LATEST DATES.

New York........ [illegible] .... oct 10
[illegible]
Vera Cruz........ [illegible] .... oct 20

COMMERCIAL.

Sales of Cotton Yesterday.

[illegible] bales Mississippi, at 9
[illegible] do do 9½
[illegible] do do [illegible]
[illegible] do Louisiana [illegible]
[illegible] do do [illegible]
[illegible] do Tennessee old 7½
[illegible] do do New & old 8

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Nov 7.

Flour continues to advance and is readily purchased at the canal as soon as it arrives. The sales this morning we quote at $6,62.
Wheat is now held at $1,04.
Corn at [illegible]
Oats, at [illegible]
Whiskey—The usual price this morning was [illegible] sales.

CINCINNATI, Nov 8.

Business during the past week rather duller than usual at this season of the year. Produce still meets with ready sale at better prices than last week.

Flour—Sales at the Canal yesterday, at $6 34½.—Brisk.

Whiskey—Sales yesterday at 33c, and firm.

Bacon—Remains without variation in price.—Hams 9 a 10 cents; Sides 8½ a 9 cents; Shoulders, 6 cents.

Groceries—The market still continues poorly supplied with most of the staple articles. Small lots of Sugar and Molasses arrived, and met with ready sale.

Coffee—Sales, 13½ a 14c.

Sugar—New Orleans, 7 a 8c; Brown, 9½ a 9c; White none in market.

Molasses—Sales 40 to 45 cents, in small lots.

CHARLESTON, Nov 8.

Cotton—The present demand is for strictly choice which brings 12c. Other descriptions are in no demand, and our stock fast increasing. There is nothing doing in Long Cottons.

Rice—The market is completely bare of this article. One or two small lots sold on arrival, at 4,75 per cwt allowing $1 for the barrel.

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Kentucky, Banker, New York, Franklin & Ames.
Bark Fanny, Crowell, Liverpool, Geo Green.

ARRIVED.

Tow boat Pacific, Martin, from the Pass; brought ship Vaillant (previously reported,) sch Rolla and sch St Joseph.

Sch Rolla, Vernard, from Tampa Bay, to S & J P Whitney, in ballast.

Sch St Joseph, Maristaign, 11 days from Havana, to J Pratts & Son.

Steamboat Warren, Boffin, from Cincinnati.
Steamboat Camanche, McQuown, from Pittsburg.
Steamboat Gov Clark, Reid, from Louisville;
Steamboat Vicksburg, Auter, from Vicksburg.
Steamboat Farmer, Wilder, from Montgomery Pt, Arkansaw.
Steamboat Swan, Hiern, from Mobile.
Steamer Claiborne, Barrett, Vicksburg.

EXPORTS.

Per ship Kentucky—760 bales cotton, 4400 pigs lead, 215 hhds tobacco, 20 bags coffee.
Per bark Fanny—1770 bales cotton, and 179 hhds tobacco.

IMPORTS.

Per sch St Joseph—fruit.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Claiborne—Burke, Watt & co, Bennett Ferriday & co, Taylor, Gardiner & co, C H Dunn, Lambeth & Thompson, N & J Dick & co, Brander, McKenner & Wright, Smith & Voorhies, Lizardi & co, Godfrey, Blossman & co, W Bogart, and others.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

Per steamer Claiborne—1587 bales cotton and 155 barrels flour.

Per steamboat Gov Clark—100 ps bagging, 119 coils rope, Prescott, Jones & co; 38 coils rope, Brander, McKenna & Wright; 311 ps bagging, 120 coils rope, York & Bros; 77 green bars, 100 bbls flour, J & L Addison; 50 do Hufford & Borgenfrey; 100 do owners on board; 93 kegs and 5 bbls lard, Pierce Shannon & Bro; 96 bbls cider, 27 bbls lard, Floyd & Park; 30 bbls pork, 3 bbls lard, 168 kegs do, 360 bbls apples and potatoes, 6 horses, and 1 carriage, to owners on board.

Per steamboat Camanche—60 bbls whiskey, to A Prieur; 56 to G Dorsey; 125 do Orain & Mignon; 15 boxes bologna sausages, 20 bbls crackers, 1 keg do, A D Gove; 26 casks butter, J Pierce; 35 bbls flour, D North; 90 hhds tobacco, F G Lyon; 100 bbls potatoes, 2 [illegible] whiskey, 2 firkins butter and sundries, J Farrell; 4 horses, 3 bbls butter and lots of produce, G H Clay; 13 horses, Bebanon.

Per steamboat Warren—100 bbls whiskey and 1 lot produce, owners on board; 15 bbls beans, 75 do whiskey, F C Swain; 1 lot furniture, Eastman & Brother; 75 bbls potatoes, J Landis & co; sundry produce, to owners on board; 50 kegs butter, 42 horses, 410 sheep, 938 bbls potatoes and beans, 30 bbls eggs, owners on board.

Per steamboat Vicksburg—96 bales cotton, J Barret; 98 N & J Dick & co; 22 R McDonald & co, 6 Maddox, Pollard & co; 50 Taylor, Gardiner & co; 61 Lambeth & Thompson; 24 Martin, Pleasants & co; 571 Burke, Watt & co; 80 Bennett, Ferriday & co; 45 W N Word & co; 6 Lee & Hardy; 10 Lastrapes, Desmare & co; 6 R Groning & co; 13 N & C Ford & co; 11 Smith & Voorhees; 13 Price, Johnston & co; 20 W H Hunt; 12 W E Harrold; 11 Championet & Oiran; 24 Buckner, Stanton & co; 20 R Beck; 818 kegs lard, owner on board; 40 hhds bacon, Irwin, Hall & Walton; 40 kegs lard, Ferguson, Parker & co; 50 hhds bacon to order.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamboat Warren—J B Bruce, G McDuffee, Fortman, T McMillan, T C Swan and lady, and Richardson.

Per steamboat Camanche—Bohwman and lady, Soaper, mrs Smith, Spooner, J F Lyon, Gordon, Richards, J Meredith lady and child, C Nanderant, Allen Blair, D North, John Slake, M W Winkle, and M Divinny.

Per steamboat Gen Gaines—Pottle and lady, Higgins and lady, Barshall, mrs Russell, Hennidge, miss Williams, H Bristow, Danzey, Duran, McCay and brother Rogers, Keasby, Jacobs, Hooper, Rogers, Batier, Clark, Jones, Rowe, Cowell, Millet, Davis, Wrench, Vancamp, mrs McCrum, Phillippi, Heady, Cooper, Mattoon, Shore, Fisher, Hopkins, Boyle, Clew, Jolly, Frankfort, Nixon, Carbott, Taylor, Peters, Graham, Peck, Ware, Christy, Gladness, Bodesque, and 49 deck.

Per steamboat Vicksburg—Meary, Talbert, Fitzpatrick, mrs Barnes and son, Fadden, Gardner, J R Hamilton, Harman, Benson, Field, Perry, Bond, O L Bablest, Butler, McKnight, Boubler.

MEMORANDA.

Steamboat Farmer towed down from Natchez ship Amelia bound to Liverpool, cargo 2009 bales cotton.

Henes at Boston, Nov 4, ship Natchez, Waterman Cleared at Boston for this port, 4th Nov, ship Margaret Forbes, King; brig Laurel, Lunt.

Cleared at Baltimore for this port, 6th Nov, ship W Badger, Lambert; sailed for ditto, barque Chesnut.

Havana, November 8th, sailed, United States sloop of war St Louis, Payne commander.

☞ The ship Congress, capt Hasty, from Amsterdam, is ready for discharging, two or three tiers below the railroad. Consignees are particularly requested to take out their permits and attend to the receipt of their goods. BAILEY & ABBOTT,
nov 13 Agents.

THE subscribers have entered into co-partnership as general Foreign and American Importing and Commission Merchants, under the firm of STEARNS, BROWN & CO. and solicits a share of patronage.
Dated at Liverpool, 1st September, 1837.
J. G. STEARNS.
New Orleans, Nov. 1st, 1837.
JAMES BROWN,
nov 11 1w HENRY N. HART.

THREE COLUMNS COFFEE HOUSE.—G ESCUDERO, respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has greatly improved the Coffee House, formerly known under the name of Des Refugees, No. 14 St. Philippe st. This Establishment will henceforth wear the appellation of the Three Columns Coffee House. It has been furnished with a good Billiard Table; coffee and chocolate will be ready every morning and evening.

G. Escudero hopes that his management, the cleanliness of his establishment and his attentions for every customer, will reap for him a full share of the public patronage. nov 11 3t

FINE EATABLES.

P MARCOTTE informs the public, and his friends, that he has just opened, Conti street, corner of the passage of the New Exchange, a Magazine of delicacies, which will be continually furnished with the freshest articles.

A long experience in this kind of business induces him to hope for the patronage of those who think proper to honor him with their confidence.
nov 11—12t

THIRD MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the sitting of the Council on Thursday next, an election will be held for a collector of the tax on taverns, cabarets, &c to replace Mr F Percy, excr. deceased.
nov 11 J. B. S. St AMAND, Sec'y.

MARSEILLES Sausages, Gruyere cheese, 300 boxes of assorted salt provision; 200 baskets olive oil of the Pousset brand, Muscat wine, fine cordials, garlic and other articles recently imported from Marseilles by the ship Eleanor, for sale at the subscribers. P. MARCOTTE,
nov 11—6 Conti street

PUBLIC NOTICE.

