The New-Orleans Bee.

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NEW-ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 29, 1846.

MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS, No. 91 Chartres street.
State & Third Municipality Official Journal.

TERMS OF THE BEE:

DAILY PAPER (one year in advance).....$12 00
COUNTRY PAPER. Semi-weekly, (one year in advance).....5 00

In all cases the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing before he can be allowed to discontinue.

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Advertisements not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

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☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business.

MAGNE & WEISSE.

OFFICIAL.

☞ NOTICE is hereby given that a contract has been entered into between the undersigned and Messrs. MAGNE & WEISSE, Proprietors of the BEE Newspaper for the publication, during the ensuing calendar year (1846) of all the advertisements required by the act of March 16th, 1843, for the price of *ONE DOLLAR* for every hundred words for each publication and in each language.

WM. DEBUYS, State Treasurer.
ROB'T C. NICHOLAS, Sec'y of State.

New Orleans, 27th Dec 1845.

W. M. MURE, BRITISH CONSUL, 23 Royal. 1-10

WILLIAM DAVIDSON & Co., COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 81 Canal. 1-10

F. T. BOURNOS, SURGEON DENTIST, corner of St. Louis and Burgundy streets. Office open from 8 o'clock A. M. until 6 P. M. 1-10

FRANCISCO TIO.
J. F. MERCIER & Co., COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND GROCERS, 45 Old Levee, have constantly on hand fresh Gorgonzola, Wines, Liquors, &c. at moderate prices. 1-10

A. D. RINCK—PORTRAIT PAINTER, respectfully informs his friends and the Public that he has removed to Burbon st. No. 20 between Canal and Custom House. 1-10

EVENING CLASSES.—THE FRENCH AND SPANISH LANGUAGES.—J. S. DE PALOS respectfully continues to those who wish to study success the above languages, that on Monday, the 26 Pupils are now open a class for the instruction of the French Language, from eight o'clock in the evening until nine. SPANISH. A class of this language will commence on Tuesday, 3d February, from eight o'clock in the evening until nine.

The Spanish Classes will meet every other evening. Terms, $5 per month for each pupil, payable in advance. Gentlemen are requested to enter their names at the Principal's office, 11 Exchange Place, where he can be found from 10 o'clock in the morning until 1 P. M. and from 6 o'clock in the evening until 8. 1-24

MILITARY NOTICE!!

THE members of the YAGER BAND, respectfully inform the public of New Orleans that they have formed themselves into a band to be known hereafter as the NEW ORLEANS BRASS BAND, and having procured their orders with a new and splendid uniform, are prepared to furnish music for military and civil parties, balls, wall nights, serenades, &c. &c.

An order left at Mr John Lutcher's music store, No 67 Chartres street, Mr Chaves' corner of Common and Carondelet, or Mr Hugh Leader's, No 25 Union street, will meet with punctual attendance. 1-24—3m

Orchestra for Balls. Mr F. Legendre, Leader of the Orchestra at the St. Louis Ball Room, Washington Hall, in New Orleans, offers his services for Private Balls, Weddings, Parties, &c. &c.

Mr. Legendre will provide the finest quadrilles and all kinds of waltzes.

His terms will be very moderate.

Apply at No. 224 Dauphine street, or at the offices of the Bee and Ball Rooms. 1-24

DENIS COUTEAU, *Merchant Tailor*, No. 35 Old Levee street, corner Bienville, has the honor to inform his friends and the public that during several months past Mr Pecot so advantageously known in the city, he will continue as heretofore, to make every kind of clothing which is his regards the cut and the workmanship, are to be surpassed. His prices are very moderate.

He has on his premises a uniform his numerous friends that he can offer at very reduced prices the following articles, viz: Fine cloths, Pantaloons, Waistcoats, Cravats, &c. &c. 1-19—3m

SIGN OF THE GREAT LUCULLUS
No. 20, Toulouse street, New Orleans.

FELIX ROUQUET respectfully informs the public, and his friends in particular, that he has entered into co-partnership with the Proprietor of the State, combining his talents with those of their business, as also all the orders that they will find in the establishment which is the oldest and most well known in this place. Dinner will be served and furnished with the most recherche delicacies. Sleeping Rooms with or without beds and bedding will be furnished at a short notice.

A Table d'Hôte will be on readiness every day at one o'clock for Dinner.

Coffee will be served at Breakfast and Dinner.

