The New-Orleans Bee.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF GENERAL COUNCIL. .....NEW-ORLEANS, TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 21, 1849.

MAGNY & WEISSE, Proprietors No. 93 CHARTRES STREET.

TERMS OF THE BEE.

Daily Paper, one year in advance $12 00
Co[illegible] Paper, Semi-weekly, one year 5 00
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☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is [illegible] to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and in extent to one square every quarter.

Notice.

[illegible] are authorized to receipt for the proprietors: Messrs. B. M. E. Duverger, on book account, and Messrs. E. Morton Quirk and Frederick Kohn, as collectors.
MAGNE & WEISSE.
New-Orleans, 30 April, 1849.

FOR GOVERNOR,
ALEXANDER DECLOUET.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,
DUNCAN F. KENNER.

For Auditor of Public Accounts,
LOUIS BORDELON.

For Congress,
FIRST DISTRICT.
O. P. JACKSON.
SECOND DISTRICT.
CHARLES M. CONRAD.

The New-Orleans Daily Bee

Tuesday Morning, Aug. 21, 1849.

☞ The mail due on Sunday came through yesterday; that due yesterday failed beyond Mobile.

GEN. WALKER'S LOVE FOR ADOPTED CITIZENS.

We are all aware how fondly and fervently the Locofoco party is attached to our citizens of foreign origin. During political contests, when votes are the honest but misguided Germans or Frenchmen are needed, the affection of Locofocos must transcende the power of expression. In fact, in this seemingly exclusive love of adopted citizens, it appears nearly to forget that there are any native born on the soil. The party is colorless to be the only true naturalized citizen, though, as we published in the case of HEUBERT, Locofocos over and voters are not unfrequently, that party indulges in insulting sneers and contemptuous gibes at the appellation of a native citizen. Locofocos are a mutual admiration society. We peculiar friends and [illegible] of the Emerald Isle. We [illegible] their hearts, but [illegible] proved that they are as susceptible of being gulled and [illegible] as the Democracy [illegible] them, we propose for the benefit of state [illegible] which we intend to make [illegible] to point out their [illegible] friends.

A few years ago the Native American party [illegible] very few proselytes in this State [illegible] engaging or greatly modifying [illegible] in towns situated in the [illegible] occasion, while ALEXANDER DECLOUET was a member of the House of Representatives a resolution was offered requesting our Senators and Representatives in Congress to use their efforts to have the naturalization of foreigners [illegible] modified, so as to prolong the term of probation from five to twenty-one years. Locofocos supported the House by nearly an unanimous vote. DECLOUET, in common with every other native, VOTING IN THE NEGATIVE. We have facts, figures and dates to prove this. Here is substantial evidence of Locofoco sentiments towards adopted citizens. He was opposed to any restriction between the native and naturalized citizens, and had the moral courage to [illegible] of public opinion at a period when it had swayed our halls of legislation and has irresistibly swayed the minds of both political parties.

Now, for General WALKER. In 1834, General JOSEPH WALKER was a candidate for the office of United States Senator, and his opponent was an unmitigated patriot and statesman, ALEXANDER PORTER, an Irishman by birth, but a native American in feeling and principle as any man ever drew his first breath in our land. The contest was close and the result very doubtful. On the first ballot, each of the two Democratic candidates had the same number of votes, and there he was thrown away. On the second ballot Alexander PORTER succeeded by a majority of one. This result, it may be fairly presumed, was entirely unpalatable to General WALKER, although a veteran politician, he well knew that in the art of keeping his thoughts to himself, his disappointment was [illegible] locked, and he looked pretty freely on the occasion, he was accosted by Hugh [illegible] Esq., who is well and favorably known in this city, a few days after the election [illegible] turned upon Gen. WALKER's face, the general was in operation expressive of regret at his failure to be the successful candidate. Gen. WALKER thanked him for his sympathy, and added that he felt his defeat the more sensibly, as he supposed Judge PORTER was a FOREIGNER, or naturalized citizen, and he felt and think it proper to elevate such citizens to such a post.

Let the reader may imagine that this statement rest upon hearsay, or common rumor, we will explain that it is recorded in writing by the gentleman who held this conversation with Gen. WALKER, that we have his letter in our possession, and that any doubts be entertained of the facts stated, or any denial be ventured, we will, by the letter, with its signature, place the proofs. For our own part, we have no reason to according our entire credence to the statements of the writer.

It is somewhat unfortunate for Gen. WALKER that he did not swallow his mortification when beaten by Judge PORTER, or he would not have publicly avowed the profound chagrin that he felt at being beaten by a FOREIGNER.—He has acquired more tact now and will assume a philosophy next November, when a CREOLE will have performed for him the same good office which he was once indebted to Judge PORTER, and which he so grudgingly acknowledged.

