LATEST FROM

New-York	nov 24	Boston	nov 19
Philadelphia	nov 23	Norfolk	nov 16
Charleston	nov 18	Mobile	nov 16
Paris	oct 15	Augusta	oct 16
Havre	oct 30	Charleston	sept 15
Havana	nov 8	Baltimore	oct 16
Mexico	nov 15	Pensacola	sept 21
Bordeaux	oct 15		

COMMERCIAL.

SALES OF COTTON YESTERDAY.

650 bales Mississippi	price not known	15½
383 do do		16½
258 do do		15
44 do do		16½
300 do do		
30 do do		
800 do do Louisiana		18½
100 do do		16
362 do West Florida		14½
39 do do		14
21 Texas		15
3086		

STATEMENT OF COTTON.

	BALES
Stock on hand and on shipboard, Nov. 20	111,586
Receipts yesterday	4,217
	115,803
Cleared yesterday	1,222
Stock on hand and on shipboard	114,581

Price Current of Cotton and Produce.
November 23, 1836.

COTTON, Good and Fine	per lb. c	17a 18½
Good Fair		16½ a 17½
Fair		15½ a 16
Middling		14½ a 15
Ordinary		13½ a 14
SUGAR		5½ a 6
MOLASSES	per gal.	30 a 00
TOBACCO First Quality	per lb.	4 a 5
Second		3 a 4
Crossed		2 a 3
FLOUR	per bbl	9½ a 9½
PORK, Clear		26 a 27
Mess		21 a 22½
Prime		
Hog round		
BACON, Hams		11 a 14
Sides		14 a 14½
Shoulders		8 a 9
Hog round		11½ a 12
BEEF, Mess		16 a 17
Prime		12 a 12½
LARD		14 a 15
CORN	per bushel	80 a 88
OATS		62½ a 60
WHISKEY, Rectified	per gal	39 a 40
Common		37 a 38
BAGGING Western	per yard	26 a 27
BALE ROPE	per lb.	10 a 11
LEAD, (pig)	per 100 lbs	5,75 a 5,87½

BY THE EXPRESS MAIL.

SALE OF STOCKS.

New York, Nov 21.

350 shares U S Bank,		117¼ a 118
95	New York State Bank	107 a 107½
20	Bank of America,	133
500	Delaware and Hudson,	82 a 83
100	Morris Canal,	84
	Ohio Life & Trust Co	80 a 107½
	American Insurance Co	100 a 133
	Boston & Providence Rail Road	50 a 101½

PHILADELPHIA, Nov 21.

100 shares U S Bank, 20 da o		117¾
50	do	118¼

PHILADELPHIA, Nov 19.

20 shares U S Bank, next week		118

NEW YORK. Nov 21,

MARKETS—We have no alterations to make in our markets since last week.

MOBILE, 26 Nov.

Review of the Market for the week ending 25th

COTTON.—The past week sales have been quite limited, taking into view the stock offered, and the disposition manifested by factors to sell. We mentioned in our last, that transactions were principally to fill freight engagements, which fact, with the light stock, had the tendency to maintain prices, which, by the brokers, were considered as too high, when relatively compared with other markets. These causes having been early in the week partially removed, a decline of about 1-2c was the effect. Sales were during the first three days of the week, about 1300 bales. On Wednesday advices were received from Liverpool of the 14th Oct. which represented that market as dull, with a decline of 1 8 a 1-4 d on all descriptions;—this had the effect of still further depressing the market here, and made buyers less anxious to operate to any extent.

Business during the past week in the grocery and produce market has been fair, all things considered, and prices of last week fully maintained, with some few exceptions. The low state of our rivers, which were but little improved by the last rains, continue to check that extensive trade which the advanced state of the season would warrant.

BAGGING—The remarks of last week are applicable this. The article is extremely dull and the stock heavy. Sales Kentucky, 28c; Dundee 25c. No receipts.

BALE ROPE—Light sales at 11c Kentucky—Northern dull at 12c. The stock is quite large, and an addition of 434 coils this week, principally Northern.

COFFEE—As last noticed, dull, and freely offered at 12 a 13c for Havana, without sales. Rio 11 a 12½c.

FLOUR—A further advance taken place this week, and transactions embrace 2 to 3000 bbls Western at 9 50 a 9 2. Stock light. Received this week 440 bbls.

LARD—Prices have receded slightly, as the stock is accumulating, and the demand limited. Received this week 392 kegs.

LIME—Sales of 1500 casks have been effected at 2 30a 3. Received during the week 3184 casks.

PROVISIONS—The receipts are steady, and though light fully kept pace with the enquiry. A fair business has been done in most kinds this week, at the following quotations. Beef; mess 14; prime 10 50—no receipts. Pork, mess, 22; prime 22 50; received 30 bbls. Bacon, hams 16c; Sides 11c; Shoulders, 10½c; received 86 hhds. Mackerel, No 1 13 50; 2, 12 50; 3 8 25 received 23 kegs. Butter, 26c. Cheese: 17 cents.

