LATEST DATES.

.....	feb 4	Liverpool	dec 25
.....	feb 5	Liverpool	dec 27
.....	feb 4	Havre	dec 19
.....	feb 4	Paris	dec 20
.....	feb 3	Havana	jan 28
.....	feb 5	Mexico	jan 14
.....	feb 2	Bordeaux	dec 16
.....	jan 30	Matamoras	dec 16

COMMERCIAL.

OF COTTON YESTERDAY.

a Mississippi	9¼
do	13
do	12 & 12
do	11
do	10
do & W District	11½
Louisiana	12
W District	12½

...nt of Specie imported into the Port of New Orleans during the year 1836:

...Mexico,	$3,859,707
	336,000
...on the Atlantic,	2,450
...West Indies,	10,000
	$4,106,621

...Polish,

New-York, Feb. 4.

SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

...U S Bank	cash 117½
... do	117½
...k of America	b 10 days 125

NEW YORK, Feb 6.

... A sale of 10 bales prime white Cuba has ... 40c, 4 mos.

An increased degree of animation contin... made the market, and prices, though with ... sion, have been quite readily realized. There ... supply of St. Domingo, but of Brazil and other ... unfavorably, the stock is unusually light for ... of the season; the sales have embraced 3 ... 113 a 118, including some inferior at 104c; ... tage Laguira, principally new crop, 12 a 12½; ... the very prime as 13, 13½; St. Domingo, ... Maracaibo, 10¼ 150 Cuba, 11¼ a 12c to ... small parcels of other kinds at previous

Since our last report the transactions in the ... have been rather more extensive, although ... operations have been confined principally ... manufacturers, and without any essential ... in prices, the sales embrace 300 bales ... 244 a 11¼; 600 Florida 16 a 18; 100 Ma... 19 and 100 New Orleans 16 a 18c; forming ... the week of about 1600 bales. The highest ... time to be reached only on time. The arri... been 1200 bales.

...ports since last ... bales.
...from 1st to 31st Jan ... do
...from the United States since last ... 554,553 bales
...ome last year ... 393,100 do
...ne year before ... 310,207 do

...—The stock of Campeachy Logwoods ... inch large, and hardens at season to raise ... ation would seem where to notice a re...

The market is rendered bare of other ... of Logwoods, by the sale of 40 tons St Do... at 2,50, cash. Fustics are without demand ... nary qualities of Nicaragua Wood are offered ... but little inquiry for any description. The ... mmon rate of Logwood.

...ian Meals—The limited quantity previously shown ... lers of Western Flour, has given way since ... small sales of common and fancy brands ... been made at 11,75 a 12 bbl, at which rates ... now very readily obtained. Southern ... also in limited demand continue to maintain ... rates; sales of Georgetown at 11,75, Alexan... and Richmond City Mills, 12,25. Of Canal ... New Orleans sour to a small extent continue ...

Rye Flour and Corn Meal are as before

Export from 1st to 31st January.

...Flour ... 1986 barrels
...Meal ... 1
...Rye ... 0
...Corn ... 0

...The reception of suppliers in greater a... to, in the absence of any extensive demand ... a very material reduction from previous ... The balance of a cargo of new crop Trinidad, ... a 35, cargo 450 sacks new Porto Rico, 11¼; ... about 400 of the same description, two days ... posed at 11½c.

...A steady fair demand continues for this arti... the sales have been chiefly for exportation, ... throughout the week about 600 in retail at ... for fair, to 3,87½ for prime quality, on 4 ... The long continued absence of any import... supplies, renders it difficult as well as unnecessary ... general statement of the actual state of the market. The sales since our last have in... 10 baskets Batavia, of the cargo of the Dor... selling, on terms not made public, at 9 mos... Brown, 10 cents; 100 bags Carthagena, 10½; ... Mauritius, 8 a 8½; and 25 bbls St Croix, 11¼.

...—The only transactions of any importance ... to state, is a sale of 50 bbls second quality ... ay, at 6½c.

GEORGETOWN, Feb 3.

...There is still a good demand for the articl... ket better prices; we quote the wagon price ... to 10,62½.

CHARLESTON, Feb 4.

