LATEST DATES.

New-York	Feb 27	Liverpool	Feb 4
Boston	Mar 1	Liverpool	Feb 4
Philadelphia	Mar 1	Paris	Feb 1
Washington	Mar 6	Hamburg	Jan 31
Baltimore	Mar 6	Bordeaux	Jan 22
Charleston	Mar 8	Mexico	Feb 15
Havana	Mar 22	Thuanton	Feb 16
Mobile	Mar 6	Vera Cruz	Jan 9

Commercial.

NEW-ORLEANS, THURSDAY EVENING, March 11, 1841.

The sales of Cotton to-day amounted to 4,000 bales, and were generally effected at a decline on our quotations. In some of the transactions we notice a falling off of ¼c. No. 1 withstanding the heavy operations at the commencement of the week, we find that the quantities of cotton pressing on the market, which have been offered to-day on rather easier terms. A part of the stock on sale consists of cotton bought on speculation. We notice the following particulars:—1,200 bales Louisiana and Mississippi at 11¾—146 at 11¾—200 at 12—300 at ——; 317 at 12½—300 at ——; and 917 at 13 cts.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATIONS.

Louisiana and Mississippi.		*Tennessee and N. Ala.*	
Ordinary	9 @ 9¼	Ordinary	00 @ 00
Middling	9¾ @ 9¾	Middling	00 @ 00
Middling Fair	10¼ @ 10¼	Middling Fair	00 @ 00
Fair	10¾ @ 11	Fair	00 @ 00
Good fair	11½ @ 12	Good fair	00 @ 00
Good and fine	12¾ @ 13	Good and fine	00 @ 00

800 hhds of Tobacco have changed hands since yesterday for the Spanish market, on terms not transpired; to-morrow we shall be able to furnish the particulars.

Freights have taken a stand since Tuesday; we no see engagements of three vessels to Liverpool, at ¾d.; four to Havre, at 1¼c; one for Trieste, at 1¾c; and one for Hamburg, at 1¼c.

There is no change of importance to notice in other articles.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

EXPORTS.

Boston—Per ship Robert Pulsford—740 bales cotton, 92 hhds tobacco, 100 do sugar, 92 bbls molasses, 70 do pot ashes.

Liverpool—Per barque Barbara—496 bales cotton, 2006 bbls flour, 63 5 do beef.

Mobile—Per schr Lady R Barr—324 bbls flour, 100 do whiskey, &c.

Havana—Per brig packet Brilliant—363 bales cotton, 30 hides, 1 case tacca.

Tobasco—Per schr Henry Clay—300 bbls flour, &c.

Galveston—Per steam ship Neptune—assorted provisions and dry goods.

IMPORTS.

Attakapas—Per schr Harriet Louisa—sugar and molasses to order

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

Per steamboat Princess from Natchez—700 bales cotton Palmer, Hanson & Co, 210 Franklin, Hendrick & Co, 18 Peyroux, Arcieal & co, 36 W Bogart & co, 90 Reynolds, Byne & co.

Per steamboat Robert Fulton from Bayou Sara—5 bales cotton A Rivarde & co, 93 do J Labadie, 46 do A Woodfolk; 36 bale molasses P A Champomier.

Per steamboat Southerner from Milliken's Bend—317 bls cotton Ringgold & Ferriday; 151 Burke, Watt & co; 120 O Stanwood; 79 Lilly & Robinson; 66 Wiggin & Davenport; 30 Bacinet, Stanton & co; 20 G B Ogden; 5 Arthur Pierce & co; 10 Franklin & Henderson; 10 Payne & Harrison; 9 to order; 8 Ward, Moffitt co; 7 R McDowell & co, 6 Oakey, Payne & Harrison, 4 W Bogart & co, 3 W Hogan & co.

Per steamboat Ambassador from Louisville—92 hhds tobacco Bowe & Crenshaw; 9 do S Roberts; 219 coils rope Layet & Amsburg; 91 do; 100 pcs bagging Wade Lea & co; 191 do; 4 coils rope D Horan; 100 Dein dour, J Landis & co; 8 casks b con Ogden & Southgate; 340 sacks corn; 8 F Fox; 24 bales cotton Lambeth & Thompson; 34 do P A Hardy; 24 do S S Sanbon.

Per steamboat Leander from Grand Gulf—360 bales cotton W Bogart & co; 98 W Hooper; 71 Burke, Beck & co; 7 Barnes, Watt & co; 98 Ringgold & Ferriday; 22 Peyroux, Arcieal & co; 72 A & J Dennistoun & co; 80 Duncan, McAllister & co; 9 boxes sash B Douglass.

Per steamboat at Livingston from Port Hudson—139 bales cotton J Brewer & co; 10 Smith & Condit; 10 Burke, Watt & co; 3 do Brander, Winans & co; 6 Hutchinson; 12 Leduc & co; 13 H M Lee; 4 M White & co; 42 Tobacco R Richardson; 31 P A Hardy; 24 Laura & Brothers; 6 Reynolds, Byne & co; 6 P Forman, 2 bbls molasses Caldwell & Hinkley; sundries to order.

