TRADE AND COMMERCE.

EXPORTS.

Liverpool—Per ship Cato—1460 bales cotton.
—Per ship Gondola—1130 bales cotton.
—Per ship Lyons—1464 bales cotton.
Baltimore—Per barque Suwarrow—496 hhds sugar, 77 bales cotton, 300 boxes cheese.
New York—Per brig Retrieve—1 hhd, 166 tcs, 159 bbls molasses.
—Per brig Edinburg—295 hhds sugar, 21 tcs molasses, 1 bbl do, 46 bales cotton, 300 bbls flour.
Savannah—Per brig George Harvey—366 bbls flour, 140 do molasses, 150 do whiskey, 45 hhds sugar.
Philadelphia—Per brig Loretto—264 hhds sugar.
Norfolk, Va.—Per brig Dante—45 hhds bacon, 300 kegs lard, 336 bales cotton, 300 bbls molasses.
Pensacola—Per schr Elizabeth—assorted mdze.
Alexandria—Per schr Troubadour—175 bbls pork, 540 kegs lard, 24 bbls do.
Castine, Me.—Per schr Curlew—30 tcs molasses, 29 bbls do, 20 do beef, 67 do pork, 300 do flour, 75 kegs lard.
Mobile—Per schr Mobile—300 bbls whiskey, 41 hhds sugar, 101 qr bbls buckwheat, 100 bbls flour, 25 do pork, 40 do bread.
Falmouth—Per schr Hudson—465 bbls flour, 154 do pork, 334 sacks corn, 31 bbls beef.
Campeachy—Per schr Venture, (Mex.)—ass'd mdze.
—Per schr Atreviedo—300 bbls flour, and ass'd mdze.
Havana—Per steam ship Natchez—140 kegs lard, 132 bbls flour, 11 half bbls butter, 19 kegs do, 2 cases straw hats.

IMPORTS.

Liverpool—Per barque Messenger —77,160 slated, 2,600 sacks salt, 20,000 fire bricks, and merchandize to order—K Gamble, Stetson & Avery, E Harding, W & J Montgomery.
—Per barque New England—1300 sacks salt, lots earthenware and mdze—to Master, Clereson & Vies, and A & J Dennistoun.
Stockholm—Per brig Agder—786 bars of iron, and lot of mdze, to order.
Havana—Per brig Deborah—coffee, segars, &c.
Matamoras—Per schr Creole—$4000 specie, A Carodeville & co; $4800 Kohn, Daron & co; $5000 F Paricau; $100 A Chaegnier; $1900 A Mrzzola; 287 hides A Chaegnier; 847 do and 227 bales wool, W F Vigers & co.

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

Per steamboat Daniel Webster from Columbia—217 bales cotton, Bayley, Beck & co; 216 Burke, Watt & co; 140 P Hayes, 72 Andrews & Brother; 80 M White & co; 46 Nugent, Hopkins & co; 60 F M Weld; 30 Wiggin & Davenport, 3s N & J Dick & co; 33 J H Lovejch & co; 31 Buckner, Stanton & co; 30 Killey & Conyngham; 39 Martin, Pleasant & co; 20 Franklin & Henderson; 27 Oakey, Payne & Hawkins, 21 Payne & Harrison; 20 W Bogart & co; 10 B Hughes, 10 Pinckard, Huntington & co; 16 E Taylor & co; 14 M Maher, 11 Goodin, 11 Ringgold & Ferriday, 7 W Henderson, 2 H Hillman.

Per steamboat Norma from Ouachita—157 bales cotton Frierson, Dale & co; 48 E Tufts & co; 38 Yeatman & co; 20 J McKenry; 161 do, 1 bundle deer sk ns, 1 otter do, J R Connor, 20 bls cotton Brander, Williams & co; 1/9 Taylor Gardner & co; 177 A Ledoux & co; 36 D B Lanford; 30 Keys & Roberts, 74 S B Cobb & co; 8 Leuve & Bro; 138 Burke, Watt & co; 69 H M Hymes; 10 J W Millwell & co; 18 W R Glover; 20 J B Plauche & co; 37 C Toledano, 46 Lambeth & Thompson; 4 Follain, Belloeq & Degelos, 2 bundles peltries, 2 otter skins, A Montoyne; 46 deer skins, 7 bales do, &c, Andrew & Bro; sundries to sundries.

Per steamboat Chocchuma from Bayou de Glaze—170 bls cotton A Ledoux & co; 149 Rivard & co; 23 Follain, Belloeq & Degelos, 92 Peyroux, Arcieul & co; 29 J B Plauche & co; 35 Kirkman, Abernathy & Hanna; 4 S W Oakey & co; 10 C Toledano, 50 G M Lee.

Per steamboat Colorado from Lafourche, lat'r—9 hhds sugar F M Prudhomme & co; 25 do Flower & Finlay; 10 do Mosier & Masson; 16 do, 33 bbls molasses R Russell; 36 hhds sugar, 134 bbls molasses, 6 do syrup, Brander, Williams & co; 5 bbls molasses, 3 bls moss, G W Squires; 12 do cotton, P J Pavy & co; 33 do Brand & Landry; 9 do Gourdain & Bennett; 6 do C Toledano, 26 do Leuve & Bro's.

Steamboat Smelter from Nashville—1 cask oil M Pilcher; 3 hhds tobacco, 1 bbl jowls, 2 kegs sausages, 1 do lard, 1 cask bacon, 1 bbl beans, H Gray; 27 hhds tobacco, Hills & Sinnett; 16 bbls pork, 5 do hams, 3 kegs lard, W Bigerson; 1 hhd tobacco R M Dowde & co; 5 do J & D Ferhman; 3 do Price, Johnson & co; 11 do, 56 sacks corn, J Anderson; 11 bbls beans, Yeatman & co; 3 hhds tobacco, 29 bbls pork, A L Jones; 44 bales cotton, 9 hhds tobacco, N & J Dick & co; 1 box mdze. T R Hyde; 6 bales cotton F A Hardy; 39 hhds sugar, Flower & Finlay.

Per steamboat Por-lan from Bayou Sara—334 bales cotton A Ledoux & co. 104 J Bonner & co; 18 Burke, Watt & co; 124 M White & co; 150 Flower & Finlay; 92 J B Plauche & co, 56 Lambeth & Thompson; 86 R Dunbar; 13 G M Lee; 18 Taylor, Gardner & co; 8 Franklin & Henderson; 23 M Carother; 38 A Rivarde & co; 33 P A Hardy; 24 Oakey, Payne & Hawkins; 10 Peyroux, Arcieul & co; 34 J & L Garnier & co; 6 S B Cobb & co; 22 Barrett & Lepage; 9 Dubose & Richardson; 5 Curtis & Waites; 1 F Turner; 4 Smith & Condit; 3 A H Wallace & co; 5 Reynolds, Byrne & co; 27 G Green & Bros; 12 J R Conner; 2 Andrews & Bros; 2 H H Furman; 6 Ricker & co; 35 Flower & Finlay; 6 J Lallande; 120 bbls molasses, N D Chamberlin & co; sundries to sundries.

Per steamboat Emperor from Columbia—48 bales cotton, Armor, Lake & Walker; 12 A H Brown, 9 Burke, Watt & co; 71 Brander, Williams & co; 30 Bayley, Beck & co; 15 M D Coe & co; 191 M Carothers & co; 7 Doyle & Abrahams, 13 Frierson, Dale & co; 20 J Goodin; 365 Halsey & Bell; 51 W Henderson; 6 H G Heartt; 165 W J Johnson & co; 15 Keane & co; 15 Keys & Roberts; 29 Lambeth & Thompson; 35 Lookheart, Fears & Donegan; 36 M White & co, 47 to order; 41 R McDowell & co, 49 Martin, Pleasants & co; 58 M Maher; 13 Pinckard, Huntington & co; 75 Price, Johnson & co; 92 Payne & Harrison; 9 Taylor, Gardiner & co; 116 Ward, Moffit & co; 14 do 21 beaver hides, 2 bales deer skins, 1 live bear; 1 box mdze, Hall & Bien; 50 sacks corn, Reynolds, Byrne & co.

Per steamboat Baltic from Madison—196 hhds hams and shoulders, 630 bbls pork, 2 do tongues, 4 do beef, 3 do lard, 816 kegs do, J Fitch, 2 bbls mdze, Michel & co; 6 do castor oil DeBlanc & Castland.

Per steam boat Swallow, fm Cincinnati—108 bbls brandy, 12 do whiskey, J Landis & co; 20 do flour, 4 hhds bacon, 151 empty bbls, A Adams, Hartwell & co; 30 packs bale boxes, D P Scanlan; 184 bbls whiskey, 300 do flour, Curtis & Budenderf; 1 box specie Soult, Gray & co; 500 kegs lard, Stetson & Avery; 405 do, 13 bbls eggs, W Bigerson; 110 hhds bacon 75 tcs do, 24 bbls do, 1 box, Mahard & Bro; sundries to owners on board.

Per steamboat Teche from Baton Rouge—69 bls cotton, Leve & Brother, 63 Follain, Belloeq & Degelos; 7 G M Lee, 11 Brander, Williams & co; 5 A Blanchard; 7 N Beneist; 2 P J Pavy & co; 2 H Landry, 11 hhds sugar A Blanchard. 70 bbls molasses, Leuve & Bro; sundries to sundries.

Per steamboat Iatan from St. Louis—77 bbls pork, 13 do lard, 90 kegs do, W Bigerson; 33 bbls do, 27 green hides, 14 rolls leather, Whittemore & Cutler; 12 packs furs, P Laidlaw, 18 bbls flour, Bogart & Hawthorn; 2 hhds tobacco, H W Fortunet; 1 do Connelly & Elder; 1 do E Lawrence; 3 do A Frieur, 33 do J & D Ferhman; 2 do, 10 boxes do Small, 9 hhds do, 25 bales cotton, Price, Johnston & co; 2 hhd tobacco 7 boxes do, 15 bbls pork, J B Shaw & co; 11 boxes wine, T R Hyde & co; 2 packs M Doyle; 55 bbls beans, 1 do butter, 4 kegs do, 5 bbls castor oil, J U Lavillebeuvre; 10 kegs butter, E A Bridge; 30 bales cotton Lockhart, Fera & Donegan; 300 J D Cooper & co; 12 do G H Brown, 16 sacks oats, 642 sacks corn, 127 do potatoes, 100 bbls pork, 24 do lard, 50 kegs do, owners on board.

Per steamboat Chieftain from Cincinnati—4 casks bees wax, Arthur Fallon & co; 120 bbls whiskey, C Huston; 1 do flour, Layet & Amelung; 300 do Stetson & Avery; 56 do whiskey, Ford & Bickham, 140 do Mahard & Bro; 50 do Carking, T Butler, 371 co pork, J Bridge; 610 do B Loring; 182 Lambeth & Thompson; 504 do flour, R O Davis; 72 sacks, 4 half do, 21 hhds hams, C W Dana; 2 kegs lard, 54 bbls flour, H Rogers, 74 bbls clover seed, 6 tcs do, Adams & Hartwell.

Per steamboat Vienna, from Greenwood—77 bales cotton, Minturn, Chisholm & co; 114 do, 190 sacks cotton seed, Frank Brown; 215 bales cotton, N & J Dick & co; 24 Brande Williams & co; 112 Armor, Lake & Walker; 34 Andrews & Bro; 12 R McDowell & co; 651 Kirkman, Abernathy & Hanna; 43 Madlov, Pollard & co.

Per steamboat Comanche from Williams Landing—10 bls cotton M W Cooper & co; 80 Halsey & Bell; 100 Price, Johnston & co; 125 Minturn, Chisholm & co; 12 Maddox, Pollard & co, 52 Payne & Harrison; 58 Armor, Lake & Walker, 22 & J P Whitney, 78 R M McDowell & co, 26 H Keane & co, 4 Keys & Roberts; 6 P H Goodin & co; 111 do, lot of negroes, horses, &c, owner on board.