SUGAR—Dull, and few enquiries. Sales of small lot, 21 hhds were at 8½c prime N O old. Received this week, 15 hhds and 90 half tierces.

WHISKEY—The article is somewhat higher than our last quotations, with a moderate supply. Sales of 100 bbls rectified are noticed at 40c. Common is held at 42 a 43c. Receipts 90 bbls.

NOTICE OF THE ST. LOUIS MARKET,

For the week ending Thursday, Nov. 17.

REMARKS.—Our price current remains at the same rates of last week with the few exceptions that we notice below. Business, notwithstanding the near approach of the close of navigation, and the finish of the upper trade, has been brisk. Money is still scarce and but very few advancements of cash are made on consignments.

Coffee.—There is a slight improvement in the prices for the first quality, in consequence of there being but little in the market; our quotation of 16c is understood to refer only to a first rate article.

Flour.—The demand for the Galena trade having ceased we have to denote a decline of 50c per bbl from last week.

Iron.—Sheet Iron in consequence of its extreme scarcity, has been selling a 30c and stove pipe a 25c per lb.

Lead.—We hear only of one small sale during the week of 300 pigs, which was at $5,50, at which rate we continue our quotations.

Salt.—Of all descriptions is scarce, and held at our quoted rates. Some who has advanced to 75c.

Wheat has arrived in considerable quantities during the week; we hear of sales of prime at $1,37 1-2 and $1,40, in the first of the week, but have to note a decline in our quotations, in consequence of the fall in flour, and diminished demand.

NOTICE.—SOCIETY BALLS.—At a meeting of the subscribers of the Society Balls which are to take place at the Orleans ball room, the following gentlemen were appointed Comissaries for the season.

Messrs C Massieux,	C Delery
G Gauuchaud	A Dubuc,
D Bouligny,	P Blancque
O V Jackson,	T Hunt,
L Prevost,	T Livaudais,
O Labatut	L Seré.

A committee of admission of four members, has been named who will meet every Sunday at noon.

Messrs Chs Maspieux,	D Bouligny,
Chs Delery,	P Blanque.

The first ball will take place on Wednesday 14th December, and successively every Wednesday.

nov 23—3t By order of the committee.
E BERTUS.

NOTICE.—Purchasers at the sale of lots in Jeffersonville, will please call at the office of William Boswell, notary public, to sign their deeds, and comply with the terms of sale. nov 25—3

WANTS A SITUATION—As a classical Teacher—a gentleman who is a regular graduate of a college of high standing, and who has had exper ence and success in teaching; having been lately principal of a respectable literary institution. In support of this statement the proper testimonials will be furnished. A select school in New Orleans, would be considered as desirable; however the offer of a respectable situation from any quarter will be attended to. Address M. N. at this office (the Bee.)
nov 25—1w

The Mississippi Free Trader, Natchez, will please insert said advertisement one week and forward the account to this office.

LOTTERY

Alexandria B.—Drawn at Washington City, November 24.

GRAND SCHEME.

$50,000, 20,000, 10,000, 5,000, 4,000, 2,190, 3,000
2,500, 2,000, 50 of 1,000; 50 of 500, &c.

Tickets $10; halves $5.

Orders promptly attended to, if addressed to
YATES & M'INTYRE.
29 nov—3 New Orleans.

Improvement Company of the Faubourg Franklin.

ON Friday next the 2nd December, an election of five directors of the said company will be held at the office of the undersigned, No 23 Conde st, between the hours of nine o'clock in the morning and three in the afternoon.

Three commissioners will preside at the election. Each share of $250 will be entitled to one vote.

The stockholders who shall not have paid the tenth of each share and signed their notes before the last moment of the election, will not have a right to vote.

J F FEPIN,
nov 23 President of the commissioners.

J. & L. GERARD, have removed their Store to from St Louis street to No 6 Conti street.
nov 23

DE BLANC and Co. have removed their clothing establishment to St Peter, No 48.
nov 25—6t

LAFITTE as ship Olympia from Havre,
15 boxes, 1 cot, Champagne Wine, Aux Monasteres of the old vintage, imperial reign.
11 boxes Truffles,
For sale by J B DOLHONDE,
nov 26—4 14 St Louis st.

THE EXPRESS MAIL.

The express mail of yesterday, furnishes us with several slips from our attentive and kind correspondents at the North and South.

The Nahant Bank at Lynn Massachusetts, has stopped payment on account of a run for specie occasioned by the failure of the President.

