The New-Orleans Bee.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF GENERAL COUNCIL AND FIRST MUNICIPALITY.....NEW-ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 12, 1848.

MAGNE & WEBER, Proprietors, No. 61 CHARTRES STREET.

TERMS OF THE BEE.

DAILY PAPER (one year in advance).....$12 00
COUNTRY PAPER. Semi-weekly, (one year in advance).....5 00

In all cases the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing before he can be allowed to discontinue.

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☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and in extent to one square every other day.

The New-Orleans Daily Bee.

WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT.

ZACHARY TAYLOR,

OF LOUISIANA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

MILLARD FILLMORE,

OF NEW YORK.

ELECTORAL TICKET.

FIRST DISTRICT.....JACQUES TOUTANT.
SECOND DISTRICT.....J. P. BENJAMIN.
THIRD DISTRICT.....MANUEL J. GARCIA.
FOURTH DISTRICT.....C. ADAMS, JR.
FIFTH DISTRICT.....JOHN MOORE.
SIXTH DISTRICT.....JAS. G. CAMPBELL.

"WHILE WE PULL TOGETHER, WE CANNOT BE BEATEN.—*General Taylor.*

"I DISAVOW MOST UNEQUIVOCALLY, NOW AND FOREVER, ANY DESIGN ON MY PART TO INTERFERE WITH THE RIGHTS OF WHAT IS TERMED THE PROPERTY OF THE CITIZENS OF THE OTHER STATES.—*Millard Fillmore.*

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE

Remember, Citizens of Louisiana, you cannot vote for LEWIS CASS, the ABOLITIONIST, without voting for W. O. BUTLER, your REVILER and TRADUCER.

Remember, Citizens of Louisiana, you cannot vote for W. O. BUTLER, your REVILER and TRADUCER, without voting for LEWIS CASS, the ABOLITIONIST.

Thursday Morning, Oct'r 12, 1848.

☞ We beg again to remind our readers in the upper part of the city, that all advertisements intended for the next day's paper must be dropped into our advertising box at No. 13 CAMP STREET, before 8 o'clock in the evening. After that hour they must be sent to the publishing office in Chartres st.

TAYLOR MASS MEETING.

The friends of TAYLOR and FILLMORE will hold a Mass Meeting at the PLACE D'ARMES, First Municipality, on SATURDAY EVENING next, at 7 1-2 o'clock.

All those in favor of electing Louisiana's favorite son to the highest office in the gift of the Republic, are respectfully invited to attend.

The several Ward Clubs of the three Municipalities and the neighboring towns, are requested to assemble at their respective club rooms, and march in a body to the Place D'Armes.

Taylor men—RALLY! RALLY!! RALLY!!!

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

TRANSMITTED TO THE N. O. BEE.

TAYLOR TICKET TRIUMPHANT!

Late last evening we received our telegraphic despatches from Charleston and New-York, the former containing the glorious intelligence of TAYLOR'S TICKET being triumphant, and the other are commercial news.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 11, 1848.

The election in this city came off to-day,—Taylor's Ticket is triumphant.—Power in elected State Senator by 218 majority.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—6 P. M.

The Cotton Market is dull with a downward tendency. The sales to day amount to 1100 bales. The market for flour is heavy. The sales reach 10,000 bbls. at $5 50@5 62½ ₱ bbl. the latter rate for Genesee. Wheat in request,—19,000 bushels Ohio taken at $1 15@1 20 ₱ bushel. About 40,000 bushels corn sold at 67cts for mixed to 76c. ₱ bush. for prime yellow. Sales of 350 bbls. mess Pork at $11 75 ₱ bl. The sales of Lard amount to 500 bls at 8¾ ₱ lb.

Gen Cass—The Baltimore Platform

MR JOHN SLIDELL'S VIEWS.

We are reminded, by an article in the Charleston *Courier* of a duty we have hitherto omitted to perform—that of showing, by the testimony of a member of the Democratic Convention which nominated Gen. Cass, that the Platform adopted on that occasion was purposely modified, possessing, doubtless, inherent elasticity, to suit the opinions of Gen. Cass as explained by the Hon. JOHN SLIDELL.

