The New-Orleans Bee.

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TERMS OF THE BEE.

Daily Paper (one year in advance).....$12 00
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No paper will be sent unless the money or a written order for it has been received, nor will any one be allowed to discontinue.

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Advertisements not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

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☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and in extent to one square every other day.

The New-Orleans Daily Bee.

WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT.

ZACHARY TAYLOR,
OF LOUISIANA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

MILLARD FILLMORE,
OF NEW YORK.

WHIG TICKET.

First District.....J. MARLEY TOUTANT.
Second District.....J. P. BENJAMIN.
Third District.....MANUEL J. GARCIA.
Fourth District.....C. J. ADAMS, Jr.
Fifth District.....JOHN MOORE.
Sixth District.....JAS. G. CAMPBELL.

☞ While we are Democrats, we cannot be Whigs. *General Taylor*

I DISAVOW MY CONNECTION, NOW AND FOREVER, WITH ANY DEMOCRATIC PARTY INTERFERE WITH THE RIGHTS I HEAR IS DENIED THE PEOPLE OF THE CITIZENS OF THE OTHER STATES.—*Millard Fillmore.*

Wednesday Morning, July 26, 1848.

☞ We have been asked where Mr. FILLMORE's disavowal of any intention to interfere in the slavery question was obtained. We answer from a speech delivered by Mr. FILLMORE himself, in Congress, during the session of 1842, upon the presentation of a petition praying for the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia. The speech was published in the *Bee* some three or four weeksago. Those who feel any curiosity on the subject may refer to it.

It may be worth while adding that we are indebted to the Richmond *Enquirer* for the pleasure of learning Mr FILLMORE's opinions upon slavery. That Democratic journal took the immense pains to daunter something from the Congressional records which might wear the appearance of anti-slavery feeling, for the kindly purpose of injuring FILLMORE in the South. But it never occurred to them to search for the record of the speech in question, which it published, no doubt, inconsiderately and without due deliberation, since that little oratorical effort of thirty years or so, embodies a sentiment that proves Mr. FILLMORE to be perfectly sound and orthodox. Had the Richmond *Enquirer* perused the speech in question carefully before giving it to the public, the Whigs of the South might have never been stopped with an argument that effectually demolishes all the flimsy assertions made by the Locofocos, and sustained by garbled extracts and untenable conclusions.

NAILED TO THE COUNTER.—The Locofoco press has been busy of late, driving a story that some forty or fifty Whig papers in the North refuse to support Gen Taylor. We have heretofore shown the statement to be almost false, so far as regard to Massachusetts, Vermont and New York. With respect to Pennsylvania there is a slight foundation. The political seceders in that State, and to be the following: Chronicle, Pittsburg; Gazette, New Castle; Allegheniana, Allegheny; Mercury, Mercer county. The first is a neutral paper, conducted by two Democratic editors; second is likewise a neutral paper, not supporting one or other party; the third can not be expected to bear the nominations, and the last has hoisted the flag and sustains Taylor and Fillmore with heartiness and alacrity. From the organs, we never may draw his own conclusions. *Alexandria Gazette.*

President Polk Rebuked.

Under the above head the Richmond *Whig* publishes the votes on the resolutions offered by the Hon WASHINGTON HUNT in the House of Representatives, which we lay down. The first and most significant of the series reads as follows:

"Resolved, that the reasons assigned by the President in his Veto Message of December 15, 1847, for his refusal to approve and sign the bill passed March 3, 1847, making appropriations for the improvement of certain harbors and rivers, are deemed insufficient and unsatisfactory."

And the vote upon it stood thus:

