The New-Orleans Bee.

No. 37, VOL. VIII.—NEW SERIES.
VOL. XIX.—WHOLE No. 5042.

NEW-ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 20, 1846.

MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS, No. 81 Chartres street
State & Third Municipality Official Journal.

TERMS OF THE BEE:

DAILY PAPER (one year in advance).....$12,00
COUNTRY PAPER. Semi-weekly, (one year in advance).....5 00

☞ All cases the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing, before he can be allowed to discontinue.

ADVERTISING—One dollar for every TEN lines, for each language, on the first insertion, and sixty than price for each subsequent one. No Advertisement inserted for less than one dollar for each language.

Advertisements not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines, for each language and for each insertion.

☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business.

MAGNE & WEISSE.

OFFICIAL.

☞ NOTICE is hereby given that a contract has been entered into between the undersigned and Messrs. MAGNE & WEISSE, Proprietors of the BEE Newspaper for the publication, during the ensuing calendar year (1846) of all the advertisements required by the act of March 16th, 1843, for the price of *ONE DOLLAR* for every hundred words for each publication and in each language.

WM. DEBUYS, State Treasurer.
ROBT C. NICHOLAS, Sec'y of State.

New Orleans, 27th Dec. 1845.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON & Co., COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 81 Canal. n10

WM MURE, BRITISH CONSUL, 10 Musson's Buildings, cor Royal and Canal sts. 14

TATOUT BROTHERS—*Importers of Fancy Goods, French, English and German*, corner Chartres and Toulouse streets. 13

F. T. BOURNON, SURGEON DENTIST, corner of St. Louis and Burgundy streets. Office open from 8 o'clock A. M. until 6 P. M. n11

J. E. BERCIER & Co., COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND BROKERS, 35 Old Levee, have constantly on hand fresh Grapes, Wines, Liquors, &c. at moderate prices. n10

AD RINCK, PORTRAIT PAINTER, respectfully informs his friends and the Public that he has removed to Bourbon st. No. 20, between Canal and Custom House sts. 12

COMMISSION HOUSE.

To Southern and Western Merchants.

THE subscribers have on hand and are constantly receiving from the best manufacturers in New England, a prime stock of Boots, Shoes and Brogans, which will be sold at very low prices for cash, they being the sole agents.

They are also agents for several of the best Tanneries in the country, and can supply a good assortment of LEATHER.

N. B.—Cash advances on LEATHER and WESTERN PRODUCE.

BOWLER & WHALL, Commission Merchant
LEVI A. BOWLER, } 21 and 22 Pearl street, Boston
JOSEPH R. WHALL, }

REFERENCES:
Messrs. Joe. Whitney & Co., } Boston.
Joseph M. Jones, Esq. }
Messrs. Stanford Freeman & Co. }
Shepherd Knapp, Esq. } New York.
Messrs. C. M. Jennings & Co. }
Messrs. Haddock, Hazzitine & Read, Philadelphia.
Messrs. Poland, Jenkins & Co., Baltimore.
Messrs. Farrel, Humphrey & Co. Albany. 20

J. N. DE PALOS,
PROFESSOR OF MODERN LANGUAGES, AUTHOR OF A SYNTHETIC PRACTICAL METHOD OF TEACHING THE FRENCH AND SPANISH LANGUAGES.

HIS instructions are invariably attended with success and persons who have studied in any other school and have failed to attain correct knowledge, will become perfect masters of the French, Spanish, Italian, Italian Languages, by the Tuesday and Friday of S. Peter Pa.

TERMS PER MONTH—Pupils in Classes, lessons twice a week, $5 for a single subscription, $9 each. One pupil $10 $12, payable in advance. Gentlemen boarders will attend the Morning Classes, are requested to enter their names at his office, 141 Exchange Place, where he can be found from 9 o'clock in the morning until 1 P. M. and from 4 in the evening until 6. 14

MILITARY NOTICE.

THE members of the "AUGER BLUES," respectfully inform the public of New Orleans that they have found it expedient to form a band to be known hereafter as the NEW ORLEANS BRASS BAND, and have equipped themselves with a new and splendid uniform, are prepared at all times to furnish music for military and social parties, soirees, serenades, &c. &c.

Any orders left at Mr John Lindner's music store, No 17 Chartres street, Mr B Casey's, corner of Common and Camp, or at Mr Hogg's, leader, No. 257 Conti street, will meet with punctual attendance. 121—3m

Orchestra for Balls.—Mr E. Legendre, Leader of the Orchestra at the St. Louis Ball Room, and Washington Battalion Array, offers his services for Soirees, Balls, Weddings, Parties, &c. &c.

Mr. Legendre will execute the latest quadrilles and most fashionable waltzes.

His terms will be very moderate.