By an arrival at Charleston, S. C. on the 22d inst. from Malaga, the Editor of the Charleston Courier, have received intelligence from that place to the 17th ult. The Captain (Fisher) informs them that the troops of Don Carlos, which by our last accounts were advancing, with the apparent intention of entering the town, had retreated, without making any attack, and that the inhabitants of that place were taking measures for defending themselves, by erecting fortifications, &c.

Bickwell's Reporter, of the 23d informs us, that money continues very scarce. Abundance of good paper, —though not of our first houses,—may be obtained in the Philadelphia market at from one and a quarter to one and a half per cent a month. It should be remembered however, that the surplus revenue now amounting to more than forty millions of dollars, will be distributed among the states on the first of January next, when relief may be immediately anticipated.

According to the same paper, the democratic party have elected sixty seven and the whigs sixty six members of the Convention to remodle the constitution of Pennsylvania. It is surmised that the bank question will be compromised. So says that paper.

ELECTIONS.—Upon the authority of Mr May a member from congress from Illinois it is stated, that Illinois, as well as Missouri have sustained the Baltimore nominees. The election of Vice President will be made by the Senate. The election will be confined to Messrs Johnson and Granger.

The complimentary benefit to Hamblin in New York is pronounced a failure. The whole sum realized was about $2,000.

The Baltimore Gazette, informs us, that the government of Maryland has at length been re-organised. Dr Enoch George and John B. Thomas Esqrs. the two Electors for Queen Anne's County—Marcy Fountain, Esq. one of the Electors for Caroline County, and Wesley Linthicum, Esq one of the Electors for Anne Arundel County, who were among the nineteen seceders; attended at Annapolis, were qualified agreeably to the Constitution and took their seats in the Electoral College. The twenty one Electors who had originally qualified, and Mr Saltman the other Elector from Anne Arundel County, being also present—the whole num er of Electors amounted to twenty six being two more than is required by the Constitution to elect a Senate.

The New York Express states that the Texan schrs Brutus and Invincible lately in the harbor have fallen a prey to an unexpected enemy. Warrants have been issued for their seizure by Justice Irving under the provisions of title 8, chapter 8, part 2d of the revised statutes. The officers and crew are in the custody of Wm. Hillyer the Sheriff of the city and county of New York.

Messrs Van Buren and Bell were in Baltimore on the 18th inst. on their way to Washington to discharge their official duties. The distant members at all points, already begin to move for Washington; to be there in season for the opening of Congress.

ANNEXATION OF TEXAS TO THE UNITED STATES.

In our paper of Saturday we published the resolutions presented to the Texan congress, by the committee of foreign relations, relative to the expediency of effecting a union of the republic of Texas with the North American confederacy, on the same footing with the other States. Leaving aside the enthusiasm which we may have exhibited for a body of citizens whom we regarded as defenders of a constitution which they had sworn to support, and which had been trampled under foot, before their eyes, by an arbitrary power, and without consulting in a constitutional manner the Mexican people: leaving aside the question so long debated relative to the principle on which every constitution is based—the fidelity sworn by the governors as well as by the governed, and which reciprocally binds them to the same compact:—disavowing, finally, all disagreement concerning the right of the one or the other, it is under an entirely different aspect that we view, at this moment, the Texan question. It should be treated, in our opinion, solely in respect to its annexation to the United States. Our readers, we hope, will banish from their memory all former controversy on this subject, and lay aside all prejudices which they may have conceived from previous discussions, and follow us for a while on the new field which has been opened. Recent occurrences will produce new developements of opinion, and if they should not always be in accordance with those we have already expressed, we trust the public will not draw an unfavorable conclusion; for, we repeat, the question is entirely changed, since we are about to inquire into the advantages or disadvantages to result from an act on which may depend the destinies of two nations. If we have heretofore considered the emancipation of Texas and its consequences upon Mexico, this event once accomplished, we are compelled to regard it as affecting the interests of our own country; as the policy of the new republic is set forth in the resolutions of which we gave an account in our paper of Saturday, the very day that the minister plenipotentiary of the emancipated republic landed in our city, on his way to Washington to request the admission of Texas into our glorious Union.

We believe, then, that the time has arrived to treat the subject as it could not be treated when it was only hypothetical. But since it has acquired a real substance, it passes into the domain of discussion, where we think more than one grave question will arise, which will excite the attention of our statesmen. Placed, like a forlorn hope, on the frontier of the territory in question, which is about to exert so vast an influence on the policy of the United States, let us be allowed to be the first to present our opinions on the different phases in which so important an event may be viewed.

The annexation of Texas to the United States has relation to the higher national interests, and, situated as we are, we shall examine it in more than one point of view. It ought to be treated as it touches the general interests of the Union, of Louisiana, and finally, of the city of New Orleans.

