The New-Orleans Bee.

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NEW-ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 22, 1846.

MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS, No. 61 Chartres street. State & Third Municipality Official Journal.

TERMS OF THE BEE:

Daily Paper (one year in advance) $12 00

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[illegible] the subscriber must give one week's notice in [illegible] to be allowed to discontinue.

Advertising—One dollar for every TEN lines, for each [illegible] the first insertion, and half that price for [illegible] subsequent one. No Advertisement inserted for less [illegible] dollar for each language.

Advertisements not specified as to time will be published [illegible] and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one [illegible] every TEN lines, for each language and for each [illegible].

The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to [illegible] strictly within the line of their business.

MAGNE & WEISSE.

OFFICIAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that a contract has been entered into between the undersigned and Messrs. Magne & Weisse, Proprietors of the BEE Newspaper for the publication, during the ensuing calendar year (1846) of all the advertisements required by the act of March 16th, 1843, for the price of ONE DOLLAR for every hundred words for each publication and in each language.

WM. DEBUYS, State Treasurer.
ROB'T C. NICHOLAS, Sec'y of State
New Orleans 27th Dec. 1845.

WM. MURE, British Consul, 23 Royal. n10

WILLIAM DAVIDSON & Co., Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 81 Canal. n10

F. L. BOURNOS, Surgeon Dentist, corner St. Louis and Burgundy streets. Office open from [illegible] A. M. until 6 P. M. o11

A. D. RINCK—Portrait Painter, respectfully informs his friends and the Public that he has removed [illegible] No. 20, between Canal and Custom House. j12

MR. DALEAS, Dentist and Oculist, has the [illegible] ... M. DALEAS, Dentist and Oculist, No. 133 Ursuline street.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS. COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY NO. THREE. [illegible] GEO. W. LEWIS, Recorder. [illegible] G. W. LEWIS, Recorder. E. LEGARDEUR, Sec'y.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS. Council of Municipality No. 3. Sitting of September 29, 1845. RESOLVED, That the tax for the year 1845 be and the same is hereby fixed at $5 per $1000 on real [illegible] and $2 per head for slaves. Signed, G. W. LEWIS, Recorder. Approved Oct. 3rd 1845. E. MONTEGUT, Mayor. E. LEGARDEUR, Sec'y.

The French and Spanish Languages. [illegible] "A Synoptic, Practical Me[thod]" [illegible] J S DE PALOS, Professor of Modern Languages.

MR. P. CLISSEY [illegible]

Orchestra for Balls. [illegible]

WANTED [illegible]

MR. JACQUES LAROSE informs [illegible]

NOTICE [illegible]

DR. [illegible]

SUGAR PLANTATION FOR SALE. [illegible]

NOTICE.—The undersigned having come to the [illegible] A. DELPIT, No. 168 St. Louis st.

TO CAPTAINS OF VESSELS.—Masters of vessels will find a boat in readiness to tow their vessels [illegible] Perry Wharf, opposite the Police Square. [illegible] Terms most liberal. o20

TO MERCHANTS AND PLANTERS.—[illegible] o26

Architecture, Civil Engineering and Surveying. HAVING removed my office to Banks' Arcade on Magazine street, in New Orleans, I respectfully state that I continue to tender my professional services in every branch of Architecture, Civil Engineering and Surveying. Plans for private and public buildings of every kind and description in Grecian, Gothic, and all the various modern styles, will be made with a strict regard to comfort and beauty, accompanied with specifications and estimates based on the local average prices of materials. [illegible] of greater internal improvements, [illegible] works, as railroads, canals, protective [illegible] Levees, Fascine works, etc. [illegible] Having a sufficient [illegible] at my disposal, I am now [illegible] to extend my business to a distance from New [illegible] hundreds of mechanics and laborers for the energetic execution of works of the greatest magnitude. Surveys and plans of real estate, topographical maps, drawings of machinery, plans, specifications and estimates for country residences, dwelling houses, warehouses, cottages, etc. will not only be made at short notice, but I shall also most faithfully superintend the execution of any kind of buildings or other improvements. The great number of plans made by me, and which have been executed and circulated during the last few years, are a guarantee that my terms are reasonable. Letters may be addressed to me either in the English, French, Spanish or German languages. HENRY MOELLHAUSEN, Architect and Civil Engineer.

Agency Sun Mutual Insurance Comp'y. New Orleans, Nov. 13, 1845. THE Sun Mutual Insurance Company of New York, in pursuance of their Charter, closed their accounts on the fourth of last month, and after paying all their losses, including those of the great fire on the 19th of July last, have remaining in good assets, $675,809 60. Since then the premium notes and cash received for risks taken, exceed $100,000, which added to the above, make a fund of at least $775,800. Since the 4th of last month, the parties doing business with the Company, do not share, in any way, with the losses of the preceding year, which, with the means above stated, the undersigned believes, present more than ordinary protection and inducements to persons desiring insurance. Policies against the perils of Fire, Rivers and Seas, continue to be issued by I. MATTHEWS, Agent, corner of Camp and Common sts.

MUTUAL INSURANCE. THE General Mutual Insurance Company of New York having assumed and taken over the unexpired risks of the Ocean Mutual Insurance Company of this city (which Company has gone into liquidation) are prepared to insure against Fire, River and Marine Risks, at the late office of the Ocean Insurance Company, No 45 Camp street, on the most favorable terms. The "General Mutual Insurance Company" have a large capital well invested; they have paid back to the persons who have insured with them 82 per cent. of their premiums during the past three years, in scrip, bearing 6 per cent. interest, payable annually; and as the business of the Company is conducted altogether on the mutual principle—that is, dividing among those who pay the premiums the entire profits of the office; as large a dividend as is paid by any other mutual office may be confidently expected from their future operations. This Company offers the additional advantage to those who insure with them, of paying their losses either in New York or New Orleans, at the option of the assured. CHAS. BRIGGS, EDW. OGDEN, Agents. Office No 45 Camp street. s10-1y

SHEET LEAD AND IMPROVED PATENT LEAD PIPE.—The subscriber continues to manufacture his Improved Leaden Pipe, and solicits the attention of Planters and others to the same. This pipe affords great facility for the conveyance of water from long distances, either from springs or by pumps from streams, and merits the notice of residents on the Coast for the supply of their establishments. It can be made of any size from one-fourth to four inches calibre, as may be desired, and affords decidedly the cheapest medium for the purpose. Orders for the above will be filled at short notice by application to the manufacturer. W W THOMPSON, St. Louis, Mo., or his Agents in New Orleans, KENNETT & DIX, 71 Poydras st. o23-1y

FRENCH LINEN SHIRTS—6 dozen pure Linen Shirts, for sale by j19 O TALAMON, 34 Chartres st.

Thursday morning, Jan'y., 22, 1846.

NINE DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT FROM ENGLAND.

We are indebted to Captain Brown, of the ship *Themis*, arrived late last evening, for Liverpool papers to the 13th December, and London of the 12th.

Change of Ministers.

The London *Herald* and *Times* and other papers of the 11th state that Sir Robert Peel and the whole Ministry had tendered their resignation to the Queen, which were accepted. The Queen sent for Lord John Russell, who will probably have to form the new Ministry. An immediate dissolution of Parliament was talked of.

The following is taken from the London Sun of the evening of the 12th December:

"Immediately upon the refusal of the Duke of Wellington, on Friday last, to carry out what he had agreed to do—namely, to propose a repeal of the corn laws in the House of Lords—it became apparent that resignation of office by Sir Robert Peel must follow. Lord John Russell was recommended to be sent for, and a messenger was despatched on Sunday last to command his attendance at Osborne House. His arrival there was expected yesterday, and Sir Robert Peel expected to have met him. Sir Robert, however, returned last night without having seen Lord John. Lord John Russell and Sir Robert Peel had an interview of an hour's duration, after which Lord John Russell left town for Cowes. He had an audience of Her Majesty, and has had full powers given him to form a Government. He has sent for Lord Palmerston, and is taking, it is believed, all the necessary steps to form an Administration."

The sudden fall of Sir Robert Peel's Government has caused a great excitement throughout the kingdom and the greatest anxiety exist as regards the successors of the "Strong Ministry."

REPEAL OF THE CORN LAWS.

The *London Times* made the following announcement several days before the downfall of the Peel Ministry:

"The decision of the Cabinet is no longer a secret, Parliament, it is confidently reported, is to be summoned for the first week in January, and the Royal Speech will, it is added, recommend an immediate consideration of the Corn Laws, preparatory to their total repeal. Sir Robert Peel in one House, and the Duke of Wellington in the other, will, we are told, be prepared to give immediate effect to the recommendation thus conveyed."

The same paper further says in another passage of the same article:

"It is understood, that until Parliament meets, nothing is to be done. For the Legislature will be reserved the responsibility and the glory of opening the ports. We presume that none will quarrel with this brief appearance of delay, now that the resolution of the Cabinet is known. The moral certainty of an early opening will be equivalent in its operations to an immediate order in Council. It is enough for the merchant and capitalist to know that *by the end of January, at the latest, the product of all countries will enter the British market on an absolute equality with our own*, excepting only those disadvantages which Nature itself has made, and which man cannot entirely remove."

The *Standard* and *Morning Herald*, contradicted the statements of the *Times* and pronounced the whole a base fabrication.

The Liverpool *Standard* furnishes later intelligence on this subject, and maintains the statement of the *Times* and says:

"The question of the truth or untruth of the announcement of the *Times*, on the subject of the repeal of the Corn laws, continues to occupy the attention of the London papers, and indeed of every circle. The *Globe* of last night expresses its firm belief in the substantial correctness of the *Times*. The *Standard*, of course—more feebly, however, reiterates its contradiction."

