The New-Orleans Bee.

No. 204: VOL VII.—NEW SERIES. NEW ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 1, 1845. VOL XIX—WHOLE NO. 4904

TERMS OF THE BEE.
SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Paper, one year in advance, - $12
Country Paper, semi-weekly, one year in advance, - - - - - - 5

No subscription taken for less than a year. In all cases, whether the subscription be for the paper only, or to the paper and advertising, it will not be considered as discontinued on the part of the subscriber, unless one week's notice in writing be given previous to the expiration of the year.

ADVERTISING.—One dollar per square, for each language of the first insertion, and half that price for each subsequent one; any alteration from the original advertisements will be charged as a new one. TEN lines are a square from ONE to TEN lines, charged as a square.

ADVERTISEMENTS not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged $1 per square for each language and for each insertion.

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Merchants and Traders, in French and English, $60
Commission merchants, ship and steamboat factors, do. - - - - - 80
Banks, insurance office, public institutions, - 80

To advertisers in either French or English only, a reduction of 25 per cent will be made on the above prices, payable yearly in advance.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to one square in extent, and three changes per week.

ADVERTISEMENTS out of the direct line of business on the yearly advertiser, such as legal, auction, and place notices, houses or lots of ground to let hire or sell, runaway slaves, stray animals, &c., &c., will be charged respectively and at the ordinary rates.

All notices of Candidates for political offices; all notices or articles of a personal nature (when admitted) will pay $2 per square, in advance.

J. MAGINE & WEISSE.

FEE BILL!

A FEW COPIES of the above Bill have been printed in French and English for the use of Courts, &c., and put on pasteboard. For sale at this office. Price $1 per copy. n29

The New Constitution

OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA in pamphlet form, for sale at the office of the Bee, at Morgan's Literary Depot (Exchange).

CARDS NOTICES OF PARTNERSHIP, &c.

JAMES VANCE. MAXWELL LEPPER.
VANCE & LEPPER,
Importers and Commission Merchants,
No. 21 Royal Street,
New Orleans.

NOTICE.—The Co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm of GORDON, WALKE & CO., is dissolved by mutual consent. All the debts of the late firm of A. GORDON, WALKE & CO. will be attended to, and the business continued by the undersigned, under the firm of

A. H. WALKE,
Per procur. C. E. DUBREUIL;
JUAN DE ROANA,
M. J. DE LIZARDI, partner in commendam, per his Attorney JUAN DE ROANA.

NOTICE.—The undersigned have this day entered into a Co-partnership under the firm of WALKE & ROANA, in which firm A. H. WALKE & J. DE ROANA are general partners, and M. J. DE LIZARDI partner in commendam. All the debts of the late firm of A. GORDON, WALKE & CO. will be attended to, and the business continued by the undersigned, under the firm of WALKE & ROANA.

New Orleans, 1st October, 1845.

A. H. WALKE,
Per procur. C. E. DUBREUIL;
JUAN DE ROANA,
M. J. DE LIZARDI, partner in commendam, per his Attorney JUAN DE ROANA.

NOTICE.—The undersigned have this day entered into a Co-partnership under the firm of BEARD, CALHOUN & CO., and will continue the business of Commission Merchants, will also act as Agents for Steamboats, purchase and sell Real Estate, &c. Office No 8 Bonne's Arcade.

J. A. BEARD,
JOHN CALHOUN,
J. R. BEARD.

THE undersigned have formed a copartnership under the firm of LAPETRE & BROTHER, for the prosecution of the business of Commission Merchants, with Mr. J. B. Lapetre, partner in commendam.

J. M. LAPETRE,
J. B. LAPETRE.
No. 118 Hansipe.

COMMISSION HOUSE.
TO SOUTHERN AND WESTERN MERCHANTS.

THE undersigned have formed a copartnership under the firm of DOWLER & WHALL, for the purpose of carrying on the business of COMMISSION MERCHANTS, at No. 2 Commercial Place, Boston.

DOWLER & WHALL, formerly of Merchants Row, Boston.
Refer to Dawes, Ware & Co. Boston.
Messrs. Jas. Whiting & Co. Boston.
Messrs. Wm. Ayres, Esq. Boston.
Messrs. Ward, Dana & Co. New York.
Messrs. Ward, Ingersoll & Co. New York.
Messrs. Thos. Kennedy, Esq. Philadelphia.
Messrs. Fox, Lancaster & Co. Philadelphia.
Messrs. Pitcher, Boardman & Co. Albany.

