THE DAILY BEE, PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, BY E. P. WHEELER & CO.
Editors and Proprietors.
E. P. WHEELER, E. BARRETT,
R. DAWKINS, R. HARDY.
DAILY PAPER, delivered in advance, $10 00
COUNTRY PAPER, " " monthly, 1 00
Single copies, 5 cents.
In all cases, the paper will be discontinued when the time for which it is paid for expires.
In writing for your paper, always state the direction.

The New Orleans Bee.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
One Dollar for every TEN lines, or less, for the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent one. No advertisement inserted for less than one dollar in cash language.
Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines for each insertion.
The privilege of Annual Advertisers is confined to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and in extent to one square every other day.

NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 25, 1854.

No. 2405 Vol. XI. NEW SERIES
Vol. XXVII.—Whole No. 7444.

THE DAILY BEE.

Thursday Morning May 25, 1854.

☞ For STEAMBOAT DEPARTURES see FRENCH SIDE.

THE NORTHER MAIL.—The mail of yester day came through with the latest dates.

The Cuban Exiles and the Spanish Amnesty.

"El Mulato," a paper published in the Spanish language by the exiled Cubans residing in New York, speaks highly in favor of the late Amnesty, and praises the Captain General of Cuba for his generous act of allowing all political exiles, without any exception, to return to their mother country. The *Mulato*, in its number of the 9th instant, repeats a statement we have heard before, viz: That they doubt whether any good can arise from the Cubans being made independent by *foreign hands* alone, and they dislike the idea, as the many promises that have been often made to them have not been fulfilled. In the same number of the paper, there is an article warning the majority of Cuban exiles, or at least those who have not a sore livelihood, (and who, probably, constitute the majority) against signing a paper taken round by three young Cubans. The object of said paper is to lead the Cuban exiles, by signing it, not to avail themselves of the Spanish Amnesty, but to remain in the United States as *voluntary exiles*.

The *Mulato* asserts that only two signatures had been obtained after many unsuccessful efforts, and argues that there are a large number of Cubans who are disposed to return to their homes, and give up useless conspiracies and hazardous expeditions. The same paper advises the Cubans to follow their own inclinations, and not allow themselves to be caught in snares, by those who pretend to be their best friends. In order to show what little faith can be placed in the promises of these "friends," the *Mulato* alludes to the many Cubans now in that city and other parts of the Union, who are nearly starving and almost naked, for want of means to support themselves, being unable to get employment in this country. It refers to the many sufferings of the poor Cubans exiles during the past winter, and foreshadows the great misery and want that await them, if they continue much longer in their present state of expectation.

We cite these passages from *El Mulato* with a view of exhibiting the ideas entertained of Subauteism by a journal which is avowedly friendly to Cuban independence, and which we understand, was established for the special purpose of advocating the liberation of Cuba from Spanish domination. The sentiments expressed by *El Mulato* will rather surprise some of our Filibustering friends. It would appear that there are in New York two papers which profess to favor Cuban independence—one of these is the *Verdad*, a journal which is published semi occasionally, as we presume, for we receive a copy only about once every three months. The other is *El Mulato*, which is issued with somewhat more regularity. *El Mulato*, however, is not regarded with special kindness by Subauteurs in the South, as it has rather anti Southern notions concerning slavery, and is far more conservative in tone than *La Verdad*, (if the influence of either sheet we can say but little.

☞ Thanks to the officers of the steamer *Cadron*, for late St. Louis papers.

THE SLIDELL RESOLUTION.

It would appear from the most authentic accounts that the highly honorable, moral and manly proposition of Mr. SLIDELL, to suspend all executive action on the subject of cutting the Isthmus Canal, stands rather a poor chance of success. In fact, if we may credit the intelligent and usually well informed correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun*, the Committee on Foreign Relations in the Senate will not report at all upon the Resolution. This would be the very acme of supineness and cutting every temptation. For our part, we should much prefer a dispassionate and carefully digested report setting forth the reasons why the Senate should refuse to sanction Mr. SLIDELL'S scheme for "sweetening the limbs of our people."

Should be Published.

