The New-Orleans Bee.

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NEW-ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 15, 1846.

MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS, No. 81 Chartres street.
State & Third Municipality Official Journals.

TERMS OF THE BEE:

DAILY PAPER (one year in advance).....$12 00
COUNTRY PAPER, Semi-weekly, (one year in advance).....5 00

In all cases the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing, before he can be allowed to discontinue.

ADVERTISING—One dollar for every TEN lines, for each language, on the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent one. No Advertisement inserted for less than one dollar for each language.

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☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to their immediate vicinity, within the line of their business.

MAGNE & WEISSE.

OFFICIAL.

☞ NOTICE is hereby given that a contract has been entered into between the undersigned and Messrs MAGNE & WEISSE, Proprietors of the BEE Newspaper for the publication, during the ensuing calendar year (1846) of all the advertisements required by the act of March 16th, 1843, for the price of ONE DOLLAR for every hundred words for each publication and in each language.

WM. DEBUYS, State Treasurer.
ROBT C. NICHOLAS, Sec'y of State
New Orleans 27th Dec. 1845.

WM. MURE, BRITISH CONSUL, 23 Royal st. 010

WILLIAM DAVIDSON & Co. COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 47 Carondelet st. 009

F. E. HOURNON, SURGEON DENTIST, corner of Bienville and Burgundy streets. Office open from 8 A M until 4 P M. 011

D. RINCK, PORTRAIT PAINTER, respectfully informs his friends and the Public that he has removed to No. 20, between Canal and Custom House. 010

MR. DALEAS, DENTIST AND OPTICIST, has the honor to inform the public that he has discovered a method to promote the growth of the Hair. The following are the ingredients he already made use of with success: the growth, the cure of diseases of the scalp he hopes to render effective.

No. 133 Camp street.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS.
COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY No. THREE.
Session of the 23d inst. 29th of December 1845.
Resolved, That the Municipality No. 3 be divided into two portions—Municipality No. 3 and Municipality No. 4, as follows, to wit: [illegible]
GEO. W. LEWIS, Recorder.
G. LEGARDEUR, Secretary.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS.
Council of Municipality No. 3.
SITTING OF SEPTEMBER 29, 1845.
RESOLVED, That the tax for the year 1845 be and the same is hereby fixed at $5 per $1,000 on real estate, and at $2 per head for slaves.
Signed, G. W. LEWIS, Recorder.
Approved, October 21, 1845.
Signed, E. MONTREUIL, Mayor.
A true copy. E. LEGARDEUR, Sec'y.

The French and Spanish Languages.

TAUGHT BY A PROVED AND SUCCESSFUL SYSTEM.

THE undersigned, author of *Universelle Practical Method* for imparting the knowledge of the FRENCH and SPANISH LANGUAGES to adults, begs to notify those persons who wish to acquire the necessary knowledge of either of the above languages that his system is entirely different from any hitherto adopted, especially as to its success. Without labor or vexation, the pupil, in a short time, will be able to read, to write and to speak fluently and correctly, and with easiness these languages, even to such a degree as he would by any other system of tuition.

The method of instruction, being entirely new, cannot be found in any book. Persons wishing to learn any of these languages, will please call at his office, No 11 Exchange Place, from 9 A M to 12 M, and from 2 P M to 4 P M, during until 1 P M.

J. DELPIT MOSS,
Professor of Modern Languages.

MR. P. CLISSEY respectfully informs the public, that he has removed from his old residence to Royal street, to the large edifice, three doors from Bienville, formerly occupied by Mr. Dubreuil, as a Public House, and now by Mr. Bonnet, as a Boarding House, where he will be happy to receive his friends and customers. The Bar, Billiard Room, Parlors, Bed Rooms, Kitchen, Stables, &c., are in complete order. 009

OFFICE FOR SALE.—Mr. Legendre, Jr., Clerk of the Orleans side at the St. Louis Hall Room, and Washington Battalion Armory, offers his services for the Sale of Real Estate, Furniture, &c., &c. Mr. Legendre will personally attend to the interests of those who may favor him with their orders.

His terms will be very moderate.

A great No. 228 Dauphine street, a little above the corner of the Bayou Road. 130 Dec

WANTED to Young Ladies, who wish to learn the French and Italian method of Netting, Cutting and Making Bonbons. Apply at No. 56, Custom House street, to MADAME BONBON. 011

MR. JACQUES LAROSE, notary public, 81 Royal Street, has removed to that locality, at the old stand of the late Mr. WADE, Captain A. Tandy, Esq., for the last eighteen years. 011 J. LAROSE, 71 Old Levee st. 011

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Certificate of the Number of WAREABLE for Eight Shares of the Mechanics and Insurance Company, dated October 1st, 1836, and No 150 has been lost, and that application has been made for a renewal of the same at the office of the Company, 28 Jan. 016

DR. 10 PERRON has the honor to inform the citizens of New Orleans that for the present he will not go to Communipaw, the friends that those persons who have contracted bonds and him with the expectation will obtain the receipt of their instalments, as he has not left the city for a single day.