It is a well known fact, that Mr. YANCEY, of Alabama, one of the most prominent Delegates to the Baltimore Convention, proposed to amend the 7th Resolution of the Platform, which enunciated a vague and indefinite protest against abolition interference, by adding the following:

"*Resolved*, That the doctrine of non-interference with the rights of property of any portion of the people of this Confederacy, be it in the States or Territories, by any other than the parties interested in them, is the true republican doctrine recognized by the constitution."

Mr. YANCEY, as the record shows, and as he tells us in his pamphlet, advocated the amendment at some length. He stated in the course of his remarks, that a new issue was now presented in the Slave question, and that, "*The resolution he offered had no complex meaning to the members of the Committe, all seemed readily to understand it.*"

Mr. Slidell, of Louisiana, argued strenuously that the resolution should not be adopted, "Inasmuch as the Convention had already nominated Gen. CASS, WHO ENTERTAINED OPINIONS DIRECTLY THE REVERSE OF THE RESOLUTION; and therefore, if the Convention should adopt the Resolution, it would rebuke the opinions of Gen. CASS, and be inconsistent with itself."

The remarks of Mr. SLIDELL settled the question, and Mr. YANCEY'S resolution was rejected by a large majority. The Convention, by this vote, virtually resolved that Congress *has* jurisdiction over slavery in the Territories, and that as Gen. CASS entertains the same opinion, the resolution in relation to slavery must not run counter to his sentiments. That beautiful concern—the Platform—more pliable than wax, more elastic than India rubber, more malleable than gold, more ductile than iron—was modified so as to tally with the tenets of the bantling whom the Convention had just adopted. If a richer specimen of intense and unmitigated humbug can be found in the proceedings of any political body, we should like to see it.

The best of all this is, that the Locofocos of Louisiana, aye, and of the entire South, with full knowledge of the foregoing facts; knowing, too, that Mr YANCEY'S resolution obtained but 36 out of 290 votes; knowing that Mr. FOREMAN, of Georgia, presented a resolution denouncing the Wilmot Proviso, and that it was forthwith mercilessly strangled; knowing that Gen Cass has never in his life uttered a syllable, or written a sentence in favor of the extension of slavery, and that his election throughout all the non-slave-holding States is advocated expressly upon the ground of his undoubted hostility to that institution—have the ineffable impudence to present their candidate to the South as fully worthy her support, immaculate in his fealty to Southern institutions, and a great deal more of "a Northern man with Southern principles" than was MARTIN VAN BUREN himself!

We have, in the preceding reminiscences, only sketched one or two leading incidents connected with the action of the Baltimore Convention on the subject of slavery. Those who desire further and fuller information, and who would wish to become familiar with the manifold strange antics cut by that immortal assembly, should consult Mr. YANCEY'S pamphlet.—He speaks by the card, for he was one of the most distinguished members of the Convention. As a Southern man he was so thoroughly disgusted by the truckling spirit to abolition evinced by that body, that he has ever since stood aloof from the Presidential contest.

FREE SOIL IN NORTH CAROLINA.—We learn from the Raleigh *Register*, that a free soil meeting was held at Cane Creek Cotton Factory, in Orange county, on the 16th ult., at which the leading principles set forth in the Platform of the Buffalo Free Soil Convention were avowed and adopted—a State Convention of the friends of said Platform and of the election of Martin Van Buren and Charles F. Adams called at Jamestown, on the 13th October next, to form an Electoral Ticket, &c., and the delegates, appointed by the Chairman to said Convention.

The Greensboro' *Patriot* says, that the affair has been got up chiefly by Democrats.

The Campania's News.

In addition to the information conveyed to us by our Telegraphic despatch, on Tuesday, we find further details in the Mobile papers. The despatch of the *Tribune* and *Herald*, says: There had been a sanguinary revolt at Frankfort.

The Irish rebellion has been suppressed.

An armistice has been entered into between Germany and Denmark.

Six millions of the new loan has been negotiated at London, at considerable loss.