GRAND DEDICATION CANTATA.—Mr. THEODORE VON LA HACHE has kindly sent us a copy of his Cantata sung at the dedication of Odd Fellows Hall. This composition has been arranged with a piano accompaniment. It comprises three odes, viz: Hymn to Charity, words by George W. Christy; Anthem to Adoption, by Miss Emma Shropshire; and the Dedication, by George W. Christy. The poetry of these odes is eminently pleasing, but the music with which it is allied is something more—it is quite superior, of marked originality, written in a free and impressive style, and in full accordance with the best of musical composition. The melodies are fresh and beautiful, and in a manner in which the conceptions of the composer have been arranged for the solos and choruses evinces a perfect familiarity with the complex and difficult subject of harmony. We had heard Mr. VON LA HACHE as a capable teacher and competent performer, but until we heard his Cantata, we were not aware that that our city could boast a composer of such distinguished excellence. We have our doubts whether this Cantata has been surpassed in merit by any composition yet written in America.

AN IMMENSE CRYSTAL.—The superb and glittering mass of rock crystal exhibited on the corner of HYDE & GOODRICH, continues to attract public attention. Think of a conglomerate block of crystal, 22 inches long, 17 inches high, and 9 wide, composed of the most brilliant and limpid varieties of crystalization, reflecting every beam of light in rich prismatic lines, and looking indeed like an entire and perfect chrysolite. This unique sample of nature's wondrous handiwork was found in Montgomery county, Ark., 20 feet beneath the surface of the earth. For its size, beauty and splendor it is wholly unrivalled; and we commend it, above all else, to the philosopher, or the mineralogical connoisseur of some scientific association.

NEW WORKS.—We are indebted to the publisher, RATHBUN, New York, through T. L. White, No. 105 Canal street, for the following new books:

The Catacombs of Rome, by the Rev. Wm. I. Kip—a work descriptive of these curious vaults, and illustrating the Church of the first three centuries. Its theology may not suit every one, but its account of the catacombs will be read with profound interest.

Restless Shores of the Black Sea, by Lawrence Oliphant; *the Russo Turkish Campaigns of 1828 and 1829*, by Col. Chesney; *A Year with the Turks*, by W. W. Smyth. We clip these volumes together, devoted as they are to the same subject, and intended to supply information on a theme which just now is more than interesting. Oliphant's book is extremely precise and graphic; Smyth gives a valuable account of the Turkish policy, government, institutions and the like. Col. Chesney's book is historical, with special reference to the present difficulties, and to the means of resistance possessed by Turkey. They all possess decided merit and will be eagerly read.

The Divine Character Vindicated, by the Rev Moses Ballore. This is a review of Dr Beecher's Conflict of Ages. The author takes a highly rational and benevolent view of the objects and purposes of creation.

Preacher's Narrative of a voyage to the Northwest coast of America. Translated from the French. This is a work of high character and authenticity and is considered a reliable authority in reference to questions connected with our settlements on the Pacific.

We have received from Messrs. DEWITT & DAVENPORT, also through Mr. White, the following:

Spiritual Manifestations Examined and Explained by John B. Dods. This is an ingenious work, and will make many converts, because it indges neither in denunciation nor abuse—but though clever, it is not convincing. Its fine theories touching the involuntary powers of the brain are almost as unproved, as spiritual communication.

Helen Margaret, or Jesuit Exectorship.—This is one of those works, in which this press has lately abounded, written to illustrate the errors and evils of Romanism. Theological novels of all others, are least to our taste, but Helen Musgrave is certainly distinguished by considerable ability.

The Monk's Revenge.—A clever fiction in which Eastern life is graphically depicted.

BOOKS FROM MORGAN.—Our thanks are due J. C. MORGAN, Exchange Place, for the following new publications:

Advanced Latin Exercises, with selections for reading. This is an American, revised edition of one of the best works in Schmitz & Zumpt's classical series. It has been properly illustration of the principles explained in the eystactical part of Schmitz's Latin Grammar, and is an admirable work for students of that noble tongue. Blanchard & Lea, publishers.

The Westminster Review for April—a sterling number containing several articles of decided interest, such as, Kinglake on the Causes of 1854, Criminal Legislation and Prison Discipline, De Quincy and his works, contemporary Literature, &c.

Blackwood for April—with an excellent paper on the commercial results of a war with Russia; part of the Guiet Hart; Chronological curiosities; Life in the Sahara, and several political articles.

