The New-Orleans Bee.

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TERMS OF THE BEE.

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The New-Orleans Daily Bee.

Official Journal of the State, General Council, First Municipality and Board of Liquidators.

Tuesday Morning, July 9, 1850.

NOTICE.

To Assessors of State Taxes.

THE ASSESSMENT ROLLS are now ready for delivery to the Assessors.

OVERFLOWS OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

We would call attention to the Circular of the Levee Committee on Levees, Overflows, &c., which appears in our paper this day. There is no subject on which the citizens of Louisiana are, at the time, more deeply interested. The Committee seek for definite information on such a topic as they have embodied in a series of interrogatories, in order that the best methods of guarding against overflows may be laid before the Legislature for consideration and action. We think we do not err in predicting that the call of the Committee will be responded to by our most intelligent planters, and that the replies elicited will be of the highest importance to our State.

AFFAIRS AT CUBA.

The spirit of bitter animosity displayed by the European press with regard to the late expedition against Cuba, renders its apprehensive fact it should have an undue weight with the Spanish ministry. The last news received from Havana, leave no doubt in our mind as to the intentions of Count of Alcoy. That functionary seems determined on keeping the American prisoners in durance until the Cabinet at Madrid decide as to their fate. Our government may not be pleased to wait so long, and in that case, we may expect some stirring events. It would be hard to say what may happen in the course of a few weeks, or a few days perhaps. The President, who has protested to the last, and at the cost of his own popularity, the interests of Spain, is not the man to submit tamely to the straightened policy of the Captain General of Cuba. His well known honours, generous impulse, and straight forward diplomacy, if that name can be given to his own frank and open way of administering public affairs, will not allow him, when right and justice are on the side of the American people, to wait patiently for the supreme abatement of the Spanish Grandee.

Already is some uneasiness felt at Washington with respect to this affair. It is suspected, says the Baltimore *Sun*, and with apparent cause, that the disposition of the Contoy prisoners is dependent upon advices from Spain; if so, their fate hardly admits of a question. Spanish instructions, if they should be at all of the ordinary character of proceedings in Spain, will, within the speedy execution of the prisoners, and Count Alcoy is not the sort of man to hesitate long in obeying orders. We presume, however, that the United States vessels off the coast have also their instructions in the premises, but whatever they may be, it is clear that orders from Spain for the execution of the men may be carried out, irrespective of any instructions to American commanders off the coast.

There is, moreover, cause to apprehend violent instructions from Spain, under the present excited state of European feeling with respect to the whole Cuban affair. With the British press, throwing out its suspicions of the good faith of our Government, and using excited and inflammatory language, Spain will not fail to exaggerate the character of the expedition, nor

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, June 28.

SENATE.—Immediately after the reading of the journal, the Senate went into executive session for a few minutes.

The Senate then resumed the consideration of the compromise bill.

Mr. Davis, of Mississippi, resumed his remarks supporting at some length the amendment submitted by Mr. Soule.

Mr. Soule followed, in answer to Mr. Webster's reply to his speech of Monday and Tuesday, and also in answer to Mr. Douglas.

Messrs. Douglas and Webster rejoined.

After which, the question was taken upon Mr. Soule's amendment, which was rejected—yeas 19; nays 36, as follows:

Yeas—Atchison, Barnwell, Berrien, Butler, Clemens, Dawson, Mississippi, Dawson, Downs, Foote, Houston, Hunter, King, Mason, Morton, Rusk, Sebastian, Soule, Turney, Yulee.

Nays—Badger, Baldwin, Bell, Benton, Bright, Cass, Chase, Clark, Clay, Cooper, Corwin, Davis, of Mass., Dayton, Dickinson, Dodge, of Wis., Douglas, Felch, Greene, Hall, Hamlin, Jones, Miller, Morris, Pearce, Phelps, Pratt, Seward, Shields, Smith, Sturgeon, Underwood, Upham, Wales, Walker, Webster, Whitcomb.

Mr. Davis, of Massachusetts, addressed the Senate at length against the entire bill, and in support of the principles of the Wilmot Proviso. He had not concluded, when he gave way to a motion for adjournment. Previous to the question being taken upon the motion, Mr. Clay expressed a desire that a general understanding should be had, that the vote on the engrossment of the bill should be taken on Wednesday next, which was finally assented to, with the additional understanding that further time would be given if any gentleman still desired, at that time, to address the Senate.