In respect to France, the despatch in the *Tribune*, differs somewhat from that in the *Advertiser*. We subjoin both:

Paris was in great excitement. Louis Napoleon was expected. Immense crowds were waiting his arrival. He would take his seat in the assembly. Gen. Cavaignac had no opposition to his precautionary measures to prevent another insurrection. A change in the ministry was about to take place.—*Tribune.*

Paris in great excitement. Louis Napoleon expected; immense crowds waiting; decided to take his seat in the Assembly. Gen. Cavaignac has no objection. Precautionary measures taken to prevent another insurrection. Change in the ministry about to take place.—*Advertiser.*

The October Elections.

GEORGIA.—The Mobile *Advertiser* of Tuesday, has a despatch from Columbus, dated the 9th inst., which gives the returns from 78 Counties—leaving 15 to be heard from. According to this despatch, the Whig gain over the vote of last year, when the Democratic majority was 1,289, is 864. If this despatch be fully correct, the State is as nearly balanced as possible, but we think there is an error in the fourth district. Last year, the Democratic majority in that district was 156, and if Haralson is reduced by 900 majority, the Democratic gain is 44 and not 347, as stated in the despatch. We subjoin the statement, with the remark that the vote of 62 Counties given by the *Crescent*, exhibits a Whig gain of 1,754 votes over the Presidential election of 1844, when Polk's majority was 2,039. We believe Georgia to be perfectly safe for TAYLOR.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 9, 6 P. M.

First District—Eleven counties heard from—King's majority 568. Democratic gain over Governor's election last year, 162.

Second District—Welborn's majority 78.—Whig gain 349.

Third District—Owen's majority 499. Whig gain, 310.

Fourth District—Haralson's majority 200.—Democratic gain 347.

Fifth District—Nine counties heard from—Hackett's majority 2,319. Whig gain 103.

Sixth District—Eight counties heard from—Cobb's majority 1,707. Whig gain 304.

Seventh District—Stephen's majority 1,500.—Whig gain 356.

Eighth District—Lincoln to hear from, Troumbs's majority 1,602. Whig gain 78.

In the counties heard from, there is a Whig gain of 864.

The delegation in Congress will be as it now is, equally divided—four Whigs and four Democrats.

FLORIDA.—By way of Savannah we have further returns from Florida. Duval county gives 35 majority to the Whig candidate for Governor, and 44 to Cabell for Congress. Four precincts in St. Johns give 30 Locofoco majority for Governor, and 27 for Congress The Whigs have probably gained a member of the Legislature. Nassau, (four precincts) 14 Whig majority. Alachua, (one precinct) 47 majority for Brown, (L. F.) and 38 for Duval (L. F.).—There is an uniform Whig gain in all these counties. The Democrats in Savannah concede that Florida has gone Whig.

NASHVILLE MUNICIPAL ELECTION.—A despatch to the *Baltimore Sun*, dated Nashville, the 3d inst., says:—"The Nashville municipal election has resulted in the choice of a Whig Mayor and Whig Council."

DELAWARE.—A despatch in the same paper says —"The Democratic majority in Wilmington is 38, and in Christiana the Whig majority is 157."

MARYLAND ELECTION.—On the 4th instant, there was an election for State Senators in several counties in Maryland. A despatch to the Charleston *Mercury* says, that the returns show a large popular gain for the Whig ticket.

DEATH OF COMMODORE BIDDLE.—Our city was startled yesterday to lament the death of Commodore James Biddle, a native of Philadelphia, and one of the oldest, bravest and most meritorious officers of the United States Navy. He died on the previous night, after an illness of a formidable character, at sixty-five years, three-fourths of which were passed in the service of his country. He was born in 1783—entered the navy in 1800—was in the frigate Philadelphia when she stranded at Tripoli, remaining many months a prisoner among the Moors—and he distinguished himself during the war of 1812, first, in the Wasp, at the capture of the Frolic, of which vessel he was appointed prize-officer, and next, in the Hornet, which vessel he commanded, both in the capture of the Penguin brig of war, and his subsequent escape from a British ship-of-the-line. Commodore Biddle's experience in the Navy, in his seears, have always been of an important and responsable kind, such as are only entrusted to officers of the highest qualifications.

