The New-Orleans Bee.

No. 596, VOL. X.—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXIII.—WHOLE No. 6035.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF GENERAL COUNCIL. —— NEW-ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 7, 1849.

TERMS OF THE BEE.

DAILY PAPER (one year in advance).....$12 00
CONTINUED PAPER, Semi-weekly, (one year in advance).....5 00

In all cases the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing before he can be allowed to discontinue.

ADVERTISING—One dollar for every TEN lines, for the first insertion and half that price for each subsequent one. No Advertisement inserted for less than one dollar in each language.

Advertisements not specified as to time will be Published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines, for each language and for each insertion.

☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and in extent to one square every other day.

Notice.

No person is authorized to receipt for the proprietors of the Bee, but Mr. E. Duverger, our book keeper, and Messrs. E. Morton Quirk and Delaneuville, our collectors.

MAGNE & WEISSE.

New Orleans, 30 April, 1849.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ALEXANDER DECLOUET.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,

DUNCAN F. KENNER,

For Auditor of Public Accounts,

LOUIS BORDELON.

For Congress,

FIRST DISTRICT.

O. P. JACKSON.

SECOND DISTRICT.

CHARLES M. CONRAD.

The New-Orleans Daily Bee

Friday Morning, Sept. 7, 1849.

Central Whig Executive Committee of the State of Louisiana.

SITTING OF AUGUST 30TH, 1849.

The time having arrived, in the opinion of this Committee, for final organization, preparatory to the elections to take place in November next; and whereas, there have been no nominations as yet made, for Senators, Members of the House of Representatives, and for other offices to be selected—

Be it Resolved, That this Committee recommend to our Whig fellow-citizens to assemble in the Wards of the respective Representative Districts, on or before SATURDAY the 29th day of September next, for the purpose of appointing, from each Representative District, DELEGATES to a general Parish and City Whig Convention, to be held in the SIXTH MUSIC EXCHANGE, on the 22d day of September, at half past 7 o'clock, P. M., for the nomination of two SENATORS, and such other PARISH OFFICERS, as in the opinion of the Whig Party, may be deemed advisable and for the interest and well-being of the Whig party of the City and State.

Be it further Resolved, That if be recommended to the number of Delegates appointed in the Wards of each Representative District, be nominated, not less than five, and that the Committee make the Representation on such basis, after meeting, as may be deemed proper.

Be it further Resolved, That after the nomination of officers, embracing the votes of the whole Parish, to make up the Convention, it is the Committee recommended, that the Convention separate into District Conventions, composed of the Delegates from each Representative Ward, for the purpose of nominating REPRESENTATIVES TO THE LEGISLATURE, and the said Conventions be requested to report the result of their deliberations to this Committee, in order that such steps may be taken as will insure the success of the candidates nominated.

Be it further Resolved, That the above resolutions be published in the New Orleans Bee, New Orleans Commercial Bulletin, Orleanian, The Cooke and La Patria.

T. N. MARKS, Chairman.
W. KEMPER, } Secretaries.
M. WATERMAN, }

☞ The FILLMORE RANGERS are requested to meet at the Commercial Exchange, St. Charles street, on FRIDAY EVENING, 7th instant, at half past 7 o'clock, for the purpose of reorganizing. A full attendance is desired, as it will be necessary to devise plans for concerted action in the ensuing campaign.

A WORD TO THE WHIGS.

The Whigs of the First Municipality are ever first in the field and foremost in the fray. Less than a week has elapsed since the Central Executive Committee issued its recommendation to the Whigs to meet in their primary assemblages and select delegates to the City and Parish Convention of the 22nd inst., and already our columns prove that the staunch and faithful Tayloe Republicans of the First Municipality have taken all the necessary measures to carry the recommendation into effect. Before the close of the present week, every Representative District in this section of the city will have appointed its delegates, and transacted the preliminary business requisite to the opening of the political campaign.

But animation and activity are not wholly confined to the First Municipality. Even the Old Third, which in days of yore was somewhat somnolently disposed, and had occasionally to be roused by a blast of the Whig bugle, is now nobly redeeming her former sluggishness. The gallant Taylor men who, in the face of the most determined opposition and desperate odds, won immortal honor last November, by regenerating the Municipality and putting her side by side with her virtuous sisters, have again buckled on their armor for the fight, and it is not improbable that long before the expiration of the period assigned by the Committee, the Whigs throughout her representative districts will have assembled and chosen delegates to the Convention.