"We are, at this moment ignorant, we are not ashamed to own it—for without a breach of trust and the violation of an oath on the part of some one, all of the Cabinet Ministers themselves must be ignorant—to what extent the Corn law have lately occupied the attention of her Majesty's advisers, or whether they have occupied it at all; but we do know, that *the Cabinet has come to no decision upon the subject*."

This is pure trifling after the charge of "atrocious fabrication," and the pointed and detailed contradiction. In our report of the corn market, it will be seen that wheat declined yesterday 3s. per quarter, at Mark Lane. The report in the *Standard* states the decline at 3s. to 4s., and that some quantity remained unsold at the close of the market, which it accounts for by the circumstance of "the *Times* adhering so strongly to its original statement, which continued to exercise a powerful effort on the trade and caused a timidity and reserve on the part of all buyers."

The Cotton Market was firm at the last quotations.

A meeting on the subject of Corn laws was convened at London, by the Lord Mayor on the 13 December.

Ireland continues to be in a state of agitation, and daily murders are committed with impunity.

Bell's Messenger says, the late harvest was a full average one, and as far as England and Scotland are concerned, the supply of food is amply sufficient for the wants of the nation.

FRANCE.

The French capitol, on Saturday last was the scene of a slight disturbance between the police and the students of the "College de France." M. Edgar Quinet, Professor of southern languages, who has lately attracted notice by his attacks upon the Jesuits, having intimated his intention of entertaining, in his lectures, questions of a political nature, the Minister of Public Instruction called upon to suppress his intimation. M. Quinet having refused acquiescence, was suspended. The youths of the schools, to the number of 1200 or 1500, waited upon the victim, and complimented him upon his resolution. As the students were retiring, one of the number, (says the *National*,) who was at the head of the procession, called out, "The end of our meeting is now accomplished; let us disperse;" and they were dispersing, when some agents of the police, in plain clothes, who had mixed among the students, followed the young man, who gave the word to his fellow students, to retire, and who was then separated from his companions, and arrested him, at the same time using him with violence. Some laborers and casual passengers, who observed this, expressed great indignation at the conduct of the police, and the young man on his side, called on his companions for help. An affray immediately followed. The student was rescued, and the municipal guards (cavalry) charged upon the crowd, when a great number were trodden down, and about twenty were arrested. The *National* says this is one of those odious scenes which will add a new page to the sanguinary history of the police since 1830.

FRANCE AND ALGIERS.

Despatches have been received from Marshal Bugeaud of the 23d of November. It appears that the province of Oran is still in a very disturbed state, and that the French have quite enough to do in keeping down insurrection in the subdued districts without marching on Morocco.

SWITZERLAND.

A letter from Lucerne states that on the 2d instant the Executive Council proposed to the Grand Council a decree for an amnesty comprised in five articles. The first declares that the individuals implicated in the events of March 31st and April 1st, shall pay, before January 15th, 1846, a sum of 433,747 francs Swiss. Art. 2 enacts that when this sum shall have been paid, no other penalty will be imposed on the persons so punished, but the deprivation of their rights as burgesses. Art. 3 excludes from the amnesty twelve persons, amongst whom are included J. Steiger, and all such individuals as do not present themselves to the authorities of the canton before January 15, 1846. Art. 4. No capital judgment is to be enforced except that passed on the said J. Steiger; those passed on other persons are to be commuted. Art. 5 declares that the individuals who shall be pardoned may demand their expenses from those that have not been so favoured, of the law proceedings brought against them.

This proposition was referred to a committee of nine members, in which there was found no member of the Opposition. The letter infers that the monster process is to be continued. The decree of the amnesty is made to depend on the payment of the sum mentioned above before January 15, 1846. Steiger, it may be remembered, was condemned to pay 20,000 francs Swiss.

SPAIN

Accounts from Madrid are to the 1st instant. The official *Gazette* publishes a Royal ordinance for the complete re-organization of the corps of halberdiers. Intelligence had reached Madrid of some disturbances having occurred at Seville, but they turn out to be a students's row, without importance, originating in the desire of the authorities to secure a more academic style of dress than has of late been customary. A few of the leaders of the disturbance were arrested, and one young man was slightly wounded.

EAST INDIES AND CHINA.

The express in anticipation of the overland Indian mail of the 1st of November arrived on Friday. The only intelligence of particular interest relates to the Punjab, which continued in the same disturbed state as at the time of the last accounts. The lawless soldiery of Lahore still kept the frontiers in constant alarm; but it was generally expected that the Governor General in Council had decided upon some vigorous measures for their control, including, it was believed, the introduction of a British force into the Punjaub, which would be acted upon forthwith. His Excellency had gone with great expedition to Delhi, where he was to meet the commander-in-chief, in pursuance, no doubt, of the defensive arrangements that had been resolved upon. Tranquility prevailed in Scinde; and the pacification of Gwalior had been completely effected; but disturbance was apprehended in the Nizam's country, owing to the finances of his Government being in a sadly deranged state. The news from China comes down to the 30th of September, but it contains nothing of any importance.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Ronge has been forbidden to preach in public during his residence in Dresden, except on Sundays and Holidays.

Mr. Cayley has addressed a second letter to Lord John Russell in defence of the Corn Laws.

Arrests continue at Posen; the [illegible] already in prison amount to 120. Among them [illegible] of distinction.

Ibrahim Pacha, is to visit Paris in the month of February and it is said will afterwards pay a visit to London. He was at Marseilles.

Soliman Bey, Sultan [?] died lately leaving about 3,000,000 dollars to Mehemet Ali his sole heir.

The municipal council of Paris voted 200 francs, towards a statue proposed to be erected by the town of Chateaudun to the memory of Gen. Bertrand [?].

A credit of 40,000 francs, has by Royal ordinance been opened to the Minister of the Interior of France, to excavate the ruins of Ancient Nineveh.

It is rumored at Naples that the marriage of the Queen of Spain, with Count de Trapani is settled, and that the visit of the Duke of Montebello of Palermo, is in reference to this question.

A legacy of £20,000 was left to Lord Brougham, by Miss Mary Flaherty, out of respect and admiration for his unequalled abilities, public conduct and principles.

The Rev. John Peel M. A. brother to Sir Robert Peel has been appointed to the deanery of Worcester Cathedral, vacant by the resignation of Bishop Rochester.

At a consistory held at Rome on the 24th M. M de Carvellio was proposed to fill the patriarchal chair of Lisbon; M. Beario; S. forza, the Metropolitan chair at Naples and M Jacques Bailles, Vicar General of Toulouse, the Episcopal chair of Lucon (France.)

It is said that the Pope, in fulfilment of promises made to the different Powers, intends to create six Cardinals, two of whom will be French, two Austrian, one Sicilian and one Spanish.

Proceedings of Congress.

In the Senate on the 12th, the name of the Hon. David Levy was formally announced as having been changed by the Legislature to that of David Yewly, and the Secretary of the Senate was directed to call him by that name hereafter.

Memorials were presented on the subject of a warehousing system, the improvement of western waters, and the purchase of the library of the late Alexander Hamilton.

Mr. Benton reported a bill to abolish the duty on salt.

Mr. Fairfield presented a bill to augment the naval force of the United States. The bill provides for the construction of ten steam-vessels of war—three of the class of frigates, five of sloops, and two smaller vessels. It also authorizes the President of the United States, whenever in his opinion the public exigency shall require it, to have completed and put in commission all vessels now on the stocks, and to purchase such naval stores and ordnance as may be necessary to fit them out. The bill appropriates $5,625,000 for building the ten steamers; $2,920,000 to complete the vessels on the stocks; $1,520,000 for repairs; $625,000 for stores, and $500,000 for ordnance. The bill was laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Yewly offered a resolution of enquiry into the naval defences of the Gulf of Mexico. Adopted

The resolution to annul and abrogate the treaty of 1827 providing for the joint occupancy of Oregon, was taken up, and by a vote of 32 to 18 made the special order of the day for Tuesday, the 10 February, together with the resolutions of Mr Hannegan on the same subject.

In the House, after the presentation of petitions and memorials, the consideration of the *Oregon Resolutions* was resumed. Mr. Toombs, of Ga., addressed the House at length, and with marked ability. He contended that our title to the whole of Oregon was not a clear and unquestionable one, and that therefore we were bound to compromise by negotiation. He considered, however, that we were now prepared to colonize the territory and that it was proper to close the convention of joint occupancy and give the notice. He advocated the views set forth by Mr. Hilliard, of Ala., and was in favor of empowering the President to give the notice whenever in his judgment the public interest required it. He was willing to entrust the President with power, and would not tie his hands. He was for giving the notice, not as a war measure, but as a peaceful and constitutional question, from which he could not suppose that war would arise.

Mr. J. R. Ingersoll offered an amendment to the Resolutions, instructing the President to open negotiations with England whenever he may deem it expedient to do so, for terminating the convention between England and the United States.

Mr. Hamlin of Me., made a speech in favor of Oregon, for the whole of Oregon, and in favor of giving the notice at this time. He claimed, however, to be the advocate of peace, and designated his political friends of the dominant party as the peace party! Mr Calhoun's policy was denounced, and masterly inactivity was declared to be masterly duplicity.

The House then adjourned.

OUR FOREIGN RELATIONS.

The *National Intelligencer* of the 12th contains a calm and well considered article on this subject, in which the editors state that recent occurrences have shaken the confidence which they had heretofore expressed in the peaceful termination of the Oregon controversy, and that they consider it their duty to put their readers, and especially those who are engaged in commercial and maritime pursuits, and therefore more likely to be affected by a change in the present prosperous circumstances of the country, on their guard against too great reliance in the former predictions of that journal. They found their apprehensions on the tone which the debate in the House of Representatives has assumed in regard to the Oregon question, which they consider of the worst augury for the maintenance of peace.