Per steamboat Clipper from Bayou Sara—179 bales cotton J B Flauche & co, 110 J Nicholson & co; 110 A Richards & co; 60 Peyroux, Arcieal & co; 50 Pollock, Bailes & Dougherty; 46 N & J Dick & co; 35 Taylor, Gardiner & co; 9 Lambeth & Thompson, 7 Curtis & Wilkes, 3 Bowers & Finley; 3 B Dunbar; 3 to M Lee; 13 bbls sugar Taylor, Gardiner & co; 48 sacks cotton seed Lambeth & Thompson.

Per steamboat Mississippi from Clarksville—66 hhds tobacco Goldsmith, Lackey & co; 20 A L Addison & co, 60 Price Johnson & co, 24 Kirby & Conyngham; 13 J & D Perkman; 10 Madden, Pollard & co; 10 Pegram & Bryan; 7 Yeatman & co; 2 A Fraser; 100 do, 6 bales cotton, Hollis & Bennett; 4 bbls tobacco, 622 sacks corn, W B Macken; 7 bbls castor oil, 3 do Bates; 5 do Baker & Lynch; 1 trunk mdse Pyeh'n & Jackson; 86 bales cotton Andrews & Bowie; 56 do Frierson, Dale & c; 9 do N Harrington, 10 do do A H Brown; 109 do, 5 bbls tobacco P A Hardy; 9 do tobacco Van Benssel & co; 3 do Kirkman, Abernathy & Hanna; 10 do, 80 bales cotton, to order; 1 bale mdse, 2 boxes do, 45 bales cotton, Armour, Lake & W Hart; 30 do Brander, Williams & co; 11 do Foxtall, Roman & co; 13 Minter & Chisholm & co, 3 do, 3 do deer skins R McDowell & co 4 casks bacon, 8 bbls pork W Bigerau; sundries to owners on board.

Per steamboat Gen Harrison from Lafourche—178 half bbls molasses, 48 bbls do Lambeth & Thompson; 168 do Martin Pike nats & co; 231 do T M Milburn; 10 do E Brown & co; 7 do, 3 do sugar owner on board; 9 do Bradford & Barnard, 14 bbls do E W Gould & co; 6 do G W Rogers, 44 do, 12 bales cotton, Brand & Landry.

Per steamboat Swan from Eccle Fabre—19 bales cotton, 18 Gohlkin, 8 B Cobb & co; 97 do Cotton, 3 do Isaacs & co; 6 Taylor, Gardner & co; 14 bales cotton, R McDowell & co; 190 Burke, Watt & co; 14 Buckner, Stanton & co; 11 Flower & Field; 31 Frierson, Dale & co; 33 E Burke & co; 10 Curtis & Wilkes; 63 Kreps & Roberts; 27 Lambeth & Thompson, 31 do J F Wilson; 10 do, 2 do skins, 12 bis hides J B Conner.

Per steamboat Augusta from Vicksburg—6 bales cotton, Payne & Harrison; 15 W Bogart & co; 17 Oakey, Payne & Hewins, 10 Ellis & Hall; 1 F W Wood & co; 2 Taylor, Gardner & co; 80 Lilly & Robertson; 116 R McDowell & co; 5 Keyes & Roberts; 28 Lambeth & Thompson, 9 Kelly & Cox; 6 Akin, 31 Frierson, Dale & co; 33 E Burke & co; 10 Curtis & Wilkes; 63 Kreps & Roberts; 27 Lambeth & Thompson, 31 do J F Wilson; 10 do, 2 do skins, 12 bis hides J B Conner.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Steam ship Neptune, Rollins, for Galveston.
Barque Barbara, (Br) Webb, for Liverpool.
Brig Packet Brilliant, Maristany, for Havana.
Schooner Falcon, Taylor, for Galveston.
Schooner Henry Clay, Patterson, for Tobasco.
Schooner Lady K Barr, Manning, for Mobile.

ARRIVED.

Ship Talma, Winsor, 32 days from Boston, to master.
Brig Ursrdo, Miller, 30 days from Baltimore, in ballast, to Bellerd & Beck.
Schr Harriet Louisa, Payne, from Attakapas, to master.
Steamboat G n. Harrison, Bachelier, from Lafourche.
Steamboat Swan, Rhodes, from Red River.
Steamboat Augusta, Anderson from Vicksburg.
Steamboat Princess Sandford, from Natchez.
Steamboat Robert Fulton, Kinney, from Bayou Sara.
Steamboat Mississippi, Wood, from Clarksville.
Steamboat Livingston, Clarke, from Port Hudson.
Steamboat Clipper, Laurent, from Bayou Sara.
Steamboat Leander, O'Farrell, from Grand Gulf.
Steamboat Ambassador, James from Louisville.
Steamboat Southerner, Bumpter, from Milliken's Bend.