In the midst of these encouraging symptoms, as spurred canvass, and a signal triumph before Canal street, we would, with all due deference, enquire what has become of the Whigs who reside above that line of demarcation. Where are the Whigs of the Second Municipality? Are they asleep, that they stir not, and make no response to the call of the Committee? Do they intend to suffer their laurels to be plucked from their brows by their gallant competitors in the first and third, without an effort to retain them? Will they permit themselves to be outstripped in the honorable contest that is now beginning? We trust not, though the Whigs of the Second Municipality are slower in their movements than could have been anticipated by those who know the indomitable perseverance and zeal that are wont to distinguish the mass of the party in that quarter. It may be that they only pause to gather increased strength and energy for the race, and that they will soon come forth, as usual, full of numbers and of spirit, and ready to combat the common enemy. It is, however, time for the Second Municipality to move. In eight days more, the delegations throughout the city must be complete. In fifteen days, the Convention will assemble. The question which that body will be called upon to decide, are of vast importance. Some of them will require dispassionate and mature deliberation. Others will claim no small amount of soul-sacrificing zeal and devotion. In the interests of the whole party it is eminently desirable that the Convention should comprise an equal, gentlemanly and well-informed mass of delegates, representing the constituency of every Ward and Legislative District. Thus only will its decisions command entire respect and implicit obedience. Thus only will itself be enabled to arrive at a satisfactory solution of one or two perplexing subjects that will be presented for its consideration.

We have said enough to convince every Whig of the importance of prompt and effective action in the matter. It has been viewed in this light by the Whigs of the First and Third Municipalities, and we hope that those of the Second will appreciate it in the same spirit, and at once press onward to the performance of the duties that devolve upon them.

HEART OF ST. LOUIS.—The weekly report of interments in the several cemeteries attached to St. Louis, made up on Monday last, exhibits a very satisfactory state of public health. Not only has the cholera disappeared, but, with the return of thousands of our citizens, there is a decided decline in each week in the bills of mortality. For the week ending the 21st, there were 94 deaths reported—of which only 4 died of cholera. For the week ending with Monday last, a still more favorable state of health is presented—the number of interments having been reduced to 72. It is not likely now that this number will be increased during any subsequent period of the present year. The cholera is subsided of now, nor does any other disease prevail to any extent. We trust that neither our absent citizens, nor those who desire to visit St. Louis on business or pleasure, will be deterred from doing so by any of the absurd stories which are still late circulation, even at this late day, to cast a prejudice against St. Louis.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE N. O. BEE.]

LOSS OF THE PACKET SHIP HENRY CLAY.

BALTIMORE, September 5th—8 P. M.

The splendid packet ship *Henry Clay*, plying between New York and Liverpool, was this morning destroyed by fire, and burnt to the water's edge. She had a large and valuable cargo on board. The *Henry Clay* was one of the magnificent line of packets belonging to the house of Grinnell, Minturn & Co., and was to have sailed from New York on the 6th inst.

The Hon. HENRY CLAY arrived at New York yesterday, on his way home.

FROM CENTRAL AMERICA.—The brig *Marion Gage* arrived at New York on Tuesday morning, from Belize, (Honduras,) with advices to the 5th ultimo.

Mr. Hise, late Charge d'Affaires near the Government of Guatemala, is a passenger by the *Marion Gage*.

The country to the northward and eastward of the capital was still in great disorder, but leaves hopes of the disorders being soon suppressed.

A great quantity of merchandize had lately been robbed in its transit from Yzabel to the capital; all post-office and private couriers were intercepted, and the correspondence destroyed; and it was impossible for travelers or goods to pass without a strong escort, and this the Government could rarely afford to give. The only hope which those interested in public tranquility had, was in the expected return of Gen Carera, the ex-President, who, during his voluntary retirement into Mexico last year, was proscribed by the ultra liberalists of a new Assembly. Gen Carera having, however, returned and gained possession of much of the country, the ultra party, unable to establish order, resigned in favor of their opponents, the moderates, who have offered Carera the Generalship in Chief of the Republic. He was expected in Guatemala in a fortnight.

It is said that our Charge d'Affaire in Central America, the Hon. E. Hise, has been more successful than his predecessors in that mission; having concluded treaties of amity and commerce with Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua, and left matters in train for the negotiation in Washington of similar treaties with San Salvador and Costa Rica. It is also understood that Mr. Chatfield, the Plenipotentiary of Her Britannic Majesty, and Mr. Colquett, Plenipotentiary of His Majesty the King of the Belgians, had concluded treaties with Guatemala.

INVASION OF CUBA.—Senor A. Calderon de la Barca, Spanish Minister at Washington, has sent a despatch, we learn from the Boston *Herald*, to his Cabinet at Madrid, under date of the 19th ult, in which he states that a plot is ripening for a descent on Cuba, and that the Government of Cuba, as mentioned in the President's proclamation.

The Vice-Consul, in his reply, stated that there did, last winter, exist a large force of men and arms in that city, composed almost entirely of Irishmen, and regularly drilled by experienced officers, who were destined for an attack on Canada, so as to create a diversion in favor of Ireland, in case the Irish rebellion should come to a head; but that since the failure of the rebellion, the troops had been disbanded, and the project discontinued. Since then no military organization whatever has existed here for foreign purposes.