Dr. 10 Perron informs the public that his office will be at home o'clock A. M. to 12 P. M. and 2 to 4 P. M. 240 Bienville, between Main and St. Philip. 022

SUGAR PLANTATION FOR SALE.

A FINE LAND PLANTATION, with a large Sugar House, established as a Sugar Plantation, situated on the Red River, in the most and most delightful part of the Parish of Rapides, and known as the property of the late Mr. [illegible] Terms of payment will be made easy. Apply for further information and for terms, at No 19 Exchange street. 007

NOTICE.—The undersigned having come to the resolution that a large quantity of SNAGS in the Ascension, daily sold for cash, to the country by some of the steamboats running between this city and the Ascension, and consumed in the Lake, to the great injury of the navigation of the Lake, takes the earliest opportunity to call on the owners and consumers of the Lake to request that from and after this day, the Lake be cleared of the said Snags, and that no more be taken from the Lake.

From this day, the Lake is to bear the name of Long Lake, and the designation of the quarter of the Snags will be considered as for the cover of the parts and no longer past as heretofore.

A. DELPIT No. 168. Louis st. 010

TO CAPTAINS OF VESSELS.—Masters of vessels will find a boat in readiness to tow their vessels up and down the Canal to the Lake, on the part of the public, by applying at the First Municipality Station House, opposite the Public Square.

The boat has been built expressly for towing and has sufficient power to move the largest class of ships. She can with the utmost safety keep up so as to give immediate attention to ships. Terms most liberal. 020

TO MERCHANTS AND PLANTERS.—Merchants having machinery, sugar kettles, brooks, bunches, or any other kind of freight to send to any of the plantations along the coast.—Also, planters wishing to have their machinery, their plantations. Those having furniture or other articles to remove, will please call at No 47 Magazine st., where they will find a kind, experienced and trusty person to send. The charges will be most reasonable. 026

Architecture, Civil Engineering and surveying.

HAVING removed my office to Banks' Arcade, on Magazine st., in New Orleans, I respectfully state that I am ready to attend to any professional duty appertaining to Architecture, Civil Engineering and Surveying. Plans, drawings and public buildings of every kind, of description, elevation, outline and details, in the modern styles, will be made with a strict regard to utility, convenience and economy, accompanied with specifications and estimates, based on the local and relative prices of labor and materials.

In surveys and locations of greater internal improvements and public works, as railroads, canals, productive water works on rivers, as levees, basins, docks, etc., a corresponding attention will be given. Having a sufficient number of able assistants at my disposal, I am now prepared to extend my business to a distance from New Orleans, if the object be important enough, and to procure several hundreds or thousands of mechanics and laborers for the energetic execution of works of the greatest magnitude, surveys in the line of rail roads, locating, preparing the drawings of machinery, plans, specifications and estimates for country residences, dwelling houses, warehouses, churches, etc. will only be made for those for whom I shall also most faithfully superintend the execution of every kind of building, or other improvements. The great number of plans made by me, and which have been executed, or are still executing during the last few years, are a guarantee that my terms are reasonable.

Letters to be addressed to me either in the English, French, Spanish or German language.

HENRY HOELLHAUSEN,
Architect and Civil Engineer.
Banks' Arcade, Magazine st.

Agency New Mutual Insurance Company, New Orleans, Nov. 13, 1845.

THE New Mutual Insurance Company of New York, in pursuance of their Charter, closed their accounts on the fourth of last month, and after paying all losses including those of the great fire of the 19th of July last, have the remaining fund, amounting to $973,826 60. On this premium notes and cash received for risks taken, a sum of $100,000, which added to the above, make a fund of at least $1,073,826 60.

Since the 4th of last month the parties doing business with the Company do not share in any way with the losses of the preceding years which, with the interest which the undersigned believes, present more than ordinary inducements to persons desiring insurance.

Policies are issued for the perils of Fire, Rivers and Seas, on Cargoes, to be received by

T. MATTHEWS, Agent.
corner of Camp and Common sts.

MUTUAL INSURANCE.

THE General Mutual Insurance Company of New York having assumed the risks and taken over the unexpired risks of the General Mutual Insurance Company of the city (which Company has gone into liquidation) are prepared to insure against Fire, River and Marine Risks, at the late office of the General Insurance Company, No 45 Camp street, on the most favorable terms.

The General Mutual Insurance Company have a large capital well invested; they have paid back to the parties who have insured with them 33 per cent. of their premiums during the past three years, in script, bearing six per cent. interest, payable annually; and as the business of the Company is conducted altogether on the mutual principle—that is dividing among those who pay the premiums the entire profits of the office, as large a dividend as is paid by any other mutual office may be confidently expected from their future operations.