The possession of a fine province is not an insignificant thing to a great people, and in this respect the annexation of Texas presents nothing but advantages. Its climate is temperate and more equable than that of any part of America. The upper part of the country is fertile and well wooded: the part adjacent to the sea has, in many places, lands well adapted to the culture of colonial produce, and several rivers navigable for steamboats; and is, in fact, well situated for agriculture and commerce. It wants nothing for the developement of its resources, but the protection of an enlightened government. We pretend not to look to the past, which presents nothing but disasters: we speak of the present moment, and we ask if so many natural advantages are susceptible of being cultivated by Mexico, if the very nature of things had not opposed the future desires which we might be disposed to ascribe to that nation. The state of Texas, separated from the capital by an immense extent of desert country, might aspire, as memb r of a confederacy, to create within itself an agriculture and a commerce, sustained merely by its local government: but the Mexican federal compact, once broken by the sword of Santa Anna, what protection could be anticipated by a remote province, the population of which, under an absurd system of colonization, differs in its language, its manners, and above all, in its religion, from those of the rest of the nation? What could be expected from governors placed over them by an arbitrary government? This is precisely what was felt by the Texans, at the time when the Mexican government was consolidated; a consolidation which ill concealed the design of Santa Anna to place himself on the throne of Iturbide. In this state of things, right or wrong, the Texans, having nothing to hope from Mexico, protested against the violation of the constitution of 1824. They were menaced, and the example of Zacatecas made them feel the nature of Santa Anna's measures. They armed their arms to secure themselves from barbarities experienced by others in the same cause. From that time independence became a matter of necessity to the unfortunate Texans! and culpable or not, in order to shake off an odious yoke, they were compelled to sustain a war of extermination, of which the free state of Santa Anna gave them an example.

A series of feuds, brought on his downfall, and delivered him into the hands of those whose destruction he had sought. These faults have effected a separation, which we consider as final. We view it as an act accomplished: it is from this point that we ought to start, not to dispute the right of a people, or a fraction of a people, to shake off an Guatemala had done, an insupportable despotism, but to discuss the motive which ought to actuate a powerful nation to receive under its ægis a kindred population, that wishes to place itself beyond the reach of an absurd and barbarous vengeance, and to receive it on a footing with the prosperous state in its vicinity. The advantage doubtless, would be great for the Texans, who would thereby find a guarantee for their personal existence, and of a happy futurity: but would it be the same thing for the American Union?

[illegible] will be a bait to executive ambition and enable the President sooner or later, to corrupt the representatives of the people, the army, the navy, and the public officers and agents of the people, and when he has united them into a body, it will be very easy for him to overthrow the existing form of government, and replace it by a monarchy or empire, of which he would become the King or Emperor. With a view to obviate this contingency and prevent its results, there is but one resource; and that is to make the revenue correspond with the expenditures of the government—so that at the end of the year there will not be one cent in the power of the President, or the members of his cabinet.

The apprehension we have noted does honor to the spirit of republicanism which animates the American people; but is the remedy proposed adequate to effect the object they have in view? Is it not calculated to flourish the country and prevent it from attaining the rank which its commerce and resources entitle it to; and which, if fully developed, will place it foremost of its rivals? We are ourselves disposed to believe, that the national defence is defective. Our navy is only composed of seven or eight vessels of the line, a dozen frigates, as many corvettes, some brigs and schooners, and a limited number of revenue cutters. And when we take into consideration, that we are absolutely in need of a defence upon our frontiers, and that to protect ourselves from the predatory incursions of the aborigines, we require the construction of great many fortresses, and the augmentation of our standing army, both at the interior and at the extreme west, it is not difficult to be convinced, that the government has millions of dollars to expend for objects of the first utility, and which are indispensable to our security. Let us add to this amount, the various items which are required to improve the navigation of our rivers, bays, and inlets, and we cannot but be prepared that before attempting to establish an equilibrium between the revenue and expenditures of the government, we should first of all meet all the wants of the country, so that in the event of calamities and unforeseen contingencies, the government would not be necessitated to make loans, and then resort to the people for a direct tax upon the people to discharge it. We shall again resume the subject.

NEW ORLEANS & NASHVILLE RAIL ROAD.