FROM CUBA.—The New-York *Express* says:—We have "El Patriota" by the British steamer of the 21st ult.—but the date is no later than we have had direct. The "Patriota" discusses at great length Gen. Paez, and all his adventures—and is a paper, wholly in the interest of Gen. Monagas.—Nevertheless, it seems to be much alarmed by the movements of Paez in Coro, and to deem them formidable, while it pronounces him and his friends "desperate."

The death of Gen. Munoz is announced, as a great calamity.

Gen. Monagas has officially declared the Province of Coro to be in a state of blockade in consequence of Paez and his party being there. Vessels of war, if they wish to enter there, must ensure the Government that they do not intend to aid Paez and his party. Vessels from the United States are allowed forty days from July 9, to have notice of the blockade.

There seems to be another storm brewing in Venezuela, profits from which are warmly anticipated by Gen. Paez and his party.

Fire in Cleveland—Saint Paul's Church burned.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 6.

About one o'clock, on Friday, St. Paul's Church was discovered to be on fire throughout the whole building, and the flames bursting through the roof.—The church was only partly finished. The loss to the society is estimated at $6,000.

Sparks from the Church lodged in the barns of Messrs G. A. Bendict, and P. Handy, which were instantly in flames, and thus two distinct fires were burning at once. Many other buildings were more or less injured.

☞ Horace Greeley, being asked by a correspondent, at what season of the year a gold hunter should start hence for California, replies, gravely, "We consider *the first of April* as a good a season as any."

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE N. O. BEE.]

Further by the Hibernia.

THE QUEEN'S VISIT TO IRELAND

RESTORATION OF THE POPE—ROMAN AFFAIRS.

HUNGARIAN ENTHUSIASM. MORE VICTORIES.

THE PRUSSIANS OFFERING TO ASSIST AUSTRIA.

THE CONSPIRACY IN RUSSIA.

Disturbances in Switzerland, &c.

We have received the annexed important despatches from our attentive correspondent at Baltimore. It will be seen that the intelligence from all parts of the Continent is intensely interesting. Doubtless the advices we now lay before our readers are contained in the later intelligence despatched by telegraph from London to Liverpool for the New York associated press.

FIRST DESPATCH.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 18.

Great Britain.

It appears from our despatch that the Queen had reached Ireland on her contemplated visit to that country, and her reception was on a very splendid scale, preparations having been everywhere made to give her a cordial welcome.

Italy.

The Pope has issued a proclamation to the inhabitants of Rome, glorying the Almighty for the success of the French arms and the restoration of order in his dominions. He says that he will appoint a Commissioner, who, with the aid of the Ministry, will conduct the Government until his return to Rome in the fall

Austria and Hungary.

It is reported that an insurrection has broken out in Vienna. All the Hungarian victories of which we made mention in our last despatch are fully confirmed. The strategy of the Hungarians has been singularly successful, in as much as they have been enabled to command all the important posts necessary to the maintenance of an unbroken chain of communication. (This explains the fact previously alluded to, that the Hungarians, in retreating before the allies, had a specific object in view, in which they have doubtless fully succeeded.) Our despatch says that the most unparalled enthusiasm prevails throughout the entire length and breadth of Hungary, and is increasing from day to day. Old men of 70 and boys of 12 are now joining the ranks of the victorious Magyars, and that spirit which will never brook defeat, infuses itself in the whole Hungarian nation.

Turkey.

A most formidable and alarming insurrection has broken out in the Turkish province of Bosnia. We believe it appears to be entertained that Turkey intends to aid Hungary in achieving her independence.

Russia.

It would seem that Russia is making preparations to carry on hostilities on a still more gigantic scale. Arsenals are being established, and all kinds of military preparations are in progress.

THE RUSSIAN conspiracy alluded to in our previous despatch, extended throughout the whole empire, but was discovered by Secretary Count Orlopp.

Prussia.

True to her instincts, Prussia offers to assist Austria in crushing the Republican movement in Hungary.

Switzerland.

There is trouble in Switzerland, and the authorities have ordered a levy of troops, in consequence of the violation of their territory by the Hessian forces.

Portugal.

There has been a rupture in the Portuguese Cabinet.

SECOND DESPATCH.

BALTIMORE, August 18th.

Avezzana in New York.

AVEZZANA, a member of the late Roman Triumvirate, arrived in New York yesterday, and preparations are making to give him a public reception.

New York Politics.

The Convention of Hunkers and Barnburners at Rome, have failed to effect a compromise, and has adjourned.

(Correspondence of the Charleston Courier.)

KEY WEST, (Sc. Florida,) Aug 1.

Arrived, schrs. Princeton, E. Smith, from New York, bound to Brazos, St. Jago, assorted cargo, in charge of wreckers, having been ashore on Conch Reef, near Light Ship Florida, G. D. Bowne, Roberts Reef, cargo from schr. Princeton—to Bowne & Curry.

