mechanic trade, he hires a counting house, freights a vessel, struts to the coffee house, and is a merchant. His appearance there in his new character, excites no surprise, is met by no frown, and public confidence and private credit salute him on the threshold of the temple of commerce. But whither goes his ship? He knows little, and cares less. It is a speculation indeed, and if it end well is incentive to a larger and no less careless adventure; if it end ill, a meeting of creditors follows, and to that succeeds a discharge, a new counting house, renewed adventures, a succession of loses, and a heavier failure. All this comes from ignorance. A no less destructive course is often pursued by such, as through the rage for suddenly acquiring wealth, extend their operations far beyond the capital which they possess, and thus encounter a moral certainty of failure, when, there comes that periodical scarcity of circulating medium so observable in the currents of commerce; or at any rate greatly lessen the chances of that final success, to which, with greater moderation, and less impatience, their arrival is nearly certain. Overtrading is perhaps, in our spirited community, a more frequent evil than ignorance, together they create a great proportion of the mercantile distress, and loss of character.

A very common effect of extravagant adventure and inordinate hopes of gain, is a commensurate expenditure, not founded on actual wealth, but superstitious fortune, not on the possessions but the transmissions. There are many failures which can be traced to expensive living, the sum thus thrown away being more than the equal to all the deficiencies of the house. Among the natural consequences of this evil are some, which from their influence on domestic life, claim a larger share of animadversion and sympathy. The children of a man of princely expenditure, acquire luxurious habits, aversion to labour, and incapacity for common occupations, and are too frequently lost to society, when the day of adversity arrives, and "pride has had its fall." The partner of his bosom, but not the repository of his commercial secrets, is often the very last to see the impending ruin. As credit fails, new efforts to save appearances at home and abroad, and lull suspicion and induce confidence, and then surely there can be no danger of failure when the new house is built, the new carriage purchased, the ball room decorated! But the worst case has not yet been stated. Just before an inevitable failure, let us suppose death to enter that princely mansion, and pluck thence its master. He was beloved, and grief presses on her heart, who has not been before acquainted with sorrow; but her children are left, and they will not be cast out to a pitiless world's score and cupidity. Alas! alas! the spoiler comes in the form of justly incensed, perhaps ruined creditors; and she, who never dreamed of such as is sue, is driven forth to earn a scanty pittance, and to mourn the endless woes which spring from reckless speculation, and unbounded extravagance.

The lecturer bestowed some time on the consideration of another evil, which, from his manner, as well as his expression, seemed to have been the frequent subject of professional observation. The tone of moral feeling, relative to the rights of debtor and creditor, is far from being adequately high. As far as I can now recollect, he objected to the manner of contracting debts on insufficient securities, the capital being too small, the adventure too wild, or the state of insolvency being already attained.

He also objected to the whole system of references, and illustrated their injustice and impolicy, by cogent reasoning, and pointed exemplifications. The only preferred debt, justly such, as an estate in "Trust," which although in the failer's hands, never becomes legally or equitably his property, belongs not to him for his purposes. The severity of tone and sentiment was worthy the great Roman censor, and no one could listen to the simple and conclusive argument, without admitting, that to justify any other "preference," the merchant must have a system of morals entirely professional, and not allied to general or christian morality.

Bank of France.—The last statement of the operation of the Bank of France in the year 1831, furnishes unfortunately strong proofs of the distressed situation of commerce in that country. They have no less than 216 millions in their vaults, whilst their circulation of notes does not exceed 229 millions. The whole amount of mercantile paper in their possession did not exceed at the end of December 25,800,000 francs, whilst on the 1st July, 1831, it amounted to 37 millions, and the first January preceding to 75 millions. For fifteen years the amount of merchants notes and bills of exchange discounted by the bank has not been so low.—*N. Y. Mer. and Courier.*

DIED,

Yesterday, CAPT. JOHN PRATT—His Masonic Brethren—the members of the Seamen's Home Society—and his friends in general, are requested to attend his funeral this afternoon at 4 o'clock, from the Seamen's Home, corner of Hospital and Levee streets. He was an honest man, and his death is sincerely regretted, by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance.—*Communicated.*

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Brig Mediterranean, Patton, N York, J. L. Dogett.
Brig Nelson, Fuller, Gronada, Geo. Penny.
Brig Nancy, Hillman, Port au Prince, Webb
Brig Margaret, Lord, Portsmouth, A. G. Brewer.
Brig Arcturus, Swan, Liverpool, J. H. Gale Master.
Brig Authentic, Sweetser, Boston, Prudhomme & Couvillon.
Schr Tita, Capo, Matanzas,

ARRIVED.