Per steamboat Ambassador from Cincinnati—128 bbls pork, 875 kegs lard, B Bridge & co; 274 do, 36 bbls do, 342 do pork, 151 do hams, W P Winchester; 440 bbls flour, W Bigerson; 843 do A & G H Wellington; 300 do whiskey, A B Four, 137 do pork, J Landis & co; 275 kegs lard, E W Dana, 94 hhds tobacco, J S Allison; 10 do J Stilwell; 4 do A L Addison & co, 14 do, 1 box honey, Price, Johnston & co, 6 bls cotton, Payne & Harrison.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Cato, Hallet, for Liverpool,	L H Gale.
Ship Gondola, Rennie, for Liverpool,	W Moore.
Ship Lyons, Agry, for Liverpool,	L H Gale.
Barque Suwarrow, Sleeper, Baltimore,	L H Gale.
Brig Retrieve, Franklin, New York,	J C Harrison.
Brig George Harvey, Gould, Savannah,	J H Ashbridge.
Brig Loretto, Henderson, Philadelphia,	Master.
Brig Edinburgh, Creok, New York,	E A Bridge.
Brig Dante, Stoddard, Norfolk, Va.,	S & J P Whitney.
Schr Elizabeth, Forsyth, Pensacola,	Master.
Schr Troubadore, Thomas, Alexandria,	J C Harrison.
Schr Curlew, Wescott, Castine, Me.,	S & J P Whitney.
Schr Mobile, Lewis, Mobile,	Master.
Schr Hudson, Clift, Falmouth,	J W Zacharie.
Schr Venture, (Mex.) Alsina, Campeachy,	S Fernandez.
Schr Atreviedo, Perry, for Campeachy,	S Fernandez.
Steam ship Natchez, Swiler, Havana,	S Nicholson.

ARRIVED.

Towboat Claiborne, Davis, from S W Pass—towed to sea ship Mohawk, brigs John & Edward, and Ivanhoe—brought up barque Jupiter and brig Agder.

Towboat Swan, Limbert, from S W Pass—towed to sea ship Creton, barque Clement, brig Heber—returned to town with barque New England.

Towboat Mohican, Heaton, from the Balize—with brigs Catharine, Deborah, and schr Tippecanoe.

Towboat Porpoise, Davis, from the Passes—with barque Messenger and schr Creole.

Towboat Mountaineer, Manside, from S W Pass—towed to sea brigs Pepita and Jasinto, and schrs Essex and Mount Moriah—came up light.

Barque Messenger, (Br) Taylor, from Liverpool, Dec. 25. to R G Rimeden & co.

Barque Jupiter, (Br.) Campbell; from Kingston, Jamaica, in ballast—to order.

Barque New England, Crocker, from Liverpool, Dec. 22 to master.

Brig Agder, (Norw'g) Kie, from Stockholm, Nov. 20—to master.

Brig Deborah, Handy, from Havana, Feb 3d—to master.

Schr Tippecanoe, Fildes, from Matagorda, Jan. 30, in ballast—to master.

Schr Creole, Delaville, from Matamoras, February 11—to A Carodeville & co.

Brig John Edmonds, of New London, at Slaughter house Point.

Steamboat Daniel Webster, Gates, from Columbia.
Steamboat Norma, Caldwell, from Ouachita.
Steamboat Chocchuma, Waring, from Bayou de Glaze.
Steamboat Colorado, Streek, from Lafourche, Interior.
Steamboat Smelter, Bellamy, from Nashville.
Steamboat Persian, Hart, from Bayou Sara.
Steamboat Emperor, Auter, from Columbia.
Steamboat Baltic, Bosworth, from Madison.
Steamboat Swallow, Anders, from Cincinnati.
Steamboat Iatan, Caton, from St. Louis.
Steamboat Vienna, Pat erson, from Greenwood.
Steamboat Comanche, Mason, from Williams Landing.
Steamboat Chieftan, Myers, from Cincinnati.
Steamboat Ambassador, James, from Cincinnati.
Steamboat Teche, Hooper, from Baton Rouge.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Caspian still on the Bar.

Steamboat Iatan left St Louis, 7th inst, reports weather extremely cold; 3 1-2 feet water in the Upper Mississippi and falling.

PASSENGERS.

Per schr Creole—P Pariana, Dr Isaac D Wright, W Young, B Vidal, A Lenomnie, L Cushman, T McDonald.

Per steamboat Daniel Webster—Messrs. Lightfoot, Vinson, G Owife, P Gwire, S McConner, Deard, Dr Lynch, T R Nugent, Cloud.

Per steamboat Norma—J N Brighton, lady and daughter, Col Friend, lady and son; B Jacobs, lady and child; Mr. Eaton, Major K King and lady, Miss Brighton, Mrs Warfield, Mrs Roland, Mrs Hemblip and son, J Washburn, Spears, Wells, Sandford, S Handy, J W Stockbridge, T Norsworthy, J Albert, W Adams, J R Ross, W R Cook, Owens, D Harvey, W Davenport, W Brown, S McCall, J A Coen, Williamson, B Temple, W Hancock, Levi, J W Willis, E Brady, Branch, Capt J R Ross.

Per steamboat Chocchuma—R Marshall, T Cullom, O Jeffrion, L Bordelon, G A Roberts, A Leavin, Z Leavin, C Bordelon, J Shrader, C S Castro, W Cappel, C J Bossain, J L Reed, J Belloe, J Garrett.

Per steamboat Smelter—Briggs, J Billings, N Patterson, J Dyer, Vancamp, Roberts, Hamilton and lady, E Bixby and lady, J Kelly, W Mills, W Ryan, T Joyce, S Churchman, J T Parsons and lady, Crockett, Young, Stratton, Aitchen.

Per steamboat Teche—J Here, P Ross, A Derbe, W A Skandle, M Dashiel, L Francis, Greaud, J Winters, J E Benny, Grease, M Etcheverry, C Lugas, Dr Fomento and lady, T P Hagan, C Perrett, Young, H Dupuy, N Landry, V Madere, Dubois, D Dupuy.

Per steamboat Iatan—Mr Hurt and lady, Mrs Johnston and children, Mrs C Keemle, Mr Wright, Donahue, G F Rogers, P M Alston, C Church, Fordore, E W Howery, N Jones, W Beam, S T Kin, A Belsel.

Per steamboat Ambassador—W H Gurton and lady, D Payne, A B Four, F M Smith, A O Sloe, E Carroll, C Bell, Moore, Bennett.

☞ Consignees of brig CHARLES, from Havana, will please take out permits and attend to the receipt of their goods. f12 J H ASHBRIDGE.

☞ During the absence of the subscriber, Mr. Fontamat & Co. will be the sole agent ... f12 P. E. MONTAMAT.

☞ A box marked "Mr. Gilbert Dupuis, Negt. rue Neuve St. Eustache, 36, Paris," and "A C T C, 10," was left by mistake of No. 10 New Levee about a month since. The owner can have the same by calling for it and paying for this advertisement. f13

NEW-ORLEANS BEE

OFFICIAL STATE PAPER.

BY BULLITT, MAGNE & CO.
At No. 81 Chartres street.

FOR PAPER, PUBLISHED DAILY, per annum, (in advance,) ... COUNTRY PAPER, PUBLISHED TRI-WEEKLY.

"Truth is omnipotent, and Public Justice certain."

FOR GOVERNOR

HENRY JOHNSON,

Subject to the decision of the Whig State Convention

NEW-ORLEANS:

MONDAY MORNING, FEB. 15, 1841.

The numerous friends of Mr. C. M. Conrad have obtained his consent to the presentation of his name to his fellow citizens as a candidate for the place in the delegation from the city of New Orleans, vacated by the resignation of Mr. C. Roselius. His friends call upon their fellow citizens to support his claims and ensure his election.

LOUISIANA.

☞ On our first page will be found the official proceedings of the Legislature.

We would inform the *Courier* that we will take counsel of its proprietors in speaking of the conduct of political bodies, when we are convinced that a native born American citizen should be guided by the advice of a St. Domingo refugee in matters of that nature. And at the same time we would add that when we "emigrated here" we came of our own accord, and from a state between which and Louisiana there subsist the most intimate commercial and political relations, as will be perceived by a walk on the levee, or an examination of the constitution of Kentucky, of which that of this state is almost a literal transcript.

The idea of our "daring" to impugn the conduct of a majority of the senate may be excusable enough in a person whose early political impressions were imbibed in the dominions of President Boyer; but we would assure our neighbor that we have very little compunction in condemning the acts of public men when we think they are wrong; and what is more, we have been taught from our infancy that when a feeling of civility such as the articles of the *Courier* evince, to men in high places, shall become prevalent, —the knell of liberty will have been rung. These opinions we got from the writings of Washington, Jefferson and the fathers of the republic, and we must be excused for not yielding them to the suggestions of persons who, driven by necessity, to our shores, would rule the land that sheltered them in their nakedness.

The *Courier* resorted to the disingenuous trick of giving a false orthography to a word in an article of ours, in order to display its critical acumen. Such conduct may be considered honorable in Hayti.

THE GAMBLING BILL.

Ominous title! comes up to morrow, in the house of representatives. At this advanced period of civilization, the bare statement that a bill to legalize gambling has been made the special order of the day in any legislative body in Christendom, is of itself, calculated to awaken the most painful curiosity. The progress of enlightenment, effacing from the statute books the stains that barbaric legislation left upon its pages, after a long resistance, triumphed over this most desolating and pervading vice. The high priests of the gaming house succeeded for a long time in resisting the appeals of offended morality, by pressing into the service of crime the enchantment of a refined civilization. The homely prayer, and repulsive aspect of insulted virtue, found little favor with the legislator, whose senses were bewildered by the blandishments with which a Crockford or a Frescati continued to invest the dens of iniquity. It could hardly have been imagined that a victory over a prevailing vice, so dearly purchased, would ever be thrown away; much less that a deliberate relapse into the debasing practise of authorised gambling should be proposed to the representatives of an enlightened state, with any chance of success.

When gaming was regarded as one of the appendages of wealth; when it was a luxury beyond the means of the humble; confined exclusively to those classes whom the political institutions of Europe invested with impunity in the violation of the obligations of morality and law, the legalization of the vice was not so terrible in its consequences. The propensity was limited to the priveleged few, who with the strong arm acquired the means of indulging it by a process little less criminal than gambling itself. But in a republican government, where example is contagious and the humblest individuals, possessing equal political advantage with the rich, take upon them the customs and ape the vices of wealth, authorised crime spreads its noxious poison throughout the entire body politic. The whole mass of society feels its baneful workings, and labor is paralyzed by the most painful species of vagrancy being dignified by the protection of law.

The advocates of licensed gambling, rely for argument upon facts which should be proved, and not taken for granted. The idea that there is more gaming under the present penal enactments than formerly, is utterly fallacious. That there are secret hells, no one denies; but they are frequented by those who would not be deterred from the crime by throwing around it the sanction of authority. Can any one suppose that such inveterate gamesters as lurk around the purlieus of the private faro bank; who skulk into dark corners to elude the vigilance of the police; who purchase the indulgence with fear and trembling, would turn from their evil ways when the sense of crime is taken from the act of shame? It is a false hope. Those who now resort to private establishments, are hardened in their courses, and would hail the passage of the law before the legislature as covering their profession with the screen of respectability. How many are there who would go to the gaming house, if it were not for the overwhelming feeling of guilt that sneaking into forbidden haunts inspires? The moral sense of the masses deter them from a vice which would no longer be regarded as such if the penalty were revoked.

The operation of licensed gambling would be to draw into the vortex those who would scorn to slink into nooks and crevices to be fleeced in secret; it would awake the passion in every breast in which it lurks. The air of respectability about a fashionable gaming house would win upon the imagination of youth; there would be appliances to stimulate the timid and charm the sensual; the display of gold would excite cupidity, and drink and music and feasting would not be wanting to attract every temper and all tastes.—Curiosity would take every body at some time or other to the establishment, and ensure the certain ruin of such as could notwithstand the most fascinating temptations.

On what grounds, then, can the passage of the law be justified? It is unnatural to suppose that a single person will be reclaimed; when it is certain that thousands would be made gamesters by it. Who would be benefitted except the prowling blackleg, who would strut in the full protection of a law that placed his trade of plunder upon the basis of every other profession? And is it for such that law makers are to legislate? Are the most dainty baits to be laid to catch the unwary that the thimble rig may be made a lawful trade?

But we are told that a revenue could be raised from licensing gaming houses. True! but does not that fact prove that the law should remain as it is? If there is more gaming now than when gaming houses were licensed, how is it that so large a fee is ready to be given by the gambler to be permitted to drive his craft in public? If licensing gaming houses had a tendency to suppress gambling, the gambler would be very clear of giving a bonus of $20,000 to open one. He would rather the law should remain as it is. Nor is the limiting the number of houses to have the effect desired. It may give a monopoly to a few in the thrift of fleecing respectable people, but private gambling will not be suppressed, unless it be taken for granted that the police of a faro bank is more effective than that of the state. The truth of the matter is this: As the law now stands *the blacklegs prey upon each other*. They are geting *cleaned out*, as they term it, and want the privilege of opening public houses that they may get a chance at society at large.

The objection to raising a revenue from this branch of crime is aptly put in the remonstrance of the council of the second municipality. The principle is the same as to license homicide. The legislature might with equal propriety put a glittering dagger in the hand of the assassin, and let him loose upon society with a license to stain it in the blood of our citizens. With equal justice might the incendiary light his torch with a statute of the state, upon the payment of his shekels of silver.

