The New-Orleans Bee.

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LEGAL ADVERTISING PAPER.—NEW-ORLEANS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 7, 1847.

[illegible] WEEKS, PROPRIETORS. No. 91 Chartres and 12 Camp street.

TERMS OF THE BEE:

Daily Paper (one year in advance)......$12 00
Tri-weekly Paper, (and weekly; (one year in advance)......5 00

In all cases the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing before he can be allowed to discontinue.

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Advertisements not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines, for each language and for each insertion.

☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business and in extent to one square every other day.

F. G. BARRIERE & CO., DEALERS IN French, British, and American DRY GOODS, No. 20 Chartres Street, New Orleans. DIRECT IMPORTATIONS OF FRENCH GOODS.

J. H. SMOOT, Attorney at Law, AND COMMISSIONER FOR LOUISIANA, je5 1y MOBILE, ALA.

JOHN O. WOODRUFF & CO. No. 93 Magazine street. GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and agents of the Louisiana and New York line of Packets. [illegible]

WILLIAM DAVIDSON & Co. COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 81 Canal street. a17—1y

F. T. BOURNOS, Surgeon Dentist, 95 Conti st., Office open from 8 o'clock, A. M. until 6 P.M.

WM. MUIR, BRITISH CONSUL, 10 Musson's Buildings, cor Royal and Canal sts.

TATOUT BROTHERS—Importers of Fancy Goods, French, English and German corner Chartres and Toulouse streets. f 3

DE FOREST & Co. Wholesale Commission Merchants and agents for the sale of Eastern Manufactured Goods, No. 90 Customhouse street.

J. B. STEEL, No. 14 Camp Street, Importer and Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Stationery. Account Books for sale, or made to order.

J. P. BERCIER & Co., Commission Merchants and Grocers, 45 Old Levee, have constantly on hand fresh Groceries, Wines, Liquors, &c. at moderate prices.

Fashionable Umbrellas.—An assortment of umbrellas of a new fashion, received per ship Nicolas Cenard, for sale by D. B. MACARTY, 238, Bourbon street.

BOOTS, Shoes & Brogans—94 cases now landing from Brig Sterling, for sale by G. W. DUNBAR, 30 Customhouse street.

BROGANS, BOOTS & SHOES—1500 cases in store, comprising a general assortment of goods in the above line, for sale by FROST & Co, 10 Magazine st.

BOOTS, Shoes and Brogans—171 cases landing from brig Sterling, for sale by R. G. HOBBS, 12, Customhouse st.

MEXICAN AND PALM LEAF HATS—assorted qualities, for sale by FROST & Co. 10 Magazine st.

GLAZED CAPS AND HATS, received per ship Louisa and for sale by FROST & CO., 10 Magazine st.

Notice. S. O. VIGNAUD has removed his office to No. 84 Chartres st. up stairs.

STORE to let from the 1st of Nov. next—Store on the corner of Common and Magazine streets, now occupied by Messrs. Hyde & Moss. Apply to NORTH & SMITH, New Orleans.

New Orleans Paper Mill. WRAPPING PAPER, very superior, various sizes. Sugar Loaf, Blue and White Papers, best quality. Hardware and Sampling Papers, do. do. Printing Papers of all sizes—all at lowest wholesale factory prices. may 7 1y A. GORDON, Agent, 6 Front Levee.

DUFFAU has the honor of informing the public that he keeps a stable at No. 118 Bourbon street, formerly the establishment of Mr Brana, where he will board horses and keep vehicles, and hire saddle horses and carriages at the most moderate prices. He will also sell and buy horses. Mr Duffau will continue his practice of Veterinary and Horse Shoeing at No 141 Burgundy street.

JOHN McCARTY, PLUMBER, No. 154 Camp street, HAS just received a new assortment of French Water Closets; also Force Lift Pumps, Beer Pumps, &c., Bathing Tubs and Shower Baths. Laying and repairing Lead Pipes; Sheet Lead work of every description; Ship work, &c. promptly put up and repaired. All orders punctually attended to. Charges moderate.

Louisiana Clothing Manufactory, No 344, St Claude st.—Suburb Treme. THE Subscriber having established a clothing Manufactory in Suburb Treme, on a large scale, is now prepared to furnish to New Orleans and Boston prices [for Cash] 1000 pairs of pantaloons a week—Also Check Shirts, etc. drawers, mosquito bars, and in general all kinds of common Clothing. Linen check pants; linen drilling do; Log cabin cottonade do; Gumbroon do; Camlet Jeans do; Linsey for negroes, always on hand. JOHN BELLOW, Jr. 9, Canal st.

STORAGE! STORAGE!!—The subscribers have ample room for the storage of 5000 barrels, or the bulk thereof, in their fire proof Warehouses on Tchoupitoulas, Notre Dame, Commerce and Julia streets. They are also prepared to make contracts with Merchants, for the storage of their goods, during the ensuing season, on the most advantageous terms, and from the location of their Warehouses and the arrangements made by them, are enabled to offer great inducements to merchants for storage. All goods will be weighed, and drayed either into or out of the Warehouse at the lowest rates. EMERSON, TOURNE & Co., 138 Tchoupitoulas st.

TO PLANTERS AND SUGAR REFINERS. Ivory Black Ink and Blacking.—The subscriber has just received four hundred brls of Granulated Bone Black, of all the required sizes of grain, for Planters and Sugar Refiners. This article having been tested is proved equal in quality to any manufactured in the United States, and will be warranted as such.—Also a large supply of Premium Oil Paste Blacking and Writing Ink, all sizes, Black and Blue. The above is all for sale at manufacturers' prices. W. E. THOMPSON, 96 Gravier st.

A. BARRAUD. Hair Dresser and Perfumer. CORNER OF ROYAL AND ORLEANS STREETS. BEING on the eve of departure for France, offers for sale at cost price, and even below, his recent importations. The perfumery is from Monpelas and other Paris houses, as he makes none himself. Ladies and Children's ready made linen, caps, collars, embroidered and plain cambrick hdkfs; silk, cotton and other hose, garters, parasols, riding whips, marriage flowers, ballet, fans, fancy jewelry, jet, shell and horn combs, &c. &c. For Gentlemen.—Fine and extra fine linen shirts, cotton and colored do., bandanas, cravats, gloves, suspenders, umbrellas, canes, riding and cab whips, fancy articles, glass and crystal ware, mantle ornaments, Verres d'eau, Stands, pocket flasks, powder boxes, scent do., [illegible] combs, brushes &c. Fine and extra fine perfumery, dolls, wigs, hair for braids, curls, toupees, wigs, &c.—Hair dressers will find a large assortment of braids for wigs &c.

MARINE, RIVER & FIRE INSURANCE. THE UNDERSIGNED, Agents for the PELICAN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY of New York, and the Protection and Etna Insurance Companies, of Hartford, Connecticut, are insuring against MARINE, RIVER AND FIRE RISKS on the most favorable terms. Any losses which the above Companies may sustain on Risks, taken at this Agency, will be liberally adjusted according to the usages of Insurance Companies of this city, and paid with prompt ness in money current at the Banks of New Orleans. Office No 47 Camp st. W. R. FOSDICK, G. C. LAWRASON, Agents.

Bebee's Patent Kitchen Ranges. THE undersigned are now receiving, ex ship Auburn, from New York, an invoice of Bebee's Patent Kitchen Ranges, for either coal or wood, respectfully invite the public to call and examine them. These kitchens, besides the advantage of quick cooking with very little fuel can heat water for the wants of the house, baths, &c., a copper boiler, containing 30 or 40 gallons, is placed so as to receive the water from the water works and keeps it hot. House keepers are invited to call at the store and examine one of these kitchens put up to convince the public of their superiority for economy and convenience, over every thing of the kind ever brought to this city. S. MASPEREAU & CO., 22 Conde street.

To Planters, Ship and Steamboat owners. PORTABLE FORGES. THE undersigned, agents for the manufacturers, are receiving some of these Forges, and request the Planters, Ship and Steamboat masters to call and examine them. These forges can be recommended for their solidity and convenience, as they are entirely made of iron, contain within their body the bellows, and take up only three feet space in diameter. S. MASPEREAU & CO, Agents for Manufacturers, 22 Conde st.

Southern Daguerreotype Portrait Gallery and Furnishing Establishment. CORNER OF CAMP AND CANAL STREETS, New Orleans. CITIZENS and STRANGERS are invited to examine our NEW AND IMPROVED STYLE OF PORTRAITS. They will recommend themselves to the favor of the public on a critical examination better than by WORDS in an advertisement. They are warranted NEVER TO FADE. The materials used have been selected with care and are of the best quality. The CAMERA furnished with the most costly ACHROMATIC LENSES imported into this country, possessing great accuracy and quickness in fixing the image. The difficulty heretofore experienced in taking MINIATURES of CHILDREN AND FAMILY GROUPS is overcome, requiring only a few seconds in the time of sitting. Our rooms are handsomely fitted up and no pains will be spared to please our patrons—unless the portraits are perfect and satisfactory, no charge made. We have a large assortment of Gold Lockets and Breast Pins (pure gold) manufactured expressly for Daguerreotype Miniatures. We are prepared to furnish Daguerreotype Artists at New York prices with apparatus and all materials used in the business, wholesale and retail. Medium size cases and plates (best quality) at $3 per dozen. All other articles at the same reduced rates. Orders inclosing the cash will meet with prompt attention and shipments made to any part of the United States or elsewhere. Bills of Lading taken and insurance effected if desired. Address E. WHITE & Co. Ort Neweane

MATCHES. THE public is respectfully informed that the well known FRICTION MATCHES of W. A. CLARK, Woodbridge, Connecticut, can be had at reduced prices from his agent L. A. GI[illegible] [illegible] Chartres Street, near the Ne[illegible] [illegible] Old Levee between the markets, [illegible] constantly on hand.

WINDOW GLASS, &c.—1000 boxes of Window Glass, from 8 by 9 up to 20 by 24, single and double thickness; [illegible] White Lead; [illegible] of the best [illegible]; [illegible] Oil [illegible]; [illegible] for sale by [illegible]

[illegible] DUNCAN KENNEDY, 22 Toulouse street.

The New-Orleans Daily Bee.