The views of the *Intelligencer* are entitled to great respect, for that paper has not been a staunch advocate of peace, but altogether indisposed to believe that the result of the dispute could be otherwise than pacific. The change in its opinion has not been made upon light or unsubstantial ground.

The same paper of the 13th somewhat qualifies its views, and remarks that it still thinks there will be peace between us and old England, but does not feel the same confidence of it, since the disclosures made in the debate still going on in the House of Representatives.

☞ The New York *Spirit of the Times*, in noticing the result of the late match at Chess between Messrs. Stanley and Rousseau, says: "We are convinced from an examination of many of the games played, that the players were nearly equally matched, and that under other circumstances the result might be just the reverse of what it is now. Mr. Rousseau, it is evident, was not in the right condition to have played a match against so strong a player as Mr. Stanley."

These remarks are no more than just. Mr. Rousseau's health was feeble during the entire contest. The two first games in the match were literally thrown away, by Mr. R. consenting to play when he was fit for nothing but physic and ptisans, and several others were lost by the merest oversights such as could never occur to a player of Mr. Rousseau's experience, when in a proper condition for contest. The old "*mens sana in corpore sano*" is perfectly applicable to the present case. A man can no more display his strength at chess unless body and mind are both in good order, than he can write a fine poem or solve an intricate problem in Euclid. We have reason to believe that Mr. Stanley, who is a generous antagonist, properly appreciates these facts, and considers the real difference between his play and that of Mr. Rousseau exceedingly slight.

☞ Professor Bronson, a gentleman of high reputation, commences on Friday evening, at the Methodist Episcopal Church in Poydras street, a course of Lectures on Elocution and Music, in connection with Physiology and Psycology, and explanations of the laws of Being, Health, developement and Beauty.—Professor B. possesses a new mannekin, or artificial man, which represents every part, even the most minute, of the human body, and which he will dissect and demonstrate for the instruction of the class, and illustration of his theories. The Lectures of this Gentleman have drawn together numerous and intelligent audiences in the North and West, and have elicited unreserved and warm encomiums from the press.—His views are original and profound, and his mode of imparting knowledge is said to be remarkably lucid, simple and explicit.

Virginia.—In the Virginia House of Delegates, on Friday, a select committee reported a bill for taking the sense of the people on the call of a Convention to amend the Constitution of the State and for other purposes. The bill provides for organizing a Convention on the basis of the present House of Delegates, with 134 members, to be chosen as the delegates are now chosen. A Minority Report objects to this organization, and insists upon the *white* basis as the only true representative principle.

☞ Hon. A. Stewart has addressed a circular to merchants, manufacturers, farmers, mechanics, laborers, and others, with a view to using the answers to the interrogatories propounded in the discussion of the tariff question before the present Congress. He says the whole opposition to the protective policy is based upon the assumption of the fact, that protective duties increase prices, and are, therefore, oppressive, and that if this can be proved untrue, the whole opposition must fall. The question is resolved into a mere fact, and we therefore trust attention will be paid to the questions which Mr. Stewart will probably circulate extensively.

☞ The Congressional intelligence is important. In the Senate the vote on Mr. Westcott's proposition to defer the debate of the Oregon question to the 10th February, looks like a disposition on the part of that body to proceed coolly and deliberately; while in the House, the introduction of a bill for augmenting the navy, would cause some apprehension that war may [illegible] determination to prepare in time for [illegible] contingency.

[illegible] Theatre.—Donizetti's captivating and [illegible] Lucy of Lammermoor, will be given this evening at the French theatre. The announcement is certain to attract a crowd.

A shocking affair occurred in our city yesterday morning, by which one of the most intelligent, popular and estimable members of the New Orleans Bar, lost his life. A quarrel arose some two or three evenings since at a ball, between Mr. Kane, a lawyer, and Mr. Hyman an Englishman. The story, as told to us, by respectable witnesses is that Hyman grossly and without provocation, insulted Mr. Kane, that the latter repeatedly demanded a retraction of certain opprobrious epithets applied to him; that Hyman refused explanation or apology, and that finally Kane urged beyond endurance by words of contumely hurled at him in the presence of ladies, inflicted on Hyman's person the indignity of a blow. By others, it is said that upon Mr. Kane rests the entire responsibility of the quarrel, and that Mr. Hyman's conduct was dignified and proper. We vouch not either version of the affair. It is certain, however, that a challenge followed, and the parties met yesterday morning on the Metairie Course—the weapons were pistols and the distance *ten paces*. At the second fire Mr. Kane was mortally wounded in the neck, the ball severing the jugular vein and causing death in a few minutes.

The question has been asked whether in conformity with article 130 of the General Provisions in the new Constitution, seconds engaged in this deplorable affair are not disfranchised and deprived hereafter of the privilege of holding office under the Constitution. That article reads as follows:

"Art. 130. Any citizen of this State who shall, after the adoption of this Constitution fight a duel with deadly weapons with a citizen of this State, or send or accept a challenge to fight a duel with deadly weapons, either within the State, or out out of it, with a citizen of this State, or who shall act as second, or knowingly aid or assist in any manner, those thus offending, shall be deprived of holding any office of trust or profit, and of enjoying the right of suffrage under this Constitution."

From the terms of the article it is seen that disfranchisement extends to persons who fight duels *with citizens of the State*. One of the parties to the fatal rencontre in question, was not a citizen of the United States. Consequently neither his seconds, nor those of Mr. Kane are amenable to the anti-duelling penalty prescribed by the Constitution. The object with which the provisions of the 130th article, were confined to citizens of Louisiana, was to protect them from being wantonly insulted by foreigners, who would forfeit no privilege from fighting a duel, while the citizen himself but for the restriction referred to would have to avenge his outraged honor at the expense of disfranchisement.

We have seldom witnessed more excitement than arose in our city when the death of young Kane became generally known. He was universally popular high minded, honorable and endowed with rare personal and mental attractions. The impression which prevailed as to the cause of the dispute deepened the sorrow felt for his untimely and bloody end.

This is the first duel since the adoption of the new Constitution. By the stern and sanguinary arbitrament of personal combat a most promising gentleman who was rapidly rising to usefulness and fame has been cut off in the very spring time of existence. "The young, the beautiful, the brave" has been immolated to the remorseless demon of miscalled honor. When will public opinion rise in its might and arrest this accursed remnant of feudal barbarism?

We understand that the election of Samuel Locke, one of the locofoco representatives from the Third District, will be contested by A. C. Bullitt, Esq. upon grounds so strong that we cannot conceive the possibility of even a locofoco House of Representatives refusing to do the Whig candidate justice and award him his seat. The circumstances of the case as we learned, are these:—The Third Representative District is composed of two entire wards, the first and fourth, and of a fraction of the second. As there was but one ballot box allowed to each ward the inspectors of the election, in conformity with the directions of the Parish Judge, for the purpose of avoiding confusion or fraud, partitioned the box in the second ward, assigning one portion of it to the reception of the votes of those persons who resided within the limits of the Third Representative District, and the other to votes cast by the citizens of that part of the ward which belonged to the Second District. Upon counting the votes, it appeared that a large number of tickets for candidates in the Third District had been deposited in that section of the ballot box destined to receive the votes of citizens of the Second District. Of these votes Mr. Bullitt received 21 and Mr. Locke 76. It further appears that the Judges of the election in that ward agreed to count all these votes, and consequently Mr. Locke has an apparent majority of 18 votes in the whole District, whereas, if these votes had been thrown out, Mr. Bullitt would have been elected by a majority of 37 votes.

Now it is a self-evident proposition that citizens of the Second District have no right to vote for candidates in the Third, and the absurdity of admitting such vote is the more glaring, as the Second District is entitled but to two representatives, while the Third is allowed three. It is a well known fact that whenever tickets, either through accident or design, are deposited in the wrong box, they are considered lost votes, and are thrown out. For instance in the box of the first ward, Second Municipality, likewise forming part of the Third Representative District, several tickets were found bearing the names of the candidates in the Second District. They were without exception and without the slightest objections put aside and not included in the count. If the principle upon which Mr. Locke claims his seat, be acknowledged—if votes placed in the box of the Second District, be considered good and legal, and as such be put upon the tally, there is an end to every thing like justice and fairness in an election. If a man living in the Second District may with propriety cast his vote for candidates in the Third, there is no reason why a voter of the Ninth may not equally cast his suffrage in favor of candidates in the First, though the two districts are situated at opposite extremities of the city. The principle is precisely the same, though the illustration is an *extreme* one, and in fact this is the proper mode of testing its correctness.

We are at a loss to conceive by what subtle process of ratiocination the Inspectors of the second ward could bring their minds to the conviction, that tickets bearing the names of three candidates, and deposited in a box belonging to a district which is entitled to but two representatives, were lawful votes, and must necessarily be allowed to the Third District. Such a principle is preposterous in theory, while in practice it would vitiate any election, lead to endless fraud and collusion, and enable either party to carry a close District by the votes of non-residents. We take it, therefore, that the reasons for a contest by Mr. Bullitt are irrefragable, and every Whig in the Third District will unite with us in counselling him to prosecute his claim, in the event of the returns being transmitted to the Parish Judge in such a shape as to compel him to give the certificate of election to Mr Locke. The Whigs owe it to themselves and to their gifted candidate, who is threatened with the loss of an election which he has fairly carried, to spare no exertions in scrutinizing this affair, and to do every thing which honorable men may do for the purpose of establishing what seems to us the clear and indefeasible right of Mr. Bullitt to a seat in the House of Representatives.