...—We have had a very dull market in this ar... during the past week. The demand for Upland still continues brisk, but as only a lim... tion of the receipts are of the description, and ... to store on planters account are also small, ... but few transactions take place. Middling ... and their rater, while inferior descriptions ... quired for. The sales reported are 300 bales ... but few transactions take place. Middling ... and their rater, while inferior descriptions ... quired for. The sales reported are 300 bales ... 13 at 16½, 64 at 16¾, 80 at 16¾, 247 at 16¾, 2... 15 at 17, 369 at 17½, 232 at 17½, 32 at 17¾, and ... 18c. The demand for Sea Islands is quite ... tion confined to the inferior and middling ... sold to Manufacturers. The sales were 35 ... 33 cents, and a few very common as low as

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.

MR. FINN'S BENEFIT.

This Evening, Feb. 14,

Will be performed the Comedy called

THE SCHOOL OF REFORM

...ir Tibbe, ... Mr Finn
...ry Fermont, ... Balla
...a Avondale, ... Burton
...n Tag'gon, ... Mrs Hunt
...Mrs Fermont, ... Shute

...ON THE TROMBONE by Signor CIOFFI

...e which a farce written by H J Finn, called

REMOVING THE DEPOSITES.

...Paul Pop, ... Mr Finn
...Lucy Popp, ... Miss Melton

...grand Mil. Overture, descriptive of the ... Battle of New Orleans,

...ng by Mr Finn, written by himself, called ... New Orleans Fireman.

...To conclude with the melo drama called

TEKELI.

...Tekeli, ... Mr Pearson
...Latham
...ensine, ... Mrs Barker

...To-morrow, Mrs. Shaw's benefit.
...AMLET, ... Mrs SHAW.

AMERICAN THEATRE,

CAMP STREET.

GREAT ATTRACTION.

THIS EVENING February 14, 1837,

Will be acted Shakespeare's tragedy of

RICHARD III.

...Richard III. ... Mr Wallack
...Richmond, ... Forrest
...Queen Elizabeth, ... Miss Russell

After which

...ancy Pas de Deux by Mr and Mrs Benoni

To conclude with the drama of

CHRISTINE OF SWEDEN.

...ount D'Oxenstern, ... Mr Farren
...enburg, ... Foster
...Youthful Queen, ... Miss Russell

...To-morrow evening the celebrated Herr Cline

OFFICE

...The Commissioners, whose names ... have been selected for the Ball of Fe... families, are invited to meet on Friday 17th ... o'clock in the evening at Odeon Hall.

...R Prichard, P A Roat, S Logan, C G De... Jn Pilié, R Layton, F Frey, A Delamare, ...son, S J Peters, S High, E Crozet.

...INERS COMMITTEE.

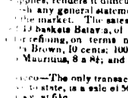
...ance of Invitations—J Pilié, R Layton, ...ce of Arrangements—P A Roat, S J Peters, ...Wm. Parker best, R O Prichard, A Delamare, ... Decrotte, J Nicholson, E Crozet.

...ittee of Invitations—A Longer, R O Pritchard, ...De Armas, P A Roat, R Layton, J Nicholson Pilié, E Crozet, S High, A Delamare, ...

...ittee for Tickets—J Pilié, E Bertus

The Subscribers to the Ball of the Father's ... are invited to give to Mr Bertus before Friday ... the list of their family and persons they ... to invited.

...r the Committee of Invitations.



FOR LOUISVILLE—

...The staunch new steamer St. ..., Master. Leaves daily, positively leave as above on Thurs... 14 o'clock p. m. For balance of freight ... having good accommodations, apply on ... GRIVOT & PAGE,

...15 Poydras st.

FOR NEW YORK—The A 1 fast sail... copper and copper fastened brig Das... I Kilby, Anthony, master, is now ready ... cargo, will carry about 300 hhds, and will ... days. Has most of her cargo on board. For ... passage, apply on board, two tiers below ... market or to

HOSKINS & WILCOCKS.

...51 Camp st.

FOR BOSTON—The fine fast sailing ... chr Hannah, Barker, master, requires ... her bulk of 100 bales to complete her cargo, ... ght of which, or passage apply to

BAILEY & ACROTT,

...No 14 Bienville street.

...THE ship Levant, Bartlett, master, is now ... discharging, opposite Fos No 80, opposite ... Freeport House. Consignees are requested ... to extend to the receipt of their goods feb 14

FOR PHILADELPHIA—To sail on ... the 22d inst.—Hand's Line—The A 1 pack... ship Archer, Marston, master, having the ... part of her cargo engaged, and going on ... will positively sail as above. For balance of ... passage having superior accommodations, ... on board opposite the Levee stores, or to

HOSKINS & WILCOCKS.

...51 Camp street.