Wednesday Morning, July 7, 1847.

Lafayette Saunders.

In the last number of the Feliciana *Whig*, there appears an article in favor of the nomination of the Hon. Lafayette Saunders, as the Whig Candidate for Congress in the Third District. Without the slightest intention or desire to dictate to our Whig brethren of the district, we may be permitted to says that the suggestion of Judge Saunders seems to be eminently happy, and that the republicans of the Third Congressional District would honor themselves and offer high assurance of their intelligence and discrimination by the choice of such a man.

We know Lafayette Saunders well! Throughout the length and breadth of our State, there [illegible] not a man of loftier principles and purer [illegible]ter. During a long and somewhat checkered life he has maintained an unsullied reputation for nobleness of feeling, for moral worth, for generous impulses, for enlarged and liberal views, for a frankness above disguise and an honesty beyond reproach. There is something rare and refreshing in the stern simplicity of his habits, the severity of his judgment, the inflexibility of his principles, and the blameless tenor of his life. Nothing of the suppleness of the mere politician belongs to the character of Judge Saunders. He despises art, artifice and trickery of all kinds. He is a plain, old fashioned, blunt and honest man; never dodges a question or equivocates upon a delicate issue; never seeks to deceive the people, never cherishes two sets of opinions, one for the public ear, and the other for his private friends. There is nothing dubious or slippery about him. In politics as in morals he is governed by the same code of ethics.

Of the talents of Judge Saunders it is almost superfluous to speak. He is well and widely known as one of the ablest jurists in the State; a ripe scholar, a ready and practised debater; a gentleman of fine attainments, and acute perceptions; sound in his judgment, impartial and unprejudiced in his arguments, deliberate and steadfast in his conclusions. Add to these qualities great kindness of heart, a dignity of character that would silence the personal ribaldry which usually awaits a political candidate, and an eloquence of a homespun, but effective nature, that deals in facts, contemns sophistry, and carries conviction to the understanding, and some idea may be formed of the qualifications of Judge Lafayette Saunders.

There is another consideration certainly not to be overlooked under the circumstances. The district has been almost uniformly and hopelessly Locofoco. Its fealty was once shaken when the Whigs brought out a man of acknowledged ability and influence, as in 1840. Judge Morgan then nearly succeeded in redeeming the district. The prospect now is still more favorable. The nominee of the Locofocos enjoys neither the reputation that talent ensures, nor the popularity that is often the guerdon of goodness, even when unallied to intellect. He can be beaten, and we believe that Judge Saunders is the man for the crisis. We trust that the Convention which is to assemble in a few days, will nominate him by acclamation, and that he may be persuaded to forego for a while the *otium cum dignitate* which he has recently enjoyed, to buckle on his armor and do battle for the glorious Whig cause, and under the banner of the Old Hero of Buena Vista. With such a champion we cannot fail.

General Taylor's Politics.

Whether General Taylor desires to be run as a political candidate, and whether he is a Whig or a Democrat are two distinct questions. In respect to the first, we have little doubt that the old soldier would prefer being taken up by the people irrespective of party. The letter recently referred to by the *Delta*, is conclusive on this point. Touching the second question, there is in reality no sort of ambiguity. It is only the Locofocos, who in their desperate anxiety to do something, they reck not what, to cool the zeal of the Whigs in his behalf, undertake to consider Rough and Ready's politics obscure. A mass of testimony on the subject has been recently brought forward, all of which establishes the fact that General Taylor is a Whig—a "Clay Whig," to use his own expression.

The last and one of the best witnesses whose evidence has been taken is General Gideon Pillow. His testimony is valuable, for he is a Locofoco of the deepest dye, and would be but too happy to press the services and popularity of old Zach into his party, if the thing could be done. Well, Gen'l Pillow said while at Columbia (Tenn.) that Gen'l. Taylor is a Whig, and the declaration remains uncontradicted by the Locofoco paper published in that town. As if, however, to make assurance doubly sure, the *Observer* (the whig organ) in its last number reiterates it, as follows:

"We now again state, that Gen. Pillow, while here, said *asserted*, it that better suits the Beacon, that *Gen. Taylor is a Whig*, and is well known to be so in the army. He said it to many; and we are authorized by some of Gen. Pillow's *nearest relatives* to prove that he said it, by the use of their names, if it should become necessary."

It is to be hoped that General Pillow's particular admirers in this City will bear in mind that that officer says he knows General Taylor, and that he is a whig. As Pillow is considered an enormously great man by the Locofocos, and is besides a patent democrat of the first water, our Locofoco brethren will surely respect his statement.

A Good Joke.—A correspondent of the Trenton Gazette states that, on the arrival of the President at Philadelphia, the "supes" of Arch-st Theatre, not wishing to be outdone by their neighbors, threw to the breeze one of the famous flags used in 1844, with the following inscription in the tallest kind of letters, "*Polk, Dallas, Shunk and the Tariff of '42*;" whereupon arose a shout which would have done honor to the *unterrified* of that eventful year. So matters stood for about an hour, when some of the older boys suggested an improvement by *cutting off the Tariff*; thus making, unwittingly, more of the history of Mr. Polk's intrigue for office and of his Administration, than either the young or the old boy's intended.

From Fort Leavenworth.—The St. Louis *New Era*, of the 28th ult., says: "By passengers on board the steamer *Bertrand*, down yesterday from Weston, we learn that four of the companies of Infantry, from this city, have left the Fort *en route* for Santa Fe. The companies that have started are Capts. Wœchter's, Paul's, Shepherd's and Cunningham's. Capt. McNair's company was to leave Independence the day after the departure of the Bertrand, and other companies would soon follow. There has been no farther progress made in the election for field officers. When last heard from, Capt. Shepherd's company was at the crossing of the Kansas. The health of the troops, we are happy to learn, continues remarkably good.

Arrival of Troops.—The steamer *Harkaway*, from St. Louis, brought down as passengers—Majors Dickson and Macklin; Lieuts. Peich and Woodruff with 36 Recruits for the 12th Reg. U. S. Infantry.

Connecticut.—The Legislature of this State adjourned, after the longest session (fifty days) ever held by any Legislature of that State. On the morning of the adjournment, resolutions were passed in the strongest terms of approbation, of the bravery and skill displayed by our officers and soldiers in the Mexican war. The resolutions were prefaced by the following preamble:

Whereas, in consequence of the admission of Texas into the Union, and of the order of the President, without the authority of the constitution or the law, directing troops to march into territory in the occupation of Mexico, a state of war exists between the United States and Mexico, conducted at a great expense of life and treasure, and which may result in the acquisition of large portions of territory, hereafter to be made States of the Union, &c.

☞ The Legislature of New Hampshire, in consideration of the disfranchisement of Thos. W. Dorr, the hero of Chepachet, in his native State, Rhode Island, has granted to that persecuted individual the rights of citizenship in the Granite State. This is a new kink in progressive Democracy.

Georgia.—The Locofoco State Convention of Georgia has nominated Gen. W. Towns, of Talbot, as the party candidate for Governor. The Whigs have not yet made a nomination. They will probably unite upon General Clinch.

Mr. Buchanan, Secretary of State, Governor Mouton of La., Mr. Black, U. S. Consul for Mexico, and Capt. Stein, of Buena Vista, all from Washington, arrived at New York on the 24th ult. Some of them go North with the President.

Late and [illegible] from Tampico.

The U. S. Transport Schooner *Sarah*, Capt. Farwell, arrived yesterday afternoon from Tampico, whence she sailed on the 27th ult. touching at Brazos Santiago, on the 30th. The *Sarah* left in company with the schr. *Maj. H. Burke*, Capt. McDowell, and brig *Joseph*, for this port, via Brazos Santiago. Left at Tampico the following vessels: Bark *Mary*, for New-Orleans, to sail on the 28th; brig *Harriet*, loading; schr. *Home*, discharging. On the 28th, off Soto Marina, the *Sarah* was boarded from the U. S. brig *Hecla*, blockading that port, in company with the U. S. schr. *Flirt*. The *Sarah* left Brazos Santiago on the 30th ult., in company with the schr. *Mitas*, for this port. Saw the schr. *Hornet*, hence going over the Brazos Bar.

Captain Farwell reports that news was received at Tampico the night before his departure, that Col. Cassius M. Clay, Majors Borland and Gaines, and all other American prisoners in the City of Mexico had been released and ordered to Tampico, under a very large military escort. When within 150 miles of Tampico, it is said that the liberated prisoners were met by Gen. Urrea, who detained them as captives, and ordered out all the men he could raise for the purpose of attacking Tampico. It is further reported that, as soon as this intelligence was received, three companies of the 11th Regiment of Infantry which had been waiting at Tampico Bar for transportation to Vera Cruz, were ordered up to the City; and the authorities, fearing an attack, placed every man under arms. It was estimated that including the escort, prisoners, and all others with Urrea, that commander had under him fully 900 men.

DESPATCHES FROM THE ARMY.

The Washington *Union* states that several despatches were received on the night of the 26th ult., from General Scott's camp. Among them is the following interesting letter from General Worth, giving a full account of the skirmish that preceded the entry of the American forces into the city of Puebla:

Headquarters, Puebla, May 15, 1847.

Sir: I have the honor to report, for information of the general-in-chief, that the forces under my command, including the brigade of Major General Quitman, took military possession of this city at 10 o'clock to-day. Halting yesterday at Amozoque, to await the junction of General Quitman, (for which purpose I had shortened the marches of the leading brigades the two previous days,) I found my position suddenly menaced, at 8 o'clock, a. m., by a large body of cavalry. This force approached, somewhat stealthily by a road on our right unknown to us. A rapid examination, as it unmasked itself, exhibited, as was supposed, some 2,000, but, from accurate information obtained here, 3,000 cavalry of the line, unsupported either by infantry or artillery, and moving a mile on our right and toward the rear, led to the conclusion that it was a ruse to attract attention in that quarter, while the real attack was to be looked for on the high road in front, or a movement on Gen. Quitman, who might have been supposed the usual day's march in the rear. It was presently reported that a heavy column was actually approaching on the main road. Thus it became necessary, while directing a portion of the force against the visible enemy, to guard our large train, reserve ammunition, &c., packed in the square, against the invisible.

