THE BEE.

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"THE UNION—IT MUST BE PRESERVED."

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB. 7, 1834.

FOR GOVERNOR:

J. B. DAWSON.

FOR MAYOR:

JOHN H. HOLLAND.

CANDIDATES FOR CONGRESS.

FIRST DISTRICT,

CHARLES GAYARRE.

SECOND DISTRICT.

JAMES BRADFORD.

ALEXANDER PENN.

The northern mail had not arrived when the post office closed last evening.

The amendment offered by *Mr. Saunders*, restricting the exclusive privilege asked for by the Louisiana and Northern Rail Road Company, has prevailed, and the bill praying for incorporation has, upon the motion of Mr. Burthe, been laid upon the table, which is almost tantamount to an abandonment of the undertaking. We are gratified that the unjust and unreasonable exclusion, which formed an insurmountable objection to the measure, has been thus disapproved of. The design of precluding the construction of any other or more direct medium of communication between this city and Mobile than the one proposed, is so manifestly fraught with injustice and partiality, and is, in fact so preposterous, that we are surprised it should have been incorporated in the bill, or that it should be regarded as an indispensable condition on the part of its framers.

We think the present moment a favorable one for presenting a bill praying for the incorporation of a company to construct a rail way via Chef Menteur. There can be no doubt but that this route affords the greatest facilities, and is much the best adapted. Perhaps, however, it would be most prudent to have commissioners named to examine and report upon the subject, before any thing definitive be done.

Our readers will find in our columns, a *projet* of a law to establish a court of appeals in criminal cases. It is to be submitted in a few days to the legislature. It is well worthy their attention as affording a necessary protection to the citizen whose liberty and life may be at stake. The ends of justice would be promoted and the rigor of the law abated, by granting the privilege contemplated.

We have but one objection to the measure, and that is the provision making it necessary to furnish security for the expenses attendant upon the appeal. It is to be supposed that those who desire the remedy will be in most cases in impoverished circumstances, without friends and without support. Thus circumstanced, it can readily be perceived, that the action and bearing of the law will be partial and unequal. Let this be obviated, and the happiest results will doubtless flow from its adoption.

To the Editor of the Bee.

RAIL ROAD TO WASHINGTON.

In offering some remarks on the best manner of promoting this great work, it cannot be expected they will meet the views of all. It the mode pointed out, should present comparatively few objections, it is all that is anticipated. The contemplated road will traverse the States of Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, South and North Carolina, and Virginia; and the question at once presents itself, What can be done by this State or its citizens, in order to induce our sister states to unite in the proposed undertaking? Fortunately most of those states are in advance of us, and charters for Rail Road Companies are either granted or applied for in almost every State on the route. While the work remains in sections, no part of it can be profitable; but unite those sections, and they constitute them one great road from N. Orleans to Washington, and you give value to all, and greatly benefit the country at large. That the route should consist of a number of separate Companies, can be no objection, but would on the contrary, prove highly beneficial. It would create competition in promoting the comforts of the passengers, while the change of cars every 40 or 50 miles, would prove an acceptable relief. As Louisiana, for the reasons formerly assigned, is more interested than any intermediate point, in the success of this improvement, it becomes us to do, not only what can be done within our own limits, but to extend a helping hand to such sections of the route, as may most require it.

The best manner of affecting this object, will admit of a diversity of opinion. If taken up, however, by the Legislature of the State, with a disposition to effect the object, the aid it will receive from our citizens, will insure its success. The companies now forming on the route, will receive increased confidence and energy, from the certainty that their road is soon to form a link in a great chain, uniting points so important. As a proof of our disposition to act, let a law be passed, creating three or more Commissioners, whose duty it shall be to take charge of, and administer such fund, as can be raised by contribution among the citizens, and one of a liberal character from the State. Let it be the duty of such Commissioners, to employ efficient and skilful Engineers, in numbers sufficient to make a correct survey of the different routes from this to Montgomery, in Alabama, and to embrace in their report, every information necessary for the immediate location of the road, describing also the different kinds of timber along the route. Estimates of the probable cost of each mile, should also accompany the report. Let it be the further duty of the Commissioners, to open an immediate correspondence with the Executive of the States of Mississippi and Alabama, and with such citizens of those States, as might evince a disposition to forward the contemplated improvement. Let a tender be made to any company of the surveys and reports thus made, at our expense, on the condition that the State and individuals who had thus contributed, should be credited for the amount in the stock of the company. Should the success of the Commissioners, in raising a fund under such conditions, enable them to go farther than is here proposed, the delivery of the necessary rails might also be made on the terms of becoming stockholders for the amount thus advanced. Every objection to become a stockholder of a company in a sister State would in this instance be obviated. We should have the same information with those on the spot, as to the cost and probable success of the undertaking.

From the view here presented, it will be seen that there is no intention to embark in the discussion of a question as to a choice of routes that is left as it always is, and always should be, to await the reports of the Engineers of the different routes it may be deemed advisable to examine.

If our Senators and Representatives are serious in their wish to advance the great undertaking of the Rail Road to Washington, they will pause before they give their sanction to the charter now before them. The objections to that bill are, that it indicates and fixes the route. That it proposes to expend two millions of money in carrying the road to a point on the borders of a sister State, without any assurance or prospect, that it will be continued—that it contains an exclusive privilege, and lastly, that it proposes to expend more than a million in crossing the River, which precludes all idea of ever obtaining the necessary subscription. The subject is one in every respect worthy the attention of our Legislature; a judicious move from that quarter will do much to advance the contemplated work. Let us then rest assured that none other will be made. Z.

AN ACT

To establish a Court of Appeals in criminal cases.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened, That there shall be and is hereby established a court, to be called the court of appeals in criminal cases, which court shall be composed of all the district judges of this state, except the judge of the first district, together with the judge of the criminal court of New Orleans, any six of whom shall constitute a quorum to do business; and the oldest in commission of the said judges for the time being, shall be the presiding judge of said court.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That the said court shall have and exercise jurisdiction throughout the state, and shall hold two sessions in each year, one of them in the city of New-Orleans on the first Monday in February, and the other in the town of Opelousas on the first Monday of the month of July in each and every year. The said court shall have power to hear and determine all causes brought before them by appeal and also all questions reserved at the trial before the inferior courts, according to the course of the criminal laws in force in this state, and shall thereupon pronounce or reverse or affirm said judgment according to law: on reversing any judgment the said court shall proceed to give such judgment as the inferior court ought to have given, and thereupon to award execution. But said court shall not have the power to remove any judgment for any matter of fact which shall have been tried by a jury; but for sufficient cause, they may grant a new trial if the same has been asked for in the inferior court and refused, [illegible] the cause for trial in the inferior court with [illegible] as the law and the justice of the case may require [illegible] the [illegible] of the judge who presided at the trial, or the evidence taken down by the clerk if required [illegible] the prosecuting attorney of the defendant or [illegible] statement of facts agreed on by the counsel for the state and the counsel for the defendant or prisoner, shall be [illegible].

