The New-Orleans Bee.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE ..... NEW-ORLEANS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 8, 1851.

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The New-Orleans Daily Bee,
Official Journal of the State, City and Council, First Municipality and Board of Liquidators.
Wednesday Morning, Oct. 8, 1851.

FOR CONGRESS,
FIRST DISTRICT,
RICHARD HAGAN.
SECOND DISTRICT,
J. ARISTIDE LANDRY.
THIRD DISTRICT,
R. A. HUTTON.
FOURTH DISTRICT,
JOHN MOORE.

For State Senators.
JAMES ROBB,
J. P. BENJAMIN.

For Representatives.
SECOND DISTRICT—A. P. SIMPSON, C. C. LATHROP, CHARLES J. LEEDS.
THIRD DISTRICT—H. J. RANNEY, C. M. WATERMAN, J. N. HAWTHORN, SIDNEY STORY, W. J. McLEAN, THOMAS CURRY.
FOURTH DISTRICT—F. L. LOMBARD, W. M. FLEMING, J. B. SEVER.
FIFTH DISTRICT—JULES BENIT, HIPPOLYTE MOSSY, P. SEVERGES.
SIXTH DISTRICT—A. LAROSE.
SEVENTH DISTRICT—ADOLPHE TREMÉ, JOSEPH SOLOMON.
NORTH DISTRICT—LOUIS SURGI.
NORTH DISTRICT—JOHN LAIDLAW.

☞ The Northern mail failed yesterday from beyond Charleston.

JAMES P. FERRET.

The Democratic organ is flattering itself into the belief that JAMES P. FERRET will not receive the entire Whig vote of the Second Municipality. Its reasons for this blissful anticipation are that one member of the Senatorial Convention was anxious for the Whigs to nominate Mr. FERRET and all other parish officers, by Second vote; and that the Convention refused to do so; whereupon the *Courier*, with the usual delusion of Whig dissembling floating before its enraptured gaze, falls incontinently into ecstasies, mounts its political hobby-horse, and dashes away as a terrible belter shelter rate, displaying the banner of FERRET, BALDWIN & Co., and crying out most lustily, that the independent Whigs of the Second Municipality will never vote that ticket. For our part, we are quite sure they never will, for the simple reason that there is no such ticket in the field.

Our contemporary appears, however, to imagine that the name of FERRET was inextricably associated with that of BALDWIN, PETERS and others of "that ilk," that the Whigs will not sustain the former. This is a grievous mistake, and knowing how averse the *Courier* is to put forth deceptive statements, we hasten to correct it. We know something of the Second Municipality, having lived in that section of the city for some seventeen years. Until the *Courier* attempted to place the names of FERRET, BALDWIN and PETERS in juxtaposition, we never heard them mentioned together. We don't believe there is a Whig in the Second Municipality that has dreamed of the slightest connection between the Independent Candidate for Sheriff, and the two gentlemen who seem to be in the eyes of the *Courier*, the incarnation of all that is nefarious and appalling. We are so certain, as it is possible to be of any fact not yet susceptible of absolute demonstration, that JAMES P. FERRET will not lose half a dozen Whig votes in the Second Municipality. On the contrary, there is every reason to suppose that the candidature of so honorable, excellent and popular a citizen will bring to the polls a considerable number of persons who rarely exercise the right of suffrage, and that it will thus indirectly strengthen the Whig ticket throughout the Second Municipality.

If, however,—as is possible—the Locofoco organ connects FERRET with PETERS and BALDWIN, only with a view of operating upon the prejudices of the many Democrats, who, in this quarter of the city, are sustaining Mr. FERRET, we can tell it that the stratagem will prove unsuccessful. The Democratic friends of Mr. FERRET are not to be deterred from manifesting their personal preferences, by such a scurvy trick as the *Courier* invents. They are too intelligent to be humbugged in so gross a manner. The *Courier* would be better engaged in submitting to them the peculiar claims of Mr. MARIONY—if he have any—to their support. This bulldozing and fustian about BALDWIN and PETERS is too ridiculous for effect. It is the poorest child's play, not worthy of being forced into the canvass, and will fail to affect a single vote.

The *Courier* says:

"Behind all the vain-glorious boasting of Frazer's partisans, they see DEFEAT staring them in the face. *They know his cause is elected*, that his popularity and his chances have all dwindled rapidly since the last canvass; and that, in the present, he cannot consolidate the whig party, of obtain twenty-five democratic votes.