☞ The mail boat due on Tuesday arrived yesterday morning bringing dates from New York to the 12th. The mail due yesterday failed from beyond Charleston.

ELECTION RETURNS.

St. Bernard.—De Buys 75; Johnson 79; Derbigny 10
" Sparrow 74; Landry 80; Deshields 10

Maunsel White elected to the Senate, without opposition. For the House Prévost, an independent democrat supported by the whigs is elected, having received 83 against 78 for Mercel Bienvenu Mr Dumouchel is elected Clerk, Cueullu Sheriff, and Livaudais Coroner, without opposition.

Algiers.—De Buys 19; Johnson 123; Derbigney 11
" Sparrow 18; Landry 127; Deshields 2

White for the Senate 146; for the House Marcy (loco) beats Fortier (loco) Roberlot (N. A.) having 10 votes. Lewis for Sheriff 181; Claiborne 39; Spedden for Coronor 82; Ramos 67. John L. Lewis and Robert Spedden are therefore elected Sheriff and Coroner of the Parish of Orleans.

Suspected Murder.—The remains of a human being were found a few days ago enclosed in a barrel floating near Drum Island, a short distance from Charleston. The barrel had been picked up from motives of curiosity, and when the head was knocked in a basket was perceived inside, containing some human bones—[illegible]

☞ The New York correspondent of the Mobile *Advertiser* writes as follows:

"The arrangement for sending an agent South, to push forward the Magnetic Telegraph extension from Washington to New Orleans, has not yet been consummated, and there is some doubt if it will be done at once. There is a strong disposition here among the Telegraph people to make the line, but still the parties seem disposed to hold back until the New York and Boston and New York and Philadelphia lines are in operation, and the practical results of a long line between important cities are ascertained. To what extent the commercial interests are going to use this method of communication is still a matter of theory, and although the stockholders of those lines are very sanguine of the profits of their enterprise, yet they can approach Southern capitalists with more confidence if they can show them a large and profitable employment of the northern lines. The New York and Philadelphia line is completed from this city to Somerville, about 70 miles, and has been tested. From Philadelphia this way a portion is also in operation. The gap is about thirty miles, which has the posts and wires up, but which has not yet been tried. By the first of February the New York and Boston line will be completed [illegible] magnetic wires.

City Intelligence.

Arrested.—Pierre Brugneau was arrested yesterday accused of receiving a quantity of iron nails knowing them to be stolen. Bill Raisin was arrested accused of stealing a gold watch from the corner of Burgundy and Customhouse streets, which was subsequently purchased by a Cabaret keeper at the Old Basin. John Hoen alias Bill Hughes was arrested as a dangerous and suspicious person—had $16 in uncurrent money.

Criminal Court.—Charles Smith accused of stealing two pair of trowsers, and two shirts valued at $3 was sentenced to three months imprisonment. Denis Keffe, accused of assault and battery was discharged there being no further business before the Court, the jury was discharged till this morning at 10 o'clock.

Recorder Genois Court.—J. Sentmanat accused of swindling Joseph Ferrouillet, of some money wood and coal, under pretext of his being a brother to the deceased General Sentmanat, was yesterday reexamined before Recorder Genois and sent to the Criminal Court.

George Pepper, Esq. the wealthiest citizen of Philadelphia, whose demise was mentioned a few days since, has left a fortune of upwards of two millions of dollars, invested almost wholly in real estate and bonds and mortgages. This large estate will be divided among some eight or ten children.

From the Philad. U. S. Gazette of the 13th.

Desperate Conduct—Important Arrests.—On Saturday night, officers Kelly, Towell, and Berry, of the Southwark police, started in pursuit of a man named William McMullin, against whom five or six different warrants had been issued, for various offences.

The officers separated, and while Kelly was proceeding along Plumb street, near Fourth, he encountered McMullin and caught hold of him. McMullin turned upon him, and with a dirk inflicted a slight wound.

A young man named Carson then went to the assistance of the constable, and was also attacked, and with the same dirk, in the hands of McMullin, had the leaders and veins of one of his wrists severed.

A man who resided in the vicinity, heard the voice of Kelly, and being disposed to defend him, jumped out of bed, and, in the impulse of the moment, leaped out of the second story window into the street, without sustaining any material injury.

In the meantime, the other officers came up, and took McMullin into custody, and on being brought before Alderman McKinly, he was committed.

About thirty of the prisoner's friends collected, for the purpose of rescuing him. They followed the officers down to the prison, and for fear they would attempt a rescue, an officer held the muzzle of a loaded pistol to the head of McMullin, and threatened to shoot him as soon as such an attempt was made.

Several citizens who had aided the officers succeeded in getting into the prison, except one. This person the mob fell upon and beat in a very serious manner.

The officers came out to protect him, and on returning up the road the rascals made another attack upon them. The injured man pointed out the principal of the gang, when officer Towell deliberately walked up to him and knocked him down, and took him into custody.

At Alderman McKinley's office he gave his name as Miskin, and was committed, as well as a man named Beere, who was also charged with being one of the most conspicuous of the party. All of the prisoners were found to be armed with dirks and maces of the most formidable description.

The conduct of the officers throughout is represented as being worthy of the highest praise, as they manifested the highest degree of cool and bold courage in the performance of their dangerous duties.

A Curious Musical Instrument.—There was exhibited at Clinton Hall, a new musical instrument made, strange as it may appear, of stones from the Skiddaw mountain, and played upon with a pine stick. Its tones resemble those of a piano forte and musical glasses combined, and are capable of a great variety of expression, from the most soft and dulcet to the most loud and harsh. Something of the same sort we remember hearing two or three years since: but the contrivance in that case was not brought to so great a degree of perfection as in this.

A correspondent gives the following more particular account of the instrument: "The instrument in itself, consists of some thirty or forty pieces of rough stone, from six inches to a foot in length, being about three inches wide, and from two to three inches thick. These are laid in four rows on straw covered slates on a table placed before the operator, who, with a couple of small wooden mallets, produces music exquisite in itself, as that of a piano and musical glasses blended. It is arranged for the piano scale, but is susceptible of being extended indefinitely, and Mr Nelson, the inventor performed some of the most difficult compositions, selections from the opera, &c., with a precision of tone and time unequalled except by the master pianist. He also introduced an instrument composed of sixteen pieces of pine wood, an inch square, and two feet in length, locked together at the ends, on which he executed a variety of airs, which for harmony and effect were astonishing."—*N. Y. Eve. Post.*

DIED.—On Wednesday morning 21st inst., Thos. M. Kane, aged 23 years, a native of Kentucky, and for the last five years a promising member of the Bar of this city. His funeral will take place this afternoon at 3 1-2 o'clock, from his late residence, No 14 Exchange place. His friends are respectfully invited to attend.

LATEST DATES.

New York	Jan 19	Liverpool	Dec 13
Washington	Jan 13	Havre	Nov 30
Charleston	Jan 16	Mexico	Jan 5
Cincinnati	Jan 4	Texas	Jan 19
St. Louis	Jan 11	Havana	Dec 22

REVIEW OF THE BRITISH CORN TRADE.

Dec. 12.

How far the *Times* has authority for putting forth the startling assertion it has, that Parliament is to be assembled in January, and that Government intend to bring forward a motion for the repeal of the existing corn laws, we have no means of knowing. We are disposed to look upon the matter as a bold guess made by the paper in question, but do not feel ourselves in a position to assert that it has ventured on it altogether without grounds; we regard the details the *Times* has thought proper to enter into as altogether speculative. The tardy denial of the *Standard* is not calculated wholly to remove the impression we have arrived at, namely, that there exists a strong probability of some alteration being again made in the laws regulating the importation of grain next session.

This, however, hardly the proper place to enter into a consideration of the political bearing of the subject; all we have here to do with the matter is, to notice the effect it has produced on the trade.

Sensitive as all parties have become by the constant rumour of intended alterations, the first shot of the *Times* on Thursday, made a great impression. The way in which the attack was followed up was certainly not calculated to weaken the belief that by some means or other, the journal had become possessed of information respecting the doings at the late frequent meetings of the Cabinet Council; the subsequent announcement in the *Standard* gave rise to hope, but did not allay the fear; and up to the present moment, the utmost doubt and uncertainty are felt.

In this state of affairs the regular course of trade has been interrupted, and so averse are all parties to enter into fresh engagements whilst this important point remains undecided, that business in Corn has been completely paralyzed.

At the principal provincial markets the effect has been quite as serious as at Mark Lane, and so shaken is public confidence in the present Ministry, that nothing can now be expected to put the trade on a sound footing except an official denial of the statements referred to. Even before this new source of uneasiness came into play, the going over of Lord John Russell and Lord Morpeth to the League had made some impression on the minds of holders of Wheat, and the somewhat firm tone which characterized the trade last week was not maintained, business being decidedly dull at several of the leading markets held on Tuesday and Wednesday.

The reports from Liverpool, of Tuesday, informed us that sellers had begun to manifest a greater desire to realize, while purchasers had displayed less inclination to add to their stock: Wheat consequently fell 1d. to 2d. per 70lbs. Flour 1s. per sack, and Meal 1s. per load; whilst prices of Spring Corn and Pulse, had given a downward tendency on that day. Later in the week the depression was materially increased by the news from London, and on Friday business was at a complete stand.

From most of the other influential towns the advices are of a similar character, and the well grounded calculations of an advance in the value of agricultural produce have been for the present wholly upset by the mere possibility of a Legislative interference with the existing state of things.—*Mark Lane Express.*

MARK LANE CORN MARKET—Dec. 8th.