Orders for Dinner will be received at Counter or in Waiter's Bell. Felix will always be furnished with the best of Liquors, Wines, &c. &c. and first rate order and attentive waiters. 1-13—1y

MR. JACQUES LABORE informs Sugar Planters, Mr. Stacks, &c. that he place at their disposal the Steam AWAY, Captain A. Tanbourry, for the transportation of Sugar and Molasses. For arrangements, apply to J. LABORE, 71 Old Levee st. 1-10

NOTICE.—In accordance with a certificate in the name of WM. LABARRE, to Eight Shares of the Mechanics' Insurance Company, dated March 23d, 1840, and No. 1, has been lost. And that application has been made for a new one at the office of the company. 1-24—3m

DR. E. COMMUNY
SURGEON DENTIST

DR. DEPERRON has the honor to inform the Citizens of New Orleans that he is giving lectures on the Teeth in the Ball Room of the Hotel Orleans where he will be found every evening, with full models of the human teeth. Dr. Communy intends to stay but a few days longer in this city. Dr. Communy's office is at No. 5 Exchange Place, between Magazine and Baronne. 1-24

NOTICE.—The undersigned having some bottles of Sarsaparilla, Pills, Ointments, Lotions, &c. &c. which they have found to be empty, are determined to destroy all such empty bottles, in order that no one may be deceived by the labels, in order that no one may be deceived by the labels, bearing the name of my house and the designation of the quality of the Sarsaparilla manufactured under the supervision of the undersigned on the outside as heretofore.

A. DELPIT, No. 168, Louis st. 1-10—6m

TO CAPTAINS OF VESSELS.—Masters of vessels will find a load on readiness to take their vessels up or down the Coast to take in cargo, or from one part of the port to another, by applying at the East Mississippi Steam Ferry Wharf, opposite the Pulse Square.

This boat has been in operation for long time and has sufficient power to move the largest class of ships. She is now constantly kept in readiness to give immediate attention to orders. Terms most liberal. 1-20

TO MERCHANTS AND PLANTERS.—A Merchant having machinery, sugar kettles, bricks, lumber, or any other kind of freight to send to any of the plantations along the coast;—Also, planters wishing to have wood transported to their plantations. Those having furniture or any other articles to move, will please call at the First Municipality Steam Ferry, where they will always find a good steamboat in readiness. The charges will be most reasonable. 1-20

Architecture, Civil Engineering and Surveying.

HAVING formed this office in Banks' Arcade, on Magazine street, New Orleans, I respectfully state that I shall continue to tender my professional services in every branch of Architecture, Civil Engineering and Surveying. Plans for private and public buildings of every kind and description in Greek, Gothic, and all the varieties of modern styles, will be made with a strict regard to solidity, comfort and beauty, accompanied with specifications and estimates, based on the local average prices of labor and materials.

To surveyors and locators of greater internal improvements and public works, as railroads, canals, protective water works on rivers, as Levees, Jetties, works, &c. a corresponding attention will be devoted. Having a sufficient number of able assistants at my disposal, I am now prepared to attend my business to a distance from New Orleans if the object be important enough, and to procure contracts and hundreds or thousands of mechanics and laborers, to the entire or execution of works of the greatest magnitude. Plans and plans of real estate, topographical maps, drawings of machinery, plans, specifications and estimates for country residences, dwelling houses, warehouses, cottages, etc. will not only be made at short notice, but I shall also most faithfully superintend the execution of my plans and buildings or other monuments. The great multitude of plans made by me, and which have been executed and circulated during the last few years, are a guarantee that my terms are reasonable.

Letters may be addressed to me either in the English, French, Spanish or German languages.

HENRY MORELLHAUREN,
Architect and Civil Engineer.

a7—6m

Agency San Mutual Insurance Company, New Orleans, Nov. 13, 1845.

THE Sun Mutual Insurance Company of New York, in pursuance of their Charter, closed their accounts on the fourth of last month, and after paying all their losses, including those of the great fire on the 19th of July last, have remaining in good assets, $675,839 60. Since then the premium notes and cash received for risks taken, exceed $100,000, which added to the above, make a fund of at least $700,000.

Since the 4th of last month, the parties doing business with the Company, do not share, in any way, with the losses of the preceding year, which, with the means above stated, the undersigned believes, present more than ordinary protection and inducements to persons desiring insurance.

Policies against the perils of Fire, Rivers and Seas, continue to be issued by

M. MATTHEWS, Agent,
corner of Camp and Common sts.

MUTUAL INSURANCE.

THE General Mutual Insurance Company of New York having assumed and taken over the unexpired risks of the Ocean Mutual Insurance Company of this city (which Company has gone into liquidation) are prepared to insure against Fire, River and Marine Risks, at the late office of the Ocean Insurance Company, No 45 Camp street, on the most favorable terms.

The "General Mutual Insurance Company" have a large capital well invested; they have paid back to the persons who have insured with them 88 per cent. of their premiums, during the past three years, in script, bearing six per cent. interest, payable annually; and as the business of the Company is conducted altogether on the mutual principle, stockholders, dividing among them the profits, premiums the entire profits of the office, as large a dividend as is paid by any other mutual office may be confidently expected from their future operations.