Apply at No. 221 Dauphine street, or at the office of the above Ball Room. 20 3m

FRENCH SHIRTS,

NO. 77 ST. LOUIS STREET, BETWEEN ROYAL AND BOURBON

MADAME J. HENRY from Paris, has the honor to inform the ladies and gentlemen of this city, that having taken a room, she has established a depot for the special purpose of making shirts and ladies lingerie. Having been honored with the confidence of the most elegant Parisian shirt makers, she can claim the patronage of the Americans, as well as the elegant dandies of the world, as the perfectness and fitness of the materials. She attends the wants, in every kind of linen, very but particularly upon French, English and Scotch.

Madame Henry is now without goods and materials, and will take shirts to make up at a week. 13 3t

DENIS COUTEAU, *Restaurant Français*, No. 140 Levee street, corner of Bienville, has the honor to inform his friends and the public that having secured the services of Mr. Pierre, advantageously known in the city, he will continue, as heretofore, to make every kind of nothing which indicates gards the cut and the workmanship, could be surpassed. His prices are very moderate.

He has also the pleasure to inform his numerous friends that he is constantly informed of the best wines, liquors and cigars, which he imports from Europe and the North. Fine Cognac, Old Port, Pedro Ximenes, Waistcoats, Shirts. 3 19—3m

MR. JACQUES LAMOSE informs Sugar Planters, Merchants, &c., that he has chartered the splendid WAVE, Captain V. Tambouty, for the transportation of Sugar and Molasses. For arrangements apply to J. LAMOSE, 71 Old Levee st. 011

DR. COMMUNY
SURGEON DENTIST

DR. DUPERON has the honor to inform the citizens of New Orleans that he has given up his office to Dr. Communy, the first operator in Europe, who has for more than twenty years been at the head of the profession in Paris, Madrid, London, and Vienna, which will be exercised at his residence, which will be at his patients and capacity.

Dr. E. Communy is a native of Paris, that his office will be open from sunrise to sunset, No. 41 Royal st. near Bienville street, between Maison and St Louis. 222

DUFFAU & Co. have the honor to inform the Public that they have purchased from Mr. Rivas the stable situated No. 115 Bienville, near St Louis street, that they will take in horses and vehicles, and will hire out saddle and riding horses at very moderate prices.

Mr. Duffau will continue his profession as Veterinary Surgeon and House shoeing, No 145 Burgundy street, and undertake also to sell or buy horses. 7—6m

NOTICE.—The undersigned having come to the certainty that a large quantity of Razors, of the very *worst quality*, is daily sold at auction throughout the country by some coasting pedlars and other petty retailers, most unscrupulously using my name, as well as empty gun barrel cards and labels, taken by this unauthorised obtaining all country merchants and consumers of the facts, in order that from this day they may not be deceived again by this most unqualifiable fraud.

N. B.—From this day, the labels bearing the name of my house and the designation of the quality of the Razor, will be inserted under the cover of the jars, and no longer pasted on the outside as heretofore.

A DELPIT, No. 169, Louis st. a10—6m

TO CAPTAINS OF VESSELS.—Masters of vessels will find a boat in readiness to tow their vessels up or down the Coast to take in cargo, or from one part of the port to another, by applying at the First Municipality Steam Ferry Wharf, opposite the Public Square.

This boat has been built expressly for towing and has sufficient power to draw the largest class of ships. Steam will be constantly kept up ready to give immediate attention to orders. Terms most liberal. n20

Agency San Mutual Insurance Company.

THE SUN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY of New York, in pursuance of their Charter, closed their accounts on the 30th of last month, and after paying all their losses, including those of the great fire on the 19th of July last, have remaining in good assets, $675,259 60. Since then the premium notes and cash received for risks taken exceed $100,000, which added to the above, make a fund of at least $700,000.

Since the 4th of last month the parties doing business with the Company, do not share, in any way, with the losses of the preceding year, which, with the means above stated, the undersigned believes, present more than ordinary protection and inducements to persons desiring insurance.

Policies against the perils of Fire, Rivers and Seas, continue to be issued by L. MATTHEWS, Agent,
a14—tf corner of Camp and Common sts.

MUTUAL INSURANCE.

THE General Mutual Insurance Company of New York having ceased and taken over the unexpired risks of the Ocean Mutual Insurance Company of this city (which Company has gone into liquidation) are prepared to insure against Fire, River and Marine Risks, at the late office of the Ocean Insurance Company, No 45 Camp street, on the most favorable terms.

The "General Mutual Insurance Company" have a large capital well invested; they have paid back to the persons who have insured with them 20 per cent. of their premiums, during the past three years, in script, bearing six per cent. interest, payable annually; and as the business of the Company is conducted altogether on the mutual principle—that is dividing among those who pay the premiums the entire profits of the office, as large a dividend as is paid by any other mutual office may be confidently expected from their future operations.

This Company offers the added advantage to those who insure with them, of paying their losses either in New York or New Orleans, at the option of the assured.