RHODE ISLAND.—We learn that Nathan F. Dixon, (Whig) was elected to Congress, on Tuesday, in the Western District of Rhode Island, by about six hundred majority over Thurston, the candidate of the Locofocos and Free Soilers. We rejoice at this result, not merely because it gives another Whig vote in the House of Representatives, but because it rebukes most pointedly the unprincipled and disgraceful coalition by which he was supported. Mr. Thurston was nominated by the Hunkers, and wrote a jesuitical, mean-spirited, contemptible letter, which was pronounced "satisfactory" by the Free Soilers. He accordingly counted on the vote of both parties. We rejoice that so open and shameless a bargain and sale as this did not prosper; and we hope its failure will not be without its effect upon similar schemes which are now on foot in various quarters.

We look to Vermont for the next castigation of such impudent and unprincipled corruption.

LATER FROM PERNAMBUCO.—There are dates to the 16th ultimo, via Paraiba. The brig Lewis, of Philadelphia, had been sold. There was no American vessels in port. Flour was retailing at 18@000 to 19@000 for Philadelphia and Baltimore; fresh S. S. SF, 21@000; there was no Gallego in market.

The sugar crop was about over—52,000 tons had been shipped, which, though a fair quantity, was much less than had been expected previous to the revolution of last December and January. Of the little which was in the market, which was worth 2.150 to 2.900, and brown, 1.850 to 1.900. Exchange on London, 254 per 1,000.

TENNESSEE.—All the counties are heard from, and Trousdale's (Dem.) majority for Governor is 1,517. The official vote may differ from this one or two hundred either way.

DECLINED.—The Louisville Courier learns from reliable authority that Hon. J. G. Marshall declines the appointment of Governor of Oregon, recently tendered him by the President.

FROM POINT PETRE, (GUADALOUPE.)—Capt. Mann, of the brig *Cygnet*, informs the editors of the New York *Courier* that, on the 12th of August, there had been a serious fight between the white and black population, in which the whites got the best of it, but were leaving the country in dread of further conflicts.

INDIANA.—It is stated that the number of Germans in this State ranges from 200,000 to 250,000.

☞ We understand, says the *Republic* of the 30th, that Senor Don RAFAEL RIVAS yesterday presented his credentials to the Secretary of State, and was received as Charge d'Affaires of the Republic of New Grenada to this Government. His mission necessarily supercedes that of General HERRAN, who has for some time past most acceptably discharged the functions of Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the same republic, and who has secured the esteem of all who have had the pleasure of becoming personally acquainted with him.

PHILADELPHIA, August 28th—10 P. M.

There is great excitement in the Democratic Conference. They have adjourned to night till Thursday afternoon. They have been two days in session, and thrown twenty-four ballots, without choosing a candidate for Sheriff for the county of Philadelphia.

TWO STEAMERS FOR CALIFORNIA NAVIGATION will sail from New York in the course of a week or two. One of them was built in Westervelt's yard, and is 600 tons burthen. The other vessel is designed to run on the Rio Sacramento, between San Francisco and the head of navigation. She is the old steamer "West Point," which was once employed as a regular packet between Charleston and Wilmington, refitted and lengthened at an expense of $20,000.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 29—5 P. M.

A large and enthusiastic meeting was held last night, in the Market Square, in favor of the Hungarians; from 10,000 to 15,000 persons were present. Spirited and eloquent speeches were delivered, and resolutions unanimously adopted, calling on our government to protest against the conduct of Austria, and to cease all intercourse with her. Also, to notify the Czar of St. Petersburg that its interference in the affairs of Hungary must cease, or the U. States will cast their strength on the side of justice and right against tyranny and oppression; and that it is the duty of our government to recognise the independence of Hungary.

☞ The *Jewish Chronicle* contains a letter from a Hungarian Jew, who had sent his two sons to fight with Kossuth, and before they started, carried them to take leave of the Rabbi: "Blessing my two sons," says the writer, "he exclaimed, while tears rolled down his long white beard, 'I wish I was twenty years younger my lads, I would go with you; but my heart and my prayers are with you.'"

HISTORY OF THE SHIELD OF STARS AND STRIPES.—A correspondent of the National Intelligencer, writes that he was lately shown the armorial bearings, in colors, of the *Washington* family, lately brought over from England. He was so struck with the resemblance to the arms of the United States as to infer that the similarity was intended as a compliment to Washington. The same correspondent has an indistinct recollection of hearing it said that the arms of the Union were arranged by Francis Hopkinson.

FROM HAVANA.—ARRIVAL OF THE FALCON.—By the arrival of the steamship *Falcon*, from New York, *via* Havana, we have been put in possession of files of Havana papers to the 2nd inst., inclusive. Our journals do not contain a syllable relative to the rumored insurrections at Puerto Principe and elsewhere, nor do we learn anything verbally touching the reported outbreaks. The papers themselves are barren of all interest and all intelligence.