His last cruise was one of circumnavigation, commencing with a trip in Canada, whither he carried Mr. Alexander H. Everett, Commissioner to China—varied, in the mid-passage, it will be remembered, by a most interesting visit to the Island of Jesso, in Japan, in an attempt, curious, although unavailing, to open negotiations with the Emperor, for the purpose of establishing commercial relations with that swarming and industrious people—and distinguished by a visit, previous to the final return by Cape Horn to the coast of California, during the period of its conquest by the American arms.

From this long and eventful voyage, Captain Biddle returned in ill-health, from which he never recovered. He has gone down to the grave, not broken by years, although full of honors; and he will carry with him, the best addition to the epitaph which will describe his merits and his virtues, the regrets of Philadelphia and the respect of his country.—*Philadelphia North American.*

CASS A BOLTER.—John M. Niles, in his late speech at Hartford, brought to light the following reminiscence:

"Previous to the Baltimore Convention of 1844, when so many States had declared for Van Buren, that his nomination was deemed certain, Gen. Duff Green conceived the project of calling a Convention to meet on the Fourth of July, to nominate an independent candidate. He addressed a letter to Gen. Cass, inquiring whether he would permit his name to go before such a Convention as a candidate. Now, though Gen. Cass would probably consider resistance to 'regular nominations' an offence little short of treason, and a virtue now irregularly they may be made, he had no such reverence for them at that time. He professed but little acquaintance with the state of public sentiment, as he had recently returned from France —thought politicians governed the people too much—was modest in his thoughts of the Presidency—but concluded by acquiescing in the use of his name before such a Convention. It so happened that Gen. Green had not seem enough to get up a Convention, and the project fell through."

The Canvass in New York.

The best spirit now pervades the State. Whigs generally have—with here and there an exception—come cheerfully to the support of our National Ticket. The work of organization is going diligently on. Impromptu gatherings, instead of the pageantry and expense of "mass meetings," are relied upon. Speakers are doing good service; and among the most efficient are the Hon. JOSHUA A. SPENCER, of Utica, and the Hon. WM. DORSI, of Cayuga. Senator CORNWELL, too, of Cayuga, has taken the field, and will keep giving the enemy "a little more grape" until they surrender.—*Albany Journal of 28th ult.*

WHAT THE GEORGIA WHIGS SAY.—The *Augusta Chronicle* speaks of the result in Georgia as follows:

"By reference to our Telegraphic despatch from Savannah, it will be perceived that the Democrats of Savannah have given up Florida. Such, we presume, is the character of the returns, for we have no means of comparing, that they perceive the "handwriting on the wall." Georgia and Florida have, therefore, taken their position in the long list of States that are arrayed under the simple folds of the Constitution, and have proclaimed their devotion to "Old Zack," as their standard-bearer and leader.—They repudiate, aye, spurn, the embrace of Cass-ism, as incongenial to the protection and preservation of Southern rights and interests."

FROM ST. VINCENTS.—Capt. Nelmes, of the brig Transit, arrived at this port on Saturday afternoon from St. Vincents, 15th September, informs us that the crops were progressing, and expected to be fair. The planters were complaining of a want of laborers. Laborers were emigrating in consequence of the low wages.—There had been a total failure of the yam and plantain crops. Bonds had been given for all the notes held by I. Bankson standing, and it is hoped that a little time will bring its affairs to a more satisfactory settlement than was at first anticipated. The Colonial Bank, having now the entire banking business of this colony, is supposed, with good reason, to be doing a sound and profitable business. There is a good demand for homes of all kinds, particularly for good roadsters.—*N. Y. Journal of Commerce.*

☞ We regret to learn that EDWARD D. LEWIS, of the firm of Thorn, Magroth & Co. of New Orleans, died at Nice, Italy, on the 3d September.

By Magnetic Telegraph.

[Telegraphed for the Baltimore Sun.]

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 3, 1848.

James Monaghie, the engineer of the steamboat Edward Bates, at the time she burst her boiler, has been indicted for manslaughter.

Our markets generally are without change.

It was raining hard yesterday; to day the weather is unseasonably cold.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 3, 1848.

The steamboat Loyal, bound down the river to Louisville, ran upon a "bush-snag" opposite Cloverport and sunk. The boat will prove a total loss, but the cargo is saved.

We were visited by a severe storm yesterday, which has occasioned a disagreeable change in the temperature of the weather.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 3, 1848.