CHAS. BRIGGS, } Agents.
EDW. OGDEN, }

Office No 45 Camp street. a10-1y

SHEET LEAD AND IMPROVED PATENT LEAD PIPE.—The subscriber continues to manufacture his superior Leaden Pipes, and solicits the attention of Plumbers and others to the same. This pipe affords great facility for the conveyance of water from long distances, either from cisterns, or by pumps, from rivers, and merits the notice of builders on the Coast for the supply of their establishments. It can be made of any size, from one-ninth to four inches calibre, as may be desired, and effers decidedly the cheapest medium for the purpose.

Orders for the above will be filled at short notice by application to the manufacturer.

W. W. THOMPSON, Lead, Shot, &c.
or his Agents in New Orleans,
KERNOT & DIX, 81 Poydras st.
n23—1y

NOTICE TO AMATEURS.—MR. BOUTAL Horticulturist from Paris, arrived by ship Brahma, on 16th January, has the honor of informing Amateurs of PLANTS AND FLOWERS, and Ladies particularly, that he has for sale a large assortment of ORNAMENTAL AND FRUIT SHRUBS, viz: Sixty varieties of Camellias, Pæonies, Azaleas, Rhododendrons, Diplodacs, Metrosideros, Pomegranates, Fruit Trees, peach on Near, Apple, Vines, Mulberry, Quince and a variety of Seeds, &c. &c.

14 6m NO 98 CHARTRES STREET.

WINES, 100 packages Madeira, Sun Lucar, Cumpi, Pico, Malaga, Marsala, Sicily, Champagne, Port, Sherry, Sherry, &c. in pipes, half and quarter casks, tierces, barrels and cases, for sale by

ROBERTS & HALL, 78 Bienville st.
a10

CIDER.—100 bbls Newark Cider, for sale by
WOOD & BUSHNELL, 60 Camp st.

Friday morning, Feb'y. 20. 1846.

"CHANGE TIME."

We have received from Mr. D. BRAVO, of the New Orleans Commercial Exchange, a circular setting forth the great value and advantage of having a fixed time of meeting, for the general transaction of business in so large and important a commercial community, and asking the energetic co-operation of the press and the public in carrying out this object. Mr. B. himself is one of the most intelligent and enterprising gentlemen in our city, perfectly familiar with the operations of commerce, and prepared to use his best exertions in accomplishing so useful an undertaking.

It would appear almost supererogatory to enumerate the advantages which must flow from regular 'change hours. They are so well understood that in every large commercial city in the world the system has been established and is in constant operation.—The objection has been urged that 'Change Hours are chiefly useful in cities where speculations in stocks are continually carried on, and where every twenty-four hours, under the antagonistic efforts of the "bulls" and the "bears," prices vary sufficiently to ensure heavy gains or losses; and it has been said that stock operations constitute but a small fraction of mercantile speculation, with us a fixed 'change time is unnecessary. This objection loses all its force when it is borne in mind, that in such cities as Paris, London, Amsterdam, Holland, New York and the like, there are not only appointed periods for transactions in stocks and public funds, but other fixed hours for commercial operations of all kinds, and that under the system of a fixed 'change time immense transactions to the amount of untold millions are effected. The leading object in the establishment of 'change time is, to concentrate mercantile association, to regulate prices, and to give to New Orleans that degree of influence upon the domestic markets to which her correlative position with regard to other cities, and her magnitude as emporium of trade justly entitle her.

There can be no doubt that under the able, zealous and indefatigable supervision of Mr. BRAVO, the project will succeed, and we bespeak for it the hearty and active co-operation of the mercantile community. We learn that it is the intention of Mr BRAVO to call a general meeting of all who are interested in the matter, and take immediate measures for the establishment of "Change Time."

Congress.—Feb. 11th.

In the SENATE, Mr Cass submitted the resolutions of the Legislature of Michigan in favor of our title to the whole of Oregon, and instructing the Senators from that State to vote for the notice and all other measures on the subject recommended by Mr Polk. The resolutions also endorse the doctrine of non-interference as laid down in the Message.

Mr Jarnagin offered a resolution, which was adopted, calling upon the President to communicate the authority by which Mr Vose was appointed agent to receive the indemnification from Mexico, whether his appointment was made with the concurrence of the claimants, and whether he has paid over the moneys received by him, &c.

After some further business, the Senate resumed the Oregon debate, and Mr. Allen occupied the entire sitting with the conclusion of his speech. The whole tenor and gist of this effort seemed to be an attempt to prove that England would not dare to go to war with us for Oregon, that she was weaker and we stronger than was imagined, that all the arguments against prompt and energetic action by our Government originated in fear, that in case of a war the fierce democracy of this country would subdue the arrogant pretensions of Great Britain in less than a year, &c. &c. The speech contains nothing new, particularly interesting, or able.