The 2d artillery, with a section of Duncan's battery under the brigade command of Col. Garland, the 6th infantry under Major Bonneville, with Steptoe's battery, was [illegible]ly moved, and so directed as to rake the enemy in flank.—The head of his column having now reached a point opposite the centre of the town, and distant about half a mile, the batteries soon opened a rapid and effective fire. After some twenty-five rounds, the entire column broke without attempting a charge or firing a shot, and hastily fled up the sides of the convenient hills. Only one company of infantry (of the 6th) was enabled, from distance, to deliver its fire. The broken column was seen to reunite and resume its march in the direction of Gen. Quitman's approach. The 2d artillery and 8th infantry, with two sections of the light batteries, was put in its track, when the enemy again swerved to the left, and disappeared in the hills. Two miles distant, Gen. Quitman was met by the last named detachment. He had already discovered the enemy, of whose approach the firing had admonished him, and promptly taken his order of battle. The discomfited enemy reached Puebla late at night, and evacuated the place at 4 in the morning. We took some prisoners, and found a few dead. The enemy acknowledges a loss of 80 killed and wounded. General Santa Anna conducted the enterprise. Enclosed, marked A. is a copy of a communication addressed, on the 12th, to the civil authorities of Puebla. Again, marked C, on the 14th, with reply to the latter, marked D; also copy of circular, dated 9th, addressed to commanders of corps, to regulate their conduct in certain contingencies on the march. It is understood the force which retired from this city the day before yesterday, and to-day, is to take post at Puente del Texmalucan, distant 12 leagues on the road to the capital, where it is proposed to fortify.—Our reception was respectfully and coldly courteous, but without the slightest cordiality. Incessant occupation has not allowed me a moment, to look into the resources in way of supply; but, Mr. —— says, breadstuff will be had in abundance, less of beef, and perhaps a liberal quantity of small rations.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
W. J. WORTH,
Brevet Major General Commanding.

Capt. Scott, A. A. A. G., head-quarters of the army, Jalapa.

New-Hampshire.—The Locofocos in the New Hampshire Legislature have adopted a series of Resolutions defining their position on the question of slavery. The following is a sample of the love they bear us, and of their fidelity as the natural allies of the South:

"*Resolved*, That in all territory which shall hereafter be added to or acquired by the United States, where Slavery does not exist at the time of such addition, or acquirement, neither Slavery nor involuntary servitude, except for the punishment of crime whereof the party has been duly convicted, ought ever to exist, but the same should ever remain free; and we are opposed to the extension of Slavery over any such territory—and that we also approve the vote of our Senators and Representatives in Congress in favor of the Wilmot Proviso."

It is probable that the Whigs of New-Hampshire will adhere just as tenaciously to the principle of the Wilmot proviso, as the Locofocos, for the sentiment of opposition to the further extension of Slavery is universal in the Northern States. But in the face of the proofs establishing this universality of opinion, can any thing be more sickening than the miserable hypocrisy with which the Government paper and other Locofoco presses in the South, seek to veil the delinquencies of their own party, and to represent the Whigs as exclusive advocates of the Wilmot proviso? In the resolution above quoted, the people of the South will perceive how much truth there is in the assumption that Northern Locofocoism is true to Southern institutions.

To Gentlemen of the Press.—As the Magnetic Telegraph between New York and New-Orleans will be completed by the first of January next, it has occurred to us that the gentlemen of the press who are so deeply interested in the enterprise should enter into some final and uniform arrangement with the Company, by which the intelligence can be obtained upon reasonable terms. That such an arrangement can be made we have not a doubt, provided it is not delayed until the line is completed and the prices fixed. Would it not be well, therefore, for the proprietors of newspapers in the several places where [illegible] are to be established, to hold a convention at some central point for the purpose of deliberating, and if necessary conferring with representatives of the Board of Directors of the Telegraph Company upon the subject? We suggest Savannah as a central point between New York and New-Orleans, and easy of access, and would be glad to hear from our contemporaries [illegible] it would accord with their views [illegible] place. The great [illegible] it appears to us, [illegible] absolutely necessary.—[Macon (Ga.) Jour. and Mess.

The above proposition is one that deserves consideration. It appears to us that some action of the kind is necessary.

Magnetic Telegraph.—We learn that an arrangement has been made with Mr. Haley, proprietor of the Washington [illegible] and New Orleans Magnetic Telegraph, to [illegible] Savannah on the main line of the [illegible].

Mr. Beman Declines.—We regret to learn that Samuel S. Beman, Esq. declines being a candidate for Congress in the third district of Alabama. We hope the Whigs will not permit Mr. Harris to walk over the course.

Destitute Emigrants.—A vessel arrived at Boston on the morning of the 25th ult., from Liverpool, with 190 emigrants, all of whom were in a most destitute condition. The consignees refused to give bonds that these people should not become chargeable to the State, and the vessel will therefore be compelled to proceed to Halifax or some other British Provincial port.

Paupers or Immigration.—There have arrived at the Quarantine Ground, Staten Island, between the 3d of April and the 26th of June, this year, a period of 85 days, 75,000 emigrants, by far the largest portion of whom are Germans, having the means and intention of moving to the far West. Very little sickness has been experienced amongst them.

[illegible] Mr. C. Davis, one of the Editors of this able journal, has disposed of his interest to Mr. Winston.

City Intelligence.

☞ The General Council will meet this evening at 5 o'clock.

Council of Municipality No. Two.—The Council held its regular meeting last evening—Recorder Baldwin in the chair.

The weekly report of the Treasurer was read as follows:

Balance on hand last report,	$12,101 01
Amount received since,	15,750 17
Total	$27,851 18
Disbursed during the week,	21,316 86
Balance on hand,	$6,534 32

A communication from the Secretary of the Council was read, relative to the revision of the ordinances of the Municipality, and asking the Council that a committee be appointed for that purpose. On motion of Mr. Peters, a special committee was appointed by the chair.

A communication from the agents of the steam towboat Caledonia, asking to be exempted from the payment of $63, being the amount of Levee dues, was referred to the committee on claims.

A communication from Henry Lawrence, relative to a judgment rendered in his favor by one of the District Courts of this city, and against the Municipality, was referred to the finance committee.

A communication from W. P. Smith, relative to the establishment of a Museum for the use of the public schools, was laid on the table.

Mr. Peters, from the finance committee, reported against the claims of Mr. Stickney, relative to the renewal of two bonds which had been destroyed. Said report was adopted.

Mr. Renshaw, from the committee on streets and landings, presented a resolution authorizing the surveyor to cause to be dug a portion of Calves Canal for the purpose of draining the rear of Canal street—adopted.

The same member, on behalf of the majority of the same committee, reported that the proposal of Mr. M'Laughlin, for constructing wharves in front of the Municipality, be accepted; and that the surveyor be authorized to contract with Mr. M'Laughlin for that purpose.

Mr. Davern, on behalf of the minority of said committee, presented a report recommending that the proposal of Mr. Miller be accepted in preference to that of Mr. M'Laughlin.

A long debate ensued upon this matter. Mr. Peters remarked, that it is true that contracts ought to be given to the lowest bidder; but in this instance, he doubts very much that Mr. Miller would finish the work in proper time. If the work should be given to Mr. Miller, and if he fail to fulfil his contract in the time specified, the Municipality will lose one of its greatest revenues, that of the steamboats. They will be obliged to go and seek a landing within the first Municipality, for the purpose of discharging their freights. For this simple reason only, Mr. Peters will vote in giving the contract to Mr. McLaughlin who had already faithfully done several works for this Municipality. Mr. Peters will, therefore, vote for the majority report.

After farther discussion, a motion was made to postpone this matter until the next sitting, but it was negatived by a vote of 11 yeas, to 2 nays. The majority report was then adopted by 11 yeas against 2 nays.

Mr. Peters moved afterwards that the majority report be returned back to the gentleman of the 7th ward, Mr. Davern, in order that its language be changed, it being considered unparliamentary. Said motion was carried.

The Council then adjourned.

Recorder Genois.—John Marshall, charged with larceny, was yesterday committed for trial, by order of Recorder Genois before the first district court.

Eli Dubois, f. m. c. charged with assaulting a white person, Mr. Michael Benit, was yesterday discharged; there being no evidence that he committed any assault. But the Recorder, however, ordered that both of them should furnish security in the sum of $500 to keep the peace; in default of which, they shall go to prison for thirty days.

Mr. Daniel Sexton stated under oath, yesterday that he was robbed on Monday night, out of fifty-seven dollars. He further asserted that he believed the robbery to have been committed by an individual whose name he does not know, but whom, if arrested, he can point out to the police. Recorder Genois issued a warrant for the arrest of the party.

James Banks, charged with picking the pockets of Mr. George Gorman, was committed for trial before the first district court.

Recorder Baldwin.—John W. Taggart alias Otis Lord, charged with stealing $110 from Mr. John W. Dickens, was yesterday examined before Recorder Baldwin, who committed him for trial before the First District Court. Mr. Dickens recovered one hundred and five dollars. William Cunningham, arrested also on the same charge, was honorably discharged; there being no proof whatever that he participated in the robbery.

Peter Dolan, the volunteer whom we noticed yesterday as having stolen $140 from James O'Rourke, one of his comrades in the Illinois regiment, was sent before the First District Court.

W. E. Elliot, charged with stealing some eggs, in the Poydras market, was honorably discharged by the Recorder.

Several suspicious characters, picked up the previous night in the streets, were brought up before his Honor and sent down to the Workhouse.

Stabbing.—On Monday evening last, at about six o'clock, Mr. Charles Ettinger was dangerously stabbed with a knife in the face, by a woman named Burns. The stabbing took place in Mr. Etinger's house, situated on Victory street, between Marigny and Elysian Fields. The woman was immediately arrested by officers Ducoing and Salvatory of the third Municipality police, and is now locked up in the watchhouse. Recorder Seuzeneau being apprized of the affair, immediately despatched Dr. Lewis to ascertain the gravity of the wounds. The Doctor had not yet made his report. We have been informed, however, that the unfortunate man is lying in a very precarious situation. Mrs. Ann Etinger, the wife of the wounded man yesterday filed an affidavit against Mrs. Burns. Recorder Seuzeneau will not investigate the case before the man is considered out of danger.