Aug. 6—Roberts et al. vs. schr. Princeton and cargo, E. Smith, resp't.—Libelled for salvage.—The above case was heard and argued this morning before Judge Wm. Marvin, Judge. The Court, after hearing testimony, has, by motion of counsel, appointed appraisers to report value of schooner and cargo. Vessel has been discharged, hove out and repaired, and will pay salvage by boronry, it is presumed.—Time, however, will be allowed respondent, as he has so requested.

Aug. 9.—The appraisers on cargo of schr. Princeton have made their report, and estimated vessel and cargo at about $27,000, and the Court has awarded libelants, Capt. Smith and comorts, the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars as salvage. Capt. Smith wishes to pay the amount from cargo at valuation price; but if rejected, a sale will take place, as no bottomry can be effected.

On account of the Indians, all our settlers have removed and are coming here. Col. Engelish has just arrived with his slaves, &c., and others are on their way down from the Miami and New River. Since the Indian River attack, we have heard of no others, except Sutler's store, at Pease creek, sixty miles from Tampa, from all accounts the Indians commenced hostilities.

Aug. 10.—Arrived, transport schr. Active, Washington, Portugas.

A portion of schr. Princeton's cargo, consisting of dry goods, is advertised by U. S. Marshal to be sold on Monday, 13th inst., to pay necessary salvage and expenses, by order of District Court.

NAVAL.—Arrived, U. S. sloop-of-war Germantown, from Pensacola, bound to Boston.—She has been in port for the last two days, and on account of light winds could not gain our harbor until this morning. She is at anchor off Custom House; all well.

FROM THE WEST INDIES, SOUTH AMERICA, &c.—The Br. West India Mail Steamship *Great Western* at New York on the 10th inst., bringing accounts from the West Indies, Venezuela, &c.

BERMUDA, Aug. 7.—We are rejoiced at the copious showers of rain which have fallen at intervals since the publication of our last number. The parched and withered aspect of the country occasioned by an almost unprecedented continuance of dry weather, has, in some measure, already changed its appearance—the fields, &c., are beginning to look green and animated.

The Great Western, Capt. H. J. Wolfe, from the Gulf of Mexico, Mobile, Havana and Nassau, arrived on Friday morning last. She left Tampico 12th July, Vera Cruz 16th July, Mobile 22d July, Havana 28th July, Nassau 30th July; has 32 passengers for England, 2 for New York, and the following cargo:

$1,228,000 in silver and gold, 374 bales cochineal, 16 bales jalap, 10 bales indigo, 20 bales of leaf tobacco, 81 cases segars, 31 hhds. pine apples, 42 live turtles, 3 cases of merchandise, 2 packages of coffee, and 24 packages sundries.

H. M. brig Sappho was at Vera Cruz when the Great Western left. Trent at Havana; Medway sailed from Havana for Jamaica 27th July.

Havana was suffering more severely from yellow fever than has been known in the memory of any person alive.

The Avon, for England, sails this morning.

Bark Mariel, Capt. Colton, 10 days from New York, arrived at St. George's on Sunday evening last. Having a case of gastro-entirites on board, she was, as a precautionary measure, placed by the health officer in a quarantine of observation for 24 hours.

By the Avon, we have copious files of West India papers. In Demerara there seems some prospect of a successful arrangement of the difference between the Governor and the Combined Court. Smallpox still rages at St. Vincent with unabated virulence.

Sir Charles Grey, the Governor of Jamaica, has dissolved the House of Assembly of that Island.

ST. VINCENT—*Smallpox.*—This epidemic increases in virulence. In the statistical return published in Saturday's Gazette, the total number of cases is set down at 504—while the total number of deaths to this day in the town of Kingston has been 70—equal to 14 per cent.—This is a great mortality, but we can hold out no hope of a reduction at present. We rather fear there will be an increase as warm months approach. The fund from which the afflicted have been relieved are nearly, if not altogether exhausted.—*New Era, July 24.*

FROM THE FRENCH ISLANDS.—We continue to receive sad accounts of factious tumults, assassinations, burnings, and every ingredient of a general state of anarchy and confusion. Governor Breat was still absent from Martinique, having gone to the principal theatre of popular discord, the island of Guadaloupe, where a desperate conflict continued to be maintained between the Bissettins and the Schoelcherists.—The result of the Guadaloupe elections, was not known in Martinique three days ago.

Only the vows of ten, out of the thirty communes of the colony, had been announced, and that verbally by the master of a small vessel which arrived on the 29th ult., who also stated that the votes up to his departure from Basseterre, gave a majority of 1000 to the Montagne party, M M Schoelcher and Perrinon, over the Moderates, M M Bissette and Mondesir Richard.