This Company offers the additional advantage to those who insure with them, of paying their losses either in New York or New Orleans, at the option of the assured.

CHAS. HODGE, }
EDW. OGDEN, } Agents.
Office No 45 Camp street. 026-3y

SHEET LEAD AND IMPROVED PATENT LEAD PIPE.—The subscriber continues to manufacture his improved Leaden Pipe, and solicits the attention of Planters and others to this article. This pipe affords great facility for the conveyance of water from long distances, either from springs or by pumps from streams and marks the interest of residents on the Coast for the supply of their establishments. It can be made of any size, from one-fourth to five inches calibre, as may be desired, and affords decidedly the cheapest medium for the purpose.

Orders for the above will be filled at short notice by application to the manufacturer.

W W THOMPSON, St. Louis, Mo.,
or his Agents in New Orleans,
KENNETT & DIX, 71 Poydras st.
023—1y

FRENCH LINEN SHIRTS—6 dozen pure Linen Shirts, for sale by
Q. TALAMON, 44 Chartres st.
030

WHIG CANDIDATES:

FOR GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM DEBUYS.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
EDWARD SPARROW.

For Senators:

D. F. BURTHE.
RANDELL HUNT.
ROBERT PREAUX.
FERGUS GARDERE.

For Representatives to the Legislature.

FIRST DISTRICT:
DANIEL BYRNE. I. WHITMAN SMITH.
SECOND DISTRICT.
J. B WALTON. HENRY LATHROP.
THIRD DISTRICT.
T. G. HUNT, A. C. BULLITT,
R. M. GRAHAM.
FOURTH DISTRICT.
THEODORE ZACHARIE, HENRY D. OGDEN,
P. W. FARRAR.
FIFTH DISTRICT.
JULES BENIT, NICHOLAS GURLIE,
JOHN WATKINS.
SIXTH DISTRICT.
ARMAND PILIE.
SEVENTH DISTRICT.
JULES CANSARD, B. BEAUREGARD.
EIGHTH DISTRICT.
OCTAVE LE BLANC.
NINTH DISTRICT.
WILLIAM C. C. CLAIBORNE.

OFFICIAL.

Resolutions presented by General DEBUYS in the House of Representatives, on the 2d April, 1835.

Resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, that this House, in common with the great mass of the people of this State, view with feelings of deep regret, mingled with mortified pride, the evident, unconquerable determination of the Governor to appoint to office foreigners who have been naturalized, *in preference* to native born citizens of Louisiana, or of the United States, in opposition to the principles and true policy of our country and contrary to the most earnest solicitations of those friends, who by their patriotic and zealous efforts succeeded by a majority unrivalled in any former election, in elevating him to the distinguished station which he now occupies.

Resolved that the Speaker of the House transmit without delay a copy of these resolutions to Governor White, and that the several editors of newspapers in this State be requested to publish the same."

On a motion to REJECT these resolutions, the vote stood as follows The names of the Locofocos are in capitals —

YEAS—Messrs. Armant, AUGUSTIN, Brashear, COUVILLION, Delachaise, Davenport, Dixon, Duncres, Freret, Gaudet, Labatut, Amadeo Landry, McCallister, Milligan, MONTEGUT, Nebaii, PATTEN and Sheldon—18

NAYS—Messrs BICKHAM, BREED, De Buys, DANIEL, HALE, LAWSON, ORY, RICHARDSON, Sibley, A. B Thibodeaux and WATSON—12.

The vote speaks for itself. Almost every locofoco present voted AGAINST REJECTING THE RESOLUTIONS. Almost every Whig VOTED IN FAVOR OF REJECTION. Further comment is unnecessary.

Thursday morning, Jan'y., 15, 1846.

To the Naturalized Citizens.

You are particularly requested by the friends of General's DEBUYS and SPARROW to attend a Mass Meeting on Friday Evening, 16th instant, at half-past 6 o'clock, at the Vegetable Market, near the St. Mary's Market, Tchoupitoulas street.

Several Orators will address the meeting and refute the calumnious insinuations of enmity to naturalized citizens, uttered by locofoco presses and locofoco orators against DEBUYS.

☞ A Meeting of the friends of GENERALS DEBUYS and SPARROW, will take place on FRIDAY EVENING at SEVEN o'clock, at the Orleans Theatre Coffee House, kept by F. Millier. The greatest punctuality is recommended.

☞ This being THANKSGIVING DAY, no paper will be issued from our office on Friday

THE MAILS.—The Northern Mail came through yesterday, bringing dates as late as due

THE SOLONS!

On reference to Judge MAURIN'S notice of election it will be seen that it is recommended to the Inspectors of those Wards which comprise parts of more than one representative district, to divide the ballot boxes into partitions, for the purpose of avoiding all confusion or error in the reception of the votes This is an excellent suggestion, that will obviate the necessity of stamping the tickets We trust it will be extened into effect

Thanksgiving.