Ship Belona, Hutchinson, from Liverpool, to W. Alderson—cargo, salt, crates, &c. to Slocum and Avery; Reynolds, Byrne and co; J Ogilvie and co; Whitall, Jaudon & co; Kennedy and Dinchamp; E Johns and co; and others. Passed below, ship Dublin Packet—and ships Gem, and Gerard, at the Turn.

Steamer Atlantic, Ryan, from Louisville—cargo, flour, pork, &c. to M F Maher; Johnson & Avery, T Townsley and Prieur; Yorke, Macalester and co; Reynolds & Baron; T Sloo, jr; T Wallace, Lambeth & Pope; N and J Dick & co; Foster and Hutton; and others.

Steamer Tippecanoe, Wallen, from Terra Haute—cargo, pork, whiskey, &c. to A G Lang; Gray and co; Brander, McKenna and Lee; Rhodes and Peters; Cooper & Carothers; McLeod and Campbell, and others.

Steamer Walter Scott, Culver, from Manchester—cargo, cotton, &c. to Bullitt, and Ship; W Bullitt; J Graham; J W Breedlove; Williams and Lee; Palmer, Smith and co; M White; Hodge and McKennon; Reynolds, Pyrne and co; A Fisk, Wattt and co; W Bogart, and others.

Steamer Reindeer, Miller, fm Arkansas, with cotton, hides, &c.

Steamer Rapide, Waters, from Natchitoches, with cotton, hides, etc.

☞ The brig Commerce, from Philadelphia, is discharging third tier above Conti street—Consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods. ap 4

☞ The ship Edward Bonnaffe is discharging opposite Post No. 64—consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods. ap 3

CAMP STREET THEATRE.

Mr. Cooper's fifth night, Mr. Holland's fourth night, and second night of

JOAN OF ARC.

ON Wednesday evening, April 4, will be presented, Shiel's popular play of DAMON AND PYTHIAS. Damon, Mr. Cooper.

After which, the splendid drama, JOAN OF ARC, *the Inspired Prophetess*; or, The Maid of Orleans! Valinate, Mr. Holland, Joan of Arc, Miss Placide.

☞ For other characters and description of scenery, &c., see small bills.

☞ Mr. Cooper's sixth and last night but one, and Mr. Holland's fifth night on Thursday.

DRAWING of the Extra Class No. 12, of the French Evangelical Church Lottery:—

1 2 24 23 31 9.

D. MALCOLM, Manager.

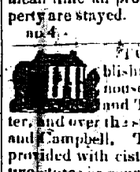
n4

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.—59 hhds. prime Sugars and 50 bbls. Molasses, landing this morning, opposite U. S. mint House street, and for sale by
april 4 FOSTER & HUTTON, 77 Canal st.

CANVASSED HAMS.—31 hhds. Cincinnati canvassed hams, of a superior quality, now landing and for sale by STETSON & AVERY,
april 4 31 Camp street.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, parish court for the parish and city of New Orleans, present the honorable Chs. Maurian, Judge, April 3d, 1832. No. 6281. Wm. F. Courtenay vs. The creditors of Boyden and Courtenay and of Wm. F. Courtenay & Co. The cession of the property of the petitioner is accepted by the court, for the benefit of his creditors, and it is ordered, that a meeting of said creditors take place at the office of C. Pollock, Esq. a notary public, on Monday, the 16th day of the present month for the purpose of deliberating upon the affairs of said petitioner, and in the mean time all proceedings against his person and property are stayed. By order of the court,

ap 4 FRED. BUISSON.



TO LET by the year, that large establishment, well known as a boarding house or hotel, on the corner of Gravier and Tchoupitoulas streets, fronting the latter, and over the store occupied by Messrs. M'Leod and Campbell. The back buildings are extensive and provided with cistern and pump in the yard. Also, two stores or counting rooms, No. 30, Magazine, and 32, Gravier streets. Apply to

SAML. P. MORGAN & CO.
april 4 43 Camp street, up stairs.

COURT OF PROBATES.—Whereas Jonathan Davis has presented a petition, to this court, praying for letters of administration on the estate of the late Peter Howard, deceased, ab intestate; notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to shew cause, within ten days, why said petition should not be granted. (april 4) M. BLACHE, Reg.