After an executive session, the Senate then adjourned.

WASHINGTON, June 28.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—Mr Parker introduced a bill respecting the National Armories of Springfield and Harper's Ferry. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

The House then resumed the consideration of the report on the Iowa contested election case.

Mr. Disney argued in favor of Mr. Thompson, the sitting member.

Mr. Thompson, (dem.) of Pennsylvania, followed on the same side.

Mr. Tombs, (whig) of Georgia, spoke in favor of the contestant.

Mr Van Dyke (whig) of New Jersey, commenced a speech, and alluded to Mr. Thompson, whereupon

Mr. Carter, (dem.) of Ohio, called the gentleman to order—saying he had called the member a thief.

The Speaker did not so understand the gentleman from New Jersey

Mr Van Dyke—I said it was announced that Mr. Thompson took away the pot hook, and I regard as a larceny. He argued in favor of the contestant.

Mr Barry, (dem) of South Carolina, said that although the debate had been ably conducted, he had never before seen so much inattention. It was probably owing to the fact that all the arguments were embodied in the reports and that gentlemen have made up their minds. He therefore moved the previous question, which was seconded, and according to a decision of the House.

Mr Strong, (dem.) of Pennsylvania, was permitted to make the closing speech.

The resolution of the majority of the Committee on Elections concluded with a resolution that William Thompson is entitled to the seat which he now holds

Thus, Mr. Van Dyke moved to amend, by striking certain words, and rejecting others, and declaring that Daniel F. Miller is entitled to the seat.

The question was taken—yeas 95, nays 91

The Speaker voted in the negative, which made a tie, and the question was lost, by a strict party vote, with the exception of Messrs Barker, Preston, King and Holmes, who voted for the amendment.

Before the result was announced, there was much excitement.

Mr. Jonesson, (dem) of Arkansas, loudly insisted that Mr. Bingham, (dem.) of Michigan, should vote, but the latter would not, having paired off.

The question now recurring on agreeing to the resolution declaring that William Thompson was entitled to his seat.

Several motions were made that the House adjourn, but they were negatived.

Mr McClernand, dem. of Illinois, moved to lay the whole subject on the table.

Mr Stanton, whig of Ohio, sought to amend by striking out the clause that Mr. Thompson is entitled to a seat.

Speaker—The chair is of that opinion.

Mr Houston, whig, of Delaware. Will it be in order to move a reconsideration of the vote?

The Speaker said not, unless by a gentleman who had voted on the prevailing side.

Mr. Houston—Will the Speaker do me the favor to move a reconsideration? (Laughter.)

Mr Thompson, dem. of Mississippi, moved that when the House adjourn, it adjourn to Monday, and the motion was amended as proposed by Mr. Houston, by striking the words, the reason was ascertained, and, without disposing of the question, the House adjourned at nearly six o'clock.

WASHINGTON, June 29.

The Senate is not in session to-day

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—The Speaker announced the first business in order, to be the resolution of the Committee on Elections, that Wm. Thompson, (dem.) is entitled to the hole holds, as a Representative from the 1st Congressional district of Iowa

Mr. McClernand, had moved to lay the whole subject on the table.

Mr. Harris, of Illinois, inquired whether it was in order to move a call of the House

The Speaker replied in the negative.

Mr. Harris moved that that the House adjourn, and demanded the yeas and nays. The motion was disagreed to, only 12 voting in the affirmative.

The question was then duly taken on Mr. McClernand's motion, and decided in the negative—yeas 93, nays 102. The Democrats voted in the affirmative, with the exception of Messrs. Bingham, Durkee, Holmes, McMullin and Preston, King.

Mr McDonald moved a postponement of the subject until Monday at 10 o'clock.

Mr. Crowder—No Sir-ree!

The Speaker said the motion of postponement was out of order.

The question was then taken on the resolution, that Mr. Thompson is entitled to the seat, and decided in the negative—yeas 94, nays 102; the Democrats voting in the affirmative, with the exception of Messrs. Bingham, Durkee, Holmes, Preston, King and Woodward.

During much confusion, Mr. McGaughey rose to offer a resolution, and was proceeding to make some remarks, when there were loud cries to send the resolution to the Clerk to read. It was read, to the effect that there is now a vacancy in the House of Representatives from the First Congressional District of Iowa, and that the Governor of that State be acquainted with the fact.