For the first time in the history of the State, the people of Louisiana without dissinction of sect or religion, are invoked by their Civil Magistrate to assemble with one accord in their places of public worship, and render thanks unto ALMIGHTY GOD for the blessings and benefits liberally vouchsafed to them during the past year The custom is a good old New England one, and smacks of the primitive simplicity of Puritanism, and of that profound and exalted feeling of piety which inspired the pilgrims who just settled our country, which regulated their actions and conduct, presided at their laws, affected their customs and social polity, and appeared indeed as a constant and visible integral part of their existence . To the religious and high principled men it seemed fitting and necessary that the people should not only offer the homage of their gratitude to Heaven, on the stated days of Divine Service, but that in every year, one day should be set apart, in which they might all unite in prayer and thanksgiving, sending up to the Throne of Grace one universal anthem of praise. From New-England the custom of appointing a day of Thanksgiving, has radiated to other parts of the country, and gradually nearly every State in the Union observes it with habitual regularity and reverence. Right glad are we that Louisiana has followed an example so excellent Rational piety is the strongest incentive that man can possess to the practice of virtue, and it is well promoted by those customs which prove that religion is not a thing of established form, but a deep seated and practical feeling in the hearts of a whole people, inducing them with a constant sense of their responsibilities towards their Maker, and urging them from time to time, to acknowledge His Goodness by humiliation and prayer

This is a day that may be properly observed by all It is neither the Catholic, nor Protestant, the Christian nor the Jew, who are called upon exclusively to commemorate it. Every sect and creed, every form of worship that recognizes a Supreme Being, may with equal propriety return thanks for his beneficence and bounty. The occasion is one that appeals to the whole population, invoking all men to acknowledge their dependence upon a Higher Power and to display their Gratitude for life, health and the manifold blessings which attend their lot.

As a State and as individuals, have we not much to be thankful for. As a State we have passed through the year recently closed, amid peace and prosperity. The grave experiment of remodelling the organic law has been conducted to a happy end and without one particle of that turbulence and those outrages which in nations less wisely governed, and with institutions less adapted to popular intelligence, are but too apt to attend or follow similar changes.—With us, the revolution has been radical, yet peaceful. Its sole agent has been the overwhelming influence of a public opinion that under Republican Governments, acts always tranquilly and always efficaciously

As individuals, though sorrow and misfortune may have visited some of us with their chastising influences, we have generally thriven and prospered. No tremendous revulsions of nature has blasted our soil. No undue inclemencies of the season has withered our crops. Plenty smiles upon us—the labors of the husbandman have not gone unrewarded—the toil of the artisan has furnished food and education and a home to him and his family—the thrift and enterprise of the merchant have earned for him a fair and full emolument. Almost every gift of Heaven that can confer the elements of wordly comfort and prosperity has been ours. Let us then unite, not with coldness or formal ostentation in the hymn of thanksgiving, but with devout sentiments of piety, with the hope that the power which has hitherto proceeted us as a nation, and led us to greatness and honor, may continue to extend arpound us its benign influence, and keep us together as a happy, peaceful and united people.

The Louisiana *Chronicle* of last Saturday says:—In noticing in our last the affair between John Turnbull and L. P. McCauly of Carrollton, we stated that eighteen buck shot had been fired, nearly all in the right arm, one in the breast and one or two in the shoulder of the latter gentleman. We have since learned from Dr. Stockbridge, one of the Surgeons who attended Mr. McCauly, that only four shot took effect—one buckshot in the right breast, and one buckshot and two small shot in the right arm. There were also several contusions in the right arm. We deem it proper to make this correction in justice to ourself and the parties concerned.

Harper's Miscellanies.—We tender our acknowledgements to J. S. Steel, No. 14 Camp street, for a copy of the above work. It consists of a series of critical and miscellaneous essays, to which are added a few poems, by Alexander St. Preux. The typographical execution of Mr. Elwert as a publisher, is always spirited and elegant, and discriminating critics will be generally appreciated by those who peruse the present work.

☞ There is a striking difference to be observed at the popular meetings held every night in this city. The whigs are evidently depressed, divided among themselves, and worn down by the instinct of approaching defeat. Their orators have lost their inspiration; their declamation is without force, their wit pointless and inane. We want in vain for those brilliant flashes and eloquent appeals which heretofore characterized the oratory of our opponents. The democratic meetings, on the contrary, exhibit a very different state of things All is enthusiasm. The presentiment of victory animates every one, and the cheers that welcome our speakers come warm from the heart.—*Jeffersonian.*

As the election approaches our contemporary is getting decidedly witty, waggish and satirical. The above paragraph is in such perfect contrast to the real state of things, that we are persuaded the *Jeffersonian* published it to display the proficiency of the writer in the use of that figure of speech termed "Irony," Which one thing says and means another.