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That the said court shall [illegible] writs of error, writs of *certiorari*, supersedeas, writs of prohibition, procedendo, and all other writs, executions [illegible] which are necessary and proper for carrying into effect [illegible] the powers and jurisdiction granted by this act, and [illegible] shall also have power to prescribe the forms of writs of court, and all other writs and process incident to their jurisdiction, [illegible] all contempts of its authority [illegible] laws; to ordain and establish all such rules of [illegible] as may be necessary and proper for the government [illegible] proceedings before them; provided such rules be not [illegible] with the constitution or the laws of the land.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, That the said court shall appoint two clerks, one of whom shall keep his office in New-Orleans and shall record all the proceedings of the said court while sitting at that place; and the other shall keep his office in the town of Opelousas, and in like manner record all the proceedings of said court while sitting there, in such record books as may be ordered by said court; for which services the clerks shall receive the compensation herein provided.

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the sheriffs of the parishes of New-Orleans and St. Landry, to attend upon said court by themselves or deputy, [illegible] their respective parishes, and to execute all the [illegible] of said court thereof, [illegible] which services such sheriffs shall be entitled to receive [illegible] of four dollars for each [illegible] they shall so attend [illegible] out of the treasury [illegible] state on the certificate of the clerk under the seal of the [illegible] certifying the number of days of such attendance and the warrant of one of the judges drawn on such certificate [illegible] nexed thereto.

Sec. 6. Be it further enacted, That before obtaining any appeal to reverse any judgment, the party applying for the same shall make his petition of appeal in which he or she shall set forth the causes of error, which petition shall be signed by the party or his attorney at law or in fact, and shall present the same within five days from the date of the rendition of the final judgment to the judge of the inferior court that tried the cause, if said court be still in session, and if the said court be not then in session, then to the judge thereof, or to any other judge composing the court of appeals in criminal cases in chambers, who shall thereupon issue his order allowing the appeal, and on the filing the said petition of appeal and order which shall be done by the appellant or plaintiff in error, within five days from the date of the order, unless a longer time shall be allowed by the judge granting the same, in the office of the clerk of the inferior court, before which the judgment was given, he shall be bound thereupon to make out and deliver to the appellant or plaintiff in error or his or her attorney at law or in fact, a complete transcript of the record of all the proceedings and judgment complained of, and duly certify and seal the same, and also notify the attorney general or district attorney of the fifth judicial district as the case may be, of said appeal, in such manner as shall be prescribed by the rule of the court of appeals; and the appellant or plaintiff in error shall be bound to deliver the aforesaid transcript of the record aforesaid to the clerk of the court of appeals, at the place where said court is next thereafter to be holden on the first day of the term thereof, unless the time be extended by an order of the said court, then and there to be proceeded on to final judgment, whether the same be in New-Orleans or in the town of Opelousas.

Sec. 7. Be it further enacted, That in order to secure the appearance of the prisoner or defendant applying for such appeal, he or she shall if the offence for which he or she has been condemned in the inferior court, be not bailable, remain confined in close prison until final judgment shall be given on said appeal, to abide by and submit to such judgment.—But if the crime or offence of which the prisoner or defendant has been found guilty, be bailable, and he or she shall not wish to remain in close confinement in prison; such party applying for an appeal, shall when he shall file his aforesaid petition of appeal with the clerk of the inferior court as aforesaid, give a bond with one or more sufficient securities domiciliated in the parish, in such sum as the judge may require, the sufficiency of which security or securities shall be judged of by the clerk of the inferior court on his responsibility; the condition of which bond shall be, that said appellant or plaintiff in error shall on the first day of the term of the court of appeals in criminal cases to which his or her appeal may be returnable, will appear and file the transcript of the record in his or her case, that he or she will abide whatever judgment may be rendered by said court on such appeal, and that he will not depart without leave of the court. And such bond shall before the citation or notification of appeal issues be filed in the office of the clerk of the inferior court, there to remain of record, and the said clerk shall make out and certify a copy of said bond under the seal of the court to be returned and filed with the record in the court of appeals, and if the appellant shall fail to file such certified copy of the bond in the court of appeals as aforesaid, he shall not be heard on his writ of error; and the same shall be dismissed and the judgment of the inferior court affirmed with costs.

Sec. 8. Be it further enacted, That if the appellant shall fail to comply with any of the conditions of the bond executed as aforesaid, the appeal shall be dismissed, the judgment of the inferior court affirmed and said bond forfeited, and judgment may be entered up for the amount of the same with costs in the inferior court from whence the appeal was taken, against the principal and the security or securities jointly and severally, upon the motion of the attorney general or district attorney of the district, giving to said principal and the security or securities if they can be found, ten days notice either personally or by leaving the same at their usual place of residence, if he, she or they have one in the parish, and if not then by posting up the same at the court-house door for ten days, and the certificate of the clerk of the court of appeals under the seal of the court, stating that the conditions of the aforesaid bond have not been performed and specifying the breaches thereof, shall be considered as prima facie evidence in the absence of other proof.

Sec. 9. Be it further enacted, That any prisoner or defendant in a criminal prosecution may take an appeal to the aforesaid court of appeals, in the manner prescribed by this act, giving a bond and security as heretofore required, for an amount that will be sufficient to cover all the costs of the prosecution and of the appeal, which sum shall be fixed by the judge who grants the order; provided, that said prisoner or defendant will consent to remain in close confinement until a decision shall be had on his or her appeal to abide the judgment that may be rendered thereon.

Sec. 10. Be it further enacted, That whenever the said court of appeals shall be satisfied, that an appeal has been taken without any probable cause for the same or merely for delay, the said court may in its judgment increase the punishment awarded by the inferior court, at their discretion; provided, it shall not exceed the *maximum* of the punishment prescribed by law.

