The New Orleans Bee.

No. 252, VOL. VII.—NEW SERIES.
VOL. XIX.—WHOLE No. 5603.

NEW-ORLEANS, SATRUDAY MORNING, JANUARY 3, 1846.

J. MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS, No. 81 Chartres street.
State & Third Municipality Official Journal.

TERMS OF THE BEE:

DAILY PAPER (one year in advance).....$12 00
COUNTRY PAPER, Semi-weekly, (one year in advance).....5 00

In all cases the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing, before he can be allowed to discontinue.

ADVERTISE—One dollar for every TEN lines, for each language, for the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent one. No Advertisement inserted for less than one dollar for each language.

Advertisements not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines, for each language and for each insertion.

☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business.

MAGNE & WEISSE.

WM. MUIRE, BRITISH CONSUL, 23 Royal. n10

WILLIAM DAVENSON & Co., COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 81 Canal. p10

F. T. BOURNOS, SURGEON DENTIST, corner of St. Louis and Burgundy streets. Office open from 8 o'clock A. M. until 6 P. M. n11

ROPER & SANDFORD, No 10 St. Charles street, GYMNASIUM open every day from 6 A. M. till 3 P. M. SPARRING and FENCING lessons given every day and evening. o15—6m

A. D. RINCK, PORTRAIT PAINTER, has the honor to inform the public and his friends that he has transported his study to No 90 Bourbon street, between Custom house and Canal street. j3

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,
DECEMBER 27, 1845.

THE price of Fresh Flour being, this day, $6 36 per barrel, according to the Tariff, the Bakers will give 32 ounces of bread for ten cents, during the ensuing week commencing on Monday next, 29th December.

The loaves of second quality, or three loaves for ten cents, must weigh 25 per cent more, that is to say 41½ ounces. dt27 F. MONTEGUT, Mayor.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,
Council of Municipality No. 3.
SITTING OF SEPTEMBER 29, 1845.

RESOLVED, That the tax for the year 1845 be and the same is hereby fixed at $5 per $1,000 on real estate, and at $2 per head for slaves.

(Signed) C. W. LEWIS, Recorder.
Approved, October 24, 1845.
(Signed) F. MONTEGUT, Mayor.
A true copy. F. LEGARDEUR, Sec'y.

WANTED in a Young Ladies' Academy, a good Seamstress and House Servant. A French or German woman would be preferred. Apply at No. 86, Custom house street, between Royal and Bourbon. d3

MR. JACQUES LAROSE informs Sugar Holders, Merchants, &c., that he places at their disposal the steamboat WAVE, Captain A. Tambourg, for the transportation of Sugar and Molasses. For arrangements, apply to J. LAROSE, 71 Old Levee st. d11

DR. DUPERRON has the honor to inform the citizens of New Orleans that, having given up his office to Dr. Commins, he trusts that those persons who have been before in connection with them confidence, will continue to extend it to his successor, who fully merits it by his skill and capacity.

Dr. Commins, informs the public that his office will be open to receive A. M. to 1 P. M., at No. 240 Bourbon street, between Main and St. Philip. d22

HEAD QUARTERS FIRST DIVISION, L. M.
NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 27, 1845.
GENERAL ORDERS—No. 13.

FIRST—The Volunteer Corps of the Division will assemble on their respective Parades on Thursday, 8th January next at 9 o'clock, A. M. fully equipped, and prepared to join in the celebration of the Anniversary of 8th January 1815.

2d—Major Gally, of the Battalion of Artillery, will cause a National Salute to be fired in the Place d'Armes on the 8th January at 8½ o'clk, and on the 6th January he will cause National Salutes to be fired at Six o'clock, Noon, and Sunset, from the Place d'Armes, and Washington Square in the Third Municipality.

Capt. R. Ferno, of the Native American Artillery, will cause National Salutes to be fired from Lafayette Square on the 6th January at 8½ o'clk, Noon and Sunset.

3d—The Commandant of the Louisiana Legion, and Brig. Genl. H. Davis, commanding 1st Brigade L. M. are specially charged with the execution of this order, so far as it concerns their respective commands, and will hold themselves subject to further orders from Division Head Quarters.

4th. The officers of the Militia of this Division, and those of other Military Divisions of the State, that may be in the city, are invited to join the Major General and Staff at half past 9 o'clock, A. M.—Rendezvous Place d'Armes.

By order of John L. Lewis, Major General commanding 1st Division L. M.

CHAS. A LABUZAN,
d29 Aide-de-Camp.

SUGAR PLANTATION FOR SALE.

