NEW-ORLEANS BEE.
BY BULLITT, MAGNE [illegible]
"Truth is [illegible]"

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

EXPORTS.

Havre—Per ship [illegible]—[illegible] bales cotton, [illegible]
New York—Per ship [illegible]
Liverpool—Per ship Nestor—[illegible] bales cotton, [illegible]
Hamburg—Per ship Princess Louise—[illegible] cotton.
Glasgow—Per barque British America—[illegible] bales
Apalachicola—Per brig Republic—[illegible]

IMPORTS.

[illegible]—Per steamship Natchez—[illegible]
New York—Per ship Alfred—sund'y mdze.
[illegible]—Per barque Fanny—sund'y mdze.
[illegible]—Per ship Clarissa Andrews—sund'y mdze.
[illegible]—Per schr Clarendon—[illegible]
New York—Per ship Henry Newell—sund'y mdze.

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

Bayou Sara—Per steamer Angora—[illegible] bales cotton, [illegible]

[illegible]—Per steamer Path Finder—[illegible] bales cotton, Martin [illegible]

Arkansas River—Per steamer Corvette—[illegible] bales cotton, [illegible]

Vicksburg—Per steamer Swallow—[illegible] bale cotton, P A Fo[illegible]

Vicksburg—Per steamer Baton Rouge—[illegible] bls cotton, to [illegible]

Yazoo City—Per steamer Algonquin—197 bales cotton, [illegible]

St Louis—Per steamer Meteor—[illegible]

CONSIGNEES.

Per ship Alfred—[illegible]
Per barque Fanny—[illegible]
Per ship Henry Newell—[illegible]
Per ship Clarissa Andrews—[illegible]

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Nestor, Mason, Liverpool, S & J P Whitney
Ship Princess Louise, Rodbertus, Hamburg, Schmidt & co
Ship Copernicus, Probst, Bremen, O B Mincoques
Ship Panarga, Hugues, Havre, Kehn, Daron & co
Ship Arkansas, Dennis, New York, A Cohen
Barque British America, Pritchard, Glasgow, Kennedy, Durel & co
Brig Republic, Gates, Apalachicola, Rogers & Hallam

ARRIVED.

Towboat Panther, [illegible], from the Passes—towed to the Bar, ship [illegible] and [illegible]—brought up from sea ship Alfred and barque Fanny.
Towboat Claiborne, Martin, from the Passes—took down barques Osprey, Globe, and brig Reindeer—brought up barque Niagara, and ship Henry Newell.
Ship Henry Newell, Wilson, 14 days from New York, to master.
Ship Alfred, Myers, 14 days from New York, to master.
Ship Clarissa Andrews, Colby, 17 days from Boston, to Harrod & Darling.
Barque Niagara, Cole, 48 days from Hull, in ballast, to master.
Barque Fanny, Crowell, from Liverpool, 18th January, to master.
Barque Demarlscotta, Hewes, from Boston, to master.
Barque Sarah Hand, Herrick, from Baltimore, in ballast, to G Bedford and Beck.
Brig J. Patterson, Cross, from St. Thomas, in ballast, to master.
Schr Clarendon, Holmes, from Thomaston, to master.
Schr David, Pitts, Crouch, from Aux Cayes, St. Domingo, to master.
Steamship Natchez, Swiler, from Havana.
Steamship Neptune, Rollins, 33 hours from Galveston, to James Reed.
Steamer Angora, Selleck, from Bayou Sara.
Steamer Path Finder, Green, from Yazoo.
Steamer Corvette, Stephenson, from Arkansas River.
Steamer Swallow, Glover, from Vicksburg.
Steamer Baton Rouge, Walworth, from Vicksburg.
Steamer Algonquin, Wilson, from Yazoo City.
Steamer Meteor, Dunnica, from St. Louis.

MEMORANDA.

Towboat Panther left the N. E. Pass on Sunday, at 1, P.M.—reports a ship and brig in the offing—ship Cañton, barque Irad Ferry, schr. Richmond and another schr. in the river, bound up. Some twenty sail of ships and barques at the S. W. Pass, bound out—detained by fog.
Steamer Corvette left Little Rock on the 3d inst—reports seven feet water in the river, and rising—met the President above Vicksburg.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Path Finder—J C Drew, [illegible]
Per steamer Angora—[illegible]
Per steamship Neptune—[illegible]
Per steamship Natchez—Mr. Cornelius and lady, [illegible]
Per steamer Corvette—[illegible]
Per steamer Swallow—[illegible]
Per steamer Meteor—[illegible]

Ship CLARISSA ANDREWS, capt Colby, from Boston, will commence discharging this day opposite the [illegible]. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods. HARROD & DARLING. 45 Common st.

[illegible] brig SULTANA from Boston [illegible] HARROD & DARLING, 45 Common st.

Neither the captain or consignees of the British barque CORSAIR, will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew. E & F T PRESCOTT, 15 Canal street Row.

MESSRS. COLOMB & [illegible] [illegible] HARROD & DARLING, 45 Common st.

NOTICE—The ship GARONNE, [illegible], master, from New York, is now discharging opposite [illegible]. Consignees of goods are requested to attend to the receipt of same. [illegible]

MANUEL R. DE LA CALLE [illegible] has removed to No. [illegible]

FOR GOVERNOR,
HENRY JOHNS[ON]

NEW-ORLEANS.
TUESDAY MORNING, MAR[CH 8, 1842.]

The Mail failed yesterday beyond [illegible]

THE CRISIS.

The Bank Bill has so completely [illegible] lic mind, that very little attention [illegible] the movements in the Legislature [illegible] other matters. But [illegible] who imagine [illegible] poses of the majority, or of at least [illegible] spirits of the Senate, will be subserved [illegible] ing of the bill, however disastrous [illegible] been blinded by the dazzling radiance [illegible] lived folly to the portentous specks scattered [illegible] horizon of legislation. We will bring [illegible] little germs of tyranny more distinctly [illegible] of the people, in order to give them a [illegible] scanning the nascent principle of oppression [illegible] blossoms. It would perhaps, prove to [illegible] upon the nervous system of a "free [illegible] were kept in the dark upon the subject [illegible] hitherto an exotic in our land, should [illegible] them in the blooming rudeness of vigor [illegible]

The following resolutions were presented [illegible] Senate, we believe, about a week ago [illegible] prove very edifying to such persons as [illegible] selves living in a free country, where they [illegible] a right to do their own [illegible]

Resolved, That a committee of five [illegible] enquire into the mode of selling cotton [illegible] lesos, and whether it may not be expedient [illegible] to do same by law, with the view,

1st. Of bringing it back to [illegible] some years since, before the spirit of [illegible] monopoly invaded those as well as [illegible] art of business.

2d. Of lessening the expenses of [illegible] greater publicity to the transactions [illegible] and seller.

3d. To enable the planter to sell his [illegible] he choses, without the intervention [illegible] agents.

4th. To put an end to that improper [illegible] exist, of the same person acting as broker [illegible] both parties, and receiving a commission [illegible] and the still more dangerous practice, if [illegible] existed, of the selling agent taking a co[illegible] in purchasing on speculation.

5th. To require the sale of every man's cotton by itself, and on its own merits, and not by the list system.

6th. To secure more effectually to the planter the proceeds of his produce by a privilege above all others on the property of the commission merchant, in case of insolvency, and for the punishment as a crime of the dispsition of such proceeds, in such a manner as to prevent their being in any event made immediately available to the owner, and for other purposes.

The first peculiarity of these resolutions, is the hostile spirit that breathes throughout them. They are couched in the phraseology of war; and are apparently predicated on a state of comity between the interests of commerce and those of agriculture, which are in fact, mutually dependent upon and subsidiary to each other. If the rural population are not convinced, from what has transpired since the "perish commerce—perish credit" system has been started in this country, that any hostile movement upon the commercial classes will ultimately visit themselves with terrible force, experience has lost its efficacy upon the judgments of men.

We do not exactly understand the drift of the first resolution, unless its object is to prohibit by law any one mercantile house from selling more than a given number of bales, and as a *sequitur* to make it unlawful for the planters to select their own factors to dispose of their products. If it means any thing else, the phraseology of the resolution is too obscure to admit of its being cyphered out. However, we ought not to complain of its vagueness since the concocting of the Bank bill.

The second resolution is what in vulgar parlance is called, "leather and prunella"—introduced to "do simple folk."

The third one ought to have been introduced into the "declaration of independence," for ever since the publication of that sublime document, the people of this country have labored under a delusion, if they have not possessed the very right now sought to be conferred upon them—and so firmly has that opinion taken possession of them, that it would be difficult to convince them that the Legislature has any power to abridge their liberty in this respect, much less is its interference necessary to secure to them a constitutional privilege.

The fourth resolution has no more application to cotton brokers than any other agent who sells the property of an individual on commission.

The fifth is nothing more nor less than a violent interference in a practice that has grown out of the nature of the trade and the necessity of the case. There are cotton merchants in the city who do not sell upon the list system (at least there were such a short time ago), but we have never understood that they gave greater satisfaction to their principals than others. If it is any disadvantage to the producer to sell cotton thus, the practice would long since have been abandoned; for others would take advantage of the dissatisfaction of the planter towards those who sell by the list, and adopting another mode would presently obtain all consignments. The present mode of business is the result of experience, which has showed its advantage for all parties concerned. Those planters who do not wish their cotton to be sold in that manner, may accompany their assignment with special instructions or can charge their factors, as they think best.