Mr. J. M. Clayton obtained the floor, and the Senate adjourned.

In the HOUSE, much precious time was wasted in personal explanations between Messrs. King of Georgia, Rathbun, Houston and others. The confusion and disorder were only terminated by a motion to go into committee of the whole. The Revolutionary Pension Bill was taken up. It appropriates $1,300,000, with an amendment allowing the benefits of the act to all widows married prior to 1820, of the officers or soldiers who served for three months in the Revolutionary war. The chair ruled the amendment out of order. After infinite discussion, this decision was sustained by the House, and the committee rose with out further action on the bill.

The House adjourned.

THE TARIFF.—The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *North American* states that the new Tariff Bill which has been preparing by the Secretary of the Treasury and the Custom-house officers, is now completed in every essential particular, and adds—

Mr. McKay, the chairman, and other members of the Committee of Ways and Means, have conferred with these officers, in every stage of its progress, and have assented, of course, to all the leading characteristics. I question, therefore, if any change of consequence will be made in any of the main features in the Committee Room. It will pass the House of Representatives in a few days as the Tariff Bill of the Administration—be considered and decided upon amendments and probably be adopted without an amendment which will affect the principle of the bill. Incidental details have been consulted throughout, though there may be accidental deviations favorable to protection. The Bill will be reported to take effect from the first of October, next ensuing.

It has been decided to discontinue the bounties on fishing vessels, and to allow no drawbacks hereafter on spirits distilled from foreign molasses, refined sugar and salt used in packing fish.

The following rates have been adopted for the articles stated:—

Iron of all kinds,	30	per cent.	ad valorem.
Manufactures of Iron, to include Cutlery, fire-arms, and *all other* articles made of iron,	30	do	do
Coal,	20	do	do
Manufactures of Wool,	25	do	do
Unmanufactured Wool all kinds,	20	do	do
Manufactures of Cotton, flax or hemp,	20	do	do
Wines of all kinds,	30	do	do
Brandy and other distilled Spirits,	75	do	do
Sugar of all kinds,	30	do	do
Manufactures of Worsted,	25	do	do
Ready-made Clothing, Hosiery and all articles worn by men, women and children, made up wholly or in part by hand,	30	do	do
Manufactures of Silk,	30	do	do
Coffee, Tea and *Salt*,	free		

The rumor currently prevails that this Tariff will prove so satisfactorily to the British Government, if it becomes a law, there will be no difficulty in the way of a compromise of the Oregon question, upon the basis of the 49 degree of north latitude. In other words, peace is to be purchased by the sacrifice of the great principle of protection of American industry.—We have little doubt that there is much substance in this rumor, as it is repeated by nearly every Washington correspondent, and has been darkly hinted at in more than one number of the official journal.

The Toronto *Patriot* insists very strongly upon the necessity of opposing the American claim to Oregon, not so much from the value of the territory itself, as because the claim forms part of a dangerous and extended scheme of aggrandizement. The *Patriot* adds:—

The first object is Oregon, the second California, and the ultimate design is to obtain command of the Chinese and Indian Oceans. We're the United States to include within her limits the whole of California and all the coast northward of the Russian possessions, she would by the excellent harbors, and abundant materials for ship building thus secured, become *a dangerous enemy to the British flag in the East.*—Were she, in addition, to square her Texan frontier to the Pacific, and obtain, as must follow the protectorate or possession of Mexico, some future President may take example from Constantine and remove the Capital from Washington to the Bay of San Francisco, for there would be the centre of his power, and our Indian Empire would be tenable only by the most intense exertions.

It is against Great Britain that these schemes are laid, for she is called *the common enemy* in the diplomatic correspondence of the American Envoy to Mexico. We hope that the British Government will take proper notice of the use of such unjustifiable language and neither be bullied into inactivity, nor cajoled by the offer of commercial advantages into giving way one inch on the Oregon question.

THE OREGON VOTE.—In favor of the Oregon resolutions which passed the House on the 9th, thirty-eight whigs, five natives and one hundred and twenty locofocos voted. Of the whigs, one was from Maine, one from Massachusetts, one from Rhode Island, six from New York; two from New Jersey, eight from Pennsylvania, two from North Carolina, six from Ohio, one from Indiana, six from Kentucky, one from Illinois, and one from Alabama.

Against the resolutions, 26 whigs, 1 native and 15 locofocos voted. The whigs are almost exclusively from the Northern and Eastern States, one or two from the South, and four from Tennessee. Of the locofocos, 7 are from Virginia, six from North Carolina, and two from Alabama.

A SLIGHT ARCHBISHOP.—In the remarkable letter of Mr. Pine, "the great shot in," it is stated that whilst Alemany (the Mexican Bishop) was in the country, he spent "the months through which he could not travel in Mexico, with Mr. Asses, at Hermosillo and Pueblo, and settled in Monterey." The Archbishop of Mexico has excommunicated Mr. Vose, and Mr. Pine, "did not, on the occasion, pay the Bishop any attention." The Archbishop, Mr. Shortliffe, the consular, U. S. Minister, pressed the party to be charity enough to dine.