We have the following market advices by the *Falcon*—

HAVANA, 26th August, 1849.

Although the season has now arrived in which the shipments of Produce are generally limited, yet the exports of sugar since the 24th ult., from Havana and Matanzas, have been considerably less than those in the same period in the two preceding years, amounting to only 45 m. boxes against 76,357 boxes and 105,638 in the corresponding period of 1847 and 1848, and the total shipments this year now show a deficiency of upwards of 95 m. boxes as compared with those in 1848, and of 130 m. with those in 1847. The classes most in demand this month have been floretes for Spain, and inferior descriptions for the North of Europe. Of floretes, no doubt considerable sales would have been made had any quantity of sugar meriting this name had been found, but this is at present impossible, as the greater proportion of Sugar remaining for shipment is damp and of soft grain; the last sale which we have heard, was of 700 boxes, at 8¾@9¼ rals. Prices of other descriptions of Sugar are about the same as those we last quoted; assorted half and half 6¾@10¼ to 7@11 rials.

Whites, alone, 9¼@11¾ rials—27s 6d@29s 7d. Yellows, 6¾@8¾ rials—20s 6d@25s 3d. Cucuruchos and browns, 5¾@6¾ rials—17s 10d@19s 9d. Sig per cwt. f.o.b. at 13¾ per cent prem. of Exchange.

At Matanzas, the demand for Sugars on the 24th, was confined to low and good cucuruchos, of which, however, little or nothing was to be found, the holders of the article not being inclined to sell unless in assorted parcels; prices were therefore nearly nominal, at 8¼@11 for interior dark to fine white, 6¾@7¾ muddling to fine yellow, 5¾@6¾ low yellow or brown, and 5¼@5¾ cucuruchos. Of Mascovado Sugar, we believe there is none in first hands in the whole Island; the last sales were made at Matanzas, at 6 rials, at which, about 700 hhds. were taken by a single ship, for France.

The active demand for Sugar which has reigned during the whole shipping season, has left us at its close with a very limited stock, which is estimated at the extreme for this place, 20 to 30 m. boxes, and 30 to 35 m. at Matanzas, from which should be taken that required for our own consumption, say 5 m. each, and left matters in train for the negotiation in Washington of similar treaties with San Salvador and Costa Rica. It is also understood that Mr. Chatfield, the Plenipotentiary of Her Britannic Majesty, and Mr. Colquett, Plenipotentiary of His Majesty the King of the Belgians, had concluded treaties with Guatemala.

☞ The subjoined correspondence speaks for itself. It has been elicited in consequence of an attempt to cast a stigma on the Reportorial corps of the press of New Orleans—the darker and the more offensive because it was mysterious and indirect. With respect to the charge preferred against Mr. PERRY, and which he has so promptly and indignantly repelled, we will only say, that a long acquaintance with the gentleman justifies the belief that no conceivable temptation could have prompted him to the dishonorable act with which he is charged. There may be a guilty party in the affair, but Mr. PERRY is not the man. His word would suffice to convince us, if we had not other cogent reasons for the opinion. We await further developments:—

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 4, 1849.

Messrs. A. H. HAYES & Co.,
Publishers of the *Crescent*:

Gentlemen—The subjoined statement is published in the Crescent of this morning:

"It has been publicly stated by a gentleman connected with the press, that the reporter of a "certain paper" made a dishonorable proposal to Senor Carlos de Espana, during the pendency of the late investigation. The charge is rather indefinite, and we should like to have fuller developments upon the subject. There are several papers in this city—which is the one? Let those interested speak out."

The undersigned, some of whom were engaged in reporting the investigation of the abduction charge before Justice Bright and Commissioner Cohen, and the others of whom are professional Reporters, connected with the Press of New Orleans, respectfully request that you will furnish them with the name of the "gentleman connected with the press" referred to in the above paragraph.

It scarcely needs be added, that as the statement now stands, the whole reportorial corps of the press of this city are equally amenable to public suspicion, and hence the necessity of a thorough investigation, in justice to themselves and to the press. Your early compliance is anticipated.

Very respectfully,
DANIEL SCULLY, of the Courier.
LEWIS HEYLIGER, of the Bee.
JOHN MAGINNIS, of the Delta.
C. PERRY, of the Bulletin.
JOHN M. C. BRADY, of the Delta.
NUMA DUROCHER, of the Bee.
E. J. GOMEZ, Editor of La Patria.
J. R. CARRERA, of El Telegrafo.
J. C. DUNCAN, of the Crescent.
C. H. KOON, of the Picayune.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 4th, 1849.

Gentlemen—We have received your note of this date, requesting us to state if the gentleman connected with the press," referred to in a paragraph in our paper of to day. We have no hesitation in saying that the person referred to was Mr. Alexander Walker, of the Delta.