Mr McGaughey said that the first thing to be proposed was that the question should be referred back to the people.

Points of order were raised in succession—Not half the members were in their seats, and there was much disorder, which the Speaker, after much effort, suppressed.

Mr. Butt made a point that by a vote of the House, Messrs. Thompson and Miller had both been denied the seat, and there was no necessity to pass resolutions that the Executive of Iowa be so informed. There is no member to supply the seat and consequently there is a vacancy. He took an appeal from the decision that the resolution was in order.

Mr. Morse said that the House had not decided that there is a vacancy. They have only decided that neither Mr. Thompson nor Mr. Miller is entitled to the seat. Somebody else might come here and claim it.

On motion of Mr. Morse, the appeal was laid on the table.

Mr. McGaughey said distinctly that whether the resolution he passed or not he would vote for no proposition to admit Mr. Miller, although he believed that Mr. Miller was elected, because Miller desired the question to be sent back.—He moved the previous question.

Several gentlemen asked him to withdraw his motion, that they might make a statement in behalf of Mr Thompson.

Mr. McGaughey would not withdraw it.

Mr. Schenck moved to reconsider the vote by which Mr. Thompson, of Iowa, was excluded from his seat, and said he was unwilling to declare that there is a vacancy, when it was proved that Mr. Miller was elected.

Telegraphic Despatch.

[To the Merchants' Exchange.]

BALTIMORE, July 5

CONFESSION OF PROFESSOR WEBSTER.—Professor Webster's confession was handed into the Council, at Boston, yesterday. He solemnly denies that the act of killing Dr. Parkman was premeditated. His object in asking the visit was to sue for further indulgence, as he was unable to meet his liabilities. He states that he did not agree to pay him anything. During the interview, Parkman used very harsh language, and in the phrenzy of the moment, he (Webster) struck him on the head with a piece of wood, which caused instant death.

CHOLERA ON THE PLAINS.—The Glasgow (Mo.) *Banner* has a letter from Mr. G. S. Frazel, dated on the 6th of June, eighteen miles beyond Fort Kearny, which represents that the cholera had broken out among the emigrants and was making terrible ravages. In the short distance between Fort Kearny and the place where the latter was dated, he passed [illegible] companies exclusively [illegible] sick. The letter was brought to St. Joseph by an emigrant whose company of four persons had died.

BYLAMER COMMODORE.—Yesterday morning at two past three o'clock, says the N. Y. *Courier & Enquirer* of the 29th ult., the steamer *Commodore* was taken upon Execution Rock. She floated off at high water, leaking a little, and was towed to the Dry Dock where she is to be overhauled. The mails were previously brought to the city.

The Latest European News.

[By Telegraph from London to Liverpool.]

LONDON, June 15—10 A. M.

ENGLAND.—*Alleged Frauds on the Custom House.*—The *Daily News* says it is understood that the directors of the docks express unabated confidence in the officers and servants in their employ, who have been prosecuted, and there is at present a general opinion that the prosecutions have been rashly commenced.

THE GREEK QUESTION.—The *Daily News*, in a leading article, states that it understands the differences between France and England have been terminated, and that Lord Lansdowne will, no doubt, so announce on Monday evening.

The *Herald* says it behooves every protectionist Peer, and every independent member to be in his place on Monday evening.

Lord Hayden, Envoy to Spain, leaves London for Paris on Monday, *en route* for Madrid.

COTTON.—No alteration worth mentioning occurred yesterday on foreign exchanges.

COLONIAL WOOL SALES.—Attendance yesterday again large; sales of May, so far very well supported for all good and middling flocks, but inferior kinds half-penny per pound lower.

FRANCE.—*Paris, June 14.*—The Duke de Brouglie leaves Paris on Sunday, to visit Louis Philippe.

PARIS BOURSE.—Fives were 93.70; Threes 56.30.

GERMANY.—*Berlin, June 12.*—It was rumored that disturbances had taken place at Neustadt, near Solphen. Soldiers had been sent thither by railway. They appeared not to be connected with any political cause.

The merchants of Stralsund had presented a memorial against the revision of the tariff of the Zollverein, proposed by the Minister of Commerce from Dresden.