COURT OF PROBATES—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of the estate of the late Charles Guichard, dec'd., and to all whom it may concern to shew cause within ten days, why the account rendered by the executor of the deceased's will should not be homologated, and said executor discharged accordingly. By order of the court,

4 MARTIN BLACHE, Register.

$20 REWARD.—Ran away from the subscriber at the close of February, a negro man named George, 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high; speaks French and English; looks surly; has a swelling on the jaw; firm set, and is very intelligent. He was dressed at the time of his departure, in a mixed cassimere coattee, blue cloth pantaloons, and a varnished leather cap. He had been selling crockery about the streets for about eight months. The above reward will be paid to whoever will lodge him in one of the jails of this state. Captains of vessels and others are forbid harboring said negro.
A. C. TREMOULET.

The Baton Rouge Gazette and Vicksburg Register, are requested to insert the above advertisement six times.
april 4

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.—Runaway last Monday morning, the 26th ultimo, an American wench called AGNES; height five feet and some odd inches, speaking a little French. She has been here 18 months; having a resh countenance, and being pretty well shaped. She had on a figured olive calico dress: she has been seen in Girod street, Faubourg St. Mary.

Whoever will bring said slave to her master, Levee street, No. 68, or Esplanade, No. 18, or lodge her in Jail, will receive the above reward.

Masters of vessels are cautioned not to harbor said slave, under the penalty of the law. n3 3t

COFFEE.—200 bags fine green Havana Coffee, landing from schr. Temple, and for sale by
april 2—3t A. QUERTIER & BOUTIN.

TILES.—40,0000 hook and square Tiles, landing from ship Walhalla, and for sale by
april 3—3t A. QUERTIER & BOUTIN.

1170 COILS best Kentucky Bale Rope, and 50 pieces best Kentucky Bagging, for sale by
n3 FOSTER & HUTTON,
77 Canal street.

NOTICE.—The subscriber has occasion to go to the country for a few days, during which time the management of his business will be conducted by his brother, Peter McCallum, who is fully authorized to do so. (ap 3) MALCOM McCALLUM.

WINES, &c.—The subscribers have received per late arrivals from Havre, and offer for sale, 100 boxes sparkling Burgundy, of superior quality, and now much used in Europe in preference to Champayne wine; 50 baskets superior Champayne wine; 4 bales 4-4 French sheetings; 4 bales superfine Britannias. Also, in store, a supply of choice Madeira wine, imported direct from Madeira.
april 3—5t A. QUERTIER & BOUTIN.

THE subscribers have formed a copartnership under the firm of F. A. Blanc, R. Brugier and Casse—their store is situated on Levee between St. Louis and Toulouse streets, No. 58, and lately occupied by Mr. P. Aregne.
F. A. BLANC,
R. BRUGIER,
april 2 J. CASSE.

NOTICE.—The subscriber, respectfully informs the public, that Mr. Joseph Girard, the of the firm of Joseph Girard and Son, No. 180, Royal, between St. Peter and Toulouse streets, has been appointed agent of St. Mary's College, Perry county, Missouri; every person having children in that college, or wishing to send any, may apply to said Mr. Girard, who is authorized to receive the effects of the college. N. B. The pupils will go up in the steamboat Charleston, which is expected here daily.
april 2 LOUIS PAQUIN.

SUGAR.—350 hhds prime sugar, for sale by
1 THEO. NICOLET & co.

SOULVILLE.—The well known fast running steamer LOUISIANA, C. E. Maynard, master, will leave for the above port to-morrow, 4 o'clock, p. m. for passage only, having superior accommodations, both for cabin and deck passengers, apply on board, opposite Gravier street, or to TOURNE & BECKWITH,
april 4 15 New Levee.

FOR ST. MARTINSVILLE, ATTAKAPAS AND *all intermediate Ports.*

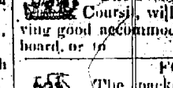
The steamer VERMILION,
CAPT. DELAHENSAYE, is ready to receive freight, and will leave for the above ports Thursday next, the 5th inst. at 10 o'clock, a. m. for freight or passage apply on board or to GRAY, DURRIVE & CO,
april 3 No. 38, New Levee street.

FOR VICKSBURGH, NATCHEZ, AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS,

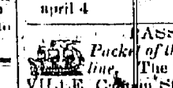
The steamer FELICIANA, Captain BARRET, will depart on TUESDAY afternoon, 3d April, at 5 o'clock; for freight or passage apply on board, opposite Canal street, or to
mar 31 FOSTER & HUTTON.