MR BILFIELD, Portrait painter, either in oil colors or miniature, having returned to this city after a voyage to France, has the honor to inform his friends and the public that he will reopen his study at his former residence, 147 Royal st, between Toulouse and St Louis sts. nov 11

UNION BANK OF LOUISIANA.
New Orleans, 11th Nov., 1837.

PERSONS offering Notes for discount, are requested to hand them in before one o'clock— By order of the Board, MARTIN GORDON, Jr.
nov 13—6t Cashier.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber has the honor of informing his friends, and the public, that in order to extend his business, he has entered into copartnership with Mr Jules Mesnier, cabinet maker.

They will both be enabled by the association to execute faithfully all orders appertaining to their profession.

They pledge themselves to attend to the various departments of Carpet making, Decorators and Furnishers, they will take in order whatever may be the richness of the design [illegible], Draperies, Carpets, Hangings, &c. having a complete assortment of fringes, borders and every ornament belonging to their business.

They will likewise furnish every species of furniture such as armoirs, secretaries, [illegible] chairs, chairs, &c. moss, hair, feather and moss [illegible] mattresses, moveable and combination chairs and [illegible] for the sick and every kind of household utensil at the most reasonable prices.

They expect by the first arrivals a fine assortment of the neatest dry goods which they will dispose on the most moderate terms.

The subscribers trust that their efforts to please will be rewarded by a share of that patronage which Mr Mallard has so largely and munificently received.

N. B. The business of this firm will be transacted under the names of

S. MALLARD & JULES MOSSIER.
Royal st, between St Philip and Ursulines sts.
nov 8 3m

THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED [illegible]
Printers of the State, General Council, [illegible] of the First and Third Municipalities.

NEW ORLEANS:
TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 14, 1837.

☞ We learn with pleasure that Mr. LEBRANO SARPY has been elected representative of the parish of St. Charles, in the place of Mr. ALCEE LABRANCHE, appointed by our government, minister plenipotentiary to Texas. Mr. SARPY supports the views of the administration.

Yet Another.

On Sunday night the store of Messrs. Ellis, Daren & Co was forcibly entered by some of the scoundrels, who at present infest our city. Happily the strong box resisted their utmost efforts, and they were compelled to abandon their design nearly empty handed, having abstracted articles only to the amount of $30. Two candles which they had lighted, were discovered in the morning still burning. Where were the members of our able and highly efficient police at this time—strange that their *snoring* did not alarm the depredators. In one of the most public quarters of the city, a most audacious attempt at pillage is made of a bright moonlight night under the very noses of the watch men, and conducted in undisturbed security. Does this need comment?

Southern Mercantile Convention.

At the meeting of Southern merchants, lately held in Augusta, the report of the Committee appointed to ascertain what measures would most effectually accomplish the objects in view, was read by Mr. McDuffie. It is a document of some length and considerable ability, and recommends measures, some of which are the wisest as we think, that can be suggested, for promoting direct importation and exportation between the Southern states and Europe, altho' we cannot concur in the approbation bestowed by the report on the barbarous policy of the old Dutch East India Company in burning one half the spices produced in their possessions, in order to procure a greater sum for the remaining half than they could have obtained for the whole. This proposition is brought forward to induce the planters to refrain in future from the questionable policy of devoting their surplus capital to the purchase of additional land and negroes, thereby augmenting the aggregate amount of the cotton crop.—It is true, probably, as the report asserts, the present crop of 1,200,000 bales will sell for a larger sum of money than if it were 1,500,000 bales. Still this principle will inevitably fail, if carried too far, and who shall regulate the enterprise of American citizens? Capital will be devoted to the culture of cotton till some more profitable culture shall be introduced. The measure of diverting the surplus funds of the planters to commerce, recommended by the report, will never be generally embraced. Planters cannot suddenly become merchants, to say nothing of their aversion to commercial habits. A more natural and more easy method of preventing the cotton crop from increasing beyond reasonable bounds, without detriment to the interests of the planter, would be to introduce some other articles of cultivation. The growth of the mulberry and the vine have been ascertained to be as lucrative as any other agricultural production now raised in the United States—and numerous experiments have proved that the climate of the south and west is as well adapted at least to the mulberry as that of any part of Europe or Asia. If it be apprehended that the production of cotton will outstrip the demand for consumption, it is neither by burning one half the crop, nor by diverting the capital of the planters from agriculture to commerce, that the mischief can be averted. Such a proposition is neither philosophical nor feasible.

We are happy to observe that the Report recommends the completion of the great improvements which are to connect the southern sea ports with the valley of the Mississippi as one of the most effectual means of accomplishing the objects of the convention. Most certainly, by providing a safe and sure market for their productions, the people of the west will be induced to purchase articles for their own consumption in the southern ports, which again will hold out irresistible inducements for the direct importation of those articles. But we are gratified at this manifestation of zeal for the consummation of the great line of communication between the south and the west for another reason—that great work, more than any thing that could be devised by human wisdom and ingenuity will promote the permanence of the national union.

The Report enumerates the advantages possessed by the southern cities for the business of foreign importation, compared with those of the northern cities, and among these it states, to our amazement, that house rent is much higher in the north than in the south! This statement will surprise our readers in New Orleans as it has us. We believe the committee have taken too limited a view of the subject: they have probably looked to no other city than Charleston and New York: and in respect to these places the assertion may hold good. The commerce of Charleston was paralyzed first by the operation of the tariff of 1828, and afterwards by the apprehensions justly or unjustly entertained from the workings of the nullifying doctrine, and rents fell as a natural consequence. But it is far from being true, generally speaking, that house rent is lower in the southern cities than in those of the north. On this head of the advantages of the south over the north in the business of importation from Europe, the reasoning and facts of the report, in other respects, cannot be impugned. "Freight (it says) is habitually higher from Europe to the north than to the south, for the plain reason that ships coming to the south for cotton, would be obliged to come in ballast, if they were not loaded with merchandise. All other elements that constitute the cost of importation are believed to be as cheap in the southern as in the northern cities. When to this are added the expense of transhipment at New York or Philadelphia, the loss of interest, the freight and insurance to the southern cities, and the expense of landing and storing there, it will be apparent that the merchants of the south and south west will find it greatly their advantage to make their purchases of foreign merchandise in our own cities, in preference to New York or Philadelphia. The same course of reasoning will shew that our cotton can be exported directly from our seaports with similar advantages over the more circuitous route of the northern cities." These arguments are conclusive in regard to the natural advantages of the south. There are obstacles, however, which have grown up with time, to the consummation of the plans of the convention, which cannot be easily overcome. It is difficult to change the channels of trade when they have been long in use.—Importers, both American and European, have concentrated their capital in Boston, New York, and Philadelphia. Nothing but time and the certain prospect of superior advantages will induce them to place it elsewhere. It rests with ourselves in the south, and with ourselves only, to create, increase and continue a direct trade with Europe. A resolute, united and sustained determination on the part of our dealers and consumers, to give a preference on every practicable occasion, to goods imported by merchants residing in our own ports, is the only sure method of causing those goods to be thus imported—and it will follow as a matter of course, and it will be a powerful aid to the establishment of the direct intercourse so much to be desired—that the same men who act as our importers will be the exporters of our products. At present nearly all the European merchandise consumed in the western states are transhipped from New York and other northern cities.

In Louisiana, even in the city of New Orleans, a large proportion of the same kind of goods is procured in the same manner. A merchant in Vicksburg, will order his English or French goods from Europe to New York, to be reshipped there; and the vessel in which they are laden, will pass by New Orleans towed by a steamboat, a distance of 640 miles, to the place of destination; and we see the same ships return from Vicksburg, deeply charged with cotton, destined directly for New York or for Europe. This course of trade is unnatural and ought not to exist. It might be invidious to trace its causes in all their minutiæ. We may be permitted to say that the merchant of Vicksburg or Natchez cannot be supposed capable of an innate and predetermined hostility to the interests of New Orleans, any more than to those of New York. He unquestionably finds facilities and advantages in one course of trade, not to be found at present in the other, and in order to induce him to enter the market, which nature has indicated as the most advantageous, we must offer him facilities and advantages equal or superior to these which he derives from that which is more distant and circuitous. We must enable him to purchase his goods at as low a price and on as long credits as he can procure them elsewhere: we must at least offer him advantages to rival those which he obtains in the north, balanced and weighed down as the latter are by difference in the expense of freight, insurance and interest on capital, between a voyage direct between Europe and New Orleans, and a voyage from Europe to the same place by way of New York. This is the whole substance of the matter: until this object be attained it is idle to declaim on our devotion to the peculiar interests of the south.

Recurring to our domestic affairs, we had almost forgotten Mr. McDuffie's report. Another and a practicable means of establishing the desired intercourse is recommended by the committee to be sought in the creation of a connection and correspondence between some of the southern banks and English banks, by which each should have a standing credit with the other. "This (says the report) would enable the banks here to furnish the merchants who might wish to pay [for] those goods in England with letters of credit, upon receiving an adequate security. The bearer of such letter would have to pay interest only from the time he actually drew the money to pay for his purchases.—This would prevent the loss of interest which he would incur if compelled to provide himself with money before he set out on his adventure. Cotton purchasers from England would derive the same benefit by obtaining similar letters from the banks there, upon those of our own [illegible] which they should have an established credit."