☞ We return our thanks to H. MANES, purser of the steamer *Pampero*, for late California papers, and especially for a Chinese journal, which is no doubt highly interesting, if we could read it.

OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, May 17, 1854.

The contest between the friends and opponents of Nebraska, ended in the House for the present, by the friends succeeding in passing a resolution to postpone the Pacific railroad bill and continue the debate until Saturday at five o'clock. The debate is therefore now going on quietly. During the struggle on Monday, a misunderstanding arose, and some angry words passed between Mr. Hunt and Mr. Craige, of North Carolina. Mr. Hunt wishing to make some remarks or a suggestion, or something of the kind, which could not be done but by unanimous consent, Mr. Craig objected, using the term *factionist*, or *factionist*. Mr. Hunt immediately declared that he who said he was a factionist, said that which was false, or words to that effect, for it seems almost impossible amidst the noise and confusion of the Hall at such times to hear, or ascertain what words are used.

It has been apprehended that an affair would grow out of it, but as yet nothing of the kind has occurred, so far as the public know.

Mr. Hall's course on the Nebraska question, it must be presumed, meets not the approbation of many Southern gentlemen, nevertheless, he has won the confidence and esteem to a very high degree, of his fellow members North and South, as one who is honest and fearless in the discharge of his public duties, and who possesses a large share of moral courage, as well as a man. No one questions his integrity of purpose, and no one doubts that his moral courage is sufficient to sustain him in any undertaking his judgment approves.

The Nebraska bill will, I suppose, be reported to the House at the close of the debate on Saturday, and the House will then adjourn till Monday, when will commence the operation of offering amendments and speaking five minutes upon them. How much time this may consume it is impossible to conjecture; it may be one day, or it may be three or four. The friends of the bill are confident of carrying it by a small majority. But it will then have to go to the Senate, and again go through the ordeal there.

General Cass read a well prepared and interesting speech in the Senate on Monday upon the subject of religious intolerance in Catholic countries towards Americans as well as all Protestants. The facts collected and stated by him are calculated to arrest attention, if they do not arouse indignation. His resolution upon the subject was referred to the committee on Foreign Relations, and it is expected that Mr. Clayton will speak upon the subject when the committee report.

At present the President's veto of the Indigent Insane bill is under consideration in the Senate. Mr. Brown, of Mississippi, spoke in support of the bill to-day.

Mr. Slidell's engineering resolution meets with little favor here. Both branches of the present Congress are eminently conservative, and we, in my judgment countenance no such movement as he proposes, namely, the piercing of the neutrality laws. I have yet to hear the first man of any character here, express an approval of this proposition, and it will probably fail still lower.

It seems to be difficult to ascertain precisely whether Mr. Soule has acted in accordance with his instructions or not. The truth is, the Government would have been defied to the Nebraska bill after it was reported to the House. I should have said after the debate is closed in Committee of the whole, as I meant to say.

This measure stands sadly in the way of important business. The deficiency bill especially is one of very great and pressing importance, for the non-passage of which many an employe is suffering.

Should the Nebraska bill pass the House, I suppose it will by a small majority, it will be met again in the Senate by a very determined opposition, so that it is hardly possible to conjecture when action will be had on it, and the feverish feeling it constantly keeps up will be permitted to cool down.

This bill having the effect to sever political friends from each other, and creating as it does much more feeling in Congress than did the compromise measures of 1850, has a tendency to break up old party lines, or at least to weaken them very much; and in this respect it may be the precursor of new political associations and organizations, towards which there is a growing tendency.

You will see various statements of the strength of the Nebraska bill, by correspondents from this city, but they are not very reliable, because no one, not even members themselves, can tell what the vote will be. Some of these correspondents speak one way and write another what they say, I presume is more to depend on, if they have any reliable information at all, than what they write. Some of them have the impression that the N. Y. Hards will to a man finally support the bill; such, however, is not the opinion of some who are upon intimate terms with the leading Hards, Cutting, Wall, Ely, and others. It has been said that Walbridge and Mike Walsh were sent for by the President, and have succeeded with him on the morning of the day when all prior business was laid aside and the bill was taken up.