The ship Franklin, whose arrival we announced yesterday, brought our 84 Mechanics, for laying the rails of this road, the grading being almost completed to the lake. These young men are just from the Ulica road and unite intelligence and industry with much tact in their line of work. The same vessel has about 30 tons of machinery consisting of Steam Engines for driving piles, portable Saw Mill, 7 lorrihen cars from the Rail-road and much other machinery to save labour in construction. The piling engines are under the direction of Capt Crane the inventor and cannot fail to give entire confidence in the rapid progress of the road and prove a most important acquisition to our country. We now call upon our citizens one and all to unite their efforts with those of the Directors to press the work to the Pine Woods. To our young men we say lend a hand to work which will be the pride of our city and to the fathers of families we say encourage a work which will give you a summers retreat the most desirable and will reduce the price of wood and marketing to half its present price. Wood is now 10 dollars per cord and, coal 3 dollars or more per barrel. This road when made to the Pine Woods will put an end to such a state of things. We learn that the Board has authorised a further subscription of a few thousand shares on payment of one dollar at sight and 10 per cent more in 60 days with a view to enlarge their means so as to complete the road to the Pine Wood by July next. Our young men should step forward in masse. Five shares each would accomplish the object and while the investment would prove profitable they would enquire the means of enjoying the sports of fishing and hunting in perfection. Our young men have by forming association done what was far more difficult and of less importance. Then let them imitate the city of Charleston where the friends of the great road, our rival, went from door to door and secured the subscription of several millions. We are confident the citizens of our city would step forward on an appeal to support what will be the pride of our city.

To the Editor of the Bee:—

Dear Sir: I see an article in your paper of the 19th instant, charging me, upon the evidence of several gentlemen, with having deceived many gentlemen of the Van Buren party, and at the eleventh hour, of having turned a political somerset, and voted, and used my personal popularity for the opposition. The story is positively untrue—I am too old to change my opinions—they were formed upon long and mature reflection, and I have not yet found by any argument used by those opposed to the republican party, that my opinions are wrong.—I have stood by the party in evil, and I do not mean any act of dropping it in good report. Why an humble individual like myself should be the object of so much elicitude and continual slander, I shall not now stop to inquire. Suffice it to say, that I have but this day seen the article alluded to—that I now pronounce the statement to be slanderously untrue! THOMAS GREEN DAVIDSON.

Extract of a letter dated,

BORDEAUX, October 12, 1836.

The ship Jupiter, which left this port, on the 6th October, for New Orleans, has entered in the Pertuis. The bad weather continues. Ships Anne, Louise, Arrocrate, Hernanic, and Fortunata, are waiting for a favorable wind to sail

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Communicated.

Married on the 13th inst. at the Episcopal Church, in the city of Natchez, by the Rev'd Mr Page, L J Deletra, Esqr. of the city of New Orleans and formerly officer of the house Hotel, and eleven years Courier of the Cabinet of the Emperor Napoleon, to Mrs. S. W. widow of Col. Collins of the Army.

New Orleans, 30th Nov. 1836.

SAINT CHARLES THEATRE.

Fourth night of Mrs. SHAW.
Third night of Mr BARTON.

THIS EVENING, 30th Nov. 1836.
Will be presented Sheridan's Comedy of the
SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL.
Charles Surface, Mr. BARTON.
Lady Teazle, Mrs. SHAW.

Grand Overture,
Der Freischutz.

To conclude with (first time in this Theatre) the Petit Comedy of
YOUTHFUL QUEEN.
Steinberg, Mr. BARTON.
Christine, (the youthful Queen) Mrs. SHAW.

On Thursday, 5th night of Mrs SHAW.
In preparation, the Opera of
LA CENERENTOLA.
Subscribers to the Italian Opera are requested to apply for their tickets to the Box office.
A new Drama entitled
AGNES DE VERE,
Is in rehearsal.

ORLEANS BALL ROOM.—Messieurs, the commissaries, are requested to meet in said room on Friday evening at 6 o'clock.
By order,
nov 30 S BERTUS.

☞ NOTICE.—The ship FRANKLIN, JORDEN, from New York, is discharging four tiers below the Railroad, consignees are particularly requested to attend to the receipt of their goods; as no goods will be delivered unless a receipt is signed for the same by a responsible person on the Levee.

☞ The ship Tacitus, from Liverpool, is now discharging near the vegetable market. Consignees are requested to send their permits on board and attend to the receipt of their goods. nov 30

NOTICE.—Neither the captain or consignees of the ship McLellan, will pay any debts contracted by the crew of said ship. n30

NOTICE.—The consignees per ship McLellan from Havre are notified that she is discharging opposite 96, and no goods will be delivered unless a receipt signed for the same. All goods not receipted will be stored at the consignee's expense. n30

REMOVAL, Levi H Gale, removed from No. 16 St Charles street to No 93 Common Street.
nov 30

New Orleans Catholic Association for the relief of male Orphans.

THE regular monthly meeting of the members of this Association, will be held, next Sunday evening, at 4 o'clock, at the public school room in Conde street, between Dauphine and Hospital streets. Punctual attendance is requested. By order of the President.
J A M'KAY,
nov 30 Secretary.

GAS LIGHT AND BANKING COMPANY.—November 29th, 1836.—On Monday, the 2d of January next, an election will be held at the Banking House between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. for eleven directors, in accordance with the 7th section of the charter of this institution.
n30 J W. HOUSTON, Cashier.