YEAS—Messrs Abbot, Adams, Blanchard, Bons, Boyden, Brady, Buckner, Cabell, Cathcart, Chapman, Cingman, Cocke, Cofamer, Conger, Cranston, Crozier, Cummings, Dickey, Dickinson, Dimmick, Dixon, Dunn, Durkee, Edwards, Ellsworth, Evans, Ewing, Fisher, Flournoy, Freedley, Fuller, Gage, Gentry, Giddings, Goggin, Gott, Gregory, Grider, Hale, Nathan K. Hall, James G. Hampton, Moses Hampton, Harris, Elias B. Holmes, John W. Houston, Hubbard, Hubbard, Hunt, Joseph R. Ingersoll, Irvin, John W. Jones, Kellogg, Thomas Butler King, Daniel P. King, Kinnard, T. Lawrence, Lewis, Lincoln, Mann, Marvin, Morris, Mullen, Nes, Newell, Nes, Newton, Outlaw, Parker, Pendleton, Perry, Phoenix, Preston, Putnam, James Rockwell, John H. Rockwell, Rose, Root, Ritmey, Sackett, Sawtelle, Sawyer, Schenck, Scott, Truman Smith, Stephens, Stokes, Tallmadge, Thurston, Tomlinson, Van Dyke, Vinton, Warren, Wentworth, Wheaton, Wick, Wilmot, Wolfe, Woodward, Wrinkle, Yulee, Zabriskie, Zoll—Bayly, Bedinger, Bowlin, Bowden, Boyd, Brockenbrough, Wm. Cullen Bryant, Bryan, Burt, Chase, Franklin Clark, Beverly L. Clarke, Howell Cobb, Cameron, R. W. Cobb, Cottman, Cummins, Darragh, Dockery, Dockum, Dunlap, Edwards, Fitzpatrick, French, Fries, Green, Wilford P. Hall, Hammons, Harris, Hayes, Hill, G. S. Houston, Inge, Andrew Johnson, Jno. H. Johnson, George W. Jones, Kauffman, Kennon, John, Leake, Lord, Lumpkin, Mallory, Mattison, Mayhew, Meade, McKay, McLean, Job Mann, Meade, Miller, Morris, Moseley, Peter, Peyton, Phelps, Pickney, Rhett, Rider, Rockwell, Sawyer, Sampson, Sims, Smart, Thomas, James Thompson, Robert A. Thompson, Thurman, Venable, Walker, Watkins, Venable, Walker, Wiley, Williams, Woodward—71.

OTHER AYES, several are Locofocos, such as Potter, Wentworth and other Western men. But what is remarkable about the NAYS is, that only 71 had the courage to face the music—The Locofocos have 111 Representatives in the House. No less than FORTY bolted on this occasion. Party fealty prompted them to adhere to their friends; private conviction and interest warped them not to commit themselves so often they refused to vote at all.

The next resolution was passed by a vote of 125 to 35. Here it is:

"*Resolved*, That the Constitution of the United States does not authorize Congress to appropriate money to open and improve harbors and remove obstructions from navigable rivers, in the states where such improvements are necessary for the protection and facility of commerce with foreign nations, or the commerce among the States."

On this resolution, *twenty-seven* Locos voted aye, *twenty-four* dodged. Our readers will recollect that the Whig that the principle laid down in the Baltimore platform reads as follows:

"That the Constitution does not confer upon the General Government the power to commence and carry on a general system of Internal Improvements." And yet the same men who vote this a platform to be every thing that is right, vote also the two resolutions to which we have referred above! What is meant by this system of double dealing? Are we to have one set of principles for the North and another for the South, upon this as upon all other subjects? Did the Convention mean nothing more than to delude the understanding, by this pompous exposé of their principles? Are those who adopt the Platform, and who belief from the House afraid or ashamed to let their constituents know what their principles really are? Are we to have a second edition of the Kane letter? Was Captain WITCHER right in supposing that in the South Cass would be represented as against all internal improvements, while at the North his friends would insist that he was only opposed to commencing any new ones, and that this principle of the platform went only against a "general system," but did apply to works however large and expensive, carried on in different places, and in pursuance of no particular plan?—Did they mean, in other words, to palter with the public understanding, and to smuggle their candidate in under false pretences?

WHAT'S COMING.—In a letter written June 29th, Hon. David Wilmot, the "Proviso" man, says

"I shall support Van Buren with the whole strength of my patriotism, and do all in my power to get up an electoral ticket for him in Pennsylvania."

He also declares that he will introduce in Congress a bill to "*repeal*" any so-called "compromise" which may be passed in regard to slave territory.

LOCOFOCOISM AND ABOLITION—The New York *Evening Post*—a violent Locofoco print—in speaking of the select committee on territories elected by the Senate, assumes that they will of course report a compromise—the Bright Compromise, or something like it; and (it also adds) "there will be found from the North a sufficient number of venal or cowardly members to carry it through the Senate." The Post, however, expresses the belief that a recommendation from such a committee will be "an object of scorn to the freemen of the North."