The TARIFF is a very important subject which has yet to be acted upon, first by the Committee of Ways and Means, and then by the House and Senate. As it is to undergo a complete modification, or should do so, the bill occupy no small space of time. It so happens that the chairman of that committee, Mr. Houston of Alabama, is not generally well versed in financial and commercial affairs, and knows much more of the laws of Alabama than he does of the laws of trade and exchange. The next person upon that committee is Mr. CAVE JOHNSON, of Tenn., who is an excellent blacksmith, but neither a merchant, nor lawyer, and I presume knows as little of the commerce, free trade or restricted trade the subject of his profession research.

The new Patent Office, contained in the Block of the 12th, is highly interesting, as it [illegible] owns coming events of no small importance.

MAISON ROUGE.

TEXAS.

By the arrival of the steamship *Louisiana* we have received files of papers to the 21st inst. They contain little of interest. We copy the following from the Galveston *Times*:

Maj. Merrill, of the U. S. A., stationed at Fort Belknap, and at present in our city, on his way to the North, has informed us that the Court Martial organized for the trial of Dr. Steiner, has for the present adjourned, on account of the non-appearance of the prisoner. It is altogether uncertain when the trial will take place. The Major was one of the officers who composed the Court Martial. He designs paying a visit to his friends in New York, from whom he has been separated for several years.

We see from a posted advertisement, that Dr Wm R Smith, of our city has recently met with a great misfortune, at least, we would consider it so, when we reflect that the poor old book lost by him contained from five to six thousand dollars in drafts, notes, money, &c.

A few days since a negro boy belonging to Mrs Sayre, found a considerable amount of money which had been lost by a Frenchman from New Orleans. The boy succeeded in passing off several of the bills in exchange for clothing and other articles.

The Matagorda Tribune says, that a plot among some half dozen leading geniuses of the negro population, to escape, has been discovered, and that the negroes brought to their senses by striking arguments addressed to them in the jail.

SILESIAN WARE.—It will be seen by our advertising columns that EDSON HART, No. 37 Camp street, offers for sale a large variety of table furniture manufactured of Silesian ware. This substance has the polish of silver, tarnishes just as little under exposure, and is remarkably handsome and agreeable to the eye. We have before us a goblet made of Silesian ware, which it would be difficult to distinguish from pure silver.

THE NEBRASKA BILL.—We learn by the Telegraph that the bill to organize the territories of the Nebraska and Kansas passed the House of Representatives on the 22d by a vote of 113 to 100—the Clayton amendment having been previously stricken out. The bill must therefore return to the Senate, when, we presume, its re adoption may be confidently anticipated. So the long agony is over.

"NOT A SINGLE JEW REQUIRING TEMPORARY RELIEF."—Such is the report of the missionaries and colporteurs appointed by the New York Society for the amelioration of the condition of the Jews in that city, and it is a very creditable one to the [illegible] industry, frugality and temperance of the children of Abraham, so many of whom reside there.

[illegible]—The Rochester [illegible] makes the following statistics which regard to the State in which it is published:

"There is but [illegible] city in the State, and not one soldier. We have no theatres nor niche—We have no police, and not a murder has been committed within this State, for the last ten years. We have no monuments, nor splendid or crystal palaces; but we have homes that are the centre of the world to its inmates, for which the father works, toils, and the wife where the mother controls, educates, labors, and loves; where she rears men, scholars, and patriots."

FAVORITE SALE OF IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED REAL ESTATE ON LONG TERMS.—We are requested to call public attention to an extensive sale of well improved Property and building Lots well located, which will take place TO-DAY, at 10 o'clock precisely, by E. W. CAMPBELL, in the Rotunda of the St. Charles Hotel. For further particulars, see advertisement.

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING AND FANCY CUTTLERY.—The attention of dealers is called to the sale ordered to-day, by the Sheriff, of the stock of Dry Goods, Clothing and Fancy Cuttlery, at No. 12 Old Levee, between Iberville and Customhouse streets.

ARRIVAL OF THE PAMPERO.

EXCITING INTELLIGENCE

The steamship *Pampero*, W. C. FLANDERS, Commander, arrived last evening from Nicaragua. The *Pampero* arrived at San Juan on Saturday the 13th, with 304 passengers. The steamship *Northern Light* from New York arrived on Tuesday 16th, sixty hours after the *Pampero*, with 500 passengers, who proceeded up the river on the same morning on the Company's steamer. The health of the Isthmus is very good.