This Company offers the additional advantage to those who insure with them, of paying their losses either in New York or New Orleans, at the option of the assured.

CHAS. BRIGGS, } Agents.
EDW. OGDEN, }

Office No 45 Camp street. 8-26-1y

SHEET LEAD AND IMPROVED PATENT LEAD PIPE.—The subscribers continue to manufacture his improved London Pipe, and solicit the attention of Planters and others to the same. This pipe affords fresh facility for the conveyance of water from springs or by pumps from streams, and merits the notice of residents on the Coast, for the supply of their establishments. It can be made of any size, from one-fourth to four inches calibre, which may be desired, and affords decidedly the cheapest medium for the purpose.

Orders for the above will be filled at short notice by application to the manufacturer.

W. W. THOMPSON St. Louis, Mo.,
or his Agents in New Orleans.
KENT & BOLTON.

o22—1y

RECEIVED by the late arrivals from Philadelphia and New York, and for sale by the undersigned, Linen Checks; 88 dozen Shirts; 30 do white Flannel do; clasp; 20 do do, white Bobbinett Shirting; 20 do do, new style; 300 do best Suspenders, also, 700 do fancy Braces; Cravats and Scarf, Gloves, Hosiery, &c.

LOBDELL & SILVESTER, 30 Chartres st.

Thursday morning, January 29, 1846.

☞ The opinion which we put forth a day or two since in regard to the influence which a change of ministry in Great Britain would exert upon the Oregon question, is singularly confirmed by a leading London journal—the *Sun*. In the number of the 11th December that paper says:—"Should a war take place with America, neither ABERDEEN nor HADDINGTON would have carried it on with the spirit and skill suited to such a serious contest. The downfall of this heterogeneous cabinet will be the *great news* for POLK he has received since his installment into office." The same paper speaks of Lord PALMERSTON as deeply imbued with decision of character and national spirit, and declares that Mr. POLK would rather see any man in the Foreign office than a nobleman, who since the days of CANNING, is the only minister that has asserted the honor of the country in all her foreign relations.

Although the *Sun* terms in Lord PALMERSTON "decision and national spirit" what we conceive to be wrongheadedness and invincible hauteur, it confirms the convictions at which we had arrived that this country will derive no advantage whatever in the Oregon controversy from the political revolution in England. It is doubtful, indeed, whether a wing ministry will not, with a view to curry favor with the people and to demonstrate the lack of energy of their predecessors, interpose obstacles to the peaceful adjustment of the question, and claim concessions that the United States will under no circumstances consent to make. Altogether we are fully convinced that the change of ministry will not enure to our benefit, and that it cast an additional shade of uncertainty upon the termination of the international dispute between Great Britain and America.

The English news received up to the present time is interesting enough to make us desire more. Accordingly the public are waiting the advices by the *Hibernia* with intense anxiety. We shall then learn the definite formation of the English Cabinet, and will probably ascertain whether parliament will be dissolved, and an appeal taken to the people. We will moreover know precisely what the British press thinks of the sentiments contained in the President's Message. The Lion will growl savagely enough, or we are much mistaken.

For the New Orleans Bee.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The Courier of Tuesday evening contends that Mr. Locke is elected over me in the Third District. This was but a reiteration of a claim in behalf of Mr. Locke previously set up, which would not demand a reply had not that journal accompanied its last announcement with a criticism upon my personal relations to the contest and a gratuitous assumption of a position for me which I do not occupy. I will that pause to comment upon the circumstance of my having opposed and annulled a whig nomination, made previous to the election, which the Courier is pleased to notice at this time, as I suppose that journal will scarcely contend that there is any connection between that fact and the matter now at issue.

The Courier says:

"But let us examine Mr. Bullitt's claims. He says the seventy-six tickets for Mr. Locke were thrown into the box of the Second District, instead of the box for the Third, and for this reason ought not to be counted."

Your contemporary has been greatly deceived if he has been told I have asserted any such thing. My position is this: "*According to the official returns of the Third District, I am elected a member of the Legislature from that District.*" The returns have been made in my favor by the Commissioners appointed by law to make them. I contend that these returns can not be unsulled or overthrown by the returns from any other district or districts. The proof is that the votes for Mr. Locke in the Second District were put there by mistake is an invention of the adverse party, not of mine, and if there is to be a dispute about the matter it is for him to contest the seat given to me by the official returns, and not for me to contest a seat which he has no right to take by any official or documentary evidence.

The Courier again says:

"The only thing to be asked at present is this. Did the seventy-six electors in favor of Mr. Locke possess the right to vote? Mr. Bullitt admits they did, but says the votes were null, because they were put into the wrong box!"