Sec. 11. Be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of all the judges mentioned in the first section of this act, to attend at each and every term of said court of appeals; for which services they shall each receive the pay of a member of the legislature for each day they shall so attend, and the same milage for any distance they may necessarily be compelled to travel going to and returning from said court, which shall be paid out of the treasury of the state on the warrant of each of said judges, drawn on or annexed to a certificate of the clerk under the seal of the court, stating the number of days of such attendance and the number of miles each judge has necessarily to travel in going to and returning from said court. And if any of the aforesaid judges shall fail to attend the regular terms of said court, the clerk thereof is hereby required under the penalty of a forfeiture of his allowances from the treasury for one year, to certify the fact under the seal of the court without any delay to the treasurer of the state, who is authorized and required, unless some sufficient cause for such absence is assigned to him in writing by such judge, to retain out of the yearly salary of such judge a sum equal to that which he would have been entitled to receive, in case he had attended said court.

Sec. 12. Be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the attorney general of this state, to appear and prosecute in behalf of the state in all cases brought before the said court of appeals in New-Orleans, and the like services shall be performed by the district attorney of the fifth district in all cases brought before said court in the town of Opelousas, for which services they shall be entitled to receive a fee of dollars, for each cause they shall prosecute to final judgment in said court.

Sec. 13. Be it further enacted, That no appeal can be taken by the state, where the party accused shall have been acquitted by the verdict of a jury in any criminal prosecution, but where a judgment shall be given on an exception, plea, motion or demurrer by the judge of the inferior court in favor of the party accused, or where the suit or action shall be to recover money claimed on a forfeited recognizance or bond, an appeal may be taken by the state as well as by the party accused or the defendant, but the state shall not be bound to give any security for costs or for any damages that may be sustained.

Sec. 14. Be it further enacted, That said court of appeals shall deliver their decisions in writing, and such decisions shall be entered at length on the records of the court, in order to their being preserved.

Sec. 15. Be it further enacted, That the clerks of said court of appeals, shall be entitled to receive five dollars for each day they shall attend the sessions thereof, to be paid out of the treasury on the warrant of the judge presiding at the time together with such fees of office as are allowed to the clerks of the supreme court, for like services performed; provided, that neither the judges or other officers of said court, shall be entitled to their per diem allowance for more than twenty days at one term of said court.

THOUGHTS IN PROSE.

Friendship.—Friends are indeed the joyous evergreens of existence, which look the same in all seasons and weathers, and shelter while they gladden us upon our terrestial journey. The best mirror is an old friend, for he best reveals us to ourselves, in spite of what our vanity and enemies declare; and while we contemplate our own image, we may reflect back the same favor, sincerity. The pretended friends of religion are like those artificial fireworks which keep up a startling explosion, to arouse the spectator to contemplate their brilliancy—all their pretensions are artificial, shallow, and they require professional and noisy attestations to render their conduct noticed.—But the real friend of religion is silent generally in his professions; but like the heavens above him, he shows forth the glory of God. Piety is the tongue of his soul, and when that is silent, there is no other voice for Heaven to hear.

Idleness.—Standing waters are apt to putrify—weapons laid up and disused contract rust—nay, the very air, if not agitated by the wind, becomes unhealthy and pestilential. Thus, idleness destroys the faculties of men, and industry promotes the health and happiness of his mental and moral powers.

Immortality.—How like indeed is the life of man to a burning lamp, since the vital heat always preys upon the radical moisture, which, whenever consumed, occasions his dissolution. Air is as necessary to the one as to the other, and as the principle of heat and flame is not destroyed at the extinguishment of the lamp, but mere is mingled with its kindred elements, so when the wind leaves the body, it perishes not, but is only united to those spiritual elements which are now invisible, as the physical regions to which heat and flame have ascended. The spirit of man may fitly be compared to a burning light within a dark lanthorn; for it is shut up a prisoner in the body, and its views of truth are circumscribed and confined. But the angel of death will free it from its prison house, and place the pure immortal [illegible] seraphs who burn around the throne, [illegible] shall be a light amidst kindred spirits, illumining, [illegible] and gladdening all within its sphere.

Sympathy.—There are two neighboring hills near [illegible] Skiddaw and Skuffel, of which it is said, that [illegible] he cap with clouds and mists, it will not be [illegible] falls on the other. [illegible]

Simile.—[illegible] exactly illustrate the object intended, they are a kind of mental mirror, which reflects its every feature and quality, so that it is as clearly represented to the eye of the mind as the human countenance is portrayed in the natural glass; hence the more natural and striking the simile, the more powerful impression it produces, and the fonder are we of contemplating it, as reality is more glaring and less novel than the fictitious representation of it, and for this reason imitation has more applause than the original it endeavours to depict. This may be the reason why many are so fond of their mirrors. It is a superficial preference founded upon the delusions of the imagination; and a proof of a sickly taste when truth itself is neglected when unaccompanied by its illustrative imagery, as if [illegible] genious could not do without its picture-book, or genuine beauty without its looking-glass.

Modesty.—Beauty is never so lovely and attractive as when it is hid in beneath the viel of a retiring modesty. The most beautiful flower of the garden, that most attracts and charms the senses, never appears so lovely as when it is beheld sweetly peeping from the midst of its curtain of green leaves, which serves to partially protect it from the sun and elements, and render its charms doubly interesting and beautiful.

Small Favors.—It is by little acts of kindness, frequently repeated, that love is engendered more than by extraordinary favors which may arise from selfish pride and ostentation, and consequently surprise rather than cheer the heart. Little benefits appear to be, on the contrary, the sincere effusions of heart-felt beneficence, for we are willing to consider those favors selfish which cost the donors little besides benevolent feelings, and a desire to oblige us, and therefore, as they spring from the heart, they drop and sink into it like the dew of heaven. Large benefits resemble sudden and rapid showers, which soon gliding off from the earth, expects a return from the soil they irrigate; they are partaken of in trembling, lest the motive of the giver is understood, and lest the receiver be unable to make a suitable return. Not so with the small kindnesses which we receive constantly from our real friends; they fall upon our hearts and mould them into the same spirit with theirs, which attract us so, that light and water, composed of innumerable particles, they will form, at the close of a benevolent life, a sun and ocean of love and good works which shall light and waft us on to regions of everlasting repose.