All the Californian passengers arrived on the 16th and 17th. The *Pampero* connected on the Pacific with steamship *Cortes*, which brought down over 1100 passengers. The *Uncle Sam* with 1900, and the *Panama* with 600, left San Francisco on the 1st May.

A revolution had broken out in Nicaragua, and the insurgents had captured the city of Realejo, and were fast overrunning the country. Gen Don MUNOZ, Governor of Nicaragua, had left the State for Costa Rica.

The city of San Salvador was destroyed on the 9th by an earthquake. The first shock was felt on the 4th, and again on the 5th, 6th and 8th. Five thousand persons were killed, and the city mostly destroyed.

The *Pampero* left the port of San Juan, the Royal mail steamer *Teviot*, Lieut. Sawyer, commander; the American brig *Martha Clark*, and Italian bark *Genoa*.

The steamship *Northern Light*, Capt. Churchill, sailed for New York on the evening of 17th with 800 passengers and 1,200,000 gold. Among her passengers are Col. Fremont, Major Berland, Minister to Central America, Sam Brannan and Dr. Peter Smith, of San Francisco.

The *Pampero* sailed on the evening of the 17th, and brings 234 passengers, $500,000 gold. Major Strobell, Assistant of Col. Fremont, with 11 Delaware Indians of the expedition; Col. H. J. Labatt, and Dr. J. McDowell, an eminently successful Californian, with 16 slaves which he took out in 1850, are passengers on board of the *Pampero*.

The Silesian mines of Rio Frio, in Costa Rica, discovered in September last, are yielding well, and causing considerable attention.

Impressments of the Nebraska Minister, &c. Scotland.

Major HOPLAND, American Minister to Central America, was arrested and imprisoned on his arrival in Greytown, by the STABLER'S DIARRHŒA CORDIAL is also a remedy which has been tested and approved by hundreds of physicians and others. See descriptive pamphlets, to be had gratis of the agents. Price of each, only 50 cents, or six bottles for $2 50.

E. H. STABLER & CO., Proprietors, Wholesale Druggists, Baltimore.

For sale in New Orleans by
J. WRIGHT & CO., Wholesale Agents, 151 Chartres street.

Also, by F. KALTENBACH & ROSE, 102 Tchoupitoulas street, and by merchants generally throughout the United States. my25—9aw 1w

DR. GEORGE'S HYDROPIPE.

Is pleasanter to physicians, as well as even by the following extracts of letters from practising phy sicians of the regular faculty:

Bro Springs, Breckenridge county, Ky.
Dr Georges:—Sir: Since I last wrote you I have had under my care a young lady of some 14 or 15 years of age, who has been the subject of scrofula for six or seven years.

She commenced improving with the use of the Hydropipe, and now presents the most beautiful glandular swellings subsided, and every symptom of disease disappeared, and she is now in the enjoyment of excellent health.

Yours, W. W. BOARD, M. D.

OWENSBORO', Ky., March 25, 1853.
Dear Doctor. In several cases in the community the Hydropipe has proved a valuable remedy. In short, I consider it a valuable preparation. I have been in correspondence with the above gentleman, and has appropriated the money to his money to his services. He was arrested and held to bail in $.00 for his appearance hereafter.

Village Destroyed by Fire.—Montreal

May 17.—The village of St. Hyacinth was almost totally destroyed by fire to day.

LOCAL ITEMS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

RECORDER SIMMES' COURT.—John Sime Mc Crag was arraigned before this court yesterday, on a charge of assault and battery attempted to kill one John Sweeny. He was sent before the Criminal Court.

Wm. Lyer, who had participated in the affair, was required to give bond for future good behavior or go to the Parish Prison.

Dennis Gallagher, charged of perjury preferred some time ago by John Keefe against Philip Kenemer, was yesterday dismissed.

DISAGREEABLE WHIP.—A drayman named Philip Bolker was fined by Recorder Genella, of the Criminal Court to answer a charge of having assaulted and beaten one Pat. Power with the butt end of his dray whip.

Joseph Long, a black hand of the steamboat Glendale, was sent before the same tribunal charged with assault and battery upon Jules Fabre.

A FUNNY AFFAIR.—One James Miller went before the Recorder and made oath that he was in a mountain fully armed, when he was set upon by a man whose character he found, to his sorrow, and what was worse, to his pocket, a thief. This was the substance of the latter man's statements; and he was fined $5 and costs for disorderly conduct.