This is a variation of the former assertion. I do not say the votes are null because they were put in the wrong box. According to the official returns they were put into the box of the Second District by voters of the Second District, who had a right to vote for Mr. Locke from that District if they could. But because Mr. Locke was not elected in the Second District, his vote in that District can not be added to his vote in another district to eke out the majority for him against a candidate who has taken him in that other District. Were this principle allowed I would have a right to go through all the districts in the city, in mass of which I received votes, and add such votes to my score in the Third District. Such a proceeding would be manifestly absurd.

The question is whether the people of the Third District have a right to elect their own representatives, or whether their will as adjudged by the ballot box can be overthrown by the votes of another District. I claim no votes in that matter that were given for me in any district but the Third, and I resist any such being set down against me. I stand upon the official returns for the Third District and is for my competitor to show before the proper tribunal the error, if any exist in the returns. I have no doubt, as the Courier states, the House will do Mr. Locke justice. But it is not to be taken for granted that the Inspectors have outraged justice. If Mr. Locke has been made the victim of a blunder committed by the Inspectors," as the Courier insinuates, he will be righted when he can make the fact appear. But it is not for him or any one else to take a seat in the Legislature "as the victim of blunders."

In the other Municipalities votes were polled in districts for candidates in adjoining districts, just as was the case in the instance under consideration. The same thing occurs at every Municipal election. These votes were invariably put down as scattering—or rather were in no case counted as having been given in a different district from that in which they were in fact deposited. In the ballot boxes of the 5th and 6th districts for example, the same thing occurred, but no one pretends that the votes polled in the 6th district should be added to the vote of the 5th district to enlarge or change majorities. I only contend that a different principle be not adopted in my case, especially as the department charged with the Third District, and nullify the District System as ordained by the Constitution. This is the first instance I believe on record, in which a candidate returned as elected, is sought to be made the contestant.

To avoid all trouble or confusion, or hindrance to the proceedings of the Legislature, I am willing to submit the matter again to the people, and let them decide which is their choice; but I must protest against the claim of any one to a seat in the Legislature from the Third District, which has been assigned me by the vote of that District, and which has been based upon the vote of other Districts or blunders.

A. C. BULLITT.

The Election.

We have no further returns of the vote cast in the country parishes. The *Tropic* of yesterday announces Watterston (whig) elected as a Representative from Livingston, and Burton (whig) as a Representative from St. Helena. This make the number of whig Representatives *elected* thus far 34, and of locofocos 23.

Strickland (independent locofoco) is elected to the Senate from Livingston and St. Helena. This gives the locofocos 14 out of 25 senatorial districts heard from.

Since writing the above we have received the official returns. The vote is as follows:

De Buys, 288; Johnson, 251; Sparrow, 391; Landry, 249. P. Briant (whig) elected Senator, and J. B. Derbes, Ulger Décuir and R. Martin, (all whigs,) chosen for Representatives. For Sheriff, Z. Broussard, (locofoco.) For Clerk, V. A. Fournet. For Coroner, J. Roudy.

Vermillion gives from 80 to 100 majority for De Buys. Lafayette, 167 majority for Johnson. The returns for the Legislature in these parishes are not received.

	JOHNSON	DE BUYS	DERBIGNY	LANDRY	SPARROW	DESHOTEL
26 Parishes,	8381	7458	607	8067	7865	502
St. Martin,	251	288		249	39	
Lafayette,	167	majority				
Catahoula,	250	169	229	184		
Franklin,	145	128	130	142		

In Catahoula, Mayo, deceased received 260 votes for Senator, and Crawford (whig) 146. For Representatives, Peck and Cockerham (both democrats) are elected.

The returns from St. Martin swell the number of whig Senators elect to 12, and of whig Representatives to 37.

☞ The *Bulletin* of yesterday contains the official returns of the vote polled on the 19th instant. In the vote for Governor, there is a important typographical error, the whig candidate being allowed one thousand less votes than he received. Correctly the vote stands follows:

JOHNSON	3,556
DE BUYS	3,109
	447

We presume that the returns for Representatives in the Third District must likewise have been set up wrong, since according to the *Bulletin*, in that district Mr. BULLITT beat Mr. VADON, and Mr. GRAHAM beats Mr. LOCKE.

FIRE AT PHILADELPHIA.—There was a dreadful fire at Philadelphia on the 19th instant. It broke out on South Wharves, Walnut street, in the store of Lewis & Shaw, which was consumed, with its contents, as well as that of Lewis & Co. The flames then spread and destroyed the store of Lewis, Lincoln & Co., the office of Lewis, Lincoln, and the Bank of Kennett, the loss of property is very great. All whigs had their seat. Pity too, my friend, Lafayette, feared wet weather as the whigs who still at home between Lafayette and Democrat Republicans referred to by Gen. De Buys would be Governor.

City Intelligence.