A PIECE OF LAND fifteen arpents front by about forty in depth, established as a Sugar Plantation, with all the Buildings thereon new and in perfect order, situated in the Parishes of Iberville and Ascension, the best boatings for bringing the cane to maturity. Apply for more ample information and for terms, at No 19 Toulouse street. d27

NOTICE.—The undersigned having come to the conclusion that a large quantity of SNUFF, of the very worst quality, is daily sold or sent into the country by nonvassing pedlars and other petty retailers, most unscrupulously using my name, as well as simply pure bearing in other respects, takes the last effectual means for all concerned, to warn the consumers of this caste, in order that from this date they may not be deceived again by this most unjustifiable fraud.

N. B.—From this day, the labels bearing the name of my house, and the designation of the quality of the Snuff, will be inserted under the cover of the jars, and no longer pasted on the outside as heretofore.

n10—6m. A DELPIT, No. 168 St. Louis st.

TO CAPTAINS OF VESSELS.—Masters of Vessels will find a boat in readiness to tow their vessels up or down the Coast to take in cargo, or from one part of the port to another, by applying at the First Municipality Steam Ferry Wharf, opposite the Public Square.

This boat has been built expressly for towing and has sufficient power to move the largest class of ships. Steam will be always kept up ready to give immediate attention to orders. Terms most liberal. o30

TO MERCHANTS AND PLANTERS.—Mr. Dutch having purchased Mr. Keller's Store, has just received another kind of freight to send to any of the plantations along the coast.—Also, planters wishing to have wood cut, will find Mr. Dutch at the plantation. Those having furniture or any other articles to remove, will please call at the First Municipality Steam Ferry, where they will always find a spacious room for the reception of articles. The charge will be most reasonable. o26

Architecture, Civil Engineering and Surveying.

HAVING removed his office to Bank's Arcade, on Magazine street, in New Orleans, I respectfully state that I shall continue to tender my professional services in every branch of Architecture, Civil Engineering and Surveying. Plans for private and public buildings of every kind and description in Grecian, Gothic, and all the various modern styles, will be made with a strict regard to solidity, comfort and beauty, accompanied with specifications and estimates based on the local average prices of labor and materials.

To surveys and locations of greater internal improvements and public works, as railroads, canals, protective water works on rivers, or levees, Fascine works, etc., corresponding attention will be devoted. Having a sufficient number of able assistants at my disposal, I am now prepared to extend my business to a distance from New Orleans if the object be important enough, and to procure contracts and hundreds or thousands of mechanics and laborers for the energetic execution of works of the greatest magnitude. Surveys and plans of real estate, topographical maps, drawings of machinery, plans, specifications and estimates for country residences, dwelling houses, warehouses, cottages, etc., will not only be made at short notice but I shall also most faithfully superintend the execution of any kind of buildings or other improvements. The great multitude of plans made by me, and which have been exhibited and circulated during the last few years, are a guarantee that my terms are reasonable.

Letters may be addressed to me either in the English, French, Spanish or German languages.

HENRY MOELLHAUSEN,
a7—6m Architect and Civil Engineer.

Agency Sun Mutual Insurance Company.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 13, 1845.

THE SUN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY of New York, in pursuance of their Charter, closed their accounts on the fourth of last month, and after paying all their losses, including those of the great fire on the 19th of July last, have remaining in good assets, $65,539 00. Since then the premium notes and cash received for risks taken, exceed $100,000, which added to the above, make a fund of at least $2-00,000.

Since the 4th of last month, the parties doing business with the Company, do not share, in any way, with the losses of the preceding year, which with the means above stated, the undersigned believes, present more than ordinary protection and indemnification to persons desiring insurance.

Policies against the perils of Fire, Rivers and Seas, continue to be issued by L. MATTHEWS, Agent,
n14—tf corner of Camp and Common sts.

MUTUAL INSURANCE.

THE General Mutual Insurance Company of New York having assumed and taken over the unexpired risks of the Decatur Mutual Insurance Company of this city (which Company has gone into liquidation) are prepared to assure against Fire, River and Marine Risks, at the office of the Decatur Insurance Company, No 45 Camp street, on the most favorable terms.

The "General Mutual Insurance Company" have a large capital well invested, they have paid back to the persons who have insured with them 82 per cent, of their premiums during the past three years, or scrip, bearing ten per cent. interest, payable annually; and as the business of the Company is conducted altogether on the mutual principle that excluding among those who pay the premiums the entire profits of the office, as large a dividend as is paid by any other mutual office may be confidently expected from their future operations.

The Company offers the additional advantage to those who insure with them, of paying their losses either in New York or New Orleans, at the option of the assured.