Flour is firmer, [illegible] being done to-day at a slight advance. [illegible]ock to hand, and $5 81¾ offered.

A heavy north-easter is prevailing.

☞ The N. Y. *Express* says: A correspondence has taken place between the Spanish Government and Mr. Saunders, the United States Minister, respecting Gen. Lopez's plot to deliver Cuba into the hands of the Yankees. The American Ambassador's explanations are considered quite satisfactory by the Spanish Cabinet, and all the communications that have passed between his Excellency and the Minister of Foreign Affairs were sent home by him via London a few days ago, by a special messenger. Spaniards regard Cuba as the gem of the Spanish Crown, and it is said that the United States Ambassador at Madrid has been sounded by Narvaez, with the view of finding out, in an indirect manner, whether he will act as a mediator between itself and Great Britain, for the purpose of bringing about a reconciliation. Lord Palmerston has expressed his firm determination not to have anything more to do with the existing Spanish Cabinet.

RESIGNATION OF THE MAYOR OF MOBILE.—The *Advertiser* says:

The Hon. J. W. L. Childers, Mayor of the city, resigned his office on Saturday last, in consequence of continued ill health. His beneficial and feeling letter of resignation will be found in the corporation proceedings in another column.

The vacancy is to be filled by the two boards in the joint convention, and the election is ordered for Wednesday, the 18th inst.

☞ The American Minister at the Court of Berlin, Mr. Donelson, has opened official communications with the Central Executive of Germany, and, in his quality of diplomatic representative of the United States, recognized the new Government of that country.—*N. Y. Express.*

Appointments by the President.

Cornelius S. Bogardus, naval officer for the district of New York, in the State of New York, *vice* Michael Hoffman, deceased.

THE CHOLERA.—It is contended in England that the cholera does not attack persons who live near breweries or mineral springs, in consequence of the counter influence of carbonic acid gas evolved there. All the watering places with springs that emit the gas escaped the pestilence, in Germany, Spain and England. Balston and Saratoga, it is said, also escaped.

COSTLY SPEECH.—Mr. Benton's late speech occupied 87 columns of the National Intelligencer and Union. By a late regulation of the Senate, matter of this kind is paid for out of the Treasury at the rate of $7 50 per column. This makes the cost of Benton's speech exceed $1300.

ASIATIC CHOLERA.—A series of papers, which prescribe an alleged infallible remedy for Asiatic Cholera, have been recently laid before the London Board of Health. It is of Arabic origin, and, it is said, has been successfully administered in many cases. The New York *Express* furnishes the receipt without any abbreviation:

CURE FOR THE CHOLERA.

Ingredients.—Assafœtida, opium, black pepper pulverized. These ingredients, more or less pure, will be found in every town and village.

The dose for an adult is from a grain and a half to two grains of each, made into a pill.—Tho according to the ingredients are pure or otherwise. If pure, 1½ grains will suffice.

The medicine should be made up into pills of one dose each, and kept for use in a phial well closed, as it is of great importance to check the disease the instant it is attack.

The best mode of administering the pill is not by swallowing it whole, lest it be rejected in that state, but by chewing it and swallowing it with the moisture of the mouth, and a very little brandy and water to wash it down. The next best way of administering the medicine is by bruising the pill in a spoonful of brandy and water, and then swallowing it

Much liquid must not be given; but to relieve the thirst which is severe, brandy and water by spoonfuls occasionally is the best mode.

The dose should be repeated every half or three-quarters of an hour, according to the urgency of the symptoms, until they have been subdued. From three to five doses have generally been sufficient for this, although as many as eight have been given before health has been restored in the patient.

Should great prostration of strength prevail, with spasm or without spasm, after the other symptoms (vomiting, purging, &c.) have been subdued, the medicine must not be wholly left off, but diluted in the proportions to the case, so to keep up the strength and restore the pulse.

Friction, with stimulating liniment of some kind, ought to be applied carefully to the stomach, abdomen, and to the legs and arms; and when pain in the stomach has been got over, and there was reason to fear congestion of the liver, eight or ten grains of calomel have been given with good effect.