FIRST MUNICIPALITY COUNCIL.—This council met last night after a rather long interregnum:

Present, Recorder Genois—Messrs. Peire, Bent, Shields, Correjolos, Morin, Gurlie, Hagan, Faurés, Forstall, Ramos, Duplessis and Hermann, constituting a full meeting.

On motion of Mr. Piere, it was determined that the election of a Collector of Taxes on Boarding Houses, Coffee Houses and Cabarets, the place being vacant by the death of Mr. Linuteaud, be held by the council on Monday next. Adopted. This election will be only for the rest of the term, which will cease in April next. There were five candidates last night.

A memorial from Messrs. Neville, Tourné & Co., was read, in which it is stated that Mr. Bossier, Deputh Wharfinger had been guilty of mal-practice in office, and extension in relation to 1931 barrels of flour which they purchased on the 3d instant, and placed on the Levee of the First Municipality. Mr. Lefevre was accused by these gentlemen of using abusive language to them. Referred to the following committee, which was appointed by the President—Messrs. Hagan, Hermann and Peire.

Mr. Gurlie made a motion that Mr. Lewis Bossonier be paid $100 by the Municipality for extra services, he having performed the duties of Sergeant of Police, and of Clerk of the Recorder's Coffrt. The motion was lost, but will be taken up again on Monday night. We are aware that Mr. Bossonier has performed this double duty for the last two months, and in such a manner as to reflect credit on himself, and give great satisfaction to the recorder. There was a large amount of other business done in the way of petitions, &c.—After which the Council adjourned.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—The examination of the Public Schools of the Second Municipality was renewed yesterday, and will be concluded to-day, when the several prizes will be awarded.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Francis Macias and Christian E. Hanks, watchmen, were tried yesterday, for assaulting a bar-keeper named Herman Rémar. This case took up almost the whole morning, and the jury was ultimately dismissed, not being able to agree upon a verdict.

James Farrell, accused of assault and battery, was discharged. The Court then adjourned to this morning.

☞ Nathan Burke, was yesterday arrested on suspicion of breaking open a trunk on board the brig General Corp, and taking therefrom $50 in specie, and a lot of clothing.

RECORDER BALDWIN'S COURT.—Thomas Wheelahan accused of swindling Mr. Labatut out of $600 under false pretences, was arraigned yesterday and pleaded not guilty. Upon being asked when he would be ready for examination, he very coolly said that he wished the papers to be sent at once to the Criminal Court. We believe Mr. Wheelahan now stands charged with two cases of larceny, and one of assault and battery. Enviable notoriety!

Elizabeth Tye, a very pretty woman, hailing from Kentucky, made affidavit yesterday that she was afraid to live with her husband as he had threatened to kill her, and he once said he would drink her blood. Mr. Tye appeared very much unconcerned about the matter, and fixed on Friday for the examination of the case. He will then, no doubt, have his hands tied in such a manner as to prevent him from behaving so brutally.

☞ In a leading article of the Washington *Union* of the 16th, that journal thus refers to a statement that news had been received at Washington from Mexico, that negotiations are going on between the Mexican and French governments for placing a constitutional King upon the Throne of Mexico.

We will not undertake to say there is no truth in the rumor, which is not altogether new; but certain it is, that we are not advised of there being any foundation for it in the official despatches. Mexico is apparently in a state of transition; and it becomes the United States to keep watch and ward over her revolutions, as well as the maintenance of our own rights.

Congress.

In the SENATE on the 19th, immediately after assembling, Mr. Pennybacker of Va., rose and introduced a resolution and touching language in relation to the death of the Hon. William Taylor. The usual resolutions were moved and adopted, and the Senate adjourned to attend the funeral.

In the HOUSE no business was transacted. The members assembled at 12 o'clock for the purpose of attending the funeral of Mr. Taylor, and were joined by the President, Vice President and Heads of Departments. After the usual ceremonies, the procession moved from the Hall of the House and proceeded in regular order to Congress Cemetery, where the body of the deceased was deposited in the vault erected for the reception of the remains of deceased members of Congress and other public officers dying at the seat of Government.

☞ We are indebted to the Hon. ISAAC MORSE for interesting public documents.

GIRARD COLLEGE.—The City Councils of Philadelphia have passed an ordinance making an appropriation of $175,000 to complete the Girard College.

☞ We regret to learn, says the *National Intelligencer* of the 20th instant, that JAMES HOBAN, Esq. the Attorney of the United States for this District, died last night at his residence in this city.

☞ The Legislature of Rhode Island closed its January session on the 16th. The House refused to take up the bill for the abolition of capital punishment by a vote of 53 to 9.

☞ JOSEPH G. MARSHALL, of Jefferson Co. has been nominated by the Whigs of Indiana as their candidate for Governor. GODDARD'S ORTH has received the nomination for Lieut. Governor.