The Post also, in the same article, (which is headed "Repeal! Repeal!") uses the following language in relation to the future course of the "free soil party," in case the Wilmot Proviso principle is defeated in Congress:

"The moment northern representatives compromise their honor and southern men their sense of justice, by an act extending slavery, there will be presented an additional act in both Houses of Congress, "*to re-establish freedom*," which shall declare in substance, that there shall be no further increase of slavery in any of the territories of the United States after the passage of that act, and the cry of repeal of the one sided "Bright Compromise," will be heard among the hills and valleys of the North, and over the prairies of the West, until the act to re-establish freedom in the territory is gained."

MICHIGAN IN DANGER—A prominent "Democrat," and strong partizan of Cass, in a letter written, under date of July 5th, from Grand Rapids in Michigan to a merchant in New York City, says—

"As to politics, we hardly know where we are. We have Cass men, and Taylor men, and Van Buren men. I *hope* the most Cass men, *but it is not improbable we may locate the State.*

In giving this, the New York Evening *Post* well says:

"When even Michigan, in the opinion of Mr. Cass's most judicious friends, is likely to abandon him, there can be but little expectation of his success in other Western States."

GEN TAYLOR AND THE INDEPENDENTS—Our readers doubtless remember that a committee was appointed by the Independent Taylor men of Baltimore, to enquire of Old Zach, whether he authorized the statement made before the Philadelphia Convention by Judge Saunders and the Louisiana Delegation. The *Buena Vista*, a Taylor paper of Baltimore, states that a reply has been received from Gen. Taylor, which will be laid before the State Convention, to assemble on the 27th July, and adds:

"Having been favored with an opportunity of perusing it, we are permitted to say that Gen. Taylor fully adopts and sanctions the statement of Judge Saunders, which we republish to-day, and recognizes that statement as having been made by his authority."

VERMONT—OLD HUNKERS AND BARNBURNERS.—The Locofoco Convention in Vermont, have nominated the following ticket: Hon. Paul Dillingham, Jr., for Governor; Charles B. Field, for Lieut. Governor; J. T. Marston, for Treasurer. John S. Robinson, of Bennington, and Levi K. Vlas, of Chelsea, were also nominated for Presidential electors at large.

There was a serious division in the Convention. It seems that several towns had chosen each two sets of delegates, consisting of Cass and anti-Cass men, and that the Convention ruled out the anti-Cass, and received Cass delegates. This proceeding excited the displeasure of some 15 members, who withdrew from the Convention. It is supposed that the seceders, amongst whom are some prominent members of the party, will frame a Van Buren electoral ticket.

THE ROUGH AND READY CLUB of Lafayette, assembled in large numbers, on Monday evening, at their new and spacious Hall, in Jackson, between the Market House and the Exchange. A goodly attendance of Ladies graced the occasion, and imparted more than the usual enthusiasm and animation to the proceedings. The meeting was addressed by Dr JONES, who was followed by John W. CROCKETT, in a neat and spirited address, which was received with great applause. The elector for the Second District, J. P. BENJAMIN, Esq., then came forward in obedience to the call of the meeting, and in a speech of marked power and eloquence, enchained the attention of the audience for more than an hour. It was one of the best efforts of our gallant and gifted Whig champion, and displayed perfect familiarity with the political questions of the day. It was enriched by lofty and sustained eloquence, and distinguished by copious and splendid diction, fervor of feeling, and ready and forcible argument. We trust that Mr. BENJAMIN will canvass every portion of the district. We feel certain that the happiest results will follow.

JUDGE MCLEAN AND THE BARNBURNERS—The Cincinnati *Gazette*, considered always as speaking ex-officio of Judge McLean, in political matters, declares a rumor that he will accept the Barnburner nomination for President, groundless. It does not believe he will in any way identify himself with their organization.

THE CANVASS IN THE COUNTRY—The Shreveport *Journal* of the 18th, has the following:

On last Friday night we had by far the most respectable sized political meeting ever held in Shreveport; enthusiasm and determination to carry this section of Louisiana were characteristic of the proceedings. The meeting was eloquently addressed by several gentlemen, upon many of the exciting and interesting questions that are agitating the country; after which a Rough and Ready Club was formed, with a view of concentrating the action of the Whigs in the contest now going on, which example we hope will be followed by the different precincts of the parish.