Recorder Simmes's heart was melted at the touching appeal, and he sent Jimmy to the Workhouse for 30 days.

FIRE.—A fire broke out yesterday about 1 o'clock, corner of Clio and Hercules streets, and destroyed two small frame dwellings. We were unable to ascertain who was the owner, but the damage was inconsiderable.

CORONER'S INQUEST.

An inquest was held on Sunday morning, by Coroner Stramier, upon the body of an unknown white man found drowned at the 21 mile post. The deceased appeared to have been lately a watchman on the steamer Champion, and had on a blue check shirt and light brown jean pants when the inquest was held.

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SHOCKING TRAGEDY.—Mr. George East, of Gloucester county, Virginia, was lately pursued and stabbed by his step son, the assassin, a man rendered horrible to relate, having literally cut him to pieces. After leaving him for dead, the murderer returned, propped the body against the fence, near which his victim had fallen, and cut his throat from ear to ear. He then returned to town, and delivered himself up, saying "he had been intending to do it for a long time."

He alleged in his defence, that his mother had been ill-treated by the deceased, but it is thought they had fallen out about the property of Mrs. East. The parties were heretofore respectable, and in good circumstances. It is also stated that it will be difficult to prevent the populace from lynching the prisoner, so great is the excitement.

METZENBEER'S LAST OPERA.—The Paris correspondent of the New York *Times* says:

A few months will give an idea of the colossal success of Meyerbeer's "Etoile du Nord." The first 25 representations yielded 831,000—or $1,300 a night. The author's share is 13¾ per cent of the receipts, and is therefore over $4,000 already. The librettist and composer divide, by law, copyright money equally. The libretto was by Scribe, but Meyerbeer has done much more for it than Scribe. Scribe has done for M. Meyerbeer. The three pieces pay the hospitals 9 per cent. of the gross receipts, which is a very handsome and justifiable tax—so the "Etoile du Nord" has already paid about $3,000 in the treasury of the Hotels Dieu.

Grocery Store for Sale.

A Grocery Store having a good run of custom, rent cheap, and located in an improving part of the First District.

Apply to E. HOUGIN, Apothecary, corner of Dauphin and Customhouse sts. my25,3t

Shoes.....Shoes.

THE undersigned informs the public that he has just received an assortment of Ladies' low Kid Shoes; do do Girls' do do; do do Childrens' Morocco do; do; Expected by next steamer, a full assortment of Shoes, all colors and styles, for children of all ages. ALSO, a fresh assortment of Ladies' Shoes, latest style. G P BLANCHARD,
my25 corner Royal and Main.

THE undersigned is now receiving per ships Marathon, Orange and Clifton, from New York, the following articles which are offered at the lowest market prices:

30 bales bleached cotton, various widths & brands;
4 do white and blue Canton jeans;
2 do black bastre extra fine alpacas for tailors;
2 do do white thread netting, 72 inch;
1 do plain Swiss muslins, various prices;
1 do Nansook do do
2 do bleached and brown cotton bosom shirts;
1 bale Russian linen. LOUIS DUCOURNAU,
my25 No. 25 Chartres st.

LANDING ex ship Alvarado, from Marseilles—50 casks Bergeuc wine; 100 do Lunel do; 100 do Cette do; 100 do Frontignan do; 100 do Cassis do; 50 do Sweet Bordeaux do; 50 do Sauterne do; 50 do Medoc do; 50 do Claret do; 50 do Champagne do; 50 do Burgundy do; 50 do Hock do; 50 do Rhine wine; 50 do Malaga do; 50 do Sherry do; 50 do Madeira do; 50 do Port do; 50 do Teneriffe do; 50 do Lisbon do; 50 do Marsala do; 50 do Vermouth do; 50 do Absynthe do; 50 do Curacoa bottles each; 10 do do, 100 do do; for sale by
my24 B. TALAMON, 181 Royal street.

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my24 B. TALAMON, 181 Royal street.