City Intelligence.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.—F. B. Conrad, assignee of Thomas Banks, vs. Wells, Forney and others:—The arguments of Messrs. Hunt and Wilde continued until three o'clock yesterday. Mr. Wilde will conclude to-day. Mr. Hunt contended, on behalf of the defendants, that at the time of the conveyances made by Thomas Banks to the defendants, viz: a few months before the former went into bankruptcy, he had property to an amount, at a reasonable valuation, more than sufficient to pay all his debts; that consequently the conveyances were not made in contemplation of bankruptcy. He further contended, that by the evidence it appeared that the plaintiff himself, who was familiar with the affairs of Banks, gave his opinion at the time that the latter had sufficient to pay his debts.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—Mrs. Mowatt takes a benefit at this theatre to-night, and we sincerely trust that this accomplished and amiable lady may have an overflowing house. We have heard stated that Mr. Crisp performing with this lady, is detrimental to her success on the stage. We are of opinion that Mrs. Mowatt has been so long acting with Mr. Crisp that they must now be familiar with each other's manner, and so far aid each other as to make "points" in a piece tell with great force and effect. Though Mr. Crisp is not a first-rate actor, yet he is a very respectable one, and as such, can by no means, throw any impediment in the way of Mrs. Mowatt's advancement. If Mrs. Mowatt never becomes a great actress, it will not be owing to her having acted with Mr. Crisp. The pieces selected are Romeo and Juliet and the Weathercock.

☞ Leonard Hyman, accused of killing T. M. Kane in a duel, presented himself before Recorder Baldwin yesterday, but his Honor declined going into the examination, as the case was already before the Attorney General and in the hands of the Grand Jury.

HARBORING A SLAVE.—F. Proctor made affidavit that he suspects a man named Manuel, living in Hospital street, has harbored and concealed a slave named Alexis, belonging to Mrs. Proctor. Manuel gave bail in $100 for his appearance.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—J. C. Schmidt, accused of assaulting Mathew Hofer with a piece of wood, was bound over before Recorder Genois in the sum of $400 for further examination. Hofer's face presented a horrible appearance, and one of his eyes was nearly out of the socket. His Honor humanely sent him to the Charity Hospital.

Per Contra—This case had scarcely been got through with, when Celeste Davis, a f. w. c., made an affidavit against Mathew Hofer, for an assault and battery on her with a stick. She stated that Hofer came to Schmidt's premises and assaulted her with a stick, dislocated her shoulder, and that she had been suffering ever since.

NEVER SAY DIE.—Sarah Minor, accused John Philippi, of obtaining a dress from her, worth $16 for the purpose of dyeing it, and for which she was to pay $1 75. She has repeatedly called since at the establishment, where Philippi stated he lived, but she has not seen him. She therefore thinks that he has appropriated the dress to his own uses.

BURGLARY.—Christian Nelson, who stands accused of this offence, will be examined before Recorder Baldwin this morning.

COUNTERFEIT COIN.—John Linkaney was charged by Mr. Felton with passing a counterfeit Mexican dollar on him. Remanded by Recorder Baldwin for further examination.

THE COURTS.—There was no case of importance before the District, Commercial or City Courts yesterday. In the Parish Court, the case of the City Bank vs Andrew S. Barker, occupied the attention of Judge Maurian all day.

☞ Our country friends and city traders, are respectfully informed that the sale of Segars, Wines, Liquors, &c. &c., to close consignments at the store of M. E. Jones, No 110 Poydras street, will commence THIS MORNING at half past 10 o'clock. The Goods to be sold are well worthy the attention of purchasers.

☞ The sale of Musical Instruments, Pianos, &c., will be continued THIS MORNING, at 11 o'clock, by Beard, Claibourn & Co., at No 64 Chartres street. Immediately after the sale of the Stock, the Fixtures will be sold.

[IN ADVANCE OF THE MAIL.]

Per Magnetic Telegraph.

(From the Correspondence of the Commercial Times

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 11, 1846, 2 P. M

The telegraph letter from New York, at 12 o'clock, tells only of stock matters to-day, it being too soon for operations to have transpired in produce United States Government 6s, 107 1-2 a 108 1-4, which is a decline; 5s do, 99; Pennsylvania State 5s improved and sold at 69 1-4; Reading Railroad 58 1-4; Norwich and Worcester, 63 a 68 1-8; and no news yet of the Massachusetts.

☞ We understand that WILLIAM E. ELMORE, Esq., has been appointed Attorney-General of the State of Louisiana in place of Isaac PRESTON, Esq., who resigned.