The Whigs dispirited quotha!—The Locos enthusiastic forsooth! The discouragement of the first is shown in their crowded meetings nightly in every Ward, The enthusiasm of the latter is exhibited in their inability to get together one single really well attended assembly. They are spiritless as stale beer, lifeless as an exploded cracker. They feel beforehand that the City will put a complete extinguisher upon their hopes, and they look and act like men irrevocably sentenced to political annihilation.

Congressional Proceedings.

In the SENATE on the 5th, but a small amount of business was transacted. Mr. Niles, from the Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, reported a bill to establish mail routes in Texas.

The Senate at half past 12 o'clock, adjourned.

In the HOUSE, Mr. C. J. Ingersoll, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, reported a joint resolution, *advising the President of the United States forthwith to give the notice to Great Britain that the Treaty of the Convention of 1827 is abrogated and annulled.*

Mr. Ingersoll moved to suspend the rules in order to receive the resolution, and the vote being taken there was but one dissenting voice! Mr. Ingersoll then moved to make the report the special order of the day for the first Monday in February. This proposition provoked cries of "no" "too long" "to-morrow" &c.

Resolved that the Speaker of the House transmit without delay a copy of these resolutions to Governor White, and that the several editors of newspapers in this State be requested to publish the same."

On a motion to REJECT these resolutions, the vote stood as follows The names of the Locofocos are in capitals —

Mr. Davis, of Ky., submitted a minority report, of which the substance was that the notice ought to be given by the treaty-making power, and that it belonged to the Executive and the Senate, as a part of the treaty-making power to give the notice The report concluded with the following resolution, and is signed Garret Davis, Truman Smith, Caleb B Smith.

Resolved, That the question whether a notice to terminate the convention between the United States of America and Great Britain of October, 1818, and continued in force by the convention of August, 1827, ought to be given, is not a matter for the decision of Congress, and upon it this House, at the present, refrain from the expression of any opinion

Mr. Ingersoll then renewed his motion to make the reports a special order for the first Monday in February. Upon this motion much discussion arose

Mr. Giddings, of Ohio, made an elaborate speech, in which he contended that by the annexation of Texas the balance of power has been transferred from the free to the slave states, and he was for restoring the equality of power by adding the whole of Oregon to the Union. He preferred war, with all its horrors, to give the balance of power to the slave states Mr G. went on in one of his most vivent abolition philippics, amidst many interruptions and occasional bursts of laughter.

Mr. McDowell, of Ohio, continued the debate, asserting the validity of our title to the whole of Oregon, maintaining that he and his friends like to the reckie in securing Texas, and that the South was bound to reciprocate by aiding in the acquisition of Oregon He was opposed to the President's offer to compromise, and would resist it to the last. The resolutions of the Baltimore Convention contained the true democratic doctrine on the subject

Mr Rhett, of S C., followed, and at once fell upon Mr. McDowell for voting last year against giving notice, and now pronouncing infamous what he had done a year ago. Mr. R. went on to contend that war would be the inevitable effect of giving the notice—that England would act on the defensive and we on the offensive—that war was at variance with the character and tendencies of our government—that delay benefitted us and injured Great Britain, we gaining ground and she losing it every day in Oregon Mr Rhett continued at great length deprecating war, arguing that it would terminate in an attempt to conquer other nations; that before we entered upon such a system it would become us to measure our strength with England, etc. He alluded to the new born zeal of Mr. Adams, and gave him a thrust for his opposition to the late war This Mr. Adams denied with great earnestness and indignation

Mr Rhett concluded by alluding "to the political game which had been played upon this floor," according to other members. He believed, too, that there was a political game playing—a game to secure a Western President, a gambling game between men, as to what section of country, and what party should secure the next President

Mr. Simms, of Mo., followed in a most bloody and belligerent speech, in which he spoke of war, its hazards and horrors, as a game which he loved to witness.

The House adjourned

In the SENATE on the 6th, Mr Allen reported a resolution authorizing the Secretary of the Senate to have prepared 10,000 copies of a map of Oregon—Laid over.

After several resolutions of minor importance, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of a joint resolution of Mr Niles, regulating and reducing the price of the public printing The resolution was recommitted with instructions to amend.

The Senate then went into executive session.

In the HOUSE, Mr McConnell asked leave to introduce a resolution which seemed very much like a burlesque It speaks of the elevated feeling prevailing in our glorious confederacy; of the acquisition of Texas and Oregon, of Mexico, Yucatan and California; of the democratic principles of the Irish people, and of the sympathy entertained for them by Congress

Some bickering occurred between Mr P. King, of N. Y., Mr Rhett and C. J. Ingersoll, respecting insinuations levelled at Mr Calhoun by the first named gentleman It was, however, cut short by Mr Hilliard, of Ala., who was entitled to the floor.

Mr. Hilliard addressed the House in an eloquent and effective speech It was so original in its views, that we take a comprehensive summary of its leading points from the Baltimore *American*.