The sixth resolution is wrong in principle and exceptionable in respect to justice. The cotton planter ought not to have a lien upon the merchant's effects to the disadvantage of the sugar grower, or any other producer whose property has been sold by him. The remainder of the resolution is of a piece with many other rebuffs and slights, the merchant has been of late subjected to. They are becoming too common to excite any special wonder.

But there is a tail to the comet, which is yet more blazing than the luminary itself. To the foregoing are appended the annexed, in *continuendo*, as the lawyers call it:

"Resolved, That said committee be instructed to enquire and report, whether it be not expedient to provide by law:

1st. That the business of banking or making advances of money on interest by commission merchants, except so far as may be necessary to defray actual charges, be discontinued.

2d. That no man shall, at the same time, as a broker, commission merchant, or agent, act both for buyers and sellers of the same article of produce, but shall confine himself either to buying or selling.

3d. That commission merchants for selling cotton be commissioned by the State, and give bonds as auctioneers do.

4th. That a cotton exchange or some one public and convenient place or building be established in New Orleans, where all samples of cotton shall be exhibited and the cotton sold; and the minute of a sale made in a book, to be kept for that purpose in said building, open at all times to the inspection of all.

And that their enquiries extend to such other matters touching the same subject as they may deem expedient. That they be authorised to send for persons and papers, and examine persons on oath [illegible]

Resolved, That the same enquiry [illegible] ticable, be extended to the sales of [illegible]

Had the first of this series of resol[utions] [illegible] upon by the merchants ten [illegible] been greatly to their advantage [illegible] have to be regulated by the good sense [illegible] of all parties. We contend that the Legislature has no right to prohibit a merchant or any one else, from accepting the draft of a planter, or advancing him money. It is an unconstitutional abridgment of the liberty of the citizen. If he makes a losing investment it is his own look out; but he has a right to lend it to whomsoever he pleases, and upon what he may deem sufficient security.

The second resolution is in effect the same as the one already noticed.

The third is an absurdity.

The fourth is a matter which individuals may, if they think fit, put in execution for their benefit and convenience; but the Legislature has no right to compel them to do so.

And then come a few general clauses, giving powers which we have heretofore seen used to the great annoyance and trouble of the citizen.

Now we do contend that if the Legislature has the right to act upon the foregoing resolutions, the boasted liberty of this people is a sham—a tinkling cymbal and nothing more. What right has a committee of the Senate to [illegible] up any citizen in the state, send for his papers, and put [illegible] upon his oath to answer questions upon any matter [illegible] the members of the Legislature may be curious about?

As well might the Senate adopt resolutions enquiring into the domestic habits and private means of subsistence of any man or class of men in society, and send for 'persons and papers' to establish the fact that he or they eat too much or too little. And why are cotton merchants selected for this exercise of legislative inquisitiveness? Why not jump upon the silversmiths, the hardware merchants, the dealers in earthenware, and other traders, with power to send for persons and papers to ascertain if they ought not to [illegible]

[illegible] of [illegible] palace [illegible] in the [illegible] Could the Council of Ten [illegible] Venetian Oligarchy have [illegible] more tyrannical and [illegible] wards the inhabitants of [illegible] than the one proposed by this [illegible] legislation for the Senate [illegible] them. Here are no bounds to [illegible] they may clothe a committee [illegible] people, the people themselves [illegible] rights invaded and the sanctity [illegible] private relations violated.

The next step may be to [illegible] the planter as to his mode of doing business [illegible] a high [illegible] for him to draw upon his [illegible] in anticipation of his crop and punish him [illegible] if through the caprice of the seasons, he [illegible] the amount of his draft [illegible] for the visitudes of the weather [illegible] the crop, as to make the merchant [illegible] the fluctuations of trade that affect his credit [illegible] whole of this species of legislation is based upon the grossest errors, and the longer it is persevered in the more disastrous will be the consequences. That course of legislation that injures one class of citizens injures all. We are all of a mutually dependent one upon another. All trades, professions, classes, and divisions of society are linked together by natural affinities and dependencies. All get along well or [illegible]. A whole one interest and you advance all; injure one and you injure all. Melancholy has been the experience that teaches these truths. The chiefs of the country ought [illegible] understand this [illegible]

We [illegible]

[illegible] Col. SKRAMOW, the [illegible] of [illegible] Senate [illegible] meeting [illegible] and eloquent speech [illegible] terday, in favor of a resolution introduced some days since by himself to prohibit the further sale of State Bonds by the Citizens' Bank, and to enquire into the manner in which the bonds already issued by that bank have been disposed of. We shall be happy if Col. SKRAMOW will furnish us with an outline of his remarks.

Rumor stated yesterday that the President and Directors of the Bank of Louisiana had resigned their offices. We have taken some pains to enquire into the truth of those reports, and find that they are incorrect. These gentlemen, determined under legal counsel, to retain their places. We applaud them for so doing. This is the time when every one in a position to resist unconstitutional oppression should stand up manfully for the rights of the *People*.—We mean what we say—the PEOPLE!

MERCHANTS' BANK.—We learn that this institution closed its doors yesterday.

This evening BEATRICE DI TENDA at the St. Charles. Seats had better be secured early, as there will doubtless be a jam.

FROM TEXAS.

By the steamship *Neptune*, in 33 hours, from Galveston, we have received our files of Texas papers to the 5th inst. inclusive.

The appointment of Mr. John Barnes as Consul for Texas in London has been revoked by the President.

The President has thus far furnished no reply to the Committee appointed by the citizens of Galveston, to wait on him and request immediate action in relation to the Santa Fe prisoners. The Galveston *Advertiser* complains of his silence in strong terms of censure.

The steamer *Gen. O'Brien* was recently lost on the Sabine river. She was snagged by one of the numerous logs which lie concealed in that stream.

HAVANA.

By the steamship *Natchez*, Capt. SWILER, we have received our files of Havana papers to the 3d inst.—They are destitute of news or interest. The English steamer *Forth* was still in Havana, waiting for the mail which was to have left Falmouth on the 11th February.

We perceive by a letter dated "Mexico, Feb. 2nd," and published in yesterday's *Crescent City*, that Mr. KENDALL, the editor of the *Picayune*, has arrived safely in that city.

The *Natchez Free Trader* says: "In 1807, Congress called on their Surveyor of public building, to say why the roof of the Capitol was so defective. He replied that the leakage was owing to all the smaller pieces of lead, called "flashings," having been *stolen*.

At that time nearly all our lead was imported; there was not a single shaft at work in the western country; now millions of pounds are sent down the Mississippi.

We are indebted to Mr. Gyles of the *Baton Rouge*, for late river papers.

BANK BILL.

Subjoined will be found the amendments to the Bank Bill, as they passed both Houses of the Legislature, and were approved by the Governor:

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the 6th paragraph of the 1st section of the act entitled "An act to revive the charters of the several banks located in the city of New Orleans, and for other purposes," be and the same is hereby repealed, and that the following be substituted in lieu thereof, to wit: That no person shall hereafter be elected or appointed a director of any bank in this state who shall not at the time of his election or appointment be a citizen of the United States, and of this State; and if any director of a bank shall absent himself from this State for a period exceeding four months, his seat shall be considered as vacated, and shall be immediately filled by the authority by which such director has been originally appointed, or (if such director has been appointed by the Legislature, and it be then in recess,) by the Governor; and the same rule shall apply to all vacancies occurring from any cause whatever, in the Board of Directors of any Bank.

Sec. 2. That so much of the fifth paragraph of the second section of said act as makes it the duty of the Attorney General under the circumstances therein mentioned to institute suits against the members of the Board of Currency, be and the same are hereby repealed, saving and reserving to the State or to persons injured by any unlawful acts of said Board or any of the members thereof, the right to sue on the bonds furnished by them as in the case of any other official bond.

Sec. 3. That that the 5th and 6th sections of said act be and the same are hereby repealed, and that each and every bank accepting the said act may issue notes payable on the first Monday of December, 1842, or stamp their present notes payable at that period: *Provided, however*, that the whole amount of the notes issued or stamped payable at said date by any one bank, shall never exceed three times the amount of specie in its vault belonging to said bank; and if any bank should issue or stamp a larger proportion of notes payable as above than is allowed by this act, each and every person or officer of the bank concerned in such stamping or issuing shall be subject to imprisonment for a period which shall not exceed two years nor be less than two months.

Section 4. That the 8th section of said act be so amended that no bank shall be bound to receive in payment the notes of any bank or banks in liquidation to an amount which shall exceed in the aggregate thirty-three and one-third per cent. of the circulation of [illegible] receiving it, as fixed by the [illegible] said act, in which amount shall [illegible] notes of the liquidating bank held by [illegible] due to the said bank receiving such [illegible] shall not be so interpreted as to require [illegible] to receive a larger amount of the circulation [illegible] liquidation bank than that for which [illegible] shall be given, the sufficiency of [illegible] in case of difference of opinion, shall be determined by the Board of currency; and the whole of such assets and securities as shall be handed over to the banks receiving the circulation as aforesaid, shall be held and may be used by them until the final liquidation of said bank or banks. If any bank going into liquidation under this act, or the act to which it is an amendment, should not on the final settlement have sufficient assets to pay and discharge all its liabilities, then and in such case, the bank or banks taking up its circulation, according to the provisions of this section, shall suffer a loss *pro rata* with all the other creditors, on the amount due it at the time a petition for a surrender of its charter by a bank shall be filed, or a decree of forfeiture thereof shall be rendered.