Five estates had been fired at Gandaloupe, at the suspected instigation of the Schoelcherist faction.

☞ We copy the following despatch from last evening's *Picayune.* It may, or may not be true:

Juan Francisco Rey.

BALTIMORE, August 18, 1849.

The steamship Falcon has arrived at New York from Havana. She reports that Rey gave his answer to the American Consul in presence of five Spanish soldiers and under threats. He was there in Havana in prison, but had contrived to send two letters to the Consul, stating that he had been abducted, and desired American protection. He moreover requested (demanded is the word used) to see him, the Consul. This, however, after deliberation, was refused by the Spanish authorities.

Great astonishment was felt in Havana on the subject, and the excitement was increased by the arrival of the U. S. sloop Germantown. She, however, sailed without taking any steps in the matter.

TENNESSEE ELECTION.—We copy the following from the Nashville *Whig* of Saturday the 11th inst. It will be seen from it that the Whigs have carried the State Senate and that they have lost only one Representative in Congress, and not three Representatives as was reported some days ago. The last Congressional delegation from that State stood 5 Whigs and 6 Locofocos. It now stands 4 Whigs to 7 Locofocos:

Gillespie, from the Senatorial District formerly represented by J. M. Anderson, is elected by a handsome majority. This gives us a Whig Senate, one majority—and it is possible we shall have three.

Blount and Sevier.—Pickens (Whig) elected to the Senate.

The House is yet in doubt.

Representatives in Congress.

Dists.	Locofocos.	Dists.	Whigs.
1	Andrew Johnson,	2	A. G. Watkins,
4	John H. Savage,	3	J. M. Anderson,
5	George W. Jones,	6	M. P. Gentry,
7	James H. Thomas,	10	C. H. Williams—4.
8	Andrew Ewing,		
9	Isaac G. Harris,		
11	F. P. Stanton—7.		

☞ From the following, which we take from the Louisville *Journal* of the 13th, our readers will perceive that Marshall (w.) is certainly elected to Congress from the Louisville district. The delegation, therefore, stands as before—5 Whigs, 4 Locofocos:

Our district.—We were in hopes of being able to lay before our readers the official returns from this district this morning, but have been disappointed. We do not think however that there is any doubt of Col. Marshall's election, though the Democrats, in the absence of further returns from Henry, still have hopes that Dr. Lane has succeeded. A report was circulated on Saturday that the majority in that county was 285 instead of 185, which would elect Lane by some 50 votes. But few placed confidence in the report. The official returns for Lane in Carroll is 51, and in Oldham 114, and if Henry has given Lane 185 and Trimble 238, Marshall's majority in the district is 56.—As we said before, we believe that Col. Marshall is elected.

Since the paragraph above was in type, we have seen several gentlemen from New Castle, who inform us that Lane's majority in Henry is 185. There is no mistake about it. Marshall is elected.

FROM THE CITY OF SALT LAKE.—A letter from a Mormon at the Salt Lake, to his friend in Ohio, says:

"There is an extensive gold mine here, from which a great many of my neighbors are engaged in digging gold. Those who work the mines make from thirty to $750 per day, each. If a man wants gold, all he has to do is, to go and dig it. In fact, Miles, money is as plenty here as pine shaks used to be at Springfield. We have gold dust, gold and silver coin, and a paper currency for our own convenience, paper being better to handle than gold dust.

"Pure salt abounds here to any extent. I can shovel up a wagon load of salt here as soon as you can a load of sand on your Lake shores. There are some springs here that are very useful. Within 4 miles of the city there is a hot spring, the water of which is sufficient to scald a hog in. There is another spring within one mile of the city, the water of which is about blood warm—there we bathe for health: also, a cold spring, a soda spring, and an alkali spring near the Lake, at which place it requires but a few minutes to load a wagon with as good saleratus as ever we used—in fact, we use no other. There is not much timber in this country. Game is very plenty, such as buffaloes, antelopes, deer, bear, &c. Fowls and fishes of all kinds in abundance.

"Cattle can live here the whole year without either hay or corn, and be in enough for beef at any time. There has been one crop raised in the valley, and there is a large crop of wheat in the ground. There is a canal being constructed here for the purpose of watering our fields, as there is very little or no rain in the summer season."

LATE FROM FLORIDA.—The Florida Argus of Thursday says: "St. Lucie, Benton, Hillsborough and part of Marion counties are broken up. The Indians are out of their boundary and are sending over the country, at least we judge so from the number of signal fires that are seen over the country. These lights stretch from the Oclawaha to the St. John's, and from thence appear to connect with signals on the Atlantic coast. The settlers who reached on Lake Bryant report the almost certain destruction of their property. Many of our planters whose farms neighbor have forted together. Ocala is crowded with people, while many have passed through going farther north. Indian spies are reported at Silver Springs—as there are no settlers there now, it may be presumed, that there was cause for alarm. We believe the clerk has left the store there.