FOR HAVANA.

THE fine fast sailing brig Otho, Nute, ... master, will have quick dispatch for the above place. For freight or passage, ... accommodations, apply on board or to the Captain, or to

R GROWING & CO.

FOR TAMPICO.

...The A 1 and copper fastened ... Brig ENGLEZER, Constantine Schanecker ... will positively leave for the above mentioned ... 10th inst. For passage only, having superior ... accommodations, apply on board near the lower section ... ANTO. GUTIERREZ.

...100 Old Levee.

...A splendid Piano Forte, made in Lon... and a hold cannon, most wood case, sm... very superior tones, of piano ...

THE BEE.

PRINTED BY J. BAYON

Printer of the State, General Council, and of the First and Third Municipalities.

NEW-ORLEANS:

TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 14, 1837.

Mr. Finn.

We deem it alone necessary to state that Mr. Finn takes his first and last benefit prior to his departure for the North, this evening, at the St. Charles. It would be a poor compliment were we to speak upon this occasion of his claims; they have been acknowledged for years, and have passed the ordeal of criticism. Wherever he has appeared in his profession, he has sustained the most flattering comparison with the most eminent histrionists of Great Britain and the United States. As a scholar, a wit, and a gentleman of refinement and taste, Mr. Finn occupies a proud eminence. We trust the community of N Orleans will show that they know how to appreciate him in my excellencies, and will disunite with the liter any emportun the distinction of rendering homage to them.

NEW ORLEANS LYCEUM.

The President of this society will deliver his annual discourse this evening at seven o'clock, after which the discussion as to the propriety of licensing gambling houses, will be resumed.

SENATE.

Monday, 13th February, 1837.

Mr. Briscoe presented the report of the committee to whom was referred a petition of sundry inhabitants of the parish of Concordia, praying for a division of said parish. The committee is of opinion for reasons stated in the report, that the subject ought to be postponed till the next session.

On motion of Mr. Briscoe, the report was ordered to be printed.

Mr. Penn, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Madame Parr, praying for the incorporation of a school for young ladies, which she has established in the parish of St Tammany, reported a bill to incorporate said institution, under the title of seminary of St Tammany.

The House having sent back to the Senate the resolution relative to the establishment of a post route, between New Orleans and Thibodeauxville, with an amendment, substituting the words "right bank of the river," in place of the "left bank."

On motion of Mr. Hoa, the senate rejected the amendment.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading of the following resolutions, and bills from the other house.

Bill to amend the act, creating a board of public works.

On motion of Mr Hoa this bill was read a second time by its title, and referred to the Committee of Improvements to report.

A bill to authorize the Police Jury of St Martin to negotiate a loan, in order to improve the navigation and public roads in the said parish.

Bill to authorize J. B. Goudeau to keep a ferry at the junction of Bayous Teche and Fusellier.

Resolution to postpone the consideration of the penal code and the code of commerce, proposed by Mr Livingston, to the next session of the Legislature.

Bill for the relief of the public schools of East Feliciana.

Bill to amend certain articles of the civil code of Louisiana.

Mr. Hoa said the subject was of great importance, as it involved the considerations of time, and therefore moved that the bill be printed. carried.

Resolution, authorizing the Committee of Improvements to inquire into the expediency of increasing the number of state engineers.

Resolution, authorizing the secretary to cause to be printed five hundred copies of Livingston's Penal Code.

Resolution, appointing a joint committee of the two houses, composed of one member from each congressional district, to enquire into the expediency of appropriating the surplus funds to internal improvements.

Bill to amend the act incorporating the Livingston Rail Road Company.

Resolution, requiring the state engineer to cause certain surveys to be made for the improvement of the navigation between Attakapas and New Orleans.

Act to grant to John N. Smith the privilege of keeping a ferry on the river Atchafalaya at the mouth of Bayou Chene.

Act, fixing at 12000 dollars per annum, the salary of the physician of the state prison, in New Orleans.

The special order of the day was the bill, relative to the New Orleans and Nashville Rail Road.

Mr. Winn said that before entering upon this question, he wished to correct an error which had crept into the report of the stenographer, published on Saturday last. It there said that he rose to reply to an attack of ferocity against him by the member from Orleans. Mr. W. observed that he did not believe that his remarks could be understood as signifying that he had such an intention towards the member from Orleans. The Senate had honored him with the utmost confidence, and it was his duty by any expense of money which we may incur on the occasion. In fact, no money is nothing compared with the importance of keeping sacred the moral sentiments and principles without which the wealth of the Union and the Union itself would soon disappear from before our eyes. Why are some condemning money by half millions at a time upon transient and unimportant projects, shall we count the cost to be incurred by this resolution, which is of such value to prompt and to perpetuate the principles on which our whole political fabric is based?