BELOW.

Ship Monmouth, still at the English Turn

MEMORANDA.

Steamboat Southerner towed the ship Diana, Captain Bantelle, down from Natchez, loaded with 2000 bales cotton

PASSENGERS.

Per steamboat Princess—A Joseph, and N Gridley.
Per steamboat Ambassador—J Hewitt & family, Hewson & family, Rev K F Humphrey & lady, Capt Dorsey & lady, Mrs Vay, Mrs Allison, Miss Smith, Miss Bass, Miss Jacob, Miss Humphrey, Dr Cobb, A Owen, J Jacobs, 2 in the cabin.
Per steamboat Leander—Fairchild, H M Huributt, L Zirglion, G Vail, Mrs Vail, Mrs Bigelow, Mrs Thompson, Mallaway, Wheemal, Thomas, Pritchard, Cox, and Dr Jennings.
Per steamboat Gen Harrison—Kinnard, Williams, Linard, Adams, Jacob, Mde Hay dele, Mde Boucaute, Mde Webre, A Haydele, and others.
Per steamboat Augusta—Bell & lady, Miss Hatch, Miss Boggs, W Hatch, Coffman, Price, Dupie, Smallery, Ferry, Watkins, Crosley, Armstrong, Hawks, Redmond, Burgess, Jones, Parker, Wood, Peebles, Randolph, Brown, Bernard, Shakspeard, Potter.

☞ The late master of the schooner CALLAO, (Calesworth,) has no authority to contract debts or charge engagements on account of said vessel; and no debt made by him or the crew will be paid for.
m13 F DE LIZARDI & Co.

☞ The barque MARY, from Baltimore, is now discharging opposite Bazette street. 24 municipality. Consignees are requested to attend the receipt of their goods.
m10 G BEDFORD & BECK, 4 Customhouse st

☞ The brig ARCHITECT, from Baltimore, is now discharging opposite the Triangle Stores. Consignees will attend to the receipt of their goods.
m10 G BEDFORD & BECK, 4 Customhouse st

☞ The brig DANUBE, from New York, is now discharging at the lower cotton press. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods.
m10 G BEDFORD & BECK.

☞ NOTICE—The paket schooner BELLA DEL MAR Randal, master, from Havana, is now discharging. Consignees are requested to have out their permits and attend to the receipt of their goods.
m10 J H ASHBRIDGE.

☞ A fine lot of Yorkshire FLAG STONES, first quality, for sale by FREDK. PERRET,
m11 40 Toulouse st

☞ The brig AFRICA, capt. Shapley, from Mavana, is discharging cargo two tiers above the Triangle stores.—Consignees are requested to take out their permits, and attend to the receipt of their goods.
m10 STETSON & AVERY, 66 Gravier st

RAWDON, WRIGHT, HATCH & EDSON.

New-York Exchange, New Orleans.

BANK NOTES, Bonds for Loans, Bills of Exchange, Deposits and stock certificates Checks, Scrip, &c. prompt ly negotiated in the same style as at their office in New York, on the usual terms.

Bank Note Paper, of superior quality, constantly on hand.

Office corner Boyd and Canal st
m11 y

SEGARS—20,000 Principe Segars, for sale by
H ASHBRIDGE, 67 Camp st
m12

EXCHANGE—Drafts on Louisville Kentucky, for sale by
m12 F D LIZARDI & Co, 53 Bienville t

EXCHANGE—On France and England, for sale by
m11 J P BONNET, 3 Royal street

HAVANA SEGARS—50,000 Vuelta Abajo, for sale by
m11 HENRY TETE, 13 Conti st

SHOT—50 bags assorted numbers for sale by
m11 HENRY TETE, 13 Conti st

HOOP IRON—A few pieces landing, for sale by
m12 HENRY TETE, 13 Conti st

TONGUES & SOUNDS—100 bbls for sale by
m12 JOHN A MERRITT, 13 Camp st

CHECKED MUSLINS of various qualities, for sale by
m12 WM PREHN, 56 Customhouse st

SEWINGS—Grout's and Haworth's cotton, for sale by
m12 WM PREHN, 56 Customhouse st

LASTINGS—8 cases superior quality, for sale by
m12 WM PREHN, 56 Customhouse st

EXCHANGE on New York, offered by
m12 F de LIZARDI & Co, Bienville st

IRON RODS—30 inland-6 brown sheeting for sale by
m12 FROST & Co, 8 Customhouse st

COOPING PRESSES—3 superior cooping presses for sale by
m12 FROST & Co, 8 Customhouse st

PORT WINE—150 boxes of first quality, for sale by
m12 HENRY TETE, 13 Conti street.