The supply of Wheat by land carriage samples Essex, Kent, and Suffolk, was small this morning, and the millers availing themselves of the present uncertain state of the trade, (created by the reports of the "Times" paper,) proceeded purchasing the same at a reduction of 3s. per quarter under the prices of this day se'nnight. Holders of free foreign and bonded refusing to sell at any decline, few if any transactions occurred in these descriptions. Fine malting Barley sold freely, but secondary qualities were difficult of disposal. Beans must be noted 1s, and Peas of all kinds 1s to 3s per quarter cheaper. Oats are a slow sale at a decline of 1s. per quarter. The top price of Flour is at 57s. per sack.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET—Monday 8th.

A decidedly firm market, and holders do not show their stocks freely. The sales to-day reach 6,000 bales, chiefly American, all to the trade. Indeed speculation has quite disappeared for the present. Very full prices are being paid for a quiet market.

☞ A Blessing to Mankind.—Connell's Magical Pain Extractor. This great healing salve is acknowledged by all who ever used it, to be the most wonderful article ever known. It repels all injuries by fire, extracts all pain and prevents mortification in all cases. It will cure any of the following complaints, or pay is refunded for it:—Burns, scalds, salt rheum, eruptions, chilblains, old sores, bruises, scrofula, sore eyes, cold wounds, erysipelas, chafes, wounds, piles, &c. The genuine is found only at 39 Poydras street. j21

☞ Fetch out that Big Gun, and let it thunder that Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor, the wonder and blessing of the age, is now for sale in this city, at 151 Chartres street, where can be seen hundreds of certificates and affidavits of Statesmen, Divines, Editors of papers, &c., in reference to the astonishing cures effected by this Extractor. It has never failed to cure the worst burns, scalds, Piles, bruises, sores, inflammations, &c., without the least scar. Money refunded unless it cures as recommended. Druggists and country merchants supplied on liberal terms. [illegible] variety of the best medicines are for sale at No. [illegible] j20 3t

☞ NOTICE—[illegible] CALISTE TROUARD, lately arrived from Attakapas, is requested to make known his residence to the subscriber [illegible] J F [illegible] & Co. 34 Old Levee

☞ The Consignees of the following goods to order, per ship Tennessee from New York, are requested to make known their residence to the [illegible] Clerk on the Levee or the goods will be stored at their [illegible] and risk, viz: 30 bales [illegible] cases marked W., and [illegible] marked M., in a diamond, [illegible] JAMES E. WOODRUFF, 60 Camp st.

☞ Notice.—The packet ship [illegible]SHEE, Capt. Ray, from New York, is now discharging opposite the Vegetable Market. Consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, or they will be stored at their expense. JAS E WOODRUFF & Co.

☞ NOTICE—Neither the consignees nor the master of the bark AMILIA, of Trieste, from Bordeaux, will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of said vessel. W F VREDENBURGH & Co. [illegible]

☞ CARD—The [illegible] U S Mail Boat [illegible] Bayou Sara, Coast and [illegible] day, and leaves on THURSDAY [illegible]

CANDIDATES FOR OFFICE.

☞ We are authorized to announce that Mr. RIVIERE GARDERE is a candidate for the office of Clerk in one of the District Courts.

☞ Messrs. Editors.—Please announce in your paper, that Mr. A. DREUX is a candidate for the office of Clerk of one of the District Courts, and that he will be supported by His Numerous Friends.

☞ Messrs Editors. Please announce in your valuable paper, that Mr. HENRY PEYCHAUD, will be supported as a Candidate for Clerk of one of the District Courts, by HIS NUMEROUS FRIENDS.

☞ Messrs. Editors of the Bee—Please announce in your valuable paper, J B FORRESTER MAXENT, now Deputy Clerk of the Parish Court, as a candidate for Clerk of one of the Courts under the new Constitution. He will be supported by his d24 NUMEROUS FRIENDS.

Messrs. Editors of the Bee: Please announce in your paper that ALFRED ROUSSEAU is a Candidate for the office of Clerk of one of the District Courts, and he will be supported by MANY FRIENDS.

☞ We are authorized to announce that Mr ARMAND GUYOL is a candidate as Clerk of one of the District Courts, and that he will be supported by His Numerous Friends.

☞ Messrs. Editors.—Please to announce in your valuable paper, that Mr. ROSEMOND de ARMAS is a candidate as Clerk of one of the District Courts, and that he will obtain the vote of All His Friends.

☞ Messrs Editors—Please announce in your valuable paper that Mr. PIERRE MONTREUIL BERTIN will be supported as a candidate for the office of Clerk of one of the District Courts, j15 BY A LARGE NUMBER OF FRIENDS.

☞ The Editors of the Bee will please announce in their paper W. A. NOTT as a candidate for the office of Clerk of one of the District Courts, as organized under the new Constitution. j11

☞ Messrs. Editors—Please to announce that Mr. AUGUSTE DOUCE is a candidate for the office of Clerk of one of the District Courts, at the next election. j11

☞ CARD—The CLINTON, United States Mail Boat for Bayou Sara, Coast and intermediate landings—leaves THIS DAY at 10 A. M. j21 1t W. H. AVERY.

WET NURSE.—A respectable Woman who has lately lost her child wishes to find a situation as a Wet Nurse. Apply at No 218 and 222, corner of Barrack and St Claude sts. j22

TO THE G. [illegible] OF THE G[illegible] **Grand Lodge of the State of Louisiana.** THE annual Grand Communication of the G. L. will take place on Sunday, 25th January, at 11 o'clock A. M. Notice is given to B B of the E., that all those who possess the S. M. M. will be admitted at this sitting. By order of the Grand Master. j22—3t F. VERRIER, Grand Secretary.

ELOCUTION AND MUSIC IN CONNECTION WITH PHYSIOLOGY & HEALTH. PROF BRONSON will commence a popular course of six Lectures on these subjects, in the Methodist Episcopal Church, Poydras street, FRIDAY evening 23rd, at 7 o'clock, and continue every TUESDAY and FRIDAY evening. Each lecture will be interspersed with lucid recitations and dissections of a splendid Model, or Man, representing nearly 2000 parts of the Body with wonderful accuracy and perfect chastness, appropriate for ladies and gentlemen. Single season tickets for the six Lectures $2; do do for a Lady and Gentlemen $3. Children's do $1. To be had at the Book and Music Stores, St. Charles Hotel, and at the Door, on the evening, 50 cents.

Eloi Victor Jourdain vs Michael Maher. DISTRICT COURT. No 24,051—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable District Court of the First Judicial District of the State of Louisiana, will be offered at Public Sale at the City Exchange, St. Louis street, between Chartres and Royal streets, on TUESDAY, 24th of February, 1846, at 12 o'clock Meridian, A certain lot of ground together with the improvements thereon, situated in the faubourg Annunciation [illegible] No. 46, which is bounded by Magazine, Constance, Lacourse and Orange streets [illegible] lot No. Three, on a plan of [illegible] deposited in the office of Wm Christy, Notary [illegible] measuring in American measure [illegible] Magazine street, by a depth of 100 feet. Seized in the above suit. Terms—Cash. [illegible] SIDNEY LEWIS, Sheriff of the District Court.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.—First Judicial District Court.—Charles Walker vs. His Creditors.—The creditors of Charles Walker are hereby notified that the cession of his property was accepted by the court for the benefit of his creditors, that they are ordered to meet at the office of Wm Y. Lewis, Esq., a notary public of this city on Monday, the 23d of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. in order to deliberate on the affairs of said insolvent, that all judicial proceedings against his person and property are stayed, and that John Culbertson Esq., is appointed to represent the absent creditors. Clerk's Office, January 16, 1846. j22—3t P LE BLANC, Dy. Clerk.

RED AND WHITE WINES, landing from ship [illegible] from Bordeaux—100 casks Montferrand, Bessent, &c. 36 half casks Haut Sauterne and Barsac, for sale by j22 J F BERCIER, No 34 Old Levee st.

COTTON DUCK, for Awnings and Tarpaulins.—Patterson Cotton Duck, John Colt's brands, 44 inches wide, assorted numbers, landing from ship St Mary and for sale by j22 LEOPOLD JEANNET, 22 St Louis st.

RIO COFFEE.—[illegible] prime green Rio coffee put up [illegible] covered by gunny bags, in store and for sale by numbers by J W STANTON & Co. corner Magazine and Lafayette sts.

SPERM OIL AND CANDLES—Bleached and unbleached winter and fall Sperm Oil, New Bedford and Nantucket Sperm Candles, for sale in lots to suit purchasers by J W STANTON & Co. j22—1w corner Magazine and Lafayette sts.

GRAIN SACKS—3000 heavy Grain Sacks, suitable for Corn and Wheat, for sale by J W STANTON & Co. j22—1w corner Magazine and Lafayette sts.

GOSHEN BUTTER—100 firkins prime Goshen Butter, a superior article, landing and for sale by J W STANTON & Co. j22—1 corner Magazine and Lafayette sts.

FISH—Codfish in drums, and No 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel, in bbls and half bbls, for sale by J W STANTON & Co. j22 1w corner Magazine and Lafayette sts.

COTTON DUCK.—Paterson Cotton Duck, 24 inches [illegible] all numbers in one landing and in store, for sale by j22 LEOPOLD JEANNET, 22 St Louis street.

CITIZENS BANK FUNDS, in sums to suit purchasers for sale by j22 LEOPOLD JEANNET, 22 St Louis st.

RUSSIA SAIL CLOTH—30 inch wide, on hand and for sale by LEOPOLD JEANNET, 22 St Louis street.

RAISINS—Malaga bunch Raisins, in fine order, entitled to debenture, landing for sale by L. CANTEN, 41 Gravier st.