Such an arrangement as this seems fraught with great and decided advantages to commercial correspondents on both sides of the Atlantic, and we fancy the idea was suggested to Mr. McDuffie by a practice by similar arrangement recently formed by his old friend Mr. Biddle, which latter, in the opinion of commercial men, is the most stupendous scheme of monopoly ever conceived, and as the trade to be thus exclusively possessed by the United States bank comprehends principally southern productions, it is the [illegible] which will bear the chief loss and pay the principal amount of tribute to that gigantic institution. The alarm of the southern members of Congress, evinced at the late session, at the project of granting a national charter to Mr. Biddle, was not chimerical. Mr. McDuffie himself was once a strenuous advocate of such a charter. It would seem from the language of this report that the film which faction had placed over his eyes has disappeared, and left him to enjoy the light of day. If the southern convention, of which he is the organ, can counteract the plans of the United States bank, pregnant with ruin to the vital interests of southern commerce and southern agriculture, it will merit the gratitude not only of every southern man, but of every man in every state of the Union, and Mr. McDuffie will share with Mr. Calhoun the honor of having endeavored to save their country from the worst calamity that ever impended over it.

The report proceeds: "If in addition to these facilities our banks would establish agencies in Europe and advance a limited amount upon cotton consigned to them, it would greatly contribute to accomplish one common object of enabling our citizens to export their own merchandize without the intervention of northern agents." This is an extension of the plan of establishing bank credits in England for southern importers, and it must be conducted with zeal, perseverance, ability and no parsimonious hand, to compete with the enormous capital and grasping spirit with which the United States bank has entered into the business for the exclusive benefit of her northern and English stockholders. If Mr. Biddle should be permitted to consummate his schemes, unchecked and uncontrolled by southern opposition, the fluctuations in the prices of cotton and tobacco, which have been witnessed in former years, were as nothing, compared to those which will be produced hereafter through his skill, adroitness and command over the market.

The New Orleans Commercial Bulletin absolutely possesses on the subject of politics but two distinct, well defined ideas. The first is, that all the evils with which we are afflicted—all the commercial distress of the country spring from the elevation of the democratic party to power—the second, that the sole panacea for these ills—the sovereign patent remedy for our embarrassments consists in the re-formation of a national bank. These are the constant subjects of the Bulletin's lucubrations—his daily thoughts, his evening dreams. Nearly every editorial effusion of that admirably conducted journal resolves itself into an attempt to elaborate and explain these two leading principles. The intellect of the journalist appears to belong to that contracted calibre which is susceptible of an isolated opinion, but totally incapable of tracing a logical sequence; or of viewing the relations existing between cause and consequence. His article of yesterday is a striking illustration of this truth—it abounds in groundless and unproved assertion; it gives to a coincidence the value of a deduction, and sapiently concludes that because the present financial crisis has occurred during the administration of Mr. V. Buren, it must necessarily be ascribed to the imbecility and ignorance of the government.

Now the Bulletin is but a type of the opposition in general. They have no universal principle—no views in common. They are not wholly united on any one of the important subjects brought before Congress at its last session. Perhaps the reorganization of a U. States bank is the only topic upon which there exists any thing approaching unanimity. Divest them of this rallying point, and the party becomes reduced to its original heterogeneous elements. They form a chaos from the confusion of which order and consistency have sprung in relation to this great, all-absorbing point. Without it, the diversity of faction would never have coalesced into the bold phalanx which they now present.

They term themselves the Opposition—well indeed has the title been deserved—they have contended hard for the honor, and they certainly have no inconsiderable claims to the appellation. If the most indiscriminate and baseless hostility to every measure emanating from the Administration—if a resolute determination to sustain no project, to advocate no proposal emitted by the friends of the Executive, constitute opposition, they are unquestionably privileged to grace their party with this cognomen. In their implacable enmity to democracy, they even sacrifice every consideration of truth and reason. No matter how sage, how provident, may be the plans proposed for general relief, if they spring from that loathed source, they are sure to encounter reprobation. In fact, their pass-word, and countersign, and device may all be merged in one word, Opposition—wild, senseless, indeterminate, but yet opposition.

The Commercial Ledger.

If we may estimate the intellectual improvement in our city by the increasing number of its journals, we should conclude that its progress is of the most cheering character. Two months since the Magnolia began to flourish, the Creole has lately presented its claims to admiration, and now the Daily Commercial Ledger offers its pages as a record of the times. This journal is conducted by Mr. North, already favorably known to the public as the editor of the only purely literary periodical we possess. The Ledger promises to cull for its patrons the latest commercial intelligence, without however excluding from its columns the pursuits of Literature. As an agreeable and useful *melange*, prepared by a gentleman to whose abilities we gladly bear testimony it will, we hope, be fostered by the mercantile community.

☞ We are considerably amused at witnessing on Sunday a dispute between two rival coachmen at the "debateable ground" corner of Camp and Canal street. Their clamorous vociferation, original and expressive oaths, and violent flourishes of the whip contributed not a little to the entertainment of the spectators. The ladies who perchance were passing along the thoroughfare at the time, retreated from the storm of obscenity that assailed them, while our valiant Jehus no whit abashed, continued their objurgation to the infinite relish of the by-standers.

Any gentleman fond of seeing a row, may be gratified by planting himself of a Sunday, especially at about 12 o'clock near the place described. His patience will not long go unrewarded.

Elections in New York.

By the last received Express we learn that the Electoral contest in New York has commenced. The slips of course teem with all the animation of an interesting canvass. That New York will not prove recreant to the great principles of republicanism, that she will not swerve from her former course, scarcely admits a doubt. We look with the keenest interest to the struggle now begun, and trust that we shall soon hail the triumph of Democracy in that powerful state.

Animal Magnetism.

This philosophical humbug has lately undergone a thorough investigation by a committee appointed by the Royal Academy of Medicine at Paris. The result was, as every sensible man may have anticipated, utterly condemnatory of the entire system.

Samuel Woodworth the destitute poet, and late beneficiary at the New York Theatre, was presented by the liberality of our President, with the sum of two hundred dollars. Mr Van Buren has shewn the native generosity of his heart in thus assisting indigent merit.

Theatrical.

On Sunday evening Peter Wilkins, and the Day after the Fair. In the former piece Holland was outrageously Tonny; the dense crowd of laughers by which he was surrounded, appeared to inspire him with a portion of their own glee. He caught sympathetically the merry strain, which he excited in his audience, and his performance was full of humour, quaintness, and comicality. But if as Nicodemus Crowquill this genuine comedian convulsed us with laughter, we may well despair of delineating the effect of his protean transformations in the Day after the Fair. Our jaws ache at the recollection—broad grins seemed to sit upon every countenance, every now and then widened into obstreperous mirth at some ludicrous sally. In short he was irresistible.

There is an ungenerous custom of *encoring* particularly prevalent among the loafers—it deserves to be put down. An actor has a tedious and difficult part to go through, in which he must sing several songs. Because these are executed with spirit—they must needs be repeated, or the tired performer is not allowed to continue. This is highly illiberal and unjust; applause is a sufficiently unequivocal demonstration of satisfaction, without resorting to forced repetitions which fatigue the actor, and deprive him of his energies before he has half concluded his personation of character.

By the by, the Orchestra revived a beautiful Overture on Monday evening—that of the Miller and his Men—true the Solos might have been better executed, but nevertheless we owe them something for the effort to please.

COLLECTORS OFFICE, New Orleans, Nov. 13, 1837.
To the Editor of the New Orleans Bee

SIR——In looking over the English side of your paper of this morning, I observed an editorial article, headed "Commercial Bank," in which you state, that through the funds and influence of the Collector of the Customs, the amount of specie required by the West India squadron, was obtained from the Union Bank. As my motto is, "Render unto Cæsar, the things that are Cæsar's," I beg that you will correct that statement, by saying that the Collector of the Customs had no agency whatever, directly or indirectly in obtaining the amount of specie said to have been furnished the West India squadron by the Union Bank. All I can say is, that h d the Treasurer's draft been addressed to me as the Collector of the Customs, instead of the Commercial Bank, it would have been promptly met in Mexican dollars.

Very respectfully,
I am sir, your obdt. servt.
JAMES BREEDLOVE, Col.

The opposition are resorting to all unfair means to create a belief that Martin Van Buren is a loco foco in principle, and that he would, if in his power, destroy all banks without hesitation. These assertions are both false, and, when reported by them, they know it to be so. In the first place we would ask if they can find any thing in the Message or principles of Martin Van Buren to justify the statement that he is a loco foco—which, as we understand, in the present acceptation of the term, is a man not satisfied with any thing as it exists, but is in favor of an equal distribution of property, an annoyance of the institutions of the country, and substitution of some monstrous and impracticable fancy of his own in their stead. He professes to be in favor of equal rights, equal privileges, [illegible] which will make him as rich, influential [illegible] consequential as his more industrious, [illegible] persevering, and thriving neighbor, [illegible] particular talents or exertion of his own. [illegible] a new Constitution, he desires [illegible] studies; that all debts should be [illegible] he should be superior to [illegible] should have no medium of exchanges but [illegible] the whole form of society and Government should be changed, and that they should have the privilege of concocting a better. He is a restless [illegible] mortal; and could he have all his heart's desire to-day, he would grumble to-morrow just as lustily as ever.

We would inquire of the learned and intelligent editors of the federal party wherein Martin Van Buren has advocated such principles; and we would further ask them to show us an extract from his late message from which they can torture an idea that he would destroy all banks? He recommends a REFORM in the present system, and we ask where is the man who would not?—*Delaware Gazette*

CHARLESTON, Nov 6.

The U. S. steamer Poinsett, Thrashen, arrived this morning, in 24 hours from Black Creek, with despatches. The ships Tuskina, from New York, Caledonia Brander and Jefferson, from Old Point Comfort, have arrived at Tampa Bay with troops. The Warsaw a three masted schooner ashore inside of the St. John's Bar. Spoke at anchor, outside of the Bar, herm, brig Boxer, of and from Boston, with government stores.—Spoke last evening, 25 miles N. E. of the Bar, herm, brig Token, for Boston, passed five other brigs standing East. The Express on yesterday, brought news of the capture, by the Mail Guard, of an Indian Chief, Olatimi o, and two other Indians, a few miles from Tampa Bay, Part of the Army are moving South.