Sec. 5. That the 12th section of said act be so amended that until the first Monday of November next it shall not be necessary for the banks that shall accept the same to settle their weekly balances in specie, but in such case the creditor bank shall have the choice of any notes or securities in the possession of the debtor bank, which notes or securities shall be taken at a discount of interest not exceeding six per cent. per annum on notes not having more than four months to run, and eight per cent. per annum on notes having more than four months to run, and the bank transferring the same shall be liable for any loss or deficiency thereon: *Provided, however*, that the board of currency are authorised by and with the advice and consent of the creditor banks, to modify or suspend, at their discretion, these settlements in regard to any particular bank or banks, when they are fully satisfied of the entire solvency of such bank or banks, and when circumstances may render it advisable; and that said section be further amended, so that the Merchants' Bank and Gas Light and Banking Company shall be permitted, until the 30th of September next, to pay out the notes of other banks, which may have accepted the act to which this is an amendment, so far as may be necessary to discharge the debts now owing, or liabilities, incurred by said Merchants' Bank and Gas Light and Banking Company.

Sec. 6. That all that portion of the 17th section of said act, which subjects the members of the Board of Currency to criminal prosecution, and those portions of the 9th and 10th sections of said act, which provide that on certain contingencies the[illegible]

[illegible] or the Attorney General [illegible] the Governor [illegible] equaled to [illegible]

Sec. 7. That the 12th section of the said act be so amended that the notes required by said section to be issued by the state shall bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, instead of five per cent. [illegible] that said bonds shall [illegible] payable in [illegible] corresponding with those of [illegible] which any bonds of the State heretofore issued in favor of [illegible] the banks to which they are furnished shall mature, and in the proportion which such series of bonds may bear to the whole amount of bonds issued by the State on account of said bank.

Sec. 8. That the 18th section of said act be so amended that any bank in liquidation shall be authorized to take as stock in payment of debts due to it, on a written authorization to that effect of the Board of Currency.

Sec. 9. That the 20th section of said act shall not be construed to apply to renewals of loans on stock made prior to the passage of said act.

Sec. 10. That any bank accepting the said act, and which has issued bonds for the whole or a part of its capital, shall be and is hereby authorized to agree with the holders of such bonds, to postpone the time of payment of any series that may fall due prior to the year 1845, by dividing such payment, so as to make the same payable in four annual instalments of one fourth each year, during the four years next ensuing that in which said series shall fall due.

Sec. 11. That any bank which shall accept the act to which this is an amendment, shall [illegible] by a vote of the stockholders, [illegible] elections held after the passage of this act, to [illegible] the number of its directors to any number not less than [illegible] *Provided, however*, that those banks in which the State or the city of New Orleans, have the right to appoint a portion of the directors, shall [illegible] the reduction of such director as to preserve to the [illegible] same relative proportion [illegible] to which they are entitled by the char[ter] [illegible]

Sec. 12. That [illegible] the Board of [illegible] persons to fill the [illegible] *Provided* [illegible] shall not be granted [illegible]

Section 13. That the Board of Directors of such of the banks located in the city of New Orleans, as shall have accepted the "Act to revive the Charters of the several Banks located in the city of New Orleans" shall be and they are hereby authorized to accept the provisions [illegible] thereof and forthwith to give notice of said acceptance to the Governor of this State, *Provided, however*, that the acceptance thereof by the Board of Directors shall only be provisional, and it shall be the duty of the Presidents and Directors of the several banks to convene a meeting of the stockholders of the respective banks to take place, at the different banking houses, within thirty days after the passage of this act, for the purpose of taking into consideration and deciding on the expediency of accepting the present act, and in case a majority of the stockholders, holding more than one half of the whole number of shares of the stock of said bank shall decide that it is inexpedient to accept said act, then and in such case, the acceptance of the Board of Directors shall cease to have effect.

Sec. 14. That in case any bank shall have convened a meeting of its stockholders in pursuance of the 9th section of an act to which this is an amendment, and at said meeting it shall appear that a majority in amount of the stockholders reside out of the State, and are not represented therein by agents having powers competent to enable them to accept or reject said act, the Attorney General, by and with the advice of the Board of Currency, may suspend all action against such bank for a period not exceeding forty days; and in case any bank shall by a vote of its directors within five days after the publication in the State Gazette of this act, accept provisionally the same and the one to which it is an amendment, the Attorney-General may, by and with the advice of the Board of Currency, suspend proceedings against those banks for a period not exceeding forty days; *Provided, however*, that the acceptance of said acts by the Board of Directors shall only be provisional, and in case a majority of the stockholders, holding more than one half of the whole number of shares of the stock of said bank, shall decide that it is inexpedient to accept said acts, then and in such a case the acceptance by the Board of Directors shall be deemed not to have been made, and shall have no effect.

Section 15. That when the Attorney-General institutes proceedings against any bank or banks in virtue of the present act, or the act to which this is an amendment, and shall deem it necessary to apply for an order or writ of sequestration or injunction or other conservative order, the court may grant said orders or writs on the simple petition of the Attorney-General without requiring any oath or security; *Provided*, the court before which the proceedings are pending, shall be fully satisfied that the issuing of said writ is necessary for the protection of the State or the creditors of such bank: and the defendant or defendants in said suits shall not be authorized to have the right to have said orders or writs set aside by giving bond and security as in ordinary cases; and the property sequestrated shall be placed in the possession of the Board of Currency, who shall be authorized until a decree shall have been rendered to preserve the property sequestrated, and perform all conservative acts in relation thereto. And all civil actions brought by the Attorney-General against any bank under this act, or the act to which this is an amendment, shall be tried without the intervention of a jury, and shall have the preference to be tried before all other causes both in the first instance and on the appeal.

Sec. 16. That if any bank shall neglect or refuse to call the meeting of stockholders in the manner and at the time hereinbefore provided, the President and Directors of such bank so neglecting, or refusing, shall be subject each to a fine of one thousand dollars for every day they so neglect or refuse to convene said meeting of stockholders, unless such President or Director shall make it appear that he voted for such call.

Sec. 17. That whenever a mortgage prior to the one given to a bank shall exist, and it be necessary for the bank in order to prevent a heavy loss, to purchase the property thus mortgaged, when it is advertised to be sold under seizure, then and in such case only it shall be lawful for said bank to increase temporarily its dead weight by purchasing the mortgaged property; provided that said bank shall previously have obtained the express and written authorization and consent of the Board of Currency to do so.

Sec. 18. That hereafter in case of the failure or neglect of any debtor who has a loan other than loans on stock from any bank in this state, secured by a mortgage with a confession of judgment, to pay the instalment and interest thereon, as required by the first clause of the third section and the seventh section of the act to which this is an amendment, the bank holding and owning the mortgage shall have the right to apply for and obtain, in the manner now provided by law, an order of seizure and sale for the whole amount of the debt or obligations, but that upon a sale of the property seized no greater amount of cash shall be required from the purchaser than may be necessary to pay the per cent. and interest which the original debtor has failed to meet, with the costs, and that the purchaser shall come under the same obligations as the original debtor, and upon the same conditions for the payment of the balance of the debt: *Provided*, that in case of the failure or neglect of the purchaser to pay any instalment as it becomes due, and the interest on the balance of the debt, it shall not be necessary for the bank to obtain another order of seizure and sale, but that it shall be the duty of the clerk of the court of which the first writ issued, upon the application of the plaintiffs or their attorney, to issue another order of seizure and sale for the balance due, endorsing thereon the amount required to be paid in cash, and that the sale shall be made in the same way as before and upon the same conditions, and this shall continue to be done from time to time, until the whole amount of the debt, interest and costs, is collected: *Provided, further*, the debtor shall not have the right to require that the property mortgaged shall be offered for sale or sold in any other manner except in block without the consent of the bank.

Sec. 19. That the 3rd section of the act to which this is an amendment, shall not be so construed as to allow the benefit of the delays granted by said section to any debtor of a bank, unless he shall strictly comply with the terms of said section, and punctually pay his instalments as they will fall due; and if any debtor of a bank shall neglect or refuse to comply with the terms of or to pay any of his instalments when due, then he shall be deprived of the benefits granted by said section. *Provided*, that a delay of fifteen days be granted to debtors residing in the city of New Orleans, and forty days to those residing in the country.

Sec. 20. That the 1st section of the aforesaid act be and the same is hereby so amended, that the deposits on interest, the payment of which cannot be demanded within ninety days, shall not be considered as a cash liability of the bank receiving the same: *Provided*, that said deposits shall always be represented by the first available assets of the bank, placed in the "dead weight."

Sec. 21. That the time fixed by the 13th section of the act to which this act is amendatory for the resumption of specie payments by all the banks of this state be, and the same is hereby, extended to the first Monday in December, 1842; and that no protest of the notes of any bank shall operate a forfeiture of the charter until the first Monday in December, 1842.

Sec. 22. That this act shall be in force from and after its passage; and shall be published and promulgated by the state paper in preference to all other acts approved previous to it.

[REPORTED FOR THE BEE.]

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, March 7th, 1842.

In the House, yesterday, Mr. Swayzé offered a resolution fixing the day for adjournment for the 15th inst., which was read for the first time.

Mr. Carter presented a memorial relative to a ferry at Port Hudson, accompanied by a bill which was read once and referred to a committee.

Mr. Dashields offered a resolution authorizing the board of public works to have an examination made of the [illegible] of Bayou Bœuf, which was adopted.

Mr. Conrad of Orleans, by leave, introduced an act to recognise the name of John Patton Overton, which was read three time and passed.