"He advocated our title to the whole of Oregon, but regarded the Spanish part of it as the strongest. He spoke of the growing power of England, and the arrogance of the British Government, and he was ready to check it. As to the best manner he did not concur in any of the propositions which had been submitted by gentlemen of the House. He was against the report of the Committee on Territories, because it gave away land which was not ours at present to give.

He was against claiming the whole of Oregon by a legislative act, because it might tranimel the Executive. He was against giving the notice at once, because the effect of said notice might also govern the Executive in a manner which would answer no good purpose. He would pass a resolution empowering the President of the United States to give the notice whenever in his judgment he thought it best to give it. He would clothe him with all power.

Mr. Hilliard also gave many facts connected with the commerce of the East, and the great benefits which would accrue to the commerce of the country from the possession of the Oregon, and opening the commerce of the East to an intercourse with the U. States."

Mr. Thompson, of Mo., objected to the course of the debate, and would at once refer the resolution to the Committee of the Whole —Adopted.

The next motion was that for making the joint resolution the special order for the first Monday in February. This was lost—yeas 102, nays 82—two-thirds being necessary. The vote is important as shewing a disposition in the House not to decide this question hastily.

Mr. Bowlin, of Mo., then moved that the House resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole. The motion prevailed, and Mr. Tibbatts being called to the Chair, the resolution to give one year's notice to England was taken up.

Mr. Bowlin then proceeded to address the House in defence of our claim to Oregon, and against the aggressive power of England. At the close of his speech the Committee rose, and the

House adjourned.

THE TARIFF.—The Washington Correspondent of the Baltimore *Patriot*, writes that the work of destroying the Tariff has commenced, but not in Congress. A committee of Custom House officers, principally from New York, have arrived in Washington, at the invitation of Secretary Walker, for the purpose of making a new Tariff. These persons have already begun their labors, and are closeted from day to day with the Secretary of the Treasury. Their production will be submitted to the committee of Ways and Means and driven through Congress if the correspondent well observes: "If the Custom House officers are to be selected to do the drudgery of the country, Congress may as well adjourn." The correspondent is serious, however. In reply to Oregon, he says: "The question of the compromise will be settled with the Senate. The President is anxious to get rid of the question as the world never saw before."

☞ The Hon. Joseph R. Ingersoll, of Pennsylvania, has been despatched by the Whigs of that State in the House of Representatives, for the short session. He will recover-help at the last moment.

City Intelligence.

FRENCH THEATRE.—Rossini's Grand opera "Guillaume Tell" will be performed at this Theatre this Evening

ST CHARLES THEATRE There is a very attractive bill at this Theatre this evening, the piece being the tragedy of "George Barnwell" The comedy of "The Poor Gentleman" and the Farce of "The Windmill."

CRIMINAL COURT.—J. Steeples and James Fagan, were arraigned yesterday for larceny, and pleaded guilty. The former was sent to prison for twenty-four hours. The following persons were also arraigned for larceny and pleaded not guilty:—T. V. Caldwell, James Ross, Charles Myers, J. P. P. Lacrique, James Sherin, Mary Ann Davis, Louis Ducornet, Charles Smith.

William Coyle was arraigned for assault and battery, and pleaded not guilty. The Court then adjourned to next Friday.

RECORDER BALDWIN'S COURT.—John Calio, for stealing a piece of cotton check from Mr. Valentine, at the corner of South Market and Tchoupitoulas street, and Theodore Jones, alias W B Greenwood, for stealing a box of candles from Mr Patrick Powers, in Philippa street, were sent to the Criminal Court

SUSPECTED LARCENY.—L. Stringer made an affidavit yesterday before Recorder Genois, that his trunk had been broken open on board the steamboat Galveston, and that $155 in quarter eagles and some wearing apparel, had been stolen therefrom He suspected a person on board who he could point out, but did not know his name An arrest was issued, but the individual has absconded.

COMMERCIAL COURT.—The case of the slave Elizabeth was called up yesterday, and continued until next Tuesday, in order to give her time to procure evidence of her freedom.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—*Before Judge McClish*—J W. Zacharie & Co vs—Francis C Black—Chapman intervenor. This was a suit brought to recover $9000 claimed to be due by defendant to the plaintiffs; thus intervenor was assignee of certain stocks the property of defendant, and the case arose thereout The evidence not being gone through yesterday, the case was continued till Friday Messrs Strawbridge and Grymes for plaintiffs, Locken, Micou, and Preston for defendants and Mr Wilde for intervenor

PARISH COURT—*Verdict*—J P Lacoste vs S S Silleck—*et al* This suit was brought to recover from defendants, the price of a slave who was hired from plaintiff on board the Steamboat Rainbow, about two years ago, when the boat met with an accident, by which the slave received such injuries as to cause his death soon afterwards The argument having finished yesterday, the jury brought in a verdict of $750 for plaintiff Mr Canon for plaintiff and Mr Hennen for defendant