MR. VAUDECHAMP, Portrait painter, has just arrived from France, his domicil is always at Mr. Fremaux, Royal street, no. 163, near Toulouse st. n 30—3

SUCCESSION OF G. A. COSTAUZI.

ALL persons having any claims against the succession of the late G. A. COSTAUZI, of Natchitoches, are requested to present the same duly authenticated unto Mr Ambroise Bompeyrac at Natchitoches, agent of the heirs. n27 10t

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DRY GOODS.—Plain white satins, fig'd do silks bl'k Italian lutestrings, do chalies, do merinos, landing from ship Nashville, and for sale by
ANDREWS & BROTHERS.
nov 30 19 Chartres st.

BOARDING.—A Creole family in which the French and English is spoken, will take a few gentlemen boarders and lodgers, the table is well supplied. No 65 St Peters street.

HAY, CORN, OATS & BRAN.—A fresh supply just received by
L A LEMOYNE & Co,
nov 30 62 Julia st.

WANTED a good journeyman barber, one who is a good shaver and hair cutter, will obtain first rate wages. Apply to No 43 Conde street
Nov 30—3t

STRAY Negro Child.—A young negro aged 9 years, belonging to Mr St Amand of St Charles, came to the city with subscriber, he went out of my store last evening and not knowing the city it is supposed that he is astray. He had on a blue[illegible] and a[illegible] jacket and pantaloons, his name is Lemont.
A L BOMARE.
nov 30 47 Toulouse st.

R[illegible]GORRANT, lately arrived from France, has the honour to inform the public of New Orleans that he off[illegible] for sale at wholesale and retail, a large assortment of French commerce and cloths of superior quality. Table and piano covers &c. which he will dispose of at low prices and on favorable terms.
No 174 Royal st between Toulouse and St Peter streets, nov 30—2t

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BY M. BARNETT, Sen.

WILL be sold on Saturday 3d December, at Hewlett's Exchange,
A VALUABLE LOT OF GROUND,
situated in suburb Marigny, with the buildings thereon erected—the ground measures 28 feet 9 inches front on Franchman street, by 84 feet in depth; on which is built a new house of 4 apartments—the chimneys are lined with brick, kitchen, well, &c. the whole well finished.

This Lot of ground is in the square bounded by Franchmen, Bons Enfans, Love and Champs Elysees streets.

Terms at sale—the plan will be shown on the day of sale. n30

BY M. BARNETT, Sr.

WILL be sold at Hewlett's Exchange, on Saturday 3d December next, at noon,
TWO LOTS OF GROUND,
in suburb Treme, being nos 31 and 39; No. 31 measures 48 feet front on Toulouse street, by a depth of 160 feet front on Marais street. No 39 measures 45 feet front on Villere street, by a depth of 120 feet, all French measure.

Terms—The purchasers will take the place of the vendor for the payment of the sum of $1750 being in three notes, dated 5th May, 1836, at 12 months, one for the sum of $875 and the two others for $437 50 and for the balance 15 cash and the rest at two and three years credit from the day of sale. Acts of sale before Jules Massy, N. P at the expense of the purchasers. n30

BY JOSEPH LE CARPENTIER.

WILL be sold Wednesday 30th November at 10 o'clock precisely, at his auction store, for to close a consignment—

A assortment of ready made Clothing,
Also, 4 boxes Fire Crackers. n30

BY M. BARNETT Sen.

WILL be sold on Saturday 3rd December, Two valuable lots of ground, situated in Suburb Franklin, between Urquhart and Girod streets, Chartres Elysees promenade and Marigny streets, adjoining Mr Frederic's beautiful property.

No. 11 measures 29 feet 4 inches 4 lines front on Champs Elysees promenade, by 148 feet 10 inches 6 lines in depth.

No. 14 measures 32 feet 3 lines front on Marigny street, by 148 feet, 10 inches 6 lines in depth on Girod street.

Terms of sale, 6, 9 and 12 months credit for notes endorsed to the satisfaction of the vendor and bearing mortgage until final payment.

Act of sale before L T Caire Esq. Notary public, at the expense of the purchasers. nov 30

BY JONAS ROBESON & CO.

DRY GOODS, READY MADE CLOTHING, &c.—On Thursday the 1st December, at 10 o'clock, will be sold a quantity of Dry Goods.

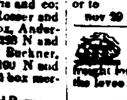
At 12 o'clock, will be sold 25 cases of ready made clothing. Sale positive.

Also, 1 iron safe. n30

BY J B BLACHE

WILL be sold on Saturday the 3d of December, at 10 o'clock A M, at his auction store, by order and under the inspection of the Wardens of the port, for account of whom it may concern.