Very respectfully,
A. H. HAYES & CO.

To Messrs. D. Scully, Lewis Heyliger, John Maginnis, C. Perry, and others.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 5th, 1849.

JUDGE ALEXANDER WALKER:

Sir—The attention of the undersigned, professional reporters and others connected with the press of this city, who called to a paragraph in the Crescent of yesterday, in which it is charged, on the authority of a "gentleman connected with the press," that the reporter of a "certain paper" made a dishonorable proposal to Senor Carlos de Espana, during the pendency of the late investigation.

The publishers of the Crescent to our demand for the name of the "gentleman connected with the press," who made this assertion, replied that it was Alexander Walker, of the Delta.

We now, sir, desire to know to whom you referred in making the charge.

DAN'L SCULLY, of the Courier.
LEWIS HEYLIGER, of the Bee.
JOHN MAGINNIS, of the Delta.
C. PERRY, of the Bulletin.
NUMA DUROCH, of the Bee.
E. J. GOMEZ, editor of La Patria.
J. R. CARRERA, of the El Telegrafo.
J. C. DUNCAN, of the Crescent.
C. H. KOON, of the Picayune.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 6, 1849.

Gentlemen—In reply to your note of this date, I pronounce the charge made against me, of making a "dishonorable proposal," or any proposal, honorable or dishonorable, to the Spanish Consul, to be an UNQUALIFIED LIE.

Very respectfully,
CHARLES PERRY,
Reporter of the N. O. Commercial Bulletin.

LOUIS NAPOLEON AND THE CZAR.—Louis Napoleon and the Czar, says the Paris correspondent of the New York *Commercial*, seem to be on the best terms. The Czar has written the President a letter, in both Russian and French, with his own hand—an honor he never accorded to Louis Philippe, even on the death of the Duke of Orleans. He was too much a king of principles to honor thus a man who had usurped the throne of the elder branch of the Bourbons. The President has answered it by ordering out of France about two hundred Polish refugees. They are conducted without funds to the frontier. This compliment will be peculiarly acceptable to the Czar, and will ensure a warmer welcome to Gen. Lamoriciere.

TRUE LOCOFOCOISM.—The *Union*, unintentionally no doubt, has perpetrated a truth in reference to the future action of its party. It emphatically calls upon the faithful of "the Democracy" to rally under their "ancient banner," and declares what will be the future course of the party, in the following significant words:

"We mean to do our duty; *and, whatever face the future may wear, we mean to oppose the Administration and its cabal to the bitter end.*"

There it is, unblushingly proclaimed to the world that, "whatever face the future" of Gen. Taylor's Administration "may wear," the Locofoco party will oppose it. We said weeks since that the opposition was organizing on the foundation of the combinations to oppose the Administration of Mr. Adams though it should be "as pure as the angels at the right hand of God." This was denied, and we were abused, of course. The progress of time brings an open avowal of this fiend-like purpose. Let the people see to it, if they value correct action and good Government.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

City Intelligence.

POLICE ITEMS.—Yesterday was another dull day in the way of police intelligence; in fact there was not a case worth noticing. A man named P. Duffy was committed to prison by Recorder Genois, on the charge of having stolen a hat from B. Pellisnic.... The other matters that came under our observation were simple cases of assault and battery and breaches of the peace, in which the public is much less concerned than the parties interested.

DROWNED.—The Coroner held an inquest yesterday on the body of Daniel McKinney, a lad 8 years old, who was found drowned in the river, opposite Jolie street. Verdict accordingly.

ARREST AND STABBING.—Yesterday afternoon an affray took place at the American coffee house in St. Charles street, between C. J. Johnston, an auctioneer, and James Tobin. The latter drew a knife and stabbed Johnston several times, and we are informed that the wounds are of a very serious character. Tobin was arrested, and is now lodged in prison.

COMMERCIAL.

The Markets.

THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 6, 1849.

Sales of cotton to-day, 250 bales, at full prices. Nothing doing in Sugar.

Flour is dull, and transactions confined chiefly to consumers.

Provisions are in better request. A large lot of Prime Lard in bbls. has been sold at 6¾c.

Exchanges remain as last quoted.

Messrs. EDITORS—Please to announce DENIS HERNANDEZ as a Candidate for the office of Tax Collector for the Fifth Representative District (bounded by St. Louis, Levee, St. Philippe, and the Lake), at the election of November next.

HIS FRIENDS.

EDITORS OF THE BEE—Please announce JAMES LILLY, as a candidate for Collector of State Taxes, for the Fourth Representative District, at the election on the 5th of November next.

Mr. Lilly being a man of property, and individually fully responsible, the State and the public will have every guarantee for the faithful and prompt discharge of his duties, should he be elected.

HIS FRIENDS.

EDITORS OF THE BEE—Please announce JAMES LILLY, as a candidate for Collector of State Taxes, for the Fourth Representative District, at the election on the 5th of November next.