Genius and Talents.—Genius without talents is the pure, inexhaustible, and living spring, which is ever bubbling up and pouring forth its wealth of waters in sparkling rivulets, which run among sequestered deserts and unexplored wilds, and which seldom contribute to the benefit of man. Talents without genius are like those same waters, uniting into a dark lake, whose stagnated surface scarcely permits the beauties of nature to be reflected upon its bosom. But genius combined with talents, is like that insignificant rivulet which rises from the mighty mountain, and becomes the source of the Ganges, the Mississippi, or the Hudson, which enrich, enliven, and support numerous villages and cities situated on her banks.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, February 3d, 1834.

The House met agreeably to adjournment.

On motion of Mr. Johnson, ordered that Mr. Nichols be excused for not having attended to the sittings, where his name is mentioned among the absent members.

On motion of Mr. Voorhies of Lafayette, ordered that leave of absence, for a few days, be granted to Mr. Lesassier.

Mr. Jones laid before the House the petition of Robert Day, of the parish of St. Tammany, praying for relief.

On motion, ordered that said petition together with the accompanying documents, be referred to the Committee on Public Education.

Mr. Patten offered the following resolution:

"*Resolved*, That the extract from the proceeding of the Police Jury of the parish of Concordia, together with the report of the commissioners, hereto annexed, be referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements, with instructions to enquire into the expediency of making an appropriation of $———— for the purpose of making levees across the bayous Bullot & d'Argent in the parish of Concordia, and make report by bill or otherwise."

On motion, ordered that said resolution be adopted, and the document therein mentioned, referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Canonge moved that, in consequence of Mr. Chum being one of the stockholders and directors of the Bank of Louisiana, the House appoint another member of the Committee appointed to examine the situation of the Bank of Louisiana, in lieu of said member.

On the question for the adoption of said motion, Mr. Canonge called for the yeas and nays, when it appeared that Messrs. Augustin, Allard, Breau, Brown, Canonge, Chauvin, Dawney, Garland, Hoa, Mathes, McRea, Nichols, Ory, Roussel, Sibley, and Walker had voted in the affirmative—16 yeas.

And that Messrs. Barrow, Beaumont, Charbonnier, Holstein, Johnson, Mulhollan, Patten, Porter, Voorhies of Lafayette and Voorhies of Avoyelles had voted in the negative—10 nays.

Consequently said motion prevailed.

The Speaker appointed Mr. Barrow member of said Committee.

Mr. Allard offered the following resolution:

"*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives* &c. That a Committee composed of five members of the House, and ——— members of the Senate, be appointed to make the necessary arrangements to celebrate, in a proper manner, the anniversary of the birth day of the Great Washington," which was read for the first time and ordered for a second reading on to morrow.

On motion of Mr. Garland, ordered that the Judiciary Committee, to whom was referred the bill entitled, "An Act to increase the ex-officio pay of the sheriff of the parish of Catahoula," be discharged.

Mr. Allard laid before the House the petition of J. Hudry, praying for relief.

On motion, ordered that said petition be referred to the Committee on propositions and grievances.

Mr. Mulhollan gave notice that he will shortly introduce a bill entitled, "An Act to amend an Act entitled An Act to incorporate the subscribers to the bayou Boeuf and Red River Navigation Company."

Mr. Holstein gave notice that he will shortly introduce a bill entitled, "An Act allowing a certain sum of money to Ephraim K. Wilson."

Mr. Sibley gave notice that he will shortly introduce a bill entitled, "An Act to authorise the appointment of commissioners to mark the Western boundary line of the parish of Natchitoches, from latitude 32 on Sabine, to lat. 33."

Mr. McRea gave notice that he will shortly introduce a bill entitled, "An Act relative to the commissioners of public roads in and for the parish of Livingston."

Mr. Johnson gave notice that he will shortly introduce a bill entitled, "An Act to grant to Charles Morgan, the exclusive privilege of making a Turnpike road from Point Coupee to Opelousas."

Mr. Augustin, agreeably to previous notice, introduced a bill entitled, "An Act to provide for a suitable place for the sittings of the Supreme Court of the State of Louisiana," which was read for the first time and ordered for a second reading on to morrow.

On motion of Mr. Hoa, the House dispensed with their rules, and took up the bill entitled,

"An Act to create a body corporate and politic, by the name of the "New Orleans Chamber of Commerce."

On motion, ordered that the same be taken section by section.

On motion, ordered that said bill do pass and retain its title.

The Clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

Mr. Voorhies of Avoyelles, on behalf of the Committee of Enrolment, reported to the House that he had this day submitted for the approbation of the Governor, the bill entitled, "An Act making appropriations for the improvement of the navigation of the rivers [illegible] chipaho, Falia and West Pearl;" and the [illegible] granting milage to the commissioners appointed to visit the Penitentiary at Baton Rouge.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

The bills entitled,

"An Act to authorize the division line between the parish of Avoyelles and the parish of St. Landry to be run out and marked."

"An Act to establish an explicit fee bill," were read for the second time and ordered for a third reading on to morrow.

The bill entitled, "An Act to apportion the representation, in the House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in conformity with the 6th Constitutional census," was read for the second time.

On motion, ordered that said bill be made the special order of the day for Wednesday next, the 5th inst.

The House took up the amendments, made by the Senate, in the resolution relative to the Ch[illegible] pital.

On motion, ordered that said amendments be adopted.

The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate thereof.

The House took up the amendments, made by the Senate, in the resolution instructing and requesting our Senators and Representatives in Congress [illegible] their exertions to obtain a privilege for [illegible] Caldwell.

On motion, ordered that said amendments be adopted.

The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate thereof.

The House took up the amendments, made by the Senate, to the bill entitled, "An Act allowing additional compensation to the assessors of the parish of Avoyelles."

On motion, ordered that said amendments be adopted.

The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate thereof.

The House took up the bills, coming from the Senate, entitled,

"An Act to incorporate the Society for the relief of destitute widows and indigent females." And

"An Act to abrogate, as far as relates to the parishes of St. Bernard and Plaquemines, the Act entitled An Act to establish courts of criminal jurisdiction in the parishes composing the 1st Judicial District, except the parish of Orleans, and for other purposes;" approved April 1, 1832.

Which bills were read for the first time and ordered for a second reading on to morrow.