Why make an exception of the crime of gaming?—In what does it differ from other crimes? It is more terrible than assassination, as it is more diffused in effect. There is not a feature in the vice which deserves indulgence or protection. It does not even possess the merit of boldness which characterises other offences, to redeem it from utter detestation and disgust. If the legislature can find no virtuous means of sustaining the charity of the State, let them not resort to evil that good may come out of it. Let them not support the indigent at the sacrifice of society; far better to leave the interests to be secured by rolling gaming licenses to the spontaneous promptings of the public heart. It would be a withering charity to rob a revenue for the distressed by offering licenses to the fell spirit of gambling—a demon whose throne is raised with a widow's tears; whose ears are gladdened by the sighs of a broken heart, and whose plaything is the eternal soul.

Want of space excludes the communication of "*One who knows*" to-day. It shall receive the earliest attention.

☞ We are requested to state that P. N. Wood, Esq. is not a candidate for the legislature.

The *Omnibus*, of Sunday, states that a company of Spanish actors have arrived in our city, and that they propose giving a series of representations in the Spanish tongue.

[From the Detroit Gazette of the 1st.]

McLEOD—

GREAT EXCITEMENT AT LOCPORT.

We learn from several of our citizens who came home last evening from the east, that Messrs. Buel and Brotherson, citizens of Canada, were in Lockport on Wednesday, and proffered the required security ($5,000) for the release of McLeod.

This fact was at once known to the citizens of Lockport, who turned out *en masse*—planted a cannon in front of the jail—threatened its destruction if McLeod was released—got out a warrant to arrest him for theft, in case he *was released*—and threatened violence to the gentlemen who profered the security for his release.

This much had occurred up to 11 o'clock on Wednesday night. Expresses were dispatched, by the citizens, to the surrounding country, and hundreds were pouring into the village to prevent McLeod's release; and during the whole of the night, the town was in a state of perfect uproar—cannon firing—bells ringing, and drums beating.

Up to 10 o'clock on Thursday morning, McLeod had not been released, nor had the populace discovered the securities (Messrs. Buel and Brotherson) whom they threatened with violence. But when our informants reached Hamilton, an express arrived, stating that those gentlemen had been discovered during Thursday, and tarred and feathered; and that McLeod was still confined.

We hope that this latter information is exaggerated; and it is to be hoped that the whole affair will be less disastrous in its results than it has been violent in its beginning.

Benefit of the Orphan Boys Asylum.—The proceeds of the performance of the German Glee Club—an admirably organized musical association—are this evening to be devoted to the benefit of the Orphan Boys' Asylum. The soiree will take place at the Saloon of the American Exchange, at half past seven o'clock. There will no doubt be a large attendance.

☞ For the last few days the weather has been bright and beautiful. The sky has been as cloudless as in mid summer, and the sun has gladdened our citizens with its beams. The only fault we have to find with the weather, is that it is somewhat too windy, and clouds of dust—which Miss Landon appropriately terms "mud in high spirits"—annoy pedestrians quite seriously.

We have been pestered with requests to exchange by the editor of that fanatical print "The Charter Oak." Upon mature deliberation we have concluded to return his paper with an endorsation on the envelope, politely recommending him to go to—Coventry.

The Louisville *Journal* says that "as the South Carolina Legislature have voted thanks to Mr. Calhoun, for his consistency, they should now vote thanks to the *Globe* for its decency; to Amos Kendall for his gratitude; to Dr. Duncan for his sobriety; to Col. Benton for his modesty; to Isaac Hill for his eloquence; and to Col. Johnson for his taste in colars! They should likewise vote thanks to Mr. Van Buren for his sincerity; to Levi Woodbury for his sagacity and to Hugh Garland for his devotion to State Rights!

[FROM OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, February 2, 1841.

The committee appointed to ascertain and report a mode of examining the votes of president and vice president of the United States, made a report through the hands of Mr. Preston. The arrangement they have determined upon is as follows: The two houses of congress will assemble in the chamber of the representatives on Monday February 10th, at 12 o'clock, and the president of the senate shall be the presiding officer. One person shall be appointed a teller on the part of the senate, and two on the part of the house, to make a list of the votes as they shall be declared. The result shall be delivered to the president of the senate, who shall announce the state of the vote, and the persons elected to the two houses, as aforesaid, which shall be deemed a declaration of the persons elected president and vice president of the United States, and together with a list of the votes, be entered on the journals of the house. The report was adopted.

Mr. Ewing of Ohio arrived in this city to-day. He is in fine health and spirits, and reports that General Harrison, who is now approaching the city, is in excellent health.

The house passed a resolution to-day, agreeing to allow the Treasury Note bill to be taken out of committee of the whole to-morrow at 3 o'clock, P. M., and that it should be forthwith acted on, and finally disposed of by the house.

[OFFICIAL REPORT.]

LEGISLATURE OF LOUISIANA.

SENATE.

FEBRUARY 10, 1841.

Mr. Bossier President pro tem.

Continuation and close of the report of the debate on the *Election Bill.*

Mr. Hiriart said he differed in opinion, both with the senator from Orleans and the senator from Washita: but still more the last than the first. Without entering into the merits of the arguments of those gentlemen, he would make a few remarks on the provisions of the bill. In the first place, so far as elections in the country were concerned, it had been found necessary in some parishes to multiply the places for holding the elections. It sometimes happened, that a citizen assuming another name than his own, votes in several districts; without there being any means of detecting the fraud. Mr. Hiriart would say nothing about the elections in New Orleans. That task he would leave to the senator from Orleans, knowing there was no one more capable of discharging it. However, he must make a passing remark, that he could not, as the senator from Orleans had done, see any unconstitutionality manifestly, or implied in the rule for counting the votes at the close of each day's election. Probably it would be a very good expedient to limit the duration of elections to one day; but this measure could not prove more efficacious in the city than in the country. It would be powerless against fraud. Men are passionate and weak every where; and reprehensible actions are to be expected from such men.

It has been said, that strong and well-locked ballot boxes would prevent frauds; but facts had demonstrated the contrary. Besides, he thought the bill now before them was very defective in many of its provisions, and little calculated to effect any reform. Mr. Hiriart repeated, that there would be nothing unconstitutional in counting the votes daily, but there might be serious inconvenience. When a candidate advertised how the poll stood on the first or on the second day, and found he was in the back ground, who could tell to what a heighth his own or his his friend's manœuvres might be carried. Are not means of every kind resorted to at elections—is it not then that the passions become most excited. Repressive measures are talked of; but do we not know that laws avail as little against betting on elections as they do against gambling. There are men who bet enormous sums on the result of an election at which they are not candidates. Will it not be admitted that such men would not hesitate to exert the same means if they were candidates themselves? The effect of the section before them would be to make men more perverse. The senator would have wished to reconcile the different views of his colleagues, but he does not see how it can be done. Undoubtedly the best thing they could do, would be to find a substitute; still he did not feel competent to drawing up one *ex abrupto*; a month, rather than a day, would not be more than time enough. It was essentially necessary to devise ways and means for hindering unqualified voters from approaching the polls. Their admission was no better than a robbery of the most precious of all rights—the right of suffrage.

Mr. Walker was disposed to join with the senator from Washita in defending the bill under discussion. His regret at seeing the course taken by the opponents of the bill is fully equal to the high esteem in which he holds its opponents. One thing was evident from this discussion, and that was, the law now in force was a bad one, and some remedy absolutely necessary. The discussion of the bill should not then be abandoned, for it was certain, as the senator from Washita had remarked, that they would not have time to discuss it next session. On the score of election abuses, Mr Walker had some facts to lay before them, going to show that in more than one instance frauds had been committed in counting the votes. He would refrain from comment, but the facts were within his own knowledge, and many of his fellow citizens viewed them in the same light he did. It was in vain that laws were passed for keeping public officers within the line of their duty—Such laws would always be found a dead letter. Mr. Walker agreed with the senator from Washita upon all points but one—the vote by ballot. Mr. Walker desired nothing so much as to see the voting done *viva voce*. Then would the electors be truly independent—then would the door be closed against fraud.

On this score, he differed in opinion with the senator from Iberville, who thinks there would be as many frauds afterwards as before. No doubt it would be a desirable thing to have the elections over in one day; but it could not be done, on account of the distance some of the voters had to travel, and the badness of the roads. The situation of the working man should also be considered, as he could not abandon his calling on particular days. As for the security of the ballot boxes, it amounted to nothing; for sometimes it became a difficult matter to find even competent men to preside in the different election precincts. At times the ballot boxes are abandoned to the steadier deputy sheriffs or constables, who carry such boxes to their own houses during the night, before the votes are counted; again, he must say, the present law was defective, and a remedy was wanted.

Mr. Walker proposed to postpone further debate on the bill to some other day, or to refer it to a committee.

The bill was then made the order of the day for Monday next.

SENATE.

FEBRUARY 11, 1841.

Mr. Dupre, having asked for and obtained a dispensation of the rules, introduced a bill fixing the number of assessors in and for the parish of St. Landry.

The senate then took into consideration the bill to prevent inundations of the river at New Carthage, in the parish of Madison.

Mr. Sparrow said, that he considered it his duty to briefly explain to the senate, the reasons which had induced him to ask the appropriation intended to be made, by the bill now under consideration. He felt, he believed in common with every member of the senate, the necessity in the present exhausted condition of our treasury, of strict and rigid economy; and that he would not feel that he was faithfully discharging his duty to those who sent him here, or to the state at large, if he asked for, or sanctioned any appropriation, however small, when a reasonable doubt could exist of its justice or necessity.

He did not believe there could be a difference of opinion upon the importance of the work contemplated by the bill before the senate, nor that the citizens of that portion of the state had a just and equitable claim upon the common fund, for a part of the means necessary to accomplish it.—The district which he had the honor of representing on this floor had a front on the Mississippi river of near three hundred and fifty miles, and nearly the whole extent had been levied within the last ten or fifteen years, by the almost unaided labours and contributions of its citizens.—The state although owning as he could show to the senate, upwards of fifty thousand acres of land within its limits, had not with the exception of the balance of sixteen or eighteen hundred, for a few months, given any assistance. Many of the river, and large and substantial levees had been built upon them. He could say without the fear of contradiction that the school lands in the parishes of Concordia, Madison and Carroll, which composed his district, and that those lying in the alluvial portions of the parishes of Ouachita, Caldwell, Catahoula and Avoyelles of which there were many thousand acres, had been improved in nearly the same proportion. He had with great care made an estimate of those works, which he had been enabled to do with some accuracy from his personal knowledge of the country, from the mouth of Red River, to the northern boundary of the state, and he had found at the very lowest calculation, half a million of dollars had already been expended upon them. Others had estimated their cost at double that sum, which if more than the sum already expended, certainly was not as much as it would be necessary to lay out, before the levees were completed so as to secure the country entirely from the annual inundations of the Mississippi. The work for which this appropriation was now asked, was a small part of what was yet to be done.

The senate when informed of the situation and extent of this crevasse would see at once the necessity of adopting speedy measures to stop it.—New Carthage, the point on the river where it has been made, is situated on a large bend of the Mississippi; which has been caving in on or near for many years. Immediately in the rear of the town, and now within one hundred and fifty yards of the river, and running parallel with its shore is a lake of considerable depth which discharges itself through the Bayou Vidal, and a low swamp upon the elevated lands of the Tensaw and other Bayous. The crevasse is in the ridge of high land between the river and this lake, and was made in the year during high water. An immense body of water rushes through it with irresistible violence and during the last spring thousands of acres of land were inundated and the consequence of it entirely inundated, which would have been perfectly secure if it had been stopped. Amongst these the school lands, and the college lands which have been recently located on the state, on the Tensaw river suffered severely.—The size of this crevasse and consequently the damage it might do must be expected to increase daily, and that he had no doubt but the levee which would have to be built, running in the rear of the lake at such a distance from the river that it would be permanent, would cost two or three times the sums asked to be appropriated. The bill provides that the difference between the amount appropriated and the cost of the work should be borne by the inhabitants and they would cheerfully and readily bear the whole expense, and be unwilling that he as their representative here should ask any assistance from the state if they did not believe as a large proprietor of lands in the district, it should in common justice bear a portion of the expense necessary for their protection and security. He would not stop to show what that portion would be exactly, but he would say with confidence it would be ten times the amount asked by this bill.

It would be impossible for any except those who have had opportunities of personally observing the effect of the Levees and the Mississippi, and the mouth of Red River, to estimate their value to all the alluvial lands in that part of the state. Thousands of acres of land which had until within the last few years been considered as irreclaimable swamps, are now esteemed as our best and most productive land, and are settled by intelligent, industrious, and enterprising citizens. The value of the school lands alone has been increased several hundred thousand dollars. His friends the honorable senators from Ouachita and Rapides, who were intimately acquainted with this part of the state, could, he had no doubt, confirm the correctness of what he had said in the course of his remarks.