POSTSCRIPT.—We have this moment authentic news from Benton county, and alter the preso to announce it. The Indians have burned Bentonville, the family escaped. They are now in small parties, spreading over the country. No time for more to save mail. Send troops.

BURLINGTON, VT., Aug. 11.

THE PLATTSBURGH FIRE.—The fire at Plattsburgh has proved far more disastrous and extensive than was anticipated. It has destroyed nearly every building on Main street, west of the bridge to Broadway, and north and south on both sides of Broadway. All the principal buildings are burned. The fire originated in an Irish grocery, from throwing a lighted segar in a spittoon filled with sawdust. The following extract of a letter dated yesterday, from the conflagration, gives as accurate particulars as I can gather:

Our village is nearly in ruins—65 buildings were burned, among which were 50 stores of our principal business men—such as L. Myers, D. Ketchum, Vilas & Crosby, Palmer & Sons, M. R. Platt & Co., Barley, Finch & Cook, Nicholas & Lynde, W. H. Morgan & Son, T. Conroy, W. Reed, jeweller, and S. F. Viles. The loss is immense. The Post Office and Bank are also reported burned. The loss has not been ascertained. The very heart of the place is in ruins. A considerable was covered by insurance, but a vast amount destroyed was not.

THE GOLD DOLLAR.—This diminutive coin has at length arrived in Raymond, Miss., and the editor of the Hinds County *Gazette* is not pleased with it. His opinion is given in regard to one specimen, however, we have yet to learn what his opinion of a hat-full of them would be.

GENERAL TAYLOR arrived at Lancaster on the night of the 10th inst. A large concourse of persons from the city and surrounding country turned out to bid him welcome.

KENTUCKY.—A despatch of the 13th, from Baltimore, two days later than our papers from Louisville, announce the election of HUMPHREY MARSHALL, (w.) in the Louisville Congressional district.

City Intelligence.

COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY NO. THREE.—The Council met last evening, Recorder Seuseneau in the Chair.

The following message from the Mayor was received:

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, August 20th, 1849.

To the Honorable President and members of the Council of Municipality No. Three:

GENTLEMEN—I have carefully and attentively examined the ordinance passed at your sitting of the 13th instant, for the purpose of funding the debt of the Municipality, and creating a tax of one per cent. on real and personal property. I assure your honorable body that this subject has been one of much reflection with me: particularly as I have always been opposed to high taxation, and to avoid which, have invariably recommended strict economy in all branches. Any necessity for additional taxation bears heavily upon the property holders, and particularly at this time, when our fellow-citizens have been pressed with afflictions and drawbacks unusual and unexpected, such a measure should, if possible, be avoided. But upon examining the financial affairs of the Municipality, I cannot see any other remedy by which to extricate it; and however much I am personally opposed to such course, and would cheerfully meet the wishes of the very numerous and respectable petitioners who have called upon me, to withhold my approbation to the ordinance, I feel myself bound to sanction the action of the Council. Had the tax been but one half instead of one per cent, I would not have deemed it necessary to give my reasons for its approval, but the enormous sum of $75 00 per cent. and the exigencies of the Municipality, I feel assured that fairness will be felt and appreciated. It is shown by the report of the Finance Committee, that a probable deficiency of thirty six thousand eight hundred and forty dollars and seventy-five cents will exist at the end of the current year, from the present state of things, which would be adding to the already existing heavy debt, and increase your embarrassment so much more, but by the adoption of this ordinance, exercising a rigid and strict economy in all branches of the Municipality, and a proper application of the revenue arising through the operation of this ordinance I feel assured that the affairs of the Municipality will in a very short time be placed in a favorable position both at home and abroad. In conclusion, I regret that some other method could not be suggested which would not bear so heavily on the tax payers, but as there is none, I have thought proper, however reluctantly, not to disturb the ordinance as passed by the Council.

With great respect, I have the honor to be,

Gentlemen, your ob't serv't,

A. D. CROSHMAN, Mayor.

On motion of Ald. Wiltz, the above message was ordered to be published at length in the official gazette of the Municipality.

A petition from B. Laborde was read, asking that he be allowed to establish a cemetery in the neighborhood of the Gentilly Road, within the limits of this Municipality.

On motion of Mr. Solomon, said petition was laid on the table subject to call.

A petition from watchman Brown, of the Municipality, was received, informing the Council that he arrested, some time since, a slave having in his possession some silver plates and decanters, which are now unclaimed in the police office. The slave having been sent to the work-house, the watchman thinks that he is entitled to all these valuable articles.

On motion of Mr. Wilder, the above petition was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Wiltz, Chairman of the Finance Committee, submitted a report by which a resolution was passed, directing the payment of sundry accounts.