10 bags Havana coffee and 6 bags do Java, damaged on board the ship Europe, captain Drummond, from New York. nov 30



FOR LAFOURCHE,
Interior and all intermediate landings.—The fine running, new and light draft steam boat ROBERT MORRIS, S S Shesine master, will leave for the above and intermediate ports, on Wednesday, at 4 o'clock P M, having excellent accommodations for passengers. For freight or passage, apply on board or to GALLWAY & BOUDOUSQUIE.
nov 29 21 Common st.

FOR BALTIMORE.

The splendid and very fast sailing A I Brig Tweed, Capt Robinson, is ready to receive freight for the above port, either from the levee or from the levee For terms or passage apply to
L H GALE,
nov 30 93 Common st.

FOR HAVRE.

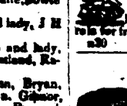
The A 1 and fine ship Russell, Capt. Robbins wants 130 to 200 bales Cotton and will receive immediate despatch. For terms or passage apply to L. H. GALE,
n30 93 Common st.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

The A 1 and superior fast sailing ship Georgia, Capt. Stockton, wants 250 bales cotton, and will meet with immediate despatch. For terms or passage, apply to
L. H. GALE, 93 Common st.
n30

FOR HAVANA.

The brig Caroline, Capt. Hughes will leave positively to morrow. Can take 100 barrels for freight, of which apply on board or to
J. PRATTS & SON.
n30



The subscriber has just received per barque Hercules and steamboat arrivals a general and complete assortment of Chemicals, Drugs, fancy articles, perfumeries &c &c. Among which are the following, viz:

Labarraque's chloride of soda,
Carpenters compound carmanative,
Jujube paste,
Magendie's pectoral paste,
Tartaric acid; superior carb soda;
Bears and mans foot oil; water sprained sperm oil;
Fever and Ague remedy warranted to cure,
Soidlitz powders, Spanish flotent indigo;
Genuine Lees pills; hair powder,
French Pomatum; macassar do;
Orange flower water; rose water;
Jean Marina's genuine cologne, in quarts, pints and half pints

Also: An extensive assortment of phials, from 1 ounce to 8 ounces long and short, put up in packages of 1 gross and upwards, to suit purchasers.
TRINCHARD Druggist;
nov 30—4t Corner of Canal and Bourbon st.

HAVANA COFFEE—620 bags new crop prime green, landing from the schr Dunton & Son, for sale by
HARROD & QUARLES,
n30 34 Custom house st.

PORK—75 bbls Mess and 30 do Prime, landing from flat boat, for sale by
JOSEPH LANDIS, 104 Poydras st.
n30

SHOT—300 bags Shot of superior quality from the Phoenix Shot Tower Co. Baltimore, received per schooner Tuscarora, for sale by
FORSYTH, GOODWYN & CO.
n30

WHISKEY—160 barrels in fine shipping order landing from steamer Heroine, and for sale by
L D C WOOD, 28 Poydras st.
nov 30

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50 kegs western butter, landing and for sale by
HENRY, LATAPIE & Co
nov 30 63 old Levee.

BEEF.—A lot of Missouri mess beef in half barrels, for sale by HENRY, LATAPIE & Co,
nov 30 63 old Levee.

WESTERN BUTTER—29 kegs landing from steamer Heroine and for sale by
L D C WOOD,
nov 30 28 Poydras st.

FLOUR—20 barrels, a fine article, landing from steamer Heroine, for sale by
L D C WOOD,
nov 30 28 Poydras st.

EASTMAN & BROTHERS, commission merchants, No. 20 Old Levee, have landing and in store, and will sell at very low prices by the invoice.

225 bbls New England Rum
70 boxes Lemons
250 qr Havana Segars, some very superior.
1000 do American and Melee Segars
200 pieces heavy Scotch Bagging
20 half pipes Brandy
6 pipes Holland Gin
65 barrels Louisiana Sugar, new crop n30

Rubman, Rosser, &c vs. steamboat Ellen Douglass.

IN the District Court of the United States, Eastern district of Louisiana—No —. By virtue of an admiralty warrant to me directed, I have seized and taken into my possession the steamboat Ellen Douglass, her tackel, apparel and furniture. And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof and all and every person or persons having or pretending to have any right, title, or interest in or to the said steamboat Ellen Douglass, &c, to be and appear at a District Court of the United States for the eastern district of Louisiana to be holden on or before the 14th day from the date hereof, and shew cause if any they have or can, why the said steamboat Ellen Douglass, &c should not be condemned and paid agreeably to the prayer of the libellants.

Marshal's office, New Orleans, Nov. 28, 1836.
JOHN H. HOLLAND,
n30 U. S Marshal.

BRANDY.—45 half pipes Rochelle brandy, entitled to debenture, in store and for sale, by
LEE & HARDY.
nov 28 2t 43 Canal st.

SEWING SILKS &c.—A young Frenchman on the eve of his departure from this city is desirous of disposing of a large assortment of superior Italian sewing silk, silk stockings, embroidered cambric handkerchiefs shawls, ferret, silks and other articles. No 130 Chartres st 2nd floor. nov 28

$625 DOLLARS REWARD.