CHAS. BRIGGS, } Agents.
EDW. OGDEN, }
Office No 45 Camp street. n10-ly

SHEET LEAD AND IMPROVED PATENT LEAD PIPE.—The subscriber continues to manufacture his Improved Leaden Pipe, and solicits the attention of Planters and others to the same. This pipe affords great facility for the conveyance of water from long distances, either from springs or by pumps from streams, and merits the notice of residents on the Coast for the supply of their establishments. It can be made of any size, from one-fourth to four inches calibre, as may be desired, and affords decidedly the cheapest medium for the purpose.

Orders for the above will be filled at short notice by application to the manufacturer,

W. W. THOMPSON, St. Louis, Mo.,
or his Agents in New Orleans,
o23—ly KENNETT & DIX, 71 Poydras st.

GUNPOWDER—Eagle Park's no powder, in large quarters and cannisters, warranted of the first quality sold by the undersigned agents.

REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co.,
n14 34 Tchoupitoulas st.

RECEIVED by late arrivals and for sale by the undersigned—200 bels white wine Barsac and Sauternes; 25 do Claret Haut Brion; 150 wines fine assorted Cordials; 40 do superior do; 40 do Claret genuine Grand Larose; 100 do do different mark; 30 do do Grapes in Brandy; 30 do Curaçao of Holland; 300 do Pechiers assorted; 100 do Orange flower water; 40 do Maraschino; 20 baskets Gingnolet; 300,000 corks.

REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co.,
n14 34 Tchoupitoulas st.

NO. 105 ROYAL STREET.

THE undersigned offers for sale, now landing ex ship Vesta, from Havre, Silk Ottomans, Silk Mousseline Laine.

Printed Scotch Cashmere, Tartan, Hindoo, &c. &c.—Scotch Cashmere Scarfs, tartan, Mousseline laine, for Vests. Silk Neckerchiefs, brocaded Mousseline laine; Silk Braids for Dressing, such as Tuscans, large grain, Swiss plain, &c.

New Silks for Vests:

Brocaded Silk Tartans, large grain, black Taffetas, Satin, gentlemen's Woolen and Satin, brocaded and Silk Satin; Silk Velvets, Satin, Satin, for Vests; Silk Gloves and Mitts; Gentlemen's Fine Hosiery, Embroidered Shirt and Bosom Collars and Cravats;

Silk and Fleet Purses;

Tartan and striped woolen Cloth for Vests;

Marseilles Vests, Cloth, embroidered, hemstitched and worked;

A complete assortment of Perfumery, gow Scent Bags, Lemonade, Peppermint, Rose's Orange, Flower Marrow, Cologne de Paris, &c.

Also—Remnants of every quality. F. & T. LAFONTE.

LARDER—Just received, per ship Vesta, from Havre, 10 quarter casks Prime Hamburg Lard, 10 do do Prime Bacon, 10 casks Rouen Lard, 10 do Bacon, 10 casks Rouen Lard, 10 do Bacon.

DARAN, GUEYDOUEN & Co.,
n14 11 & 13 Levee st.

LARDER—Just received, per ship Vesta, from Havre, 10 casks of Bayonne Ham, superior, 10 paper boxes Bologna sausages, superior, 10 paper boxes Lyons sausages, superior, 10 paper boxes Rouen sausages, superior.

REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co.,
n14 34 Tchoupitoulas st.

WHIG CANDIDATES:

FOR GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM DEBUYS.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
EDWARD SPARROW.

For Senators:

D. F. BURTHE.
RANDELL HUNT.
ROBERT PREAUX.
FERGUS GARDERE.

For Representatives to the Legislature.

FIRST DISTRICT.
DANIEL BYRNE. I. WHITMAN SMITH.
SECOND DISTRICT.
J. B. WALTON. HENRY LATHROP.
THIRD DISTRICT.
T. G. HUNT, WM. H. AVERY,
M. HURLEY.
FOURTH DISTRICT.
THEODORE ZACHARIE, HENRY D. ODDEN,
P. W. FARRAR.
FIFTH DISTRICT.
JULES BENIT, NICHOLAS GURLIE,
VICTOR BURTHE.
SIXTH DISTRICT.
ARMAND FILIE, JOHN WATKINS.
SEVENTH DISTRICT.
JULES CASSARD, B. BRADEGHARD.
EIGHTH DISTRICT.
OCTAVE LE BLANC.
NINTH DISTRICT.
WILLIAM C. C. CLAIBORNE.

OFFICIAL.

☞ NOTICE is hereby given that a contract has been entered into between the undersigned and Messrs. MAGNE & WEISSE, Proprietors of the BEE Newspaper for the publication, during the ensuing calendar year (1846) of all the advertisements required by the act of March 16th, 1843, for the price of *ONE DOLLAR* for every hundred words for each publication and in each language.

WM. DEBUYS, State Treasurer.
ROBT C. NICHOLAS, Sec'y of State.
New Orleans, 27th Dec. 1845.