Mr. Lilly being a man of property, and individually fully responsible, the State and the public will have every guarantee for the faithful and prompt discharge of his duties, should he be elected.

TAX PAYER.

Mr. EDITOR—Please announce THO. B. McKEON, (the present incumbent,) as a candidate for re-election to the office of Collector of State Taxes for the Fourth Representative District—election, 5th November next. The District is comprised within Canal and St. Louis streets, the Mississippi river and the Metairie Road.

☞ Col. ROBT. M. McALPIN is a candidate for the office of SHERIFF of Orleans, subject to the decision of a Whig Convention.

FILLMORE RANGERS.

MESSRS. EDITORS—Please announce ALEXANDER CUVILLIER, as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Fourth District Court.

EDITORS OF THE BEE—Please announce JOHN N. ELLIOT, as a candidate for re-election as Collector of State Taxes for the Sixth Representative District.

MANY VOTERS.

☞ Please announce CHAS. V. HURTUBISE, as a candidate for the office of Collector of State Taxes, for the Fourth Representative District, at the election to be held on the 5th day of November next. The District ranges from Canal to St. Louis street.

At the Request of MANY FRIENDS.

☞ C. H. BEVERLEY is a candidate for re-election for Third Justice of the Peace for the Parish of Orleans at the election to be held on the 5th of November, 1849. aug18

MESSRS. EDITORS OF THE BEE—Please announce PAUL PESTANA JR. as a candidate for the office of Third Justice of the Peace, at the election in November next.

HIS FRIENDS.

☞ Messrs. EDITORS—Please announce ALBERT FABRE, as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Fourth District Court, at the election of November next.

☞ NOTICE is hereby given that from this day I revoke every power of attorney given by me to Mr. A. Favrilier.

OLYMPE BORDE.

New Orleans, Sept. 4th, 1849. 4t 6t

Fifth Representative District.

WHIGS OF THE THIRD WARD, ATTENTION!

The Whigs of the 3d, 4th, and 5th Wards of the First Municipality, forming the Fifth Representative District, are requested to assemble on FRIDAY NIGHT, 7th inst., at 8 o'clock, in the Orleans Coffee House, between Royal and Orleans streets, opposite Hospital and Front Levee streets, for the purpose of appointing delegates to choose candidates for the State Legislature for the above Ward, viz:

W. E. Murphy, John Coulter,
Thomas Dufour, Galien Pitrat,
Frank George, Samuel Scott,
J. A. Bonneval, G. Wasser,
George H. Coolidge, Cousin Jonnopeine,
John Dolhonde, Charles Gaudin,
John T. Dufour, Francois Corregedor,
Louis Michen, Anthony Fernandez,
Louis Sa, Antoine Tony,
Numa Dufour, Joachim Viosca
Victor Sere, R. de la Gallega,
Leon Feze, E. Dubuis,
J. V. Gourdain, Joseph Barrere,
Francois Fabian, F. Pandalfi, jr.
Eugene Bonin, M. Barrett, jr.
Jules Dehonde, H. Barrett, jr.
Jean Orcan, John Cassard,
Jules Bonin, Robert Wain,
Emile Bastien, L. Goucle, jr.

Whig Meeting—1st Ward. Tuesday, Sept. 7th.

☞ In compliance with the request of the State Whig Central Committee, we respectfully call a meeting of the undersigned Whig residents of the 1st Ward, for the purpose of enabling them to assemble at the Credit street House, on SATURDAY EVENING, the 8th instant, at half past 7 o'clock, to elect the proper number of Delegates to the City and Parish Convention, to be held at the St. Louis Exchange, Sept. 22d.

G. F. Wetzel, L. C. Duncan,
E. Rubman, Richard Hagan,
L. Herzman, R. H. Montgomery,
L. Exon, J. Montgomery,
D. Mendsjen, L. F. Hegan.
B. Simmons,
Geo. K. Rogers, and many others.

WHIG MEETING.

SEVENTH LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT.

The Whigs of the 7th Representative District, comprising the 1st and 4th wards of the City, are requested to meet on SATURDAY EVENING, at half past 7 o'clock, in the Orleans Coffee House, situated in Frenchmen street, between Victory and Levee streets, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Whig Convention, and to deliberate upon other important matters concerning the great republican party.

J. H. Carr, M. Maspero,
E. F. Lavelle, A. Bailes,
J. Bell, B. Bernard,
H. Fox, J. Salvador, jr.
S. Gaudin, A. Lambre,
A. Lopez, T. Drouet,
L. Duvergneau, J. Fabre,
S. Garcia, J. Maserat,
F. Bacon, E. Granger,
E. Ragon, L. Cambarigue,
E. Mazerat, J. Gillet,
E. M. Macarone, J. Cadergue,
Joseph Simonin, S. Andallo.

