The New-Orleans Bee.

No. 65, VOL. VIII.—NEW SERIES.
VOL. XIX.—WHOLE No. 5050.

LEGAL ADVERTISING PAPER.—NEW-ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 19, 1846.

MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS,
No. 81 Chartres street.

TERMS OF THE BEE:

DAILY PAPER (one year in advance).....$12 00
COUNTRY PAPER. Semi-weekly, (one year in advance).....5 00

If at any time the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing, before he can be allowed to discontinue.

ADVERTISING—The dollar for every TEN lines, for each language, on the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent one. No Advertisement inserted for less than one dollar for each language.

Advertisements not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines, for each language and for each insertion.

☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business.

MAGNE & WEISSE.

OFFICIAL.

☞ NOTICE is hereby given that a contract has been entered into between the undersigned and Messrs MAGNE & WEISSE, Proprietors of the BEE Newspaper for the publication, during the ensuing calendar year (1846) of all the advertisements required by the act of March 16th, 1843, for the price of *ONE DOLLAR* for every hundred words for each publication and in each language.

WM. DERBIGNY, State Treasurer.
ROBT C. NICHOLAS, Sec'y of State.

New Orleans, 27th Dec. 1845.

Thursday morning, March 19, 1846.

The Oregon Question.

In the report of the proceedings of the United States Senate on Monday the 9th, Mr. Colquitt is stated to have remarked that he did not know how the Senate would vote on the amendment to the Oregon resolutions proposed by him, but that if he might judge from the views and opinions which had been expressed, he was inclined to think that two-thirds of the Democratic Senators would show by their votes that they are in favor of a compromise short of the line of 54° 40'. Mr HANNEGAN expressed his dissent from this opinion, whereupon Mr COLQUITT observed that certainly more than half would do so, and that when the vote was taken the fact would be proved.

We have very little doubt that Mr COLQUITT knows what he is saying, and understands tolerably well what the President desires. The advocates of our exclusive title profess confidence, while the friends of compromise feel it. The language of ALLEN & HANNEGAN exhibit little more than the headstrong and daring views of men who are determined to peril every thing in the prosecution of their own uncompromising opinion; that of Messrs COLQUITT and HAYWOOD, looks marvellously as if the Speakers had made themselves previously acquainted with the sentiments of the Executive, and were disposed to echo them in advance.

In connection with this subject, it may not be out of place to mention that the ultraists, who have become seriously alarmed at the tone of the moderate party, recently paid a visit to Mr POLK, for the charitable purpose of pumping him; but from all accounts they got nothing better than cold water for their pains. It seems that when these gentlemen applied to the President to learn exactly where he stood, and what were his opinions, he very coolly referred them to his message of December last. Mr HANNEGAN exhausted diplomatic skill in the effort to probe the Executive conscience, and ascertain how far Mr HAYWOOD was authorized to make the statements which he did in his speech; but the Indiana Senator could accomplish nothing, and left Mr POLK greatly dissatisfied. These are tolerably fair indications that the President is disposed to compromise. At all events they prove that he is not committed to the exclusive policy sustained by the western Locofoco Senators.

THE ST LANDRY ELECTION.

The Democratic majority in the House of Representatives furnished yesterday, in their action on the contested election of Messrs CRICHTON, GANEY and CALHOUN, an example of impartial justice, unbiassed by political predilections, equality rare and refreshing. By a vote of 59 to 15 the sitting members (Locofocos were ousted and the claimants (Whigs) admitted in their stead. We record the fact with unfeigned gratification. It is an evidence of high principle rising superior to the influences of party, which we are pleased to note, and which reflects honor upon the majority. We are sorry that we cannot extend the same praise to the parties whose seats were contested, and who resisted the threatened verdict of the House to the very last moment, and resigned their seats only when stripped of every shadow of pretension to them.

PROFESSOR MITCHELL'S second lecture will be delivered this evening at the Presbyterian church opposite Lafayette Square and will be illustrated by a number of beautiful diagrams. We counsel our citizens generally to embrace this opportunity of familiarizing their minds with the mysteries of the most sublime and wonderful science ever explored by the human understanding. Professor MITCHEL is fully competent to the labor of unveiling its arcana and making them simple and intelligible. As a public lecturer he is perhaps unrivalled. His style is eminently lucid—his method perspicuous, proceeding by gradations from the simple to the more obstruse; his language chaste and graphic, usually destitute of rhetorical ornament and intended to convey the thought in the plainest and most comprehensive form. His mind is a perfect storehouse of knowledge which he imparts with perfect facility and with an impressiveness that enables his audience to retain it without an effort. As an Astronomer he is profound and erudite—as a popular lecturer he is felicitous, cogent, attractive and interesting.

DEATH OF JUDGE M'CALLISTER.—We are deeply pained in being compelled to announce the demise of the HON. ALEXANDER MCCALLISTER, Judge of the Parish of Lafourche Interior Court, after a lingering illness which he bore with unshaken fortitude, he resigned his spirit to the Almighty on Tuesday last the 17th inst. The deceased was a man of high attainments, rare intelligence, and stainless character. His loss is deeply regretted by a large circle of devoted friends and by none more than the citizens of his Parish of whom he was endeared by an intercourse of many years. His remains will be borne from the residence of Mr. RHODES, 105 Bienville street, to the steamboat *Music*, this morning at 9 o'clock. We are requested to invite all of his friends who may be in the city, to attend the procession.

BRAZIL.—The barque *Kathleen* arrived at New York on Saturday from Rio de Janeiro, which place she left on the 17th of January.

On the 15th of January the Sardinian brig DANDI arrived at Rio, having on board Count de St. Martin, Minister from his Majesty, the King of Sardinia, to the Court of Rio Janeiro; and also Monseigneur, Bedini, the Apostolic Nuncio, with his Secretary.

The U. S. frigate Congress, Commodore STOCKTON, sailed from Rio on the 14th January for Valparaiso.

The U. S frigate Columbia, Capt RITCHIE, bearing the broad pennant of Commodore ROUSSEAU; the frigate Raritan, Capt GREGORY, and the Plymouth, Commander HENRY, were at Rio on the 15th January. A portion of the crew of the Columbia were at the hospital upon one of the islands affected with small pox, but were doing well. The Raritan was expected to sail for the Gulf of Mexico on the 20th, and the Plymouth on the 19th for the River Plate.

SUPPOSED LOSS OF A BALTIMORE BRIG.—A letter, received at the Philadelphia Exchange, from Lewes, Delaware, states that a schooner bound to New York, which had put into the Breakwater to repair damages, reports that during the gale of the 2d inst. she spoke the brig *Alfred*, Captain Mason, from New Orleans, in a sinking condition, but was unable to render any assistance, owing to the violence of the storm and from being in a crippled condition. As they soon lost sight of her, it is supposed that she foundered shortly afterwards, and that all hands were lost. The *Alfred* belonged to Baltimore, whither she was bound.

THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES adjourned *sine die* on the 9th instant. The Correspondent of the Baltimore *American* says: Before the adjournment there was a decision upon the great Patent case, as well as upon several others of minor importance. The Court have decided in favor of WILSON in the Patent case, and they have decided that Administrators may take out an extension of the Patents; that Assignees are only protected like grantees in the use of machines actually bought and in use, and not in any exclusive right or rights to make and sell.

That they have no [illegible] the extension passed under the covenants between [illegible]worth & Strong and Earl case, Two[illegible]

There was only another [illegible]ourt. The Court were [illegible]Judges McLean and [illegible]ourt, and the two of ninety [illegible]

☞ The celebrated cloth[illegible] Assembly, for a term of [illegible]ourt.