Owners Wanted.—The driver of dray No. 2326 deposited yesterday in the constable's office of the first Municipality, a trunk, a chest, three hides and one basket containing wax. The goods are at the disposition of the owners.

Daring Robbery.—Mr. James Steward was, on Friday evening last, 3d inst., the victim of a most daring robbery. He occupied a room in the house of Mrs. Springfield Mary at the corner of Marine and Custom House streets. On the evening aforesaid, according to her affidavit, Mr. Steward being in his room, saw two individuals get in leisurely, one of whom presented to him the muzzle of a pistol, and the other the sharp blade of a dirk knife, inviting him, at the same time, to give up his purse. Meanwhile, Mrs. Springfield Mary was searching Steward's coat, and finding in the pocket a purse containing $75 in gold, took it and ran away.—The police of the first Municipality have been informed of this daring robbery.

Charge of Swindling.—Officer Dunbar, of the Second Municipality police, arrested last evening an individual named John C. Hart. He stands charged with obtaining under false pretences from Mr. Shoultz, the sum of sixty dollars. The prisoner will be brought up this morning before Recorder Baldwin.

The Murder Case.—The examination of Enos Christian, charged with the murder of the volunteer Frederick Trager, will take place this evening at five o'clock before Recorder Genois.

Unlawful Assembly.—The police of the first Municipality yesterday made a haul in the cabaret kept by Raphael Segrera, at the corner of Burgundy and St. Ann streets, and arrested a gang of free negroes and slaves congregated together in an unlawful assembly. Francois Xavier, Edward Jean, Jean Belair, Nicholas Francis and Jean Joseph, all freemen of color, were brought up before Recorder Genois. They were fined five dollars each. The slaves were sent to jail subject to the order of their masters.

New Orleans Medical and Surgical Journal.—The July number of this able publication is before us. It is marked by several original papers of extreme interest to Medical science. Among them are two by citizens of New Orleans, viz: a Review of opinions concerning the cause of the coagulation of the blood by Dr. Harrison; and an enquiry, there is in the Southern States a specific disease that can properly be called Congestive fever, by Dr. Hart. Part second consists of reviews and notices of New York; Part third is made of extracts from recent medical works; and part fourth contains a general summary of medical intelligence. Under this last head, we are glad to see the editor notices the continued health of our city.

The weather in New York has been intensely hot, a week ago the mercury rose to 90 degrees, at 2 p. m. Here, the weather has been quite pleasant, daily showers keeping the ground moist, and by promoting evaporation, reducing the temperature.

The Bonaparte Residence.—The Newark Advertiser states that the beautiful grounds and mansion belonging to the estate of the late Joseph Napoleon Bonaparte, ex-king of Spain, at Bordentown, were on Friday, sold at auction for the sum of $[illegible] Mr. Thomas Richards, of Philadelphia, was the purchaser. It is said that the buildings alone cost over $200,000. The paintings, statuary, furniture, &c., sold at much lower rates than were anticipated; some articles being sold for half their value. The [illegible] brought from $19 to $1850. Two [illegible] of the best [illegible] "Rearing of the Shepherd," by Rubens [illegible] the portrait of a dog by [illegible]. The picture of Napoleon crossing the Alps, by David, the [illegible] it was [illegible] and sent to Europe.

☞ The Newark *Daily Advertiser* says that Mr. Alexander Dickerson, of that city, has recently patented a mode of melting iron ore and producing bloomed iron, which, in the judgment of men well informed on the subject, is an improvement of the greatest importance, not only to manufacturers but to society at large. Mr. D.'s improvement consists in combining with a closed forge fire a tight chamber, with an opening at the top to fill in the charge of fuel and ore. The value and importance of this simple invention (remarks the Advertiser) will be readily apprehended when we say, as we do on the most reliable authority, that it saves half the coal and half the time required by the old method, and at the same time makes a better article—equal to the best Russia and Swedes Iron.

These statements are vouched for by Col. Joseph Jackson, one of the oldest iron masters in the Union, and by Seth Boyden, Esq., a machinist and inventor, whose opinions do their subjects, the *Advertiser* remarks, give the weight and authority of demonstration.

We mentioned a few days ago that G. W. Barton, Esq., of Philadelphia, had been assaulted and seriously injured by a witness in the Criminal Court, whom he had treated with great severity on account of his testimony. The assault was made outside of the Court, on the same day that the offensive language was used, and the young man who committed it was admitted to bail on the following morning. We learn from the Philadelphia U. S. *Gazette*, that a number of citizens have determined "to test the question of right, hitherto not opposed, of a lawyer, in a criminal case, assailing with violence a witness"—to ascertain, in a word, how far a lawyer may go in his comments on a witness, under the sanction of the Court.

The Crops and the Weather.—The Corn and Sugar crops in general, says the Red River *Republican*, are very fine, while every body is pretty well satisfied with his cotton crop. The weather for some time past has been very cool for the season, and during the last few days we have had copious rains. These are not calculated to do any injury, unless they, as some suppose they will, engender the dreaded caterpillar. It was about this time last year that they made their appearance, and the fears of our planters are therefore now alive about them.

A Riot which at one time threatened to be quite serious in its consequences, occurred in Springfield, Massachusetts, on Friday evening, the 25th ult. The *Republican* of that town says:

"Some Americans in the vicinity got drawn into it, when a pretty general melee between the Irish and the Americans commenced, and was continued till a late hour. The fight consisted mostly in the throwing of brick-bats and other missiles, from one party to the other; each seemed to avoid coming in close contact. A large number of windows were broken and several persons more or less injured. The mob was finally dispersed by the appearance of the Sheriff.

Strawberries and Milk.—A letter from H. C. Seymour, Esq., Superintendent of the New York and Erie Rail Road, to Mr. Marsh, the Secretary, says:

"The milk train of Tuesday night (22d inst.) took to New York 80,000 baskets of strawberries. These baskets are intended to contain one pint each; but say that three baskets contain one quart, which is quite within bounds. Then we had 26,667 quarts, or *eight hundred and thirty-three bushels*. These strawberries will not weigh 65 pounds to the bushel, but say 60, then we had *twenty-five tons of strawberries alone*. The boxes and baskets weigh as much more, so that the freight was at least *fifty tons*. By the same train we had 20,000 quarts of milk, which weigh (a pint a pound) *twenty-eight tons*, and including cans, 25 tons; making a freight of *eighty-five tons* of strawberries and milk. The milk by both our trains equals fifty tons (50,000 quarts) daily; and including cans, 65 tons. The Rockland county people receive nearly $3,000 a day for their strawberries.

Georgia Wheat.—Mr. Jeremiah Clarke has laid upon our table a sample of Georgia Wheat, grown in Monroe county, consigned to him by Mr. Daniel Sampson. The lot was received and sold on the 25th ult., to a gentleman in this city at $1 50 per bushel, to be shipped to Boston. Mr. Clarke thinks that this wheat will compare favorably with the best Genesee, and it certainly looks remarkably fine. We have no doubt that Georgia is destined at no distant day to become one of the largest wheat growing States in the Union.—*Savannah Republican*.

The Crops.—The farmers hereabouts report to us that the "stand" of Corn is very good, although the plant is backward in consequence of the coldness of the Spring and early Summer. The sweet potato vines have put out well, and have a thrifty appearance. On the whole the prospect with our agricultural friends in this part of the State is cheering.—*Wilmington N. C. Chronicle*.

For the Friends of Mr. Clay.—It is stated in the Lexington Ky. *Observer*, as a well authenticated fact, that Austin M. Clarkson, an orphan widow in Green county, and a member of Capt. Moss' company of volunteers, lost his life at the battle of Buena Vista, in attempting to bear off from the field Lieut. Col. Henry Clay, Jr., after he was wounded. He was seen by several of his comrades, towards the close of the battle, bearing off Col. Clay, and after he was found dead near his body. Cannot something be done by Mr. Clay's friends for that lone widow's comfort, now that she is without the protection of her gallant boy? While we are rewarding deeds of bravery, by giving swords, epaulette, &c., let us pause one moment to think how we can render the declining years of the Green county widow comfortable.—*Ohio North Amer.*

From South America.—We have the *Jornal do Commercio* and *O Mercantil*, published at Rio de Janeiro, to the 22d. The U. S. frigate Columbia, Commodore Rousseau, was the only American vessel of war in the port. Captain Pennington, of U. S. Navy, came passenger in the Kathleen. The whale bark Sarah & Esther was still under seizure.—*N. Y. Express*.

Major Noah, by request of a friend, gives a "reminiscence" of the President, in the *Messenger* of yesterday. "In 1843," says the Major, "Mr Polk was in this city, and while quietly, as a private citizen, looking at the various novelties and improvements, he strolled into the Court of Sessions. Seeing him among the crowd, I beckoned him to come up and take a seat on the bench, which, after some importunity and an unwillingness to interrupt the business, he consented to.

"Don't let me interfere, sir, with your duties."

"You do not, sir. We are trying a poor devil for larceny, and the jury has got his case in hand. Come, let us have some chat on matters and things in general."

I meant politics, but it is not proper to say so in court, so we had quite a pleasant talk of the past and future; and by Moses and all the Prophets, had I had a suspicion at that time that he would have been our next President, I would have made him up a cabinet on the spot, and laid down an entire plan of administration, "as I understood it." Well, he left, as grateful, no doubt, at the honor I had conferred on him, and returned to the city in triumph as President on Friday, cordially welcomed by the whole people; and I, in turn, felt honored at his kind inquiries and friendly recognition. In a couple of years, when, according to his own determination, he returns to the "dull pursuits of civil life," he may drop into my little cottage and take a glass of I. C. champagne and a pipe, and talk over freely, and as private citizens, all the measures of the past."

