The Daily Delta.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE ..... NEW-ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 19, 1850.

MAGNE & WEISSE, Proprietors.
No. 83 CHARTRES STREET.

TERMS OF THE DELTA.

PAPER (one year in advance) $12 00
TRI-WEEKLY PAPER (semi-weekly, (one year in advance) 5 00

No paper will be sent one week's issue.

No name will be entered on the list unless the money for the first year's subscription is paid in advance.

No subscription will be received for less than One Dollar for every TEN lines or less, for the first insertion, and for each subsequent one. No advertisement will be published for less than one dollar.

Liberal deductions will be made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements will be published DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY and WEEKLY, and charged accordingly.

Obituaries, notices of meetings, &c., will be charged at the rate of TEN cents per line for each insertion.

Contracts for Annual Advertisers will be limited to their regular business, and to such changes within the limit of their contracts as may be required by them.

Advertisements must be handed in before 12 o'clock, M., to insure insertion the same evening.

Transient advertisements will be charged at the rate of one dollar per square for each insertion; one square every other day, $1 50; one square every week, $3; one square every month, $10.

New-Orleans Daily Delta.

Official Journal of the State, General Council, First Municipality and Board of Lieutenants.

NEW-ORLEANS: Monday Morning, Dec. 19, 1850.

The Mails arrived yesterday, from New York and Boston to the 14th inst. Charleston to the 16th inst.

NEW FOREIGN INTERFERENCE.

The report of the Committee of the American Anti-Slavery Society, held on the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

"That the committee have witnessed and regret the acts of the last Congress during its last session, which they regard as fraught with the destruction of the spirit in which were conceived, the principles on which were based, and the objects they were designed to accomplish. That the compromise measures, especially reproduce and sanction upon the dearest rights of man the slaveholding violation of the laws of God, the constitution and of nature, and would extensively exhort the people throughout the Union to new agitation, means, in a firm and Christian spirit, the entire and immediate abolition of the whole system."

"That, we think the British Abolitionists have shrunk from their brethren in this country. The latter are at least, if not more, as virtuous of the slaveholding descent pretext for intermeddling with the institutions of the South. The British agitationists can offer no excuse for the impudence of their conduct; no excuse for the impudent, and impotent efforts they have assumed of acting in the capacity of censuring the acts of the United States Congress. It was a piece of that kind of impudence that almost challenges a parallel."

"That too that the modest and no doubt highly informed British and Foreign Anti-Slavery Society, particularly reprobate the Fugitive Slave Law, which they pronounce in direct outrage upon the dearest rights of man, a flagrant violation of the laws of God, and will, we trust, learned to the question, they did not consider themselves a tribunal for settling the question, and decide that the law was an infringement of the rights of the States. They might with as much propriety as they has assumed to pass a condemnatory resolution on the attempts of Great Britain to enforce slavery in the United States parishes, in the fact that we are indebted to her avarice and rapacity of that country for the introduction which she is now so overthrow. She imported the Colonies, and she was quite willing to profit by their labor, until the revolution of the sentiments of Southern industry and the Colonies. Then she has maintained inveterate hostility to slavery in America, besides the institution because its prosperity has become dependent upon us; because our own cotton her vast manufactures would be paralyzed; because we exercise over the Colonies, commerce, can her which bonds, compel her to the abolition of dominion, and tender peacemaker reward of the disturber.

No wonder it is that Great Britain early every Abolitionist of slavery, and have the agricultural resources that both hope to develop in her tropical Colonies the wealth which would be greater destruction of the cotton plant are the enormous success of the United States. Great Britain has no control over climate, and can not supply of a staple necessary to the comfort of the United Kingdom would rust in the ground.

Much which Great Britain seeks to accomplish by the system of philanthropic [illegible] was shocked [illegible] nothing not that [illegible] unreasonable assumption [illegible] present she [illegible] in Africa, [illegible] Africa, [illegible] Africa, [illegible]