FROM SOUTH AMERICA.—The brig Loper arrived at Philadelphia on the 24th ult., from Pernambuco, with dates to the 28th of May.

The captain reports the market for all descriptions of foreign goods well supplied, and in every branch of trade operations were limited.

Sugars were scarce, and prices not justifying shipments. The health of the place was good

Accounts from Bahia and Rio represent the fever as somewhat abated.

Capt. Rogers, of the brig Cynthia, at New York, reports that the sickness had greatly abated when he left the Port of Rio Janeiro. It had got among the shipping at the River La Platte.

The sickness had entirely left Northern Brazil, and was making its way South.

The islands of Great and Little Inagua were deluged by heavy rains, which destroyed all the salt ponds in the vicinity of Bom Key.

MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE.—The N. York papers state that a lady named Mrs. Clark, who with her husband, Rev. C. P. Clark, of New Orleans, were on a visit to that city, had suddenly disappeared from her residence on Wednesday last, and had not since been heard of.—On that evening she left her brother's house, to meet her friends at the Rev. Mr. White's, in Brooklyn, but not arriving at the appointed time, considerable alarm was felt and a search made, but without effect. For some time past the investigation has been laboring under mental derangement, and fears are entertained that she has committed suicide, as she had repeatedly expressed her determination to destroy herself.

PAINE'S GAS EXTINGUISHER.—The long and painful anxiety in regard to Mr Paine's great discovery for producing light and heat from water, is at length most painfully relieved.—The Journal of Commerce of Thursday afternoon says

A party, composed of distinguished chemists from the city, Princeton and Boston, and other gentlemen interested, met at Worcester a day or two prior, to examine the apparatus recently used by Mr. Paine, in his late alleged discovery of a new method of manufacturing gas. Mr Paine left town on the approach of these gentlemen, but his brother remained to do the honors. They witnessed the machine at the evening, which, they say, in the clearest and conclusive way, which we cannot but seem to be a fraud. They then adjourned to his house, where the gas is shown burning, and succeeded in detecting the trick by which the deception has been practised. They will furnish a full account of the exhibition in a day or two, and "explode" the humbug, which has excited such a large share of public attention.

From the above, we should infer that the process by which the "trick" was accomplished, is very nearly as described by Prof. Grant; that is, by the wires which Mr Paine pretended were simply conductors of electricity, being, in reality, perforated tubes for gas already manufactured to order, and concealed in a condenser in the mysterious box which Mr P. presented as containing only the magnetic machine and other secret means by which he decomposed the water and produced such an incredible amount of gas therefrom. *Tribune.*

☞ The steamship *Ohio*, Lieut. James Finney Schenck, U. S. N., commander, left her wharf, at New York, on the 26th ult, at 3 o'clock precisely, with 117 cabin and [illegible] steerage passengers, bound for [illegible], New Orleans and Chagres. She took a large mail for the Pacific. The mail is under the charge of G. Augustus Seymour, U. S. Mail Agent.

The *Ohio* was off the bar at Savannah, on the 24 inst., at 6 1-2 o'clock a. m., and took the mails for Charles, California, &c., on board. She will be soon in our port.

DEATH OF GEN. HUNTINGTON.—The Norwich Courier of Tuesday, announces the death of Gen. Zachary Huntington, father of the late Jabez W. Huntington, (U. S. Senator.) Gen. Huntington was 86 years of age. He died on Sunday afternoon, from old age, or the gradual exhaustion of the vital powers.

THE FRANKLIN EXPEDITION. We learn with pleasure from the *Newfoundlander* and other St. John's papers, that the United States brigantine *Advance*, Lieut. Haven, one of the vessels belonging to Mr. Grinnell's expedition, was spoken, by a St. John's pilot boat off Cape Spear, at 5 o'clock on the evening of Friday, June 7, fourteen days from New York.

THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC.—It is stated that Chipman Levy, who recently obtained the grant from the Mexican Government for the purpose of forming a connection between the Atlantic and Pacific, via Avarado river, is still pushing on his enterprise with vigor, and expects before the expiration of many months to commence operations.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LIBERIA.—We learn, says the N. Y. *Herald*, from Capt. Canfield, of the schooner D. G. Foster, arrived on Thursday, that the colony of Liberia was in a very flourishing state, and perfectly free from sickness. There had been no slavers captured on the coast for some time previous to the arrival of the D. C. F. The health of the American squadron on that station, was also very good. Capt. Canfield's vessel was hunted by the British brig-of-war Wolverine, and detained some time, on suspicion of being a slaver, and was only released after a thorough searching.