Immense Army.—Among the papers left by a French General lately in the United States, and who was formerly attached to the grand army of Bonaparte which passed the Niemen for Russia, was found a list of that grand army, which, in a few short months, perished by the climate and the shock of arms: "Poles, 60,000; Saxons, 30,000 Austrians, 30,000; Bavarians, 30,000; Prussians, 22,000; Westphalians, 20,000; Wurtembergers, 3,000; Baderiers, 8,000; Darmstadters, 4,000; Gotha and Wiemer 2,000; Wurtzberg and Franconia, 5,000; Mecklenburg, [illegible] and Small Princes, 5,000; Italians and Neapolitans, 2,000; Spanish and Portuguese, 4,000; Swiss, 10,000; and French 250,000. Including 80,000 cavalry, besides 40,000 horses, artillery and train; consisting of 1,300 pieces of cannon." Total [illegible] with the servants, women, and other [illegible] of the army, making a grand total of [illegible] persons—the largest army ever concentrated at any period of history. The number of Russians destroyed in this campaign exceeded 300,000.

By [illegible]

[illegible] 6 P. M.

There is but little [illegible] generally standing [illegible] intelligence, in anticipation of a [illegible]. The sales to day are to the extent of 350 bales.

Wheat continues depressed. The sales amount to 10,000 bushels Gen[illegible] mixed and yellow at 158a161 per bushel.

There has been a considerable demand for Corn to day, but prices are without change. Sales to the extent of 34,000 bushels were made at 90 cents for mixed, 96a98 cts. for flat yellow, and 97a98 cts. for round.

Flour has been steady to-day with a more active demand. The sales were 38,000 barrels at $7a7,12 1/2 for Michigan and Genesee. The speculation in Flour, by sales for future delivery, still continues. Southern is dull at $7 25a7 50.

Indian Meal continues dull, with small sales at $4 50a4 62 1/2.

The general [illegible] seems to be that the [illegible] will be in before the [illegible]. [illegible] has now been out [illegible] days.

☞ Please announce Joseph Bernaviere Lambert, as a Candidate for one of the offices of assessor, for the First Municipality. je29

☞ Please announce D. O. Nadaud, as a Candidate for the office of Assessor of the First Municipality.

☞ Please to announce Mr. E. P. THEARD, as a candidate for the office of Assessor of the First Municipality.

☞ Please to announce Mr. JOE ULYSSES CHEVALIER, as a candidate for the office of Assessor of the First Municipality.

☞ Please to announce that Mr. Felix de Jarnac is a candidate as Assessor of the First Municipality.

☞ Please announce Mr. Frederick Prevost as a candidate for the Office of one of the Assessors of the First Municipality.

☞ Please announce Mr. Louis Emilien Charbonnet, as a candidate for the Office of Assessor of the First Municipality.

☞ Please announce Vernon [illegible], as a Candidate for the office of Assessor of the First Municipality, at the next election.

☞ Please to announce [illegible], as a Candidate for Assessor in the Third Municipality.

☞ Mr. Germain Plesse is a Candidate for the office of Assessor in the Third Municipality, and will be generally supported.

☞ Please announce Louis Montamat as a candidate for the office of Assessor, for the Third Municipality.

☞ Please announce Mr. F. L. Maillous, as a candidate for the office of Assessor of the Third Municipality.

☞ Please announce [illegible] Maurobine, as a Candidate for the office of Assessor of the Municipality No. Three. je29

☞ Please to announce Mr. J. BEAUMONT LIVEAUDAIS, as a candidate for the office of Assessor, of the Third Municipality.

☞ Please announce Messrs. Evariste Wiltz and Ernest Bourgeois, as candidates for the office of Assessors of Municipality No. Three.

☞ TO RHEUMATIC SUFFERERS.—All persons suffering with Rheumatism or contracted cords, in any form may be permanently cured by the use of HEWES' NERVE AND BONE LINIMENT and ELIXIR. [illegible] in the city, and we positively warrant the [illegible] or we will refund the price. [illegible] taken internally, operates specifically and directly upon the affected parts, while the Liniment, rubbed on externally, removes all soreness and pain, and [illegible] the contracted [illegible] by COMSTOCK & CO. 20 Poydras street; where also may be had the genuine HAY'S LINIMENT—a cure for the Piles and all other [illegible] ly7

☞ Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor.—The original and [illegible] always has the written signature of [illegible] "H. DALLEY," on the wrapper of [illegible] General Depot 415 Broadway, New York. Southern Depot, 131 Chartres street, New Orleans.

Carrollton Garden Ball Room. BENEFIT OF FAMILIES BALL. A SUBSCRIPTION List is now open for a Society Ball to be given by the heads of Families, at the above room. The Ball will take place on Saturday, the 10th inst. Apply to Mr. H. RUFFIER, at the office of the St. Louis Ball Room, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

NOTICE.—At a meeting of the Board of Underwriters, held this day, the following resolution was passed unanimously: *Resolved*, That the following clause shall be inserted in all policies against loss or damage by fire on Cotton:— "It is a condition of this insurance, that if the assured shall have more Cotton in the premises designated in this policy at the time of any fire thereon, than the amount insured, this Company shall pay only such proportion of the loss as the sum insured bears to the whole amount at risk." New Orleans, July 5th, 1847. GEO. C. LAWRASON, Sec'y.

Agency of the [illegible] Society OF NEW ORLEANS AND INTELLIGENCE OFFICE. [illegible] STREET, No. 23. PERSONS in want of German Mechanics, servants and laborers, are invited to apply. No charges made.

STORAGE—in the first floor of the fire proof Store No. 26, Customhouse st. Dr. PURENT & Co.

SILK HANDKERCHIEFS—Now landing ex ship [illegible], an invoice of Silk Handkerchiefs, comprising plain and embroidered Pongee and white pongee, brocade and open silk, dittos; Foulard and Bandana ditto; 32, 35 and 40 inches; black Italian and English silk Cravats, for sale by JOHN BELLOW, Jr. 9 Canal st.

HATS—30 cases black and white Russia Hats, in store and for sale by JOHN BELLOW, Jr. 9 Canal st.

HOSIERY, &c.—Just received and for sale by the subscriber:—100 doz. Brown Cotton ½ Hose, assorted qualities; 50 doz. white Merino do; 200 doz. Linen and cotton Hose. JOHN BELLOW, Jr. 9 Canal st.

FLOUR—1500 barrels flour, landing and in store, for sale by JOHN O. WOODRUFF & Co. No. 93 Magazine st.

NOTICE. JOAQUIN VIANCA leaving the city on account of his bad health has given a general power of attorney to Pablo Galpin, his son-in-law, by an act passed on the 25th June last, before Peter Percy, Notary Public.

NOTICE.—The commercial firm of Antognini & Bauer is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Antognini will continue the business and continue the same kind of business, viz. the sale and purchase of Billiard Tables and economical Stoves. Persons having any claims against the old firm are requested to send in their accounts within one week, and those indebted to it are invited to call and settle. je26 S. ANTOGNINI.

NOTICE. THE Citizens' Bank continues to receive proposals for its Real Estate, at private sale as lately advertised in the Bee. V. ALLAIN, Pres't.

DURING the temporary absence of the Subscriber, J. W. PRUDENTHAL, Esq., No. 45 Poydras street, is attending in charge of the office.

DURING my absence from this city, Edward Barnett, Esq. is my duly authorized agent. J. M. WILSON.

JOSEPH M. SHAMS, NOTARY PUBLIC,—Successor to Larocque Turgeaud. Office No. 20, Magazine street, up stairs.

Guns—Guns—Guns—We have received per sundry arrivals from France: 20 Cases Sporting Guns, of the best manufacturer, which we offer very low by the package. H. DE GOER & REPLARD, 21 Magazine street.

NOTICE.—Having this day made Mr. Charles W. Pollard and Mr. Alfred Rodney, interested in my business, it will be continued hereafter under the name and style of Uriah A. Pollard & Co., at the old stand, No. 12 Canal street (Pauline's Row). New Orleans, July 1st 1847. URIAH A. POLLARD.

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the Succession of the late George L. Bevan are requested to present them to the undersigned curator. E. A. BRADFORD, No. 9 Exchange Place.

NOTICE.—In consequence of the retirement from business of Mr. Wm. Barber Jr., the copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in this day dissolved by mutual consent. The name of the firm will henceforth be used by Mr. Wm. Muir, for the purpose of liquidation only. New Orleans, 1st July, 1847. MUIR & BARBER.

The undersigned will continue to transact the Commission business, as previously conducted by him, in his own name and for his own account. WM. MUIR.

SUNDRIES. PAINTS—300 kegs Black Paint; 300 do Paris Green; 250 do Imperial Green; 300 do Pure Verdegris; 15 bbls. Lamp Black; 15 bbls. Yellow Ochre; 10 bbls. Putty in Bladders. Oars and Sweeps—[illegible] from 10 to 30 feet. Whiting—[illegible] bbls., for sale by S. F. LORD, 73, Old Levee.

On Consignment. 270 BALES Brown Sheetings, [illegible] Cases bleached do, 25 bales cotton Handkerchiefs, 10 do Tickings, 15 do Mariners stripes, 15 do Denims, 22 cases small figured Prints. For sale by DEFOREST & CO. 90 Custom House st.

SUGAR—250 Boxes White, Yellow and Brown landing from brig P. Soulé and ship [illegible] from Havana, for sale by TROSSGROS & LAMPRE.

BRANDY—[illegible] packages Otard Cognac Brandy, landing from ship Perriere, from Bordeaux, for sale by [illegible] TROSSGROS & LAMPRE, 26 Old Levee.

CIGARS—[illegible] Havana Cigars, of all kinds [illegible] for sale by [illegible] CABALLERO, 26, Old Levee.

TOBACCO—[illegible] Cuba, for Wrappers and fillers, [illegible] TROSSGROS & LAMPRE, 26, Old Levee.

WHITE GUM—[illegible] White selected [illegible] for sale by CHARLES DUFOUR, 11 Conti st.

VINEGAR—Landing and for sale by the subscriber, 34 casks Pure White Vinegar. [illegible] CHARLES DUFOUR, 11 Conti st.

HAVANA CIGARS—Landing ex brig [illegible] Havana, [illegible] Cigars [illegible] for sale by J. M. CABALLERO, 26 Old Levee.

SUGARS—[illegible] White, Yellow and Brown, in store and for sale by [illegible] CABALLERO, 26 Old Levee.

COFFEE—[illegible] Havana Coffee, in store and for sale by J. M. CABALLERO, 26 Old Levee.

MOLASSES—[illegible] Molasses [illegible] for sale by TROSSGROS & LAMPRE, 26 Old Levee.