That the state should bear a portion of the expense of the works necessary for the protection of lands of which it owns a considerable part, could not be doubted, and he felt confident, now that the senate was informed of the great increased value which had been given to the lands belonging to the state, by the labor and money expended by his constituents, in the construction of Levees, and of the necessity of the work proposed by the bill now under consideration, that the small appropriation which was asked would not be refused.

Mr. Downs felt it to be his duty to support the motion of the senator from Concordia. However the improvement question might be regarded, an appropriation of such general benefit to the State could not be refused. They should recollect that three-fourths of the land in that section would be soon offered for sale, when the State would receive five per cent on the amount of sales. They should remember that the State was morally bound by the obligations which attached to the nature of, because The work to be done at the expense of the State was trifling, when compared to that which the planters were compelled to make at considerable sacrifices. By these works the lands were improved, and intercourse facilitated between different sections. Every principle of justice required that the State should come to the relief of the planters in this case. These works were loudly called for, and regarded as indispensable in that section. The bill should be adopted.

Mr Walker was also of opinion that the bill should pass. He had resided for some time in that section of the State.—At that time, most of the land was annually overflowed by the water of the Mississippi, and nobody appeared disposed to purchase. Now things had changed; very many plantations were to be seen on the banks of the river, whose owners had been at great expense in constructing levees, etc. The improvements along the borders of Black river were particularly remarkable. What the State had done for that section was trifling indeed compared with the work undertaken and finished by the planters. It is true, the State is embarrassed in its finances; but still he must vote for the appropriation, as the work was imperiously necessary, and it was no more than right the State should have it done.

The bill passed.

The senate passed the resolution for the purchase of certain newspaper files.

The senate also passed the bill for compensating the parish judge of West Feliciana.

[COMMUNICATED.]

To the Editors of the Bee:

The numerous and fatal accidents which have occurred, by persons falling into the river, whilst in the act of going on board of vessels during dark nights, induce me to suggest to the public authorities, the expediency of adopting and putting into execution the following ordinances:

1st. That it shall be the duty of each ship-master, to cause to be placed in a secure and firm position, one or more strong planks across his vessel's deck amidships, so that the same may furnish a straight line of communication with the vessel alongside, and planks to be furnished by the wharfinger, on the requisition of the master or captain of the vessel.

2d. That each ship-master, or captain shall be required to suspend a brilliant lamp from the starboard main shrowds, as near in a line as possible with said planks, and elevated above them about 10 feet, on the occasion of dark nights, or when the moon is not visible.

3d. That each vessel, having both one or more vessels distant from the wharf, shall be required to suspend a longitudinal fender on the starboard side amidships, and directly under said planks in a horizontal position.

4th. That for each and every contravention of any of the above ordinances, the party offending shall be liable to a fine not exceeding $10, to be recovered before a court of competent jurisdiction, to and for the use of the treasury of the municipality, within whose limits such infraction may have been committed, or such fines may be levied and applied in aid of the public charities.

feb 15 JUNIUS.

LOTTERY.

Messrs. Editors—The notice given in your paper on Saturday, that the Attorney General would at once proceed to prosecute the Lottery agents and ... here who sell tickets, has induced ... to state to the public that we are acting under a vested right, and that the penal laws are unconstitutional in our case, as we will show it you in its allow us space in your paper.

In 1830 an act was passed, incorporating the French Evangelical Church Society of the city of New Orleans and approved March 21, by D. Johnson, governor.

This act, creating certain persons named therein a body politic and corporate under the ... in the ... shall during the ... which ... and ... Section 31 of that act gives ... to the trustees, to ... 2000 dollars by lottery, to be applied to the erection of a suitable building for public worship ... for ... purposes of the society for which ... is granted. Section 4th, Full power is given to the trustees to appoint managers, &c, with the powers of ... of the same as they shall deem it necessary to form and to do all things for the complete attainment of the object of their appointment. Section 5th. And be it further enacted, "That the trustees, managers or commissioners aforesaid shall have power to sell or in any other manner dispose of the privileges herein granted them to any person on such terms as they shall deem most expedient." Under this 5th section of this act of incorporation—a contract has been made with D. S. Gregory of New Jersey, who for the privileges, which the trustees have the power to confer upon him—guarantees to the trustees the full amount, in a stated term of years, which is payable semi-annually; this contract ends in 1846, and with two good and sufficient securities, in the amount of 5000 dollars, has been given by D. S. Gregory, for the faithful and honest fulfilment of his part of this contract.

Art. 1st., section 10, of the Constitution of the United States says, "no ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts shall be passed"—and the same section is a part of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, Code of Louisiana, article 436, says, a corporation legally established may be legally dissolved 1st, by an act of the legislature, Provided when the act of incorporation imports a contract on the faith of which individuals have advanced money or engaged their property, it cannot be repealed without Providing for the reimbursement of the advances made, and making full indemnity to such individuals.

Now, Messrs. Editors, we have shown in as few words as possible, our rights are vested ones, guaranteed us by the Constitution of the United States and of Louisiana.—And any law passed making it penal to fulfil our contract, is unconstitutional and of no force, and a decision on this very point has been made by the Supreme Court of Louisiana; see Louisiana Reports, page 395, vol. 14. "we are of the opinion," say the Judges "that the law of 1838 incorporating the Montpelier Academy was in the nature of a contract between the state, the trustees, the rein named and the donors of the property to that institution; and the acts of 1834 and 1836 above cited, are repugnant to the Constitution of the United States, and of the State of Louisiana."

They tell us we shall be prosecuted for proceeding to fulfil our contract, and the Legislature have three several times passed acts making the offence punishable by fine and imprisonment; is it possible that our Constitution, and the Code of Louisiana is so little known to our law givers?—We hope the prosecuting attorney, will pause before he proceeds to call a grand jury on this point, and see it he will insist upon putting us to the expense of defending ourselves and our vested rights in the Criminal Court.

Very respectfully, your ob't serv'ts,

D. S. GREGORY & Co.

☞ The attention of the public is invited to the fourth large monthly package credit sale of dry goods, clothing, hats, boots, brogans, &c, which will commence this day at 10 o'clock, and will be continued on Tuesday and Wednesday, 16th and 17th inst; at the warehouse of Isaac Bridge & Co. 124 Magazine street, by A. Fernandez, auctioneer.

Messrs. Editors of the Bee.—Please announce our worthy fellow citizen L. U. Gaiennie, as a candidate to supply the vacancy, occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Roselius. His services in the Legislature are too well known to require any encomium. JUSTICE.

MARRIED—On Thursday evening last by the Rev. Abbé Moni, Mr. Dido Eugene Moreno to Miss Louisa Emily Grivot, second daughter of the Hon. Judge Wm Grivot, all of this city.

LATEST DATES.

New-York	Feb	1	London	Jan	6
Boston	Jan	30	Liverpool	Jan	7
Philadelphia	Feb	2	Paris	Jan	4
Washington	Feb	2	Havre	Dec	30
Baltimore	Feb	2	Bordeaux	Dec	29
Charleston	Feb	6	Mexico	Jan	2
Havana	Feb	1	Tampico	Jan	5
Houston	Feb	1	Vera Cruz	Jan	26

Commercial.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

From the Louisville Price Current.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 6.—The river has risen since our last. There is now 20 feet in the channel, and the water rather on the increase.

Bagging and Rope—Are as quiet as at our last. We have heard of no sales; we quote them nominally at 20c and 8c. Arrived this week of bagging, 301 pieces; shipped, 96 pieces; stock on hand, 7,704—Of rope, 530 coils—Shipped, 80—Stock, 5,591.

Bacon—Has arrived more freely and declined in price We quote hog-round at 5 @ 5½ cts.

Coffee—Is firm at our last quotations. We hear of a sale of 100 bags Rio at 12½—40 do. at 12 c. Arrived this week, 446 bags.

Flour—Since our last some small lots have changed hands at $3 50.

Lard.—Stock heavy, without any other than a retail demand. We quote 6 @ 6½ cts.

Lead—Scarce, with small demand. We quote pigs 5½ @ 6 c, bar, 6 @ 7.

Molasses.—Stock increasing. Sales at 25 @ 27½. Arrived this week, 261 bbls.

Pork—Is held nominally at $11 for mess and $9 for prime. Sales could not be forced at more than $10 and $8 00.

Sugar.—This article is firm at our last quotations; we hear of a sale of 75 hhds firm 1 6c. cash, and of several small lots at 6½c, some on time with interest added one sum for cash. We quote 6 @ 6½c; rons king that a prime article only will bring our highest figures. Arrived this week, 2 1 hhds.

Tobacco.—This article continues to command in the city and at the different shipping points on the river fair prices. It is one of the staples of Kentucky, and we are gratified to learn that the crop of 1840 will yield three millions of dollars.

Whiskey—Common from wagons, 16½c.

BY AUTHORITY

No. 17.

AN ACT

To establish two additional election precincts in the Parish of Claiborne.

Section 1st. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in general assembly convened,* That there shall be two additional election precincts in the parish of Claiborne, one at the house of Thomas Applewhite on the west side of the bayou Dorcheat, and one on the North side of the Bayou Durbone at the house of John Quinn.

Section 2d. *And be it further enacted, etc.,* That this act shall be in force from and after its passage.

(Signed.) WM DE BUYS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed,) P. E. BOSSIER,
President of the Senate,
Pro. tem.

Approved, February 10th, 1841.
(Signed,) A. B. ROMAN,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

No. 18.

AN ACT

Granting to Samuel F. Maines the right of building a toll bridge across the Tchefoncta River, in the Parish of Tammany.

Section 1st. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened,* That Samuel F. Maines of the Parish of St. Tammany shall have authority to erect a Toll Bridge across the Tchefoncta River in said Parish, at or near a point on said River known as Thompson's Ferry.

Section 2d. *Be it further enacted, etc.* That after said Bridge shall be complete, it shall be the duty of the president and members of the Police Jury of said Parish to inspect and examine the same, and if found by them to be a good and sufficient Bridge so as to enable wagons, carriages, horses and foot men to pass with safety, then said Samuel F. Maines shall be entitled to demand and receive the following tolls and no more, viz:

For a wagon and team,	50 cents.	
For a four wheel carriage,	50	do
For a two wheel carriage,	25	do
For carts, drays, etc.,	25	do
For man and horse,	12½	do
For a footman,	6¼	do
For each head of cattle,	5	do
For each head of sheep, goat of swine,	1	do
For each single horse,	6¼	do

Section 3d. *Be it further enacted, etc.,* That from and after the completion of said bridge, no bridge or ferry shall be licensed within one mile of said bridge, neither shall any person cross over said river any wagon, cart, carriage, man, horse, cattle, sheep, swine or goats for a price, within the said one mile under the penalty of ten dollars to the use of said S. F. Maines, for each violation of this act.

Section 4th. *Be it further enacted, etc.* That if any person shall wilfully injure or deface said bridge or any part thereof, he shall on conviction before any court of competent jurisdiction, pay to said S. F. Maines double the amount of damages, which he shall have sustained, and a fine of ten dollars for each offence, for the use of the Parish, recoverable before any justice of the peace of said Parish.

Section 5th. *Be it further enacted, etc.* That the privilege granted by this act, shall continue for the term of ten years, after which time it shall revert to the parish for the use of the public, and shall not be subject to a State or Parish tax for that time.

Section 6th. *And be it further enacted, etc.,* That the privilege granted by this act shall be null and void unless the said bridge be completed within ten months from the date of the passage hereof, and unless the said bridge be kept in a good, substantial, and safe condition for travelling or transportation during the said time.

(Signed.) WM. DEBUYS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed.) P. E. BOSSIER,
President of the Senate,
Pro. tem.

Approved February 10th, 1841.
(Signed.) A. B. ROMAN,
Governor of the state of Louisiana.

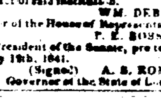
No. 19.

AN ACT

For the relief of the Montpelier Academy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened, That the Treasurer of the state of Louisiana be and he is hereby instructed to pay over to the Montpelier Academy, by warrant drawn by the President of said Board, all the monies due to the said Academy which have been withheld during the pending of the suits between the said Boards, for the contract of said institution.

(Signed,) WM. DEBUYS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
(Signed) P. E. BOSSIER
President of the Senate, pro tempore.
Approved February 12th, 1841.
(Signed) A. B. ROMAN,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.



COUNTER ORDER.

Head Quarters, 13th Feb. 1841.
1st Division

Whereas the election is to take place on the 22d inst., by virtue of the Proclamation of his Excellency the Governor of the State, the review announced for that day, is deferred to Sunday, the 28th February coming.