Mr. Conrad of Baton Rouge, offered a joint resolution, authorizing the board of public works, or persons substituted in its stead, to work the hands on a certain road, and clear out obstructions in the Bayou Fontaine. After some explanations by Mr. Conrad. The resolution was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Philips, the house took up the bill regulating the admission of attorneys to practice law, and a substitute offered by Mr. Swayzé abolishing the power of the supreme court to appoint from time to time, boards of examiners for applicants to practice law. The original bill which abolishes the board of commissioners, was sustained at some length by Mr. [illegible] of Baton Rouge, and opposed by [illegible]. Mr. Philips spoke with much warmth in support of the bill. The debate was further [illegible] by Messrs. Hayden, Guion and [illegible]

[illegible] The [illegible] debate [illegible] whole subject an [illegible] [illegible] Mr. Swayzé then [illegible] to [illegible] On this motion the yeas [illegible] So the motion prevailed [illegible] was considered [illegible]

Mr. Voorhies, from the enrolling committee, reported [illegible] duly enrolled the act [illegible] the charters of the banks, together with other bills.

On motion of Mr. Swayzé, the house adjourned till the [illegible] of Monday, and to [illegible]

Mr. Hardesty, from the committee, reported [illegible] bill relative to a ferry at Port Hudson, which was considered, adopted, read a third time and passed.

Mr. Conrad of Baton Rouge, introduced by leave a bill to abolish the office of the Pe[illegible] Sheriffs or prohibit the sale of certain articles therein. Read by the title.

On motion of Mr. Morse, the House took up the bill authorising the purchase of a certain number of copies of [illegible] Digest and adopted the 1st [illegible] yeas, and 8 nays. The [illegible] adopted with [illegible] third time and passed.

[illegible] introduced a resolution [illegible] Committee to re[illegible] which has [illegible]

[illegible] the House took up [illegible] F. Conway and passed the [illegible]

[illegible] introduced a bill to provide [illegible] the books of the Recorder of [illegible] parish of St. Landry. Read three [illegible]

[illegible] presented to the House a petition from [illegible] remonstrating against the action of the [illegible] in reference to the former [illegible] operating upon his character [illegible] the table.

Mr. Bedford, by leave, introduced a bill to create the office of Grain Inspector in the City of New Orleans. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. Winchester, from the preceding Committee, reported without amendment, the bill supplementary to the act providing for a separation from bed and board, [illegible] persons. The bill was [illegible] opposed by [illegible] Friend, Thomas and Ratliff, and sustained by Mr. Conrad of Baton Rouge, and Mr. Canon.

Pending [illegible] on the House adjourned.

We are [illegible] to call the attention of the public to the sale of watches, jewellery, cutlery, &c. &c., which will be sold this day at 10 o'clock, at the Camp street Auction Mart.

LATEST DATES.

New York	Feb. [illegible]	London	[illegible]
Boston	Feb. [illegible]	Liverpool	[illegible]
Philadelphia	Feb. [illegible]	Paris	[illegible]
Washington	Feb. [illegible]	Havre	[illegible]
Baltimore	Feb. [illegible]	Bordeaux	[illegible]
Charleston	Feb. [illegible]	Mexico	[illegible]
Havana	Feb. [illegible]	Tampico	[illegible]
Houston	March [illegible]	Vera Cruz	[illegible]

Commercial.

NEW-ORLEANS, MONDAY EVENING, March 7, 1842.

The sales of Cotton to-day were 2,000 bales, of which 700 at 7c, and 750 at 7½c. The market is firm, and the lower descriptions have advanced ½c on Saturday's prices.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION.

Louisiana and Mississippi.		*Tennessee and N. Ala.*	
Ordinary	[illegible]	Ordinary	.00 @00
Middling	7 @ 7½	Middling	.00 @00
Middling Fair	8 @ 8½	Middling Fair	.00 @00
Fair	9½ @ 9½	Fair	.00 @00
Good fair	10 @ 11	Good fair	.00 @00
Good and fine	12 @ 00	Good and fine	.00 @00

The Money-market to-day was decidedly worse, and uncurrent funds underwent a considerable depreciation. We quote Exchange Bank notes 35 @ 40 ℔ cent. discount; Improvement, Atchafalaya and Orleans, 16 @ 20 do. Much excitement was created by the refusal of the Merchants' Bank to redeem the checks of the Commercial Bank, at Natchez, and which hitherto have been payable at this institution. We understand that between 3 and $400,000 of this paper is in circulation principally in Mississippi, and that the Commercial Bank had provided funds to the amount of $320,000 which were deposited in the Merchants' Bank for the purpose of redeeming the issues on presentation. Where has all this money gone to, is a question which has been asked repeatedly to-day. Echo answers *where*. But the public demand a more satisfactory solution, and *it must be forthcoming*. Have these funds been applied to improper purposes? We ask for information. Have they disappeared without leaving a trace behind?—We pause for a reply.

We hear that the Bank satisfied some bill-holders with the contents of its portfolio, but it could not have been to any extent, as the circulation is now at a discount of 20 ℔ cent.

[PRIVATE CORRESPONDENCE OF THE BEE.]
Havana, March 3d, 1842.

Since my last per steamship *Alabama*, business has continued in the same dull state, and prices for every description of goods remain unaltered, there being rather more disposition on the part of holders to sell.—1000 brls western flour, part of the Spanish polacre Juanita's cargo, have been disposed of at $15 75, and 1000 kegs lard at $10 25. Demand for our staples very limited. Exchanges as follows: New Orleans 4 per cent. discount; New York half to one per cent. discount. London, 10½ per cent. prem. Paris 1 to 1½ per cent. disct. Freights, £3 7½ Eng., and £3 10 for the Baltic, and improving. The Royal Mail steamer Medina, left on the 1st inst., at 7, P. M., for Southampton, and the Forth, yesterday, for the Balize and Vera Cruz, to fetch the mail for the next steamer for Europe. The Tay has not yet returned from Turks' Island; and is hourly expected.

No vessels from N. O. since the 23d ult.

BRITISH CONSULATE,
New Orleans, March 8th, 1842.

A mail for England, West Indies, &c., per steam packet Solway, will be made up at this office, to-day, at 8 o'clock p. m., after which hour no letters can be received on any account whatever.
JOHN CRAWFORD, Consul.

MESSRS. EDITORS—Please announce in your paper that L. U. GAIENNIE has consented to be a candidate for the office of Recorder of the Second Municipality, and that he will be sustained by a large number of voters of both parties.

MESSRS. EDITORS—Please state that a large number of voters of the different wards of the Third Municipality, being convinced that Mr. GEORGE T. BRIGHT has fulfilled the duties entrusted to him with zeal, firmness and impartiality, have determined to support him at the ensuing election for Recorder, persuaded as they are that Mr. Bright will not reject the nomination of his fellow-citizens, and will continue, as heretofore, to meet the approbation of all who desire the public good.
MANY VOTERS.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—Please announce ALFRED J. LEWIS, Esq. as a candidate for the office of Recorder of the 3d Municipality—Mr. George T. Bright having resigned.
MAJORITY.

GENTLEMEN—Please publish in your journal that at the request of his numerous friends, Mr. WILLIAM FRERET, has consented to become a candidate for re-election, for the office of Mayor of the city of New Orleans, at the ensuing election. j19

We are authorised by his numerous friends to announce DENIS PRIEUR as a candidate for the office of Mayor of New Orleans, at the ensuing election, and to say that he will be supported by the three Municipalities.

THE "Washington Total Abstinence Society," will hold their first meeting, this evening, at half past seven o'clock, in the Methodist Episcopal Church, Poydras street. The public and those friendly to this great enterprise are cordially invited to attend. Addresses from several eloquent speakers may be expected.
E V GLOVER, Jr.
SAMUEL C HASSEN, } Secretaries.

IMPROVEMENT BANK.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS—Agreeably to a resolution adopted at a meeting of the Stockholders which took place at the bank on Saturday last, 5th inst., all the Stockholders of this Institution are hereby requested to assemble at the meeting to be held at the Bank on Thursday next, 10th inst. at 5 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of deliberating on the following questions:
1st. If the Bank shall or shall not accept the law of the 5th Feb. last.
2d. If this Institution should or should not enter into immediate liquidation.
3d. If the grounds upon which said liquidation be based, should or should not be decided upon.
L. BERNARD, Cashier.

ON Friday, 25th ult., the ruins of a house were found floating on the river. On these fragments were several articles of furniture, such as bedsteads, tables, mattresses, blankets, &c. The owner may obtain them, on describing the objects and paying expenses. Apply to François, justice of the peace in Burat's district, Parish of Plaquemine. m8

LOST—A draft crawn by Mr. B. Desha in favor of G. Mayo, and endorsed by him and Hart, Labatt & Co, on Barrett & Lepage; due March 1st to 4th, 1842, for two hundred and fifty dollars.
The public are cautioned against receiving or negotiating said draft.
The finder will please return the same to
m8 3t A C LABATT, 8 Magazine st

CAUTION—The public are hereby cautioned against negotiating a draft dated New Orleans, May, 11th, 1841, twelve months after date, for thirteen hundred dollars, drawn and endorsed by A Block & Son (to their order) on and accepted by Lambeth & Thompson—the said draft having been lost or stolen. m8 TAYLOR & MEDLEY

$10 REWARD.

WILL be given for the return of a draft drawn by M. B. Desha, in favor of G. Mayo and endorsed by him and Hart, Labatt & Co on Barrett & Lepage due March 1st and 4th, for two hundred and fifty dollars. Same having been lost or mislaid. A C LABATT,
m8 tf 8 Magazine st

TRAVELLERS' HOTEL, AT DONALDSONVILLE, Opposite the Theatre.