We can assure our Whig friends abroad, that those of Shreveport are as enthusiastic as any set of fellows to be found anywhere, and are as strongly impressed with the necessity of a reform in the principles upon which the government is conducted as their neighbors elsewhere, and have begun the campaign with a full determination to do their duty.

THE LATEST FROM WASHINGTON—We have, says the *Picayune*, a telegraphic despatch dated Washington, Tuesday afternoon, the 18th. It is confused and indistinct in some respects, but we gather from it with tolerable clearness, that the select committee in the Senate, to whom was referred the Oregon bill, would report the next day; that the committee had compromised the Wilmot Proviso controversy; and that in the three Territorial bills to be reported every thing relating to slavery, would be left out.

Our despatch further says that the nomination of Gen. Pillow has been confirmed by the Senate.

Appointments by the President.

By and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

COLLECTORS OF THE CUSTOMS.

Joseph T. Adams, New Bedford, Massachusetts, re-appointed.

Benjamin R. Dothewood, Beaufort, South Carolina, re-appointed.

SURVEYORS OF THE CUSTOMS.

John Woodbury, Gloucester, Massachusetts, re-appointed.

Samuel Melvin, Accomack County, Virginia, vice Samuel C. White, removed.

NEW MEXICO—We find in the St. Louis papers an item or two of intelligence from New Mexico. Gen. Price, on the 24th May, was at Chihuahua. The Navajo Indians have been soundly thrashed by Col. Newby, and are now willing to make peace. Several American ladies have arrived out at Santa Fe, with the intention of settling there.

GOV. SHUNK.—The health of Gov. Shunk, at the last accounts, was worse. He had a return of hemorrhage.

A HORRIBLE OCCURRENCE.—An occurrence of a painful nature took place at Black Lake, St. Lawrence county, N. Y. A young man named Joseph Doran, aged about 16 years, while picking the feathers from a fowl, was struck in the back of the neck with an axe, which nearly cut his head off. The deed is supposed to have been done by his mother, Catharine Doran, while in a fit of insanity, as she has been subject to alienation of mind for some time past.

MELANCHOLY SUICIDE—Kelsey Van Aiken, a farmer residing in the town of Greece, near Stutson's Inn, committed suicide on Wednesday night.

The unfortunate man was found about eighty rods from his house, suspended to a branch of a maple tree by a rope halter, his feet being four feet from the ground. He had ridden under the tree, and after adjusting the rope allowed the horse to pass from beneath him. He was thirty years of age and left a wife and two children. Last spring he came from Clarkson, and hired the farm on which he lived. He was easy in his pecuniary circumstances, and no cause can be assigned for the rash act.—*Rochester North American of the 14th.*

YORKVILLE, (S. C.) July 15.

We learn that Mr. Henry White, a respectable citizen of our district, while out this week on a deer hunt with his neighbors, and as he was passing on horse back from the drive to a stand, was shot by a stander, (meaning his secret home for a deer,) and now lies in rather a dangerous situation. What contributed to the delusion of the stander, was the fact that the wounds were in cry immediately in the hearing.

City Intelligence.

RECORDER GENOIS.—Mr. Louis Fourmentreau, the haut bois player of the Orleans Theatre, made yesterday an affidavit before Recorder Genois against one Simon, whom he charges with having, about the month of January last, stolen his instrument. A warrant was issued.

Some thieves entered, yesterday morning, the premises of Mr. Christian Muller, situated at the corner of Levee and Barracks streets, and took therefrom a silver watch, valued at eight dollars. Two men, whom he believes to have committed the above robbery, were denounced to the police.

Dugazon Patron, Lucien and John Derinville, all free men of color, were yesterday arrested for violently entering the premises of Jean Fercouillet, on Burgundy street, and for breaking the furniture and other articles in said house. The parties have not yet been examined.

ACTING RECORDER GOLDING.—Michael Connelly was yesterday arrested by the Second Municipality police, for attempting to pick the pockets of a drunken man who was lying on the sidewalk on Pondras street. He was sent before the First District Court.

William Cleland, charged with threatening to kill his wife, was bound over to keep the peace during six months.