2900 [illegible] J. & J. TARDOS, 15 Conti st.

[illegible] TALAMON [illegible]

100 [illegible] J. & J. TARDOS, 15 Conti st.

[illegible] JOHN BELLOW, Jr., 9 Canal st.

Notice of Election for Assessors of Taxes.

BY virtue of a writ of election to me directed by the Honorable Isaac Johnson, Governor of the State of Louisiana, the qualified voters of the First, Second and Third Municipalities of the city of New Orleans, and the qualified voters of that part of the Parish of Orleans situated on the right bank of the Mississippi river, are hereby notified that an election will be held on MONDAY, the 19th day of July next, for two Assessors of Taxes in each of said Municipalities, and one for that part of the Parish of Orleans situated on the right bank of the Mississippi river.

The Polls will be open from the hour of [illegible] o'clock in the morning, until the hour of [illegible] o'clock in the evening, at the usual places of holding elections for members of the General Assembly, or at such places as may be designated by the General Council of the city of New Orleans, for the three Municipalities, and by the Police Jury, for that part of the parish of Orleans, situated on the right bank of the Mississippi River. The election to be conducted under the superintendence of commissioners and Clerks to be appointed by [illegible], conformably to an act of the Legislature, entitled "An act to regulate elections in the parishes of Orleans and Jefferson," approved the 25th January 1847.

The election is hereafter to be conducted according to law, and the returns made to the Sheriff.

1st Precinct. Held at Engine House of [illegible] Fire Company No. 12, on Religious street.—Commissioners: J. S. Bossereau, D. B. [illegible], [illegible] Shannon.—Clerks: W. H. Rondeau; Geo. G. Kirk.

2d Precinct. Held at J. Dusenberg's Coffee-House, lower side of Nayades street, near the Henry Clay.—Commissioners: Alex. Walker; A. D. Coler; W. J. Andrews.—Clerks: A. C. Phelps; Isaac Hart.

3d Precinct. Held at Union Fire Company No. 10, Tchoupitoulas street.—Commissioners: W. H. Hayward; W. H. Garland; Chs. Diamond.—Clerks: J. M. Tanner; H. L. Henley.

4th Precinct. Held at Engine House of Jackson Fire Company No. 18.—Commissioners: J. W. Bingham; W. M. Lee; J. D. Feller.—Clerks: Geo. Jonas; Z. Taylor.

5th Precinct. Held at Engine House of Mississippi Fire Company No. 2.—Commissioners: J. W. McCabe; John Russell; J. S. Chesham.—Clerks: W. F. Pfeiffer; Charles Cook.

6th Precinct. Held at Louisiana Hose Company, corner Chousfield and Prudide streets.—Commissioners: W. H. Hunt; H. F. Cassens; R. R. [illegible].—Clerks: Thomas J. Burke; Jas. F. Waddell.

7th Precinct. Held at Mayer's Coffee House, corner Carondelet and Julia streets.—Commissioners: G. W. Christy; I. W. Smith; George [illegible].—Clerks: H. Penniss; Joseph Hewlett.

8th Precinct. Held at Canal street Hotel.—Commissioners: Richard Hennig; Louis Le Blanc; Richard Richardson.—Clerks: Rene [illegible] de Armas; Valcourt Hertzvise.

9th Precinct. Cabona's Coffee House, corner Bienville and Treme.—Commissioners: A. Lafrandaise; P. Shields; A. Emmanuel.—Clerks: J. B. Poeno; A. F. Gomez.

10th Precinct. City Coffee House, corner St. Peter and Chartres street.—Commissioners: Paul Poissant; Nicholas Gurlie; Texier Dupuy.—Clerks: D. O. Nedond; G. Jaquet.

11th Precinct. Held at Selaga's Coffee-House, Orleans street.—Commissioners: Jules Durel; J. H. Lamothe; J. B. Norra.—Clerks: Aug. Denis; Aug. Lamothe.

12th Precinct. Treme Exchange, corner Treme and Orleans streets.—Commissioners: Adolphe Lange; Fred. Buisson; Clement Rabasse.—Clerks: John B. Wiltz; Charles Cabanne.

13th Precinct. Engine House Hospital street, between Royal and Bourbon.—Commissioners: V. Gonnelle; Louis Bere; Alex. Derbes.—Clerks: Charles Marie; Gustave Brien.

14th Precinct. Sans Souci Garden, corner of Bayou Road and Villere.—Commissioners: Ad. Duprez; John Coutier; Vr. Bena.—Clerks: Paul Theard; F. A. Roux.

15th Precinct. At Paterno's Coffee House, corner Elysian Fields and Levee streets.—Commissioners: G. W. Lewis; F. L. Nicomede; P. Comonne.—Clerks: A. Abat; B. Lewis.

16th Precinct. At the Guard House on Mr. Holland's property, Bayou Road.—Commissioners: [illegible] J. F. T. Baudoc; J. Salomon.—Clerks: F. Cossoll; A. Paard.

17th Precinct. At Washington Hotel, Lake Pontchartrain.—Commissioners: S. H. Page; R. H. McGill; J. R. Erhart.—Clerks: John Beasley; L. C. Bell.

18th Precinct. At Sievewnen & Meyer's Coffee House, corner Victory and Enghien streets.—Commissioners: G. Boyer; M. Weyphaler; F. Appleby.—Clerks: Theo. Rainford; J. Mayeux.

19th Precinct. At the Municipal Hall, corner Greatmen and Elysian Fields.—Commissioners: C. W. Robinson; E. Hickey; Large Conta.—Clerks: P. Maillous; F. Newman, Jos. [illegible]

20th Precinct. At Prospect Coffee House, Levee street, near the Upper Cotton Press.—Commissioners: L. Calland; D. F. Farrar; B. Chabert.—Clerks: J. R. Vienne; P. F. Nogues.

21st Precinct. At the Coffee House on the Levee, on Trudeau's property, near the Refinery.—Commissioners: H. Treme; M. Andre; J. D. Farrar.—Clerks: B. Corpe; A. Treme.

JOHN L. LEWIS, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Parish of Orleans.

MAYORALTY OF NEW-ORLEANS. 30th June 1847. The Gentlemen named above as Commissioners and Clerks, are respectfully requested to call at this Office and take the necessary oath. A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

MAYORALTY OF NEW-ORLEANS. GENERAL COUNCIL. Sitting of the 22d June 1847. AN ORDINANCE RELATIVE TO VESSELS ARRIVING AT THIS PORT, FROM SEA.

Article 1st. Be it ordained by the General Council of the city of New Orleans, that all owners, captains, masters or commanders of vessels arriving at this port from sea, be and are hereby forbidden, whenever they may be any infectious or contagious disease on board of such vessel, to moor such vessel at any of the wharves of either of the Municipalities of this city, and it shall be the duty of said captains, masters or commanders of such vessels, to anchor in the middle of the river below Slaughter House point, and there remain at anchor until such infectious or contagious disease shall have entirely disappeared from such vessel; and any master, captain or owner of any vessel, contravening, shall pay a fine of one hundred dollars.

Art. 2d. Be it further ordained, That it shall be the duty of the Mayor, whenever he may receive information of the arrival of any vessel having any infectious or contagious disease on board, to order such vessel to move to an anchor in the middle of the river below Slaughter House Point; and in case of the master or commander of such vessel refusing or neglecting so to do, the Mayor is hereby authorized to cause such vessel to be immediately removed to and anchored at the place above designated, and the owner, master or commander of such vessel shall pay a fine of one hundred dollars for neglecting or refusing to remove such vessel as aforesaid, and shall also pay the expenses of such removal.

Art. 3d. Be it further ordained, That any owner, master or commander of a vessel who shall land or permit to land, within the limits of the city of New Orleans any person or persons infected with any infectious or contagious disease, shall pay a fine of one hundred dollars for each and every person so affected they may land or permit to land.

Art. 4th. Be it further ordained, That it shall be the duty of all owners, masters or commanders of vessels arriving from sea, and having any infectious or contagious disease on board, to come to an anchor as required by the first article of this ordinance and immediately notify the Mayor of this city thereof; and the Mayor shall immediately notify the Board of Health of the arrival of such vessel, whose duty it shall be to proceed on board of such vessel and examine the persons affected, and report the result of such examination to the Mayor; and any owner, master or commander of a vessel refusing or neglecting to comply with the provisions of this article, shall pay a fine of one hundred dollars.

Art. 5th. Be it further ordained, that whenever any vessel having any infectious or contagious disease on board, shall have been anchored as required by this ordinance, it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to remove such vessel until the authority until the owner, master or commander of such vessel shall have obtained to that effect a written permit, from the Mayor of this city, and it shall be the duty of the Mayor, prior to granting such permit, to cause an examination of such vessel to be made by the Board of Health, and upon the Board of Health certifying in writing that all infectious or contagious disease has disappeared from such vessel, he shall grant permission to such vessel to remove from the anchorage and moor at any of the wharves; and each and every person or persons removing or attempting to remove any vessel or vessels from the anchorage as aforesaid, shall pay a fine of one hundred dollars.

Art. 6th. Be it further ordained, That the fines and penalties imposed by this ordinance shall be recoverable before any competent tribunal for the benefit of the Board of Health of the city of New Orleans.

Art. 7th. Be it further ordained, That the Secretary of this Council shall print one thousand copies of this ordinance and deliver the same to the Mayor, and the Mayor is requested to forward [illegible] copies of the same to the pilots at the Balise and the Passes, with the request that they distribute the same to the masters of vessels [illegible] from sea.

Art. 8th. Be it further ordained, That all ordinances contrary to the provisions of this ordinance, be and the same are hereby repealed. (Signed) D. STICKNEY, President. Approved 25th June 1847. (Signed) A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor. A true Copy, A. MAZUREAU, Secretary.

NOTICE. THE undersigned, being about to leave this City [illegible] offers his entire stock [illegible] at reduced prices. [illegible] R. S. [illegible], 188 Bourbon st.

[illegible] THE [illegible] direct from Paris [illegible] fashionable styles [illegible] the attention of the ladies.

[illegible] High Sanctioned White Cottage, [illegible] A. G. [illegible], 22 Chartres st.