We insert in another part of to-day's *American*, a very interesting article in relation to Kyan's mode of preserving timber from dry rot. In a country so deeply interested as our own in rendering wood in all respects the preferable material for constructing rail roads, the discovery here spoken of is one of the greatest consequence. Apart from its liability to decay, wood is certainly the best material of which to construct rail roads. Its adaption to framing, its abundance and its cheapness, all render it the best substance from which rail roads can be formed, in this country at least. The discovery is particularly worthy of the serious attention of rail road companies, as it must, if successful, bring about a new era in the history of these structures. On the examination of the article referred to, it will be found that the efficacy of the process of Mr. Kyan is attested by some of the most learned and scientific as well as the ablest practical men of England, and that their opinions are founded on the most ample trials. Iron and stone, however indestructible, are in many respects very inferior for rail road making to wood. Their unyielding nature causes great destruction to the cars and engines which pass over them, and where breaches take place the expense of restoring them is enormously great, whereas wood is easily put together, and if injured may be replaced without difficulty. Great as the superiority of wood may be for this purpose in other sections of our country, it is particularly preferable in the southern and western portions of it, where its abundance and consequent cheapness are so great. We most heartily commend the article to the perusal of all connected with rail road making, being convinced that the information which it contains is of the first importance. It is evident that the process described is not one of the ten thousand quackeries, which serve as a nine days' wonder and are then forgotten, and that its general adoption will do more to expedite the advancement of internal improvement than any other thing that could have been suggested.
Baltimore American.

EXTENSIVE SEIZURE OF COCHINEAL.

LONDON, Oct 3.

As long as temptation to an offence exists, so long will the offence be committed. We last week submitted a case of smuggling. Since then there has been an extensive seizure of Cochineal, not exactly a smuggling affair, but something very much like it.—On Thursday last Cochineal to the value of £7000, it is said was seized on the premises of parties who have for years been dealers and speculators in the article. The information was laid by a discarded servant who had formerly been a partner in the house, and who, it is said, put the parties in possession of a knowledge of the plan which they adopted to wrong the revenue. This discarded servant, who was a clerk in the house after he was a partner, then went on the Stock Exchange, and was unsuccessful, and is now we understand, labourer in the Docks. The practice to which this discarded servant put the house up, was to make the Cochineal heavier by a process, which can accomplish that object so that when the house took Cochineal out of bond, with the professed object of garbling it, they made it heavier, and got 4 or 5 lbs weight out of every bag before they returned it to the Customs. This practice has long been known to the trade of making Cochineal heavier. The pondsmen of the parties who have committed the offence are under obligations to the extent of £10,000. The reference has made the market for Cochineal very dull.

The above we have given on report. The trade have strongly condemned so extensive a seizure for so trifling an offence. The public condemn the practice of making Cochineal heavier in blacking it, and say it ought not to be allowed; and we have heard that government had compromised the affair with the house.

ANECDOTE OF THE BRITISH QUEEN.—Major Noah's Liverpool correspondent records the following anecdote of the youthful Queen Victoria: "Sir John Conroy is manager of the Duchess of Kent's household.—He is understood not to be in the best odour with the princess Victoria, and an instance occurred last week which shows her spirit, as manifested in a transaction of which he was the actor. The Princess wanted to send a favorite page to deliver a private letter to the Duchess of Northumberland, and was surprised not to find him in attendance. She inquired about him, and learned that Sir John Conroy had that morning dismissed him. She sent for Sir John; and demanded what had become of the youth; 'I dismissed him before breakfast,' said he. 'Then I recall him before dinner,' replied she. 'And sir John whatever you may think, I wish you to know that in my own house I am mistress.'"

From the New Haven Herald.

Dreadful attempt at Murder and Suicide in Woodbury—On the afternoon of Tuesday last an Irishman, travelling with a bundle, came to the public house kept by Mr. P. Marshall, in Woodbury—in this county, and some inquiries about the road—He left the bundle in the bar-room, and went to the office of Charles B. Phelps, Esq. an Attorney and magistrate of the district, to whom he said he had come to deliver himself, and went on to state a long incoherent account of losses he had received at Zoar Bridge, and Mumit's Bride, having been robbed of six dollars in money, a pair of boots and of having been chased through a corn field. Mr. Phelps supposing him to be intoxicated, referred him to Mr Judd, a Deputy Sheriff. He went off, but soon returned, divested himself of most of his clothing in the street, and again went into the office of Mr. Phelps, from which he was ordered out.

About half past six, he returned to Marshall's bar room, armed with a knife, where, without any quarrel or provocation, he assaulted a young man named Daniel Peck, inflicting three wounds on the breast and abdomen. He also attacked Mr. Marshall, giving him several dangerous wounds, in the abdomen. Mr. M. then gave an alarm, and fled into the drawing room where was mrs. Swift, the widow of Dr. Swift of Bristol.

The assassin followed and struck Mrs. Swift with the knife through the right cheek to the tongue, and again in the breast, which fortunately struck a stay busk, and thus lost its effect. Mrs. Preston, an aged lady, mother in-law of Mr. Marshall, hearing the alarm, came into the room, and was in her turn assaulted, receiving a severe and dangerous wound in the abdomen, from which the intestine protruded.—The assassin then attempted to find a door, where he cut his own throat, the knife passing near the carotid artery and the wind pipe.

Several persons had by this time assembled and attempted to seize him, but he resisted powerfully till he was knocked down the cellar stairs, where he entrenched himself behind the door, until a rope was thrown, by which it was noosed, brought to the floor, and bound.

The scene presented a shocking sight. Mrs. Preston it is thought is wounded fatally; Mr Marshall dangerously, and Mrs Swift severely; but not dangerously. Mr Peck is wounded in the lungs, perhaps fatally. The assassin was weltering in blood, but the extent of his wounds was not ascertained at 11 o'clock on Tuesday night. The letter from which we obtain the above particulars says, "It is probable he is a maniac, escaped from confinement. He said his name was John De Wise, or De Wirs, and was going to Vermont.

He is a perfect model of muscular vigor, and has probably been a soldier. He spoke of being shot by a Court Marial, and put himself in the attitude of that military punishment.

We are indebted for the above statement to a gentleman of this city, communicated to him by a friend who was a party concerned and an observer of the shocking scene.

Died,

At six o'clock, last evening, Mr. JOSEPH SABATIER. His friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend his funeral this day, at 4 o'clock, P. M., from the residence of Mr. Stephen Mazureau, in Royal street, near Canal street.

Mr. Sabatier was one of the most aged and respectable inhabitants of our city. In the time of our revolutionary war he had the honor to bear arms in the sacred cause of American freedom. Shortly after the ratification of peace his destiny led him to New Orleans, where a long life devoted to every social duty gained him the esteem and friendship of our whole population. A deportment always irreproachable, a character without guile and deceit, are guarantees for the regret and respectful remembrance of every citizen of New Orleans.

☞ Packet Ship Kentucky, for New York, having been detained for want of steam will leave the Levee this (Tuesday) evening at 6 o'clock. Passengers are requested to be on board opposite the Vegetable Market at that hour. nov 14

CERTIFICATE of deposit in New York for $1500 for sale by
SLAUGHTER, PICKETT & BANKS.
nov 14—6t

THE SUBSCRIBERS to the defence of the suits instituted by the heirs of John Poultney against certain inhabitants of the city of Lafayette, are requested to leave without delay the documents served upon them with the undersigned or with Mr. L. R. Kenny, at the Council Chamber of the city of Lafayette. Also a copy of the title under which they hold their property, Nov. 12, 1837.
R. LAYTON.
GEORGE DEPASSAU.
nov 14 3t E. CROCKER.

MACHINERY AND BRICKS, for sale.
7 Fly Wheels for saw shafts
5 Shafts, different descriptions
1 11 inch Cylinder new
1 small force Pump
1 first rate Corn mill 38 in. stones complete
13 Wrists, various sizes,
10 Pitman Straps, and a variety of other machinery, such as drums, cranks, pinions, rail road wheels, different descriptions, &c.
Also, 800,000 first quality country bricks. Apply to
nov 14 8t C HURST, at Hurstville.

ORLEANS INFIRMARY,

And Private Chambers for Sick Gentlemen,
Corner of Circus and Poydras Streets.

IN addition to the conveniences heretofore offered to strangers and the inhabitants of New Orleans, Dr McFARLANE has been so fortunate as to effect an engagement with Doctors J. M. W. Picton and Warren Stone, of the Charity Hospital, for their daily professional attendance at his institution.

The high surgical standing of these gentlemen together with their distinguished medical reputation, will thus render every department of the Orleans infirmary, as perfect as those of any other medical institution in the United States nov14—6t

300 Buffalo Tongues in store, for sale by
LAVILLEBEUVRE & WALTON,
nov 8 67 Magazine st.

LOUISIANA LEGION.
NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 31, 1837.

AGREEABLY to law, the Louisiana Legion will parade and meet on the Public Square, for an inspection review, on Sunday, 26th November, at 10 o'clock precisely in the morning.

Each commander of companies will furnish to the inspector an exact muster roll of the effective men composing their company.

The commanders of each corps are charged with the execution of the present order.

By order of the Brigadier General J. B. Plauché, commander of the Legion. D. AUGUSTIN,
oct31 Aid-de-Camp.

MARSHALS SALE.