SUBSCRIPTION IN BEHALF OF A VETERAN OF 1815.—The generosity of our citizens is appealed to in favor of a veteran of the war of independence, and that of 1815, who is impoverished and worn down by infirmities ETIENNE SYLVESTRE, commenced his career under the Count D'Estaing, on board the French squadron. He was present in all the engagements in which that fleet participated, lost his father on the coast of Rhode Island, and when peace was proclaimed settled down in Louisiana. He is the only living monument in this State of the glorious days of the revolution When in 1815, the English invaded Louisiana, Etienne Sylvestre was among the foremost in following General Jackson to the field The victory won, he retired to private life and lived for some time in comparative comfort Latterly old age and his infirmities have deprived him of every resource, and he is utterly dependent upon eleemosynary bounty for the means of subsistence We trust that the liberality of our citizens will not be vainly invoked in his behalf.

A subscription list is opened at the office of Jules Money, Notary Public, in Royal street, Union Bank building

A BRUTE IN HUMAN FORM.—A schoolmaster at Barre, N. H., a few days ago beat a young boy so in humanity that his life is despaired of. The miscreant who inflicted the flagellation has escaped

☞ A young man named Arthur B Salmon an agent of the New Orleans Commercial Time-keeper, drowned himself in the Ohio river, near New Albany, Indiana, a few days ago.

☞ We are indebted to J. C. Morgan, of the Literary Depot, Exchange Place, for a very handsome colored engraving of the mammoth steamship *Great Britain*.

KENTUCKY.—The Legislature of Kentucky assembled at Frankfort on the 31st ult. In the absence of the Hon Archibald Dixon, Lieutenant Governor, Robert P Todd, Esq., was chosen Speaker of the Senate Joseph R. Underwood, Esq., was elected Speaker of the House—all whigs.

☞ A boat with fifteen men on board recently got fast in the ice on the river St. Lawrence, and every soul on board perished. It was reported that seventeen seamen had also perished on one of the Islands in the river Several vessels have been wrecked in the river within a short time past, and the entire crew of one of them were drowned Many other vessels that sailed late from Montreal and Quebec are supposed to be fast in the ice somewhere on the river.

A FINE PRINTER'S PRESENT.—The Editor of the New York *Morning News*, John L. O'Sullivan Esq., received on New Year's morning, a call from a member of his political friends, bringing with them as a present an entire new assortment of type for his paper, which it is said cost about sixteen hundred dollars. Quite an appropriate present for an editor being much more useful than either a gold snuff box or a service of plate

☞ The mysteries of New York increase In the papers of Monday, it is announced that "the arm of a female was picked up in the street," and dead, new-born infant was found in a box in Eleventh street"—that "Mr. W. H. Jennison left his residence on Saturday afternoon, to go to the lower part of the city on business, since which no tidings have been received of him, and apprehensions for his safety are entertained"—that a white man came to the police office with his face "blacked," and complaining that he had been painted and robbed while "over come" with the spirit—and divers other minor offences

FIRES.—The extensive range of brick buildings on Gold street, Brooklyn, New York, owned by the State of Indiana, and principally occupied with hay were entirely destroyed by fire on Monday morning, the 5th inst.

A block of buildings at Cleaveland, Ohio, owned by Messrs. Finks, was consumed by fire a few days since. Messrs. F. and their tenants, with the exception of Mr. Hemel, shoe dealer, were insured

The clothing store of Messrs. Harsh & Dryfoos, and the dry goods store and dwelling of Mr. A. Lyon, at Nashville, Tennessee, were destroyed by fire on the 29th ult. Messrs H. & D were insured for $6,000, Mr. L. for $8,000; and Mr. T. Kerner, the owner of the house occupied by Messrs. H. & D., for $3,000

☞ The weather for several days past, has been mild and pleasant. We notice that several of our planters have already commenced breaking up their lands; and should this weather hold for a week or two to come, contemplate planting their crops of corn.—*St Francisville Chronicle.*

To the Public.

Having discovered that rumors afloat that I have withdrawn my name as a candidate for SHERIFF at the ensuing election, I take this opportunity to state *most positively* that such is not the case, but that I am still a candidate for said office, and will thank my friends and fellow-citizens for their votes.

January 13, 1846.

J P FRERET.

MEETING OF FOURTH WARD, MUNICIPALITY No. ONE.

At a numerous meeting of the friends of Messrs DEBUYS and SPARROW, held on the evening of the 13th instant, at the Coffee House, corner of Old Levee and Barrack streets, in the 4th Ward of Municipality No. One.

Mr. Schell was called to the chair, Chr. Probst and Chas. Schneider appointed Vice Presidents Chas. Lovenskiold Secretary.