Saturday morning, Jany., 3, 1846.

Whig Central Committee.

A meeting will take place This Evening at half past 6 o'clock at the Committee Room. Punctual attendance is requested. j3

FIRST DISTRICT.

A MEETING OF THE WHIGS OF THE FIRST DISTRICT will be held at the "Annunciation Coffee House," corner of Tchoupitoulas and St. Mary streets, on MONDAY EVENING, the 5th inst. at half past 6 o'clock.

J. Neville,	J. Ross,	T. Howard,
H. Fassman,	H. Williams,	J. Chaffanjonet,
J. Braud,	W. Barnes,	J. Fredichet,
F. R. Southmayd,	John Bensel,	H. Summers,
J. Lobrano,	D. Forbes,	N. Morris,
T. Tilghman,	M. N. Brown,	F. O. Eichotz,
F. Fink.		

j3

THE NORTHERN MAIL came through yesterday, bringing dates from New York to the 23d December. There are still two back mails due.

Annexation of Cuba.

We read with great pleasure yesterday the strictures of our contemporaries of the *Picayune* and *Delta*, upon Mr. Levy's proposition to open negotiations with the Government of Spain for the cession of the Island of Cuba. They are pungent and severe, but richly merited, and are the more appropriate as they emanate from neutral papers, and are, therefore, not liable to the suspicion of being the fruit of partizan hostility.

The vain glorious movement of Mr. Levy in this matter is objectionable in every respect, and under every aspect of the case. In the first place, he, as a member of the Senate from the youngest State in the family of the Union, should have better known and appreciated his position, than to volunteer a resolution of the sort. It became older and better statesmen—men grown grey in the councils of the nation, whose services to the country have been manifold and indubitable. They were the fit judges of its necessity. The office of Mr. Levy to confer upon himself a little public notoriety and render his conduct a subject of general comment, is in itself eminently characteristic of a petty soul, and savors of that inordinate vanity, which in its search for means of gratification, becomes utterly blind to the ridicule or censure which it may justly incur.

In the next place, the resolution was unnecessary in itself. No such project was ever started—no such policy ever contemplated. Among the multifarious schemes of national aggrandizement and plans for extending the area of freedom, that of annexing Cuba never entered the brain of mortal man, until it sprung in full maturity from the teeming conception of the Hon. David Levy. It started, incontinently from the spot where physiologists locate the seat of intellect, moulded by the plastic genius of its author into complete form. But alas for the vanity of human expectations, it proved to be so unseemly and ludicrous an abortion, that its appearance was hailed by a most irreverent burst of laughter from men of all parties.

In the third place, if Mr. Levy possessed a very minute modicum of that essential requisite to statesmanship—common sense, he would have instinctively perceived the indelicacy, impropriety and impolicy of his resolution during the present critical posture of our foreign relations. It is adding another source of irritation to the various elements of excitement which the Oregon controversy has evoked, and which perplex and complicate that dispute, menacing it with a violent termination. We wish our claims to Oregon to be put upon the only true ground,—that of incontestible right. But here comes Mr. Levy with his preposterous resolution to annex Cuba, as if for the very purpose of nourishing and giving plausibility to the belief on the part of European powers, that the United States have come to the conclusion, *per fas aut nefas*, to take possession of every portion of the American continent. To arouse such a suspicion would be the most efficacious means that could be devised for rendering a peaceful adjustment of the North Western Boundary Question utterly impracticable, and the mere fact of the introduction of the proposition in the United States Senate, will, we doubt not, constitute an additional obstacle to the continuance of peace.

Such, however, may have been the design of the gentleman to whom the paternity of the resolution belongs. There is a class of demagogues in Congress, who so far from viewing war as a calamity, to be most dreaded, and to be averted by any sacrifice short of national right and honor, regard its stern and fearful arbitrament with frenzied delight, look upon its terrible consequences as a sort of Saturnalia of Democracy, and would rejoice to see it come upon us at once with its appalling train of disaster, misery and bloodshed. One would imagine that Mr. Levy belonged to the category of fire-eaters, who are anxious to precipitate the country into a collision with Great Britain, and that with this laudable object, he strives by every possible machination, to force us into a false position. We hope and believe that there is yet left in the United States Senate sufficient wisdom, to check such mischievous attempts in their incipiency.

Nothing is more contagious than the rage for annexing new territory when once it seizes upon a people like that of the United States, impulsive and proud of their institutions. No sooner is Texas admitted, than men speak with confidence of securing California. Next follows Mr. Levy with his scheme for the cession of Cuba. We suppose some jackbrain in either branch of Congress, will in due season propose the annexation of North and South America; and then, not content with the entire dominion of the new world, will turn his longing eyes upon the Eastern hemisphere, clamor for the cession of Ireland, call for a slice of the Celestial Empire and propose to plant the stars and stripes upon the unexplored regions of Ethiopia, and the traditionary Empire of PETER JOHN. So we go.