Mr. Hunie observed that he thought it nothing more than common courtesy to the President of the U. S. to vote for this resolution now that it was introduced — And why should we not invite the great colonizer of this day? Jackson to visit us? Has not his name filled every clime? Where is the watch-house of the 2nd Municipality. The defendant was arraigned, and his pocket book containing private memorandums, a pencil case and $1774 in bank-bills, was taken from him. The Recorder of the 2nd Municipality, after an exparte examination, ordered the said [illegible] to be committed to prison. Mr. G. requested to be allowed to exercise the right of cross-examining the witness, but was refused. He then stated that he had counsel by whom he would appear; this was refused. He requested to be allowed to send for witnesses in his behalf: this was refused. Thus was an American citizen deprived of his constitutional rights, by a Recorder sworn to administer the law according to that very constitution he was violating. After having given bail to Mr. Hall, the accused applied to the Recorder for the watch, trinkets, money, &c. which had been seized, and which were illegally detained as stolen. The Recorder refused to restore before the Recorder for that purpose, and contended that the forfeiture meant by the act of 1825, was the forfeiture of the money only which was used for the purpose of gambling; that said act was a penal one, and ought therefore to be construed strictly in favor of the accused; and that to construe the money proper to game might possibly be used for gambling was to defeat under the act, was to contend for the forfeiture of the whole vessel. The accused (Mr. H.) then went before the Recorder to return to Mr. Goodrich the money which he had in his pocket when arrested. The Recorder, however, seemed to think that penal laws ought to be construed literally against a citizen, but not strictly in his favor, and consequently refused to restore the money. The point Mr. H. had he submitted to the decision of the court, but he feared that it would be his duty to expose the unconstitutional character of the act of 1825; an act which deprived a man of his property without conviction—which confiscated him unheard, and trampled under foot all the sentiments of property as set which was a disgrace to our statute books, and which was expressed in language as inelegant and ungrammatical, as its principles were unconstitutional and abominable. What, however, Mr. H. at present complained of was, that the Recorder had not complied with the request of the accused not, as the law directed, transmitted the articles seized, and all papers connected with the matter before him, to the clerk of the court—had retained the articles in his own possession, and refused to restore them, although requested so to do. Mr. H. then read the 2nd section of the act of 1825, and contended that the Recorder had not complied with the requisitions of the law. He then moved that the articles seized, and all papers connected with the matter before him, be transmitted to the clerk of the court.

Mr. Murphy thought that the case was conducted on the same principles as the English Criminal Code, but I find I am mistaken, and that the Attorney General has a greater power in the republican city, than the English Attorney General. He would say, that he had put a case in his pocket and keep it there as long as he pleases. Mr. Murphy then retired.

GAMBLING—ALLEGED MAL-PRACTICE OF THE RECORDER OF THE 2ND MUNICIPALITY

The State—vs—W. C. Goodrich.

Mr Randell Hunt, counsel for defendant, moved for an order on the Recorder of the 2nd Municipality, directing him to transmit forthwith to this court, all the papers in the case of the State vs. Goodrich, charging keeping seizure [illegible] of the 2nd municipality, at the time of the arrest of defendant, and now illegally detained by the Recorder, together with the articles seized, and money &c., be placed in the hands of the clerk of this court to abide its decision.

Mr. H. read the case of a constable in Pittsburgh (W. C. Goodrich) arrested on a charge of having violated the act against gambling, passed in 1833. The officers who arrested him took upon their custody at the same time, $184 in money in his possession in favor of the accused, and $1719 in bank-bills, was taken from the Recorder of the 2nd Municipality, after an exparte examination, ordered the said [illegible] to be committed to prison. A gentleman waste our town the day before yesterday who reported to have assisted in the burial of six persons who had been killed in actions to the westward, with a skirmish had also taken place upon Kowakee creek in which two white men were killed. Gen. Wellborn of Irvington was in arms and also reported killed in another skirmish. Houses have been burned, and large amount of property destroyed. It is high time the remnant of savages were removed to our western [illegible] The troops in this quarter are volunteered to quell those insurgents, and will forthwith march to the nation.