LEONARD WHALL, late of Albany.

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS AND WHOLESALE GROCERS.

SUGAR, WHALE, NO. 1 LINSEED OILS, Soap, Candles, Tar, White Lead, Black Paint, &c. No. 22 Old Levee Street, New Orleans.

CHARLES A. LAPIERRE,
Importer of Foreign French, British and American
Dry Goods,
No. 5 Carondelet Street, New Orleans.

PETER K. MORTON,
Wholesale Dry Goods Dealers,
No. 25 Magazine street.

HEPBURN & BURPEE,
HAVANA SEGARS,
Have always on hand the old established brands, which they offer at the lowest prices, at the old stand, No. 10 Royal street, New Orleans.

L. Duperron,
FRENCH DENTIST,
No. 29 Bienville street,
Between St. Philippe and Dauphine streets, (Upstairs) offers his services to the public, till 2 P. M. and from 5 to 8 evenings.

ADOLPH K. BROTHER,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
No. 84 Camp street,
New Orleans.

HODGES, WOODS & CO.,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
No. 24 Tchoupitoulas street.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON & CO.,
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,
No. 31 Canal street,
New Orleans.

LEVI GAIL, Commission Merchant respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has removed from Tchoupitoulas to No. 8 CHARTRES ST. which he will open on Monday, Oct. 6th, with a splendid assortment of Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS, adapted to the wants of the Country Merchants, Planters, Ladies, French, Spanish and Creole Gentlemen, &c. &c. Fancy Dry Goods, Jewelry, Perfumery, &c. which will be sold at a small advance upon first cost. o14

LIQUORS.—The subscriber offers for sale the following American Liquors: 16 bbls. Monongahela whiskey, 3 years old; 30 half do. 3 years old, 36 bbls old Bourbon do. 5 years do, for sale by

SMITH BRYAN, 30 Customhouse.

WILEY & PUTNAM'S LIBRARY OF CHEAP READING No. 37. The Twins and Heart, by Marie Farquhar Tupper, author of "The Crook of Gold," &c. Just received and for sale at the New Orleans Bookstore, Warehouse and Emporium for Standard, Miscellaneous, Polite, and School Literature

J. S. STEEL,
o31 14 Camp

CHEESE.—10 casks prime Gouhen cheese, just received and for sale by
o31 FOSDICK & BRO. 74 Camp

NEW ORLEANS BEE

J. MAGINE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS.
NO. 81 CHARTRES STREET.

Official Journal of the State,
AND COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY No. 3

WHIG CANDIDATES.

FOR GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM DEBUYS,
FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,
EDWARD SPARROW.

NEW-ORLEANS.
SATURDAY MORNING, NOV. 1, 1845.

THE NORTHERN MAIL failed yesterday from beyond Mobile.

THE NEW CONSTITUTION.

On Monday next, the 3d instant, the New Constitution will be submitted to the people of Louisiana, for their ratification or rejection. As far as our city is concerned, maugre the exhortations of the press, considerable apathy appears to prevail, and we shall not be surprised at a material diminution of the usual vote. This must not, however, be ascribed to any hostility towards the New Constitution. On the contrary, the impression is universal that that instrument will be ratified by a majority of five or ten to one. We know in fact of no organised opposition to it, and we are persuaded that if the vote on its adoption be as we imagine, comparatively inconsiderable, it will be simply because the friends of the New Constitution feeling certain of success, are indisposed to employ unusual exertion in order to attain it.

We hold, nevertheless, that it is the duty of every suffragan in the State to record his verdict on this occasion. A radical reform of the organic law is a matter affecting the interests and opinions of the citizens at large. It comes home to the bosoms and business of men. It places them in a different relation towards the Government from that in which they were accustomed to stand. It is a change of a most momentous character—one which every voter is bound conscientiously to examine, and deliberately to decide upon. Having no apprehension of the defeat of the New Constitution, we are sincerely desirous of obtaining a full and complete expression of the popular sentiment on Monday next—We trust, therefore, that the citizens generally will conceive themselves obligated to record their suffrages at the polls, in order that in the highly probable event of the adoption of the New Constitution, it may not be said that the fundamental law of the State was ratified by a minority vote.