EXCHANGE—Bills on England for sale by
m11 KORN, DAKON & Co, 20 Bienville st

EXCHANGE ON LONDON for sale by
m11 SCHMIDT & Co, 28 Bienville st

EXCHANGE on New York, for sale by
m11 BLANCHARD, EIMER & Co, 36 Bienville st

NEW-ORLEANS BEE

OFFICIAL STATE PAPER.

BY BULLITT, MAGNE & CO.
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PAPER, PUBLISHED DAILY, per annum, in advance, $12
PAPER, PUBLISHED TRI-WEEKLY, $10

"Truth is unimportant, and Public Justice certain."

FOR GOVERNOR
HENRY JOHNSON,

NEW-ORLEANS:
FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 12, 1841.

☞ On our first page will be found the official proceedings of the Legislature.

☞ The Mobile Mail arrived last evening at half-past 9 o'clock.—We were on the spot immediately after the mail-bags had been deposited in the post-office, but could not find a soul to deliver the newspapers. Naturally concluding that some of the clerks would make their appearance we quietly awaited until half-past 7 o'clock, when an individual attached to the office arrived, but to our astonishment refused to distribute even a solitary paper. In the meantime the entire editorial fraternity had assembled equally desirous, merely to receive their just due, but like ourselves were obliged to return disappointed. We left the post-office at half-past 9 o'clock, and for the information of the very attentive and obliging postmaster would respectfully inform him that the letter bags of the Nashville mail which arrived an hour previous, were lying exposed before the door at the time of our departure.

These facts speak for themselves and need no further comment.

It was currently reported at the Exchange that the steamship *President* from England had arrived at New York. Her day of sailing was the 10th ult.

It is curious to observe with what unsatisfied malignity logwhcosim labors at its work of detraction. Tho' abhorred and rejected by a popular majority of 150,000 votes; though ignominiously branded with shame, and driven from the high places of the land, despite its organised hosts of office holders, and its lavish employment of the appliances of patronage and power, it still vents its fruitless spleen in calumny, and toils to regain its former standing by perpetually seeking to blindfold and mislead the people. Scarcely have the organs of the new administration announced the cabinet by which the interests of the country are to be fostered and its honor maintained, than the friends of the departed dynasty assail with the grossest vituperation the statesmen and patriots of which that cabinet is composed. The impotent catchwords of *federalism* and *abolition* are disinterred from the tomb to which popular retribution had consigned them, and are indiscriminately applied without the show of reason or justice, to all whom Gen. HARRISON has called to his support, in undertaking the momentous task of REFORM.

In the same spirit of ferocious and insensate hostility, the locofoco press denounce the whigs, because prosperity has not spread over the land, as by the wave of a magicians' wand upon the advent of a new administration. The friends of HARRISON are condemned because the long train of evil counsels and sinister measures which had signalized Jacksonism and Van Burenism, and had thrown a blight and infused a canker into the very heart of commerce, thence radiating over the sister pursuits of agriculture and manufactures, have not disappeared in a single instant. Miserable cant is the staple material of locofoco comment.

The whigs, it is true, have promised the country "better times," and we believe most devoutly, that the revival of the exhausted energies of the people will follow a change of rulers. But the axe must be applied to the upas before its poisonous influence can be annihilated—the pernicious doctrines and fatal policy of preceding administations must be eradicated, before sound and wholesome measures can prevail.—Correct and comprehensive principles of government must be substituted for the wild dogmas and ruinous radicalism which have hitherto existed. The wretched system of financial experimentalism which has been the chief source of affliction has ceased, but its effects are yet in full and fruitful operation, and how can they be stayed, without sage and salutary measures, and how can these be adopted, without proper legislation by the advocates of the new administration. These truths, so clear and palpable that no mental obliquity can avoid their perception, have been weighed and pondered by the whig party, and with the determination to act promptly and efficiently in behalf of a country long oppressed by imbecility and misrule, congress will be convened in an extra session.—Here again do we behold the inconsiderate malice of locofocoism—in one breath reviling the whigs, because adversity has not fled from the land on the dissolution of a faction, and in the next assailing them because they are willing to assume the responsibility of an extra session with the avowed object of alleviating or removing the [illegible] country.—Abusing whiggery for not bringing an immediate return of prosperity, regardless of the corollary which flows from their own admission: that adversity did exist—that locofocoism had injured the country.—What consistency!

THE CASE OF J. RAYMOND CLARK.

We stated a day or two since, that the case of CLARK, the engraver, was one of extraordinary hardship. Since that paragraph was written, LENNON, the person indicted with CLARK, has been convicted before the Criminal Court, leaving us at liberty to comment upon all the facts and circumstances in the case. It is our good fortune to be in possession of the truth and it gives us pleasure to contribute our mite towards an act of justice. If we are capable of drawing right inferences, the case of CLARK presents one of the most outrageous acts of persecution, under the name of justice, ever recorded in the United States. This assertion will not be contradicted upon due investigation.