The Subscriber has the honor to inform the public that he has taken the Hotel kept at Donaldsonville by Messrs. Dupuis and Leoneur, and lately by Mr Landry. A spacious yard is provided for the carriages of the planters. From its advantageous position said hotel is particularly worthy of general patronage; and the subscriber, by his attention and the excellence of his table, will endeavor to render it so.
It will be opened about the 15th or 17th March
m8—9t MICHEL DOUAIS.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD—Ranaway from the subscriber the negro woman named LOUISA, about four feet five or six inches in height, very good looking, is very erect. Two of her fingers have been burnt so that she cannot straighten them. The above reward will be given to whoever will apprehend and lodge her in one of the municipality prisons. J J GUERIN. 3t-m8

COMMERCIAL COURT—No 4,663—Auguste Rieffel vs Ferdinand M Streck—By virtue of an order of seizure and sale to me directed by the Honorable the Commercial Court of New Orleans, will be sold in the coffee house of the Exchange, St Louis street, on Saturday, the 19th day of March, 1842, at noon,
The steamboat GOVERNOR YELL, her machinery, tackle, apparel, furniture, &c. seized in the above suit.
Terms, cash.
L A DUCROS, Sheriff of the Commercial Court.
m8—at in 10d

NOVA SCOTIA MACKEREL—Two hundred and fifty brls of Nova Scotia Mackerel, a very superior article, may be purchased low if immediately applied for on board the British Barque Oromo, 2d municipality, or to
m8 E & F T PRESCOTT, 15 Canal st row

ST. CHARLES THEATRE [illegible]

[illegible] grand [illegible] LA GRANDA; [illegible] three acts. [illegible] Ballet.

Ballet [illegible] in English to [illegible], Spanish and Italian.

Thursday [illegible] Miss ROCK'S Benefit.

[illegible] OPERA.

AMERICAN THEATRE
POYDRAS STREET.

In consequence of the great success of "Dick Turpin and his Bonny Black Bess," the managers have induced Mrs Fitzwilliam [illegible] Wednesday, for the purpose of [illegible] engagement [illegible] drama for one night more (this evening) [illegible] which it will positively be laid aside for the season.

TUESDAY EVENING, March 8th, 1842,
The drama of
ROOKWOOD;
or,
DICK TURPIN THE HIGHWAYMAN,
And his Bonny Black Bess.
With new and splendid scenery, dresses and decorations [illegible] the whole under the direction of Mr. Joseph Foster.
Previous to which the
WEDDING DAY.

Wednesday, first night of Mrs FANNY FITZWILLIAM.

WASHINGTON BALL ROOM
[illegible] BORD, Manager.

BALLS take place on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, FRIDAYS and SATURDAYS, of each week, through the season.

PLANTATION MEDICINES—The subscribers aware of the importance to planters and physicians, of having medicines which can be relied on as fresh and genuine, have taken particular care in the selection of their stock, and from the arrangements they have made in London, [illegible] and N. York, for receiving constant fresh supplies [illegible] will always be prepared to furnish planters and physicians with medicines which they will guarantee of superior quality.
SICKLES & Co., Druggists, 40 Canal st

COMMERCIAL COURT—No 4,297—Edward Harper vs William H Gray & Co—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Honorable the Commercial Court of New Orleans, will be sold at the sheriff's store, No. 65 Chartres street, on Saturday, the 19th day of March, 1842, at 10 o'clock a m,
Three new pianos,
Seized in the above suit.
Terms [illegible]
L A DUCROS, Sheriff of the Commercial Court.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.
[illegible] Hyde & Comstock vs Julius Valtin & Co. [illegible] a writ of [illegible] to me directed, [illegible] and shall expose to public sale on Monday [illegible] day of April, 1842, at 12 o'clock, M., at Banks' Arcade, the steamboat Columbus, her tackle, apparel and furniture, as the same now lies, on the opposite side of the river.
Terms cash, in specie.
Marshal's Office, March 4th, 1842.
A SIDNEY ROBERTSON, U S Marshal.
m8 2aw

In Bankruptcy.
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Eastern District of Louisiana—No. 93—Samuel Chase vs. His creditors—Notice is hereby given that Samuel Chase of New Orleans, has filed in this court a petition to be declared a bankrupt, and an order has been duly entered, appointing the 15th day of April next, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the hearing of said petition, all persons may then appear and show cause, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.
By order of the court.
ED. LAUVE, Dep'y Clerk.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish Court for the Parish and City of New Orleans.
I hereby certify that on the 1st March, 1842 judgment was entered in this Court in the suit of Mrs. Jean Jacques Montfort, [Marie Eulalie Blay,] vs her husband, in the words and figures following, to wit: Montfort [Marie Eulalie Blay] vs. her husband.
No. 14, 575.—Mrs. Jean Jacques [illegible]
Decree:—It is ordered, adjudged and decreed, that judgment be entered in favor of plaintiff against the defendant; that a separation of property be pronounced between the two parties; and that the plaintiff recover from her husband:
1st. The sum of eighteen hundred and forty-five dollars.
2nd. The following described property, to wit: a negro woman named Malie, eight silver forks and eight silver spoons, and the furniture, clothing and jewels, brought in marriage by the said plaintiff.
It is further ordered that the defendant pay costs.
New Orleans, March 5th, 1842.
(Signed) CHARLES MAURIAN, Judge.
(L. S.)—In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and affixed the seal of the said Court, at the City of New Orleans, on this 5th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, and in the sixty sixth year of the Independence of the United States.
LOUIS R. COURTIN, Dep Clerk.

LONDON EDITIONS OF SCARCE WORKS.
THE British Cyclopædia of Arts and Sciences, Manufactures, Commerce, Literature, History, Geography, Politics, Biography, Natural History, Biblical Criticism and Theology on the basis of the German Conversations—Lexicon; with additions so as to adapt it to the present state of knowledge: by C F Partington, Professor of Mechanical Philosophy, &c., assisted by authors of celebrity in the various branches of science and literature:—in ten volumes.
The Works of the Emperor Julian, and some pieces of the Sophist Libanius, translated from the Greek, with notes from Petau, La Bleterie, Gibbon, &c; to which is added the History of the Emperor Jovian, from the French of the Abbé De la Bleterie, by John Duncombe, M A: in two volumes—third edition, corrected.
The dramatic Works and Poems of James Shirley: now first collected with notes by the late William Gifford, Esq. and additional notes and some account of Shirley and his writings, by the Rev. Alexander Dyce: in six volumes.
Just received and for sale by
m8 McKEAN & CASE, cor Camp and Common sts

MEXICAN HIDES—[illegible] heavy dist and [illegible] light upper leather hides, for sale by
m8 MASON BECKER, 68 Camp street

COPPER & TIN—A complete assortment of sheathing and brazier's copper, block and plate tin, for sale by
m8 A LABOI[illegible] & Co. 20 Bank Place.

SPERM OIL AND CANDLES—[illegible] gallons pure bleached and unbleached spring and winter sperm oil in assorted packages of 10 to [illegible] gallons; 300 boxes New Bedford sperm candles; 100 do Portsmouth do; 100 do best pressed do; in store and for sale by
m8 W C WHITRIDGE, 76 Magazine st

BRUSSELS AND INGRAIN CARPETINGS—A full stock of the above offered at very low prices and on favorable terms, at the carpet warehouse of
H SCHOONMAKER, 37 Chartres st.

NAVAL STORES—[illegible] brls Wilmington tar; 300 do rosin; [illegible] do pitch; [illegible] do spirits turpentine; 100 do bright varnish; for sale by
m8 W C WHITRIDGE, 76 Magazine st.

MACKEREL—[illegible] brls No. 1; 30 brls No. 2; 50 brls No. 3; 50 half brls No. 2; and 100 qr. brls No. 1 and 2, in store, for sale by
PETERS & MILLARD.

CANTON MATTING—150 pieces of fancy, checkered, and plain matting, of various widths, to be sold at reduced prices, at the carpet warehouse, 37 Chartres street.
m8 H SCHOONMAKER.

WANTED—A cargo of fine and coarse Liverpool Salt. Apply to M. A. ROBITAILLE,
77 Common st

ENGLISH OIL CLOTH—A full supply of splendid patterns and of all widths, for sale at reduced prices, at H SCHOONMAKER, 37 Chartres st

COFFEE—[illegible] bags prime green Havana coffee landing from brig Atlantic, for sale by
STETSON & AVERY, 90 Gravier st

NAILS—[illegible] Swedes and American iron nails, assorted sizes, for sale by
m8 W C WHITRIDGE, 76 Magazine st

COFFEE—90 bags prime green Havana coffee, samples of which can be seen by application to
m8 HAWTHORN & WOODS, 63 Gravier st

SUGAR—Boston refined—constantly on hand and for sale by
NORCROSS & FOSDICK, 40 Gravier st

CANDLES—3000 boxes New Bedford sperm candles, in store and for sale by NORCROSS & FOSDICK,
m8 40 Gravier st

MACKEREL—[illegible] bbls No. 1, 2 and 3, 60 half bbls No. 1 landing and for sale by
NORCROSS & FOSDICK, 40 Gravier st

PIG and bar Lead and Shot constantly on hand and for sale by JOHN R SHAW & Co,
24 Poydras st

FLOUR—[illegible] bbls choice Saint Louis brands in store and for sale by JOHN R SHAW & Co,
m8 24 Poydras st

MISSOURI Bagging and Rope of superior quality constantly on hand and for sale by
JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras st