That the New Constitution contains many features supremely distasteful to the citizens of New Orleans, is a proposition too plain for argument. The odious proscription to which this great Commercial Emporium has been made the victim, by being forever debarred from becoming the seat of Government; the unjust and despotic manner in which the city has been deprived of her just quota of representation, and cut up and carved out into a vast number of petty electoral districts—these are grave subjects of complaint. But it must be remembered, that one of the most important and wholesome provisions in the Constitution places it in the power of the people to rectify any error committed by its framers, and to alter and amend those features which the passions or prejudices of the Convention may have engrafted upon it. Moreover the Constitution contains many excellent provisions—many articles and sections intended to enlarge popular liberty and promote popular intelligence and happiness; and these will ladies thousands to sanction it, who feel acutely and indignantly the wrong and outrage which have been perpetrated on the city of New Orleans.

Before closing, we must refer to a passage in the leading article of yesterday's *Jeffersonian Republican*, in which it is clearly stated that those who vote for the New Constitution, cannot vote against JOHNSON and LANDRY. The writer deceives himself and his party by such preposterous assertions. The New Constitution will be approved by a majority of both parties. In those parishes where the population is exclusively Anglo Saxon, few or any votes will be polled against it. In the Second Municipality, which is big to the core, no doubt not the Constitution will receive a heavy majority. The strongest whig as well as locofoco parishes will alike vote for its ratification. We are at a loss then to imagine from what possible mode of ratification the *Jeffersonian Republican* deduces the conclusion that those who sustain the new organic law must needs vote for JOHNSON and LANDRY. The writer of this article will give the New Constitution his hearty support; it is needless to add that he votes *against* JOHNSON and LANDRY. There are thousands of whigs in our State who will do the same. There is no possible connection between the two elections, and locofocism may as well cease its attempts to blend the two questions, or to persuade the people that because the New Constitution will doubtless be ratified, Ergo JOHNSON and LANDRY are to get an overwhelming majority.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

MR. CALHOUN.

At an extra session of the COUNCIL OF THE FIRST MUNICIPALITY, held yesterday pursuant to a convocation of the Mayor, at the request of the Council of Municipality No. 2, the following letter from the Mayor was read:

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,
October 31st, 1845.

To the Honorable the President and Members of the Council of Municipality No. One.

GENTLEMEN—I have taken the liberty to call an extra sitting of your Honorable Body, in order to inform you that, on the 28th of this month, the Council of the Second Municipality passed a resolution, whereby their President is authorised to confer with the Mayor and Councils of the respective municipalities upon the adoption of such arrangements as will ensure a proper reception of the Hon. JOHN C. CALHOUN, on South Carolina.

A copy of that Resolution having been transmitted to your President, who, I am sure, will readily submit it to your consideration, I will not go beyond soliciting your attention (which, fully confident that you will adopt on that subject, such measures as will prove worthy of yourselves and of the distinguished citizen whose presence in our city is daily expected.

Respectfully, Gentlemen,
Your most obt. servt.
E. MONTEGUT, Mayor.

The resolution of the Council of the Second Municipality was read.

Mr. Peire introduced the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted, after suspending the rules:

Resolved that the President of this Council communicate with his Hon. the Mayor of this city, for the purpose of offering the hospitality of this City to the Hon. John C. Calhoun of South Carolina, and he is hereby authorised to co-operate with the Mayor and Recorders of the respective Municipalities of this city in carrying into effect such arrangements as will ensure a proper reception of this distinguished individual.

In pursuance with the above resolutions his Honor the Mayor and the Recorders of the respective Municipalities met, as a Committee of Arrangements, last evening.

It was resolved that a letter of invitation be forthwith transmitted to Mr. Calhoun, by a special messenger, tendering to him the hospitalities of the city.

Suitable apartments for his accommodation during his sojourn in the city have been selected at the St. Louis Hotel.

Major General Lawis, having tendered the services of the Military under his command, to receive with all due honors the DISTINGUISHED STATESMAN, they were promptly accepted by the committee.