Mexico.

The Washington *Union* of the 22d instant, says: "A private letter was received to-day from Havana, of the 9th instant, from a respectable quarter, stating that the English steamer had just arrived from Vera Cruz, bringing the intelligence that despatches had been received at Vera Cruz an hour or two before the sailing of the steamer, and that Paredes, at the head of 9,000 men, is marching on the city of Mexico from San Luis Potosi, 200 miles off, and that there will be no opposition to him in the city. The grounds of his pronunciamento are, the intention of the Government to enter into a treaty with the United States for the annexation of Texas. It is suspected that a foreign nation was indirectly concerned in the movement. It is said that despatches were received on the same day that Mr. Shidell left Vera Cruz."

The correspondent of the New York *Herald* furnishes further information. He states that E. G. SAUNDERS, bearer of despatches from our Minister, Mr. SLIDELL, arrived at Washington on the 21st, from Vera Cruz, via Havana and Charleston. From what we can learn, adds the writer, North California can be had for $15,000,000, the raw material of which as it now stands is valued at $75,000,000. Mexico answers to the Rio Grande, with a bonus of several millions more, including Vera Cruz and indemnities.

MISSISSIPPI RIVER.—We have received from Messrs. BARRIS, CHAFFIN & Co. the journals of a Steamboat Expedition, which they propose, shortly, to enter on, having chartered the foreign steamboat Prince Albert, for the purpose, and at their own risk, to ascend the Mississippi River, as far as it may be navigable, with a view to the opening of a trade with the interior, and to the establishment of a regular line of steamers between this city and the Upper Mississippi. The enterprise is a novel one, and we trust it may prove successful. We trust it may succeed.

Mr. Ashby was still in prospect at Washington at the latest accounts.

Congress.

In the SENATE on the 22d December, Mr. Calhoun appeared and took his seat.

Several memorials were presented by Northern Senators remonstrating against the admission of Texas as a Slave-holding State.

Mr. Ashby from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported without amendment the joint resolution of the House for the admission of Texas. The resolution was read a second time, when Mr. Webster briefly opposed its passage. Mr. Berrien of Ga., stated the reasons which would induce him to vote in favor of the resolution. Messrs. Niles and Bagley declared their intention to sustain the resolution, and Mr. Huntington expressed his determination to vote against it. The resolution then passed by the following vote:

Ayes—Messrs. Allen, Archer, Ashby, Atchison, Atherton, Bagby, Barrow, Benton, Berrien, Breese, Calhoun, Cass, Chalmers, Colquitt, Dickinson, Dix, Fairfield, Hannegan, Heywood, Jenness, Johnson of La., Levy, Lewis, Mangum, Niles, Pennybacker, Sevier, Speight, Turney, Sturgeon, Westcott—31.

Nays—Messrs. T. Clayton, Corwin, Davis, Dayton Evans, Greene, Huntington, Miller, Phelps, Simmons, Upham, Webster and Woodbridge—13.

Mr. Levy of Florida, submitted the following resolution, which under the rules, lies over for debate:

Resolved, That this in the opinion of the Senate it is advisable for the President to open negotiations with the Government of Spain for the cession to the United States of the Island of Cuba, the inhabitants of said island consenting thereto.

On motion of Mr. Benton, the Committee on the Militia were instructed to enquire into the expediency of organizing a corps of Sappers and Miners.

Mr. Ashby reported a bill to extend the laws of the U. S. over the State of Texas, and to establish Courts of Jurisdiction therein.

The Senate then went into executive session, and soon after adjourned.

In the HOUSE nothing was done except to elect a Chaplain. On the third ballot the Rev. Mr. Milburn, had 105 votes, and was declared to be duly elected. Mr. M. was nominated by Mr. Boyd of Kentucky and is blind.

In the SENATE on the 23d, an immense number of petitions were presented; among others, one by Mr. Bartow from A. M. Gray and others, praying the confirmation of certain land claims in the State of Louisiana.

On motion of Mr. Niles the Committee on the Post-Office and Post Roads were instructed to report a bill providing for conveying the United States Mail to and within the State of Texas.

On motion of Mr. Johnson of La., it was resolved that the Committee on Pensions be instructed to inquire into the expediency of passing an act to continue the office of Commissioner of Pensions.

On motion of Mr. Haywood,

Resolved, That the Committee on Commerce be instructed to report to the Senate a bill for extending the revenue laws of the United States over the State of Texas, and establishing collection districts therein, and to provide for the collection of duties which may or may be imposed by law upon goods imported into said State of Texas from and after the period at which the act admitting the said State into the Union shall be finally executed, under the provisions of the laws of the United States already passed."