DAILY ARRIVALS from Marseilles, per ship Alvarado—200 boxes L. Morly Fils & Cie's Vermouth; 100 do assorted Pickles, with labels, 25 half do; 100 do Capers, Nonpareilles; 500 do and half do; 100 boxes Capers, Picklies, Olives and Anchovies; 50 do assorted Sardines; 50 do Sardines, each, Orange Flower, large pattern; 50 do do do small do; 100 boxes Capers, Picklies, Olives and Anchovies; 50 do assorted Sardines; 50 do Sardines, each; 20 do do; 100 do do; 40 do, 73 Curacoa bottles each; 10 do do; 100 do do; for sale by
my24 HENRY VALETON, 90 St Louis st

HAVANA CIGARS—The undersigned having added to his stock considerable lots of Havana Cigars received by the late arrivals, can offer quite a complete assortment of shapes and sizes of the most celebrated brands such as Cabanjas, Cabanas, Globo, Intimidad, Consuelo, Regalia, Imperiales, Flor de Morales, Gutierres, Granadina, &c.; all are guaranteed as genuine Havana.
my24 J. M. CABALLERO,
36 Old Levee, bet. Customhouse and Iberville.

SARSAPARILLA—In bond, and duty paid, sale is in lots suitable to purchasers, by
my24 CABALLERO, 36 Old Levee, Between Customhouse and Iberville sts.

Notice.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Simeon Garrigs & Pablo Turro, for carrying on the business of the Cofe-House at the corner of Bienville and Burgundy streets, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The creditors, if any there be, of the late firm, are requested to call at the above establishment, in the shortest delay, for settlement.
my23 2t SIMEON GARRIGA.

SUNDRIES—200 boxes Sauvajol, Brunetton & Co's. Vermouth; 75 do do do Tobey wine; 20 do Malaga wine; 150,000 Havana cigars, best brands; 100 barrels champagne, various qualities; 50 qr pipes brandy, Otard Dupuy & J & Gregoire; in store and for sale by
my25 1m C. CAVAROC,
30 Bienville st

CLARET—800 casks claret, various brands and qualities; 1500 boxes common claret; 20 do Chateau Lafitte do; 50 do Chateau Margaux do; 50 do Chateau Leoville do; in store and for sale by
my23-1m CHARLES CAVAROC,
30 Bienville st

WHITE WINE—178 bbls white wine; 300 boxes do; 40 half casks superior white wine; 10 casks do do; in store and for sale by
my23-1m CHARLES CAVAROC,
30 Bienville st

PORT WINE—200 barres; in store and in Customhouse, for sale by CHARLES CAVAROC,
my23-1m 30 Bienville st

50 BASKETS Champaign Wine, Hector's brand, in pints and qts, for sale by ship Ocean Home, from Bordeaux, for sale by
my23 12t TH. BAILLY, BLANCHARD & CO.

SUGAR—300 packages loaf, crushed and powdered, for sale by JOS. H. MARKS & CO.
my23 70 Magazine st

HAVANA AND RIO COFFEE—200 bags, for sale by JOS. H. MARKS & CO.
my23 70 Magazine st

SOAP—600 boxes White Soap, No. 1 Soap, for sale by JOS. H. MARKS & CO.
my23 70 Magazine st

LARD OIL—50 barrels Black Whale, for sale by VOGELSANG, GRIGGS & CO.
my18 [illegible] Bienville st

HAMS—600 hogsheads Prime Sugar Cured Hams, for sale by VOGELSANG, GRIGGS & CO.
my18 [illegible] Bienville st

TALLOW—10 barrels prime, for sale by VOGELSANG, GRIGGS & CO.
my18 [illegible] Bienville st

F. CLAVEL, APOTHECARY
No. 156 Old Levee, between Ursulines and Hospital streets.

RECEIVED per ships Ashland, from Havre, and Montfort, from New York
Brisetty Antiphlogistic Syrups;
Rob. Ragnault's pectoral paste and cailf's foot jelly;
Vanspeith's pectoral Syrup;
French disinfectant, other and ammoniac;
Robbins & Clark's liver oil;
Jough's cod liver oil, approved by professors;
Pomplet and Liebig;
Lobb, brandy and cod-liver oil, received directly from Newfoundland, warranted pure;
100 oz. Pelletier's sulphate of quinine;
200 trusses;
500 packages Swiss Tea;
200 do Cod Fish; Mackerel, &c.
my25 Good and Fine.

THERE were no transactions in Tobacco to-day. The sales of Sugar to-day, amounted to 1,000 hhds, at steady prices, viz: 7½@8c.