☞ It is with deep regret we announce to our readers the demise of Brigadier General CHARLES CUVELLIER, who departed this life last evening, at eight o'clock.

MEMPHIS CONVENTION.—We understand that a public meeting will be called by the Mayor, to be holden on Wednesday evening next, for the purpose of appointing Delegates to the great South Western Convention, to be held at Memphis on the 12th of this month.

☞ A man named Mark Laporte, was brought before Recorder Lewis of the Third Municipality, on Thursday, to answer to the charge of having committed a rape upon the person of Mary Ann Tach, aged about 15 years. The girl, who is a simple female, of a character of a parallic affection, and at times subject to derangement, together with her mother, (who served as housekeeper,) had lived for a length of time with Laporte. In consequence of the crime having been committed some ten months since—the fruits of it, in the shape of a blooming babe two weeks old, was produced in Court. The Recorder decided that the charge could not be sustained. Civil proceedings we understand, will be resorted to in the premises.

☞ There was no business transacted yesterday by the Grand Jury, in consequence of there not being a quorum of members present.

SHORTEST PASSAGE ON RECORD.

The ship *Shakspeare*, Capt. Rose, arrived at this port yesterday morning in the remarkable short passage of eight days from New York to the Balize.

☞ The number of vessels which have entered the port of New Orleans, during the month of October, is 85 ships, of which 23 are from foreign ports.
26 barques, of which 4 are from foreign ports.
13 brigs, of which 4 are from foreign ports.
23 schooners, of which 16 are from foreign ports.
And 6 steamships.

164 ships, of which 47 were from foreign ports.

The number of vessels cleared during the same period was—34 ships, 8 barques, 13 brigs and 23 schooners—total 88 vessels.

(Correspondence of the Bee.)
NAVAL—U. S. SQUADRON.

OFF VERA CRUZ, October, 5th, 1845.

GENTLEMEN—Thinking it may be acceptable to you to know the names of the ships composing our squadron before this place, I subjoin their names with those of the officers commanding:

Commodore David Conner having his flag on board the Falmouth, Joshua R. Sands, commander.
Steamer Princeton, Andrew Fitzhugh, Esq., Captain, H. A. Adams, Commander.
Sloop of war John Adams, Wm. J. McCluney, Commander.
Sloop of war St. Mary's, J. L. Saunders, commander.
Sloop of war Saratoga, Irvine Shubrick, Commander.
Steamer Princeton, Frederick Engle, Commander.
Brig Somers, Duncan N. Ingraham, Commander.
Brig Porpoise, Wm. F. Hunt, Lieut. Commanding.

Should you give this place in your paper, it may be acceptable also to your readers as much hard-earned news of those serving in the squadron of their whereabouts. The officers and men all enjoy excellent health and are in fine spirits.

Yours, very respectfully,
NAVY.

TEMPERANCE MEETING IN THE PARISH PRISON.

A meeting of the Franklin Total Abstinence Benevolent Society was held within the Parish Prison on Sunday last, the 26th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M. The prisoners were addressed by Mr. Daly, the President, and Mr. J. B. Taylor, a member, and all seemed to be much pleased and gratified with the meeting. Ten or twelve inmates signed the Total Abstinence pledge and received certificates of membership. The officers of the prison were polite and attentive, and afforded the visitors every facility for conducting the meeting and conversing with the prisoners.

The Society will hold another meeting in the same place, on the morning of Sunday next, at 10 o'clock, and we earnestly call the attention of the friends of humanity and benevolence to co-operate with the Society in visiting this and similar institutions of our city.

MALICE DISASTER.—A correspondent of the *Natchitoches Republican* writing from St. Mary's, under date of the 22d Oct., gives the following intelligence:—

"The brig Apphia, of Bath, Me., H. F. Merrill, master, bound to New York, with pine and live oak timber, went to sea from this port on the 12th instant. On Wednesday 15th, in the Gulf stream, (wind blowing heavy,) the brig sprung a leak, when she was put before the wind. The weather continued bad and leak increasing, she was run ashore on Cumberland Island on Saturday, 18th inst. at 3 P. M., with loss of fore-top-mast and boat stove. The Captain and crew were all saved, but with great difficulty and danger, the sea running very high at the time. Vessel and cargo a total loss, with exception of the sails and rigging, which the Captain and crew saved."