We bid in behalf of the community, God speed! to our gallant Volunteers, and may success and fame reward their efforts.

TALLAHASSEE, Jan. 28.

INDIANS.

We understand that information has been received of a considerable number of Indians, committing depredations on the side of the Suwannee, and near the Ascola river. The frontier settlers are again flying back as for protection from the enemy. Reinforcements to Micanopy, and on the Southeastern borders of Jefferson, unless a rotate out force is sent to repel the savage foe. The Indians have taken with his wonted activity and vigilence has ordered a body of troops promptly to be raised, and sent for the protection of our citizens thus left exposed to the enemy.

POSTSCRIPT.

On yesterday about 1 o'clock in the day time, three negro women loaded with provisions for the troops were pay laid by an Indians, about 6 miles from the place—taken about a mile from the road, the mule taken out, and the contents of the wagons packed upon them as sacks found in the wagons, and with these negroes, the drivers, carried off towards the peninsula. There were 15 mules taken. This information is derived from one of the negro drivers, who has at present on to be settled by himself. He then lodged the usual informations before Judge Preval, who sent him to town to make out a warrant for the arrest of the [illegible] months and was promised repeatedly by the young gentleman who was acting for the Attorney General, that it should be forwarded to the next court. He attended on that promise, but was finally informed that the defendant in the suit was in court with his legal adviser who had had a conversation with Mr. Bryan, to whom he communicated the information of the [illegible] and that he had better apply to the gentleman for redress.

On honor the Judge, here stopped the gentleman by stating that he had no control over the actions of the Attorney General. His honor's business was to try the cases brought before him, leaving it to the Attorney General had acted improperly or illegally, there was another tribunal before which the complaint should be laid.

Mr. Murphy stated again that his object was not to complain of any one, but he had thought the court had the power to make inquiry into the delay which had occurred in the prosecution of his case.

The court replied 'none.'

Mr. Murphy: I thought the case was conducted on the same principles as the English Criminal Code, but I find I am mistaken, and that the Attorney General has a greater power in the republican city, than the English Attorney General. He would say, that he had put a case in his pocket and keep it there as long as he pleases. Mr. Murphy then retired.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.

Thirteenth Legislature—First Session.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Thursday, 9th February, 1837.

The house met agreeably to adjournment.

On motion, ordered, that leave of absence for a few days, be granted to Messrs. Courillon and Walker.

Mr. Judell presented the petition of sundry citizens and merchants of New-Orleans, praying for a modification of the existing laws in relation to Harbour masters and port wardens of the port of New-Orleans.

On motion, ordered that the petition be laid on the committee on manufacture, agriculture and commerce.

Mr. Lawson offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the committee on the judiciary be and is hereby instructed to cause 500 copies of the penal code and code of commerce prepared by Edward Livingston, to be printed as soon as practicable, for the use of the members of the two houses.

Which resolution was read for the 1st time, and the house being in committee thereof, reported with the rules, was read for the 2nd time and adopted.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the Senate thereon.

Mr. Barrow, on behalf of the committee on claims, to whom was referred the petition of E. Sauler, reported by introducing a bill entitled

"An act for the relief of E. Sauler," which was read for the 1st time, and on motion, ordered for a 2nd reading on to-morrow.

Mr. Barrow, from the committee on claims was discharged of the further consideration of the report of the Charity Hospital, and the same was referred to the committee appointed to examine into the condemns of said institution.

Mr. Fusz gave notice that he will shortly introduce a bill entitled, which is read as follows:

"An act to amend the act entitled the act relative to protests of bills of exchange, promissory notes, &c.

Which was given to drawers or endorsers of said notes or bills of exchange, approved 13th March 1828.

Agreeably to previous notice, Mr. Lawson introduced a bill entitled:

"An act to create an additional auctioneer for the parish of East Feliciana, and for other purposes," which was read for the 1st time by title only, and on motion, was ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

The house took up the resolution appointing a joint committee to examine into the expediency of appropriating the whole of the surplus revenue allotted to the State, to works of internal improvements.

The question on the same was put and carried.

The speaker appointed Messrs. Brashear, Sidell and Barrow on said committee.

Mr. Brashear was directed to request the concurrence of the senate therein.

On motion, the house re-considered the bill entitled an act for the compensation of the physician appointed to attend the prisoners confined in the State's prison at New-Orleans.