PRINTING PAPER—[illegible] 18 by 24 inches in store and for sale by JOHN R SHAW & Co,
m8 24 Poydras st

CORN—1000 sacks shipping white corn in fine shipping order in store and for sale by JOHN R SHAW & Co,
m8 24 Poydras st

PORK—500 bbls Mess, prime, M. O., P. O., soft mess, soft prime, &c. in store and for sale by
JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras st

BEEF—[illegible] bbls prime and thin prime in inspection, and for sale by JOHN R SHAW & Co,
m8 24 Poydras st

HAIR—[illegible] plastering hair, in [illegible] [illegible] in lots to suit purchasers [illegible] BECK, 24 Customhouse st

L[illegible] [illegible] BECK, 24 Customhouse st

CEMENT—[illegible] cement, 800 do Plaster of Paris now [illegible] order, for sale by
[illegible] BECK, 24 Customhouse st

BRICKS—[illegible] fire bricks, 45,000 English do for sale [illegible] G BEDFORD & BECK,
24 Customhouse st

BUTTER—[illegible] firkins Goshen dairy landing ex ship Hudson, and for sale by
m8 N D CHAMBERLIN, 75 Magazine st

SUGAR & MOLASSES—15 hhds sugar; 37 brls molasses on the plantation, for sale by
N D CHAMBERLIN, 75 Magazine st

DOMESTIC LIQUORS—Rum, brandy and alcohol, for sale by N D CHAMBERLIN,
m8 75 Magazine st

BACON—9 casks Cincinnati cured sides for sale by
m8 STETSON & AVERY.

PORK—400 brls and 100 half do mess, M. O. and prime for sale by STETSON & AVERY.

WHISKEY—100 brls common in store, and for sale by
m8 STETSON & AVERY.

BUTTER—20 firkins Goshen landing, and for sale by
m8 STETSON & AVERY.

BAGGING—India and Kentucky, for sale by
m8 STETSON & AVERY.

GOSHEN BUTTER—50 kegs fine Goshen Butter in store for sale by PETERS & MILLARD 4w-m8

RICE—20 casks in store, for sale by
m8 W C WHITRIDGE, 76 Magazine st

WHITE BEANS—30 bbls in store and for sale by
m8 JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras st

SUGAR—120 hhds sugar in store and for sale by
m8 JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras st

PORK—300 brls Mess and prime, and M O for sale by
m8 C DOANE & Co, 69 Poydras st

FLOUR—[illegible] barrels landing ex steamboat Meteor, and for sale by m8 C DOANE & Co, 69 Poydras st

LARD—70 brls and 200 kegs prime lard, now landing and for sale by m8 C DOANE & Co, 69 Poydras st

BEEF—50 brls at inspection, for sale by
m8 C DOANE & Co, 69 Poydras st

NEW HAMS—[illegible] canvassed received and for sale by
m8 C DOANE & Co, 69 Poydras st

CASTOR OIL—[illegible] brls received and for sale by
m8 C DOANE & Co, 69 Poydras st

BAGGING AND ROPE—[illegible] pcs on hand, and for sale by m8 C DOANE & Co, 69 Poydras st

WESTERN BUTTER—30 kegs in store, for sale by
m8 C DOANE & Co, 69 Poydras st

TOBACCO—[illegible] boxes, for sale by
m8 C DOANE & Co, 69 Poydras st

SHOT—[illegible] bags in store and for sale by
m8 C DOANE & Co, 69 Poydras st

FLOUR—300 brls fresh flour, now landing, for sale by
m8 CHS BYRNE, 120 Tchoupitoulas st

COFFEE—[illegible] bags Havana green, for sale by
m8 F VALLS, 30 Gravier st

[illegible] The steamship SOLWAY will leave the Balize direct for Havana on the [illegible] inst. [illegible] from thence passengers will be forwarded [illegible] to all the West India Islands in the plan of operations [illegible] England by a steamship, to leave Havana on [illegible] Passengers for the Solway will be sent to [illegible] and passengers [illegible] Apply to
WM G HEWES & Co, Natchez st

FOR SAINT LOUIS, QUINCY, AND WARSAW—The light draught and fast running steamboat CASPIAN, Capt. S. Blood, having a large portion of her cargo engaged and going on board will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on Wednesday the 9th instant at [illegible] o'clock, P. M. For remainder of freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply on board, opposite Poydras street, or to JOHN R SHAW & Co.
24 Poydras st

FOR ST. LOUIS, QUINCY & WARSAW—The new and splendid light draught steamer CASPIAN, capt. S Blood, is hourly expected and will have quick despatch for the above and all intermediate ports. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
JOHN R SHAW & co. Agents,
m1 21 Poydras st.

WANTED—A first class ship or bark to load for New York. Quick despatch will be given. Apply to FOSDICK & BRO.
m8 66 Camp st

WANTED—A schooner for Mobile. Apply to
FOSDICK & BROTHER,
m8 66 Camp st

FOR NEW YORK—The A 1 fast sailing barque NANCY W. STEVENS, J. J. Stevens, master, having three fourths of her cargo engaged will meet with good despatch. For freight or passage, apply to
G BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st

(To sail Thursday, 10th inst.)
FOR NEW YORK—Louisiana and New York Line—The fast sailing packet ship HUNTSVILLE, Capt. G. R. Mumford, has a large portion of her cargo engaged and going on board, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply on board, opposite the Vegetable Market, or to
J WOODRUFF, 76 Camp st

FOR TAMPICO—The American schr. EDWIGE, will have quick despatch for the above port. For freight, apply on board, or to
BLANCHARD, EIMER & Co.

FOR LIVERPOOL—The splendid new Br barque HEBRAIS, James Daly, master, wants about 200 bales cotton to complete her cargo, and will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage apply to the captain on board, 2d municipality, or to
E & F T PRESCOTT, 15 Canal st row

FOR HAVRE—The fine, fast sailing A 1 ship CREOLE, capt Dillingham, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will leave for the above port on the 10th inst. For the balance of freight, or passage, having handsome accommodations, apply to the captain on board, opposite the Vegetable Market, or to
HERBAULT freres, 76 Bienville st

FOR NEW YORK—New York and New Orleans Line.—The fast sailing packet ship TRENTON, Captain J B Brunet, will meet with despatch. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations apply to the captain on board, two tiers below the Vegetable market, or to J W STANTON & Co,
m7 25 Poydras street.

FOR NEW YORK—The A 1 fast sailing barque NANCY W. STEVENS, J. J. Stevens, master, having three-fourths of her cargo engaged, will meet with good despatch. For freight or passage, apply to
m7 G BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st

FOR NEW YORK—To sail on Tuesday, the 8th inst.—The New York Line.—The fine fast sailing ship HAWES, Captain [illegible], having her entire cargo on board, will sail as above. For passage only, having fine accommodations, apply on board, opposite the Triangle Stores, or to FOSDICK & BROTHER,
m7 66 Camp st

FOR BOSTON—The barque BOSTONIAN, L B Gilchrist, master, having a portion of her cargo engaged, will meet with good despatch. For freight of which or passage, apply to
m7 G BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st
or to NORCROSS & FOSDICK, 40 Gravier st

FOR BALTIMORE—New Orleans and Baltimore line of packets, 16th inst.—The packet brig ARCHITECT, Capt. J Albert Gray, will have good despatch, and can take the bulk of 300 barrels. For freight of which, or passage, apply to
G BEDFORD & BECK,
m7 24 Customhouse st.

FOR HAVANA—Passage only—The packet brig A No. 1 EMPRESSARIO, captain Collins, having her cargo engaged will positively leave on Wednesday next 9th inst. For passage only, having fine accommodations, apply on board, opposite the public square, or to FRANCIS HERNANDEZ, 37 Toulouse st
m7

FOR HAVRE—The A 1 ship AUSTERLITZ, Capt Brown, wants about 400 bales of cotton to complete her cargo. For the freight of which, apply to F PERRET, 66 Toulouse st

FOR HAVRE—The fine A 1 ship VILLE DE PARIS, Captain George B. Sturges, will have immediate despatch. For freight of 150 bales cotton or passage apply to LEVI H. GALE, 33 Common st

WANTED a SCHOONER, to load for Mobile. Apply to FOSDICK & BROTHER,
m4 66 Camp st

FOR BOSTON—The A 1 fast-sailing brig FORNAX, Capt. Willson, will leave with despatch. For freight of 500 brls, or that bulk, apply to
m4 G BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st

FOR VERA CRUZ—The Spanish schooner JOVEN LEONIDAS, is now ready to receive cargo for the above port, and will meet with immediate despatch. Should an insufficient number of passengers offer, she will proceed without cargo. For terms of passage or freight, apply to J ROBERT & Co,
m4 8 Magazine street

FOR A PORT IN GREAT BRITAIN—The substantial British barque CLIO, E Daly master, is ready to receive cargo, and will have immediate despatch. For freight of about 2000 bales cotton, apply to the captain on board, opposite the Rail Road, or to
m4 E & F T PRESCOTT, 15 Canal street Row

FOR MATAMORAS—The schooner WATERWITCH, Capt. Arnoux, will have immediate despatch. For balance of freight or passage, apply to
f21 A CAPDEVIELLE & CUCULLU, 80 Old Levee

WM. H. ROBERTSON having taken the store, corner of Chartres and Customhouse streets—(Oakey's old corner,) and associated with him Mr. A. L. FERREE, will continue to conduct the auction business under the firm of Wm. H. Robertson & Co. The long experience of the prior in the above business he hopes will entitle him to a portion of the public patronage.
Contributions in their sales at any time previous to the hours of sale will be thankfully received
Out door sales, particularly real estate, will meet with every attention. m7

DISSOLUTION—The partnership existing between the undersigned, under the firm of Joseph A. Beard & Co, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
W. F. Vigers takes charge of the liquidation of the house. Joseph A. Beard will continue the auction business under the same firm for his own account.
J A BEARD,
m7 W F VIGERS.