WINES—Champaign, Red Burgundy Volnay, Constantine, for sale j22 LEOPOLD JEANNET, 22 St Louis st

FRENCH DEMIJOHNS—5 gallons French Demijohns, to arrive per ship Swanton, and for sale by j22 LEOPOLD JEANNET, 22 St Louis st

JAMES PLAGNIOL'S OIL—100 baskets of 24 ounce bottles, landing from ship —— and for sale by J F BERCIER, & Co 34 Old Levee.

CUT NAILS—1000 kegs assorted cut nails, for sale by J W STANTON & Co. j22—1w corner Magazine and Lafayette sts

COGNAC—3 half pipes superior old Cognac Brandy Castillon 1815; 3 do do 1825, for sale by j22 LEOPOLD JEANNET, 22 St Louis st.

FRENCH LOCKS—4 cases locks assorted numbers now landing, for sale by j22 LEOPOLD JEANNET, 22 St Louis st.

CLARET WINE—200 boxes various marks imported for sale by W F VREDENBURGH & Co 30 Old Levee.

DITCHING BOOTS—30 cases prime Ditching Boots, for plantation use, for sale by FROST & CO, 10 Magazine street.

WOOL SOCKS—5 cases 230 dozen heavy country net Wool Socks, for sale by j20 FROST & Co., 10 Magazine street.

CLARET—250 boxes Claret entitled to debenture, and for sale by j20 LODON & SILVESTRE, 26 Chartres st

SWISS ABSYNTH AND KIRSH—A new supply, received per Nashville from Havre, and for sale at 48 Bienville st. j19 F. PERRET.

INDIGO.—20 ceroons pure Caraccas; 10 cases pure Manilla, for sale by W F VREDENBURGH & CO. j19 30 Old Levee.

SELECTED GUM ARABIC.—6 casks selected gum arabic, now landing ex ship Talma, and for sale by j19 CHAS DUFOUR, 11 Conti street.

NOW landing ex ship Talma, and for sale by the undersigned, 16 casks red wine; 8 half casks superior red wine. j19 CHAS DUFOUR, 11 Conti street.

MARSEILLES RED WINE.—50 qr casks, in store and for sale by W F VREDENBURGH & CO, j19 30 Old Levee.

LIME—500 brls Missouri, fresh, for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co, j19 92 Tchoupitoulas street.

BALE ROPE AND BAGGING—800 coils and pieces, for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co, j19 92 Tchoupitoulas street.

SPERM CANDLES—50 boxes, now landing and for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co, j19 92 Tchoupitoulas street.

HEMP—60 bales hackled dew rotted, for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co, j19 92 Tchoupitoulas street.

PIMENTO—100 bags for sale by NORCROSS & FOSDICK, j19 40 Gravier st.

GUNNY BAGS—25,000—2½ bushel, new in bales, for sale by NORCROSS & FOSDICK. j19 40 Gravier st.

RICE—100 casks, Charleston, for sale by NORCROSS & FOSDICK. j19 40 Gravier st.

MACKEREL—500 barrels Nos 1, 2 and 3 and 300 packages, do for sale by NORCROSS & FOSDICK, j19 40 Gravier street.

BOSTON REFINED SUGAR—400 packages loaf, crushed and powdered, for sale by NORCROSS & FOSDICK, j19 40 Gravier st.

SUPERIOR OLD COGNAC.—13 quarter pipes Castillon's 1838; 3 half pipes do do; 77 quarter pipes Pa Godard & Co's, the whole entitled to debenture. For sale by j21 EUGENE ROCHEREAU & Co, 17 & 19 St. Louis st.

TOBACCO.—148 bales fine Vuelta Abajo, wrappers and fillers; 330 do St. Jago, wrappers and fillers, just received and for sale by j21 L. CANTIN, 40 Gravier street.

SARDINES.—4,000 boxes and hf boxes, of the brands of "A. Camus & Conie," and "Martin," of La Rochelle, for sale by EUGENE ROCHEREAU & Co., j21 17 and 19 St. Louis street.

SHOE AND PATENT THREAD—A few cases assorted numbers, colors and qualities Shoemakers' and Tailors' Linen Thread. j21 SMITH BRYAN, 20 Customhouse st

RECEIVED per Nashville, from Havre, 2 cases French [illegible] 2 cases [illegible] Ginghams, 2 cases Plaid [illegible] for sale at 48 Bienville st. F. PERRET.

[illegible]

WANTED, by a young man lately arrived from the North, a situation in a Wholesale or Retail Drug Store; is well acquainted with all the branches of the business, and speaks both the French and English languages; will give satisfactory references. Salary not so much an object as a permanent situation. Address through the Post Office to C V F, or at the office of this paper.

NOTICE. **New Orleans Draining Company.** ON the 28th instant, an election for six Directors on the part of the Stockholders of the New Orleans Draining Company, will take place at the office of the Company, No. 15 Bourbon street, between the hours of 10 o'clock A M and 4 o'clock, P M. A general attendance of the Stockholders is requested as a statement of the affairs of the Company will be placed before them. jan 5 12 19 & 26 By order of the President.

N O AND CARROLLTON RAILROAD Co. New Orleans, 14th January 1846. THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at their Office corner of Canal and Carondelet streets, on MONDAY 26th January inst, at half past 4 o'clock, P M. Punctual attendance is requested, as business of importance will be submitted. By order. j14—d126 ADOLPHE LAYET, Secretary.

UNION BANK OF LOUISIANA, New Orleans, 5th January 1846. THE annual election for Directors by the Stockholders will take place at the Banking House on Monday the 2d February next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M and 2 o'clock, P. M. j6 FREDERICK FREY, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE MERCHANT'S INSURANCE CO. New Orleans January, 12th 1846. AT a meeting of the board of Directors of this Institution, held on the 12th inst. a semi-annual dividend of 10 per cent or $1. per share was declared payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after Friday the 16th inst. j14—10d JOHN PEMBERTON, President.

BANK OF LOUISIANA. New Orleans, 10th January, 1846. NOTICE is hereby given that an Election of Eleven Directors on the part of the Stockholders, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, 26th January, instant, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M. j12 R M DAVIS, Cashier.

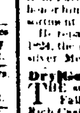
OFFICE OF OCEAN MUTUAL INSURANCE Co. New Orleans, January 10, 1846. A MEETING of the Stockholders of the Ocean Mutual Insurance Company will take place at the Office, No 55 Camp street, on Monday, the 2d of February next, for the election of nine Directors to continue the liquidation of the affairs of the company. CHAS BRIGGS, j10—dt8 Secretary.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, January 19, 1846. THE price of fresh Flour being this day $5 25 per barrel, according to the Tariff, the Bakers will give 26 ounces of Bread for Ten Cents, during the ensuing week, commencing on Monday next, 19th instant. The loaves of second quality, or three loaves for 10 cents, must weigh 35 per cent more—that is to say, 45 ounces. j17 (Signed) E MONTEGUT Mayor.

MILITARY NOTICE. THE members of the YAGER BAND, respectfully inform the public of New Orleans that they have formed themselves into a band to be known hereafter as the NEW ORLEANS BRASS BAND, and having provided themselves with a new and splendid uniform are prepared at all times to furnish music for military and civil parades, ball Parties, Serenades &c. &c. Any orders left at Mr John Lindner's music store, No 47 Chartres street, Mr B Casey's, corner of Common and Camp, or at Mr C Hopf's, leader, No. 257 Conti street, will meet with punctual attendance. j21—3m

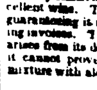
A RARE CHANCE. OFFERED for sale on advantageous terms, one of the finest PIECES OF GROUND, in the neighborhood of the city, at about twenty minutes march from the Exchange. This piece of Ground contains eighteen fine Lots, six of which are Key lots, measuring 60 feet front, by 314 feet in depth, the twelve others measure each from 30 to 31 feet front by 100 feet in depth. This piece of Ground, which nearly forms a square, is undoubtedly one of the highest in the vicinity of the city, and is cultivated as a garden, in which there are about two hundred fruit trees. On said lot stands a house, of four apartments, at the corner of Columbus and Prieur, with kitchen, stable, well, &c., the whole in good order. A good living could be made by a man possessing a small capital to improve said garden. Said square is situated one square from Esplanade street in the rear of Mr. Bringier's property, and is encompassed by Prieur, Kerlerec, Columbus and Roman streets. Apply to ANTHONY FERNANDEZ. P. S. A splendid fruit garden could be easily made which would give a good revenue. j21

LEECHES! LEECHES!! THE subscriber is receiving per daily arrivals from Europe, supplies of Hungarian and Sweedish Leeches which are offered at the usual low prices as heretofore at No 167 Chartres st. and 22 St Charles st. Also—Will be found at extremely low prices at my old store No. 13 Camp street, 150 handsome Brass Wire Bird Cages. 200 Spy Glasses of different manufactures, and Carpet Bags, handsome Writing Desks, do Ladies' Work Boxes, ornamental Flower Vases, 1000 Julian Engravings and a general assortment of other Engravings, and a new supply of New York Prints, &c. &c. The greatest assortment in the city—the whole are offered at auction prices. J. B. RUPCONI [?] j21—3t 13 Camp st, 167 Chartres st, and 22 St Charles.



WAS brought to the Police Prison of Municipality No. Two, JOHN, a griffe, about 30 years old, 5 feet 2 1-2 in height, says he belongs to Mr. Willis Bonner, Bayou Rapides. The owner of said slave will please call, prove property, pay charges and take him away. jan20 law 1f A R ELDREDGE, Warden.