By order of the Major General commanding the first division. f15 A. CUVELLIER, Adjutant,

Mr. BLANCHARD, DENTIST, who has resided several years in this city, has returned with the intention of resuming the exercise of his profession. Mr Blanchard has lived five years in Paris, and during his residence in that city was the associate and successor of Mr. Bouquet dentist to the King.

Mr Blanchard has established himself in St. Louis street, between Royal and Bourbon, No. 60, where he may be found every day from 10 to 3 o'clock.

His residence at Paris is No. 45 Richelieu street, cabinet of the king's dentist. f15 6t o d

THE public is informed, that the Copartnership heretofore existing between Messrs. Fauchier and Fernandez is dissolved, and that the subscriber is alone charged with the liquidation.

f15 FAUCHIER.

ST. LOUIS BALL ROOM.

NOTICE.—The subscribers to the Fancy Society Ball, to take place on the 21st February, are requested to take their tickets at the office of the Ball Room, and to present the demand for admission which they may desire to the committee of admission, during the three days preceding the ball. f15 3t

THE Consignees of goods brought by the barque A'acio, Capt. Rogers, of Bordeaux, are requested to take out permits, and take possession of their goods at the New Levee, opposite St. Philip street, and that on Monday next, the goods for which they have not yet obtained permits ... f16

HERBAULT, FROTERS, Agents.

WOOD WANTED—A contract will be made for thirty cords pine wood, delivered at the steamer Persian every week. Apply to captain Hart, on board, to

BOGERT & HAWTHORN,
or STETSON & AVERY.

NOTICE.—Tumblers—120 packages cut and plain; 300 water jars, containing from 1 to 6 gallons; tureens with porcelain, &c, &c; for sale by the subscriber, No. 42 Conti street, and No. 166 Old Levee. f13

J. COULON & Co.

MADAME JONC, MILLINER, No. 32, Chartres street, has the honor to inform the ladies and the public in general, that they will find in her store an excellent assortment of hats, caps, bill dresses, flowers, ribbons, very rich shawls, merinos, mousseline de laine, calicoes, cravats, and a great number of different articles, which she will sell for a very moderate prices. f15 1t

SUNDRIES—1000 pieces German bagging, 43 inches wide; 375 pieces Dundee bagging, 45 inches wide; 300 pieces German tow bagging, 24 inches wide; 70 coils Manilla cordage, from 1 to 8 inches; 600 coils tarred cordage, from 4 to 6 inches; 1000 boxes Bordeaux claret; 100 boxes sauterne; 100 boxes assorted cordials; 450 boxes anchovies, capers, olives, &c; 75 half pipes J. J. Dupuy brandy, 4th proof; 110 hampers Madeira bottles; 200 baskets champagne; 400 bbls Monongahela whiskey, 170 bbls N O rum; 150 pieces brown holland; 300 pieces brown rolls; 100 pieces sail cloth; 50 bbls alum, 25 bbls Epsom salt; 5 casks madder; 100 packages imperial gunpowder tea; 200,600 Havana segars, Regalia, Canones, and small segars; 12 boxes chrome green; 6 cases indigo; 25 bales cloves; 15 kegs nutmegs, 150 kegs black pepper; 1000 boxes negro pipes, 50 bags race ginger; 300 Westphalia hams, 340 coils hemp and tow line and houseline; 75 corts hamberline; 100 boxes hock wine, 1817, 1830 and 1834, 30 hampers sparkling wine, 50 packages dry goods; in store and for sale by

f15 O H MIESEGAES, 24 Old Levee.

GUIZOT'S ESSAY ON WASHINGTON, &c.—Essay on the character and influence of Washington, in the Revolution of the United States of America. By M. Guizot. The History of the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire, by Edward Gibbon, Esq, a new edition with maps and notes by the Rev. H H Milman. Just received and for sale at the New Orleans Stationers' Warehouse.

f15 NORMAN, STEEL & Co, 11 Camp street.

SPERM CANDLES, OIL, &c.—460 boxes New Bedford sperm candles; 300 gallons bleached winter sperm oil, 75 boxes Boston mould candles; 20 casks roofing zinc; 16 cases sheathing copper, from 14 to 24 oz., 6 casks sheathing nails; 200 sheets brazier's copper, from 15 to 70 lbs; short and bar lead; 10 large casks, suitable for stand casks, 160 bris pecans, for sale by WALTON & COCKAYNE,
f15 28 and 29 New Levee.

ROOFING—A general assortment of roofing materials in store, viz: slates of all sizes and of the best qualities, copper, sheathing, and braziers of various weights, leaded plate, tin plate, and galvanized plate, which is offered for sale in lots to suite purchasers, on reasonable terms, apply to f15 LYALL & DAVIDSON, 150 Rampart st.

CANDLES 700 boxes New Bedford sperm candles; 150 ditto Nantucket; 100 ditto Kendall's composition; 50 do New Bedford tart pressed, and 100 ditto mould in store, and for sale by
WM C TOMPKINS & Co, 56 Gravier st

DRY GOODS 25 cases 3 4 and 4 4 bleached sheetings; 25 bales 3-4 brown sheetings; 10 cases blue, black and fancy coloured prints; 10 bales tickings; 5 cases Rouen cassimers, and 3 do checks, in store and for sale by
f15 W C TOMPKINS & Co, 59 Gravier street

WOOL AND HIDES—Landing from schr Creole. 227 bales superior wool; 647 flint hides of superior quality, for sale by W F VIGERS & Co.
f15 20 Bienville st

BANGOR SLATE — Just arrived per ship Martha Washington, from Liverpool 33,000 large ladies 16 by 10, and for sale on accommodating terms, by
f15 LYALL & DAVIDSON, 150 Rampart st

BUCKWHEAT, BUTTER, &c.—300 qr and eighth bbls buckwheat flour, 150 boxes Goshen cheese, and 60 kegs choice Goshen butter, in store and for sale by
W C TOMPKINS & Co, 59 Gravier st

FLOUR—1500 bbls for sale by
CLYMER, BRITTON & SWIFT
f15 48 Tchoupitoulas street

NEW BACON—In fine order, for sale by
CLYMER, BRITTON & SWIFT
48 Tchoupitoulas street

LARD—465 kegs in store, and for sale by
CLYMER, BRITTON & SWIFT
f15 8 Tchoupitoulas street

WHISKEY—125 bbls rectified, for sale by
CLYMER, BRITTON & SWIFT
f15 48 Tchoupitoulas street

CANDLES—200 boxes sperm candles, and 3, 0 boxes of tallow sandles, for sale by WM GRANT
f15 28 Customhouse street

HAVANA COFFEE—6 0 bags prime green Havana coffee, in store and for sale by
f15 J ROBERT & Co, 3 Magazine st

HAVANA SUGAR—75 boxes white and 30 do brown Havana sugar, in store and for sale by
f15 J ROBERT & Co, 3 Magazine st

HAVANA SEGARS—300,000 of all kinds and qualities, in store and for sale by
f15 J ROBERT & Co, 3 Magazine street

WINES—Catalo in red wine, in casks, Malaga dry and sweet, do in casks and bbl, in store and for sale by
f15 J ROBERT & Co, 3 Magazine st

SEGARS—A general assortment of Havana segars in store and for sale by
J M CABALLERO, 32 Old Levee

TIN PLATE, landing from ship Martha Washington—250 boxes tin plate 13x crown brand for sale by
f15 PRIESTLY & BEIN, 19 New Levee

FLOUR 150 bbls superfine (baker's) landing from steam boat Iatan, and for sale by
f15 BOGERT & HAWTHORN, 63 Gravier st

THOMASTON LIME—500 casks landing in fine order, and for sale by
f15 G BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st

EXCHANGE on New York in sums to suit purchasers for sale by WM C TOMPKINS, & Co,
f15 69 Gravier st

BEEF—Mess and prime, for sale by
f15 C DOANE, 69 Poydras st

BEANS—150 brls, for sale by
f15 C DOANE, 69 Poydras st

GOSHEN and Western Butter, received and for sale by
f15 C DOANE, 69 Poydras st

LARD—For sale by
f15 C DOANE, 69 Poydras st

OLIVE OIL—100 jars in store and for sale by
f15 J ROBERT & Co, 3 Magazine st

SEGARS—81 bls common American segars for sale by
f15 WM GRANT, 28 Customhouse st

COFFEE—Havana green coffee in store and for sale by
f15 J M CABALLERO, 32 Old Levee

GUAVA JELLY in store and for sale by
f15 J M CABALLERO, 32 Old Levee

SPANISH AND MEXICAN DOUBLOONS—600 for sale by f15 J ROBERT & Co, 3 Magazine st

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AMUSEMENTS.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.

STAGE MANAGER—MR. G. H. BARRETT.

Master DIAMOND'S BENEFIT, and positively his last appearance.

Mr S. JOHNSON, the celebrated comedian and vocalist, from the New York theatres, has kindly volunteered his services for this night only.

Four pieces on the same night
Monday, February 15, will be presented the admired comedy of

HIS LAST LEGS.

O'Callaghan, ... Mr. G. H. Barrett.
Master Diamond will perform ten extravaganzas and dances.
After which the farce, for the first time, of the
VIRGINIA MUMMY.
Ginger Blue, ... Mr. S. Johnson.
To be followed by the new farce entitled
H B
Overtures to Le Pre aux Clercs and the Barber of Seville.
The whole to conclude with the extravaganza called
THE MASQUERADE
of the
NEGRO DOOR KEEPER.
Door keeper, ... Mr. Johnson.
Mademoiselle Elsler, ... Master Diamond.

AMERICAN THEATRE.

MANAGERS—LUDLOW & SMITH.

Last night of the re-engagement of Mrs. FITZWILLIAM,
And last night but one of MR. J. B. BUCKSTONE.

Monday, February 15, Buckstone's new drama of the
BANISHED STAR, Or,
A Leaf from the Life of an Actress.
Charley, ... Mr. Buckstone.
Four characters by Mrs Fitzwilliam, who will introduce several new songs.
After which, (last time) the monopologue written by Mr Buckstone for Mrs. Fitzwilliam, called
WIDOW WIGGINS;
OR, MUSIC MAD.
Six characters by .... Mrs. Fitzwilliam.
The whole to conclude with
THE IRISH TUTOR.
D. O'Toole .... Mr. J. Green.

ST. LOUIS BALL ROOM.

LAST CHILDREN'S BALL.

Families are respectfully informed, that there will be on Wednesday next, 17th February, 1841, at the St. Louis Ball Room,

A CHILDREN'S FANCY BALL,
followed by
A GRAND DRESS BALL.

The children's ball will commence at 5 o'clock, and terminate at 9. The grand ball will begin immediately afterwards.

Although the children's ball is announced as a fancy ball, those who may be attired in fancy costume will be nevertheless, admitted.

Price of admission, grown persons, ... $1 00
children, ... 50

After the children's ball, servants cannot enter the ball room. f15 3t

ORLEANS BALL ROOM.

The subscriber will open his Ball Room on Saturday evening, 7th November, by a

MASQUERADE BALL,

and will continue every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, thoughout the season.

Gentlemen, ... $2 per ticket.

MITAUD

A CHANGE OF DAYS!

WASHINGTON AND AMERICAN BALL ROOM,

St. Philip st. between Royal and Bourbon sts.

GRAND DRESS AND MASQUERADE BALLS, Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings, for white persons altogether, and on Monday and Friday evenings for quarteroon girls

Admittance for Gentlemen, ... $1 00.
Do, for Ladies, (Gratis) j1

LOUISIANA BALL ROOM,

St. Louis street, between Royal and Chartres.

GRAND DRESS AND MASQUERADE BALL.

Admittance, gentlemen $1 50

The Balls will take place every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week.

Those persons who have subscribed to the society dressed balls are informed that they will take place every FRIDAY. j13

TO PLANTERS AND PHYSICIANS.

THE subscribers beg leave to call the attention of planters and physicians to their stock of fresh Drugs and Medicines which they are constantly receiving from Europe and the North, and which they guarantee to be genuine and of superior quality

SICKLES & Co, Druggists,
d22 3m is No 40 Canal street.

TO BUILDERS.—Proposals will be received at the office of the Western Marine and Fire Insurance Company, until Wednesday evening next, the 17th instant, to rebuild the house of Madame Pinta, in St. John street, destroyed by fire last night. fy12—ot

A FRENCH family wishes employment, either separately or together, either in the town or country, to attend to the instruction of one or more children. They are qualified to teach the French and English languages, music, drawing, and all the usual branches of an education. Apply to the office of the Bee. f13 3t

LOST—On Tuesday night, a GOLD BRACELET, with an opale incircled in diamonds. On the end are engraved the letters "T K." This bracelet was lost from St. Peter street to St. Louis street, passing in Bourbon street. Whoever will bring it back to the office of the Bee, will receive a reward of $40 from the proprietor f12 3

THE subscriber, by virtue of powers of attorney delivered to him by A. Laroque, annuls by the present notice all other powers of attorney which said A. Laroque may have given previous to his departure from New Orleans.