NOTICE—The subscribers have the honor to inform the public that they will undertake the collection of all bills or accounts that may be confided to them, and that to whatever that the owners do not wish to take the trouble to sue for their collection before the Judges of the City Court, for any amount not exceeding their juri-diction, they will undertake to make the necessary advances for the suits.
F. M. CROZAT,
m7 2t A. LESPARRE.
N. B.—The subscribers may be found at the office of the Hon. Judge Preval, every day (Sundays excepted) from 8 o'clock, a. m. till 5 p. m.

$10 REWARD will be paid by the subscriber to whoever will arrest and bring back the negro woman ANNA, a griffe. She ranaway on the 1st February; is aged about 23 years; 5 feet 2 inches high; well proportioned; has thick lips, a shaved head and a mark under the right eye. She speaks English and French; she has been seen in the upper faubourg; and is well known in the city as having been lately purchased of Mr. J. Clay, who had bought her from the widow Charles Vivant. J. P. OLIVIER.
m7-4t Villeré street, between Ursuline and Bayou.

LUCIEN BOUDRO, formerly chief cook at Davis' Hotel, Mandeville, has the honor of informing the public that he will open on the 20th instant, the COFFEE HOUSE and RESTAURAT, at Lake Pontchartrain, before under the name of Rail Road Coffee House, formerly kept by Mr. Givaudan. He hopes by his efforts to please the public, to deserve a share of patronage.
m7 1w L. BOUDRO.

THE undersigned, leaving for France at the end of April, requests those who have any claims to present them for settlement; and those who are indebted, are requested to settle immediately.
To close his business, he offers for sale, below cost [illegible] and jewelry; which can be [illegible] Camp street, near the City Bank.
m7-2t L. ROCQUET.

THE subscribers have received per ships London, Louis XIV, Gov. Davis, May Flower, Rubicon, from Havre, Agnes Gilmour of Liverpool, a full assortment of seasonable goods—
White and col'd drills;
Black merinos, cashmerets;
Col'd cambrics for coats;
Silk and grey Russian beaver hats;
Flemhard hats;
Superfine billiard cloths;
m7 L. A. & W. BARBARIN, 60 Chartres st

No. 77 Chartres, between Conti and Bienville.
MR. L. BINOCHE has the honor of informing the Ladies of New Orleans that he has received by late arrivals from France, a large assortment of Jaconets and Organdie, new patterns, silk shawls, silk for gowns, &c., which he offers for sale at moderate prices.
Received by same arrivals merinos of a superior quality for summer clothing m7 1t

SUMMER CLOTHING.
BATAILLE & BIGEY, No. 96 Chartres street, offer at very low prices to their friends and customers, a splendid assortment of summer goods:
Paletots and frock coats; merino and drill coats, of every shape;
White thread and colored drill pantaloons, a choice article;
Hunting caps; beaver and silk, broad and narrow brimmed hats;
A large assortment of Italian straw hats, double and single for gentlemen and children.
The subscribers being about to leave for France in the ensuing month, will be [illegible] to execute any commissions [illegible]
[illegible] m7

[illegible] received [illegible] a large assortment of Spring GOODS, which she offers at low prices, viz.—Straw Bonnets, ladies', Misses' and Children's Capotes, Shawls, Guipure, Scarfs, Collars, Canezous; embroidered chemises; lace and batiste handkerchiefs; silk, Scotch thread, and silk Gloves; a large quantity of heavy Cologne water; fine perfumery; parasols and umbrellas; jaconet and Balerine, new style; and a large quantity of other articles. 4t m8

$40 REWARD—Ranaway from Captain Mayo Superintendent of Public Works, on the Atchafalaya Raft, on the 20th February last:
POMPEY WILLIAMS, light black, aged 25 years, 5 feet 6 inches high.
HANNIBAL LEWIS, black, 26 years, 5 feet 8 inches.
Both were purchased last year from Mr Hagan, and it is supposed will have come to the city.
The above reward (or $20 for either) will be paid for their delivery in any of the city prisons.
R ROUSSEAU, Sec'y B.P. Works,
m4 96 Old Levee

TO RENT—on a lease of one or more years, the extensive gardens and the dwelling house, back buildings and dependencies thereon, known by the name of Jean Bernard's Place, or Gardens, situated on Laharpe street, and in the neighborhood of Mr. Frederick Furst's Gardens. The said property is in good order, and the land well drained and in first rate order. There is on said property an extensive hot house nearly new, and many valuable trees, shrubs, plants &c. Possession to be given on or before the 16th March, 1842, being the time when the present occupant has engaged to move out. Persons desirous of examining the said property are invited to do so. For further particulars apply to
JOAQUIN VIOSCA,
m4 4t 156 corner of Levee and St Philip sts

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD:
LOST on the 26th inst., between Orleans and Phillippa streets, a small morocco pocket book, containing $26 in notes of the State of Illinois, and $90 to $110 in notes of the different municipalities and of the different banks of New Orleans.
Also, a note endorsed the 4th of February by Mr. Ducournau & Co, payable at sight to L. Pavy, of the sum of $250, on demand.
The above reward will be paid to the person who shall restore the said pocket book and its contents to L. Pavy, No. 190 St. Louis street, between Burgundy and Rampart streets.
The public is informed that the payment of the said note of $250 has been stopped, so that it can be useful to no person. f 26

FOR SALE BY A. & L. GARNIER, at the store, No 106 Royal street:
Red wine in casks, various qualities;
Superior red wine in bbls;
White wine in brls, of very good quality;
Red wine in cases, prime;
Do do do, common;
Fine Champagne brandy;
[illegible]
[illegible] in oil, in half and whole b[illegible]
Preserved green peas;
Assorted preserved fruits,
Colored shirts.

EXCHANGE ON FRANCE for sale by
f 26 A LECOMTE, 19, St. Charles.

SPECIE—for sale by H. HOLLANDER,
48 Camp street.

SALES AT AUCTION

BY J A BEARD & CO.
Sales of Horses, Carriages, Cattle, &c.
At The Stables, Baronne, St. Charles street,
[illegible] Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays,
At 11 o'clock A. M.
[illegible] must be made the evenings previous to sale.
Entry book kept at the stables, and at the office, Exchange Auction Mart.
Exchange and the other Repudiated City Bank Paper taken for Real Estate.

J A BEARD & CO, & HEWLETT & CENAS.
WILL continue the sale of lots in the 2d municipality on Thursday 10th inst., at 12 o'clock, m, at the St. Louis Exchange. m8

BY VINCENT & DE FERIET.
WILL be sold this day, Tuesday the 8th inst, at 12 o'clock, at the City Exchange, St. Louis street:
The negro girl named Mary, aged about thirty years, good washer and ironer, cook, and fully guaranteed.
Terms, cash—Act of sale before Th. Cuvillier, notary public, at the expense of the purchaser. m8

BY VINCENT & DE FERIET.
WILL be added to our sale this morning at 10 o'clock, without reserve—
110 cases, consisting of Boots Brogans, Youths' calf do, calf slippers and morocco brogans.
Terms at sale. m8

BY J A BEARD & CO.
ON Wednesday, at half past 4 p. m., at the Camp street Auction Mart,—
A quantity of Mahogany, consisting of [illegible] and ½ boards, &c. &c.

BY J. A. BEARD & CO.
Furniture, Plate, Glass, Linen, Library, &c.
Removed for convenience of sale.
WILL be sold at auction, Thursday, 10th inst, at half past 10 o'clock, at the Camp street Auction Mart,
The entire household furniture of a gentleman leaving the city, comprising in part, chairs, center, card, [illegible] and dressing tables, sofas, lounges, mahogany and maple bedsteads, marble top and other wash stands, secretaries, book cases, sofas, kitchen furniture, linen, curtains, counterpanes, valuable piano fortes, guitar, music, and a choice selection of books, plate, glass, crockery, &c.
At the same time two splendid piano fortes.
Terms—cash on delivery.
The whole to be sold. m8

BY ANTHONY FERNANDEZ.
ON Saturday next, 12th inst., at the City Exchange, at noon, will be sold:
AN UNDIVIDED FIFTH OF THE WASHINGTON BALL ROOM.
This establishment was leased for the present year at $14,500 and will doubtless yield as much in future.
Terms, which will be advantageous, will be known at the time of sale.

BY E. [illegible]
[illegible] No. 128 Chartres street
[illegible] Clothing, Boots, Shoes, and Brogans.
WILL [illegible] Tuesday the 8th inst. at 10 o'clock, at [illegible] Store,
An [illegible] assortment of Dry Goods and Clothing, such as brown and [illegible] Cottons, assortable [illegible], White and Brown [illegible] and Brown Linens [illegible] and Vests, Cottonades [illegible]
Also—About 100 [illegible] pegged Brogans, Men's calf [illegible] sewed Brogans, [illegible] Men's kip and calf pegged and sewed [illegible] Youths' seal, and kip brogans, &c. &c.
Terms Cash.