☞ The United States *Journal* (or Madisonian newspaper) it is said, has been sold by the present proprietors, and brought under the auspices of certain aspiring gentlemen representing the West. Mr. Allen, of the Senate is reported to be one of these.

HENRY INMAN, the artist, died at New York on the 17th inst., after a protracted and severe illness. His loss will be deeply felt not only by a large circle of friends, but by thousands who know him only through his works.

THE LICENSE QUESTION IN VERMONT.—The freemen of Vermont have recently voted in their respective counties on the question of licensing the traffic in ardent spirits. As far as heard from, there appears to be a majority against licensing.

FOUR MULES DROWNED.—On Monday the 19th, a six mule team, belonging to Stephen Henderson, Esq. attempted to ford Alexander's Creek, in the parish of West Feliciana, when, in consequence of the high water, they were carried away, and four of them drowned. The driver and two mules escaped.

☞ The *levee* opposite Louisville had fallen six inches in forty-eight hours on the 18th instant, and there were then seven feet water in the Canal by the mark. Ice was still running, but not in large quantities. The weather was clear and cold.

At Cincinnati on the 17th inst. the river was falling rapidly and has receded between two and three feet.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT.—A bill passed the House of Representatives of Indiana, by a vote of sixty-three to twenty, that gives to the jury, in cases of capital crimes, a discretionary power of fixing that the prisoner be placed at solitary confinement in the State Prison for life, or that he be hung. Under the present state of public feeling this will, in effect, be an abolishment of capital punishment.

BARQUE BASHAW OF BOSTON ABANDONED AT SEA.—The Charleston *Courier* of the 23d ult., says:—The bark *Bashaw*, MYERS, from Boston for New Orleans, with a cargo of ice, was abandoned at sea on the 21st inst., in lat. 31 lon. 78 49. She had been previously dismasted in a gust of wind off Carrysford Reef on the 15th, and was leaking so bad that both pumps could not keep her free, and when abandoned, she had 12 feet water in hold. Capt. MYERS and crew were taken off the wreck on the 21st, by the Swedish brig *Gothe*, from Algiers, and arrived at this port last evening.

☞ The arrival in New-York of the Packet Ship *Liberty* on the 18th inst. brought intelligence from Europe nearly as late as that received here direct. We find little in the extracts furnished by the New York papers, which has not already been anticipated. The English Journals differ as to whether Aberdeen will be appointed Secretary for Foreign Affairs. The London *Post* mentions the name of the Earl of Clarendon in connection with that office; the Liverpool *Mercury* is of opinion that Lord PALMERSTON will be the man, while it assigns to Lord CLARENDON the post of Ambassador to Paris.

TRUE WORD.—The St. Francisville *Chronicle* says: "We were told that our venerable whig friend Gen. R. Crawford, and our respected neighbor, Mr. Thomas Howell, of Laurel Hill, finding the creek really made a raft, and at a venture worthy of Knight Errantry, braved the 'torrent's roar.' In order to reach the polls on Monday last. All whigs had not their zeal. Pity too, my friend, Lafayette, feared wet weather as the whigs who still at home between Democrat Republicans referred to by Gen. De Buys would be Governor.

THE NOMINATION OF MR. SLIDELL, according to the Washington letter writers, has created great interest in the Senate and it has been objected to upon the ground that he received his appointment from the executive in violation of the Constitution of the United States, being a member of Congress at the time he was appointed. Personal objections have likewise been urged against his confirmation. The correspondent of the Baltimore *American* says:—"The Senate have not confirmed the appointment, and probably a re-appointment will be made of a new person.

PENNSYLVANIA.—The Whig Members of the Legislature have issued an energetic call for a State Convention to meet at Harrisburgh on the 11th of March, to nominate a candidate for Canal Commissioner, and in exposing rebuke the pitiable truckling of the dominant party in the State with regard to the Protective policy. This call is signed by 11 Senators (whole No. 33) and 34 Representatives (whole No. 100).

—We learn from a private source that all the Members of Congress from Pennsylvania will vote to sustain the present Tariff except David Wilmot, who hails from the Bradford and Tioga District, and who is (since election) an avowed Free Trader.—*New York Tribune.*

FOREIGN NEWS as late as the 12th December had been received at Charleston by a direct arrival in that port. We transcribe a few items not heretofore published:—