[illegible] Third Municipality [illegible] [illegible] the Third Municipality [illegible] between [illegible]

J[illegible] superior French Cottonade, which will be sold low to close consignment. A. G. GOUGH, 22 Chartres st.

MAYORALTY OF NEW-ORLEANS. COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY No. THREE. Sitting of Thursday, 24 June, 1847.

WHEREAS the Supreme Court of this State, has rendered a decision in the suit instituted by this Municipality against the Ursuline Nuns, for the payment of the Municipal tax, on their property not divided into streets, by which decision, said Superior Court admits, that said Municipality has the right to levy taxes, on all landed properties situated in its limits, divided into streets; provided said Corporation establishes a reasonable proportion with the tax to be paid by proprietors, whose properties are not divided into street, or do not enjoy the privileges and benefits [illegible] enjoyed by the other portions of this Municipality.

In consequence, the Council ordains as follows:

Article 1st. Be it ordained, that the Treasurer of this Municipality, shall cause immediately to be collected all the above taxes, due from the year 1845, by the proprietors of lots or any other portions of ground situated in the unimproved parts of this Municipality, conformably to the assessment made during said years, in establishing the tax at the rate of the [illegible] per thousand on the estimative value of said properties. The whole tax on slaves shall be paid by the owners.

Art. 2d. Be it further ordained, that hereafter, the Treasurer shall take up on the tableau of the State assessors, the name of all the proprietors of lots in this Municipality, in order to levy the Municipal tax, conformably with ordinances that shall fix the basis. And the Surveyor be and he is hereby requested to draw immediately a plan of this Municipality, showing in a positive manner, by separate lines, the portions of this Municipality, which enjoy the privileges of immunities of corporations, in order that they might be taxed separately from those that do not enjoy any of those benefits and [illegible] considered no real corporations, ought to pay only a proportion of said taxes, upon the basis to be established by said Council of Municipality No. Three.

(Signed) P. SEUZENEAU, Recorder.
Approved 26th June, 1847.
(Signed) A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.
A true copy,
A. MAZUREAU, Secretary.

MAYORALTY OF NEW-ORLEANS. COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY No. ONE. Sitting of the 21st June 1847.

RESOLVED, That the Mayor of the City of New Orleans is hereby requested to give public notice in two newspapers of this city, and according to law, of the intention of this Council to proceed to the widening of Ursulines street, one hundred feet wide between Claiborne and Broad streets, and to the opening between Broad and Third streets, and between Second street and Bayou St. John; and also to the opening of St. Philip street, between Fifth and Third streets, between First street and Bayou St. John.

(Signed) J. L. FABRE, President pro tem.
Approved 26th June 24th, 1847.
(Signed) A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.
A true copy,
A. MAZUREAU, Secretary.

MAYORALTY OF NEW-ORLEANS. In pursuance of the above resolution, notice is hereby given, that in not less than ten nor more than thirty days from the first publication hereof, the Council of Municipality No. One will proceed to act on the improvement contemplated by said resolution, agreeably to the provisions of the act of the Legislature of [illegible] April 1832, regulating the opening of streets, &c., within the limits of the City of New-Orleans. New Orleans, June 29th, 1847. A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

NEW CLASSES will begin on MONDAY, at the Writing Academy of Messrs DOLBEAR, No. 15, Camp street. Lessons from 8 to 11 A. M., 4 to 6, and 7 to 9 P. M. By devoting a few minutes hour to the principles of Penmanship, all persons may become good writers. The services of good writers are always in demand. Ladies and gentlemen are invited to call and examine for themselves.

Cheap Dry Goods—Cheap Dry Goods. THE undersigned, wishing to close his present stock by the first of July, will sell the balance on hand twenty-five per cent less than his former prices. [illegible] consists of a general assortment of Foreign, Domestic and Fancy Dry Goods. The following is a partial list of the different styles and prices of Dress Goods, viz.:

1500	yards 4-4 colored Lawns at	12½c	worth	25
1700	do	super do	15	" 25
1300	do	French Jaconets,	25	" 50
2000	do	Balzarine Muslins,	20	" 37½
2500	do	embroid'd Swiss do	20	" 50
1700	do	Lace striped do.	37½	" 75
2000	do	Bareges, from 10 to	40	" 75
1000	do	Scotch Ginghams handsome style, at		

20 cents worth 30c.

ALSO—

1000 doz. cotton hose, from $1 to $3 per doz.; 200 doz. Linen Cambric Hdkf's at $1 25 to $3 per doz; 30 cases Irish Linen and Linen Checks; 50 do. Calicoes, from 5 to 16 cts per yard; 50 pieces Linen Mosquito Netting; 20 doz. Shirts, at 50 cents; and many other articles too numerous to mention. This opportunity offers to purchasers a rare chance of buying goods cheap, as the stock is to be closed out as soon as possible. C. SIMPSON, 61 Chartres st. Two doors from Bienville.

At the Great Variety Store, No. 49 and 50 Chartres st. LADIES & GENTLEMEN'S GENERAL FURNISHING STORE. FANS, parasols, gloves, suspenders, combs, perfumeries, purses, bags, ladies toys, fancy boxes, threads, tapes, needles, silk, pearl buttons, fancy buttons for summer dresses, English hose, silk under shirts, fans, dolls, gentlemen's and children's straw hats, fishing tackles, hunting ditto, violin strings, looking glass, with the greatest variety of other articles. Orders from the country promptly attended to.

HARPS—281 Broadway New York. J. F. BROWNE, Maker and Importer, invites the attention of the amateurs of this delightful instrument to his large and elegant selection comprising every variety of those splendidly finished instruments. Description of brilliant toned DOUBLE ACTION HARPS, ever offered to the notice, in Tone, Touch, elegance and style of finish, certainly unexcelled. Harps repaired, Strings, Music, &c. &c. A list of prices and description forwarded per single postage. "Every one should be a little familiar with this truly elegant and fashionable Drawing room instrument, as a proof of refined musical taste; it is a most delightful accompaniment to the voice, and displays the form of the performer to the greatest advantage."—Morris' Mirror. "Mr. Browne's Harps are by far the most beautiful we have ever seen, and the tone there is an extraordinary addition of sweetness, purity and power."—Charleston Courier. J. F. BROWNE & CO. London and New York, 1810.

Steam Engine and Boilers. A SUBSTANTIAL second hand Steam Engine, 11 inches cylinder, 4 feet stroke, slide valves, in perfect order, also, two second hand boilers 32 inches in diameter, 26 feet long, for sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO. 17 and 19 St. Louis st.

THE subscriber having this day sold out his stock of Dry Goods to F. G. BARRIERE & Co. solicits for his successors the same share of patronage heretofore bestowed upon him. New Orleans, 1st June, 1847. CHAS. A. BARRIERE.

Copartnership Notice. THE subscribers have this day formed a copartnership in commendam, under the firm of F. G. BARRIERE & Co., for the purpose of carrying on a wholesale and retail Dry Goods business, at the old stand of C. A. Barriere, No 20 Chartres street. New Orleans, 1st June, 1847. F. G. BARRIERE, THOMAS KERVAN, MORTIMER BELLY, CHAS. A. BARRIERE (in commendam.)

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.—The subscriber begs leave to inform his numerous customers, that he is now receiving his assortment of FRESH SEEDS for fall supply, and requests them to send in their orders as early as possible, and every variety of seeds they may want, shall be ready at the time they require them for sowing. WM. DINN, 11 Common st.

CAROLINA COW PEAS.—The subscriber has now on hand 50 sacks of Carolina Cow Peas. Price moderate. WM. DINN, 11 Common st.

BOIS D'ARC, OR OSAGE ORANGE.—The subscriber has just received 30 lbs. of the Seed of Bois d'Arc, one of the best articles known for making permanent Fences. It grows rapidly and is full of thorns. In three years from the seed, it makes a complete fence. WM. DINN, Common st.

Law Books and Miscellaneous Literature. AT private sale, on account of departure, about two thousand volumes, French and English. Also, the furniture of a parlor, apply to J. F. PEPIN. Corner Conti street and Exchange Alley, up stairs.

NOTICE.—The undersigned, being about to leave for France, on the 15th or 20th July, will take charge as he has done previously, of all claims on St. Domingo indemnities, as well as of other Judiciary claims. He will be back in this city, in the month of February or March next. J. F. PEPIN, Corner of Conti st. and Exchange Alley, up stairs.

O. Talamon—44, Chartres st. OFFER for sale, now landing ex ship South Carolina, from Havre: 12 bales Cottonade, plain blue, new style and very cheap; 6 cases Perfumery, Cold Cream, Soaps, Scents, Rice Powder, &c.

Coal. Coal. Coal. FAMILIES wishing to purchase their winter stock of Pittsburgh or Cannel Coal at a low price, will apply for the same, while the Coal is on the Levee, to ROBERT MURPHY, No 62 Old Levee, near St Louis st.

No. 9 Chambers' Cyclopedia. CHAMBERS' CYCLOPEDIA OF ENGLISH LITERATURE. A SELECTION of the choicest productions of English Authors from the earliest to the present time, connected by a Critical and Biographical history, elegantly illustrated. Edited by Robert Chambers, editor of the "Edinburgh Journal," "Information for the People, &c. &c.—Price 25 cents. Just published and for sale at the "New Orleans Stationers' Warehouse." J. B. STEEL, 14 Camp st.

BORDEAUX WINES—20 casks St. Estephe Medoc; 30 do Macau Medoc; 20 do Graves [illegible]; 5 do Frontac; 10 do St. Emilion, 1844; 20 Barrels White Haut Sauterne; 12 do. do; 1842; for sale by B. TALAMON, 182 Royal street.

FRENCH CALF SKINS—Four cases superior French Calf Skins, extra sizes, just landing, and for sale, cheap, by the case. H. DROGHEA [illegible], 21 Magazine st.

FLOUR—2000 barrels Quincy flour, in store and for sale by JOHN O. WOODRUFF & Co. 93 Magazine st.

BACON SIDES—30 casks bacon sides, in store and for sale by JOHN O. WOODRUFF & Co. 93 Magazine st.

FOR SALE—Landing ex ship Leonidas, from Havre—60 boxes fresh Holland Cheese. D. LANATA, 8, Jefferson st.