In cases of collapse and great prostration of strength, application of the tourniquet to the arms and legs has been recommended, in order, as it were, to husband the vital power by limiting the extent of the circulation. This may be tried, using a ligature of tape or other substance, if the tourniquet be not available.

The favorable symptoms of recovery are restoration of the pulse, returning warmth of the body, and sleep; and after being refreshed by sleep, the recovery being complete, a dose of castor oil may be given.

The *Express* remarks: There are a minute-ness of detail, and a plausible prescription in all of the above, that must bespeak for it a careful perusal, if nothing more,—and we hope it will attract general attention. Cut out the recipe and preserve it, and if circumstances should ever, unfortunately, warrant a trial of its virtues, no harm will come of putting it to the test at all events. By the way, some of the Aldermen, a few days since, recommended the appointment of a Committee to proceed to Europe for the express purpose of ascertaining and examining every fact in relation to Cholera, and what remedies have been prescribed with the most success. The recommendation may be good enough, but we suggest that we first exhaust what information may be found nearer home.

The Starved Rosser.

In some States, laws exist against betting on elections, the penalty being disfranchisement. Such a law, however, does not exist in New Hampshire; and the glorious privilege is freely exercised by all those who can.

Not long since a limb of the law (not a little twig, but a pretty muscular limb) from Rockingham county chanced to be at Concord; and in course of conversation with the great *demo* who manages public opinion, and disseminates it, through the Patriot, to the sources from whence it should come, the topic turned, like a needle to the pole, to the Presidential election. A recent editor of the Patriot could discern the political skies pleasantly bright for Cass; but not so the one with whom he was conversing; there was to him a thick mist between Cass and the White House, dark as Egypt, and almost as dense as the smoke in Cass's bar-room, after Governor S. had been puffing a long nine there for half an hour.

"Well, if you doubt that Cass will be elected, what will you bet?"

"O, I never bet; nor want to. Taylor will be elected without any betting; but, if I were disposed to bet, I feel certain that I should win."

"There! I see you are afraid; I'd take you up at almost any stake. You know Cass is the man, and so you won't venture."

"Well, Colonel, I'll tell you what it is; if you insist on betting, I'm ready. Let us see; there are thirty States. I'll bet twenty-five dollars that Taylor will carry fifteen States that I can name, and ten dollars on each of the other States, that he will carry them also."

"Why, man, you are crazy?"

"I may be, but the money is not; so put down your hundred and seventy-five dollars against mine, if you dare."

The bet was accepted, and the crazy man began to write down the fifteen States which he betted twenty-five dollars upon—New Hampshire, Virginia, South Carolina, Alabama, Mississippi, Illinois, Missouri, Michigan, Wisconsin, Arkansas, Texas, Indiana, Iowa, Pennsylvania, Maine; then putting down the fifteen dollars which the Locos place the most reliance on.

"But, sir, you can't hope for one of these excepting the four last! If these are your best States, Cass will be certain of the whole Union."

"Cass won't get all these fifteen by two chalks; but suppose he does, and you get my twenty-five dollars, why then I have for certain Massachusetts, Connecticut, Vermont, Rhode Island, New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, North Carolina, Georgia, Louisiana, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Florida—fifteen pretty good States, at any rate. Good enough, as a case was a hundred and twenty-five dollars, after I have paid you my twenty-five dollars, as I reckon."

The colonel was dumbfounded. And over dinner, as a certain General from Mexico can so he pointes "hair down the lee colum on," he diverge up his shoulders, and wrath, with these rapid surges.—*Portsmouth (N. H.) Journal.*

Local Intelligence.

FIRST MUNICIPALITY.

COMMITTEE ROOM.—Dickenson, a free-colored woman, was arrested yesterday in the First Municipality, charged with stealing and insulting Margaret McKay, a white person.—Recorder Genella committed the accused for trial before the First District Court.

☞ ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—Simon Viot, police officer of the First Municipality, was arraigned before Recorder Genella, for committing an assault yesterday at 1 o'clock, on the person of Albert Emanuel. The occurrence took place in the immediate vicinity of the Recorder's office, and the accused was sent before the First District Court.