Mr. Benton reported his bill for organizing a corps of Sappers and Miners.

Mr. Barrow introduced a bill to provide for the survey of the mouth of Red River.

The Senate then took up the bill to extend the laws of the United States over the State of Texas, and adopted it with some amendments.

The election for Chaplain then took place. On the first ballot, the Rev. Septimus Tustin Chaplain at the last session) received 28 votes out of 40, and was declared duly elected.

The Senate then went into executive session, and after remaining some time therein, adjourned to Saturday the 27th.

In the HOUSE nothing of the slightest consequence occurred, and after a very short sitting, an adjournment was moved and carried.

☞ We understand, says the *National Intelligencer* of the 24th ult., that the Senate yesterday confirmed, in Executive session, the nomination of the Hon. LOUIS MCLANE (appointed by the President of the United States in the recess of Congress) to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the United States to the Kingdom of Great Britain.

A large number of nominations to office, by the President, are said to be before the Senate, some of them of importance, but no confirmations, it is understood, have been yet made, except the above. Among the nominations made yesterday, is that of Gen. Jos. W. WOODWARD, of the State of Pennsylvania, to be a Judge of the Supreme Court of the United States.

☞ A BOLD ROBBERY.—A few days since in Boston, the watch and jewelry store of Messrs. McKay & Co., No. 52 Milk street, was robbed in a novel and bold style. While the store was open, a man broke in a large pane of glass in the front window, and snatched a small mahogany case, about 15 by 20 inches, containing 24 valuable gold watches, worth $1,200 to $1,500, and got it through the opening, and away with his booty. The thief having taken the precaution to fasten the door on the outside, by twisting around the handle of the door a piece of barrel hoop, and as there were no persons passing in the street at the time, he made his escape before any alarm could be raised.

☞ Among the passengers by the *Acadia* was Mr. GEORGE W. LAY, our late estimable and accomplished Chargé d'Affaires to Sweden. It had been reported that the celebrated Swedish novelist, Frederika Bremer, was to accompany Mr. and Mrs. Lay on a visit to this country, but we understand that she will not come till next summer, when, it is said, she may be confidently expected.

THE COMMERCIAL-TIMES.—We perceive by an announcement in the *Commercial Times* that D. BRAVO Esq., has disposed of his interest in the establishment to G. KUERSNER, Esq. While we regret the retirement of Mr. BRAVO from the editorial confraternity, we are gratified that he will be succeeded by a gentleman whose intelligence, uprightness and probity have long secured him the respect and esteem of the community.

☞ The Legislative Council of Iowa met on the 1st inst. Laurel Summers was chosen President pro tem. of the Council, and J. F. Kinney Secretary pro tem. Mr. McCleary was elected Speaker of the House, and Wm. Thompson Clerk. Gov. Clark was detained at Burlington by sickness, and consequently no message was sent to the Council.

INTEREST ON THE PUBLIC DEBT.—The Washington *Union* of the 22d inst. states that the interest on the United States stock, due and payable on the 1st of January, will be paid at the following depositories of the Government, viz: Merchants' Bank, Boston; Bank of America, New York; Philadelphia Bank, Philadelphia; Chesapeake Bank, Baltimore; Corcoran & Riggs, Washington.

THE BOOK OF CHRISTMAS.—We are indebted to J. B. STEEL, No. 14 Camp street, for No. 38 of Wiley & Putnam's Library of Choice Reading, containing: "The Book of Christmas," by Thomas K. Hervey.—This is an interesting volume full of descriptions of the custom of the various nations in celebrating Christmas and other religious festivals.

☞ The Hon. GOUVERNEUR S. ORTH (whig) has been elected Speaker of the Indiana Senate, the Lieutenant Governor having been elected to the Senate of the United States. The Senate now stands: 24 democrats and 24 whigs. There were 99 ballotings before he was elected. It was previously understood that Mr. Orth is to be the next whig candidate for Governor.

☞ Plenipotentiaries have been appointed by the Governments of Great Britain and Brazil to negotiate at Rio Janeiro for the conclusion of the convention which may promote the suppression of the Slave Trade, without injuring the lawful commerce of Brazil.

Increase of Population.

States.	1840.	1845.
New York,	2,428,921	2,604,374
Ohio,	1,519,467	1,739,928
Alabama,	590,756	685,887
Indiana,	685,866	850,000
Illinois,	476,183	700,000
Michigan,	212,267	300,000
Six States,	5,913,460	6,909,089
		5,913,460
		995,573

Increase in five years.