SIGN OF THE GREAT LUCULLUS. No. 20, Toulouse street, New Orleans. FELIX BOUSQUET respectfully informs the citizens and more specially the Planters of the State, [illegible] to the city with or without their families, [illegible] visitors, that they will find in the establishment [illegible] will open on the 14th JANUARY, 1846, [illegible] newly laid out and loaded with the most [illegible] Sleeping Rooms with new beds and bedding [illegible] offer every comfort. A Table d'Hote will be in readiness every [illegible] o'clock for breakfast, and at 3 o'clock for D[inner] [illegible] ORDERS RECEIVED FOR THE CITY AND COUNTRY. In his capacity of a Connoisseur of Wines, F BOUSQUET'S cellar will always be furnished with the best. Everything will be kept in first rate style and prices will be moderate. j13—1m



DUFEAU & Co have the honor to inform the Public that they have bought from Mr. [illegible] the stable situated No 11 [illegible] Bienville [illegible] for award vehicles, and will [illegible] at very moderate prices. Mr. Dufau will, as heretofore continue his profession of Veterinary Surgeon and Horse shoer at No 141 Bienville street, and undertake also to sell or buy horses.

MANUFACTURE OF CUTLERY. J F LASSERE. No. 29 Conde Street, opposite Madison. HAS the honor to inform his friends and the public in general that he manufactures [illegible] likewise [illegible] Surgical, Dental, and Veterinary Instruments, Garden Tools and every article connected with [illegible] business [illegible] made according to the [illegible] signed, assisted by Mr. Foxwell, [illegible] from Paris, will pledge himself [illegible] honor him with their confidence [illegible] articles. He retains Fire Arms [illegible] 1824, the Paris Royal Academy [illegible] silver Medal. [illegible] 1m

Dry Goods Selling off at Reduced Prices. THE subscriber is selling off to close the business of the Fall and Winter, the following goods: Rich Cashmere D'Ecosse Robes, Medium and low priced Cassimeres, Mousseline de Laines; Cheap do, from 20 3-4 to 25 cts per yard; Reps de Laines, a large assortment; French Calicoes, dark colored; English and American, do do. BALL DRESSES. A large assortment of embroidered ball robes, Organdies—Laces and muslin for Robes. BLANKETS. Family and Plantation Blankets at cost, Woolen Shirts and Drawers for Ladies and Gentlemen, Cashmeres and Woolen Hosiery. The above together with all the remaining winter stock will be offered at exceedingly low prices. C M SIMPSON, j21 33 Chartres st, corner of Customhouse sts.

CORDON ROUGE CHAMPAGNE SPARKLING SILLERY.—The undersigned, sole agents for the House of Lanson, Father & Son, of Rheims, for the sale of the Cordon Rouge Champagne, have just received per ship Nashville from Havre a new invoice of this excellent wine. They cannot better recommend it than by guaranteeing it in every respect similar to that of preceding invoices. The marked preference which it receives arises from its delicate flavor, and from the certainty that it cannot prove injurious, being pure and free from all mixture with alcohol. j19 LOREILHE & Co, corner [illegible] and Customhouse sts.

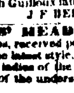
RECEIVED per ship Talma from Bordeaux, and for sale by the undersigned—35 boxes of 24 and 48 half boxes Sardines in oil, of the well known brand Joseph Pineau of Nantz; 4 cases green peas, 7 cases Bordeaux sweetmeats and jellies; 1 do Lyon roasted chesnuts, 25 do Gruss Larose, guaranteed genuine, from the property of Balaers [?] & Co. 25 do white wine Haut Preignac, 1837, guaranteed genuine, from the property of Eugene Larrieu; 6 boxes Gruyere cheese. LOREILHE & Co. j19 corner Customhouse and Royal sts

NOW landing, ex ship Talma, Captain Cayol, from Bordeaux, 60 casks red wine, St Estephe, Medoc and Grave, Blanquefort; 30 do do St Julien Medoc, 1841; 6 do half bottles red wine, with labels and caps, 6 do do white wine; 20 baskets empty bottles. For sale by B TALAMON, 80 St Louis street. In store, old red wines, in casks and cases; old brandy of the Castillon brand; assorted cordials; Swiss annisette sweet oil, in bottles and half bottles; orange flower water in various shaped jugs and bottles; corks for demijohns, long, fine and ordinary corks. j19

Jarman on Wills. A TREATISE ON WILLS, by Thomas Jarman Esq., in 2 vols., first American edition, with Notes and References to American Decisions, by J. C. Perkins, Esq. 1845. For sale by ALEXANDER LEVY & Co, Law Booksellers and Stationers, corner of Camp and Gravier streets. j3

LINEN GOODS.—The subscribers have in store and are regularly receiving a general assortment of Linen Goods of the best bleach and manufacture, viz—7-8 and 4-4 shirting linen, 9-8, 5-4 and 6-4 heavy sheeting; 5-8 and 7-8 long lawns, 6-8 and 7-8 lawn hdkfs, britannias, platillas; Musquito netting; tailor's and shoemaker's thread, &c., &c., on reasonable terms by the package, by j17 VANCE & LEPPER, 24 Bienville st.

MUSLINS.—The subscribers have received by late arrivals from England, a large assortment of Muslins, viz:—Book, Mulls, Tape and Cross Bars, Jaconets, Imitation Cambric, Swiss Muslins, &c. &c., which they offer for sale on reasonable terms, by the package. j17 VANCE & LEPPER, 24 Bienville st.



FRESH MADDER AND GARDEN SEEDS.—The subscriber has just received from France by the ship Nashville, a large lot of Madder seed and Garden seeds assorted, of every variety, for spring sowing. Price moderate. j17 W. DINN, 11 Common st.

JERSEY RUSSET BROGANS. JUST received per ships Hilah and John Minturn, and to sell low for CASH, 40 cases superior Russet Brogans, of the New Jersey manufactory. Apply to GARTHWAITE, PAYAN & CO. j7—tf No 10 Canal street.

SARDINES—300 boxes and halves Sardines in Olive oil, R Guilloux brand, for sale by the subscribers. The above Sardines are imported by ships Narragansett and Deucalion, and do not come from New York, where a spurious article is prepared with lard oil, and sent to this market, with Guilloux label on the boxes. J F BERCIER & Co, 34 Old Levee st.

LADIES' HEAD DRESSES, for Balls and Theatres, received per ship Chateaubriand. This new article, in the latest style, is the only one new in vogue in Paris. The ladies of the city are invited to examine them at the store of the undersigned, corner Chartres and Conti street. DAVID & CHAPUS. d3

FOR SALE, landing from ship Creole, from Bordeaux—100 hampers, empty bottles; 100 boxes sardines in oil; 1000 middle size boxes do; 1000 half boxes do; 40 boxes Mushrooms in oil; 100 half boxes do do.; all of the superior mark of Rodel & Fils Freres, by FOUCET FILS, d18 147 Royal st, between St Louis & Toulouse.

TABLE CLOTHS AND NAPKINS—Linen Damask Table Cloths and Napkins, assorted sizes and qualities, plain Linen Table Cloths and Napkins, colored borders, [illegible] for sale by j21 SMITH BRYAN, 20 Customhouse st

HANDKERCHIEFS—Plain hemstitched and printed [illegible] linen cambric Handkerchiefs, assorted sizes and qualities, [illegible] and Verona cotton [illegible] SMITH BRYAN, 20 Customhouse st.

AUCTION SALES.

Flour, Pork, Oil Cloth, Packing Yarn, &c. BY SYKES & HYDE. A. Devall, Auctioneer. THIS AFTERNOON, Thursday, 22d inst, at 4½ o'clock, will be sold on the Levee opposite Gravier street, by order and under the inspection of the Port Wardens for account of whom it may concern—146 bbls Flour; 5 boxes and 1 roll Oil Cloth; 100 bbls Pork; 21 reels Packing Yarn; 6 packages sundries; 12 doz Prairie Chickens. Saved from the steamer Nebraska, sunk on her voyage from St Louis to this port, reshipped on steamer West Wind and landed at this port. Terms cash. j22

Flour! Flour!! Flour!!! BY SYKES & HYDE. A. Devall, Auctioneer. THIS AFTERNOON, Thursday 22d instant, at 4½ o'clock, will be sold on the Levee opposite Gravier street, under the inspection of the Port Wardens, for account of whom it may concern—288 bbls FLOUR, damaged on steamer Missouri from Louisville, reshipped on steamer Oregon, and landed at this port. Terms—cash. j22

BY F. FERNANDEZ & WHITING. THIS DAY, THURSDAY, 22nd inst at 4 o'clock P. M. will be sold on the Levee in front of the Place d'Armes—Several lots of Cordage. The cordage with several other things, from the damages sustained by Ship Chateaubriand, Capt Laborde, during this voyage from Havre to the port of New Orleans. j22

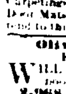
Brandy, Wines, Oils, Sardines, &c. BY SYKES & HYDE. A. Devall, Auctioneer. FRIDAY, 23d inst at 12 o'clock, will be sold at store No. 21 Gravier street, 200 boxes Bordeaux and Claret Wine—1 dozen each; 20 do do 24 pints each, 100 do White Wine, 1 doz each, 10 do do 24 pints each, 200 do Table Oil, 20 do 24 pints each, 20 cases Madeira Wine, 1 pipe Holland Gin; 10 quarter Pipes Cognac Brandy, J J Dupuy; 5 eights do do; 100 boxes assorted French Liquors, 50 cases Absynthe, (Sauvayd Brunneau.) 10,000 Bottling Corks, Curacao Maraschino Gourgnolat; ALSO TO CLOSE A CONSIGNMENT. 200 boxes sardines, 200 ½ boxes do; 400 ¼ do do. Terms—$300 Cash, $300 to 400 60 days, $400 and 60 days over $600 4 months for approved paper. j22

Tobacco! Tobacco! BY SYKES & HYDE. A. Devall, Auctioneer. FRIDAY afternoon, 23d instant, at half past 4 o'clock, will be sold at Turer's Tobacco Warehouse, under the inspection of the Port Wardens, for account of whom it may concern—38 Hogsheads TOBACCO, damaged on steamer Nebraska from St Louis, reshipped on steamer West Wind, and landed at this port. Terms—Cash. j22

Catalogue Sale of Dry Goods. BY F. H. PETTIPAIN. SATURDAY, 24th inst., will be sold at 10 o'clock, at his auction room No. 136 Chartres street, 150 packages and lots of English French and American DRY GOODS comprising a selected and desirable assortment of seasonable goods worthy the attention of buyers. Terms at sale. Catalogues will be ready and the goods can be examined early on the morning of sale. Persons wishing to send goods for this sale, will please hand in their invoices on Friday next.