The House took up the amendments, made by the Senate, to the bill entitled, "An Act for the organization and discipline of the militia of the State of Louisiana."

On motion of Mr. Voorhies of Avoyelles, ordered that said amendments be laid on the table, subject to the call of the House.

The House took up the bill entitled,

"An Act for the relief of Theodore S. Davis, and other legatees of John B. Fletcher, deceased."

On motion, ordered that said bill be taken section by section.

The several sections having been adopted,

On motion, ordered that said bill do pass and retain its title.

The Clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

The House took up the bill entitled,

"An Act allowing compensation to Henry Jones, sheriff of the parish of Natchitoches, for services rendered."

On motion of Mr. Bullard, the House resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole;

Mr. Garland being called to the Chair.

After some time, on motion of Mr. Augustin, the Committee of the Whole rose. The Chairman, Mr. Garland, reported that the Committee of the Whole had had said bill under consideration, and had adopted the first section thereof.

The House took up said bill.

The said bill having been adopted,

On motion, ordered that the same do pass and retain its title.

The Clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

The House took up the bill entitled,

"An Act to amend the Act entitled An Act to establish a State Bank, to be known by the name of the Louisiana State Bank;" approved March 14th, 1818.

On motion, ordered that said bill be taken section by section.

The several sections having been adopted,

On motion, ordered that said bill do pass and retain its title.

The Clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

A message from the Governor, by Mr. Verlein, his private Secretary, informing the House that his Excellency has this day approved and signed the resolution allowing milage to the commissioners appointed to visit the Penitentiary at Baton Rouge.

On motion, the House adjourned until to morrow at 10 o'clock, A. M.

MARRIED,

On Thursday, February 6th, by the Rev. Theodore Clapp, Capt. Wm. A. Champlin of Connecticut, to Miss Margaret Smith of Liverpool, England.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Monpeler, Allen, New York, Harrod & Quarles
Ship Charles, Bosworth, Providence, L H Gale
Ship Groton, Baker, Havre, F Perret & Galty
Brig Carabine, Burnham, Boston, Cockayne, Watts & co
Brig Athas, Thompson, Charleston, S C, Adams and Anderson
Ketch San Marcial, Carivas, Havana, Tufts & Clarke
Schr Vinvent, Robinson, New York, L H Gale
Schr Mary, Weeks, Savannah, A H Fale
Schr Saoina, Tilyon, Sisal, F Tio

ARRIVED.

Steamer Natchez, having taken her tow to sea, on Monday, left the Bar on Tuesday—reports outside a brig and a schr, names not known—Passed several sail in the river previously reported. Brig Mary of Boston, at the Battle Ground Point. Brought up ship Cresent and brig Uncas.

Ship Crescent, Hailey, 13 days fm Portsmouth—cargo to the master.

Brig Uncas, Moore, 15 days fm Norfolk, with one hundred slaves.

Steamer Amulet, Bashman, from Point La Hatch—cargo wood to S Cotton Press; furniture to owner on board.

Steamer Lancaster, Hinks, fm Attakapas—cargo 2 bundles saddles L Adams; 3 bbls J Hyde; 41 puncheons, 12 hf do rum Harrod & Quarles; 1 trunk Edgar & Smith; 1 bundle W Eastin; 3 bbls A Allen; 1 coop chickens Pucch & Bein 3 bbls mackerel, 1 hf cask wine J H Barges; 1 horse H R Lee & Lee; 16 bales cotton N & J Dick & co; 20 hhds sugar Peyroux, Rivarde & co; 22 do do Meramond, O'Duhigg & co. Passengers: Messrs Coops, E V Davis, J E Carson, A Allin, W Samphries, J Nash, Archinard, Williams, E Braux, M Braux, Fleming, 8 way and 29 slaves.

Steamer Barataria, Sampson, fm Barataria—with two barges in tow—cargo 69 bbls molasses, 30 hhds sugar to Mr Woolfolk.

Steamer Adelph, Johnson, fm Opelousas—cargo 70 bales cotton, C Toledano; 25 do do, 25 saddles to order; 83 hides Lestrapes & Desmare; 1 bundle bear skins [illegible] to Micaud. Passenger: Messrs Hunt, Dareums, T Insall, and 3 ladies—30n deck.

Steamer Bayou Sara, Mumford, fm Bayou Sarah—cargo 232 bales cotton, sugar, molasses, etc to wit: 45 bales cotton A Fisk, Watt & co; 91 Reynolds, Byrne & co; 55 Williams & Lee; 43 J Hagan & co; 67 M'white; 14 J Metayer & co; 13 Harris, Wright & co; 4 Rhodes & Peters; 6 J W Breedlove & co; 2 Bullitt, Shipp & co; 31 Wallace, Lambeth & Pope; 15 Forstall & Hight; 2 J Linton; 5 N Cox. 3 W Flower. 27 do, 42 hhds sugar N & J Dick & co; 18 do do; 45 bbls molasses, 11 bales cotton Allain & Duplessis; 64 bbls molasses R R Gaillard; 94 Meramond, O'Duhigg & co; sundries to E Parker, G Christie, J Allain, Dr E H Barton, S D Slocomb, J H Graham, Dr Carmichael—104 passengers.

Steamer Lady Washington, Gordon, Opeloussas—cotton.
Steamer Abeona, Glover, Manchester—cotton.
Steamer Heroine, Castleman, Tchula—cotton.
Steamer Caspino, Kimball, Natchitoches—cotton.

AMERICAN THEATRE.

Last night of the engagement of Mr. HILL.

THIS EVENING FEB. 7th, will be presented, the 1st and 3d acts of

EAST AND WEST.

Jothua Horseraddish Mr Hill
Henrietta Vincent Mrs Rowe

After which the admired petit Comedy, called

IS HE JEALOUS?

Mr Beimour Mr Field
Harriet Miss Clara Fisher

After which, Woodworths' Pastoral Comedy, of the

FOREST ROSE!

OR THE AMERICAN FARMERS.

Jonathan Ploughboy Mr Hill
Sally Mrs Russell

To conclude with the last act of that highly interesting Comedy, entitled the

HYPOCRITE.