If the ratio of increase be the same through the country, the aggregate population of the United States is not far from twenty millions.—*N. Y. Express.*

DISTRESSING MORTALITY FROM CANKER.—Died, in the town of Schaghticoke, New York, on the 2d inst., of cancer in the throat, Eleanor, aged 7 years, and on the 7th inst., of the same disease, Gertrude, aged 20 years, and the same day, of the same disease, Caroline, aged 5 years, all daughters of Philip and Eleanor Strunk. Also, on the 8th inst., of the same disease, Joseph Henry, aged 1 year, son of Philip and Eveline Strunk. The three latter were buried on the 5th Sunday, all at one time, from one house.—Thus their afflicted parents buried out of their sight three children and one grandchild in the short period of five days.

☞ The Washington *Intelligencer* of the 30th ult., says: "The Association of Christopher Houris for [illegible] Texas, such plans [illegible] Bonds. The subscriptions [illegible] Texas, and if it succeeds will [illegible] Texas."

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City Intelligence.

☞ George Brown was yesterday arrested on a charge of stealing a bag of almonds from on board the steamboat Uncle Sam. George will have some nuts to crack.

☞ Owing to the indisposition of Judge Maurian the Parish Court was not in session yesterday.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Ten of the Grand Jury took their seats yesterday. The Jury, however, not being complete, the Judge, at 11 o'clock, adjourned the Court to this morning, and requested the Grand Jury to be in attendance on Tuesday morning next.—Several cases will be submitted to them, and among others that of Rice Garland, several cases of manslaughter, &c.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—During the Holydays this Theatre has been nightly crowded by large and admiring audiences. All those persons who wish to enjoy good acting and jocund amusement will do well to go to this Theatre this evening.

RECORDER BALDWIN'S COURT.—Henry Wessel was arraigned yesterday morning for breaking the windows of the Commercial Hotel and for the improper disposal of a package entrusted to him by Mr. Vincent to carry to the Railroad. He was bound in the sum of $500 to appear for further examination.

Andrew Carlisle was fined $20 and bound over in $500 for disturbing the peace in the St. Charles, and for carrying a concealed weapon.

Thirty-three slaves and three free negroes were arrested the night before last, for keeping an illegal assembly in the rear of Quirk's Coffin Warehouse.—They were fined $5 each.

John Rowin accused of stealing a piece of calico from the store at the corner of Delord and Tchoupitoulas streets, was sent to the Criminal Court.

John Casey, accused by Michael Rice with stealing $95 from him, was discharged, there being no evidence against him.

Jackson Bluck, who is accused of stealing a coat from the cabin of the steamboat Cincinnati, and who is considered to be an incorrigible vagabond, was sent to the workhouse for six months.

NEW WORKS.—We are indebted to J. C. Morgan of the Literary Depot, Exchange Place, for copies of three numbers of a very useful publication entitled "The Shilling Library," and embracing 1st, The Mother's Medical Adviser; 2d, Cotton, from the pod to the factory; 3d, Christian Sects, their origin, progress, tenets and rises and ceremonies.

Also the "Musical World" Nos. 1 and 2, containing popular songs, waltzes, marches, &c.

PROBABLY A MURDER.—On Thursday evening Capt. Winterson and officer Armfield, arrested Henry Leach and George Campbell, at No. 170 Dauphine street, on suspicion of being accessory to the death of Otis Arnold, a fashionable, who had been missing for a few days, who, as his partner stated, had or may be imposed by law upon goods imported into said State of Texas from and after the period at which the act admitting the said State into the Union shall be finally executed, under the provisions of the laws of the United States already passed."

Mr. Benton reported his bill for organizing a corps of Sappers and Miners.

Mr. Barrow introduced a bill to provide for the survey of the mouth of Red River.

The Senate then took up the bill to extend the laws of the United States over the State of Texas, and adopted it with some amendments.

The election for Chaplain then took place. On the first ballot, the Rev. Septimus Tustin Chaplain at the last session) received 28 votes out of 40, and was declared duly elected.

The Senate then went into executive session, and after remaining some time therein, adjourned to Saturday the 27th.

In the HOUSE nothing of the slightest consequence occurred, and after a very short sitting, an adjournment was moved and carried.

☞ We understand, says the *National Intelligencer* of the 24th ult., that the Senate yesterday confirmed, in Executive session, the nomination of the Hon. LOUIS MCLANE (appointed by the President of the United States in the recess of Congress) to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the United States to the Kingdom of Great Britain.

A large number of nominations to office, by the President, are said to be before the Senate, some of them of importance, but no confirmations, it is understood, have been yet made, except the above. Among the nominations made yesterday, is that of Gen. Jos. W. WOODWARD, of the State of Pennsylvania, to be a Judge of the Supreme Court of the United States.