In March 1839, two years ago, Mr. CLARK was called upon by a man named ADAMS, who represented himself as the agent of the Mechanics and Traders' Bank of Hamburg, South Carolina. This person ordered four plates, (two back plates and two front plates), of the denomination of *ten, twenty, fifty* and a *hundred* dollars, giving references to several persons in this city, in regard to his character and responsibility. Mr. CLARK proceeded to engrave the plates. When partly finished, he learned that the person who gave the order had left this city, for Mobile, and addressed a letter to him at that place, requesting to know why he had not called upon him in pursuance of appointment, and stating that unless he heard from him immediately, he should abandon the work. He received no answer to this letter. About six weeks afterwards P. C. H LENNON called upon him, and stated that he came from ADAMS, and that he was authorized by ADAMS to take the plates in their unfinished state, and settle for the work. The title of the bank and place of issue on the front plates, together with other less important portions, had not been engraved. As the circumstances were rather peculiar, Mr. CLARK consulted two of his intimate friends (persons well known in this community, and whose names can be given if required) in relation to the propriety of the arrangement. He had expended in cash about two hundred dollars, and several hundred dollars in labor, having printed eight thousand impressions from the back plates. Those friends thus consulted, advised him to settle with LENNON by all means, as the only chance of saving himself from great loss, declaring that they did not consider it an imprudent transaction. He followed their advice, delivered the plates and reverse impressions to LENNON, and received two hundred and twenty dollars in cash, and LENNON'S note for seven hundred and forty dollars, with the note of another individual for fifteen hundred dollars, as collateral security. LENNON'S note became due in September, 1839. Mr. CLARK left New-Orleans for the north, in August, and deposited the note, for collection, with a merchant in this city. On his return, late in the fall, he found this note unpaid, and was unable to discover the residence of LENNON. Three weeks afterwards, LENNON came to this office; said both himself and wife had been prostrated by the fever; that ADAMS had failed to comply with his engagements; and that some queerly his own plans were frustrated, and he was unable to pay the seven hundred and fifty dollar note. He proposed to Mr. CLARK to return the plates and impressions and receive what had been paid. Mr. CLARK, of course, refused to subject himself to so serious a loss. The next day LENNON returned, bringing with him another person, whom he introduced as Colonel THOMAS. He now proposed to retain the ten and twenty dollar plates, together with a portion of the reverse impressions of those denominations, and to return to Mr. CLARK the other plate (50 and 100 dollars). To this arrangement—after some discussion in relation to the terms—Mr. CLARK finally acceded. LENNON paid him twenty dollars, and gave him a note for one hundred dollars, payable in thirty days; making in all three hundred and forty dollars received by CLARK. It is important to remark here, that LENNON and the person with him, wished the plate finished by engraving the title of an institution in Texas. Mr. CLARK could not perform the labor as soon as they desired, in consequence of other engagements. LENNON'S note was not paid at maturity; and CLARK wrote one or two letters to him urging its postponement, and likewise called upon him with reference to the same business. The note was paid in a few days, and CLARK had no further intercourse with LENNON, nor knowledge of his movements until his arrest, which occurred about six months afterwards. This is a correct history of all the business between J. C. H. LENNON and J. R. CLARK, capable of the following most conclusive proof. It could have been established as truth, before the Criminal Court, if a case could have been made out against Mr. CLARK strong enough to call for any defence whatsoever. We think but few facts after reading the foregoing, will give it as their opinion, that Mr. CLARK acted even imprudently in his business transactions with the persons we have named; and yet it is upon those transactions that the charges preferred against him were all based. We shall proceed to morrow to detail the occurrences which followed the arrest of LENNON.

THE WEATHER for the last three days has been truly typical of March—rainy, cold, boisterous, and most disagreeable. This is the month, which, in the calendar of old women, comes in like a lamb and goes out like a lion. All we can say of the matter is, that it has come in like a lion, and continues in pretty much the same way.

FANNY ELSSLER appears this evening in *Natalie*, one of her best pieces. How she can improve upon what we have already seen passes our comprehension. We cannot conceive of any thing more etherial than her personation of La Sylphide, in which she glides over the stage like a bright exhalation, so light, so spirit like, that she might tread upon the morning rose without aid nor shake—the tenor of night,

The lingering dew drops from its leaves, nor wake
The wild bee slumbering in its folds;
nor can we imagine any thing more beautiful than the *Cracovienne* or more expressive than the *Cachuca*; yet she has so far surpassed any anticipation we had formed of her, that it would be unsafe to restrain expectation within the limits of our crude notions of the perfection which in the art of dancing may attain.

We have omitted to speak of Mons. SYLVAIN and Madame ADALAIDE, as they deserve. They are both excellent dancers.

☞ We have heard great complaints of the Orchestra at the St. Charles. The musicians pay little regard to the relations which the Orchestra sustains to the performances. They go ahead as if each individual was working on his own hook, and often in passages which require to be subdued they rattle away as if pos-essed with forty devils. The drum and trumpet are too noisy, and the "vile squeaking of the wry necked fife" is past endurance.