New Orleans, 12th Feb'y, 1841.
f13 3t T. LAROQUE.

IMPROVEMENT BANK,
New Orleans, Feb. 12, 1841.

SEALED propositions will be received by the Cashier of this institution until 16th February, for the construction of 2 iron windows—the whole agreeably to the plan which may be examined at the office of the cashier, from 9 o'clock, a. m. till 3 o'clock, p. m. f13

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing in this city under the firm of Jacob Soria & Co., was dissolved on the 14th October last by mutual consent.—Jacob Soria is alone charged with the settlement of the old business, and is authorised to use the name of the firm in liquidation only.

Natch z, February 1st, 1841.
JACOB SORIA,
f8 ISAAC SORIA.

NOTICE.—The undersigned respectfully informs the public that he will continue the auction and commission business at the old stand, corner of Main and Pearl streets, and hopes by attention to merit the patronage heretofore conferred.

Consignments made to consignors in all cases.
JACOB SORIA.

Refer to WIGGINS & DAVENPORT, J. K. ROBINS, New Orleans. CHAS. A. LACOSTE, WM. R. HENRY, Natchez.
Natchez, Feb 1st, 1841. f 6m

SILK WORM EGGS FOR SALE—The subscriber has just received a quantity of superior silk worm eggs, of the Pea Nut kind, raised in the parish of St. Tammany. W DUNN, 11 Common street,
f13 corner Tchoupitoulas

100 PIECES French Percale, very fine, light color and small figures, new style, for sale wholesale or retail, by E. LOBRE,
f13 corner Chartres and Conti sts.

EXCHANGE on New York, for sale by
f15 ANDREWS & BROTHERS, 40 Camp st

EXCHANGE ON PARIS—For sale by
f15 CHEVREMONT & Co, 53 Royal street

WESTERN MONEY—$3,000 Illinois and Indiana, for sale by (y15) C DOANE, 69 Poydras st

EXCHANGE—On New-York, for sale by
fy15 C DOANE, 69 Poydras st

BEANS—100 brls, for sale by
f13 CHAS DOANE, 69 Poydras st

DENIMS—10 cases blue denims, for sale by
f14 FROST & Co, 8 Customhouse st

DOMESTICS—50 bales 4-4 Appleton and other cottons, for sale by f12 FROST & Co, 8 Customhouse st

CRANBERRIES—6 packages cranberries for sale by
f13 THAYER & CUSHING, 30 Gravier st

EXCHANGE on Paris for sale by
f12 CHEVREMONT & Co, 53 Royal st

CODFISH—15 drums new white codfish, for sale by
f13 H A NORCROSS & Co, 40 Gravier st

CORN—2000 bags in store and for sale by
f12 J R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras st

BEEF AND LARD—For sale by
f12 CHAS DOANE, 69 Poydras st

BRANDY 50 brls, for sale by
f12 CHAS DOANE, 69 Poydras st

SUGAR—white and brown Havana sugar, for sale by
f11 R GRONING & Co.

COFFEE—Havana and Laguira coffee for sale by
f11 R GRONING & Co.

HAVANA PRESERVES and Spanish segars, for sale by
f11 R GRONING & Co.

CASSIA—300 mats, in store and for sale by
f11 N D CHAMBERLIN, 75 Magazine st

EXCHANGE on New York, for sale by
f11 ANDREWS & BROTHERS, 40 Camp st

RIO COFFEE—75 bags Rio coffee, in store, & for sale by
f11 J A MERRITT, 53 Camp street

INDIGO—15 Ceroons best Caraccas, in store for sale by
f11 N D CHAMBERLIN, 75 Magazine st

DRIED PEACHES—In store, and for sale by
f11 N D CHAMBERLIN, 75 Magazine st

ALCOHOL—15 brls, in store and for sale by
f11 N D CHAMBERLIN, 75 Magazine st

YORK DENIMS—10 cases just received and for sale by
f11 L A LEVY, Jr. 30 Customhouse st

PEPPER—Heavy black Sumatra, for sale by
f11 GEO GREEN & BRO, 86 Gravier st

WHITE LEAD—8,000 kegs of pure No. 1 and No. 2 white lead, received from the manufacturers, and for sale by JARVIS & ANDREWS,
fy13 20 Common st

LINSEED OIL—80 barrels Dutch linseed oil, a direct importation per ship Elizabeth from Rotterdam; 1,000 gallons English linseed oil, in casks, in store, and for sale by JARVIS & ANDREWS,
fy12 20 Common st and 7 Canal st row.

VERDIGRIS AND WHITE LEAD—800 cannisters verdigris ground in oil, by the N. Bedford paint mill; 200 kegs white Philadelphia lead in store, for sale by
f13 WM H FULLER 42 Poydras st

SPERM OIL 10,000 galls. pure winter strained sperm oil, in store, and 3400 do do landing from brig Monroe, for sale by WM. HENRY FULLER,
f13 42 Poydras st

SOAP—150 bxs No 1 Boston soap; 100 do New York, Beaquest brand, for sale by
f13 THAYER & CUSHING, 30 Gravier st

GOSHEN BUTTER—80 firkins Goshen butter of prime quality, now landing and for sale by
f12 THAYER & CUSHING, 30 Gravier st

COFFEE—200 bags Havana coffee, prime green, in store, for sale by
f13 J CHALARON, 51 Bienville street.

CHEESE—20 whole cheese, real Gruyere, 1st quality, in store, for sale by
f13 J CHALARON, 51 Bienville street.

GUNNY BAGS—12 bales gunny bags, in store and for sale by H A NORCROSS & Co,
f13 40 Gravier st

COAL—Best Cannel and Orrel coal for sale in lots to suit, at low prices. Apply to
f12 ALEXD PARK, 91 Common st

DOMESTICS—7-8 and 4-4 brown Lowell cottons, twilled linseys and fancy cottonades, for sale by
f12 STETSON & AVERY.

WHALE OIL—6000 galls in barrels and casks, refined whale oil, in store and for sale by
f13 WM H FULLER, 42 Poydras st

SOAP—3000 boxes No. 1 soap, various brands, just received, and for sale by WM H FULLER,
f13 42 Poydras st.

LINSEED OIL, &c—3000 gallons pure linseed oil, 1000, do elephant oil for machinery, for sale by
f13 WM H FULLER, 42 Poydras st

SPERM CANDLES—500 boxes in store, and 400 do landing from ship Saratoga, for sale by
f13 WM. H. FULLER, 42 Poydras st.

THOMASTON STONE LIME—500 bbls in fine order cargo of schooner Exito, for sale by
f1 G BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st

PLAISTER OF PARIS—300 bbls calcined plaister of Paris landing from brig Monitor, and for sale by
f13 G BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st.

RUGS—3 bales tufted and patent rugs; 1 do patent matts received on consignment and for sale by
f11 L A LEVY, Jr. 30 Customhouse st

BLEACHED SHIRTINGS—6 cases superior 4-4 bleached shirtings, in store and for sale by
f11 L A LEVY, Jr. 30 Customhouse st

RIO COFFEE—...bags received ex Nimrod from Rio de Janeiro, for sale on liberal terms by
f11 WM FRENN, 66 Customhouse st

FOR LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI and all intermediate landings.—Passengers.—The splendid new and fast running upper cabin steamer "BEN FRANKLIN," J. B. Summons, master, now on her first trip, having a large portion of her cargo engaged and going on board, will leave on Monday, 15th inst, at 4 p. m. For freight of the residue or passage, having handsome accommodations (all state rooms) apply on board, opposite Poydras street, or to
f13 BOGERT & HAWTHORN, 63 Gravier st

FOR LOUISVILLE, Cincinnati and Portsmouth—The substantial steamboat COLUMBUS, B Whitton, master, considerable of her cargo being engaged, will depart for the above and intermediate ports on Tuesday evening, the 16th instant. For the remainder of freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply on board, opposite Poydras street, or to
f12 CHS BYRNE, 150 Tchoupitoulas st

FOR ST. LOUIS AND ALTON.—The elegant steamer GEN'L. PRATTE, T. J. Casey, master, is now ready to receive freight for the above ports, and having most of her cargo engaged and going on board, will have immediate despatch. For balance of freight or passage apply on board, foot of Poydras street, or to
f13 CHS DOANE, 69 Poydras st

FOR ST. LOUIS AND ALTON.—The staunch built and fast running steamboat MADISON, captain Robert S. Freeland, having a large portion of her cargo engaged and going on board, will meet with quick despatch for the above and intermediate ports. For balance of freight or passage, having excellent accommodations, apply on board, foot of Poydras street, or to
f12 JOHN R. SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras st.

FOR ST. LOUIS, Galena and Du Buque.—The very light-draught steamer RAPID, M'Kennet, master, will leave as above, on Monday next, 15th instant, at 10 o'clock a. m. For freight or passage, apply on board, opposite Lafayette street; or to
fy11 W. C. TOMPKINS & Co, 59 Gravier st

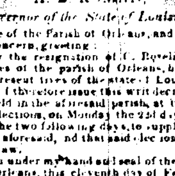
Emigrants and others for Iowa, Illinois, or Wisconsin, will find it to their advantage to ship by the Rapid, as she is of very light draught, and can cross the Rapids of the Mississippi at the lowest stage of water; and they can rest assured she will go through without reshipping.

FOR PHILADELPHIA—Han's Line.—The barque B. MEZICK, J. F. Garvin, master, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will have despatch for the above port. For freight or passage apply on board, opposite the Vegetable Market, or to
f15 JAMES D. DENEGRE, 16 Customhouse st

FOR NEW YORK.—The A 1 packet barque LILLIUS, Capt Geo Gilchrist, having her cargo engaged, will leave to morrow evening. For passage only, having comfortable accommodations apply to
f15 G BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse street

FOR NEW YORK—Orleans Line—The A 1 superior last sailing packet ship MEMPHIS, E. Knight, master, having three fourths of her cargo engaged will sail on Saturday, 20th inst. For freight of 300 bales cotton or the bulk thereof or passage (having elegant accommodations) apply on board at St. Joseph street Wharf, or to STETSON & AVERY
f11 88 Gravier st

New Orleans and Baltimore line of packets.
FOR BALTIMORE—To morrow evening—The A 1 packet ship SEAMAN, F. S. Nickerson master, having nearly all her cargo on board. For freight of 30 bales cotton, or passage, apply to
f15 G BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st



A. B. ROMAN,

Governor of the State of Louisiana.

To the Judge of the Parish of Orleans, and to all whom it may concern, greeting:

Whereas by the resignation of C. Roselius, one of the representatives of the parish of Orleans, his seat in the House of Representatives of the state of Louisiana has become vacant: I therefore issue this writ decreeing that an election be held in the aforesaid parish, at the usual place of holding elections, on Monday the 22d day of February, instant, and the two following days, to supply the vacancy occasioned as aforesaid, and that said election be conducted according to law.

Given under my hand and seal of the state, at New Orleans, this eleventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-one, and in the year of the Independence of the United states of America the sixty-fifth.

{ L. S. }

(Signed,) A. B. ROMAN.
By the Governor:
(Signed,) LEVI PEIRCE, Secretary of State.

LITERARY NOTICE.

THE College of Baton Rouge is now open for the reception of students, and prepared to instruct, efficiently, in all the branches usually pursued in our northern and southern colleges. The Rev. William B. Lacey, D. D, besides presiding over the general interests of the institution, gives instruction in rhetoric, elocution, mental and moral science, and the laws of nations; the Rev. R. H. Ranney teaches the Latin and Greek languages, and the elements of English; Mr. Charles Belurun, a native of France, and long a teacher in the city of Bordeaux, instructs in the French language and French literature; and W. H. Eaton teaches the mathematics and natural science. To these instructors others will be added as soon as the wants of the Institution shall require it. The success resulting from the present organization, has induced the trustees to make increased efforts to sustain the growing popularity of the college; and from a thorough knowledge of its management, they have no hesitance in assuring parents that they may commit their children to its care with full confidence that their manners, their morals, and their comfort, as well as their improvement, will be solicitously consulted. Children of every age and acquirement are admitted into the college, and their wants regarded with parental tenderness. For healthfulness and pleasantness of situation, the localities of the college, is probably unrivalled in the state.

LOUIS FAVROT, President;
PHILIP HICKY,
LION BONNECAZE,
C. A. CHOPPIN,
JOHN E. LAYET,
Trustees.