This is pretty tall bouncing for the MARIONY organ. The end will picture whether it rests upon a substantial basis, or is merely electioneering gas. It is singular, however, that if Mr. FERRET's chances were so desperate, and if a combination by the Whig party would have improved them so vastly, the proposition made before an intelligent and sagacious assemblage of Whigs who are thoroughly posted up on the subject, should have met with but one approving voice. We entreat our contemporary to give us credit for a small modicum of common sense. We assure him that Mr. FERRET does, nothing by his independent position, while he gains largely. As regards his inability to obtain twenty-five Democratic votes, the polls will tell the story. The strong Democratic precincts of the Second Municipality will show the inroads that the name of JAMES P. FERRET have made upon that party.

The *Courier*, which is unsurpassed as a prophesying, predicts that many Whigs of the 2nd Municipality will vote against FERRET. Now, we are willing to place one assertion *on record*, and let the 3d November compare our accuracy with that of the Locofoco organ, we state without the slightest reservation, that every Whig Ward in the 2nd Municipality will give a larger vote for FERRET than it did two years ago, when he ran against JOHN L. LEWIS. This will demonstrate his strength with the Whig party, and upon this ground, we are content to stake our reputation for political prophecies.

The Locofocos may abandon the labor of attempting to revolutionize the Second Municipality by fear of Mr. MARIONY. It is a hopeless task. Let them look to the First and Third and ——— districts. If we mistake not, in spite of their constant blaze of Whig accessions in those quarters, they will ere long appreciate the difficulty of obtaining the allegiance and fealty of their own party. The decalcitrant Democracy are not easily whipped back.

☞ We are indebted to Adams & Co.'s Express for New York papers in advance of the mail.

☞ Additional intelligence received by the *Canada*, states that Kossuth and his companions had been liberated, and that they sailed on the 7th inst., at 7 o'clock.

HOW CONSIDERATE!

The *Courier* disapproves of the nomination of J. P. BENJAMIN for Senator, because it fears lest the attention of that distinguished gentleman may be diverted from the interests of the Tehuantepec railroad. What disinterested zeal!—The Convention ought certainly to have consulted our neighbor, before placing in nomination a gentleman who is sure to be elected.

☞ The Arctic Borealis spoken of by the Southern papers, was distinctly visible in the Parish of Concordia. The illuminated circle extended over an arc of about 60 degrees, and remained for some hours before it disappeared.

Choice Flour at Greenwald's Bay Store.—We call the attention of the city and country trade to the public sale of valuable Dry Goods, which will take place THIS DAY at 10 o'clock, at the B. Bay Store, by Messrs. Chevis, Heard & Co., as per particulars in their advertisement. This will be the last public sale of the season, and those wishing to purchase will find it to their interest to attend.

☞ Mr. Hall, the Secretary of the Whig Parochial Convention, called at our office yesterday, and explained to us that the omission to furnish this paper with the proceedings of the Convention, was wholly unintentional, and the result of accident. Under the circumstances we feel bound to acquit Mr. Hall of the charge of systematic neglect or sheer indolence. We trust in future, that no cause of complaint will arise.

FROM TEXAS.

By the arrival of the steamship *Mexico*, from Galveston, we have received Texas papers of a late date. They contain very little news. We regret to learn that the rotten gun of Col. A. Moore, near Wharton, was destroyed by fire a few days ago with almost every bale of cotton. The fire originated from the brush wheel, which was revolving too rapidly. The great cotton exhibition on hand is to take fire, and in a few minutes the whole building was in flames. The mischief attached to the gin were with difficulty rescued.

We learn from the La Grange Monument of the 10th instant, that Mr Quincy Neal was stabbed to the heart on Saturday last, at Fayetteville in that county, by Mr George Barrier. The murder is undergoing legal investigation.—*Lavaca Commercial*

Further from the Rio Grande.

We received our Brownsville papers yesterday, and are thus enabled to add a few items to the details already published. We take the following from the *Rio Bravo* of the 1st inst.:

INTERESTING.—We learn through a reliable source that General Avalos, convinced of the general disorganization of the frontier in its occupation, has at length come to the conclusion, and determined, after mature reflection, the feasible measure of also raising an establishment, and reducing the tariff thereby, provided that such a step will be supported so, by the corporations under its rule and the Generals responsible.

☞ Gerente Avalos is busily engaged in fortifying his position in Matamoros. He has erected barricades and breastworks, and is, apparently, resolved to fight to the last. He has a force of about 200 men.—Most of the women and children have left the city, and Brownsville is also deserted, and will remain so, we think, when the spring excitement is over.