B F. French vs McLeod and Armstrong.

BY virtue of an order of seizure and sale to me directed by the hon. J N Duncan presiding judge of the city Court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale on the 19th of December 1837, at one o'clock P M. at the New Exchange corner of St Louis and Chartres streets, two lots of ground in the suburb St Mary in the square bounded by Philippa, Hevia, Barronne & Girod streets, said lots measuring each American measure twenty five feet front on Philippa streets between Hevia and Girod streets, by sixty three feet ten inches in depth between parallel lines seized to satisfy the judgment rendered of the above case.

Terms cash. B BEAUREGARD,
nov 13 Marshall.

BY virtue of an alias order of fieri facias to me directed by the Honorable J. N. Duncan, presiding judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale on the 29th of November 1837, at one o'clock P. M. at the Exchange corner of St Louis and Chartres streets, 5 lots of ground in the suburb Duralde, designated as Nos. 16, 17, 20, 21 and 22 of square No. 25, measuring each 31 feet front on Independence street by 98 feet 9 inches and 4 lines in depth, seized at the suit of J L. Flurance.

This being the second and last adjudication, the above described property shall be adjudged to the highest bidder and sold on a credit of twelve months in bonds endorsed to the satisfaction of the Marshal, with 5 per cent per annum interest, and bearing mortgage on the property sold until final payment.
nov 13 B. BEAUREGARD, Marshal.

NOTICE.—Was lost on the 13th instant, a note of hand of the sum six hundred and sixteen dollars drawn by the subscriber at the order of a person whose name is left in blank in the body of the note. Said note is written in English and payable at the Citizens Bank. The word of Citizen is not well written. The note bears date 12th November, 1837. As it is to be presumed that they will try to negociate it, notice is given to the brokers and others not to receive it, as the payment has been stoped
nov 14—5t P. SONIAT.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

WAS lost or stolen at the subscriber's, Royal street, on Saturday last, between 7 and 8 o'clock P. M. a Patent Leaver Gold Watch, of the manufacture of Joseph Johnston, having a silk chain and a key representing a hand holding a pistol. The above reward will be given to whoever will return the watch.
nov 14—3t SAUVAGE.

D. CHIGE, Boot Maker, No 156, Chartres st., has just received per ship Lafayette, an assortment of boots made of soft skin. Dancing shoes, Varnished Bootines, Leather Broguins, Slipers &c of the newest fashion. nov 14—6t

NOTICE.

THE co-partnership here-tofore existing under the firm of Potier & Duperu, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. N. Duperu is alone charged with the liquidation of the affairs of the same.
N. DUPERU.
nov14 4t J. POTIER.
The business will be conducted by N. Duperu.

NOTICE—We the undersigned have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of transacting a general Commission Business in the city of New Orleans under the firm of Holt & Arrowsmith, Canal street, office No. 22 Museum Building.
GEO. A. HOLT.
nov 14—1w JNO. ARROWSMITH.

SALE AT COST PRICES.

THE subscriber informs the public that from this day he will sell at cost prices, the stock of dry goods of his store, No 81, Conde street, near St Philip street. P. PARCE.
nov. 14—8t

DUTCH HERRINGS—150 kegs fine Dutch Herrings, landing from ship Congress and for sale by BAILEY & ABBOTT,
nov 14 14 Bienville st.

150 Crates porter bottles on board the ship Tallahasse, will be sold low if taken from the Levee, apply to H C. CAMMACK & CO.
nov 14 Bank Alley.

PRIME BEEF—50 barrels received per steamer Lexington, for sale by
JOSEPH LANDIS & CO.
nov 14 14 Poydras street.

MESS BEEF—100 half barrels family Mess Beef landing this day, and for sale by
JOSEPH LANDIS & CO.
nov 14 14 Poydras street.

SPERM CANDLES—70 boxes superior sperm Candles, landing from ship Cincinnati, and for sale by HYDE & COMSTOCK.
nov 14

RED WINE in casks, and Brandy, for sale landing ex ships Talma and Vaillant, from Bordeaux.
R. A. LEFEBVRE,
nov 14 No. 10, Toulouse street.

HAY—450 bales on board ship Ann Mary Ann, from Portsmouth, in neat order, for sale by
nov 14 BAILEY & ABBOTT, 14 Bienville st.

POTATOES—250 bbls on board ship Ann Mary Ann, from Portsmouth, for sale by
nov 14 BAILEY & ABBOTT, 14 Bienville st.

WANTED.

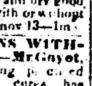
150 Shares Country Stock of Citizens' Bank. apply to C. HURST.
nov 14—8t

TO RENT

A house on the Carrollton Rail Road with about 40 acres of Land, 2 dwelling houses near the River, with all the requisite out houses, a steam saw mill now in complete order.

A Store—A Bake house and 10 other small houses: 4 cites suitable for wood, coal, stave or lumber yards situated in suburb Bouligny, Hurstville and Harlem. C. HURST.
nov 4—8t. at Hurstville.

STRAY HORSE.



WAS brought to the stable situated in Hospital street, between Royal and Bourbon sts, a grey Horse, with a long tail, and having no stamp. If said horse is not claimed in ten days, he will be sold on Saturday 25th November, by P. A. Guillotte, auctioneer, at the accustomary hour and place.
nov 14—10t

A DOG FOUND—A hunting dog, Spanish breed, was found on Monday last. The owner is requested to claim his dog at the subscriber, suburb Treme, Villere street, between St Philip and Ursulines, and pay the cost of this advertisement.
nov 8 4t E. ST MARTIN.

SHOT & BAR Lead—Constantly on hand and for sale by
LAVILLEBEUVRE & WALTON.
nov 8 17 Magazine st.

50 half pipes Cognac brandy, a sup rior article in store and for sale by
LAVILLEBEUVRE & WALTON
nov 8 17 Magazine st.

EXCHANGE on New York, for sale by
WM G. HEWES & Co,
nov 8 34 Poydras st.

OPENING OF A RESTAURANT,
94 St *Charles street, near the Theatre*

THE subscribers have the honor to inform the public and their friends that they have opened at the above place a Restaurant which will be supplied of the most delicate dishes that can be obtained in this market. Oysters served at any hour. They hope to obtain a share of the public patronage.
nov 7. L. CHARRIER & CO.

FOR SALE—Three very good second hand Cylinder steam boilers, together or separately, 22 feet long by 3 feet diameter.
J. & L. GIRARD,
nov 7 No 13 Conti st.

Book and Stationary Store of the Third Municipality.

THE undersigned respectfully begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has opened on the Elysée Camp, No. 23, between Levee and Victory sts. in front of the Pontchartrain Rail Road car house a book and stationary store where he shall keep for sale a complete assortment of the best articles belonging to this line of business.

The subscriber, having made his apprenticeship in one of the first establishments of this description in the city, hopes to receive, in consideration of his experience, activity and integrity, the patronage of the inhabitants of this municipality, and the public in general, patronage which he will endeavour to deserve in all respects.

☞ Orders for bookbinding and printing received and executed with dispatch and neatness.
nov 7 HERMANN HANKEL.

$10 REWARD.

STRAYED OR STOLEN, on Saturday evening the 4th instant, a Brown Pointer Slut, with a little white under the breast, long tail and ears, and due claws—answers to the name of MAB. Any person who will return the said slut at No. 58 Esplanade street, or give information where she can be found, shall receive the above reward. nov 7

ADVANCES, on shipments of produce to Europe will be made by
nov 7 M. DE LIZARDI & Co.

A LADY capable of teaching the French and English Languages, Arithmetic, Mythology, the use of the Globes and History, would find employment in a respectable family, on a plantation eight leagues above the city, where there is four or five young ladies to instruct.

For information, apply to Dr. Doussan, Frenchmen street, No. 11, opposite the mint. nov 8 4tlaw

GUNNY BAGS.—50,000 gunny bags in store and for sale by (nov 3) R. GRONING & CO

BROGANS.—9 boxes containing 500 pair mens brogans landing from ship Chester and for sale by (nov 3) R. GRONING & CO

DUBUISSON, Dentist,

BEING about to depart from this city, beg those to whom he is indebted to present their bills to be paid, and those who are indebted to him to settle their accounts. nov 7—3.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

Alexander Colman vs. Steamer Chief Justice Marshall

IN the District Court of the United States Eastern District of Louisiana.

By virtue of a writ of vendition Exponas to me directed, will be sold at the Exchange Coffee House corner of St Louis and Chartres streets in this city, on Saturday the 25th instant at 12 o'clock at noon. The Steam Boat Chief Justice Marshal, together with her apparel and furniture, seized in the above mentioned suit.
Oct 11 1837 J H HOLLAND
United States Marshal.

The said vessel lies on the opposite side of the river, and her Inventory may be seen at the Marshals Office. nov 11

THE CITIZENS BANK is checking on New York at sight
nov 4 J. B. PERRAULT, Cashier.

THE Citizens' Bank will purchase Exchange on London and Paris.
nov7 J. B. PERRAULT, Cashier.

NOTICE.—The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of LEBLANC & HAYDEL, being dissolved by the death of Mr. C. E. Haydel, the name of the above firm shall in future be used in liquidation.

He also informs his friends and the public that he will continue the commission business. He holds his office at No. 20 Toulouse street.
oct 18 A. LEBLANC.

FREE SCHOOL LOTTERY.

CLASS No 22.