March 1 4t lawis

DISTRICT COURT—No. 14,634—William J. Whiting vs. Evariste Wiltz, in the case of Mayor, Alderman and als., vs. Whiting & al—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable the district court for the first judicial district of the state of Louisiana, will be sold at the City Exchange, in St. Louis street, between Chartres and Royal streets, Saturday 20th March next, at 12 o'clock, M. A certain lot of ground situated in faubourg Treme of this city, designated by No. thirteen, on a plan drawn by Bourgerol, surveyor of said municipality No. one, on the 24th December, 1830, entitled a plan of various lots of ground, with buildings, situated in suburb Treme, and deposited in the office of L. Hermann, notary public, which lot measures, American measure, 161 feet 2 inches front on Villere street, 166 feet 1 inch on the line in the rear which separates it from the property of Mr. Meilleur, 94 feet 9 inches front on the Bayou road, and 38 feet 10 inches on the line in the rear, which separates from lot No. 12, together with the buildings, &c., and rights and privileges thereunto belonging, or in any wise appertaining.

Terms—cash.

M. CRUZAT, Coroner,
f13 Acting Sheriff.

DISTRICT COURT—No. 9,—Constantine Debergue vs. Caroline Vidal.—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable District Court of the first judicial district of the state of Louisiana, will be sold at the City Exchange, in St. Louis street, between Chartres and Royal streets, on Wednesday, 17th March next, at 12 o'clock, M.

A negro woman named Maria, aged then about 19 years, and her mulatto child named Adolphe, aged then about 2 years; also, her mulatress child, named Victorine, now aged about 2 years, and three children to wit, ... the above two first slaves were purchased by Caroline Vidal, f.w.c., of Jean Baptiste Victor Jourdain, Jr., by act passed before Louis T. Caire, notary public, on the 5th December, 1836, and the two last mentioned children were born since said purchase.

Also—A certain negro woman, named Lucie, aged 22 years, purchased by Caroline Vidal, f. w. c., of Frederick Thomas, by act passed before Amedee Ducatel, notary public, on the 18th January, 1837. Seized in the above suit.

Terms, cash. M CRUZAT, Coroner,
f13 Acting Sheriff.

NOTICE.—The copartnership between the undersigned, under the firm of Bach and Calhoun, was dissolved on the 1st instant

JOHN M. BACH,
fy12—3t JOHN CALHOUN.

JOHN M. BACH, having received an appointment as auctioneer, will devote all his time to that business. He thanks his friends for the confidence formerly bestowed on them, and informs them that he will punctually at end to all sales of real estate, slaves, merchandize, &c. His charges will be as moderate as any; and as in fact, his gain is the one of the day, he is determined to follow in the steps of his predecessors

His office is at N. 61 Common street, where he may be found from 9 until 3 o'clock.
February 11, 1841. fy12

HOUSES TO RENT—Several brick houses, situated in Claiborne street, between Maine and St. Anne:

One brick story house, situated in Morean street, between Port and St. Ferdinand, Architect block.

One situated in Spain street, between Moreau and Casacalvo.

One story house situated in St. Philip street, between Royal and Bourbon, fronting the Washington ball room, and suitable for a bar room, restaurat, or other establishment of the kind.

For conditions, which will be very advantageous, apply 123 Chartres street. f12

PORTRAIT PAINTING—CHESTER HARDING, from Boston, begs to inform the citizens of New Orleans, that he has taken a room at the corner of Camp and Canal streets, and that he will be happy to execute any commissions he may be honored with. f11 3t

ST. LOUIS BALL ROOM.

AT a meeting of the subscribers to the Fancy Dress Ball, which will be given at the St Louis Ball Room, the following gentlemen were appointed managers:

* Henry Tete,	Theodore Zacharie,
* Robert T. Armistead,	Emile Perillat, *
Victor Visinier,	A. T. Pickrell, *
E. B. Harris,	M. Grivot.
Robert Richardson.	

The names with a star compose the committee of admission. f11 3t

ELECTION POSTPONED.

LOUISIANA STATE BANK,
New Orleans, 12th Feb'y. 1841.

WHEREAS, Monday, the 22d inst., on which day the annual election for directors of this bank should by law take place, will be a holyday, the election will be postponed to the next day, Tuesday, the 23d inst., at the time and place al eady announced.

By order of the Board.
f11 RICHARD RELF, Cashier.

CITY BANK,
New Orleans, February 11, 1841.

NOTICE is hereby given to the stockholders of this institution, that the annual election for twelve directors to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the banking-house on Monday, the 1st day of March next, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. R J PALFREY,
f11 Cashier.

New Orleans and Carrollton Rail Road Co.

NOTICE—In consequence of the wet weather, and the bad state of the horse path, the night horse car will be discontinued until further notice.

New Orleans, 9th Feb, 1841.
f11 JOHN HAMPSON, Chf Eng N O & C R R C.

FRESH MEDICINES, &c.—The Subscribers are now receiving their winter supply of fresh and genuine medicines, paints and oils, which they offer on most favorable terms to the public. Confining themselves to sales for CASH, or city acceptances, on short time, they are enabled to sell for a small advance over the cost.

fy12 JARVIS & ANDREWS, 20 Common st

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING—The subscribers have by recent arrivals from New York, replenished their stock with every variety of garments, adapted to the present season; amongst which are some very fashionable cloth cloaks; diamond and plaid beaver wadded frocks; surtouts and frocktees of blue, black, brown, olive, green and mixed cloths; fashionable frocks, dress coats and pantaloons of all the prevailing colors and styles; vests of every variety; super linen shirts, with and without frills; white cotton and fancy muslin do; super extra Welsh and gauze flannel merino and lambswool shirts and drawers; dressing gowns; hosiery of every description; fashionable stocks, cravats and pocket hdkfs; suspenders, shirt collars, gloves, &c.—Also a choice assortment of iron frame leather trunks, seal do by the nest or single. Country dealers supplied upon the most liberal terms.

MEAKINGS & KETCHAM,
f13 corner Old Levee and Bienville st.

MULES, DURHAM CATTLE, &c—A team of four well broke young mules, with gear complete for wagon or plough, a strong wagon suited for plantation or drawing wood, &c; one Durham cow and one bull very fine animals; one pair Newfoundland dogs, excellent for hunting, particularly well trained; also a very fine superior water dog; one hunting wagon, neat and light, with top, and gear for one or two horses; one barouche, with extension top, for a genteel family or back; 10 bbls cider; 50 do French red potatoes, grown well in this country and a good table potato; 9 sample pkgs of children's, misses', ladies' and gentlemen's shoes, direct from the manufacturer. The above will be sold on liberal terms for cash or credit, or exchanged for produce or merchandize, by

WM DINN,
f13 corner Common and Tchoupitoulas sts.

SALT—1800 sacks coarse and fine Liverpool salt, landing and for sale in quantities to suit purchasers; also 3000 sacks Turks island salt. Apply to
f13 ALEXD PARK, 91 Common st

WINTER STRAINED SPERM OIL—1300 galls winter strained sperm oil, bleached and unbleached, warranted pure, for sale by THAYER & CUSHING,
f13 30 Gravier st

SPERM & TALLOW CANDLES—100 bxs sperm candles, assorted sizes; 100 do tallow do 6, & 10 for sale by THAYER & CUSHING,
f13 30 Gravier st

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY HEWLETT & CENAS.

Sale of Damaged Cotton.

WILL be sold on Monday evening, 15th instant, at half past 4 o'clock, at the corner of Magazine and Orange street, under the Planters' press—
40 bales damaged cotton.
For account of whom it may concern.
Terms, cash. f15

BY J. A. BEARD & Co.

Iron and Coal.

WILL be sold at auction, near the Lower Cotton Press, on Monday, 15th February, 1841, at 4½ o'clock, P. M., 1492 bars of English iron;
100 bundles of hoop iron;
Slightly damaged on board the barque Kate, on her voyage from Liverpool;
Also, 45 tons coal, landing from same vessel.
Terms sale. f13

BY J. A. BEARD & Co.

Flagstones.

WILL be sold at auction, on Tuesday next the 16th inst, at 4½ o'clock, P. M., opposite the Orleans cotton press,
600 square yards Yorkshire flagstone, landing from ships Dumfrieshire and Independence.
Terms at sale. f16

BY HEWLETT & CENAS.

Sale damaged cotton.

WILL be sold on Tuesday evening, 16th inst., at half past 4 o'clock, at the cotton press of Freret & Bros., Carondelet street,
100 bales damaged cotton;
For account of whom it may concern.
Terms, cash. f15

BY F. DUBERTRAND & CO.

Notice to Planters.

WILL be sold on Tuesday the 16th inst., at 10 o'clock, at their Groceries auction store, No 74 Old Levee street, without reserve to close a concern.
1700 beef horns, 11 bbls mess pork, 20 do prime do, 18 do shoulders, 75 do shoulders and heads, 16 do heads, and a quantity of other groceries. f16 3t

J A BEARD & CO.

Extensive Furniture Sale.

WILL be sold at auction on Wednesday morning, 17th instant, at half past 10 o'clock, at No 49, Royal street, the entire stock of fine furniture, of best manufacture and newest style, comprising mahogany chairs, side boards, armoirs, centre, breakfast, dinner and pier tables, ladies' desks and work tables, fine and common bedsteads, wash stands, dressing tables, curled maple and other chairs, easy and rocking chairs, looking glasses, &c.

Also two very superior toned piano fortes.
Terms and conditions at sale.
The sale will be positive, and offers great inducements to house keepers and country buyers, the proprietors being compelled to decline business. f15

BY M BARNETT, Sr.

WILL be sold on Wednesday, 17th inst., at the St. Louis Exchange, a lot, with a house upon it, situated in Good Children street, between Esplanade and St. Antony. The lot measures 30 feet front by 80 in depth (American measure;) the house consists of two suits of rooms, separated by a gate in the middle. Each side of the house has two rooms, with fire places: in the yard there is a double kitchen, cellar, well, privies, &c. &c., the whole nearly new.

Conditions—one third cash; the bal nce at six and twelve months credit, with notes endorsed and mortgaged

Act of sale before E. Barnett, notary public f 15

BY BENJAMIN KENDIG.

No. 55 Common street.

ON Wednesday next the 17th inst., at 12 o'clock, will be sold, the two families of slaves below described, either together or separately. They are fully guaranteed against the vices and maladies prescribed by law, and title indisputable.

JOHN, aged 40 years, a field hand, and a superior farmer.
MILLY, aged 36 years, a field hand.
LUCY, aged 22 years, a field hand, with her child.
JACOB, aged 16 years, a field hand. The above constitute one family; the second are:
BOB, aged 40 years, a field hand.
MINTY, aged 30 years, with a child.
ISHAM, aged 10 years.
HANNAH, aged 6 years.
CAROLINE, aged 2 years.

Terms of sale, which is without reserve, made known at time of sale. The acts of sale to be passed before Wm. Y. Lewis, notary public, at the expense of the purchaser.
f15 3t

BY M BARNETT, Senr.

WILL be sold on Thursday the 25th instant, at 12 o'clock, at the City Exchange, St Louis street, for account and risk of Mr Thomas B Lee, who has failed to comply with the adjudication made to him by J A Beard & Fernet, auctioneers, on the 31st of December, 1840.

A lot of ground situate, lying and being in the Nuns' suburb, parish of Jefferson, in this state, in square comprised within St Andrews and St Mary's road, Prytania and Ursula streets, designated by the No one, on the plan made by Louis Burgi, dated 19th of March, deposited in the office of F. Barnett, notary public; the said lot having, English measure, 21 feet 4 inches front on St Andrew's road, 119 feet 11 inches on the line dividing it from lot No 2, 119 feet 6 inches on the other line, and 21 feet 4 inches in width in the rear; together with all the buildings and improvements thereon.

Terms, cash.
Act of sale before E Barnett, notary public at the expense of the purchaser. f16 2a in 10 d

BY P. E. TRICOU.

E. Carraby vs. his creditors.
Syndic's Sale.

WILL be offered for sale at the risk and account of the purchaser hereafter named, on Friday, 26th February, at 12 o'clock, at the City Exchange, St. Louis street,

The property hereinafter described, adjudged at the sale of the 19th January, 1841, to Mr. E. Carraby, for his children, who are minors, and named as follows—Annette; Pierre, alias Leo, Agnes alias, Emma; Joachim alias Numa; Antoine, alias Mortain, Marguerite, alias Gineor, each for one ninth; Mrs. Eulalie Carraby, wife of Jules ... for one ninth; and Mdme Marie Louise Carraby, wife of Auguste Brocard, likewise for one ninth, the purchaser not having complied with the conditions of the sale.