FOR RENT—The upper part of Store 93, Common street. Apply to L. H. GALE, 93 Common st.

10,000 Dolls of Montpensier Segars, from Havana, for sale by J. & J. TARDOS, 15 Conti st.

BILLIARD-TABLES FOR SALE—Three fine finished tables, very low for cash. Apply to J. P. BERCIER & CO., 54 Old Levee.

SAUTERNE WINE—40 bbls old Haut Sauterne for sale by CHAS DUFOUR, 11 Conti street.

OLD MONONGAHELA WHISKEY—15 bbls old whiskey, for sale by CHS. DUFOUR, 11 Conti st.

HONEY—30 bbls. white Honey, landing per brig [illegible] for sale by TROSSGROS & LAMPRE, 26 Old Levee.

ORANGE FLOWER WATER—in boxes of 24 [illegible] for sale by B. TALAMON, 182 Royal street.

10 CASES Starched Cuffins, suitable for the Mexican market, for sale by J. & J. TARDOS, 15 Conti st.

50 CASES old Wine; 40 do good family Claret; [illegible] for sale by J. & J. TARDOS, 15 Conti st.

CHAMPAGNE WINE—[illegible] for sale by A. MULLER, 80 St. Louis st.

For Sale—Great Bargain. THE standard furniture of the [illegible] and Shoe store corner of St. [illegible] streets, consisting of Ladies [illegible] boots, shoes and brogans, together with [illegible] fixtures, &c., will be sold [illegible] on accommodating terms [illegible] purchase. Apply on the premises.

MAYORALTY OF NEW-ORLEANS. COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY No. [illegible] Sitting of the 28th June [illegible]. RESOLVED, That the Recorder [illegible] be authorized to receive [illegible] the first of August 1847, for [illegible] stones on the Southern side of [illegible] from Casacalvo to Claiborne street, [illegible] to furnish all the materials [illegible] at 6 and 12 months credit. (Signed) P. SEUZENEAU. Approved 30th June, 1847. (Signed) A. D. CROSSMAN. A true Copy, A. MAZUREAU.

Depot of Granite Blankets. THE subscribers, agents for the [illegible] Granite Fill French Blankets, [illegible] informing Planters, Commission M[illegible] Good dealers generally, that they [illegible] a large stock, consisting of Granite [illegible] [illegible] superior [illegible] the best article of the kind ever [illegible] They would respectfully request [illegible] to call on them [illegible] superiority of Granite's Blankets. H. DE GOER & [illegible]. Sole agents of Zoe Granier [illegible], street, New-Orleans.

TO RENT—A piece [illegible] situated in Gentilly, being a [illegible] ground, together with a [illegible] HOUSE, kitchen, stables for [illegible] geons, room, &c. Three fourths of [illegible] cultivated as a garden, [illegible] there is [illegible] fruit trees. For terms and conditions, apply to A. BOULIGNY, on the premises.

WANTED to Rent—A comfortable DWELLING, in or near [illegible] of the First Municipality, and [illegible] than Rampart street. Price not to exceed $35 per month. Any one having such [illegible] good punctual tenant by applying [illegible] W. M. [illegible], 18, St. Ann st.

OFFICE to Rent—Residence Camp street, to rent till 1st Nov. JOHN O. WOODRUFF & CO.

BAKERY TO RENT. TO Rent, the Bakery No. 220, [illegible] between Dumaine and St. Philip street. Apply to ROBERT [illegible].

Handsome Property for Sale. FOR SALE at [illegible] [illegible] property [illegible] of the parish St. [illegible] the right bank of the river, and half a [illegible] Church and the Court house. It is a desirable and very well [illegible] there is a fine dwelling house, [illegible] spacious out buildings, fruit trees, &c. It is very suitable for a Doctor or a lawyer to practice, or for a family to [illegible] season in country. For further particulars and terms [illegible] premises, or at Mr. J. P. Pepin's [illegible] change Alley N. Orleans.

DELMONICO'S HOTEL, Broadway New York. [illegible] Delmonico would respectfully [illegible] Southern friends and the travelling [illegible] that the additions to their [illegible] pleted, and they are prepared [illegible] as well as single gentlemen [illegible] Hotel is conducted on the European [illegible] New York, June 10, 1847.

GREEN OAKS HOTEL—Biloxi. BY MRS. PRADO. THE public [illegible] that this establishment [illegible] sandy alleys, its beautiful [illegible] and commodious apartments [illegible] retirement, is now open for the reception [illegible] Notwithstanding the great improvements [illegible] are made on the above premises [illegible] further extended during the [illegible] than last year. Families [illegible] large and airy House, separate from the [illegible] The Table is served in the best style, [illegible] of superior quality. Claret, Sea [illegible] Prado has secured a company of fishermen, expressly to provide the [illegible] fish, such as Red fish, [illegible] Sheepshead, Pompano, Spanish [illegible] Crabs, Shrimps, &c. &c. There is attached to the Establishment a Restaurant, decorated [illegible] fitted, with [illegible] music is to be had every evening [illegible] Bar-room, billiard tables [illegible] ladies to pass their time agreeably [illegible] Besides numerous other attractions, [illegible] will keep carriages and saddle horses [illegible] her friends and the public in general [illegible] her will be spared to render her Hotel [illegible] Steamers running [illegible] of the Green Oaks will [illegible] at the Wharf of the Hotel [illegible] carriages and a boat belonging to the Hotel [illegible] Ladies are informed that there [illegible] baths at the Hotel, one expressly for [illegible] children, with privilege of [illegible] The Hotel is provided with a well [illegible] Particular care [illegible]

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO MERCHANTS AND TRADERS. [illegible] LA PATRIA [illegible] Merchants and Traders [illegible] the extensive circulation of [illegible] among the Spaniards in this city, [illegible] Mexican Ports, renders it the best [illegible] vertising the sale of Goods, and [illegible] well as the Departure of Vessels [illegible] Passengers, &c. [illegible] ALEMAN & GONZ[illegible].

Great variety [illegible]

FISHING HOOKS, [illegible] of all sizes, for sale by [illegible]

Delecourt Goods, suitable for the Mexican Market. THE subscribers have [illegible] a new invoice of 2-1, [illegible] 7-8 and 8-4 Bretannias; 7-4 and 4-4 [illegible] colored Amlines, Creas a la Morlaix, [illegible] Estopillas, Drillings, printed Linen [illegible] merchants, all suitable for the Mexican [illegible] entitled to drawback. McDOWELL [illegible].

Office of the Assessors of Taxes. NOTICE is hereby given that the [illegible] ment of Landed Property [illegible] part of the Parish of Orleans [illegible] Municipalities Nos. 1, 2 and 3, [illegible] office of the Assessors, Exchange [illegible] Conti and Bienville streets, where [illegible] during thirty days, from the 10th [illegible] next inclusive.

GIN [illegible] BRAND. A genuine article. 6 PIPES of real Schiedam, direct [illegible] Bouque Lander, for sale by J. P. BERCIER & C[illegible].

STORAGE—The [illegible] of 1500 [illegible] will be taken in the [illegible] situated on Levee street, [illegible] streets, lately repaired, and [illegible] order to receive Tobacco, [illegible] being situated within a [illegible] shipping. For terms, apply to EMERSON, TOURNE & Co. P. S. We have room also [illegible] known Warehouses, for the [illegible]

DRAYS, WAGONS, OX CART[illegible] Drays, Ox Cart Wheels, [illegible] one do Timber Wheels, &c. [illegible] Wilson, J. Childs & Co., Phila[illegible] hand and for sale by EMERSON, [illegible]

HAVANA COFFEE—200 [illegible] boxes brown and yellow [illegible] for sale by RAYMOND CAHUZAC [illegible]

70 CASES Mustard Cordials [illegible] J. & J. TARDOS [illegible] Sole agents of J. Durand & [illegible] brand.

SPERM CANDLES—100 boxes [illegible] can[illegible] assorted sizes, for [illegible] J. W. S[illegible] Corner Maga[illegible]

HAY—300 bales Superior Jersey Hay, [illegible] Ship Union, for sale by J. W. [illegible] Cor of Lafayette & [illegible]

STAR CANDLES—15 boxes [illegible] Dietrich's brand, per [illegible] sale by J. F. BERCIE[illegible]

FOR SALE—Now landing ex [illegible] from Marseilles—50 Casks Bergamo [illegible] Olives, for sale by A. M[illegible] 20 [illegible]

HAVANA SWEETMEATS—Now [illegible] Salvadora, 6 Barrels Guava [illegible] Jelly, best quality, small and large boxes; [illegible] assorted sweetmeats, orange, pine apple [illegible] Guayaba, ginger, for sale by LABORDE & XIQUES, 31 Conti [illegible]

MOLASSES—[illegible] landing from brig Ann Hill from [illegible] for sale by TROSSGROS & LAMPRE, 26 Old Levee.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK—[illegible] Havana at sixty days sight, for sale [illegible] LABORDE & XIQUES, 31 [illegible]

SUGAR—140,000 lbs. Segars [illegible] Nueva Empresa brand, now landing [illegible] LABORDE & XIQUES, 31 [illegible]

HAVANA SUGAR—30 boxes [illegible] per Ostwa, for sale by L. CANTIN [illegible]

EXCHANGE on Havana—at sight [illegible] LABORDE & XIQUES, 31 [illegible]

CHEESE—150 boxes Western Reserve [illegible] W. H. EMMONS [illegible]

GUM COPAL—In store and for sale [illegible] J. M. CABALLERO [illegible]

COFFEE—527 bags, landing per [illegible] from Havana, for sale by TROSSGROS & LAMPRE.

SUGAR—316 boxes light straw color [illegible] landing ex sch Wave, for sale by L. CANTIN [illegible]

HAVANA HONEY—in barrels [illegible] for sale by LABORDE & XIQUES, 31 Conti [illegible]

[illegible] CIGARS—Genuine Princ[illegible] for sale by J. M. CABALLERO [illegible]

LINEN [illegible]—6 cases, [illegible] CHARLES DUFOUR, No 11 Co[illegible]

HAVANA [illegible] RAYMOND CAHUZAC, 31 [illegible]

CUBA TOBACCO—A few bales [illegible] LABORDE & XIQUES, 31 [illegible]