Eliza Raymond, who was sentenced to a fine of $100, and to be imprisoned twenty days in the work-house, for keeping a disorderly house, was brought up day before yesterday before Judge McHenry, on a writ of habeas corpus; the writ was granted by the Court, and the woman Raymond was immediately let loose upon society.

THOMAS KELLY AGAIN OUTDONE—The celebrated Thomas Kelly, who was just liberated from the Second Municipality Workhouse on a writ of habeas corpus by Judge McHenry, was yesterday caught by Captain Winter. He was arrested in a grog-shop, attempting to sell a watch, supposed to have been stolen. He was sent down to the Workhouse for sixty days, as a notorious and suspicious character. This fellow, it will be recollected, is the same individual whom the Grand Jury represented as being illtreated.

LARCENY.—On the 17th inst., the premises of Mr. Francois Feliz, situated on Toulouse street, were entered by some persons, and a silver watch, of the value of eighteen dollars, was taken therefrom. Antoine Tropper, being suspected of having committed the larceny, was arrested by the First Municipality police, at the request of Mr. Feliz. The case was yesterday thoroughly investigated by Recorder Genois, who sent the prisoner before the First District Court.

ROBBING A SICK VOLUNTEER.—Andrew McNassat was yesterday brought up before Acting Recorder Golding, charged with taking, from under the pillow of Patrick Murray, a sick volunteer, in John Rogers' boarding-house, a land-scrip and a purse containing two dollars and twenty-five cents. The prisoner was committed for trial before the First District Court.

COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY NO. TWO—The Council met last evening. Alderman Golding was called to the chair.

The weekly Treasurer's report was read as follows

By balance at last report,	$972 26
Amount received since,	8,602 53
Total,	$9,574 79
Disbursed during the week,	8,996 89
Balance on hand,	$578 50

The Secretary read a resolution, passed by the General Council, relative to the printing of the ordinances of the several Municipalities in the German paper called *Die Glocke.*

On motion of Mr. Renshaw, it was resolved, that the ordinances of this Municipality be published, in the German language, in the *Die Glocke.*

A petition from Philip Van Buren, 1st lieut. of police, was read, asking leave of absence for a few days. Granted.

A communication was received from Mr. Hackett, keeper of the Workhouse, praying the Council to appoint a special committee, for the purpose of examining the charges brought against him by the Grand Jury.

On motion of Mr. Renshaw, this communication was referred to the committee already appointed.

Several other petitions were received and appropriately referred.

Mr. Renshaw, on behalf of the Finance Committee, reported a resolution directing the Treasurer to pay sundry due bills. Adopted.

The same member, on behalf of the Committee on Streets and Landings, submitted a number of reports in reference to the improvements of the Municipality, all of which were adopted.

Mr. Marks from the Police Committee, reported a resolution directing the Treasurer to remit to Mr. Joseph Rones, the tax paid by him on his livery stable. The Committee was of opinion that Mr. Rones did not keep such an establishment. The above report was adopted.

Mr. Gleason, from the Committee on Claims, reported adverse to the petition of Mr. Addington, praying to be exempted from paying a fine imposed upon him for permitting his cows to run in the streets. After some debate, the report was adopted by a vote of 6 yeas, to 3 nays.

Mr. Graham, from the special Committee, to whom was referred the communication of the Grand Jury, preferring charges against Mr. Hackett, the Keeper of the Second Municipality work-house, submitted a long report upon this matter, favorable to the Keeper. It was laid over and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Marks presented a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Treasurer to pay all the expenses incurred in the celebration of the 4th July. After which, the Council adjourned.

FIRE.—A fire broke out yesterday morning at about 7 o'clock at Algiers, on the other side of the river. A small wooden building was entirely consumed; damage, trifling.

Rough and Ready Club.

An adjourned meeting of the Club will be held this evening, at No. 81 Chartres street.—Punctual attendance is requested.

BREAD.—We call attention to Mr. ROBARDET'S advertisement in our columns to-day. The plan upon which he has sold his bread for some months past, seems to be a good one (*bis*) to give general satisfaction.

To the inhabitants of the city of New Orleans, and to our resident countrymen of Martinique and of Guadeloupe.

When our existence, and that of our families, were menaced by the most bloody reactions, necessity compelled us to seek, in this our unfortunate country, an asylum. We looked with confidence towards Louisiana. We have quitted our native soil, now become unhospitable, for that solid of Liberty, where at least we have been permitted to recover hope, and find that protection which is due to misfortune.