The Augsburg Gazette publishes the following details of the conspiracy lately discovered in the capital of the Grand Duchy of Posen: CONSPIRACY AT POSEN.—A soldier of the 5th regiment of the line, by birth a Pole, quartered at Gross Glogau, in Prussian Silesia, obtained a furlough. On leaving, he told some of his comrades that perhaps he should never come back; and that if he did it would be in a character different from that in which he then was. This was reported to the commander of the regiment, and roused suspicions, which induced him to stop the man and put him under arrest. Upon him were found a proclamation to the people of Poland, draft of letters in the Polish language, containing the plans of the conspirators, and the names of the chiefs, almost all of whom are nobles of the third and fourth classes.—The plans were—first, to endeavor to win over the Polish peasantry by promises of their liberty, with many advantages; secondly, to surprise a small town situated near the city of Schrodt, by night, and kill all the Jews who live in it; thereby drawing thither the garrison of Krotoszyen, and, during its absence, seize all the provisions and ammunition with which Krotoszyen is stored, distribute them among the Polish Peasants, and thereby enable them to continue the insurrection. The conspirators proposed carrying their projects into execution on the 20th November, the anniversary of the insurrection of 1830. The Prussian government has reinforced all the garrisons of the Grand Duchy with troops from Silesia."

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY FOR FINDING THE ALTITUDE OF THE SUN IN VERY CLOUDY WEATHER.—A letter has been addressed to the Committee of Lloyd's, by a Mr. Hann, of Falmouth, Jamaica, relative to a discovery made by him for ascertaining with exactness the altitude of the sun in very cloudy weather. To the maritime interest of the world this discovery is of the greatest importance, as it enables commanders of vessels to ascertain the latitude and longitude of their ship "by observation," when otherwise they would have to rely upon their "dead reckoning" merely. The extent of the importance and value of this discovery—if upon unerring principles can only be considered by those who will have the opportunity of testing its accuracy. The Committee of Lloyds, in reply to Mr. Hann, refer to the great interest with which the nautical world will eagerly view the discovery, and have requested him to transmit it to them, making it known for the benefit of all mariners.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending the 19th ult., states the amount of bullion added to be £26,733,810 against which, in addition to the Government debt and other securities there is in coin and bullion, £12,733,910. In the banking department the liabilities are not given, but the assets include 503,039 in gold and silver coin.

We were the first to announce, some time ago, the visit which the Queen of England intends to pay to Paris next spring. We can now positively state that at the Palace, Queen Victoria's visit is considered as quite decided on. Preparations are already making for her reception, especially at Versailles and Trianon. The King in person directs the works. *Sun.*

A Berlin letter of the 27th ult. states that by a royal ordinance, lately published, the decree of Napoleon, which obliged all Jews, not having an hereditary family name to adopt one, and which decree is still in force in the Rhenish provinces, and in the French laws have been preserved, is now extended to all the rest of the kingdom of Prussia. A delay of six months is given to those Jews who have not a family name, to choose one, and such is to be submitted to the Minister of the Interior for his approval.

☞ The sale of Wines, Liquors and Segars by BEARD, CALHOUN & Co., will be continued THIS DAY, at half past four o'clock.

The choice old Madeira, Sherry, Claret, Champagne, Claret will be sold first on lot at 10 o'clock the Segars and Liquors will be next. The Trade, Hotel keepers and Gentlemen wishing to replenish their cellars will find an opportunity seldom offered.

☞ Specimen pages of choice old Brandies in the hand at this days sale.

LATEST DATES.

NEW YORK	Jan 10	LIVERPOOL	Dec 13
WASHINGTON	Jan 10	HAVRE	Dec 11
CHARLESTON	Jan 13	HAVRE	Dec 12
CHARLESTON	Jan 13	HAVRE	Dec 12
ST. LOUIS	Jan 13	HAVRE	Dec 12

COMMERCIAL.

NEW ORLEANS, WEDNESDAY NIGHT, January 28, 1846.

There was a fair demand for Cotton to-day, and the sales amount to about 3,000 bales, at rather slender prices. The market was *easier* for the middling qualities.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION—COTTON—Saturday, Dec. 12.

Ordinary	3 3/4 d.
Middling	4 1/2 d.
Middling Fair	5 1/2 d.
Fair	6 1/2 d.
Good Fair	7 1/2 d.
Good and Fine	8 1/2 d.

The FLOUR market is firm to day at $5 00 @ 5 12 1/2 for Fancy.

Foreign EXCHANGE is back, we quote Sterling 9 @ 9 1/2 cent. premium, Francs 5f 32 1/2 @ 5f 35, New York 60 days, 9 1/2 @ 9 3/4 cent. discount. Checks 1/2 @ 1 cent. discount.

☞ CONNELL'S PAIN EXTRACTOR.—The public will please remember that at 1 Camp st. Connell's Pain Extractor, sold at 50 Dollars cents, for seven years past by A. R. Ramsay, Druggist, New Orleans, is Rumor which has given universal satisfaction to all who have used it for burns, scalds, eruptions, old sores, bruises, bites, wounds, scrofula, sore eyes, erysipelas, white swelling, gall-stones, and it is the best possible application for inflammation of the brain or bowels. No person should be without it. 1-26 2t

"To the Law and the Testimony."
HEAR THE PEOPLE OF NEW YORK.