FROM CAMPO.—In the town of Camargo, on the 21st of September, 1851, all our old friends having had a regular meeting under the presidency of the first alcalde, and therein as to the propriety of the nominating the plan proposed on the 16th, as the corner stone, (September) was carried by the unanimous vote of the meeting this place, under command of Don Jose Maria Carvajal and to which the troops of the General Government, under the orders of Sr. Comandante here recognized the twelve articles contained in said plan were read and after discussion the same by acclamation were approved, consisting of the same citizens in such a corps of officers, as shall be wanting to carry the objects present, (considering being formed simple, as published in the Spanish portion of to-day's paper.)

A correct copy. Second C. correspondent Corps of Camargo, September 21, 1851.

SECUNDO CORTEZ.

From the Farm Publican.

Most unfavorable for fruits such as ripened will date being late in the summer.

The corps of Alcaldes, Regidores and every other of the officers Don Vicente Campos were authorized in Camargo, were attacked by the forces under the command of colonel Don Jose Maria Carvajal, who, on the 20th took possession of that place in spite of the resistance to present him. As well as appear from the Civil articles signed upon between the officers of the two contending forces.

In view of what has occurred it is to be feared the parties who have pronounced will direct themselves to this port, and should it so happen, we beseech our Illustrious Administration, by no means to allow Gen. Avalos to delegate himself within the city, for in such a case the consequence would be disastrous—ruin of the inhabitants.

CAPITULATION.

In the town of Camargo, on the 20th day of the month of September, 1851, the officers under the Commandant of squadron, Don Vicente Campos, agreed to enter into the following Capitulation with me Col. Don Jose Maria Carvajal in accordance with the army regulations and actual circumstances. It is as follows:

Article 1.—That the forces under the Commandants Campos shall surrender their arms, horses and equipments, as well as the four pounder with all its ammunition, grape, and other warlike stores, allowing them to carry off only their knapsacks and two rounds of cartridge.

2.—That the equipages and arms belonging to Sr Campos and his officers be allowed to them in consideration of the determined valor with which they sustained themselves against very superior forces.

3.—That the forces of the said Sr Campos shall be situated through Monterey to San Luis Potosi, till the officers giving their word of honor for themselves and troops not to take up arms against the Cause at present headed by Col. Carvajal.

4. Col. Carvajal offers to supply the Commandant Campos the necessary provisions and resources for the troops, until their arrival at their place of destination.

5.—The conquering Chief offers to extend all hospitality to the wounded in the late action, and to send them to the place the capitulating forces are to march to, and under the same conditions. In proof of which the present capitulation was signed in duplicate by the said Commandant and officers, at the aforesaid town, on the 20th of September, 1851.—Vicente Campos—Ignacio Pulmayan Manzinola Francesco Ledezma, Francisco Carrillo, Rafael Cervantes, Apolinar Morales, Isidro Garcia, Francisco Lozada, Augustin M. Saldaña.

I truly this argument.—Jose M. Carvajal.

VIRGINIA.—Among the resolutions among unanimously adopted by the Whig Convention of the 43d Dominion, are the following which we publish, because they refer exclusively to national topics. We endorse them unreservedly:

Resolved, That the acts of Congress, known as the Compromise measures, are regarded and approved by the Whigs of Virginia as a final settlement of the slavery question; and they will look upon any attempt to disturb those measures of peace, as a blow aimed at the integrity of the Union.

Resolved, That the MILLARD FILLMORE, the present President of the United States, by his just appreciation and faithful discharge of Executive duty, his wisdom and skill in the management of our national affairs amidst the most embarrassing difficulties, his loyalty to the pledges of the Constitution, and firmness in maintaining the laws, has justly entitled himself to the confidence and approbation of the American people, and his patriotic devotion to the Federal Union, and his noble efforts to preserve an unimpaired bond between sister States, has most eminently justified the expectations of the Whig party, and entitled him to *its continued confidence*, and to the support of the whole country.

Resolved, That the Whigs of Virginia desire to co-operate with their brethren in the United States in the furtherance of the sound national policy which has so signally marked the present administration, but they cannot support for the next Presidency any candidate whose fidelity to the Constitution, and to the measures of adjustment, shall not be beyond all question.

ARRIVAL OF THE UNION.

Forty-eight hours in advance of the Mail.