1st. A lot of ground situated in Orleans street, between Royal and Bourbon, measuring 63 feet 8 inches front on Royal street, by 84 feet 6½ inches on the side adjoining the property of Mr. Lafargue; and 83 feet 1½ inch on the one adjoining the former Vignie property. There are two contiguous two story houses on said lot, built of brick, roofed with slate, with kitchens attached. Seventy one shares of the Citizens' Bank are guaranteed by the property forming the former Vignie property, and are sold with the said property, forming together one and the same lot, these two houses are rented together for the sum of $3,000 per annum, payable monthly until the 1st November, 1842, in conformity to the lease.

2nd. A lot of ground situated in Burgundy street, between Dumaine and St. Philip streets, having 41 feet front by 93 feet 6 inches depth, and in addition to this, a second depth of 10 feet 6 inches by 52 feet breadth (French measure;) commencing at the boundary line of Mr. Jacob's lot. There is a story dwelling-house on said lot, built of brick, roofed with slate, besides a story building built of brick and covered with slate, used as a kitchen, servants' lodgings and stables. One hundred and sixty shares of the Citizens' Bank are guaranteed by this property, and will be sold with the said property, forming together one lot. Two hydrants are attached to this property.

SLAVES.

3rd. MARIA, a mulatto wench, about 40 years old, washerwoman, addicted to drinking.

4th. JULIE, a negro woman, about 17 years old, with her child.

TERMS.

The purchaser of the property situated in Orleans street, will be required to assume the obligation of the insolvent towards the Citizens' Bank, for a sum of $5,330 due, with protest, and interest at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, from the 1st April, 1840, until the 1st February, 1841—the day of the sale, and the balance of the price adjudged payable one-fifth cash, and the balance at 6, 12, 18 and 24 months credit.

The purchaser of the property situated in Burgundy street, will be required to assume the obligation of the insolvent towards the Citizens' Bank for a sum of $7,820 due, with protest and interest at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, from the 1st April, 1840, until the 26th February, 1841 the day of sale, and the balance of the price adjudged payable one-fifth cash and the balance at 6, 12, 18 and 24 months credit.

The purchaser of the two properties above mentioned will enjoy the privilege of renewing by paying 10 per cent, interest, agreeably to the charter of the bank.

The slaves payable one-fifth cash, and the balance of the price adjudged at 6, 12, 18 and 24 months credit.

All the notes must be endorsed to the satisfaction of the syndics, with mortgage until final payment, and in case of non-payment when due to bear interest at the rate of 10 per cent per annum; provided that this clause is not to be construed so as to delay payment of any note.

The acts of sale to be passed before L. T. Caire, at the expense of the purchasers. f13, 19 and 26 feb

BY ANTHONY FERNANDEZ.

Large Sale of Cognac Brandy at Auction.

WITHOUT RESERVE.

MONDAY next, 15th February, at half past 3 p m, now landing from ship Bordeaux Packet, from Bordeaux, opposite the Mint, will be sold—

75 half pipes Cognac, Dousat brand,
40 quarter do do do.

Conditions:—Below $300, cash; from $300 to $600, 60 days; from $600 to $1000, 4 months, and above $1000, 6 months' credit, with approved endorsed notes. The whose endorsement may not be accepted, will pay cash, with a discount of 8 per cent. f11

BY R. B. SYKES.

WILL be sold on Monday, the 15th instant, at 10 o'clock a.m., at his Auction Store, No. 81, Magazine street, under inspection of the Port-Wardens, and for account of whom it may concern,—

1 case of Rouen Cassimir;

Damaged on board ship Alexander, on her voyage from New-York to this port.
Terms—Cash. f12

BY VINCENT & DE FERIET.

Syndic Sale.

WILL be sold on Monday, 15th inst, at 10 o'clock, A. M.—By virtue of an order of the Parish Court of the city, at the store of Edward Loleup, in Chartres street between Bienville and Customhouse streets—the entire stock of Dry Goods—surrendered by said E. Loleup to his creditors.

Terms—Cash. f12

BY P. E. TRICOU.

Syndic's Sale.

Gallien Preval vs. his creditors,

WILL be sold on Monday, February 15th, 1841, at 10 o'clock, A. M. precisely in Hospital street, between Royal and Bourbon streets, by virtue of an order of the parish court, bearing date January 12th, 1841, by request of the syndic of the insolvent's creditors, the following articles, to wit:

4 carriages;
2 setts of carriage harness;
2 gigs;
1 tilbury and harness;
4 carts;
1 dray;
2 setts of cart harness;
3 American saddles.
Terms, cash. f5, 7 and 15

FOURTH MONTHLY CREDIT PACKAGE SALE.

At the warehouse of ISAAC BRIDGE & Co. No. 124 Magazine street.

THE subscribers will offer at public auction, at their warehouse, No. 124 Magazine street, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, 15th, 16th and 17th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., a large and general assortment of dry goods, hats, shoes, brogans, hats, &c, by the package, received on consignment direct from the manufacturers.

Terms at sale. ISAAC BRIDGE & Co.
A FERNANDEZ, auctioneer. f4, 11, 15 3t

NOTICE to Druggists—Wanted a druggist, received in New Orleans, to take charge of a drug store. A person speaking the German, French and English languages would be preferred. Apply at
f10 Mr. RIDER & Co's, 136 Levee st

FOR SALE on account of departure—The stock of a grocery store, well furnished and having a good run of customers, situated in one of the best parts of the second municipality. For the price and conditions, apply to Mr. Ledi n, broker, Exchange Passage, between St. Louis and Conti sts. f 6t

STATE AND PARISH TAX ROLL—The Assessors of Taxes on real estate, slaves, pleasure vehicles, &c, for the State, and parish of Orleans, in the Fifth District, comprising the first and second wards of Municipality No. Two, hereby give notice that the Tableau is completed and will be exposed for inspection during ten days from the present date, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M. at the residence of Geo. Ashbridge, No. 80 Julia street.

JOHN D. FINCH,
JOHN BRAINARD,
GEO. ASHBRIDGE,
Assessors.

New Orleans, Feb. 6, 1841.

☞ NOTICE.—The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership, as auction and commission merchants, under the style and firm of J. A. Beard & Co.

J A BEARD,
W F VIGERS.

New Orleans, Feb. 1, 1841. f4 40 Common st

NOTICE—All persons having claims against the tow-boat HUDSON will please present the same to the undersigned on or before the 6th instant.

f4 R M CARTER, Exchange Place.

DISSOLUTION—The partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of Edward Brewster & Co, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

EDWARD BREWSTER,
H. A. RATHBONE.

New Orleans, 6th Feb. 1841.

The subscriber will continue the Exchange and Brokerage business under the style of Edward Brewster & Co. on his own account at No. 37 Canal street.

f8—10 EDWARD BREWSTER.

CARD.

W. & W. H. RICHARDSON,

Extensive Umbrella Manufacturers—No. 6 South Third Street, Philadelphia.

RESPECTFULLY inform their customers and the merchants generally, that they have for sale a ... superior stock of silk and cotton umbrellas, ... some thousands of every description, which, ... some assortment of parasols, (part of which ...) tured of silk imported by themselves ... elegant patterns,) will, they trust, ... tention of their customers and ... at the lowest prices and ... manufacture can be ...

All orders will receive particular prompt attention. f10 3m d

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L'ABE[ILLE]

JOURNAL OFFICI[EL]

PAR BULLITT, ...
No. 81, Rue C...

NOUVELLE-O[RLÉANS]
LUNDI MATIN, 15 ...

POUR GOUV[ERNEUR]

HENRY JO[HNSON]

Sujet à la décision de la C... l'État

Les nombreux amis de Mr. ... tenu de lui qu'il consentit à l... aux suffrages de ses concitoye... Législature de cet État, en ... Roselius, démissionnaire. Il ... concitoyens pour se joindre à ... candidature.

TAXES D...

D'après le rapport du com... d'examiner le bill tendant à ... tet, il est probable que cette m... prochaine session. Les institu... teur sont assurément très pla... pensable de connaître où la ... priétés de chaque paroisse ou ... pour asseoir équitablement u... propriétés, et jusqu'à présent ... pas ces renseignements.

Il est d'ailleurs plus difficile ... équitablement une taxe fonci...

Si l'on prend pour base les ... taxe l'activité au profit de la ... traire qu'on devrait faire. Il ... que de deux propriétés d'une ... égale étendue, l'une rapporte ... tre grace à l'intelligente activ... teurs. Or est-il bien moral ... celui qui produit plus et de ta... duit moins, lorsque les deux ... égaux, c'est à dire une égale ...

Il nous semble d'ailleurs qu... river à une exacte appréciatio... sait que ces produits varient ... la qualité de la terre et qu'u... grande de ces produits peut-ê... lieux par ce producteur.

De sorte que si l'on n'avait ... expédiée pour être vendue, on ... aux principes, l'économie aux ...

Il suit de là que toute taxe ... produits sera de toute nécessi... et il y aura difficulté dans l'op... le résultat.

Si l'on prend pour base la v... priété, abstraction faite du reve... difficultés d'une autre nature, ...

Par exemple, comment et p... blement cet évaluation généra... les taxables de l'État de la L... exigerait nécessairement une ...

Les difficultés de ce dernier ... se le dissimuler, peut-être en... celles du premier; mais le rés... rationel et plus équitable, nou... plus républicain.

En basant la taxe sur les p... me on l'a déjà vu l'activité ... inhérente au républicanisme ... et de la prodigalité. Bien plu... ménageant le riche. Ainsi ... dix fois plus de terre qu'il n'... ra jamais qu'il après la pr... c'est à dire qu'il ne paiera pas ... valeur de sa propriété) que ... perficie vingt fois moindre, p...

Mais dira-t-on, serait-il équ... terres en friche?—Et pourquo... friche ont une valeur réelle ce... t-elle pas chaque année? E... terre qu'on n'en peut cultiver ... un objet de spéculation, fau... taxe qu'on la paye rien voisins ... berneux?

En résumé les difficultés de ... et très grandes cependant il ... ger. Qu'on n'oublie pas que ... tion est intolérable, contraire ... démocratie qui veut que "ch... "ges publiques dans la propo... qu'on n'ignore pas que certaine... taxées tandis que d'autres ... point.

Il importe donc de s'entend... base à adopter, afin de pouvo... tous les renseignements néces... la prochaine législature un ... taxes.

On aura sans doute remarq... 15 de la loi sur les shérifs, le... rester dans le local qu'elles oc... la place d'Armes, jusqu'à ce ... ordonné par une loi.

☞ Pour les Séances de la L... page.

Rapport...

SÉNAT DE L'ÉTAT D...

Séance du 12...

Présidence de M. Bo...

Résolution relative aux banques ...

M. Waggaman fait la motion d... la résolution à lundi prochain.

M. Hoa fait observer que cette ... voyée au dernier reprise, et qu'il ... ne dans pouvoir ...

M. Waggaman demande le ren... un nombre de sénateurs plus co... solution soit mise à l'ordre du jo...

M. Downs ne s'oppose point à ... pourrait convenir que le bill re... la préférence.

M. Waggaman amende sa ré... aux banques, par l'insertion d'un... que la nomination des membres ... se fera au scrutin.

M. Hoa objecte à ce mode de ... comme insolite.

M. Waggaman s'étonne de l'op... leaux. La nomination des mem... lon d'être sans précédent, est ... bile, qu'elle est d'un usage jou... délibérantes. ...

M. Waggaman ...

M. Downs n'a pas d'objection ...

M. Walker ne tient nullement ... la préférence sur l'autre ...

M. Crow préfère que les mem... jugé dans des cas semblables.

Le Sénat décide que la nomi... sident.

M. Sparrow pense que l'inve... ner aux institutions menti... doute il importe de connaître l... faveur desquelles l'État ... banques doivent être égalem... puleuse. Ce n'est point asse... l'État, il a également juste, ... intérêts du peuple et de pre... pouvoir de la cote. En cons...

M. Wagg man admet l'utili... nait la justesse des observatio... Mais il fait observer que la n... un champ des plus vastes. L... est considérable, car ces ban... cinq millions. Si l'on vou... trop banques de ... Q... ont en effet l'objet de la ... quelle condition ont tenue les ... pai de l'État. Si ces banque... cesera, si au contraire elles on... voir également, si le peuple ... est d'une haute importance. ... notre bonheur domestique. ... elles forment une classe à par... vables, et l'autre quart ne ... cette dernière classe, ce serai... sible le travail du comité ...

M. Waggaman se résume en ... mettre l'amendement de rebat...

M. Hoa ne voit obligé de pe... tion. Selon lui, c'est inutile ... déplorer notre situation, ma... d'efforts pour en sortir, et ... est loin de condamner l'amen... comme inopportun, car il n'a ... le la société toute entière ...

... dans les banques hypothéca... que la banque peut ...