☞ A BOLD ROBBERY.—A few days since in Boston, the watch and jewelry store of Messrs. McKay & Co., No. 52 Milk street, was robbed in a novel and bold style. While the store was open, a man broke in a large pane of glass in the front window, and snatched a small mahogany case, about 15 by 20 inches, containing 24 valuable gold watches, worth $1,200 to $1,500, and got it through the opening, and away with his booty. The thief having taken the precaution to fasten the door on the outside, by twisting around the handle of the door a piece of barrel hoop, and as there were no persons passing in the street at the time, he made his escape before any alarm could be raised.

☞ Among the passengers by the *Acadia* was Mr. GEORGE W. LAY, our late estimable and accomplished Chargé d'Affaires to Sweden. It had been reported that the celebrated Swedish novelist, Frederika Bremer, was to accompany Mr. and Mrs. Lay on a visit to this country, but we understand that she will not come till next summer, when, it is said, she may be confidently expected.

THE COMMERCIAL-TIMES.—We perceive by an announcement in the *Commercial Times* that D. BRAVO Esq., has disposed of his interest in the establishment to G. KUERSNER, Esq. While we regret the retirement of Mr. BRAVO from the editorial confraternity, we are gratified that he will be succeeded by a gentleman whose intelligence, uprightness and probity have long secured him the respect and esteem of the community.

☞ The Legislative Council of Iowa met on the 1st inst. Laurel Summers was chosen President pro tem. of the Council, and J. F. Kinney Secretary pro tem. Mr. McCleary was elected Speaker of the House, and Wm. Thompson Clerk. Gov. Clark was detained at Burlington by sickness, and consequently no message was sent to the Council.

INTEREST ON THE PUBLIC DEBT.—The Washington *Union* of the 22d inst. states that the interest on the United States stock, due and payable on the 1st of January, will be paid at the following depositories of the Government, viz: Merchants' Bank, Boston; Bank of America, New York; Philadelphia Bank, Philadelphia; Chesapeake Bank, Baltimore; Corcoran & Riggs, Washington.

THE BOOK OF CHRISTMAS.—We are indebted to J. B. STEEL, No. 14 Camp street, for No. 38 of Wiley & Putnam's Library of Choice Reading, containing: "The Book of Christmas," by Thomas K. Hervey.—This is an interesting volume full of descriptions of the custom of the various nations in celebrating Christmas and other religious festivals.

☞ The Hon. GOUVERNEUR S. ORTH (whig) has been elected Speaker of the Indiana Senate, the Lieutenant Governor having been elected to the Senate of the United States. The Senate now stands: 24 democrats and 24 whigs. There were 99 ballotings before he was elected. It was previously understood that Mr. Orth is to be the next whig candidate for Governor.

☞ Plenipotentiaries have been appointed by the Governments of Great Britain and Brazil to negotiate at Rio Janeiro for the conclusion of the convention which may promote the suppression of the Slave Trade, without injuring the lawful commerce of Brazil.

Increase of Population.

States.	1840.	1845.
New York,	2,428,921	2,604,374
Ohio,	1,519,467	1,739,928
Alabama,	590,756	685,887
Indiana,	685,866	850,000
Illinois,	476,183	700,000
Michigan,	212,267	300,000
Six States,	5,913,460	6,909,089
		5,913,460
		995,573

Increase in five years.

If the ratio of increase be the same through the country, the aggregate population of the United States is not far from twenty millions.—*N. Y. Express.*

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Havana.

By the brig *T. Street* we have received Havana papers to the 20th ult. according to a statement in the *Diario de la Marina*, the value of the tobacco exported from all the ports of the island during the year 1844, does not exceed $2,160,000—while that of the sugar exported at the same time is over $14,000,000.

The Captain General O'Donnell, left Havana on the 18th to visit the interior of the island. During his absence Dr. Vincente de Castro assumes the duties of his office.

The Italian opera with Pico, Antognini, Valtellina and Senorita Ciartesini, is in full blast.

The Spanish ship Sobera arrived at Havana on the 23d in 38 days from Cadiz, with Senor D. Manuel Ramon Zaroo del Valle, Senior Magistrate of the Royal Court of Appeals, on board.

The editor of the *Courrier des Etats Unis*—Mr. GAILLARDET, has just returned from Europe, and in a recent number of his paper, puts forth the subjoined statement of public opinion in Europe, and in France particularly upon the Oregon question. The article is worth reading for two reasons: First, because the *Courrier des Etat Unis* is edited by an intelligent Frenchman whose sympathies have very generally been upon the side of Locofocoism; and secondly because the views which the article embodies, appear to be, in the main moderate and reasonable:

"Both as to the substance