BY R. B. SYKES.
[illegible] Spring Clothing, Hats, &c.
WILL be sold on Tuesday, the 8th inst, 10 o'clock, at the auction store, 31 Magazine street, opposite Bank's Arcade, the following spring goods, just landed from the North, viz:
1100 white linen frock coats,
1000 brown do do do,
1000 printed new style dress coats,
500 brown linen jackets,
500 black bombazine Frocks,
Also—40 cases hats, consisting of broad brim otter, Russia do, drab Russia do, silk and beaver do, 20 cases boots and brogans.

BY J A BEARD & Co.
To close Consignments.
WILL be sold at auction, on Wednesday 9th inst, at 12 o'clock at the warehouse of J. A. Barrelli & Co, Common street, opposite the City Hotel
The following packages to close consignments, and to be sold without reserve:
50 casks Port wine;
20 do white wine;
150 baskets superior Champagne, choice brands;
46 boxes hock;
30 pipes fine Old Madeira;
8 half pipes do;
24 casks choice sherry, various brands;
78 casks, Marseilles Malmsey Madeira, &c. &c.
20 quarter casks very old Monongahela whiskey;
115 boxes and half boxes tobacco, choice brands;
[illegible] American cigars.
Terms at sale.

BY J A BEARD & CO.
Extensive Sale of Watches, Jewelry, &c.
WILL be sold at auction on Tuesday, 8th instant, at half past 10 o'clock, at the Camp street Auction Mart,—
An invoice of fine gold and silver patent lever, Duplex, Lepine and Anchor Escapement Watches; fine gold guard and fob chains; pencil cases and toothpicks; diamond and other rings; cameo and a variety of superb brooches, &c.
Also, an invoice of Cutlery, consisting of table knives and forks, consisting of 34 pairs carving knives, &c.
Sold to pay advances, to the highest bidder.

BY J. A. BEARD & Co.
And HEWLETT & CENAS.
Continuation of Sale of Real Estate.
Exchange and other Repudiated City Bank Paper taken in payment of Real Estate.
WILL be sold at auction on Thursday, 10th March, at 12 o'clock at the St. Louis Exchange Rotunda, the following valuable property located in the Second Municipality.
147 Lots of Ground comprised in squares Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, [illegible] 45, 46, 47, 48, fronting on Hevia, Poydras, Perdido, Gravier and Common sts, more fully described by plan now exhibited at the St. Louis Exchange and Camp street Auction Mart.
TERMS OF SALE—half cash in notes of the EXCHANGE BANK, the balance at 2 years' credit with satisfactory endorser or interest secured by mortgage until final payment. Notes not paid at maturity to bear interest at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum the vendor however reserving to himself the right of not allowing the same to run over.
Acts of sale to be completed within 30 days from date of adjudication or the property will be sold without further notice of default for account and risk of purchaser.
Acts of sale before the following Notaries, H. B. Cenas, L. Harmandie, D. L. McCay and C. Pollock, Esqrs. at the expense of purchaser.
The whole of this property is cleared and ditched, and the leading streets are made, and the property is high ground.

BY A FERNANDEZ.
C Hubertson vs. His creditors.
BY virtue of an order from the Honorable Parish Court, dated, Feb'y 28th, 1842, will be sold on Thursday, 10th inst. precisely, at half past 2 o'clock, P. M., at No. 20 Jefferson street, the following goods, abandoned by said insolvent to his creditors:
228 casks ordinary red wine; 46 do superior and wine, different qualities; 19 bxs assorted fruits; 48 bxs Frontignac muscatel; 149 boxes assorted cordials; 5 boxes fruits in their juice, gooseberries and strawberries, kirsch, Absynthe &c. The lease of the store from the 15th inst, eight months and a half.
Conditions—Below $100 cash; from $100 to $400, 60 days, above $400, 90 days in notes endorsed to the satisfaction of the syndic.

$25 REWARD—Absconded on or about the 10th February, the black boy PHILLIP, quite complexion, about 27 years old, known [illegible] at a steady cotton [illegible] speaking low, has a down look when spoken to—Captains of steamboats or vessels are cautioned against harboring said slave under the penalty of the law. The above reward will be paid for his apprehension and delivery to E ROUSSEAU,
96 Old Levee

SECRET DISEASES—To those afflicted with secret diseases, a fair opportunity is given of obtaining immediate relief and a complete and speedy cure by a method safe and easy, from the best European physicians. It has never failed in a single instance, the treatment is short, and has nothing repugnant or disagreeable.
Apply at No. 161 St. Louis street, between Dauphine and Burgundy streets, every day until ten o'clock in the morning, and from four to eight o'clock in the afternoon.

T. LONEY, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he is carrying on his establishment as before, on his own account, in Rampart street, No. 16, where he will attend to Shoeing Horses; and curing them of all diseases not incurable.
T. Loney, begs leave to inform the public, that he never had any partner.

COMMERCIAL COURT—No. 4363—Thos. Powell vs Jacob Heller—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable the Commercial Court of New Orleans, will be sold at Mr. Powell's, Magazine street, between Julia and St. Joseph streets, on Tuesday the 8th day of March, 1842, at 10 o'clock A. M.
A lot of brass machinery, copper pumps, iron cylinders, &c. &c. Seized in the above suit.
Terms, cash. L A DUCROS,
[illegible] Sheriff of the Commercial Court

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—No. [illegible]—William Hunt vs. J. V. Davis, curator &c, Tobias Gibson et al.
By virtue of a decree in chancery to me directed in the above entitled suit, by the honorable the Circuit Court of the United States in and for the Eastern District of Louisiana, will be sold at the City Exchange, St. Louis street, between Chartres and Royal streets in this City, on Friday the 25th March 1842, at 12 o'clock, M.—The following described slaves, to wit:
Solomon, about 28 years old, Lewis, about 76 years old, Major, about 30 years old, Henry Brown, about 25 years old, John Clay, about 28 years old, John Scott, about 24 years old, Anthony, about 30 years old, Davy, about 23 years old, Henry Hopes, about 25 years old, Horace, about 25 years old, Jim, about 20 years old, Edmund, aged about 25 years, Bob, aged about 18 years, Daniel, aged about 26 years, Ned Woodfolk, aged about 20 years, Little Ned aged about 24 years, Sam, aged about 25 years, Aaron aged about 34 years, Mary, aged about 24 years, Lucy aged about 20 years, and her children, Emilie, 9 years old, Sarah, 5 years old and an infant, Clary, aged about 30 years, and her children, Amanda 5 years old and George an infant, Mary Ann about 25 years and children, Ellen, 6 years old and an infant, Hannah, Andy, aged about 30 years and infant, Mariah Dorman, aged about 25 years, a negro named Ostey, aged about 24 years, Abbey, aged about [illegible] years, Harriet aged about 25 years, and child [illegible], Charlotte aged about 40 years and child [illegible] 9 years, and Frances 2 years old, Hannah [illegible] 26 years, Alexine aged about 28 years, Tabby aged [illegible] years, Mariah aged about 20 years and her children Walton aged 2 years, Martha 4, and Simon 3 years old, a negro Martha, aged about 30 years, Elvira, aged about 20 years and child Jane, Ann, aged about 23 years and her children Anderson about 9 years, Ellen 7, Pompey 3, and an infant, Sally aged about 25 years, and Hercules aged about 30 years and her child Susan.
Terms and conditions of sale:—Twelve months credit with notes endorsed to the satisfaction of the complainant and defendants—secured by special mortgage on the property sold until final payment
Marshal's office, Febuary 21st, 1842.
f 21 2awts A. SIDNEY ROBERTSON, U. S. Marshal.

NOTICE—The subscribers having been appointed Commissioners by the United States District Court, to take the depositions of creditors in conformity with the new Bankrupt Law, inform the public, that their office is situated in Exchange passage, between Conti and Bienville streets, where they will be found every day from seven o'clock, A. M. to seven o'clock P. M.
f 9 1m T. LAUVE & Le. DUVIGNEAUD.

NOTICE.
BOOKS of subscription to the capital stock of the Consolidated Insurance Company, chartered by an act approved 18th February, 1842, will be opened under the inspection of the Commissioners on Tuesday the 8th March, and closed on the 2d day of April, at the office of Chas Boudousquié, Esq., notary public, Toulouse street, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.
EDM'D SONIAT,
HERMOGENE BROWN,
W. M. LAMBETH,
A. LEDOUX,
A. BAUDOUIN,
P. A. DEGELOS,
C. BOUDOUSQUIÉ,
CHAS DESLANC,
WM DEBUYS,
} Commissioners.

CITY BANK.
New Orleans, 28d February, 1842.
THE Stockholders in this institution are hereby notified, that the annual election for directors, will be held at the banking house on Monday, the 21st of March next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 2 P. M.
By order, R. J. SALFREY,
f 24 Cashier.

PHOTOGRAPHIC APARTMENTS,
Camp street, one door above Natchez street, opposite J. A. Beard & Co's Auction Mart.
DR WM H HARRINGTON, of the firm of Barnard & Harrington, Tuskaloosa, Alabama, will open his rooms for the reception of visitors, at the above house. The ladies and gentlemen of New Orleans are invited to call and examine his specimens of miniature portraits taken from the life.
Dr Harrington and his associate, F A P BARNARD Professor of Mathematics in the University of Alabama, have made some valuable improvements on the Daguerreotype process, by which their pictures are remarkable for their brilliancy and distinctness, and free from the common defect of being seen only in one particular light. Being provided with instruments of the best possible construction, Dr H. is prepared to execute miniatures to order, warranted to be faithful resemblances of the features and characteristic expression of the original, and unexceptionable as works of art.

L'A[BEILLE]
[illegible]
POUR [GOUVERNEUR,]
HENRY [JOHNSON]
[illegible]