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ALABAMA MARBLE.—We learn, says Thursday's Mobile *Advertiser*, that a marble quarry has been opened within three and a half miles of Talladega, Ala., by Messrs. McKenzie & Taylor, and that workmen from Philadelphia have been employed for working it. The Talladega Reporter says it is inexhaustible in quantity—"is purely white, except there is occasionally a gray line in it, of very fine grain, and susceptible of receiving a very high polish. We have, ourselves, heard the Talladega Marble spoken of as exceedingly beautiful.

PRIZE STORIES.—We learn from the Philadelphia *Dollar Newspaper* that prizes to the amount of $325 have been awarded for the seven best stories, determined by a committee, written for that paper. The successful stories are as follows: "The Cousins, or Glimpses of Woman's life," written by Jane Taylor Worthington, of Liberty, Va., has been awarded the first prize of $100; "The Orphan of the Mines," written by Mrs. M. A. Ford, of Philadelphia; "The Child of Song," by Miss St. J., of Easton, Penn.; and "Love, or Sorry Leaves from a Heart's MS.," by Miss George Ann Sherwood, of Philadelphia, have each been awarded $50; "Ellen Neville, or The Dangers of Infatuation," written by Sidney M. C. Lieton, of Alexandria, D. C.; "Plot with a Plot, or Fides, Sed Cui Vide," by John N. Hoffman, of Castine, Penn.; and "The Widower, or The Cheerful Face and Cankered Heart," by the Rev. J. Dangiers Maxwell, of Boston, have each been awarded $25.

AN AFFRAY.—For the credit of our city we regret to say that an affray took place this morning in front of the Governor's office. Adjutant General Mossy was assaulted by his predecessor, Ex-General Gaby, who came at him with a cane. He was accompanied by Mr. Robertson, the *Marshal of the State*, and made the attack unprovoked. He was quickly disposed of by General Mossy; but much to the satisfaction, we will not again state cause to violence to redress his grievances.—*Columbus (O.) Journal, Oct. 18.*

A VETERAN.—Mr. Martin Demarest, of Franklin, Attakapas, died a few days ago, at the age of 68. He was a veteran of 1815.

SUGAR BOILING has commenced on most of the plantations in Attakapas. The yield is pretty good and of an excellent quality. Many persons anticipated an early frost.

MEETING OF SUGAR PLANTERS.—The *Vigilant* of Ascension announces that a meeting of the Sugar Planters of Louisiana will take place at Donaldsonville, on the 5th November next, to take into consideration matters of vital importance to their interests.

Correspondence of the Charleston Courier.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.

The rumor of the Cabinet changes becomes stronger of late. It is positively asserted that Mr. Buchanan is about to leave the State Department for the Judgeship, that Mr. Walker will succeed him; that Mr. Mason will succeed Mr. Walker, and that Mr. Barton, the present Solicitor of the Treasury, will be appointed Attorney General. I am inclined to think that there is some foundation for this rumor. But I am quite certain that Mr. Walker will not leave the Treasury Department until the fate of his system of finance is decided. It is impossible that, pledged as he is to see all his influence and efforts, as Secretary of the Treasury, for the "reduction of the tariff to the revenue standard," he can leave his post before his object shall be accomplished, or until it shall have failed after every exertion. Would he leave his post now it would place him in a doubtful situation, but one that has a parallel in the sudden abandonment of the financial department by Mr. Gallatin, at the declaration of the war of 1812. Mr. Gallatin left the Department, according to Mr. Clay, for the purpose of saving his reputation as a financier. He had succeeded well when there was nothing to be done.—But when the day of trial came Mr. Gallatin was too well aware of its difficulty and hazard to stick by his post, and he exchanged it, according to Mr. Clay, for a European mission, founded on the bombing of a Russian mediation, which, as Mr. Clay explained, was got up by Mr. Gallatin himself. Mr. Walker stands in a position far more responsible than Mr. Gallatin in 1812. He has a task before him of as much difficulty, and he cannot shrink from it.

Who shall be the next Speaker of the House is now a question of some interest. Mr. Charles J. Ingersoll, Mr. Hopkins, of Virginia; Mr. R. M. T. Hunter, of Virginia; and Mr. John W. Davis, of Indiana, are the prominent candidates.

