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The New-Orleans Daily Bee.

Official Journal of the State, General Council, First Municipality, and Board of Liquidators.

Wednesday Morning, Aug. 7, 1850.

☞ We are indebted to the Hon. Mr. Gentry for the transmission of public documents.

The mail came through yesterday, as late as the 29th ult., bringing dates from Washington to the 30th ult., from New York and Boston to the 27th ult.

The Star of Washington says—The Mobile Register of Monday published the following telegraphic despatch:

MONTGOMERY, August 2, 10, 30, A. M.

The Compromise Bill was shattered into fragments in the Senate to-day before yesterday.—Every thing was struck out but the Territorial government for Utah. It was then ordered to be engrossed by a vote of 31 to 15. Only two Whig Senators, Bell and Pearce, voted in the affirmative.

The Washington correspondent of the Charleston Courier, writing under date of the 29th ult., considers it anticipated the fate of the Compromise. He says:—

Mr. Ewing, late Secretary of the Interior, has taken a seat as Senator from Ohio, in the place of Mr. Corwin, who has resigned to enter upon the duties of Secretary of the Treasury. Mr. Ewing is a man of talents and great energy, a very strong Whig, and, as most of those Ohio people, very much prejudiced against Slavery. He was in the late Cabinet, and is supposed to have given the plan, and the main reasons with Mr. Clay, in relation to the subject. He is the Cabinet man selected to by Mr. Fillmore, as having the most influence among members of Congress, and to carry the measure through the Senate. Of course he will not be content to give a silent vote on the subject, whether a final vote can be had or not. Mr. Douglas yesterday declared that California is all he asked for, and that he would not consent to any other disposition of the question, with a view to the admission of California.

I doubt very much whether the bill can be carried through the Senate. There is a majority of the Senate who are opposed to the admission of California, and to the Texan pretensions to a Commission which, in many votes as it will again. It will also give the support of the Texas Senators, who, by the bill cannot possibly, will be cut off from the boundless fields of California, and will, I believe, join with some Northern Democrats in the project to defeat the bill. Of course no one can tell what will be the result, but I am inclined to think that the project to defeat the bill will succeed.

The Senate has now before it the Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation Bills, and adjourning over to the meeting of the next Congress must give rise to much angry debate. The Northern people seem to be fully aware of the dangers which surround the Union, and are slow to take any steps to avert them. The Democrats, from the administration of new territory, seem, but not to be dismayed against. The Whigs will not give up the ship, but the difficulty has not yet begun.

The New York correspondent of the Baltimore Clipper, under date of the 29th ult., says:—

Mr. Douglas is being much talked of here. Mr. Douglas has long since made up his mind that he shall be a candidate for the Presidency in 1852, and he is now acting with reference to that object. He is a man of talent, and has a very strong will, and is not to be driven from the position he has taken on the Compromise Bills, and adjournment over to