☞ A MIXED-UP AFFAIR.—Albert Emanuel was charged yesterday, before Recorder Genella, with participating in a fight of the value of $95, from Geo. Harvey, alias Wilson, whom our readers will recollect as having figured at various times in the police annals. The latter, it appears, was arrested some time since, for being concerned in the theft, and promised to give Emanuel $30 if he would procure his release, and to guarantee the amount, gave the key of his trunk to the accused, on the strength of which he went to the gentleman's premises, and obtained the property. Harvey now asserts that he never empowered Emanuel to proceed in this summary manner, and denies ever having promised to give him $30. The case will be examined on Saturday next.

ROBBERY.—A man named Albert Miller, appeared yesterday, before Recorder Genella, and made affidavit that whilst riding in a cab within the limits of the First Municipality, on Wednesday night, and being at the time somewhat tight, he was robbed by the cab driver whom he can point out, of a leather purse containing $30, and afterwards thrown into the street. The necessary warrant was issued for the arrest of this Jehu.

THEFT.—An affidavit was made yesterday, before Recorder Genella by Louis Gautier, who states that he arrived from Havre, on the ship Hartly, and that whilst ashore, his trunk was broken open and rifled of the contents consisting of various articles of clothing. From the voluntary confession of Edward Jones, the second mate of said vessel, he designates him as the delinquent. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the accused.

SECOND MUNICIPALITY.

DISMISSED.—The case of perjury which we mentioned a few days since, on the part of Owen Mathews and Thos. Osbourn, was examined yesterday, before Recorder Baldwin. It will be recollected that the parties were charged with swearing before Justice Bright, on the 30th ult., that a Miss Mary Tainder, was 21 years of age, for the purpose of obtaining a marriage license to enable her to marry one Hartley. It appears that she is but 17 years old. The investigation was a very long one, and terminated in the discharge of the accused, as irrespective of their good character which was testified to, it was also proven that they had sworn to the age of the lady, to the best of their knowledge.

GAVE BAIL.—Patrick Lynch, accused by Adelizz De Rush, who lives in Bezette street, between Annunciation and Tchoupitoulas sts., with having assaulted her in her house, pushing her into the street, and throwing her furniture, was examined yesterday before Recorder Baldwin. The accused was required to give bail for $500 to keep the peace.

SENT DOWN.—John Devine and Geo Brady were brought up yesterday before Recorder Baldwin, charged by John McCabe with having stolen, the 28th inst., two sewing machines from the Julia street wharf. They were both sent before the First District Court.

HOUSE STEALING.—Patrick, alias Pearson Miller, was brought up for examination yesterday before Recorder Baldwin, charged with having stolen, a few days since, a horse, worth $125, from a person named Jones. John Bromnley was also secured with being an accomplice in the theft, but he was discharged, as there was no evidence to sustain the charge. Pearson was sent before the First District Court.

THIRD MUNICIPALITY.

THEFT.—James Wilson, a lad 16 years old, was arrested yesterday in the Third Municipality, charged with stealing a lot of clothing belonging to Jean Jacques, a colored man. The prisoner was remanded to jail.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—John Campbell, for an assault on Arthur, on board the ship of the latter, and supposed to have been sold up the Coast. Said Hulse are all branded with the Mexican brand, with the additional brand H newly branded, with the upper brand of the H cut off.

The above brand will be a guide for the conviction of the thief, or thieves, who have stolen the above.

JOHN HOEY, 154 Perdido st.
Baton Rouge Gazette please copy. 011-6t

☞ The Packet ship MANCHESTER, Captain Cone, from New York, is discharging at Post No. 1, St. Joseph street wharf. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, or they will be stored at their expense and risk.

J. W. STANTON & Co,
o10 Corner Magazine and Lafayette sts.

☞ The brig MARY ANN JORDAN, Captain Codine, from Baltimore, is now discharging opposite Dumaine street, First Municipality. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, or they will be stored at their expense and risk.

L. H. GALE, 93 Commerce st.
o10

☞ NOTICE.—The consignees of the following goods, to order, per ship PETER MARCY, Capt. Sherwin, from Boston, are requested to send a drayage known to the discharging Clerk, on the Levee, or to the subscriber, otherwise the goods will be stored at their expense and risk:

136 bales Gunny Bags, marked H in a diamond, 25 quarter casks Wine, and 50 half chests of Wine.