The House will not give this station to Virginia, you may rely upon that. The question is between Mr. Davis and Mr. Ingersoll—between the West and the North. It is a matter of some importance to the country. The nation has some feeling in the matter. They wish to see in that position a man prominent in talent and public character. No one can be in doubt upon the question as respects the two individuals. At the same time that Mr. Davis is highly respectable, I would prefer him to Mr. Ingersoll, as Chairman of the Committee of the Whole, but as Speaker Mr. Ingersoll is the man.

A LEGACY.—The following is an extract from the will and testament of Col. George Mason, of Virginia, and we commend it to the careful attention of American youth, as embodying sentiments worthy of imitation:

"I recommend to my sons, from my own experience in life, to prefer the happiness of independence and a private station to the trouble and vexations of public employments; but if either their country, or the necessity of the time, should engage them in public affairs, I charge them, on a father's blessing, never to let the pursuit of private emoluments induce them to betray, nor the terrors of poverty and disgrace, or of death, deter them from asserting the liberty of their country, and endeavoring to transmit to their posterity, those sacred rights to which themselves were born."

MANUFACTURES IN RUSSIA.—A letter from A. P. Gibson, Esq. U. S. Consul at St. Petersburg, under date of August 30th, says:—

"The quantity of cotton imported this year direct from the United States is 6,292,218 pounds; whereas the highest import heretofore was 3,150,600 pounds, in 1843. This year Russia should not change their present policy in respect to their encouragement of manufacturing establishments. Russia will become a great consumer of the manufactures of spinning establishments in constantly on the increase, and it is estimated, by competent judges, that, by the end of this year, there will be in operation, in the whole empire, from 800,000 to 1,000,000 of spindles."

MYSTERIOUS IN SUDBURY STREET.—We learn from Mr. Sherwell of Sudbury, says the *Worcester Transcript*, that one engaged during last week, in moving a large house, to make room for an extra sized block of stores, on the Dr. Stearns's corner, at the corner of Sudbury and Court streets in Boston that, on Friday, while digging for the new foundation in a corner of the cellar and within the surface of the ground, the workmen discovered a vault bricked up on each side, with a flat bottom and, with a space of 1 2 feet long and 18 inches wide, the whole covered with bricks to the thickness of 3 bricks, and the bricks laid in mortar. Some of bricks had been removed, several blows with a heavy crow bar were necessary to break into the cavity. The workmen were much excited, expecting to find a hidden treasure, when, lo and behold, it contained but a human bones in a state of great preservation! Even the hair remained on the scull! When, by whom, or for what purpose, the vault was made and its dead enclosed, are questions involved in profound mystery.—*Boston Times.*

THE ANTI-TARIFF PARTY.

Their "Jeffersonian and Jacksonian" Friends.

To such members of the great Democratic family, who oppose the tariff, yet take every occasion to boast of their "*Jeffersonian and Jacksonian Principles*," we commend the following article:

From the Louisville Journal.

JEFFERSON, JACKSON AND PROTECTION.—The Locofocos of the present day are exceedingly boastful of their political descent from the "apostle of democracy," Thomas Jefferson. Of Wednesday, when all the conventions, conventions, and other assemblages, that, after avowing themselves devout believers in the doctrines of Jefferson, they proceed to resolve that the manufacturing establishments in this country are great curses. The unwashed portion of these assemblages have imbibed the opinion from their demagogue instructors, that Jefferson infects as much hatred towards all those serving in the squadron of their whereabouts. The officers and men all enjoy excellent health and are in fine spirits. Yours, very respectfully,

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DIED—Last evening at 8 o'clock, Brigadier General CHARLES CUVELLIER. The funeral will take place on Sunday next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. The friends and acquaintances, his aide-de-camps and brother Masons, are invited to attend the funeral. The body to be deposited in the Arsenal.

LATEST DATES.

Boston	Oct 20	London	Oct 5
New York	Oct 21	Liverpool	Oct 4
Philadelphia	Oct 20	Havre	Sept 25
Washington	Oct 22	Hyres	Sept 25
Baltimore	Oct 20	Messina	Sept 11
Charleston	Oct 20	Tampico	Sept 27
Cincinnati	Oct 22	Vera Cruz	Sept 23
St. Louis	Oct 18	Bremen	Oct 21
Havana	Oct 20	Gottenburg	Oct 21

COMMERCIAL.