FOR HAVRE—*Passage only.*

The French ship MONTESQUIEU, capt. Coursil, will leave on the 15; for passage, having good accommodations, apply to the captain on board, or to
(ap 4) V. ROUMAGE.

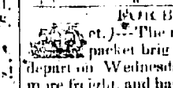


FOR MOBILE—The packet schooner LOUISIANA, A. master, is now ready to take freight, and will have dispatch. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply on board of the basin, or to TOURNE & BECKWITH,
april 4 15 New Levee.

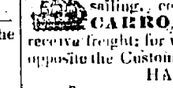


PASSAGE TO NEW-YORK.—*Packet of the 5th—Louisiana and N. York line.*

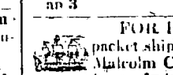
The new and elegant ship HUNTSVILLE, Capt. Stoddard, will sail on Thursday the 5th inst. at 5 o'clock, p. m., and can accommodate a few more passengers. Apply on board, opposite Jefferson street, or
FOSTER & HUTTON,
april 3 77 Canal street.



FOR BALTIMORE.—(A regular packet.)—The new and splendid very fast sailing packet brig CANADA, captain White, will depart on Wednesday the 4th instant. Can take some more freight, and handsomely accommodate passengers. Apply to HARRISON, BROWN & CO
ap 3 117 Royal st.

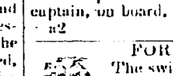


FOR BALTIMORE.—The very fast sailing, copper fastened and coppered brig CARROLL, Captain Cox, is now ready to receive freight for which or passage, apply on board, opposite the Custom House, or to
HARRISON, BROWN & CO.
ap 3 117 Royal street.



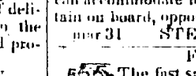
FOR PHILADELPHIA.—The regular packet ship EDWARD BONNAFFE, Malcolm Campbell, master, is now discharging and will be ready in a few days to receive cargo. Will go either up or down the coast for sugar. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
n3 SAMUEL C. BELL, 81 Canal st.

FOR TOBASCO.—The fine fast sailing schooner SWAIN, Green, master, is now loading for the above port, and will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage, apply to the captain, on board, or to
n2 A. QUESTIER & BOUTIN.



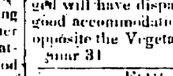
FOR LIVERPOOL—*passage only.*

The swift sailing coppered brig NIMROD, Capt. Barrett, will sail in about ten days, and can accommodate four passengers. Apply to the captain on board, opposite post no 40, or to
mar 31 STETSON & AVERY, 31 Camp st.



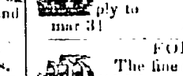
FOR BOSTON.

The fast sailing coppered brig LAGRANGE, Capt. Collins, having part of her cargo engaged will have dispatch; for freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to the master on board, opposite the Vegetable market, or to
mar 31 STETSON & AVERY.



FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

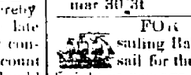
The A. 1 brig ELVIRA, Capt. Grace; apply to WM. G. HEWES,
mar 31 No. 9, Camp street.



FOR BALTIMORE.

The fine coppered and copper fastened brig ELIZA ANN, Charles Sommer, master, wants the bulk of 100 bbls. to complete her loading, for which or passage, apply to the captain on board, or to J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.
(mar 30)

WANTED, a vessel of a light draft of water to proceed to Tobasco; apply to
A. QUERTIER & BOUTIN,
mar 30 3t No. 26, St. Louis st.

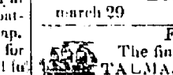


FOR ST. THOMAS.—The new fast sailing Baltimore built schooner KATE, will sail for the above port in a few days. For freight or passage, apply to Capt. Baker, on board, opposite Conti street, or to
THAYER, HURD & Co.
n20 1f 29 Magazine street.

FOR HAVANA, (PASSAGE ONLY.)

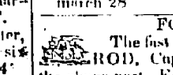
The fine fast sailing coppered and copper fastened Spanish brig, MANUELETA, capt. MOTORELL, will depart for the above port on Friday. For passage, having superior accommodations, apply to the captain on board, or to
ESTEVANELL & COURVAL,
march 29 No 5, New Levee.

FOR TABASCO.



The fine coppered and copper fastened schr. TALMA, Poole, master, now in readiness to receive cargo, for which, or passage, apply to
march 28 J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.

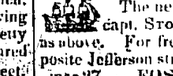
FOR LIVERPOOL.



The fast sailing coppered British brig NIMROD, Capt. Barrett, will have dispatch for the above port. For freight or passage apply on board, or to STETSON & AVERY,
mar 28 31 Camp street.

FOR NEW YORK—Packet, 5th April.