Oh! Our hearts have been deeply touched, and our miseries appeared to us less burthensome, in presence of the generous manifestations expressed in our favor.

To the threats of death, which yet ring in our ears, succeeded the sound of friendly voices filled with consolation and sympathy.

Inhabitants of New Orleans, and you, our dear and honorable countrymen, you have raised our courage, which had drooped under the sudden blows of misfortune; you have given us strength to support the sad burthen of our situation, by seeking to soften our affliction. We will ever be grateful.

Re-assured by your fraternal reception, we come to place under the protection of your generosity and spoiled of our all; we come to you, with our labor and our intelligence, solicit a place in your ranks, and concur in the glorification of work, the Supreme Law of the civilized world, which, in spreading its manifoldness, adds each day to the prosperity of this magnificent and vast country.

Let, then, Louisiana be our adopted country; let her deign to throw around us her protection, that her sympathies be always with us. Exile and persecution for us will have ceased.

E. GASCHET DE LIBRE, LE PELLETIER DU CLARY, STE ROSE BOULIN, ATE. LA VILLIOUX, DESRIOUX DE MESSIMY, HENRY DERRIOUX, JULES DERRIOUX, AUBOUY, GALLON, AUGRAIN, LASSICHERE, G. AUGRAIN, DEDIE, A. AUGRAIN, E. BOULIN, J. BOULIN, A. JUNO, VE. MICHEL, PAUL AUGRAIN.

☞ A REMARKABLE INCIDENT.—A New York correspondent of the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, relates the following as having occurred in that city on Thursday morning the 13th inst.

One day last week, it appears that a young lady of highly respectable parentage, amiable and accomplished in the highest degree, and about eighteen years of age, arrived in this city from a neighboring State, with a view of spending a few weeks with an uncle.

At an early hour in the morning after her arrival, she was taken with a sudden fit of insanity, and in her delirium she jumped from her couch, divested herself of her night apparel, and in a state of complete nudity went into the street. The chillings of the morning air appeared to affect her for a moment, but, as if determined to accomplish something, she commenced to run very fast towards Broadway, which street, even at that early hour, was full of persons. All who saw her were of course amazed, and knew not what to do. Away she went, with great speed, and had proceeded several blocks when the persons who first saw her recovered their self possession and determined upon securing the poor creature and taking care of her. They accordingly overtook her and brought her into one of the hotels, where she was placed into the hands of the females of the establishment, and ultimately given to her friends. There is no doubt that the poor young lady labored under a species of insanity.

☞ The steamer Little River struck a snag a few miles above this place, on Sunday last, and sunk in ten feet water. Freight all saved—boat a total loss.—*Shreveport Journal.*

By Magnetic Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 18, 1848.

COTTON—There is no new feature to notice. Sales to-day, about 300 bales, at prices ranging 5X a 6X for Uplands. The market at the close was firm.

FLOUR—The market steady, but not active at last quotations.

GROCERIES.—Molasses and Coffee are dull, but rather firm. Sugar without change.

Act of Limited Partnership of the Independent Tow-Boat Company.

BE it known that on this eighth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty eight:

Before me, ALBERT CHILDS AINSWORTH, a Notary Public in and for the Parish and City of New Orleans, State of Louisiana, duly commissioned and sworn, and in presence of the witnesses hereinafter named and undersigned.

Personally came and appeared, Robert Murphy, John Hughes, herein representing the firm of Hughes Vallette & Thomas, of Algiers, in this Parish, Richard Bartlett Sumner, Robert McDowell, (in the firm of McDowell & Peck,) John O. Woodruff, for the firm of John O. Woodruff & Co., B. Saulet, Manuel Billet, for himself, and Manuel Elliot & Co., William C. Budd, by Robert Murphy Alexander Miller, Dominique Lanata, G. J. Meekes, L. J. Webster, for the firm of L. J. Webster & Co., John Geddes, for the firm of J. & R. Geddes, E. Weysham, for the firm of E. Weysham & Bro., W. P. Converse, for the firm of Converse & Co., John Bailey, for the firm of Bailey & Baxter, George Hinton, Joseph A. McFarland, Martin Davis, William M. Hanberry, William Long, Thos. Diamond, Jr., Jas. R. Rome, Paul Desvergne, for himself, and as her Attorney, H. B. Quick, J. H. King, G. T. Beauregard, and Alfred Robelot.