WHIG MEETING.

4TH WARD—MUNICIPALITY No. ONE.

The Whigs of the Fourth Ward are requested to meet on SATURDAY, the 8th day of September at 8 o'clock, P. M., at the Orleans Coffee House, Orleans street, between Royal and Bourbon streets, to nominate Delegates to the Convention, to be held on the 22d September, at the St. Louis Exchange.

J. L. Fabre, J. Younes,
A. Bruno, L. B. Bouzan,
L. E. Noe, T. H. Lamothe,
D. Dubuys, Charles Patterson,
M. Blasco, H. Fagot,
John Anderson, H. Burel,
Chas. S. Robinson, Geo. Urquhart.

CLOTHING

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

12 Camp st. W. S. BARRETT. 12 Camp st.

HAS now on hand, and is constantly receiving, a large and magnificent assortment of fine ready made CLOTHING, all of which being his own manufacture, enables him to sell at cheaper rates than any other establishment of the kind in the United States. City wholesale dealers and country merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. Every garment is finished in a superior style, and will be sold at the lowest New York prices. The following is a list of the Clothing now on hand:

Superior black cloth dress and frock Coats;
Black, brown and blue Sack and Paletots;
Gold mixed and fancy tweed Pants and Paletots;
Brown, dahlia and olive dress and frock Coats;
Black and blue cloth (full size) Cloaks;
Superior black and light brown Overcoats;
Blue blankets and drab overcoats;
Extra fine black doeskin Pants;
Brown, olive and blue cassimere Pants;
Fancy plaid and striped cassimere Pants;
Black and blue cloth Pants;
Superfine check tweed Pants;
Black, mixed and fancy satinet Pants;
Superior black and fine fancy satin Vests;
Black and fancy cashmere and cloth Vests;
Black and fancy embroidered cassimere Vests;
Superior white satin ball Vests;
Black silk and white Marseilles Vests;
Fancy cloth and tweed Vests, &c., &c.

7 m M. BARRETT, 12 Camp st.

California Planing and Saw Mill

Levee street, No. 145, between Congress and Independence streets.

THIS establishment has constantly on hand a large stock of the best seasoned Yellow Pine and Cypress lumber.

Also, flooring, weather boards and ceiling, hand sawed, prepared at moderate prices.

Timber and cedar posts of various sizes, and of the best quality.

Sawing of all kinds done without delay.

This establishment, situated front to the river, having the privilege of a wharf, offers a great facility and saving of cartage to vessels desirous of taking cargoes of lumber.

River sand sold at low price.

The omnibuses of the 3d Municipality, have their station near the above saw mill.

Orders left at Lado's, Conde street, No 27, between Main and St Ann sts., will be promptly attended to. aug7

NOTICE.

THE partnership of HOGAN, TUREAUD & CONAND, is dissolved by mutual consent, from the 30th of June last, the name of the firm will be used in liquidation only.

HOGAN, TUREAUD & CONAND.

New Orleans, September 6, 1849.

THE subscribers having bought the interest of Mr. VICTOR CONAND, will continue the Hardware business at the old stand, and solicit the patronage bestowed on the old firm.

HOGAN & TUREAUD.

New Orleans, September 6, 1849. 4t 7m

FOR SALE, in store to close, sundry consignments—

20 casks Chateau Margaux Claret;
41 do do St Julien do;
85 do do St Estephe do;
98 do do Roussillon do;
15 do ordinary Wine, sundry brands;
90 half casks sundry qualities;
10 bbls Madeira Wine;
200 do White Wine superior quality, No 1;
60 do do do do do No 9;
110 do ordinary do do do No 3;
6 casks White Wine Vinegar;
15 bbls do do;
12 qr pipes cognac, Dumas brand;
15 qr do do sundry brands;
15 qr and sixths do Lecog brand 1825;
40 boxes Peyrabaud Absynth;
30 do sixes Absynth, Barthoud brand;
130 do Sauvajol and Brunston do;
30 do Kirschwasser;
400 do Claret;
90 do Muscat Wine;
50 boxes Brandy Fruits, Prunes and Apricots;
70 boxes Cherries do;
130 do Orange Flower;
50 baskets Pignioli Olive Oil;
40 do do qt 24 half bottles do;
19 bales pointed corks, 30,000 each, 3 bales twine;
90,000 regular corks;
96 boxes strawberries in their own juice, Teyssonnaux brand.

N. DUDOUIT, 13 Toulouse st.

WHISKEY—100 bbls. rectified, Beatty & Fraziere's, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 25 Tchoupitoulas st.

RECEIVED by late arrivals and for sale—
300 bbls Arles Sausages;
30 do Perenden do;
400 bbls Marseilles do; by JEAN FISSEE, corner Royal and St. Peter sts.