It is also reported that Mr SHUR has been appointed District Attorney for the First Judicial District in the place of Mr. C. DEFOUR.

FROM HAVANA.—By the arrival of the brig *P Soule* yesterday, we have received Havana papers two days later than those brought by the Title—The only news of importance that we find in them is a statement of the copper mining interest at St. Jagode Cuba. The export of copper ore from that port, from the first of December to the 31st January last past, being two months, amounted to 5,926 tons. Between the 5th of November and 3d December last, there were 2,964 tons of copper ore sold in Swansea, where it is taken to be smelted, and which realized the sum of £37,818,17,7. The ore was selling on the 15th December at £92 to £96 per ton. The Consolidated Mining Company in St. Jago de Cuba, is divided into 18,000 shares, worth 140 per share. The Company of the San Jose mine is divided into 25 shares, and its value is not known; from a rough calculation however, each share may be put down as worth 10,000. There is also a railroad Company in connection with the mines. This road will be opened next month to the public, its principal use being dedicated to the transportation of the ore from the mining district to the harbor, distant about two miles. The Company is divided into 5,000 shares at $100 a share. About $30,000 have already been taken.

NEW WORKS.—Our thanks are due J. C. MORGAN, of the Literary Depot, for the following new publications:

Harper's New Pictorial Bible, No. 47, containing the Acts of the Apostles, with magnificent illustrations.

The Cousin's, a tale of Early Life, by the author of Conquest and Self-Conquest.

The Story of a Royal Favorite—A novel by that very clever writer, Mrs. Gore.

The Wandering Jew, No. 10, Harper's illustrated edition.

VIRGINIA—After an animated discussion, the House of Delegates of the Virginia Legislature have rejected the proposition to call a Convention to amend the Constitution of the State, so as to establish representation upon the basis of the white population. Western Virginia has been clamorous for the change, from the fact that her people possess few or no slaves.

☞ On Monday, the 9th instant, a salute of one hundred guns was fired at Alexandria, in accordance with a resolution passed at a public meeting, in "honor of the Old Dominion, her Legislature, and her People, in consequence of the recent action with regard to the proposed retrocession of the town of Alexandria to Virginia."

☞ The Baltimore SUN of Tuesday says: "The Oregon correspondence came upon the stock market as a clap of thunder—and the passage of the Notice Bill in the House by a vote of three to one, has rendered its adoption, we may say, certain in the Senate. State and City loans have retrograded several per cent since our last semi-weekly report, with large sales. There was but little disposition manifested to operate at the Board yesterday, but at reduced rates."

THE RIVER at St. Louis fell 6 inches within 24 hours following the 9th inst. There was still, however, a sufficiency of water for medium sized boats, heavily laden, to go out.

THE CARBONDALE ACCIDENT.—The only additional information we have in relation to this sad affair, we find in the Wilkesbarre papers of the 4th inst. The *Farmer* says:

"We learn that the bodies of five of the unfortunate men buried by the caving in of the coal roof at Carbondale, have been recovered. One man was found with his legs broken, but otherwise uninjured, and is supposed to have died of suffering and starvation.—The bodies of the rest were so shockingly mangled as to be scarcely recognizable.

[There are yet nine men missing.]

FROM POINT PITTE, GEO.—The schr. Gem, Capt. Tarbox, arrived at this port yesterday from Point Pitte, which place she left on the 5th ult. We learn from Capt. Tarbox that the market for American produce was very dull. P. P. Lumbley was selling at $25 per thousand. No Rice on the Island.

Savannah Republican, 13th inst.

[illegible] The Boston Advocate states that the house of M. F. Brown, on the 27th ult., near Montgomery, was burned to the ground. It was occupied by three families, who lost all their property. The fire is said to have originated in the chimney. [illegible] Mr. Shortliffe, the consular, U. S. Minister, pressed the party to be charity enough to dine.

Official Report.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE—SENATE.

THURSDAY, February 19, 1846.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Mr. Mayo gave notice that he would introduce the following acts

Act to prevent steamboat accidents.

Act to transfer certain appeals from the Supreme Court at Alexandria to the Courts at New Orleans.

Act to provide for the sale of the State lands and other property belonging to the State, under the supervision of the State Engineer.

Mr. MARSH, on behalf of the Joint Committee appointed to examine the Treasurer's accounts, reported that said committee had discharged the duty assigned them, and that the accounts of that officer were in a satisfactory state. He introduced on the report made by him. The Committee also brought to the consideration of the Legislature the fact that there is in the Treasury a quantity of worthless protested paper, which ought to be disposed of. It was a source of trouble to the Department, and figured in the assets of the State, although in point of fact it was of no value.

On motion of Mr. Mayo, the suggestions in relation to the worthless protested paper in the Treasury, was referred to a select committee, composed of the members of the committee on the part of the Senate appointed to examine the Treasurer's accounts.