Mawworm.......................Mr Hill
With an original dissertation on the times.
Charlotte Mrs Russell

TO LET,

A Store, No. 133, Tchapitoulas street. Apply to No 131, same street. feb 7

50 Tons of Campeachy Log Wood, just received per schooner Gleaner, and for sale by JULES LE BLANC, No 103, Royal street. feb 7

NOTICE—J. ANGLAIRE being about to leave shortly for France, with the intention to renew his stock of Jewelry and goldsmith's ware, offers for sale the balance of his articles on hand at a very reduced price, by wholesale or retail: he particularly desires the Ladies who have favored him heretofore with their patronage, to go and visit his store, where they will find a great number of fancy articles they could not elsewhere obtain at so reduced a price; those articles consist principally of brilliants fine and imitation jewelry, silver plate, gloves, pomatum, elegant and fancy articles, the quantity of which would be too long to enumerate. J. ANGLAIRE, feb 7 230 Royal st.

ILLUSTRATIONS OF LORD BYRON.

FINDEN'S LANDSCAPE ILLUSTRATIONS TO the Life and Works of Lord Byron...vol 1—very neatly bound.

THE WAVERLY NOVELS, to which are added, landscape illustrations of the Highland Widow; Anne of Geirstein; Fair Maid of Perth; Castle Dangerous.

THE GEORGIAN ERA; memoirs of the most eminent persons who have flourished in Great Britain, from the accession of George Ist, to the demise of George IV.

FAC SIMILE of Washington's accounts from June 1775, to June 1783—very neatly bound in morocco.

JONES' CLASSICAL ATLAS, on an entirely new plan [illegible] ancient and modern, [illegible] of places being given on the same map, printed for the sake of perspicuity, in different [illegible] ink, intended as a companion to the Classical [illegible].

THE CHRONOLOGY of the eighteenth and nineteenth century, comprehending every important transaction, from the year 1700 to the close of the year 1825, by Henry Boyle. Just received and for sale by W. M'KEAN, feb 7 corner [illegible] Common sts.

WANTED, a [illegible] nurse, one without a child would be [illegible]. Apply at this office.

ORLEANS BALL ROOM.

ON SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8.

GRAND DRESS AND MASQUERADE BALL.

Hereafter the balls shall be closed whenever there will not be a sufficient number of Ladies to form a quadrille. Admittance—Gentlemen, $1 50.

ORLEANS BALL ROOM.

ON SHROVE MONDAY [illegible] 1834.—Last Children's Ball—For the benefit of Mr. Bertus, A GRAND DRESS BALL, preceded by a Children Ball, which will begin at 5 o'clock and close at 8. The grand ball will take place immediately after.

Admittance,.......................................$1,00
For the children ball below 12 years,............50

☞ After the Children's ball the servants will not be suffered to remain in the room. The ticket office will be opened at 4 o'clock. feb 3

ORLEANS BALL ROOM.

SHROVE TUESDAY—Tuesday next, 11th February, a GRAND DRESS & MASQUERADE BALL.

Admittance,.......................................$2 00

Ladies will be admitted only tendering their personal tickets delivered by the administration; none are to be admitted without presenting either a ticket or check to the first door keeper, standing at the front door.

Arms, canes, hats, &c. are to be deposited in a room devoted to said purpose. The ball is to commence at 8 o'clock P M and will last till day time. feb 6

WASHINGTON BALL ROOM.

St Philip street, between Royal and Bourbon streets.

ON SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8.

Dress & Masquerade Ball.

Admittance $1 50. Gentlemen will find a place to deposite canes, cloaks, &c. jan 30

BALL-ROOM,

Corner of Orleans and Bourbon Streets

ON SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8.

Dress & Masquerade Ball.

Admittance $1. Gentlemen will find a place to deposite canes, cloaks, &c.

Masquerade and dresses can be obtained in a room adjacent to that of the Ball. jan 30

ORLEANS BALL ROOM.

Anniversary of the Great Washington's Birth Day.

THE public is informed that a subscription is open to celebrate that memorable day, by a great supper and Ball, to take place on the 22d of February. The subscription list is deposited at Mr. J. Davis's. jan 31

NOTICE—Lovers of cock-fighting are informed that on Sunday 9th inst. there will be at Latils Circus, in Barrack street between Burgundy and Rampart streets A ROYAL COMBAT OF SEVEN COCKS.

After said fight is over, there will be others, which, although not performed by the most famous cocks from England, Havanuah, or in the U. S. will undoubtly be very entertaining to the lovers of such amusement. The Royal combat will commence at half past 10 o'clock A M. precisely. Admittance, 25 cents. feb 6

CIRCUS & MENAGERIE

ANIMAL MAGNETISM!

"Variety's the spice of life—
And opposition, the spirit of the times."

MR. E. C. WEEKS, respectfully announces to the citizens of New Orleans, and the public generally, that he purposes removing his Establishment to the vacant lot in NATCHEZ STREET nearly opposite the Theatre, where it will be fitted up in a neat and convenient manner, and opened for the reception of visiters, on SATURDAY the 8th day of February.

Mr. W. begs leave to remark, *en passant*, that, notwithstanding he does not advertise 40 MEN & 40 HORSES, as the *exact* number of his Company, he will place it in point of numbers, talent and respectability, in competition with any other corps of the kind in the country. His collection of Animals, wild and tame, he ventures to assert are equal to any "40 Men and 40 Horses" ever presented to the public, through the medium of a newspaper; and, when it is added, that the majestic and powerful Elephant,

HANNIBAL,

is among the number, whose docility, faithfulness and sagacity, has won the admiration and astonishment of thousands, who have attended to witness the performances.—Mr. W. does not hesitate to affirm, that his collection is "the most extensive ever in America!"

Among the members of the Equestrian performers attached to his Establishment, are several of well known merit; and his stud of horses is equal in point of training, to any other Company now in this city, at least.

It is not the wish of Mr. Weeks to be thought invidious but, he would simply state for the information of those who place too much reliance in advertisements, that there is not an Equestrian Company in the United States that can produce "40 horses and 40 performers"—unless, by the by, bill stickers, lamp lighters, draught horses, and every other species of animals, usually attached to a Circus, are comprised in the twice forty—in which case, when compared with his collection of Animals, bears no comparison either in point of numbers, grandeur and interest.

Believing that the announcement of the "40 Men and 40 Horses" is a new farce and has been used by the worthy manager is a figurative freedom of speech, in place of 21! Mr. W. offers to the public a more substantial bill of attraction, combining all that is terrific, and wonderful in nature, entitled,

ANIMAL MAGNETISM.