The leader of the Orchestra should attend to his corps more than he does. He should counsel *cornu primo* not to blow his brains out on the trumpet, and it would not be amiss to insinuate that the theatre is not a camp, for the benefit of the drummer. Meanwhile some slight attention to *time* would be advisable. If the leader is not capable of amending these matters, a substitute for the nonce would be a desideratum. By the way the leader of an Orchestra should never be first violin. His duty is to supervise the other musicians, which cannot be done, admitting him qualified, for his situation, if he labors as devoutly in drawing the "hair of the horse across the bowels of the cat," as he of the St. Charles does.

The WHIGS of Tennessee are beginning their nominations for the congressional election, which takes place in August, but which will probably be ordered in the course of the spring, in the event of an extra session of congress. In the Nashville district Gen'l Caruthers is out for congress. A number of candidates in the other districts, are nominated.

The Louisville *Journal*, speaking of locofoco office holders, says:—they are no sun flowers—

Turning to their God when he sets,
The same look which they turned when he rose.

A fire occurred in Cincinnati on the 1st inst., in a carpenter's shop, near the corner of Western row and Longurth street, which destroyed the shop and several buildings adjoining. The loss is about $3,000.

REPORT ON JEFFERSON COLLEGE.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana.

The joint committee appointed to examine into the condition of Jefferson College, respectfully submit the result of their investigation.

The establishment itself first engaged the attention of the committee. The college being placed on a point on the left bank of the Mississippi, is most satisfactorily situated as respects salubrity, so much so, that of two hundred and sixty-four pupils educated at the college last year, the death of but one is to be lamented and but a very small number have suffered from slight indisposition. The dormitories are spacious, well aired, and remarkably clean and neat. The food is wholesome and abundant. The clothing is arranged in perfect order, and with entire regard to propriety.—In short, every thing appears calculated to preserve and protect the health of the inmates of the college. A skilful physician, Dr. [illegible], whose name is sufficient guarantee of the attention and care received by the pupils, is attached to the establishment, and receives six dollars per annum for every pupil.

The committee regret sincerely that the limited means of the college, do not sanction the construction of another wing to the building, for the purpose of educa ing two hundred pupils more. Suitable accommodations have been erected for the use of the president and professors of the college.

The present officers of the institution are as follows:

Messrs. T. R. Ingalls, president.
L. Siret, inspector of studies and professor of latin.
F. Chevret, professor of mathematics, natural philosophy and chemistry.
J. Chanut, professor of rhetoric, philosophy, Greek and latin.
A. Beaumont, professor of mathematics and literature.
R. Nicholls, professor of English and mathematics.
A. Dorion, professor of French and Latin.
R. Fuentes, professor of Spanish and book-keeping.
L. Elkins, professor of English and mathematics.
G. Windham, professors of the elementary classes
M. Mervoyer, } of French and English.
E. Everet, professor of writing and English.
G Brulatour, prefect and professor of latin.
R. Gorant, prefect and professor of arithmetic.
R. Seignouret, chief prefect.
R. Perrx, prefect.
A. Coquille, do.
J. G. Decase, do.
B. Agent, do.
B. S. Webre, treasurer, librarian and secretary.
Mdme. Widow Choppin, house-keeper.
J. Almoner.
C. B. Merieq, physician.
C. Colomby, dancing master.
L. Cazères, fencing master.
do. do.
A. Varney, music master.
T. de Brueys, do.
F. Chevet, drawing master.

The establishment, without being compelled by law, considered itself obliged to receive gratuitously twenty pupils, the expenses of whose support amount to $3470.

Your committee have scrupulously examined the different classes, and have in person satisfied themselves of the regularity and attainments of the different professors, of the zeal with which they impart instruction, and of the rapid improvement of the pupils. It would be difficult, if not impossible, to point out a college in any country, where the studies are more regular and severe. Under the superintendance of Dr. Thomas R. Ingalls, the organization of the college has been perfected, and we may add, that, thanks to his care, its future prosperity is secured. It is deeply to be regretted that the necessity of travelling to regain his health has compelled Dr. Ingalls to resign his office, but Louisiana will never forget that it is principally to him she is indebted for an institution where, without leaving the state, our youth may acquire every branch of useful knowledge.

The rules adopted by the directors for the discipline of the college are wise, well calculated to effect the objects proposed, and conformable to the spirit of our institutions, and their violation is properly punished.

We cannot be too grateful to the generous citizens who conceived the design of endowing their country with an institution that reflects upon it so much honor, and who for sixteen years have labored indefatigably to secure its prosperity. Your committee are confident that the legislature will not suffer these efforts to remain fruitless, but will hasten to provide the necessary means for the completion of this noble edifice.