☞ Maria Hester, wife of Samuel L. Governeur, and daughter of the late James Monroe, fifth President of the United States, died at Oak Hill, Loudoun county, Virginia, on the 25th ultimo.

FROM THE CANARY ISLANDS.—The brig Vesuvius, at New York from the Canaries, reports that in Puerto Ventura there would not be a pound of barilla this year, or of any kind of grain, as the season for rain is now upon months past. Everything is parched up, and there is a great scarcity of water. There has been no rain for more than a year.

☞ General Lopez, according to a telegraphic despatch from Norfolk, June 28th, embarked aboard the day previous, on board the echo ner Frank, bound to New York,

RUMORED REMOVALS.—A dispatch from Washington, gives a rumor that Maj. Hobbie, Mr. Snyder, of Pa., and twenty-three others, are to be removed from the Post-office Department next week.

CHOLERA AT CINCINNATI.—The Board of Health of Cincinnati announces that seven[illegible] deaths have occurred in that city from cholera, and that the disease still prevails to some extent.

[By Telegraph to the New York Express.]

HALIFAX, June 28.

WRECK OF THE VICEROY.—The non-arrival of the steamer Viceroy up to last night gave cause for much anxiety. This morning intelligence was received that she was safe on the Tuesday evening, at half-past 7 o'clock, on Sing Island, between Cape Sable and the Seal Islands—the weather being very thick—where she now lies, and is so far damaged that the water flows in and out of her with the tide—Her Majesty's steamer Columbia is alongside, rendering assistance, and hopes are entertained, when the leaks are stopped, of getting her off.

From Washington.

Special despatch to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, Friday, June 28

A terrific accident took place yesterday, at the new wing of the Patent Office, through a culpable defect in the scaffolding. A number of workmen were injured, some of them severely.

A son of Mr. Thorn, was shot in the groin yesterday, by a colored boy employed in his father's wood yard. There is a good deal of excitement in consequence.

There was a severe storm last evening, which deranged the telegraphic communication.

The *Union* continues its ravings about New Mexico.

CONFIRMED BY THE SENATE.—Wm. M. King, Surveyor and Inspector of the Revenue, Portland, Oregon; Wm. Porter, do, Nisqually, Oregon.

FROM WASHINGTON BY TELEGRAPH.—The following interesting correspondence was telegraphed to the N. Y. *Express*:

WASHINGTON, July 29.

Governor Dorr requests the members friendly to the speedy and immediate admission of California, to meet in the House of Representatives this evening.

The ultra Southerners have held a caucus, and resolved to insist upon the adoption of the Missouri line, as all hazards.

During the last week the Government has ordered 600 troops from different depots for New Mexico.

Texas, it is said, will march against Santa Fe, the first week in July. The authority for this is a letter received here from Major Callahan, agent of this Government for the management of the Indians.

The Union continues its ravings about New Mexico. The editor is absolutely insane on the subject.

Wm. M. King, Surveyor and Inspector of the Revenue, Portland, Oregon; Wm Porter, do, Nisqually, Oregon, were confirmed by the Senate to day.

FROM HAVANA.—The steamship Helena Sloman, Captain Pauson, arrived at New York on the 29th ult, from Hamburg.

She brings no later news from the Continent than that acknowledged by the Niagara, at Liverpool.

The Helena Sloman brings a large number of passengers, chiefly Germans.

In the Helena Sloman, from Hamburg—J. Schutze, lady and child of New Orleans, A. Deitermeyer, C. Heise, F. Kress, lady and child, A. Hennung and family, F. Jumpich, M. Cramer, J. Reiber and family, Dr. Vetter, C. Bieselmann, of Germany, [illegible] Kessel of Havana, G. Hasenbeier and lady of Wisconsin, and 267 in the second cabin and steerage.

☞ Mr. Forrest, in his card to the Pennsylvanian newspaper, having attributed to Mr. Wills the authorship of the letter in the Tribune, signed "A Lady," stating that the blow given by Mr. Forrest to Mr. Wills was from behind, the Tribune comes out with this specific refutation of that suggestion:

The statement of 'A Lady' in our columns was never seen by Mr. Wills until after it was published, when he sent to us to inquire where she could be found, that he might have her testimony to the impression conveyed to him. He had her name and residence before we printed her statement, and she is a stranger to all the parties of this feat."