WAS stolen from my yard a few nights since, a small handsome black and tanned terrier slut. I will pay the above reward for the delivery of the thief or CUTHBERT BULLITT.
nov 28 88 Charles st.

WANTED—An American gentleman and lady wish to procure board as the inmates of a genteel French family where the French is principally or wholly spoken—a private family is preferred—and they presume they would make it agreeable to the parties. Address box 231 Post office nov 29 3

NOTICE.—Abraham Jacobs respectfully informs the public of New Orleans that he is living at No 19 Gravier street, one door from the corner of Tchoupitoulas street, where he intends giving the highest price for second hand clothing; he also carries on the tobacco, scouring and dying in all its branches—terms moderate. nov 22—3

Auction.

See first page of Auction advertisement

BY PETER CENAS.

Valuable Real Estate.

WILL be sold on Saturday 3d December next, at 12 o'clock, at the Arcade Exchange, Magazine street,

22 Valuable Lots of ground, situated in the square formed by Girod, Circus, St. John and Julia streets.

10 Lots of ground; Lots Nos [illegible] 10 front on Circus street, Nos 1 and 4, measure each 25 feet 9 inches front, 25 feet 9 inches in the rear, and 100 feet in depth.

Lots Nos 5 and 9, measuring 25 feet front, 25 feet in the rear, and 100 feet in depth.

Lot No 20 as a corner lot measuring 26 6 et front on Circus street, 26 feet in the rear, and 100 feet in depth on Girod street.

12 Lots of ground; Lots Nos 11 and 15 front on Girod street, and measure each 24 feet 10 inches front on Girod streets by 109 feet in depth.

Lot No 16 is a corner lot measuring 24 feet 7 inches and 4 lines front on Girod street, 24 feet 5 inches and 4 lines in the rear, by 109 feet in depth on St John street.

Lot No 17 measures 24 feet 4 inches and four lines front on St John street, 24 feet 8 inches and 4 lines in the rear, by a depth of 148 feet 7 inches and 6 lines on one side, 148 feet 7 inches and 1 line on the other.

Lot No 18 measures 24 feet 4 inches and four lines front on St John street, 24 feet 4 inches and four lines in the rear, by a depth of 148 feet 8 inches and 3 lines on one side, and 148 feet 7 inches and ten lines on the other.

Lot No 19 measures 24 feet 4 inches and four lines front on St John street, 24 feet 4 inches and four lines in the rear, by a depth of 148 feet 7 inches and one line on one side, and 148 feet 6 inches and 5 lines from on the other.

Lot No 20 measures 24 feet 4 inches and four lines front on St John street, 24 feet 4 inches and four lines in the rear, by a depth of 148 feet 6 inches and five lines on one side, and 148 feet 6 inches on the other.

Lot No 21 measures 24 feet 4 inches and four lines front on St John street, 24 feet 4 inches and four lines in the rear, by a depth of 148 feet 6 inches on one side, and 148 feet 5 inches and 3 lines on the other.

Lot No 24 measures 24 feet 4 inches and four lines front on St John street, 24 feet 4 inches in the rear, by a depth of 148 feet 5 inches and three lines on one side, and 148 feet and 4 lines on the other.

The lots Nos 1 and 10 fronting on Circus street, and lots Nos 17 a 24 have an alley in the rear 7 feet wide in common to said lots. Lots Nos 18 a 11 fronting on Girod street have an alley of 6 feet wide in common to said lots.

These lots are situated only half a square from the New Orleans Canal basin, and as John street and the front of the basin is now to be paved and the sides of the canal is to be paved, must be well worthy the attention of persons desirous of making profitable investments the above property is also at short distance from the New Orleans Carrollton rail road market. This property is too well known to require any further description.

There are several buildings on various parts of this property, which the purchasers of the different lots will be entitled to, in proportion to the extent of each lot.

For particulars, see plan at the Arcade, drawn by L J Pilie, surveyor.

Terms—The purchasers of Lots Nos 1 and 10, to assume the payment of three notes on each lot, for the sum of 9780 payable on the 5th September, 1837, 1838, and 1839. The purchasers of Lots Nos 11 a 24 to assume the payment of three notes on each lot for 8650, payable on the 5th September, 1837, 1838 and 1839, and the remainder one third cash, and the balance at 6, and 12 months credit, for notes endorsed to the satisfaction of the vendors, and mortgage until final payment.

Acts of sale to be passed before L T Caire, Esq, notary public, at the expense of the purchasers. nov 30

BY FERNANDEZ & WHITING

Sale of Dry Goods continued without reserve.

THE sale of Dry Goods in Gallier's store, No 14, will commence at 10 o'clock precis