[For characters, see bills.]

A list of the names of the most prominent Animals with other particulars, will be found in the bills of the day. The menagerie is accompanied with a splendid band and will be open at 6 o'clock P. M.

Admittance to the Boxes 50 cents. Children half price.

PARISH OF JEFFERSON.

Detained in Jail.

POLLY, a mulatress, belonging to Mr. Townson of New Orleans.

DICK, a negro man, belonging to Mr Lacoste.
HENRY, do do to Mr Pedeschaux.

Notice is hereby given to the owners of said slaves, to take them out of jail, with paying the customary costs.

P A CHARBONNET, feb 7 deputy sheriff.

CO PARTNERSHIP—Auguste Guerin importer of Claret wine and Cognac Brandy from Bordeaux; having taking Mr. B. Touverin into partnership, business will be from the 3d inst. under the [illegible] & Touverin. [illegible] B TOUVERIN, feb 6—3t 10 St Louis street.

PARISH OF ORLEANS.

COURT OF PROBATES.—Sale by the Register of Wills.—On Friday the 14th of February 1834, at noon, will be exposed for sale at Hewlett's Coffee house for account of the succession of the late Alexander Norbert Brontin, the following described slaves, to wit:

MARIA, a creole Negro woman, good cook, washer and ironer, and a good subject, aged about 28 years.

BEN, a negro man aged about 31 years, a confectioner and good subject.

SPENCER, a negro man, aged 22 years, good subject, and has been accustomed to sell in a confectionary shop.

And at the time and place will be sold, for account of the aforesaid succession, one share of $500 in the Orleans Theatre, secured by mortgage, and entitling the purchaser to admission to said Theatre until the reimbursement of said sum.

Terms of sale:—The slaves at 6, 12 and 18 months credit and the share in the Orleans Theatre for cash,

By order of the court. W F C DUPLESSIS, reg. jan 13

N. B. The acts of sale to be passed before L. H. Feraud, not. pub.

FOR SALE by the undersigned—

150 hhds 1st quality sugar, perfectly well purged on a plantation, 32 miles below the city.
100 baskets Champaigne, 1st quality.
100 [illegible] salt in loafs for [illegible].
[illegible] brandy cognac, 1st quality.
[illegible] bales Fr 3 point graniers blankets;
[illegible] do 1-2 point for beds;
40 [illegible] burgundy wine, Chambertin, Nuits, and [illegible] 1st quality.
[illegible] elegant Muslin dresses, kerchiefs entitled [illegible] well calculated for the Mexican [illegible].
80 bales [illegible] cotton 29 inch wide.
30 do do do 37 do
1 case [illegible] do 45 do
1 case [illegible]
4 pipes Holland gin, 1st quality
1 barrel nutmegs;

TH. NICOLET & Co., feb 6 30 Toulouse street.

THE UNDERSIGNED offers for sale, received by the latest arrivals, the following articles: Razors in boxes from 2 to 7 first quality, scissors, penknives, knives, &c. &c. all genuine Rogers'. Also a large assortment of perfumery and fancy objects. He hopes to receive a share of public patronage.

N B He avails himself of this opportunity to desire those indebted to him, to come forward and settle their accounts as soon as possible, to avoid all judiciary pursuits.

J ROMAIN, feb 5 corner of Chartres and Conti st.

ROBERT J. KER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL take charge of collections and other business in his profession, and will attend to the same with fidelity and promptitude. He may be found at the office of the *Bee*, or at his law office in Chartres street, next door to Rose & Everly's perfumery store. jan 28

GREEN LEECHES, lately received by H BONNABEL & BROTHERS, at their Apothecary shop, Tchapitoulas [illegible].

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY J. B. BLACHE.

WILL be sold, this day, 7th inst. at [illegible] o'clock, on the levee, or the wharf lying between Julia and St Joseph streets, by order and under the inspection of the Port Wardens, for account of whom it may concern—700 barrels of flour imported in and damaged on board a flat boat, Captain Woodruff, descending the river or from New Albany. feb 7

BY T MOSSY & GARIDEL.

WILL be sold on Saturday the 8th February, at 4 o'clock, p. m. in the store No 79, Toulouse street, near the Bank of the Consolidated Association, to complete the sale of different invoices,

24 cases Claret Wine, (Bordeaux)
40 half [illegible] White Wine,
260 boxes Claret Wine,
46 do White do.
22 pipes and half pipes Cognac,
19 boxes Prunes, 10 small boxes each. feb 7

BY H. J. DOMINGON.

Sale of furniture at Auction:

ON Monday, the 10th instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M. at No 12 Royal street, one door from the Post Office, will be sold, a splendid assortment of furniture, consisting of the following articles:—sideboards, armoires, Bureaus, toilets, centre tables, dining and tea tables, spring seat sofas, music stools, double and single bed steads, counting house desks, writing desks, stuff seat mahogany chairs, wood seat do, cane and rush seat do, children's do, crimson plush rocking chairs, scroll seat do, frame mantel and pier glasses, mahogany frame do do, toilet glasses, Venetian window blinds with gilt cornice—Also, hair and wire sives, large and small baskets, spittoons, bellows, Manilla mats, a small invoice of paints and brushes, one patent paint mill, 30 penny weights gold bronze, 3 barrels light copal varnish. feb 7

BY TRICOU & CANONGE.

ON Monday, 17th February inst. at 12 o'clock, at Hewlett's Exchange, will be sold,

Two lots of ground, situated in the faubourg Washington, St Ferdinand street, between Casa Calvo and Great Men streets, measuring each 35 feet 6 inches front by 120 feet in depth, designated on the plan exposed at the Exchange by the letters B and C.

Four lots of ground, situated in the faubourg Treme, in the square closed by St Claude, Ursulines streets, Bayou road and Treme street. No 1 at the corner of St Claude st. and Bayou road, by 98 feet 6 inches in depth on St. Claude street and 38 feet 7 inches 2 l. in the rear line,—No 2 adjoining the preceding measuring 26 feet 7 inches front on Bayou road by 98 feet 2 inches 5 lines in depth.—No. 3 and 4, same dimensions as that of no 2, and fronting Bayou road; the whole in conformity to a plan made on the 15th December 1832, by J Pilié and deposited at the office of H. Pedesclaux, notary.

Terms—1, 2 and 3 years, for approved endorsed notes and mortgage until final payment.