The meeting was addressed by Messrs Lovenskiold L. Duvigneaud, R. Preau. Emile Johns and Geo. W. Harby who respectively made eloquent appeals to the audience in behalf of GENERAL'S W. DEBUYS and E. SPARROW, when on motion

Resolved, That a *Vigilance Committee* for the Ward be nominated forthwith, and the following named gentlemen were chosen vis:

Messrs. Schell, Probst, Schneider, Thomas McCormick, F. George, C. Sloane, F. & N. Otto, S. F. Sidmod, F. Sunnott, Celine P. Casse, J. D. Kanpar, G. Brix, Louis Bidon, J. D. Casse, A. Rousseau, S. Sterlinger, Capt. Bellaire, Capt. Francis, H. L. Emmet, L. Duvigneaud, H. Claverie, W. Lesh, W. O'Connor, J. Riordan, M. Chevalier, C. Casse, L. Berge, Hildebrand, A. Rousseau, E. Sloane, F. Lemelle, D. H. Holmes, J. Bonnet.

Resolved further that the proceedings of this meeting be published in two of the papers of this city.

Thanks tendered to the Hon. Henry Clausen for the use of his room.

Adjourned.

CHAS. LOVENSKIOLD, President.
Chas. Probst } Vice Presidents,
Chas. Schneider }
CHAS. LOVENSKIOLD, Secretary.

At a meeting held on the 14th inst. at the Conti St. Hotel, G. K Rogers having been called to the chair and Eugene Mussan appointed Secretary, the following resolutions were passed:

Resolved, That the voters of the Fourth District of the city of New Orleans, hail with satisfaction the nomination of our fellow citizen GENERAL DEBUYS as the Whig candidate for Governor and GENERAL SPARROW as Lt. Governor, and the said the gentleman composing the Whig ticket for the Legislature, and that we earnestly call upon every Whig to be at his post on MONDAY next, himself and his neighbor, and to contribute by all honorable means to the election of our candidates.

Resolved, That the vigilant committee of this District be requested immediately to assemble, and continue their unremitting labours until the close of the polls on Monday, and see that every Whig voter attends the polls and votes on that day

The meeting was addressed by H. D. Ogden J. W. Farrar and Robert Preaux

On motion the thanks of the meeting were offered to Mr. Lewis for his kindly offer of the room

On motion the meeting adjourned.

EUGENE MUSSON, Secretary.

Council of Municipality No. Three.

SITTING OF MONDAY, JAN 19, 1846.

The Council met this day pursuant to adjournment.

Present—The Hon. G.W. Lewis, President of the Council; and Messrs. Nadaud, Charbonnet, Wiltz, Audry, and Audier

Absent on leave—Mr. Eustis.

Absent—Mr. Boylan

On motion, the reading of the proceedings of the last meeting was dispensed with.

The following petitions and communications were read, and, on motion, referred to the different standing committees

1st. A petition from Mr Martin Rahdery, praying to be exempt from paying a tax for keeping a Ten Pin Alley.

2d. A petition from Martin Rahdery, Pajis, and other Coffee house keepers, remonstrating against the privilege granted to persons selling bottle Ales within the limits of this Municipality of selling spirituous liquors without paying a license.

Referred to the Police Committee.

3d. A petition from the members of the Phœnix Fire Company No 8

Referred to the Finance Committee.

4th. A communication from the Surveyor, relative to an infraction of the Ordinances committed by the owners of brick yards.

Referred to the Committee of Control of the Surveyor's Department

5th. A communication from Mr Adolphe Boulage, relative to the purchase of a lot of ground belonging to the Municipality, and situated at the corner of Casanla's and Louam streets

Referred to the Committee on Claims

Call of Committees.

Mr Wiltz, in behalf of the Finance Committee, offered the following resolutions, which, on motion, the rules being dispensed with, were adopted:

Resolved, That the Treasurer be and he is hereby authorised to pay, upon the warrant of the Mayor and in conformity with the resolution of the 2d December, 1843, the following accounts, viz

To the History of Rome, by Thomas Arnold, D.D. &c. complete in 3 volumes.....$ 6 00
To the Lectures on Modern History, &c. in 1 volume..... 2 50
To Arthur Clenning, by Thomas Arnold, D.D. &c. complete in 2 volumes..... 5 00
To Miscellaneous Writings and Lectures of Thomas Arnold, D.D. &c. in 1 volume..... 2 50
To Sermons preached in the Chapel of Rugby School, with an Address before the Confirmation, by Thomas Arnold, D.D. &c. Author of "Lectures on Modern History" &c. in 1 volume..... 2 50
To Moral Tales, by Maria Edgeworth, Appleton's new edition, handsomely illustrated with original designs—one vol. complete in one small volume..... 1 25
To Chances and Changes, or Life as it is, illustrated in the History of a Year, By Charles Saunders, A. M. author of "Never Despair," Trials and Triumphs" &c. &c. 1 25
To A Manual of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, containing a concise exposition