Before the said appeared declared that they desire to form an Anonymous Partnership under the Act of the Legislature of Louisiana, approved on the 1st day of March, eighteen hundred and forty seven, entitled:

"An Act to authorize Limited or Anonymous Partnerships, and to Regulate the same." And that with that view, they do by these presents enter into the stipulations and agreements following; that is to say:

1. The said Co-partnership or Company shall be conducted under the name, style and title of the "Independent Tow Boat Company," and shall be located in the parish and city of New Orleans, State of Louisiana.

2. The business and operations of said Company shall be the towing vessels by steam power, in, and out to sea, and up and down the river Mississippi; and the transporting freight and passengers in the manner; also, wrecking and lightering vessels, in said river, or at sea, or both; carrying passengers and freight in any part of the Gulf of Mexico, and elsewhere at sea; together with the purchasing and building of such steam vessels as may in any manner be required by or for the use of said Company.

3. The capital stock of the said Company is hereby at this time fixed at the sum of *one hundred and twenty five thousand dollars* divided into shares of one thousand dollars each; with the privilege of hereafter increasing the said capital stock if required by the stockholders owning a majority of the stock to any amount not exceeding a total of three hundred thousand dollars. The said amount of one hundred and twenty five thousand dollars shall be paid in thus, viz: Twenty five per cent on each share upon the signing of this act, of the stock taken by any partner, and their respective balances, in instalments of not more than ten per cent, at such times as the Company may require, said instalments to be assessed by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Bills receivable	$447,595 77
Premium Accounts uncollected, fire insurance Bills on Boston, Mobile and New Orleans	51,721 26
	$814,521 21
The Board of Trustees have this day declared a Dividend of Ten Per Cent, on the Paresse Fund, out of the year ending 1st Inst. Certificates will be issued on and after the 1st of January next. Also, a Dividend of Six per Cent, on the Fire Risk Fund, payable on and after the 1st November previous. By order of the Board. JOHN WHITEHEAD, Secretary.

Agency New Mutual Ins. Co.,
New Orleans, February 8, 1848.

The fiscal year of this Institution terminated on the 6th day of last month, and the Trustees have declared a Dividend of Ten Per Cent, on the Company, of twenty per cent, on the premiums of earned premiums, (1,657, 76d, 20) during the year, and Leave a further Dividend of Six per Cent, on the scrip.

The existing scrip and assets, available to meet these outstanding claims, are $1,000,000, the amount to which may be added more than $100,000 in a few months hence since, which, in the opinion of the undersigned affords the most ample protection for their policies.

The Agency continues to insure against Fire, Marine and Risks on Inland Navigation.

Certificate of Camp and Commission arrangement.

N. B.—Due notice will be given when the scrip certificates are ready for delivery. ad

The Public School Vacation will commence on the 1st August, and continue for three weeks. Children 6 or 7 years of age can be taught in very short time, to write with taste and elegance.

No pupil, whatever the age, is ever charged but for a quarter, at the rate of $5 per annum.

Dolbear's Gold Pens for sale. jy24

Mr. Benard Herz's Piano Fortes.

The public are respectfully informed that Mr. Herz's Pianos for sale, can be appreciated by only agent for the city of New Orleans, at whose store they will always find an assortment of the finest Pianos and Pianos, Pianos. The Instruments are made at my Manufactory, Paris, and guaranteed to give the greatest satisfaction. HENRI HERTZ.

FOR SALE—In store—60 casks old red Wine, blender, 20 do do do Claret, 25 do Port Wine, Hunt Redpenne, 100 barrels Brandy 4 barrels Scotch Brandy Pale 50 do Brandy Fronac, 20 do assorted Fruit, 10 boxes Lemons, 10 boxes Figs, half pipes Brandy, 4th proof, 10 qrs. do., 4th proof, 5 8 do do, 400 boxes Claret, Pauillac.

PORQUET PILS.

19 Conti st., bet. Chartres and Levee.

CHAMPAGNE—350 baskets Champagne, of the following brands: Blue Angels, Rouen, Tonnerre Anchor, Cordon Rouge, Sec, Sec Cordon Rouge, Sec, Sec Cordon Rouge, Sec, Sec