Mr. Wiltz, also from the Finance Committee, reported a resolution directing the Treasurer to issue due bills in favor of Messrs. Barnett and McBride, the contractors for lighting the streets of the Municipality, for the sum of $825 each. After some brief remarks from Ald. Solomon, the resolution passed.

Some other unimportant resolutions were reported by the same gentleman, on behalf of the same committee, and adopted.

Mr. Wiltz, on behalf of the Finance Committee, submitted a resolution requesting our Senators and Representatives in the State Legislature for the passage of a bill, from and after the 1st January next, concerning the collection of taxes levied by this Municipality, to be used in the same year; and also that the Municipality be authorised to use the tableau of assessment of the State Assessors for the year 1849, to enable the Council to levy the taxes for the year 1850. Said resolution was unanimous ly adopted.

Mr. Solomon introduced an ordinance to provide for the extra garnishment of the floating debt. It will not be lawful to take, for any purpose whatever, the special tax of one per cent. lately levied by this Council, except for the extinguishment of the floating debt, and any officer of the corporation who shall appropriate said tax to his own use, shall be deemed guilty of embezzlement and punished accordingly.

The ordinance elicited a sharp debate among certain members. It was finally laid over by the casting vote of the President.

The report of the board of Public Education was then taken up, and all that part recommending additional teachers, was referred to the Committee on Education, and the other parts concerning the erection of school houses, resolutions to that effect were presented by alderman Wiltz, and were adopted after some slight modification from Alderman Flanders.

Shortly after the Council adjourned.

BREACH OF TRUST.—Complaint was entered yesterday morning, before Recorder Genin, by Thos. Weldon, who states that on the night of the 11th August, at the house of Ann Mathews, corner of Hamorella and Tchoupitoulas streets, and being slightly intoxicated he commenced pulling out his money from his pocket the sum of about $1000 under the pretence of safe keeping. Since then he has returned $350 to Weldon, but has refused to account for the remainder. A partial investigation was had yesterday before the Recorder, in which Mr. Rousseau appeared for the accused, and Mr. Randall Hunt for the complainant. Several witnesses were sworn, and the examination was postponed until Saturday next, and in the meanwhile, Hulsen has given bail for his appearance in the sum of $1000.

FOUND CONCEALED.—James Dougherty was arrested on Saturday night, by the officers of the police, having been found concealed in the premises of Adolphe Fraset in St. Louis street, between Rodriguez and Claiborne streets. He was in default of bail, for his good behavior, and and in default of giving it, he was committed to the workhouse for one month.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—About seven o'clock on Sunday night, Sergeant Arroyo, of the First Municipality police, found a man named Basze Lapiece, in a shed store in Chartres street, between St. Louis and Toulouse streets, dangerously wounded, having attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat. The unfortunate man was immediately conveyed to the Hospital.

ARREST.—Late on Sunday night, as watchman Brady, of the First Municipality, was on duty in Burgundy street, he saw Washington Baldwin commit an assault on the person of a white woman named Rose. Mary Ann Rose, wife of John Brady, together with Corporal Whitehouse, interfered and separated the parties. About an hour afterwards Baldwin again attacked the Rose of the premises, and whilst there made an assault on Louis Hewes. The latter then drew a knife and inflicted three wounds on Baldwin, from which he died in a few minutes. Brady in attempting to arrest the man, was assaulted by Baldwin, but he finally succeeded in conveying him both to the station house. They gave bail yesterday morning in the sum of $1000 for their appearance.

FOUND SWAMPED.—A man named Antonio Galina was found lying on the Levee on Saturday morning, at 6 o'clock, having wounded himself with a knife. He was forthwith removed to the Hospital.

RUNAWAY.—James A. Woodsiwa committed yesterday by Recorder Seuseneau to the First District Court, on the charge of having forged a draft for $115, purporting to be drawn by J. Watson, on the house of Fisher & Co. The forgery was immediately discovered on presentation of the draft.

A RAPE CASE.—Mary McLaughlin, a young girl of about thirteen years of age, yesterday, was sworn before Recorder Seuseneau, affirmed, charging one Cornelius Hollard with having forcibly ravished her on the night of the 13th instant, in the house of Mr. Harper, situated in Hand-vile street, between Levee and Victoria streets. Hollard, together with Mrs. Harper and one Mary Glynn, were arrested and held to bail to answer the charge. The case will be shortly invested before Recorder Seuseneau.

COMMERCIAL.

The Markets.

MONDAY EVENING, Aug 20, 1849.

Nothing was done in Cotton to-day.

Sugar is going off in small quantities, at full prices.

The Flour market remains dull. Sales to day 1000 bbls. at $5 25@$5 75, according to quality. Nothing doing in Corn. Oats have been sold at 23@25c. ⅌ bushel for Ohio.

Provisions are without change, and slow of sale.