CEMENT—Landing from schr. H. A. Barling, 50 bbls. Hydraulic Cement. Also 500 bbls. Louisville and Roman, in store and for sale by HAYMAN & HOLDEN, 96 Magazine and 11 Red Stores.

CORKS—Long, half long, pointed and Demijohn Corks; Sardines, Lobsters, Vinegar, Champagne, (Thorn's) French Soap, Olive oil, 24 half bottles, Tarragon, Guignolet, and Orange Flower Water. For sale by B. TALAMON, 192 Royal st.

SARDINES—200 half boxes Sardines in oil; 1000 quarter do do, landing ex bark Syphide, from Bordeaux, and for sale by TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO., a31-1m 88 Customhouse st.

HAVANA SUGAR—350 boxes white yellow, and Brown, in store, by RAYMOND CAHUZAC, a28 34 Old Levee st.

QUININE—Landing per bark Yarmouth, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 25 Tchoupitoulas st.

MACKEREL—New No. 3, landing per ships Leodas and Albers, for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 25 Tchoupitoulas st.

CUSTOMHOUSE, NEW ORLEANS, Collector's Office, July 16, 1849.

MASTERS and Commanders of vessels arriving making a report or entry at this office, or break bulk, they will be required to make oath or affirmation in accordance with the subjoined section of the "Act to regulate the Collection of Duties on Imports and to regulating the Positive Department," that they have delivered to the Postmaster all letters directed to any person or persons within the United States, or the Territories thereof, which, under their care, or within their power, shall be brought in their vessel, except such as are directed to the owner or consignee of the vessel, and Captains of vessels are particularly requested to send in their letter bags immediately upon the arrival of the vessel, if in the day time, and if in the night, within two hours after the next sunrise.

The Postoffice is open from 6 A. M. to 6 P. M., for the reception of letters.

SAMUEL J. PETERS, Collector.

ACT of 1825—Sec. 6. Be it enacted etc., That no ship or vessel, arriving at any port within the United States, where a post office is established, shall be permitted to report, make entry, or break bulk, until the master or commander shall have delivered to the post master all letters directed to any person or persons within the United States, or territories thereof, which, under his care, or within his power, shall be brought in such ship or vessel, except such as are directed to the owner or consignee of the ship or vessel; And it shall be the duty of the Collector or other officer of the port empowered to receive entries of ships or vessels, to require from every master or commander of such ship or vessel, on oath or affirmation, purporting that he had delivered all such letters, except as aforesaid, and if any commander or master of any such ship or vessel shall break bulk before he shall have complied with the requirements of this act, every such offender shall on conviction thereof, forfeit, for every such offence a sum not exceeding One Hundred Dollars. jy13 3m 3m

Notice to Mariners.

CUSTOM HOUSE, New Orleans, Collector's office, July 24, 1849.

THERE has been placed at Atchafalaya Bay a floating light vessel, for the guidance of vessels navigating said bay.

The bearing from said floating light are as follows:

Pointe au Fer E. 22 deg. South, distance 12 miles.
Belle Isle N. 45 deg. East.
Tackle Hammock N. 82 deg. West.
Turn Stake, N. 5 deg. West, one and a half mile.
S. Water stake, S. 20 deg. East.

DIRECTIONS.

Being the floating light to clear N. W. S. W., and run directly for her, bearing on the outer or S. W. stake on your larboard hand—when up with the vessel you must anchor near her on the N. W. side, as you will proceed to her without a pilot, or until day light. At this season there is 12 feet water on the channel. The light vessel bearing any way between N. E. by N. and S. W. is safe and good anchorage.

SAM J. PETERS, Collector.

Collector's Office, New Orleans, 25th July, 1849.

NOTICE TO OWNERS, OWNERS AND AGENTS OF COASTING WARPS AND WARPED CHANDELIERS.

THE attention of owners of Warehousing Act of Congress, that on 3d March, 1845, entitled "An act to relieve into one the several acts establishing and regulating the Positive Department," that they have delivered to the Department all letters directed to any person or persons within the United States, or the Territories thereof, which, under their care, or within their power, shall be brought in their vessel, except such as are directed to the owner or consignee of the vessel, and Captains of vessels are particularly requested to send in their letter bags immediately upon the arrival of the vessel, if in the day time, and if in the night, within two hours after the next sunrise.

The Postoffice is open from 6 A. M. to 6 P. M., for the reception of letters.

SAMUEL J. PETERS, Collector.

ACT of 1825—Sec. 6. Be it enacted etc., That no ship or vessel, arriving at any port within the United States, where a post office is established, shall be permitted to report, make entry, or break bulk, until the master or commander shall have delivered to the post master all letters directed to any person or persons within the United States, or territories thereof, which, under his care, or within his power, shall be brought in such ship or vessel, except such as are directed to the owner or consignee of the ship or vessel; And it shall be the duty of the Collector or other officer of the port empowered to receive entries of ships or vessels, to require from every master or commander of