Louisiana and New York Line.



The new and elegant ship HUNTSVILLE, capt. Stoddard, is now loading and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply on board, opposite Jefferson street, or to
mar 27 FOSTER & HUTTON, 77 Canal st.

FOR PHILADELPHIA—10th April.

The new and elegant packet ship JOHN SERGEANT, capt. VANDYKE; has the greater part of her cargo engaged; will want some light freight, for which, or passage, apply on board or to
march 27 SAM. C. BELL, 81 Canal st.

FOR BOSTON—A Packet.

The fast sailing coppered ship MAJESTIC, capt. McLellan, having part of her cargo engaged, will have despatch. For freight or passage, apply on board, opposite post No. 66, or to
mar 20 STETSON & AVERY, 31 Camp st.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The copper fastened, coppered and very fast sailing Baltimore built schooner HALCYON, captain SAYWARD; stows 800 barrels, and has handsome accommodations for passengers, apply to
mar 26 HARRISON, BROWN & Co. 117 Royal st.

MARSHAL'S SALES.

Simon Baham vs. Joseph Maghoire.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. B. Beauregard, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale on Saturday the 14th day of April, at 12 o'clock at noon, at the corner of St. Louis and Chartres streets, a black man, seized in the above suit.
april 4 L. DAUNOY, Marshal.

L. C. Hutchinson vs S. Briant.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Preval, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale on Saturday the 14th day of April, at 5 o'clock, at the principal, 2 bedsteads, 8 pots, a lot of dishes, and 3 blinds, &c. Seized and taken in execution in the above suit.
april 4 L. DAUNOY, Marshal.

Archy O'Neal vs. Murray, alias Laddy.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Preval, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale on Monday the 16th day of April, at 5 o'clock, at the principal, 6 tables, 1 looking glass, one settee, one dressing glass and irons, &c. seized in the above suit.
april 4 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

Grits and Lieverance vs. Withesby.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. B. Bermudez, associate judge of the city court, I will expose for sale on Tuesday the 17th of April at 5 o'clock, at the principal 9 bbls. of molasses, 12 small boxes of soap, 2 kegs of butter, 1 half keg tobacco, seized in the above suit.
april 4 D. DAUNOY, marshal.

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY F. DUTILLET.

BY order of the court of probates of the parish of St. Bernard, will be sold on Wednesday the 4th of May next, four slaves belonging to the succession of the late Jean Baptiste Emile Livaudais, viz: Adam, an American, 18 years old, Henriette, a creole, a good servant, with her child 2 years old; Manette, a creole, 40 years of age, house servant; Thirese, a creole, 12 years old, house servant. Conditions—1-3 cash, the balance at one year, satisfactorily endorsed, with mortgage until final payment. The acts of sale to be passed before Janin, at the expense of the purchasers.
april 3

Valuable LOTS on Notre Dame Streets.

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.

On Tuesday, 10th inst. at 10 o'clock at the Exchange Coffee House, will be sold,

14 Valuable Lots of Ground, fronting on Tchoupitoulas and Notre Dame streets.

Lot No. 1, is situated on Tchoupitoulas street, between Julia and Notre Dame streets, and about 85 feet from the corner of the latter, and measures 21 feet 8 inches front by 90 feet in depth.

Lots Nos. 2, 3 and 4, adjoin No. 1 in rotation, and measure each 21 feet front on Tchoupitoulas street by 90 feet in depth.

Lot No. 5, forms the corner of Tchopitoulas and Notre Dame streets, and measures 21 feet 8 inches front on the former by 90 feet on the latter. Lot No. 6, adjoins the rear of Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, and measures 20 feet 1 inch in front on Notre Dame street by 108 feet 4 inches in depth. Lots Nos. 7, 8 and 9 adjoin No. 6 in rotation, and measure each 20 1-2 feet 1 inch front on Notre Dame street by 108 feet 4 inches in depth. Lot No. 10, adjoins No. 9, and measures 27 feet front by 52 feet 2 in depth on one side, and 53 feet 3 inches on the other, and 37 feet 11 inches in the rear. Lots Nos. 11, 12 and 13 adjoin No. 10 in succession, and measure each 21 feet 3 inches front on Notre Dame street by 85 feet 3 inches in depth. Lot No. 14 adjoins No. 13, and measures 21 feet 3 inches in front by 52 feet 2 inches in depth.

These lots are in the very centre of business, and in point of value and advantages are not excelled by any in the city. They will positively be sold without reserve to close a partnership concern.