Exchanges firm at last quotations, and no alteration in Freights.

MESSRS EDITORS—Please announce ALEXANDER CUVILLIER, as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Fourth District Court.

EDITORS OF THE BEE—Please announce JOHN R. ELLIOT, as a candidate for re-election as Collector of State Taxes for the Sixth Representative District.
MANY VOTERS.

☞ Please announce CHAS. V. HUETUSBIE, as a candidate for the office of Collector of State Taxes, for the Fourth Representative District, at the election to be held on the 5th day of November next. The District ranges from Canal to St. Louis street.
At the Request of MANY FRIENDS.

MESSRS. EDITORS OF THE BEE—Please announce C. R. SHEFFERLEY as a candidate for re-election for Third Justice of the Peace for the Parish of Orleans, at the election to be held on the 5th of November, 1849. au18
HIS FRIENDS.

MESSRS. EDITORS—Please announce AL. BERT PARTS, as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Fourth District Court, at the election of November next.
HIS FRIENDS.

☞ The consignees of 98 casks Soda Ash, per ship Palestine, Capt Johnson, from New York, will please make his residence known to the discharging officer at quarantine, or the Municipality, otherwise the goods will be stored at his expense and risk.
JOHN O. WOODRUFF & CO.,
93 Magazine st.

☞ The packet ship PALESTINE, Capt. Johnson, from New York, now discharging at the levee in the Municipality. Consignees are requested to attend immediately to the receipt of their goods on the levee, otherwise they will be stored at their expense and risk. J. O. WOODRUFF & CO.,
93 Magazine st.

☞ The MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY have removed their offices to 12 Royal st., Musson's Buildings. ly28

NOTICE.

☞ Mr. Trudeau, consignee of sundrie per ships Pyramid and Jacques Lafitte, from Havre, is requested to call at the subscribers office, and receive the same. au10 L. H. GALE, 93 Common st.

☞ Mr. Trudeau, consignee of sundrie per ships PYRAMID and JACQUES LAFITTE, from Havre, is requested to call at the subscriber's office and receive the same.
au10 L. H. GALE, 93 Common st.

☞ AUGTE. SOLIER has removed to his old store, 90 ST. LOUIS STREET. ly3

NOTICE TO SEAMEN AND DISCHARGING CLERKS.—We will in future pay no drayage from the shipping, except to those holding our written orders. DUPUIS, WILLIAMSON & CO.

Ten Dollars Reward.

LOST OR MISLAID.—A white Pocket Book, containing two notes, the first of $154 55 5 9, payable at twelve months from the 25th March, 1849, and endorsed by Mathew Hidalgo. The second of $250, payable at one year from the 3d of July, subscribed by Clara Yard, and endorsed by James Stewart. The pocket-book contains also a few receipts signed by the undersigned.

The above reward will be paid to the person who will deliver it to the owner, at No. 62 Royal st.
J. F. CLAY.

LOST OR MISLAID.—Two NOTES, for the sum of four hundred dollars each, drawn by Dr. A. Lina, to the order of and endorsed by Dr. F. Blanchard, payable at seven and nine months from the 20th of July, 1849. Said Notes are secured by mortgage, and are signed as security by Amedee Ducatel, Notary Public. The public is notified not to negotiate them, the proper formality having been taken to stop payment. A liberal reward will be paid to whoever will deliver them to the office of the Bee.
au21

TO RENT—A Brick Dwelling House, in Washington st, Lafayette. Apply to LABORDE & XIQUES, 31 Common st.
au21

RICE—30 tierce prime Charleston Rice, landing from bark Saranac, and for sale by
au21 LABORDE & XIQUES, 31 Common st.

PRINCIPE CIGARS—Genuine Principe Cigars of the Steamboat brand, in store, for sale by
au18 J. M. CABALLERO, 32 Old Levee.

HANANA CIGARS—A large assortment of choice Havana Cigars, always on hand, for sale by
au18 J. M. CABALLERO, 32 Old Levee.

PIG IRON—95 tons No. 1 Scotch Pig Iron, for sale by
au17 1w WILLIAM MURE, 118 Common st.

PRINCIPE SEGARS—Genuine of the steamboat brand, for sale by
au17 J. N. RICULFI, 17 Common st.

RIO COFFEE—800 bags very superior, for sale by
au16 1w J. W. STANTON & CO., Corner Magazine and Lafayette sts.

BRANDY CHERRIES—250 cases Brandy Cherries, for sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
au13 17 & 19 St. Louis st.

STARCH—ARROWROOT—100 boxes Fox's; 400 do, in store and for sale by
au9 E. J. HART & CO., 85 Tchoupitoulas st.

SOUTH CAROLINA and Georgia Money bought by
au9 E. J. HART & CO., 85 Tchoupitoulas st.