To be drawn in New Orleans on Saturday 25th of November, 1837.
J. K. MEAD, MANAGER.
75 Number Lottery—12 Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 Prize of	$15,000	is	$15,000
1	do	5,000	"	5,000
1	do	3,000	"	3,000
1	do	2,000	"	2,000
1	do	1,570	"	1,570
10	do	1,000	"	10,000
10	do	500	"	5,000
10	do	400	"	4,000
15	do	300	"	4,500
170	do	120	"	20,400
126	do	80	"	10,080
126	do	40	"	5,040
126	do	20	"	2,520
3780	do	10	"	37,800
23436	do	5	"	117,180
27,814				$243,090

Whole Tickets [illegible] $5, Halves $2 50.
Quarters, $1 25

Packages of 25 tickets each, embracing all the numbers put into the wheel $125 warranted to draw $60, and may draw the 4 highest capitals: Packages of Shares in proportion.

☞ Office is now opened at No. 112, Chartres street, between St. Louis and Conti. nov 14

FAUBOURG WASHINGTON BALL ROOM.

The subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have rented the large and beautiful ball room of Mr Gagne, in faubourg Washington, for the purpose of giving subscription Balls and Military dinners.

Attached to this establishment, are billiard rooms and a Coffee House, in which will be found the best of Liquors and attentive bar keepers.

The subscribers will let no exertion be wanting to place their Ball Room both to the decorum and respectability of its visitors, on a par with any in this or any other country,—and therefore, with the more confidence indulge the hope that it will be patronized by the elite and fashionable of New Orleans.
J CAUVIN,
nov 13 E. SALVATORY.

TO RENT.

For one year, a double dwelling house situate on the corner of Treme and Bienville st. It may be occupied by one or two families: possession to be given on the 15th of November. Apply to G. H. Gladding, no 5, Marais st, near the Charity Hospital. nov13 3t

TO RENT

The dwelling house No 286 Gravier, near St Paul street, containing four rooms and two kitchens. For terms apply to
W. F. VIGERS & Co,
nov 8 30 Bienville st

Post Office, New Orleans,
November 7, 1837.

THE Law now requires that all postages by the EXPRESS MAIL shall be paid in *advance*.
nov 7 W B KER, P. M.

JUSTIN DUREL,

INFORMS his friends and the public in general that he has brought over from France a handsome assortment of

Choice Dry Goods,

all selected by himself in Paris. These goods will very soon be opened in his store in
ROYAL STREET,
nov 13 3t Between Toulouse & St Peter sts.

FOR SALE

A quantity of Glass Doors, all new, well finished, at very low prices. Apply at
nov 13 2t No 86 Toulouse st

FOR SALE

THREE Coaches and Cabs, at a very moderate price.
ALSO,
Cisterns for rain water. Apply to
A. BERTHELOT,
nov 13 6t Opposite the Paper Mills.

NOTICE.

JUSTUS VAIRIN having this day qualified as testamentary executor of the estate of Julius Vairin deceased, requests all persons indebted to the said estate, to make payments to him.
JUSTUS VAIRIN,
nov 13 3t Executor.

THE subscriber will have, at his cooper shop in Bourbon between St. Louis and Chartres sts. a constant supply of Molasses barrels which he offers for sale, apply at No 16 St. Louis street.
nov 13 3t G. GUTHE.

NEW JEWELLERY.

JUST received per Creole & Cincinnati, a splendid assortment of Jewellery and fancy goods consisting of

Ladies and Gentlemen's watches of all descriptions, do do gold and silver chains, diamond rings and breastpins, gold and silver pencil cases, gold, silver, and steel spectacles, gold, silver, and steel thimbles, silver forks, table and tea spoons, belt and pocket pistols, penknives, razor straps, and a variety of articles, too numerous to mention, which are offered at wholesale and retail, for cash on approved paper, by
L. MUH.
nov13 113 Chartres st
N. B. All watchwork is to be paid cash

Vacant succession of Joseph Cheyron.

THE creditors of this succession are invited to make themselves known, and to present to the undersigned at 92 Chartres st. a note of the amount of their claims and of the titles on which they are founded.
P GAILLARD.
FEUILLAS DERVILLE.
nov 13—3t Curators.

NOTICE—New arrangements having been made by the subscribers, the copartnership known in this city, under the firm of C. Aleix & Co. will from this date be conducted under the name of
nov 13 2t ALEIX & LIVAUDAIS.

STEARNS, BROWN & CO. offer for sale on accommodating terms the following articles—office No 76 Chartres street, up stairs.
Cognac Brandies, of J. J. Dupuy and E Rousseau brands
Bordeaux do various qualities and do
Champagne Wines, Joly's celebrated and de
Madeira and Claret de in casks, hhds and pipes
Anisette, 200 baskets superior quality
Sperm Candles, soap, starch, fig blue and expecting daily by arrivals from Europe and Havre an assortment of every article in the grocery and dry good line necessary to be imported either with or without debenture. nov 13—1m

RADICAL CURE OF CORNS WITHOUT THEIR RETURNING—Mr Guyot, already known in this city as having practised his art, and performed marvellous cures, has just returned to this city after having several neighboring towns, where his operations have been most successful, he offers to persons afflicted with corns, to cure them without the use of any cutting instrument, and in less than five minutes, without any pain being felt. He will call on those who may need his services, by applying at Mr. Jeanet in Conde street, at the old Ursulines convent. nov 13

UNITED STATES and Benois Bank Notes, for sale by ROBINSON & Co.
nov 13—4t 45 Camp st.

WHALE OIL—93 casks racked right whale oil just landing from ship Cincinnati, and for sale by WILLIAM G. HEWES & Co.
nov 13 No 34 Poydras st

IRON—A well assorted invoice consisting of best round square and rolled bar Iron—40 bales rod, 87 bales hoops, 90 bdles sheet iron, landing ex ship Michigan from Liverpool. J. HEATH & Co.
nov 11—3t Bank Alley.

PAINTS, TAR & OAKUM—The subscribers have in store and landing ex ship Michigan, from Liverpool—300 tins green in oil, 20 casks dry chrome green, 100 kegs, 150 tins black paint in oil, 50 bales oakum 50 casks coal tar, 2 tierces lampblack, 5 casks black, lead
nov 13—3 J HEATH, & Co. Bank Alley.

BILLS on New York; at 3 and 5 days sight, for sale by
nov 13 R. GRONING & Co.

SUGAR—120 hhds very prime sugar, landing and for sale by E. & J. ANDREWS
nov 13 32 Gravier st

EXCHANGE—Bills on New York, for sale by
E. & J ANDREWS.
nov 13 32 Gravier st

HAY—200 bales in store and for sale by
BAILEY & ABBOTT,
nov 13 14 Bienville st

POTATOES—75 bbls of excellent potatoes, landing for sale by. BAILEY & ABBOTT
nov 13 14 Bienville st.

WHISKEY, Bran, Linseed Oil, [illegible] lard, bbls. Prime pork, and Cider, for sale by
G. DORSEY,
nov 13 44 New Levee.

BACON SIDES—67 casks for sale by
G. DORSEY,
nov 13 44 New Levee.

EMPTY Bbls & Kegs—100 molasses bbls and 250 kegs for sale by
nov 13 G. DORSEY, 44 New Levee.

BUTTER—250 kegs landing from steamboat Buckeye, for sale by G. DORSEY.
nov 13 44 New Levee

FLOUR—500 bbls landing from steamboat Buckeye, for sale by G. DORSEY.
nov 13 No 41 New Levee.

LANDING ex ship Rubicon from Havre, and for sale by the subscriber,

100 baskets Champaigne wine, 50 cases Kirschwasher, 25 do Absynth, 100 do Cherries in brandy, from Babin Brothers, 100 do Chablis white wine, 25 do Dantzick brandy, 50 do Zara Maraschino, 10 boxes China Spittoons, handsome model and design, 25 cases Liquors in figured China Flasks, 600 do do in plain China flasks, 400 do do in large white glass bottles, 250 do currant syrup, in half bottles, 50 boxes Malaga grapes, in brandy.
R. A. LEFEBVRE,
nov 13 Toulouse st, near the Levee.

TO LET—A large store, together with an entresol, No 53 Conti street, between Chartres and Royal. Apply at the office of G. R. Stringer, No. 53 Canal st, or at No. 16 Rampart st. J. M. KENNEDY. nov 8 tf

TO LET—The two new three story dwelling houses in Phillippe street near the corner of Canal st; apply at No. 13 Exchange, Place.
nov 10 5t JOHN MINTURN.

CHARLES H. GRANT & Co.
NO. 46 CHARTRES STREET.

Keep constantly on hand, a large assortment of **ELEGANT & USEFUL FURNITURE, Mahogany, Maple, Fancy and Common Chairs.**

NOTICE.

PERSONS having claims against steamboat Merchant, are requested to present them for payment to H C CAMMACK,
nov 8 Bank Alley

OFFICE NEW ORLEANS FLOATING DRY DOCK COMPANY,

Corner of Camp and Common streets, Oct. 16, 1837

THE Notes of this Institution will be paid at the Exchange Bank.
oct [illegible] L. MATTHEWS, President.

E. H. BRUNET,
Auctioneer.
Office No 91 Common street. [illegible]

100 hhds Sugar superior quality for sale on the plantation by A. LEBLANC,
oct 18

DETAINED at the jail of the parish of St John the Baptist the two negroes named Davis and Harrison, who says to belong to Mr. Kenner. The owner is requested to claim said slaves agreeably to law. Parish of St John the Baptist, October 30th 1837. A. LUMINAIS,
n 4 3t Sheriff.

WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN well acquainted with the Dry Good Business, wishes to find a situation in the [illegible]. He can produce good recommendations. Apply at this office. nov 7—3,3aw

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FOR MANCHESTER. (Yazoo)
Vicksburg, Grand Gulf, Rodney and Natchez.