☞ Acts of sale to be passed before Louis T. Caire, Notary Public. feb 7

BY H. J. DOMINGON.

WILL be sold, on Friday 7th inst. at 4 o'clock, a well assorted grog shop stock, corner of Baronne and Perdido streets. Terms—1-2 cash, balance at 4 mos. f6

BY T. MOSSY & GARIDEL.

WILL be sold on Friday 7th inst, at 10 o'clock, A M. at their auction store Toulouse st. without reserve, An invoice of oil cloth—4,5-4 6-4; one do French glass ware and china ware from Paris; 2 cases jujube paste; an assortment of dry goods, &c. At 12 o'clock second hand furniture, consisting of pianos, toilets, sofas, bed chairs, &c. feb 6

BY J. LE CARPENTIER.

WILL be sold on Saturday the 8th February, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at his auction room, 2000 barrels indian corn in ears: said corn may be seen in a store near the lowercotton press, known by the name of 'Free Port Stores, or at the auction room on the day of sale.

Terms—all amounts under $100 cash—all over $100 a credit of 60 days will be given for endorsed notes. feb 5 3t

BY TRICOU & CANONGE.

WILL be sold on Friday 14th February inst, at the Foundry below the Cotton Press, at 10 o'clock a m. for account of the creditors of Thomas Williams and T Williams & Co, 700 barrels of Pittsburg Coal; 26 hogsheads of Lehigh Coal; a House; and a certain quantity of Slate.

Terms: All sums below $200 cash; and all sums above, at 60 days credit in good endorsed notes to the satisfaction of the Syndic. feb 5

BY T MOSSY & CARIDEL AND F DUTILLET.

WILL be sold on Monday the 24th of February, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange, corner Chartres and St. Louis streets.

That Tract of Land divided into lots by Mr Marigny, known by the name of Mandeville, in conformity to the plan and observations mentioned on said plan and posted up at the Exchange Coffee House. Adjudication to be definitive.

Terms: Payable at 1, 2 and 3 years credit, in notes endorsed to the satisfaction of the vendor and special mortgage until final payment. Acts of sale to be passed before F De Armas, notary public, at the expense of the purchasers.

The handbills for particulars will appear a fortnight before the sale. jan 28

BY F. DUTILLET.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Probates, of the Parish of Orleans, will be sold on Friday 21st February next, at Hewlett's Exchange, 12 o'clock, the following slaves, belonging to the estate of Antoine Chevalier Delacourt, viz:

Martin, a mulatto, aged about 6 years, having an hernia.
Fanny, a griff, aged 25 years, with her 5 children.
Philigene, a mulatto, 10 years.
Henry, do 8 do
Philippi, do 4 do
Eliza do 2 do
And a child one month old.

Terms: 6 & 12 months credit in approved endorsed notes, secured by special mortgage until final payment. The acts of sale to be passed before Hugh Pedesclaux, notary public. jan 18

BY F. DUTILLET.

WILL be sold on Friday next, 27th Feb. at noon, at Hewlett's, by virtue of an order of the Court of Probates, in and for the city and parish of Orleans, dated January 21st 1834, the negro girl *Marie Rose*, aged about 23 years, good washer, ironer and understands how to dress hair, and belonging to the estate of community, between Madame widow Glotrais Labarre and her minor children.

Terms—12 months, in approved endorsed paper, secured by mortgage.

The act of sale before Felix Grima, Esq. not pub at the cost of the purchaser. jan 25

Widow Louis Nicolle vs Joseph Castlauer.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.—Second Judicial District Court. By virtue of a writ of fi fa to me directed by the said Court, I shall expose to public sale, at the Court House of the Parish of St James, on Thursday the 13th of February next, at 10 o'clock, a m.

1st. A Tract of Land, of one arpent in front, on the river, and about 40 arpents in depth, bounded above by a plantation belonging to the Widow Louis Nicolle, and below by that of Eugene Lambert.

Also, five Slaves of both sexes, and different ages. The whole seized in the above suit. Terms cash.

ARNAUD Le BOURGEOIS, Parish of St. James, Feb 4 Sheriff.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN, a graduate of one of the Northern Colleges, and respectably connected in this city, wishes to obtain a situation as Teacher of the English Language, in a family in the Country. Apply at this office. feb 5

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY OF LOUISIANA.

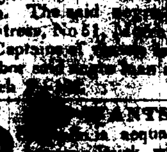
A Manager to the model plantation is to be appointed shortly by the board of directors of said institution. Persons desirous of said situation, will please make known their names, abilities, and references, in a letter addressed, post paid, to the undersigned, No 53, Royal street. ☞ By order. E ROUSSEAU, jan 30 Secretary.

JEFFERSON COLLEGE.

THE office of Steward of the Institution being vacant, in consequence of the resignation of Mr. Charles Villars, who is in a bad state of health; persons wishing to obtain that situation, as well as the situation of cook, porter, housekeeper, and nurse for the sick, are requested to file their application in writing, with the required references annexed, to Mr. A B Roman, president of the board of directors of the said college, on or before the 12th inst.

Wanted, also, an Usher. Apply as above. feb 3

RAN AWAY.



AN honest reward is offered to whosoever will arrest or cause to be arrested, the negro man, DIMANCHE alias [illegible], between 19 and 20 years old, [illegible] tall, handsome face, having [illegible] dislocated, he speaks French, English and Spanish, [illegible] a good while been employed as a merchant and was lately hired to Mr. Pasambon. The said [illegible] left Mrs. Widow Otero, his mistress, No 51, [illegible] street, 4 days ago.

Captains of [illegible] and steamboats are requested not to harbor said negro on a board.

feb [illegible] SANTOS.

[illegible] WANTS A SITUATION.

O[illegible] acquainted with moulding, setting and burning Brick, would be glad to engage a job by the thousand or by the month. Letters addressed to [illegible] New Levee street, will be attended to without [illegible]. JAMES [illegible] feb 6—3t.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Steam boat Black Hawk, Captain Hoffman, will leave the rail road wharf, Sunday next, at 8 o'clock, A. M. for Mandeville, and will on the same day leave Mandeville, at 4 o'clock P. M. Persons desirous to visit the lots of ground offered for sale, are to repair to the rail road near the river at 8 o'clock A. M.—the departure will be at 8 1-2 A. M. Steam [illegible] subscriber.