With this conviction the committee take the liberty of recommending the adoption of the bill presented last year by the joint committee, and entitled: 'Act to secure to the relief of the College of Jefferson, Franklin and Louisiana,' on which the adjournment of the legislature prevented definitive action.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

A. W. PICHOT,
Chairman on the part of the House.

MARRIED—At the Episcopal Church, (Christ Church) Mobile, on the 9th inst., by the Rev. Samuel B. Lewis, Hezekiah LOMBARD, Esq., of Mexico, to MARY, only daughter of the late Stuart Cheyne, Esq., of Edinburgh.

Messrs. Editors:

Please publish the following ticket for Aldermen. It has been suggested by numerous voters as likely to receive, at the ensuing election, the united support of the

FIRST WARD.

First Ward—Second Municipality.

James P. Freret, Georg Morgan,
Gleody Burke, F. A. Lemeden.

Second Ward—Second Municipality.

Samuel J. Peters, N. A. Vicare,
Edward Verdier, John Fredieh.

Gentlemen—We recommend the above ticket to the consideration of the voters of the Second Ward, for their support at the April election
MANY VOTERS.

Third Ward—Second Municipality.

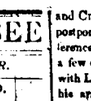
Benj. Whitney, John Hall,
Chas. A. Jacobs, Charles Byrne.

The editors of the "Bee" will please publish the above ticket, which will be supported by the residents of the Third Ward, at the next election.

ANTI CAUCUS.

☞ Nicholls, professor of English and mathematics. A. Dorion, professor of French and Latin. R. Fuentes, professor of Spanish and book-keeping. L. Elkins, professor of English and mathematics. G. Windham, } professors of the elementary classes M. Mervoyer, } of French and English. E. Everet, professor of writing and English. G Brulatour, prefect and professor of latin. R. Gorant, prefect and professor of arithmetic. R. Seignouret, chief prefect. R. Perrx, prefect. A. Coquille, do. J. G. Decase, do. B. Agent, do. B. S. Webre, treasurer, librarian and secretary. Mdme. Widow Choppin, house-keeper. J. Almoner. C. B. Merieq, physician. C. Colomby, dancing master. L. Cazères, fencing master. do. do. A. Varney, music master. T. de Brueys, do. F. Chevet, drawing master.

BY AUTHORITY.



No. 41.
AN ACT

To authorize the police jury of the Parish of Caddo to levy a tax for the year eighteen hundred and forty.

Section 1st. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened*, That the police jury of the parish of Caddo be and they are hereby authorized to levy a Parochial tax on all taxable property in said parish) for the year eighteen hundred and forty, not to exceed one hundred per cent on the state tax.

Section 2d. *Be it further enacted, etc.* That the sheriff of said Parish be and he is hereby required to collect and pay over said tax as soon as practicable to the Treasurer of said parish.

Section 3d. *And be it further enacted, etc.* That this act shall be in force and after its passage.

(Signed,) WM. DEBUYS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed,) FELIX GARCIA,
President of the Senate.

Approved March 2d, 1841.
(Signed,) A. B. ROMAN,
Governor of the state of Louisiana.

No. 42.
AN ACT

To amend an Act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Subscribers to an Association for pressing Cotton" Approved first February eighteen hundred and thirty two.

Section 1st. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in general assembly convened*, That the second section of the Act to incorporate the subscribers to an Association for the pressing of cotton, be and is hereby so amended that the capital stock of said Association shall not exceed one hundred dollars instead of four hundred dollars per share.

Section 2d. *And be it further enacted, etc.* That at all meetings of the stockholders of said Association every share shall entitle the holder to one vote, provided however that no individual or commercial firm shall be entitled to more than one hundred votes.

(Signed,) WM. DEBUYS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed,) FELIX GARCIA,
President of the Senate.

Approved March 4th, 1841.
(Signed,) A. B. ROMAN,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

No. 48.
AN ACT

To establish additional election precincts in the Parish of St Landry.

Section 1st. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the state of Louisiana, in general assembly convened*, That there shall be and there are hereby created and shall be seven additional election precincts in the Parish of St Landry, one at or near the House of Thos Heiby on the Bayou Boeuf road in the County of Rapides and Bragg in Old Grand Prairie, one at or near the House of Marcellin Garland in Flat Town, one at the House of Wm. M Bennett in the Town of Opelousas, one at or near the House of Dominique Richard on the Mallet Woods, one at or near the House of Alexander Reed in Point Chicot, and one at or near the House of Jno. Sandrige, in Palmetto Bois.

Section 2d. *Be it further enacted, etc.* That the Commissioners directed to be appointed by this act, shall in all elections that shall be either be held in said Parish, for Governor of the State, for Congress, for Electors of Presidents and Vice Presidents of the United States, for Members of the General assembly of the State, receive the votes of the persons entitled by the constitution of this state on the first day of every election and make their returns to the Parish Judge and Commissioners of Election at Opelousas in the like manner prescribed by an act entitled "An act creating additional election precincts in the Parish of St. Landry," Approved February fourteenth eighteen hundred and thirty seven.