On the question for the final passage of said bill the ayes and nays were called for, but it appears from the journal that the following members voted in favor of the passage of said bill, viz:

Messrs. Avery, Bourg, Barrow, Brashear, Brunet, Chenet, Coulon, Decroix, Freely, Forstall, Godberry, Kendrick, Lawson, Mitchell, Nicholas, Pierce, Rogers, Sidell, Sparks, Simon, Trudeau, H. C. Thibodeaux and Wadsworth voted in the affirmative—24 ayes.

And Messrs. Breed, Boyle, Bracner, Beauzeale, Hails Kemp, Morgan of St. Landry and Wilson in the negative—7 nays.

Said bill was consequently adopted.

On motion, ordered that said bill do pass and retains its title.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate thereon.

The house took up the resolution requesting the civil engineer to direct upon the best means of effecting a permanent navigation between the county of Attakapas and New Orleans, and also requesting the Board of public works to make a survey of Bayou Teche, from New Iberia up to the Bayou Fusilier.

On motion, ordered that the same be adopted.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate therein.

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On motion, ordered that the same be adopted.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate therein.

Agreeably to previous notice, Mr Bonbear introduced a bill entitled:

An act to regulate and guard the intercourse of free negroes and persons of color, with the slaves of this state.

Which was read for the first time by the title only, and on motion, the house having dispensed with the rules, said act was read for a 2d time, by the title only, and was ordered to be printed.

The speaker laid before the house the following communication from the Governor:

New Orleans, Feb 8th, 1837.

To the senate and house of representatives.

I transmit herewith a letter received from the surveyor general of the United States for the State of Louisiana. The general land department at Washington, appears to have expressed a wish, from motives of public utility, to concentrate in the surveyor general's office, all the Spanish records pertaining to land titles in this state.

When the public domain became vested in the U. States, and the duty of settling all private claims devolved on the general government, there were strong apparent reasons why the Spanish records should be transferred to the U. States.

It seem however that the diff-rent Spanish surveyors general claimed the documents in their respective offices as private property. Those in the office of Trudeau were purchased by the state of Louisiana, while those in the custody of Pintado were removed to Havana, from whence they have been obtained, in whole or in part by individuals, and brought back to this country.

In taking steps to get possession of the papers of Pintado, the department deems it expedient to obtain if practicable, those of Trudeau, now in possession of the state.

The enquiry propounded through the surveyor general is to ascertain whether it would coincide with the views of policy entertained by the authorities of this state, to transfer to the land office the archieves purchased from Trudeau, and if so, on what conditions?

It is a question which the legislature alone is competent to determine. The reasons in favor of the measures, as suggested by the surveyor general, are not wanting in cogency. In fact, the interests of the citizens of the state at large would seem to require the removal to the seat of government, where all claims are to be adjusted, deposited in some one office of general reference, and that office, the one charged with the locations

(Signed) R D WHITE,
Gov. of Louisiana.

On motion, order that said document be referred to the judiciary committee.

The house took up the resolution appointing a committee on internal improvements to take into consideration the expediency of increasing the number of civil engineers.

On motion, ordered that the same be adopted.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate thereon.

By a message from the governor by Mr. Forstall his private secretary, the house is informed that the governor has approved and signed the resolution, authorizing our representatives and senators in congress to obtain from the general government, a post office at Marcel Valerae, in the parish of Rapides, and also,

The Resolution relative to the surplus revenue.

On motion of Mr Hails, the house took up the bill entitled:

An act to grant a right of ferry to John M Smith.

Which had been laid on the table subject to the call of the house.

The petition stating having been adopted pleads incompetent.

On motion, ordered that said bill depose of unanimously and people rise this

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate thereon.

SECOND READING.

The bill entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled an act to change the jurisdiction of the parish court of Jefferson and to organize a court to be styled the 2d district of the city of Orleans.

Which read for a 2d time and on motion was ordered to be printed.

The speaker laid before the house the following communication from the Governor:

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The Resolution relative to the surplus revenue.

On motion of Mr Hails, the house took up the bill entitled:

An act to grant a right of ferry to John M Smith.

Which had been laid on the table subject to the call of the house.

The petition stating having been adopted pleads incompetent.

On motion, ordered that said bill depose of unanimously and people rise this

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate thereon.

SECOND READING.

The bill entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled an act to change the jurisdiction of the parish court of Jefferson and to organize a court to be styled the 2d district of the city of Orleans.

Which read for a 2d time and on motion was ordered to be printed.

The speaker laid before the house the following communication from the Governor:

New Orleans, Feb 8th, 1837.