NEW-ORLEANS, FRIDAY NIGHT,
October 31, 1845.

COTTON—Arrived since the 28th instant, of Louisiana and Mississippi, 10,118 bales, Tennessee 3,766, Alabama 1,204, Lake ec, Florida 31—together 14,811 bales. Cleared in the same time, for Liverpool 5,007 bales; Glasgow 1,100, Havre 1,446, Havana 258, New York 766—together 8,577 bales, making an addition to stock of 6,234 bales; and leaving on hand, inclusive of all on shipboard not cleared this day, a stock of 164,981 bales.

STATEMENT OF COTTON.

1845 Sept. 1, stock on hand		7,566
Received this week	14,814	
previously	164,397	
		169,211
		177,777
Exported this week	8,219	
previously	84,456	
		92,675
Stock		164,981

Our report of Tuesday last, left the Cotton market in an unsettled state, owing to the unfavorable character of the Europ-an accounts per *Hibernia* steamer. The letters which came to hand on the day following, rendered still further in suspense the market, and embarrassed holders, moreover, very desirous of realizing under which circumstances the sales reached 6,000 bales, at a further decline of ¼ cent on the depressed rates of the day preceding. Yesterday, the market exhibited a somewhat better aspect, the demand still being stronger than to buy, and the business, which amounted to 4,000 bales, was effected at a further decline of ¼ cent for shippers. This morning, there was a more general enquiry, but the sales did not come up to yesterday's mark, having comprised about 4,000 bales. Most of this business has been done on English account.

The sales of the week have reached 26,000 bales, and those of the past three days 12,000 bales, and in other hands unsold, Louisiana and Mississippi, 5 to 8 cts. at 7¼.—16c. at 7¼.—6 at 7c.—10c at 7¼. 5-8 at 7 5-16. 2 c at 7¼.—6 1 at 7 1-16.—110 at 6 15-16. 110 at 7¼.—21 at 6¾.—450 at 7¼.—55 at 7¼.—207 at 7¼.—34 at 7¼. 3 to c. 7¼.—41 at 6¾.—272 at 6¾.—86 at 6¾.—92 at 7c.—20 at 7¼.—300 at 7c.—200 at 7c.—201 at 7¼.—200 at 7¼. 141 at 7¼.—64 at 7c.—50 at 7¼.—86 at 7c.—340 at 7¼.—50 at 7¼.—50 at 7¼.—200 at 7c.—200 at 7¼.—60 at 7¼. 200 at 7¼.—237 at 7¼.—76 at 7¼.—86 at 7¼.—340 at 7¼.—50 at 7¼.—50 at 7¼.—20 at 7¼.—112 at 7¼.—300 at 7¼.—215 at 7¼.—200 at 7¼.—200 at 7¼.—427 at 7¼.—147 at 7¼.—1,000 at 7¼.—Florida, lot sales at 6¾ cents.

Upland Cotton—Louisiana and Mississippi.

Interior	6¾@6¾
Orleans	6¾@6¾
Middling	7¼@7½
Good middling	7½@7¾
Middling fair	7¾@8
Fair	7¾@8
Good fair	8@8¼
Good ordinary	6¾@7

TOBACCO—The market exhibits the same degree of dullness which we remarked in our last review. The stock is so very limited that transactions are confined to small lots, which are readily sold at our quotations, viz: Inferior $2½, Common $3@3½, Fair $4@5, Fine $6@8½.

FLOUR—Since Tuesday last, the sales amount to about 18,000 bbls. Louisiana and Mississippi, 5 to 6 at 7¼.—16c. at 7¼.—6 at 7c.—10c at 7¼. 5-8 at 7 5-16. 2 c at 7¼.—6 1 at 7 1-16.—110 at 6 15-16. 110 at 7¼.—21 at 6¾.—450 at 7¼.—55 at 7¼.—207 at 7¼.—34 at 7¼. 3 to c. 7¼.—41 at 6¾.—272 at 6¾.—86 at 6¾.—92 at 7c.—20 at 7¼.—300 at 7c.—200 at 7c.—201 at 7¼.—200 at 7¼. 141 at 7¼.—64 at 7c.—50 at 7¼.—86 at 7c.—340 at 7¼.—50 at 7¼.—50 at 7¼.—200 at 7c.—200 at 7¼.—60 at 7¼. 200 at 7¼.—237 at 7¼.—76 at 7¼.—86 at 7¼.—340 at 7¼.—50 at 7¼.—50 at 7¼.—20 at 7¼.—112 at 7¼.—300 at 7¼.—215 at 7¼.—200 at 7¼.—200 at 7¼.—427 at 7¼.—147 at 7¼.—1,000 at 7¼.—Florida, lot sales at 6¾ cents.