Section 3d. *Be it further enacted, etc.* That it shall be the duty of the Police Jury of said Parish, on or before the second Monday of June next, to appoint three or five holders residing therein to be Commissioners of election at each of the aforesaid precincts, a majority of whom shall be a Quorum to hold any election.

Section 4th. *Be it further enacted, etc.* That it shall be the duty of the sheriff of said Parish, to have a deputy to attend each of the aforesaid precincts at the time of every election, with a list of persons who are taxable or pay taxes in said parish.

Section 5th. *And be it further enacted, etc.* That so much of the law, now in force, establishes an electoral precinct at Monteville, in the aforesaid Parish, be and the same is hereby repealed.

(Signed,) WM DE BUYS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
(Signed,) FELIX GARCIA,
President of the Senate.

Approved, March 4th, 1841.
(Signed,) A. B. ROMAN,
Governor of the State of Louisiana

A. R. M'NAIR having received an Auctioneer's Commission, has associated himself with L. A. Hubbard and H. F. Merrifield under the firm of HALL & Co. for the sale of Real Estate, Negroes and every description of property They have taken the store No. 21 Common street, and respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.
A R McNAIR,
L V HUBBARD,
H F MERRIFIELD.
m10 10t

NEW PUBLICATIONS. The Kortmen—or the Black Riders of the Congaree—a Tale by the author of "The Partisan," "Mellichamp," "Out Rivers," &c. in 2 vols.

Sketches of conspicuous Living Characters of France in 1 vol. translated by R. M. Walsh, &c.

Also, an additional supply of scarce and valuable Works. Just received by WM McKEAN,
m12 cor. Camp & Common streets.

THE subscribers have on hand and for sale in quantities to suit purchasers, the following articles, viz:

Coffee—2000 bags prime green Rio, of superior quality, 1000 bags do ordinary, 500 bags do Java, 500 bags do green Laguira, cargo of the George, 500 bags do do Havana.

Bagging and Rope—100 pieces Kentucky bagging, 100 coils Kentucky rope, 400 pieces heavy 44 inch Dundee bagging.

10 pipes—100 boxes tin plat 1, Pantpool 1-3 X.

Wine—8 casks very superior old sherry, imported in 1830.

Demijohns—4000 German demijohns, 4 gallons each.
m12 F DE LIZARDI & Co, 53 Bienville st

TO DEALERS—The undersigned have just received from Boston, New York and Philadelphia, a large assortment of domestic dry goods, well suited to either for home consumption, or Mississippi, Alabama and Texas trades. The goods are handsome and will be sold low by
m12 F DE LIZARDI & Co, 53 Bienville st

TO TRADERS WITH MEXICO—The undersigned have on hand the following goods, entitled to debenture. Velveteens, Satteens printed Flannels, Bayetas, Prints, Blacking, &c. &c.

Also an assortment of patent Silk Hosiery.
m12 F D LIZARDI & Co, 53 Bienville street

DRY GOODS—Summer goods from England, France and Germany, are now in store, and for offered to dealers at very moderate prices, viz: Cross, Lizadois, Plaids, Britannias, Jacquilas, 12-8 Sheetings, &c.
m12 F DE LIZARDI & Co, 53 Bienville st

REFINED LOAF SUGAR—200 barrels Loaves, 50 barrels crushed, 40 barrels powdered, from Boston Sugar Refinery, for sale by H A NORCROSS & Co,
m12 40 Gravier street

LIBERAL ADVANCES will be made by the undersigned on consignments of produce to his friends of New York and Philadelphia. HENRY TETE,
m12 13 Conti st.

RICE—24 tierces Carolina rice, just landing from Charleston, for sale by
m12 F DE LIZARDI Co, 53, Bienville st

COFFEE—140 bags Coffee landing from brig Econom from Havana, for sale by O H MILLIGAN,
m12 24 Old Levee.

BRANDY—50 half, tipes J J Dupuy brandy, direct importation, in store, for sale by O H MILLIGAN,
m12 24 Old Levee

ILLINOIS, Cincinnati, and Tennessee Money, for sale by
m12 BOGERT & HAWTHORN, 63 Gravier street.

WHITE LEAD—A large quantity for sale in 26, 56 to 112 lb. kegs by
m12 A GOW, 29 Bienville st

FLOUR—500 bbls superfine for sale by
m12 CLYMER, BRITTON & SWIFT, 48 Tchoupitoulas st

WHISKEY—12 bbls rich rectified in store, or sale by
m12 CLYMER, BRITTON & SWIFT, 48 Tchoupitoulas st

PORK—300 bbls mess and prime at inspection, for sale by
m12 CLYMER, BRITTON & SWIFT, 48 Tchoupitoulas st

BEEF—Mess, prime and