Mr MARSH, on behalf of the committee appointed to inspect the Treasurer's accounts, submitted a letter from an Attorney at Law, in the Parish of Madison, relative to a vacant succession informing the Treasurer of a composition offered by the curator, subject to the approval of the Treasurer.

Mr FARRAR stated that the gentleman referred to as the curator of the vacant estate in question, was an inhabitant of the district which he had the honor of representing and had the reputation of being worth half a million of dollars. Without doubt that individual would fulfil the obligation contracted. Whether the Legislature would accord the delay asked for, was a question which would properly come before the committee to whom the subject might be referred.

On motion of Mr MARSH, it was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr WHITE, with leave, introduced an act to repeal the several acts creating the office of Recorder of Births and Deaths for the city and Parish of New Orleans, which under-went its first reading.

Mr FARRAR, pursuant to previous notice, introduced the following bill:

—Act to fix the limits of the Parish of Jackson, and to annex a certain portion of the Parish of Union to the Parish of Ouachita. Referred to a Special Committee of three, to wit: Messrs Farrar, Dial and Mayo.

He also offered a memorial on the same subject. Referred to the same committee.

Special order of the Day.

Act for the removal of the Seat of Government.

On motion of Mr Scurry, this bill underwent its final reading and passed.

Mr FARRAR, pursuant to previous notice, introduced an act to abolish Police Juries, and to transfer their duties to the Parish Courts.

He also introduced an act to reduce the Fee Bill of Sheriffs, Clerks, Notaries, &c.

On motion of Mr GARDER, Mr Richardson was added to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

The Senate then took up the resolutions offered yesterday by Mr Taylor, asking the General Government to take measures for the protection of the approaches to the city of New Orleans.

Mr TAYLOR moved for their adoption.

Mr BRESHEAR moved to strike out the word "instruct," and substitute the word "request." Mr Marks called for the yeas and nays upon the motion—Ayes 11—nays 17.

The question then recurred on the adoption of the first resolution.

Mr BRESHEAR called for the yeas and nays—36 ayes—2 nays.

On motion of Mr Taylor, the resolutions underwent their final reading and passed.

The Senate then proceeded to the classification of its members as required by article fifth of the Constitution.—The result of Senators whose terms of office expire at the expiration of two years, those of the second class at the expiration of four years. The following is the result:—Senators of the first class—Messrs Mayo, Sale, Durant, Duper, Allen, Adams, Brunet, Caulfield, Covillion, Farmer, Marsh, Jarel, Garcia, Hunter, Mayo, Nicholas, Marks, Porche and Scott. Senators of the second class—Messrs Bell, Dauney, Prescott, Martin, Bruchner, Dial, Feix Garcia, Kenner, McWhorter, Parham, Porter, Richardson, Scranton, Strickland, Taylor and Wilson.

Whereupon, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 19, 1846.

The Speaker called the House to order at 10 o'clock.—The sitting was opened by prayer by the Rev. Mr Beattie.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the State Engineer relative to certain contemplated improvements in Bayou Lafourche and Red River. Referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements. Mr. Morgan moved to print 500 copies. The motion was lost.

A communication was read relating to the use of the Hall for an exhibition of Mr. Patten, superintendent of the Kentucky Institute for the Blind. The request was granted.

A memorial was submitted by Mr Kelly from James Patton one of the Tobacco Inspectors, praying a relief bill. In the Parish Court, the case of the City Bank vs Andrew S. Barker, occupied the attention of Judge Maurian all day.

☞ Our country friends and city traders, are respectfully informed that the sale of Segars, Wines, Liquors, &c. &c., to close consignments at the store of M. E. Jones, No 110 Poydras street, will commence THIS MORNING at half past 10 o'clock. The Goods to be sold are well worthy the attention of purchasers.

☞ The sale of Musical Instruments, Pianos, &c., will be continued THIS MORNING, at 11 o'clock, by Beard, Claibourn & Co., at No 64 Chartres street. Immediately after the sale of the Stock, the Fixtures will be sold.

[IN ADVANCE OF THE MAIL.]

Per Magnetic Telegraph.

(From the Correspondence of the Commercial Times

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 11, 1846, 2 P. M

The telegraph letter from New York, at 12 o'clock, tells only of stock matters to-day, it being too soon for operations to have transpired in produce United States Government 6s, 107 1-2 a 108 1-4, which is a decline; 5s do, 99; Pennsylvania State 5s improved and sold at 69 1-4; Reading Railroad 58 1-4; Norwich and Worcester, 63 a 68 1-8; and no news yet of the Massachusetts.

☞ We understand that WILLIAM E. ELMORE, Esq., has been appointed Attorney-General of the State of Louisiana in place of Isaac PRESTON, Esq., who resigned.

It is also reported that Mr SHUR has been appointed District Attorney for the First Judicial District in the place of Mr. C. DEFOUR.