L. H. GALE, 93 Commerce st.
o10

☞ Consignees of the following goods, consigned to order, by ship INDIANA, Capt. Bennett, from New York, are hereby notified that they are known to the discharging Clerk, on the Levee, at New York Wharf, opposite Triang's Building, or they will be stored at their expense and risk:

100 bales and 30 half bales marked Byrne & Hackins.

JOHN O. WOODRUFF & Co,
o10 93 and 95 Magazine st.

☞ FRESH ARRIVALS of fashionable DRY GOODS at the CHEAP CASH STORE, CORNER of BIENVILLE and BOURBON STS.

1000 doz. Handkerchiefs, from 6¼ cts to 50.
3 cases Muslins de Laines, from 20 to 45c.
1 do Cashmere, from 60 to 75c.
6 do Scotch, French and American Prints, from 7 to 10c.
6 do Canoutchous, Cottons and Plaid Stuffs, from 10c. to 31 25.
2 bales Ginghams—Real French, 15 to 18c.

And also, Merino and Cassimere Shawls of Half Wool. ☞ All of which be sold at the most reasonable price.

o10

ARISETTE.—150 baskets—MARASCHINO—10 do Sauce—BRANDY FRUITS—50 boxes, for sale to close consignment, by

o14 3tis GEO. GREEN & BRO., 56 Gravier.

WET NURSE TO HIRE.—The subscriber offers to hire as a Wet Nurse, a young negro girl, about 17 years old, without child. This slave is guaranteed in every respect. Apply to

o11 O. SCHEICHNAYDER, 30 Chartres st.

One Hundred and Fifty Dollars

STRAYED OR STOLEN.—Nine Mexican Mules, from the plantation of the subscriber, on the night of the 29th ult. They are branded on the left shoulder with the Mexican brand, and supposed to have been sold up the Coast. Said Mules are all branded with the Mexican brand, with the additional brand H newly branded, with the upper brand of the H cut off.

The above reward will be paid for the conviction of the thief, or thieves, who have stolen the above.

JOHN HOEY, 154 Perdido st.
Baton Rouge Gazette please copy. o11-6t

☞ NOTICE.

I, JOSEPH NOON, having advertised my Coffee House, corner of Peters and Levee streets, for sale, am now compelled to withdraw that offer, in consequence of my leg, (broke at the time of the fire,) not having run if the rent from 6th to 21st of month. As it is quite impossible to pay such a rent in my present circumstances, and therefore can no longer offer his Coffee House for sale, but having occupied the house a few eight years, I consider it a duty I owe to myself, to return my sincere expressions, on the part of the landlord, to raise the rent at once 67 per cent. My friends will in future find both my self and Mr. Colomb's premises, and Levee street, in which place I shall enter at the end of the month.

o11 2t* JOSEPH NOON.

PENMANSHIP.—All who wish to acquire a thorough knowledge of the principles and practice of Penmanship, can do so at the Penmanship, at SOLEMAN'S WRITING ACADEMY, Chartres street, up 15 Camp street.

☞ The ship PETER MARCY, from Boston, is now discharging opposite the Red Stores, 2d Municipality. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, or they will be stored at their expense and risk.

o10 L. H. GALE, 93 Commerce st.

☞ NOTICE.—The consignees of the following goods, to order, per ship PETER MARCY, Capt. Sherwin, from Boston, are requested to send a drayage known to the discharging Clerk, on the Levee, or to the subscriber, otherwise the goods will be stored at their expense and risk:

136 bales Gunny Bags, marked H in a diamond, 25 quarter casks Wine, and 50 half chests of Wine.

L. H. GALE, 93 Commerce st.
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JOHN HOEY, 154 Perdido st.
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☞ The Packet ship MANCHESTER, Captain Cone, from New York, is discharging at Post No. 1, St. Joseph street wharf. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, or they will be stored at their expense and risk.

J. W. STANTON & Co,
o10 Corner Magazine and Lafayette sts.

☞ The brig MARY ANN JORDAN, Captain Codine, from Baltimore, is now discharging opposite Dumaine street, First Municipality. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, or they will be stored at their expense and risk.

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