Terms—1-6th cash and the balance in 5, 12, 18, 24, and 35 months for approved endorsed paper, secured by mortgage until final payment. ap 3

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.

On Saturday the 7th instant, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Coffee House, will be sold,

SEVEN VALUABLE LOTS OF GROUND—situated in Faubourg Plaisance, about 3 squares from the river, and fronting upon a road 110 feet wide, viz:—Lots Nos. 30 and 31, together measures 315 feet front by 340 feet in depth, French measure. The improvements thereon consist of a dwelling house, kitchen, stable and orchard.

Lots Nos. 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42, measure each 150 feet front to the road, by 340 feet in depth, French measure.

The Batture and the Cypress Swamp are public property, and secured in common to the inhabitants of said Faubourg.

A plan of the whole is exhibited at the Exchange Coffee House.

TERMS—One 4th cash, and the balance 6, 12, and 18 months. n3

BY J. H. DOMINGON.

On Saturday, April 7th, at Hewlett's, at 12 o'clock,

WILL be sold a Lot situate in Treme faubourg, on St. Philip, between Marie and Treme streets, together with the improvements thereon, which consists in one house measuring 27 feet on 18, English measure, divided into two apartments, with a gallery, closed, and closed by Venitian blinds. The lot measures 30 feet front on a depth of 120. Each measure. Terms: one half on the 23d of October, and the balance on the 15th of March 1833, payable in approved endorsed paper, with mortgage. mar 28

BY F. DUTILLET.

BY virtue of an order of the honorable court of probates in and for the parish and city of New Orleans, will be sold on the 10th of April next, at the corner of Bourbon and Ursuline streets, the moveables belonging to the estate of the late John Elliot. Terms cash. march 30

AT NO. 45, CANAL-ST.

MESSRS. GEYER & CHAPMAN continue to teach practical writing in the shortest time possible. Their plan of instructing is the result of years of experience in the art of teaching this useful science. It embraces all the movements of carstairs, and much in the way of taste and style not to be found in that author. Classes of Ladies and Gentlemen attended daily.

Hours of attendance, for Gentlemen from 1-2 past 6 A. M. and from 4 to 9 P. M. Ladies from 12 to 3 P. M. Ladies who prefer can receive lessons at their respective residences. Numerous specimens of those who have already taken lessons are to be seen at their Academy—where Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call. n2

CASTARIAN
SYSTEM OF WRITING.

MR. DOLBEAR respectfully invites the Ladies and Gentlemen of New Orleans, to call at his Writing Establishment, corner of Chartres and Conti streets, No 92, and examine specimens of the rapid improvement of persons from 8 to 45 years of age, who have received his lessons.

N. B Ladies are instructed in a neat, rapid, and fashionable style of writing, by a method so plain and novel, as renders the practice of it highly interesting. They can receive lessons at his writing establishment or at their own residence.

Classes will be so arranged through the day and at night, as to accommodate all persons who may wish to avail themselves of his instruction.

☞ New classes will commence this week.

Mr. D. would with pleasure refer to the following gentlemen who have examined his specimens:—His Excellency Gov. Roman; Hon: D. Prieur, Mayor of the City; Right Rev. Bishop L. De Neckere; Rev. T. Clapp; Rev. J. Hohi; L. C. Duncan, Esq; J. A Maybin, Esq; A. Grailhe, Esq; J. W. Egnew, Esq; Rev Mr. Nash. april 3—1m.

BRANDY, RUM & GIN—10 half pipes Sagnette Brandy; 2 pipes Otard do: 5 hhds Jamaica Rum; 5 pipes Gin, handy sss, just received and for sale by FOSTER & HUTTON,
77 Canal street.

EXCHANGE on Boston for sale by
feb 23 LINCOLN & GREENE.

THE price of fresh flour being this day, 5 75 per bbl. according to the tariff, the bakers must give, during the ensuing week, 45 ounces of bread for a bit. mar 31 D. PRIEUR, Mayor.

LANDING from brig Lagrange, 500 drums figs, quite fresh, for sale by
mar 31 THE NICOLET & CO.

MARBLE MANTLES.—4, very handsome will be sold low, apply at, No. 9, Camp street.
mar 34

100 Bbls. Molasses landing opposite Canal Street for sale by
mar 31 FOSTER & HUTTON.

B. BUISSON, Surveyor for the Parish of Jefferson, keeps an office in Chartres street, at the corner of Canal, above the store of John Pendergrast, and in the Nun's faubourg, Pacanier's street, where he will rece