STEAMSHIP ISABEL.—The fine steamship arrived at Charleston on the 26th ult. from New York, and was to proceed on the 1st inst., for Havana.

FROM THE BRITISH PROVINCES.—We are indebted to the Pictou Express and the pilot of the steamer Admiral, for Halifax papers of June 22, and St. John of June 24. The principal topic discussed in the St. John papers is the pending election for members of the Legislature. The city and county of St. John have recommended members opposed to the Government.

The Pictou Chronicle of June 13th says that on the forenoon of Wednesday last a slight shock was felt on the lines and back settlements of this county. In some places to the depth of 8 or 10 inches. After some days of beautiful warm weather, we have again had a series of showers, and on Tuesday afternoon some of our towns were again visited with snow.

A fatal tragedy occurred at Wentworth, Annapolis county, on Sunday the 9th inst. viz. Mrs Miner, the wife of a respectable farmer, who had exhibited signs of derangement, killed her children and herself on that day. Nothing further of them has been heard for a month or more, when the body of the eldest child, a boy, was found drowned on the beach. It is supposed that the mother proceeded to a cliff overhanging the shore, and having inserted the children to her side with a cord, or part of her dress, plunged with them into the water. *Post. Tran.*

☞ THE TRUE VIRGIN LOAVES PRESERVE.—Mr. Thorn started for Cincinnati on Tuesday. According to some people the only object of his trip is to prove to Europe that he is completely reconciled with Louis Philippe. He said that Mr. Lemoit, M. de Salvandy and M. Duchatel are now about to pay a visit to Louis Philippe. It is rumored that the ex King is anxious that several of his ministers should assemble around him before his death, and that some special mission of great political importance will be discussed in that council. It is said that Louis Philippe intends to leave all his property to his family the compromise with the Duchess of Orleans. The Legitimists say that this will be in fact a transaction with the elder branch of the Bourbons.

A serious accident occurred in the house of the Assembly of which the Marquis de Lariboisiere is President, during the discussion on the augmentation of the civil list allowance. In the course of a very animated speech which M. de Lariboisiere quoin made in opposition to the measure, he said that if they were to have a Republic, they ought to make it a great monarchy, or to place their President on the footing of a sovereign. They ought to have either a real and complete Republic, with a President elected by universal suffrage, or recourse to a legitimate monarchy—namely, Henry V. This expression roused the ire of M. Rouher, the Minister of Justice, who exclaimed, "After done that, Monsieur le Président, votre Henry V." "Rather to-day than to-morrow," was M. Lariboisiere's answer, "if France wishes and will allow it." M. Rouher replied, *bête rose* but sufficiently loud to be heard by several members, "I am certain it is Republique Sociale que Henry V." It is evident from this, that whatever the secret wishes and intentions of the great body of other may be, the intentions of the ministers of Louis Napoleon are by no means in favor of a restoration of the dynasty of the Bourbons.

☞ We learn from a friend in Milledgeville, says the Augusta *Constitutionalist*, that the Hon. John W. Hooper has been appointed by his Excellency Governor Towns, Judge of the Superior Court of the Cherokee Circuit, vice Hon. A. R. Wright, resigned.

WASHINGTON, June 28—Noon.

The President will answer Mr. Foote's resolution by declaring that he has given no other orders in regard to Texas and New Mexico, than those already submitted to the Senate—The military order remains in force, and it is stated that bloodshed is inevitable between the two peoples—particularly if New Mexico should have defined her boundaries.

It is certain that the President did not give the special order to the Civil and Military Governor of New Mexico, now quoted as authority for the new State Government.

Texas will regard her authority over the disputed territory, and at once. If need be, Gen. Houston will leave his place in the Senate, and command the troops of his State in the encounter.

A MANIAC FROM THE GRIFFITH.—Yesterday a man was taken up in the street and carried to the jail, a raving maniac. He was of fine appearance, intelligent look, and the remnant of his clothes not torn off, showed that he had been better days. It was soon ascertained that he was one of the survivors of the wreck, and lost a wife and six children—which calamity had destroyed his reason. His name is Battelou. How he got ashore, or where he has been since the wreck, no one knows. He is now in the Poor House, and an object of the deepest sympathy.