We cut the following from the *Herald* and fully corroborate and approve the statement:

"If Mr. Dalley, who has of late been so loud in his praise of his Pain Extractor for burns and scalds, raw sores, and inflammation of any kind, does not mean his article by offering it for too many things, he may make a fortune by it—that is if he stops his foolish offer to give it away. That man ought to be hung, and he would be hung, if he wrought the WONDERS that he has it in his power to do, and make those who are able to pay for it. If the MEDICAL FACULTY would but agree in one of some of them they are subject to the charge of the grossest inhumanity. Any respectable practitioner, who will go and see what we have seen, and underwrite what we have seen, we know to be true, they must be convinced there is no humbug or quackery in the matter.—*N. Y. Express.*

N. B.—There is no Genuine Magic Pain Extractor in the World but that which has the WRITTEN signature of H. DALLEY on the wrapper of each box.

Druggists and country merchants can purchase on liberal terms. Sold at DALLEY'S Medicine Depot, 151 Chartres street, New Orleans. 1-27—3t

☞ CARD.—For Bayou Sara.—The BRILLIANT arrives this day and leaves on THURSDAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M. W. H. AVERY. 1-28 2t

☞ The packet ship LOUISVILLE, Capt. N. Hunt from New York, is now discharging opposite the Vegetable Market. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, or they will be stored at their expense and risk.

JAMES E. WOODRUFF, 60 Camp st.

☞ NOTICE.—Neither the consignee nor captain of the British ship LEANDER, Captain J. R. Phelan, will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of said vessel.

DURGAN KENNEDY,
1-28—3t 3d Toulouse st.

☞ NOTICE.—Neither the consignee nor captain of the British ship OSPREY, Captain J. Brown, will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of said vessel.

DUNCAN KENNEDY,
1-28—3t 3d Toulouse st.

☞ The barque ROSE STANFIELD, from New York Captain Spencer, is now discharging opposite the Vegetable Market. Consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods.

AARON COHEN Agent, 90 Common street.

☞ NOTICE.—M. J. W. Smith, consignee of goods per ship Australia, from Boston, is particularly requested to call at the subscriber's office in same.

L. H. OLIF, 63 Common st.

☞ NOTICE.—Consignees of INK Bottles and Stationery per ship INDEPENDENCE, from Belfast are requested to take out their permit this day, or they will be sent to the public stores, according to law.

MURE & BARBER.

☞ ship GEORGE STEVENS, from Liverpool will commence discharging opposite Pot No 34, Second Municipality. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the levee and take out their permits within five days, or their goods will be sent to the public stores. 1-27

J. F. WHITNEY & Co. 73 Camp st.

☞ ship SWANTON, from Havre, will commence discharging opposite Pot No 34, Second Municipality.—Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee and take out their permits within five days, or their goods will be sent to the public stores.

HERMAN & BARBER.

☞ Notice.—The manufacture of the Daguerreotype Nyctypes, the unequalled Mirror lately received from France and Germany, by the Daguerreotype, together with all the improvements which aid in perfecting this beautiful art. All the chemical products made use of in preparing Daguerreotypes may be found at his establishment. The whole art, and materials prices, No. 119 Chartres street. 1-20 in P. LANGLUMME.

LINEN GOODS.—The subscribers have in store and are constantly receiving a general assortment of Linen Goods of the best bleach and manufactory, viz—7 8 and 4-4 linen shirtings; 9-8, 5-4 and 4 heavy sheetings; 5-8 and 7-8 long linen; 5-4 and 6-4 linen table Britannias; Plaidlan Mosquito netting; table and sideboard thread; &c. &c. on reasonable terms by the package by

VANDER & LEPER, 34 Bienville st.

☞ CHEWING TOBACCO SEED.
Warranted the growth of 1845.
Superior Havana and Turkish Tobacco Seed in lots to suit purchasers. Apply at the Seed Store of
M. DINN, 11 Common st.

TALLOW.—60 bbls and 19 tubs first quality T. C. Tallow, now landing from steamboat Western Belle, from St. Louis, for sale by

AS. E. WOODRUFF,
1-29 60 Camp st

HAMS.—50 tierces smoked and bagged, Sugar-cured Ham and put up expressly for family use, for sale in lots to suit on favorable terms, by

JAS. E. WOODRUFF,
1-29 60 Camp st

LARD.—200 bbls Barrel Lard, now landing from steamboat Western Belle from St. Louis, for sale by

JAS. E. WOODRUFF, 60 Camp st

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery which has attracted so much attention in Europe and recently in the Northern States, is now introduced for the first time to the Citizens of New Orleans. It comprises an entirely safe and simple application of the Mysterious Power of Galvanism as a medicinal