FROM HAVANA.—By the arrival of the brig *P Soule* yesterday, we have received Havana papers two days later than those brought by the Title—The only news of importance that we find in them is a statement of the copper mining interest at St. Jagode Cuba. The export of copper ore from that port, from the first of December to the 31st January last past, being two months, amounted to 5,926 tons. Between the 5th of November and 3d December last, there were 2,964 tons of copper ore sold in Swansea, where it is taken to be smelted, and which realized the sum of £37,818,17,7. The ore was selling on the 15th December at £92 to £96 per ton. The Consolidated Mining Company in St. Jago de Cuba, is divided into 18,000 shares, worth 140 per share. The Company of the San Jose mine is divided into 25 shares, and its value is not known; from a rough calculation however, each share may be put down as worth 10,000. There is also a railroad Company in connection with the mines. This road will be opened next month to the public, its principal use being dedicated to the transportation of the ore from the mining district to the harbor, distant about two miles. The Company is divided into 5,000 shares at $100 a share. About $30,000 have already been taken.

NEW WORKS.—Our thanks are due J. C. MORGAN, of the Literary Depot, for the following new publications:

Harper's New Pictorial Bible, No. 47, containing the Acts of the Apostles, with magnificent illustrations.

The Cousin's, a tale of Early Life, by the author of Conquest and Self-Conquest.

The Story of a Royal Favorite—A novel by that very clever writer, Mrs. Gore.

The Wandering Jew, No. 10, Harper's illustrated edition.

VIRGINIA—After an animated discussion, the House of Delegates of the Virginia Legislature have rejected the proposition to call a Convention to amend the Constitution of the State, so as to establish representation upon the basis of the white population. Western Virginia has been clamorous for the change, from the fact that her people possess few or no slaves.

☞ On Monday, the 9th instant, a salute of one hundred guns was fired at Alexandria, in accordance with a resolution passed at a public meeting, in "honor of the Old Dominion, her Legislature, and her People, in consequence of the recent action with regard to the proposed retrocession of the town of Alexandria to Virginia."

☞ The Baltimore SUN of Tuesday says: "The Oregon correspondence came upon the stock market as a clap of thunder—and the passage of the Notice Bill in the House by a vote of three to one, has rendered its adoption, we may say, certain in the Senate. State and City loans have retrograded several per cent since our last semi-weekly report, with large sales. There was but little disposition manifested to operate at the Board yesterday, but at reduced rates."

THE RIVER at St. Louis fell 6 inches within 24 hours following the 9th inst. There was still, however, a sufficiency of water for medium sized boats, heavily laden, to go out.

THE CARBONDALE ACCIDENT.—The only additional information we have in relation to this sad affair, we find in the Wilkesbarre papers of the 4th inst. The *Farmer* says:

"We learn that the bodies of five of the unfortunate men buried by the caving in of the coal roof at Carbondale, have been recovered. One man was found with his legs broken, but otherwise uninjured, and is supposed to have died of suffering and starvation.—The bodies of the rest were so shockingly mangled as to be scarcely recognizable.

[There are yet nine men missing.]

FROM POINT PITTE, GEO.—The schr. Gem, Capt. Tarbox, arrived at this port yesterday from Point Pitte, which place she left on the 5th ult. We learn from Capt. Tarbox that the market for American produce was very dull. P. P. Lumbley was selling at $25 per thousand. No Rice on the Island.

Savannah Republican, 13th inst.

[illegible] The Boston Advocate states that the house of M. F. Brown, on the 27th ult., near Montgomery, was burned to the ground. It was occupied by three families, who lost all their property. The fire is said to have originated in the chimney. [illegible] Mr. Shortliffe, the consular, U. S. Minister, pressed the party to be charity enough to dine.

LIST OF VESSELS
Cleared, Sailed and Up for New Orleans.

COASTWISE PORTS.

NEW YORK.

Ship Wabash, Hathaway ..... sailed Feb 11
Ship Vicksburg, Berry ..... to sail Feb 11
Ship Oswego, Johnston ..... to sail Feb 14
Ship Sultana, Drumm ..... cleared Feb 4
Ship Charlemagne, Packard ..... cleared Feb 6
Ship Warsaw, Schander ..... soon
Ship Jessica, Jackson ..... cleared Jan 24
Bark Allers, Merrick ..... cleared Jan 26
Bark Dana, Smith ..... to sail Feb 10
Bark Aphrodite, Blake ..... to sail Feb 11
Brig Port Leon, Curtis ..... cleared Jan 26
Brig Alabaman, Lynch ..... cleared Jan 12
Brig Forest, Wilson ..... to sail soon
Schr Gentleman, Baker ..... cleared Jan 31
Schr John, Henley ..... soon

BOSTON.

Ship Newton, Sears ..... cleared Dec 12
Ship Lagrange, Winchell ..... cleared Jan 25
Ship Monsoon,