FIRE BRICK—100,000 English Fire Brick, for sale by HAYMAN & HOLDEN,
au8 98 Magazine st and 11 Red Stores.

RECEIVED by the late arrivals, for sale by the subscribers—
1300 half boxes Sardines in oil, B Guillouz brand;
500 baskets Oil, J Plagniol, in large bottles;
200 do do do half do;
75 do do Champaign Wine, Sun and Eagle brands;
600 baskets Auger's Guignolet, 6 and 12 bottles;
90 do super Annette;
100 boxes Abeyath, Sauvajol and Brunston brand;
350 do Claret St Julien and St Estephe;
125 do Sauterns and Barsac White Wine;
200 do Frontignon Muscat;
125 do Curacon and Maraschino;
90 do Prunes, Pears and Peaches; 50 do Orange Flower Water;
60 boxes Castile Soap; 80 baskets empty bottles;
50 do Haut Talence and St Brion Claret; 50 half do; 100 bbls Sauterne and Barsac White Wine;
40 do Madeira; 40 do Burgundy Port; 35 do Bordeaux Vinegar; 25 bales pointed and regular Corks,
2000 each
a20 A. MOLIER, 90 St. Louis st.

A NEW AND INTERESTING WORK TO ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS, &c.—just published at the New Orleans Stationers' Warehouse, No 14 Camp street—A Treatise on Handrailing, comprising three original systems of applying the transect or string in drawing the five moulds of Geometrical, Spiral and Spiral Handrails, also, an Original System of applying the tops of the moulds to the edge of the plank, an original system of cylindrical sections, and an original theory of resting points attended with as [illegible] Course of Geometry, Ration and Proportions, exemplified by full and complete demonstrations, and illustrated by twenty plates. By L. E. Reynolds, Architect; No. 31 Camp street, New Orleans, in 1 vol 8 vo. For sale by
a20 J. B. STEE., 14 Camp st.

CLARET AND WHITE WINE IN BOXES.—
25 boxes Claret—Chateau Lafitte;
28 do do Leoville;
41 do do Chateau Margaux;
47 do do Latour;
11 do do Morton;
16 do do Batailey;
120 do do St. Julien;
52 do do do—pints;
24 do White Wine—Yquem;
25 do Burgundy Wine—Clos Vougeot.
For sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
a20 17 and 19 St. Louis st.

CLARET, IN CASKS—
17 casks Claret, Listrac;
25 do do Chateau Margaux;
20 do do Margaux;
19 do do Good for Gumbo;
8 half casks do, Chateau Margaux;
8 casks do Graves, for sale by
EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
a20 17 and 19 St. Louis st.

WHITE WINE, IN HALF CASKS—
50 half casks White Wine, Sauterne;
16 do do do Graves;
8 casks do do Sauterne.
For sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
a20 17 and 19 St. Louis st.

THE subscribers agents for Lacave & Escheca par, from Cadiz, have constantly on hand an assortment of Sherry Wine for sale very low, and at liberal terms.
DUFOUR, WILLIAMSON & CO
a18 35 Natchez st.

LANDING—Ex ship Orbicle de Bordeaux
200 baskets Olives, Nos. 1 and 2 size.
100 do Empty Bottles
300 boxes Frontignan Slu cat.
40 qr pipes Malaga Wine.
27 bales Corks, of 300,000 each—fine, superfine and regular. PAUL JUGE, FILS & CO.,
a18 27 St. Louis st.

LARD—214 bbls prime Lard, landing per steamboat Charles Hammond, from Cincinnati, and for sale by TRUMBORE & LAMPIE,
a20 26 Old Levee.

ABSYNTH, KIRSCH and CHEESE—150 boxes genuine Swiss Absynth, L. Jeanneraud 100 do Kirsch, same brand, 20 Gruyere Cheese, first quality, for sale by
jy13 B. TALAMON, 182 and 184 Royal st.

HAVANA CIGARS—An assortment of all kinds of the best manufacture always on hand and for sale by
a17 J. N. RICULFI & CO., 17 Common st.

LIME—250 bbls fresh Thomaston Meadow Rock, in cargoes ship Buena Vista and bark Iona, for sale by HAYMAN & HOLDEN,
a8 98 Magazine st and 11 Red Stores.

HAIR—1700 sacks and 50 bales Plastering Hair,
a8 HAYMAN & HOLDEN, 98 Magazine st and 11 Red Stores.

QUININE—1000 ounces Paris Sulphate of Quinine, for sale by N. JARVIS & CO.,
a20 cor Magazine and Common

COPERAS—75 bbls green Copperas, for sale by
a20 NATHAN JARVIS & CO., corner Magazine and Common

BURR BLOCKS—1,000 French Burr Blocks, best quality, for sale by HAYMAN & HOLDEN,
a8 98 Magazine & 11 Red Stores.

FEATH