The steamship *Union*, Captain T. C. Dibblee from New York, consigned to Babcock & Fearnell, arrived at Fire street passenger, at 4 o'clock, making the passage from the Hook to the Balize (6 days 9 hours. She was detained 6 hours at the S. W. Pass, notwithstanding which, the passage from wharf to wharf was made in 7 days, 2 hours, being the quickest trip ever made by any steamer.

We are indebted to our New York contemporaries for files of papers to the 30th ult., being 48 hours in advance of the mail. We proceed to extract the items of chief interest:

[From the Herald]

SUMMARY OF THE LATEST NEWS.—The brig *Advance*, one of the vessels fitted up by Mr. Grinnell, and sent out by government in search of Sir John Franklin, will probably sail at this port either this afternoon or to-morrow. She was boarded on Sunday, about one hundred and forty miles east of Sandy Hook, by the merchants' pilot boat Washington. She has eight of her consort, the Rescue, on the 15th instant, in a pair of wind. The officers and crew of both vessels are reported to be all well.

The democrats held a meeting last evening in Tammany Hall, for the purpose of ratifying the resolutions adopted and the candidates nominated by the Democratic State Convention at Syracuse. The meeting was very harmonious and enthusiastic. The hunker and barnburner factions, which heretofore were so hostile to each other, met together on the same platform, and were as friendly as if they never had any disagreement.

Mr. Jos. Balestier arrived here in the Baltic on Sunday last, and will proceed to Washington this day, to make his report to the national government in reference to his mission in the east, whither he was sent by General Taylor's government in 1849, to effect friendly and commercial relations with Cochin China, Siam, Borneo, and the Malayan Islands. He has been successful in his object to a considerable extent, and it only requires the vigorous action of the Administration to follow up what has been done, in order to complete our commercial connections with the east.

According to the report of the inspector, there were 351 deaths in the city during the past week, which is a decrease of 68 on the mortality of the previous week. Of the number 251 were Americans, 71 natives of Ireland, 4 of Germany, 3 of Scotland, 3 of Wales, and 19 unknown. 76 of the deceased were men, 71 women; 110 boys and 94 girls. 47 of them died from consumption, 45 from inflammation, 38 from dysentery, 30 from marasmus, 29 from fevers, 23 from convulsions, 17 from cholera infantum, 17 from dropsy, 9 from small pox, 9 from croup, 5 from disease of the brain, 4 from gangrene, &c. It is very gratifying to observe that the above have been far less cases of contagious diseases, and that our city generally—thanks to the present cool weather—is comparatively free from sickness of all kinds.

The clipper ship *Dashaway*, Capt. Lewis, sailed from Boston for San Francisco, on the 1st inst., with 90 passengers, and a full cargo. She will be followed in a few days by the ship *Red Rover*, Capt. Cahoon, with 200 passengers.

The Boston *Courier* says that the ship *Sea Queen*, Capt. Cobb, which sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., has on board 1,000 passengers, and the ship *Sea Witch*, Capt. Creesy, 1,200.

The ship *Sea Serpent*, Capt. Hall, sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., with 1,000 passengers.

The ship *Samuel Russell*, Capt. Hallett, sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., with 1,000 passengers.

The ship *Sea Nymph*, Capt. Hamilton, sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., with 1,000 passengers.

The ship *Sea Bird*, Capt. Hamilton, sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., with 1,000 passengers.

The ship *Sea Eagle*, Capt. Hamilton, sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., with 1,000 passengers.

The ship *Sea Gull*, Capt. Hamilton, sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., with 1,000 passengers.

The ship *Sea Lion*, Capt. Hamilton, sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., with 1,000 passengers.

The ship *Sea Otter*, Capt. Hamilton, sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., with 1,000 passengers.

The ship *Sea Wolf*, Capt. Hamilton, sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., with 1,000 passengers.

The ship *Sea Dragon*, Capt. Hamilton, sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., with 1,000 passengers.

The ship *Sea Monster*, Capt. Hamilton, sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., with 1,000 passengers.

The ship *Sea Serpent*, Capt. Hamilton, sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., with 1,000 passengers.

The ship *Sea Snake*, Capt. Hamilton, sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., with 1,000 passengers.

The ship *Sea Turtle*, Capt. Hamilton, sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., with 1,000 passengers.

The ship *Sea Urchin*, Capt. Hamilton, sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., with 1,000 passengers.

The ship *Sea Worm*, Capt. Hamilton, sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., with 1,000 passengers.

The ship *Sea Zebra*, Capt. Hamilton, sailed from Boston for San Francisco on the 1st inst., with 1,000 passengers.

The ship *Sea Zebu