The Pandemaler further says "It has been ascertained that several female emigrants buried in the vault, according to their custom in traveling, had large amounts of gold and silver sewed into their skirts. This fact being known, the temptation to robbers is too great to allow said bodies to remain."

ITHACA, June 28.

SERIOUS AFFRAY.—After the close of the circus last night a serious affray took place here. A number of men and women were seriously injured. One man named Mill Dare cannot survive, his skull being broken. A large number of warrants have been issued and arrests made. The origin of the difficulty is not yet known.

ABDUCTING SLAVES.—An old negro named Benjamin Savage, for some years a barber in the northern part of the city, was yesterday examined before the Recorder upon a charge of abducting slaves from their masters, into a distance of 25,000 miles, he was committed to jail. From the confession of Savage to a gentleman who represented himself as an abolitionist, and desirous of aiding fugitives in his operations, it appears that nearly all the negroes who, for years past, have ran away from this city, have passed under the agency and direction of Savage, who has ever seemed to take them in charge as they were landed in Illinois, and run them through to Chicago and Canada. The extent of his operations is unknown, but presumed to be extensive. Savage made no defence to the charge, and was committed to jail to await his trial.

William Harris, the negro arrested at Alton a few days since by officer Corrais, is known to be connected with Savage in his operations, and to have aided the escape of a score of negroes. His examination was continued until Monday. There is a large gang of free negroes in this city and its vicinity in Illinois, engaged in these operations; if the plans of our police are carried out, they will soon be brought to justice.—*St. Louis Republican.*

City Intelligence.

FIRST MUNICIPALITY.—*Recorder Genois.*—Philip Fazendumore, alias Bill Jones, was brought before the Recorder yesterday. He is known to the police as a vagabond and dangerous character, and was arrested by Thos. Pattison, in the act of beating a man in the Levee. The Recorder committed him to the Work-house for six months.

H. W. Hedeiens was arrested for disturbing the peace and using abusive language to a watchman. He was required to give security for his good behavior.

An individual, whom Martin Long does not know, but whom he can point out to the police, assaulted and struck him on Sunday night, at the corner of Toulouse and Chartres streets. The accused has not yet been arrested.

SECOND MUNICIPALITY.—*Mayor and Recorder's Court.*—Yesterday being the day fixed for the ascending of the Court, Recorder Caldwell, Aldermen Hale and Hooper took their seats at 10 o'clock. A petition, numerously signed by members of the bar, was presented, asking for the appointment of Mr. Jones, as Clerk of the Court.

Mr. Wolfe excepted to the jurisdiction of the Court in the case of Ainsworth charged with larceny, and cited some cases in the subject. The Court consented to listen to arguments of counsel on Wednesday next. The names of the jury being called, it was found that none answered to their names. Attachments were ordered to be issued to compel their attendance.

The Recorder delivered then filed informations against John Burns, alias Chino, for an assault; Margaret McCurran, for the same offence, and Timothy Donohue, for assaulting an officer.

John C. Taylor was elected Clerk, after which the Court adjourned until Wednesday.

THIRD MUNICIPALITY.—The Mayor disposed at public auction yesterday of the contract for furnishing 100,000 feet of timber, for the use of the First Municipality, to Isaac E. Stockton, at the rate of [illegible] per running foot. The sale of lumber was postponed.

The Mayor then sold, for account of the former holder, who had failed to comply with his contract, the furnishing of wrought iron spikes for the wharves, to Charles Ritter, at the rate of [illegible] per pound, former purchaser had taken the contract at [illegible].

THE PALACE D'ARMES.—The elegant row of buildings on St. Peter street, erected by Mrs. Poutalba, and facing the Place d'Armes, are now receiving their finishing touch. A beautiful balcony is now being extended along the entire range of the second story, and the substantial iron pillars for the support of the porticos or verandahs have all been placed. The row of buildings on St. Ann street are also rapidly approaching completion.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—*Judge Lazar.*—The Court was occupied yesterday with the trial of petit cases, none of which are of any interest. Various members were arraigned, amongst them Juan Martinez, indicted for an attempt to murder, Emily Mayfield, for the murder of Henry Hindrock, and Patrick Fahey, for perjury. They severally pleaded not guilty, and their cases were fixed for next week. On motion of Mr. Ogden to excuse a certain juror, on the ground that he formed a member of the Grand Jury of the United States District Court, his Honor ordered the same to be entered upon the Court Journal, and then proceeded to call the jury in the case of the State in the case of Lucien Lafargue, charged with the crime of perjury, the Court fixed the bail at $1500. The prisoner gave the required security, and was released.