The superior and light draft steamboat Hinds, J. C. [illegible], master is now receiving freight and will leave on Wednesday [illegible] inst, at 4 o'clock p m.

For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply on board at Poydras street, or to
HYDE & COMSTOCK,
nov 13 18 Poydras st

FOR MANCHESTER (Yazoo)
Vicksburg, Grand Gulf, Rodney and Natchez.

The well known steamboat Bunker Hill, C. J Brenham master, will leave on tomorrow, Tuesday, the 14th inst, at 4 o'clock p m positively. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to HYDE & COMSTOCK,
nov 13 18 Poydras st

RED RIVER PACKET.

For Coates Bluff, and all intermediate landings.
—The new and very fast sailing steamboat Columbus, capt Howard, having a very considerable portion of freight engaged will receive immediate despatch. She has splendid accommodations for passengers—and as she will be regularly in the Red River trade and never meet with any delay in port; she may be worthy the attention of passengers and shippers.

For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
RAYMOND SAVAGE, & Co. Agent at
FRANKLIN AMES & Co. 48 Camp st.
nov 11

FOR CINCINNATI.

The superior light draft steamer Gen. Wayne Geo. C. Castleman, master, will depart from the above & intermediate ports, on Wednesday the 15th inst, at 4 o'clock, P. M. For freight or passage (having superior accommodations and furnished with a fire engine and iron tiller chains) apply on board at Poydras street wharf or to
JOSEPH LANDIS & CO,
nov 11 14 Poydras st,

FOR BATON ROUGE,
And all intermediate landings.

The new and elegant steam boat Brilliant, Thos Clark, master, will leave for the above and all intermediate landings, on every Wednesday and Saturday, at 8 o'clock in the morning, and leave Baton Rouge every Thursday and Sunday at the same hour.

The Brilliant will take all up freight, and down freight, only in the hold.

By this arrangement, coast passengers may rely on making a speedy and safe passage by day light, without the disagreeable necessity of travelling on a boat loaded to the guards with cotton.

All freight must necessarily be shipped on Mondays, Tuesdays and Fridays, as none will be received the morning of starting. In all cases way freight to be paid by shippers when the Consignees are not on board.

Freight landed at plantations, at the risk of the owners.

For freight or passage apply on board.

N. B—No debts will be paid by the boat, unless contracted by order of the captain.
nov 9—6m

For St Louis & Alton and all intermediate Ports.

The commodious steam boat Vandalia, capt Small is now ready to receive Cargo and will have early despatch, for freight or passage having very comfortable accommodations apply on board or to
nov 9 GODFREY BLOSSMAN & CO.

FOR GALVESTON BAY.

The splendid coppered steam packet Columbia, Capt John T. Wright, will sail from this port about the 15th inst for Galveston, and take passengers to the West end of Galveston for Velasco and Brazoria, leaving New Orleans hereafter for Texas, on the 8th and 22d of each month.

The Columbia left Charleston for this city, on the 4th inst, and may be looked for in a few days. For passage apply on board, or to
JAMES REED & Co,
21 Royal street.

☞ No births secured until paid for. nov 8

FOR BRAZORIA AND MARION, Texas.

The fine fast sailing packet brig Sam. Houston, Hinckley, master, having the most of her cargo engaged will have quick despatch, for freight or passage having fine accommodations, apply on board or to
nov 8 J. G. ROWLAND, 47 Old Levee.

FOR PITTSBURG, CINCINNATI,
Louisville and all intermediate ports.

The superior and fast running steamboat Marmion, J Stanley, master, is now receiving freight, and will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply on board, or to
HYDE & COMSTOCK,
nov 2 18 Poydras st

FOR NEW YORK—NEW LINE
Packet for Monday 27th November.

The ship ORLEANS, S Sears, master, is loading and will sail on her regular day as above; for amount [illegible]—For freight or passage apply on board opposite the Vegetable market or to
nov 14 FRANKLIN, AMES & CO.

No freight received on board after Saturday evening 25th. nov 14

FOR HAVANA.

The regular Packet brig Otranto, Capt Landon, will leave on Saturday next for the above port, will take freight in immediate application is made; she can also accommodate comfortably 14 passengers in her lower and upper cabin, apply to
nov 14 R GRONING & CO.

FOR MARSEILLES.

The ship Carolinian, Capt Bousquet, has the half of her cargo on board, and will take the remainder on freight, if early applications are made to the captain on board, opposite Spain st, or to No 168 Old Levee.

She can accommodate four passengers, having handsome accommodations. nov 13 6,3w

FOR PENSACOLA.

The fine fast sailing schooner David Moss, Smith, master, will leave for the above port, on Tuesday next 14th. For freight or passage, apply to HEFFORD & SORGENFRY,
nov 11 34 Common st.

FOR HAVANA.

The fine packet brig Ringleader, Capt. Hoffman, will positively sail on Monday next, can take still the bulk of 200 barrels, for which apply to
nov 11 R. GRONING & CO.

FOR HAVRE.

The superior and fast sailing A. I. ship Girard, J. L. Lambert, master, having the greater part of cargo engaged, will receive immediate despatch.

For freight of 200 bales cotton, or passage, having handsome accommodations, apply to
nov 11 LEVI H GALE, 92 Common st.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

The A. I ship India, having most of her cargo engaged, will be despatched immediately. For freight of 300 bales cotton, apply on board opposite Julia street or to GEORGE GREEN, 60 Camp st.
nov 10

FOR HAVANA.

The fine and fast sailing bark CIRO, Guthert, master, having the two thirds of her cargo engaged, will have immediate despatch. For balance of freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply on board, or to
nov 10 J. PRATS & SON.

FOR HAVRE.

The A I splendid fast sailing French ship l'Amitie, Capt Desclosse, having a large part of her cargo on board, will have quick despatch. For balance of freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to
BAILEY & ABBOTT,
nov 10 14 Bienville st.

FOR HAVRE.

The French ship Lafayette, a regular trader between New Orleans and Havre, will leave here on the 30th instant, precisely, under the command of Capt B Toussent. For freight or passage apply to the capt on board, or to
A. ST. GEORGES,
nov 10 St Louis st.

FOR HAVRE.

The fine A. I coppered and copper fastened brig Eutates, Capt Robbins, wants 250 bales cotton to complete her cargo, for which apply to R. GRONING & CO.
nov 9

FOR LIVERPOOL.

The A. I. ship Harold, Capt. Crowell, is now loading, and will meet with despatch. For freight or passage, apply on board, near the Upper Press, or to GEORGE GREEN,
nov 9 60 Camp st

For Matagorda & Cox's Point (Texas)

The fast sailing copper fastened and coppered schooner Mexico, Slater master, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will sail for the above ports positively on Tuesday next, the 14th inst.

For the bulk of a few bbls freight or passage, having excellent accommodation, apply on board, or to
nov 8 SAML. RICKER Jr. 26 Camp st.

FOR MATAMORAS.

The elegant fast sailing packet brig COMET, Capt. H. Dickinson, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will meet with despatch for the above port; for balance of freight or passage having two splendid furnished cabins. Apply on board, or to
M. S. CUCULLU, LAPEYRE & CO.
nov 7 27 Toulouse st.

FOR HAVRE.

The fast sailing A I. ship Vespasian, capt Windsor will have immediate despatch. For freight of 100 bales apply to L. H. GALE,
nov 6 93 Common street,

FOR NEW YORK.

The beautiful A I brig Boy, Captain Bart, is now loading up the coast, and will sail in a few days, for bulk of 20 hhds apply to
BAILEY & ABBOTT.
nov 6 14 Bienville st.

FOR SALE OR TO CHARTER—For Tampico, or all other Mexican ports, the fine schooner Water Witch, capt Dupere. Apply to A. CAPDEVIELLE & Co. nov 6

FOR BARCELONA—The fine fast sailing coppered and copper fastened Spanish polacre Eclipse, Capt Bertran, having most of her cargo engaged will have immediate dispatch.—For balance of freight or passage, having handsome accommodations, apply to
n 4 4t CUCULLU, LAPEYRE & CO.

FOR MATAMORAS.

The fine & fast sailing schr Emprease, Coll, master having part of her cargo engaged will have immediate despatch. For freight of 130 barrels or passage, apply to
nov 3 J. PRATS & SON.

BOOKS, BOOKS.

THE subscriber, on his arrival from Europe, respectfully informs the public that he has brought over a complete assortment of Books on all subjects, Jurisprudence, Medicine, Sciences, Literature, Travels, Novels, Classical authors for colleges, books for premiums, Albums for New Year's Gifts, &c &c. 1,600 volumes have been added to his Circulating Library.

Catalogues to be had GRATIS of all the books for sale or belonging to the Circulating Library.
ALFRED MORET, Bookseller,
No 139 Royal st.
nov 13 8t Between St Louis & Toulouse st

CARROLTON BANK.

THIS Institution has removed from the corner of St Charles & Canal streets to their new Banking House, Canal street, between St Charles & Carondelet sts. JNO. NICHOLSON,
nov 8 Cashier.

COAL—Cannel Coal just landing from on board ship Arab, below the mill [illegible] for sale in quantities to suit purchasers by E. & H. SOULIE, [illegible] street [illegible] street No. 277. nov 11

Sales at Auction.

BY M. BARNETT, Sr.

WILL be sold 16th inst, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange, corner of Chartres & St Louis sts, the mulatto boy Edward, aged about 18 years, good house servant, speaks French and English, warranted against all vices and maladies prescribed by law.