Cargo of Ship Vistula from Messina. BY SYKES & HYDE. A. Devall, Auctioneer. MONDAY 26th inst. at 12 o'clock, will be sold on the Levee near the Pontchartrain Railroad, cargo of ship Vistula, direct from Messina and Gibraltar, consisting of—[illegible] Bronte [illegible] Pumice Stone, [illegible] Olive Oil; 10 bbls Lemon Currants, [illegible] 3 casks Cream of Tartar, [illegible] shelled sweet Almonds; 24 bags [illegible] Raisins; 25 baskets Figs, [illegible] Liquorice; 5 bags Canary Seed, [illegible] Lemons in fine order, [illegible] Oranges, [illegible] Terms at sale. j22

BY ABAT & DOMINGON. WILL be sold on SATURDAY, 24th January, 1846, at 12 o'clock, at the City Exchange, St Louis street—The negress, MARY, a creole, aged about 27 years, speaking French and English, somewhat of a cook and washer and house servant, with her two children, a negro boy of about [illegible] years and negro girl of one year. Guaranteed free from the vices and diseases provided by law. Terms at sale. j21



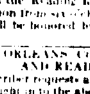
BY F B CROZAT, Auctioneer. Office No 135 Chartres street. WILL be sold on THURSDAY, 29th inst. at 11 o'clock A M at No 135 Royal street—A large collection of plants, fruit and ornamental trees, bulbous and flower seeds, viz:—Camellias, Rhododendrons, Cletras, Azaleas, Magnolia, Palmos, Orange Trees, Metrosideros, Andromedas, Poinsettia, Jasmins, Daphnes, Gardenias, Rose trees of every variety, &c. &c. j21

Unreserved sale of Carpets. BY F H PETTIPAIN. THURSDAY, 22d January, will be sold at 10 o'clock at his Auction Room, No. 136 Chartres st., without reserve to close consignments—A fine assortment of Brussels Carpetings—Also, a quantity of rich Chimney Rugs and Door Mats. Buyers will find it to their advantage to attend. j21 2t

Olive Oil entitled to Debenture. BY W. F. HYDE & G. W. MOSS. WILL be sold on WEDNESDAY, 21st at 12 o'clock, in lots of [illegible] 2,068 Jars OLIVE OIL, landing from the Schooner "Terry Nova" opposite the Triangle Buildings—[illegible] Terms at sale. j20

15 Fine Slaves. BY W BERGER. Auctioneer, Office No 34 Chartres st. WILL be sold on SATURDAY, January, 24, 1846, at 12 o'clock precisely at the City Exchange, St Louis st., the following valuable Slaves: BILLY, 24 years, a good cooper, hewer, sawyer, carpenter, an excellent brickmaker, well competent to all the work of a plantation, with his wife MARIANE, 29 years—a good washerwoman good at all work of plantation, [illegible] GEORGE 6 years. BERNARD, 26 years, black pounder, understands the care of cattle, and competent to the care of a plantation; his wife LOUISA, 25 years, house servant (first rate), and every kind—pregnant. Their children ROSE, 6 years, CATHERINE, 10 months. JACOB, 26 years, a good coachman, drayman, suitable for any kind of work. HENRIETTE, his wife, 18 years, a house servant, pregnant. DICK, a good brickmaker, first rate chopper, fit for any work. SANSNOM, 39 years, a good boatman, sawyer and first rate chopper. PIERRE, 29 years, good brickmaker, good boatman, and first rate chopper. TOM, 26 years, herdsman driver, ploughman, and first rate chopper. WILLIAM, 30 years, driver and fit for any work. NELSON, 33 years, having been employed as engineer on board a steamboat, a good boatman, good blacksmith, a good hand at a brick kiln, hewer, sawyer, and fit for every thing. Terms—One third cash and balance at 1 and 2 years credit, in approved endorsed notes bearing mortgage until final payment. Acts of sale before Joseph Cuvillier, Notary Public. ☞ The above Slaves will be sold at private sale if called upon to be made before the day of sale at the office of the auctioneer. j16—19

BY ABAT & DOMINGON. WILL be sold on SATURDAY, 24th January 1846, at 12 o'clock, at the City Exchange—The negro BON AMI, aged about 42 years, an excellent hand on a sugar plantation, drayman, something of a gardener, recommended in every respect. Terms at the sale.



WAS brought to the Pound of the 3d Ward 3d Municipality, corner of Robin and Annunciation streets, a sorrel HORSE about 15 hands high, right hind foot white, bald face, white spots on his back, not shod. The owner of said horse will call at the Pound before Saturday the 31st inst., otherwise he will be sold on that day by L. E. Charbonnet Public Auctioneer. j17—3t in 10d. S. L. BEELMAN, 1st Lieut. Night Watch.

☞ A CARD.—In consequence of the inclemency of the weather last week very many Ladies were prevented from visiting the New Exchange Reading Room. The undersigned, therefore, respectfully informs the Ladies of this city, that the Reading Room will be again open for their inspection from six o'clock every evening this week, when he will be honored by their visiting his establishment. D. BRAVO. j19—3t

THE NEW ORLEANS COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE AND READING ROOM. THE subscriber requests all demands against him will be brought in to the above establishment, for immediate payment. j20—3t D BRAVO.

Office Western Marine and Fire Insurance Co. New Orleans, Jan. 20th, 1846. THE annual election for Directors for this Institution will be held at their office, corner of Camp and Common streets, on MONDAY, the 2d February next, between the hours of eleven A. M., and one P. M. j21 GEORGE C. LAWRASON, Secretary.

17 January 1846. ☞ THE New Commercial Exchange, corner of St. Charles and Perdido streets—This establishment is now open to the Public from 7 o'clock in the morning till 11 at night. j17—4t D. BRAVO, Proprietor.

☞ SADDLE BAGS LOST. SUPPOSED to have been taken through mistake from the Steam boat Brilliant a pair of saddle bags containing a large number of accounts which are only valuable to the owner. As these accounts are wanted immediately, any one having them in his possession will confer a particular favor by returning them either to the Steam Boat Brilliant or Clinton, or at the office of Wm. H. Avery, 89 Gravier st.— 3t Wm H. AVERY.

[illegible] New Orleans, Jan. 19, 1846. SPECIAL ORDER NO. 5. A BOARD OF SURVEY is hereby ordered to be held to investigate the condition of the Arms and the Ordnance in general of this Brigade—of any loss or damage sustained in said Arms and Ordnance, and the causes of said loss or damage. Col C Dufour, Lt Col J B Viguie, Lt Col C [illegible] and Maj L Gally, are appointed to compose said Board of Survey, and will report direct to Brigade Head Quarters. By order Brigadier Gen D Augustin. j19 M WILLARD [?] Aide-de-Camp.

DENIS COUTEAUD, Merchant Tailor, No. 3[illegible] Old Levee street, corner Bienville, has the honor to inform his friends and the public that having secured the services of Mr. Picot, so advantageously known in the city, he will continue, as heretofore, to make every kind of clothing, which both as regards the cut and the workmanship cannot be surpassed. His prices are very moderate. He has also the pleasure to inform his numerous friends that he will sell at very reduced prices the following articles, received by late arrivals from Europe and the North: Paletots, Overcoats, Pantaloons, Waistcoats, Shirts, &c. &c.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS. AGREEABLY to a resolution passed by the Council of Municipality No. 3, on the 19th instant, public Notice is hereby given that unless the following named slaves detained in the Police Jail of said Municipality, should be claimed on or before the 21st day of FEBRUARY 1846, said slaves, will on that day, at 12 o'clock P. M. be sold at Auction for cash, at the St. Louis Exchange, by F. M. CROZAT, public Auctioneer, in compliance with an act of the Legislature, entitled "An act in relation to slaves detained in any of the Police Jails of the Municipalities of New Orleans," Approved March 16th, 1845, to wit: SUZANNE, negress, aged about 30 or 35 years, says she belongs to Mr. Josiah Cox, of Alabama. SHEDERICK alias TOM, aged from 40 to 45 years, says he belongs to Mr. S. C. Walker, between Port Hudson and Clinton Mississippi. Acts of sale before Joseph Cuvillier Esq., Notary Public, at the expense of the purchasers. New Orleans January 17th 1846. E. MONTEGUT, Mayor.

MUSLINS.—A general assortment of Muslins, consisting of Swiss mulls and stripes, Book and India Book, Bishop Lawns; Tape and Victoria Checks and stripes, Soft Mulls and Jaconets, for sale by j21 SMITH BRYAN, 20 Customhouse st.

DEMIJOHN CORKS, common [illegible], for sale by j22 B TALAMON, 80 St Louis st.