THE GRAND JURY.—The members of the Grand Jury made their rounds yesterday, and inspected the various public institutions in the vicinity.—They will make their report on Friday next.

FIFTH MUNICIPALITY COURTS.—A called meeting of this body will be held to-night, after which, the Common Council will adjourn to the first Tuesday in August.

ASSAULTS.—A man named James Nunes was arrested yesterday in the First Municipality, on the charge of assaulting. He will be examined this morning.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—The Coroner held an inquest yesterday on the body of a man named Arthur Armstrong, aged 35 years, born in Ireland, who died in the Charity Hospital, and found the deceased Municipality Vendu according.

THE CATHEDRAL.—We were glad to perceive that the work was recommenced yesterday on the building. The Churchwardens have taken hold of the direction of the matter, and have appointed a committee who will be supplied with men and means to carry on the work without delay. The walls are to be torn down and reconstructed anew. The work can also be adapted, as otherwise the walls of the concavity would always have attached to the edifice.

GRAND THEFT.—Moses Lilienfield was brought up yesterday before Recorder Caldwell, on the charge of stealing a quantity of goods from the Merchants' Press.—The examination was deferred.

ARRESTED.—W. J. Lennox was arrested on Sunday, at the corner of Poydras and Perdido streets, by Officer Bouldin, on a charge of stealing a horse and buggy. The accused was bailed for his appearance, and the examination will be postponed until he returns.

INQUEST.—The examination of Henry Gerdes, who died suddenly on Sunday morning, at his residence on the New Levee near Pontalba street, was concluded yesterday afternoon. The deceased was a native of Germany, aged 40 years, and he was accidentally drowned.

RESCUED.—M. Cocin and S. S. Kitteridge were arrested yesterday by Lieut. Lewis and Municipal guards, on the charge of having robbed Joseph Mouton, of $40. They were remanded for examination.

APPOINTED.—Sergeant Gentile has been appointed Lieutenant of the Third Ward, in place of Lieut. Lafargue, suspended from duty.

COMMERCIAL.

The Markets.

MONDAY EVENING, July 8, 1850.

There is still the Cotton offering, and though the demand continues good, the sales to-day have been restricted to 1,000 bales. Prices are very firm, but we feel we have been highly favorable for the growing crop.

Sales of Sugar and Molasses are confined to small parcels at former prices.

The Rice market remains dull and depressed. Sales of 400 tierces on the spot at auction. St. Lucia [illegible] 3 3-8c. Other [illegible] 3 1-2c. About 2,500 sacks Rice sold at from 75c. to 87c. per bushel.

In Provisions we have no change to notice, and the transactions are confined to small lots.

Whiskey is selling in small quantities, at 24c. of 25c. per gallon.

Freight is nominal.

☞ Cotton is quoted as last quoted: demand check. Nothing doing in Freights.

☞ The regular packet ship TORONTO, Capt. Lathrop, from New York, is now discharging her cargo at her berth, foot of Canal street. Consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods, as they will be stored at their expense and risk.

A. W. PEARSON & CO., 1 Commercial Magazine and Lafayette sts.

☞ The brig PERDINAND, from Bordeaux, is now discharging at the Red Market. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, within five days, otherwise they will be stored at their expense and risk.

AUG. MOLIERE, 86 St. Louis st.

☞ Neither the Captain nor consignee of ship HULDA AND JOHANNAH, will pay the debts that the crew of said ship could contract.

G. N. LIRAS, 32 Bienville street.

☞ Consignees of Merchandise consigned to under-named ship MAINE, Freeman, master from Liverpool, will make themselves known to the undersigned, and receive their goods on the Levee.

E. W. PEARSON & CO.

☞ Neither the Captain nor Consignee of the Russian brig FERDINAND, will be responsible for any debts contracted by her crew.

AUG. MOLIERE, 86 St. Louis st