Terms—One third cash and the balance at 4 mos. credit, by approved notes to the satisfaction of the vender, and mortgage until final payment.
nov 14—6t

BY M. BARNETT SEN.

WILL be sold on Thursday the 16th instant at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange, corner of Chartres and St Louis sts.

The negro woman Nancy, about 25 years of age, tolerable French and English cook, good washer, since several years in the country, well acquainted with the taking care of children, and of a good disposition, guaranteed against the vices and maladies prescribed by law.

Terms—A note drawn and endorsed to the satisfaction of the vendor, bearing mortgage, until final payment, payable on the 1st of April next.

Act at sale before Wm Boswell Esq. Notary Public, at the expense of the purchaser.
nov 14

BY FERNANDEZ & WHITING.

ON Wednesday, the 22d inst, will be sold at the Exchange—Coffee House, at 12 o'clock.

The undivided half of 3 Lots of Ground, with the improvements thereon, situated in the city of Lafayette, in square 8 B, and measuring each lot 28 feet 1 inch and 14 lines front on Felicity street, and 120 feet in depth on St Amand st, upon which are two one story houses built in wood, with cisterns and other out houses, and well fenced in. The whole as per plan exhibiting at the Exchange.

Terms—$800 being the half of a mortgage due in February next, the balance cash.

☞ The sale positive.

Acts of sale to be passed before Louis T. Caire, Esq. notary public at the expense of the purchaser.
nov 14

BY FERNANDEZ & WHITING.

THIS DAY Tuesday 14th inst. at 10 o'clock, at their auction store will be sold
100 pieces Dundee bagging.
100 do Kentucky do.
20 cases diapers and 24 bales blankets.
And a variety of dry goods, clothing, boots, shoes, hats, furniture, wine and liquors. nov 14

BY J. LEVY.

WILL be sold without reserve, on Wednesday the 15th inst, at 11 o'clock, at No 51 Magazine st.

The stock in trade of a Wholesale Drug Store declining business, consisting of a great variety, among which will be found a large quantity of Paint and Glass.

TERMS—LIBERAL.

Catalogues will be furnished previous to the sale by applying at 53 Magazine st. nov 13

BY J. LEVY.
Syndic's Sale.

WILL be sold, on Thursday the 24th instant, at 11 A. M. at No. 53 Magazine street.

By order of the First Judicial District Court.

A quantity of Household Furniture, surrendered by Swain & Boule and J. W. Swain & Co.

Immediately after will be sold at the store of J. W. Swain & Co in Common street all the counting house furniture, iron railway and iron chest.
nov 13—10t

BY GEORGE Y. BRIGHT.
A Comfortable Residence for Sale.

WILL be sold on Thursday, 16th instant, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange corner of Chartres and St. Louis streets.

A LOT OF GROUND.

at the north east corner of the intersection of Spain and Craps streets, Third Municipality. The lot has 60 feet by 60 French measure, front on each street; at the corner there is a very commodious dwelling, containing four rooms, two cabinets and back gallery, the whole built of bricks between posts, in the rear there is a kitchen, well, &c. adjoining and standing back from the street, there is a new building of two stories, covered with slate, containing four rooms, gallery, &c. the whole in excellent order. The property may be examined.

Terms—6, 12 and 18 months credit, for notes endorsed to satisfaction & mortgage. Act of sale before Wm. Y. Lewis, Notary Public, at the expense of the purchaser. nov 10 6t

BY FERNANDEZ & WHITING.
84 cases Boots assorted.

ON Tuesday the 14th inst, will be sold at auction store No 20 St Louis st, at 10 o'clock a m.
22 boxes calf sewed boots,
16 do pegged kip do
15 do prime do French legged.
31 do assorted do
Terms—Cash. nov 10

BY S GUINAULT.

ON Wednesday 15th November, will be sold at the Exchange corner of St Louis and Chartres streets at 12 o'clock, the mulatress Mathilda since four years in the country; good cook, washer, ironer and house servant, guaranteed against the vices and maladies prescribed by law.

Conditions—4, 8 and 12 months credit in notes endorsed to satisfaction, bearing special mortgage until final payment.

The acts of sale to be passed before Joseph Cuvillier not pub at the expense of the purchasers.
nov 10

BY HEWLETT & CENAS.
Syndic Sale.

WILL be sold on Saturday 9th December next, at 12 o'clock, by virtue of an order from the Hon. the Parish Court, at the New Exchange, corner of Chartres & St Louis streets, bearing date August 19th, 1837, and under the direction of the Syndic, the following Slaves, surrendered by Harvey B. Skeels, and Skeels & Gosweiler to their creditors. The Negro woman Anne, aged 26 years, and her child aged about 8 months; good cook and house servant.
Terms Cash. nov 7

BY BACH & CALHOUN.
Syndic's Sale.

PURSUANT to an order of the Honorable the District Court of the State of Louisiana, will be sold at public auction, on Friday, 17th November, 1837, at eleven o'clock, in Esplanade st, between Moreau and Casacalvo streets.

The Moveable Property,

belonging to the estate of Mr John Egerton, consisting of a splendid assortment of household furniture, &c. &c.
Terms—Cash nov 7

DOCTOR EASTON,

Removed to No 13 Esplanade st. nov 8.

DOCTOR PIETON has removed to No 78 Canal street, between Royal and Bourbon. nov 3—4

DOCTOR GUESNARD,

FORMERLY House Physician at the Hospital of Paris, has the honor to offer his services to the public.

His residence is 345 Royal street, at the Architect's House. nov 10 2t

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber has removed his office to the corner of Canal and St. Charles street, second floor, in Mr Paulding's buildings.
nov 10 ISAAC T. PRESTON.

EXCHANGES ON PARIS AND BORDEAUX—For sale by
nov 10—6t J. SAUVINET.

REMOVAL—Slaughter, Pickett & Banks, have removed to Bank Alley. n 10

BANK CHECK on New York, for $2,540, for sale by BOWERS & BREWSTER,
nov 10 39 Canal st

WOOD AND COAL—The subscribers have made arrangements for a regular and constant supply of the best kind of fire wood and coal, are ready to furnish the public, and particularly private families on the most advantageous rates. Orders left at the book store of Messrs. E. Johns & Co, corner St. Charles and Common streets, will be punctually attended to. H. R. BENTHIEN & CO.

At present, price of wood per cord $7, delivered; coal per barrel. $1 58, do. nov 10 1w

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The co-partnership existing under the name of Goule & Lambert, has expired by limitation. The liquidation of debts will be effected by the two partners by agreement. Their office is situated in Hospital street, between Conde and Levee. Persons indebted to the concern are requested to come forward and settle their accounts, and those having any claims, to settle the amount thereof.
J. GOULE.
Nov. 9th, R. LAMBERT.

THE subscriber will continue the same line of business (Groceries) in his own name.
nov 9 R LAMBERT.

ESTATE OF REV. ADAM KINDELON.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of the late Rev. Adam Kindelon, are requested to present them duly authenticated, and those indebted to said estate are earnestly requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned, testamentary executor.
nov 10 EDWARD DUPLESSIS.

DR. HOUGH has removed his office to No. 6 Canal street, near the Episcopalian Church.
sept 7—3m

YOUTHS' & CHILDRENS' CLOTHING.—A large assortment of Youths' & Childrens' Clothing just received from New York—consisting of Cloth Frock & dress Coats, Jackets, Pantaloons &c. Childrens' Dresses of every description.
F. STRINGER & Co. 19 Old Levee st.
nov 9—6t,3pw

THE Medical Society informs the public, that a committee of the board, continue to vaccinate, and give gratuitous consultations to indigent persons, every Friday from one to three o'clock in the afternoon, in the room of its sittings, No. 163 Royal street, between Toulouse and St Peter street.
H. DARET, D. M. P. Secretary.
nov 8 -3taw.

THE RESTAURAT

IN Bank's Arcade will be reopened on Wednesday the 8th inst and will be constantly supplied with the best and choicest delicacies, the market affords.

Parties can at all times be accommodated with private rooms, and repasts served up at the shortest notice.

In soliciting the patronage of his friends and the public, the subscriber pledges himself that his own exertions in the superintendence shall be such as to give general satisfaction JOHN HEWLETT.
nov 6—12t

NOTICE—The subscribers have formed a copartnership for the transaction of a General Commission Business under the firm of Henshaw & Rogers, at No. 20 Old Levee Street.
New Orleans, 1st. Nov. 1837.
C. H. HENSHAW,
nov 6—13t E. G. ROGERS

NOTICE.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
New Orleans, Nov. 7, 1837.

THE Act of Congress passed on the 16th day of October last, authorizing the Collector of the Customs to renew duty bonds under certain conditions and restrictions, has been received from the Treasury Department. Such persons as have duty bonds laying over unpaid and wish to avail themselves of the indulgence granted by this Law are required to call at the office previous to the 25th day of the present month, and comply with the conditions of the act above cited, as on that day all bonds remaining in my hands will be put in suit. Those persons whose bonds were executed previous to the passage of the above Law and are not yet due are entitled to the renewal—Provided they make application and comply with the conditions within twenty days from the maturity of their bond.

Persons having goods in the Public Stores, subject to cash duty, are allowed to [illegible] the last day of the present month, are allowed to take them out by giving Bonds at 3 and 6 months with interest [illegible] date of the importation.
nov 8—6t JAS W. BREEDLOVE, Collector.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE subscribers have this day associated themselves under the firm of Daveezin & Doswell for the purpose of conducting Commission business in general.
Office in Gravier street, No. 34.
A. [illegible] DAVEZIN.
MILES DOSWELL.
nov 6—3t