☞ The packet ship ROBERT PARKER, Capt Parsons, from New York, is now discharging her cargo opposite the Bed Stores. All Merchandise Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, or they will be stored for their account and risk.

FOSDICK & BRO. 74 Camp.

☞ Ship MANCHESTER, Capt. Bosworth, from Boston. This ship is now discharging her cargo opposite the Orleans Cotton Press, Second Municipality. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee.

J P WHITNEY & CO.
o30 72 Camp

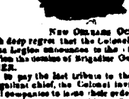
☞ Ship ONDIEKA, Capt Gliddon, from Liverpool, will commence discharging this morning. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee.

J P WHITNEY & Co. 72 Camp

☞ NOTICE.—I Also, Jules Duval, 2 Hoe, J W Marshall, 1 Baldick—consignees per packet ship ROBERT PARKER, from New York, are also the consignees of the following goods to order—2 in a square 19 brls 88 qr casks; C in a diamond 4 sa 8c oil; B in a diamond 4 square do; E 8 casks gin; 8 118 boxes candles; 8 in a diamond 6 60 boxes do—are requested to make known their residence to the discharging Clerk on the Levee, or their goods will be stored for their account and risk.

FOSDICK & BRO, 74 Camp.

LOUISIANA LEGION.



NEW ORLEANS October 31, 1845.

IT is with deep regret that the Colonel Commanding the Louisiana Legion has announced to the Regiment the death of the Legion the division of Brigadier General CHARLES CUVELLIER.

In order to pay the last tribute to the remains of that brave and gallant chief, the Colonel invites the officers of the general companies to assemble on Sunday next, on the Place d'Armes, at nine o'clock A. M. precisely.

The Commandant of the Artillery Battalion is requested to have a gun fired at every fifteen minutes interval, from the square, from sun rise till sun set, until the funeral takes place.

The Colonel Commanding the Legion,
JR DUFOUR.

☞ The officers of the Louisiana Legion are requested to meet this morning at 10 o'clock, at the First Municipality Hall.

ELECTION.

☞ Several changes in the places of holding the Election on Monday next, having become necessary, the Future are hereby announced:

FIRST MUNICIPALITY.

In the Third Ward of the First Municipality, the election will be held at the Commercial Exchange, opposite the Orleans Cotton Press, Orleans street.

In the Fourth Ward of the First Municipality—at the Regular House, in Hospital, between Royal and Bourbon streets.

SECOND MUNICIPALITY.

In the Second Ward of the Second Municipality—at the Regular House in Girod, between St Charles and Carondelet streets.

In the Fourth Ward of the Second Municipality—at the New Bank Exchange, corner of Common and Lafayette streets.

CHAS MAURIAN, Judge.

☞ Carriers will please copy.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,
October 31, 1845.

THE price of fresh Flour being, this day, $6 50 per barrel, according to the Tariff, the Bakers will give 20 ounces of bread, during the ensuing week, commencing on Monday next, 3d November.

The bakers will continue to sell loaves for ten cents, most weigh 10 per cent more, that is to say, 44 ounces.

E MONTEGUT, Mayor.

☞ POLICE—Destroyed at the foot of the parish of St. John the Baptist, an American barge, says the Donaldsonville Chronicle, belonging to Mr. Wells, barge to be named JOSEH, and was sold by Mr. N. C. Hyde, a commission merchant, at No 34 Gravier st.

☞ The proprietor is requested to claim him conformably to law.

Parish of St. John the Baptist, 24th October, 1845.

AN. LUMINAIS, Sheriff.

☞ DOG POUND—Found yesterday morning a Yellow and White Setter