Of Molasses, 600 barrels sold at 19@21c ₱ gallon. The market is extremely dull.

Of Rice, 1,000 tierces sold at 3½@3¾ ₱ cwt. Of Corn, 3000 sacks were sold at 58@60c ₱ bushel. Pork is selling in small quantities, at $12 97@13 for Mess.

Small sales of Bacon have been made at 6½c. Nothing was done in Lard to-day.

Of Flour, 1,000 barrels sold at $8 12½@8 25 ₱ barrel, rectified.

Exchange was very heavy and trading discouraged. We quote Sterling, 10@10½; France, 5¼@5 1-8; Amsterdam, 39½@39¾; Hamburg, 35½@35¾; Bills on New York at 60 days 1½@2½ ₱ cent discount. Checks ½@¾ ₱ cent premium.

EXCHANGE OUT DOOR.

Sterling	10½@10¾ ₱ cent.
Paris	5 1-16@5 1-8.
New York, thirty day bills	½@¾ ₱ cent disc
Do. Checks	½@¾ ₱ cent prem
Boston, thirty days	½@¾ ₱ cent disc
Philadelphia, thirty days	1¼@1½ ₱ cent disc
Havana, at five to eight days	¼@— ₱ ct. prem

Freights were very active. Several ships were taken for Liverpool at 15-16d., and a vessel for Antwerp, at 1¾c for Cotton, and 45c for Tobacco.

☞ THE RESPIRATORY ORGANS are a peculiarly sensitive part of the human frame, and their susceptibility to disease manifest itself in various forms, such as Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma, and that fearful scourge of our race, Consumption. To remedy these diseases, STABLER'S ANODYNE CHERRY EXPECTORANT is offered to the public, with the assurance that it is a Simple Vegetal compound, but a preparation sanctioned by medical science and commendation. Its beneficial effects in all the above forms of disease, have been certified to by incontrovertible testimony. You are advised to give it a trial, and you will find STABLER'S CORDIAL is also a remedy which has been tested and approved by hundreds of physicians and others. See descriptive pamphlets, to be had gratis of the agents. Price of each, only 50 cents, or six bottles for $2 50.

E. H. STABLER & CO., Proprietors, Wholesale Druggists, Baltimore.

For sale in New Orleans by
J. WRIGHT & CO., Wholesale Agents, 151 Chartres street.

Also, by F. KALTENBACH & ROSE, 102 Tchoupitoulas street, and by merchants generally throughout the United States. my25—9aw 1w

DR. GEORGE'S HYDROPIPE,

Is pleasanter to physicians, as will be seen by the following extracts of letters from practising physicians of the regular faculty:

Bro Springs, Breckenridge county, Ky.
Dr Georges:—Sir: Since I last wrote you I have had under my care a young lady of some 14 or 15 years of age, who has been the subject of scrofula for six or seven years.

She commenced improving with the use of the Hydropipe, and now presents the most beautiful glandular swellings subsided, and every symptom of disease disappeared, and she is now in the enjoyment of excellent health.

Yours, W. W. BOARD, M. D.

OWENSBORO', Ky., March 25, 1853.
Dear Doctor. In several cases in the community the Hydropipe has proved a valuable remedy. In short, I consider it a valuable preparation. I have been in correspondence with the above gentleman, and has appropriated the money to his money to his services. He was arrested and held to bail in $.00 for his appearance hereafter.

THE GRAEFENBERG MEDICINES
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THE GRAEFENBERG FAMILY REMEDIES are widely and favorably known throughout the most safe, valuable and reliable Family Medicines ever offered to the public. They are manufactured by the first Physicians of the day, and their whole interest is in improving part of their efficacy.

Purchasers are cautioned against the many spurious and worthless preparations now in circulation, purporting to be the genuine Graefenberg Medicines. Be sure and ask for the genuine Graefenberg Medicines, and see that the signature of the Company is on the wrapper of each package. Also, see that the name of the Company is blown in the bottle containing the Vegetable Liniment.

The Graefenberg Family Remedies are widely and favorably known throughout the most safe, valuable and reliable Family Medicines ever offered to the public. They are manufactured by the first Physicians of the day, and their whole interest is in improving part of their efficacy.

Purchasers are cautioned against the many spurious and worthless preparations now in circulation, purporting to be the genuine Graefenberg Medicines. Be sure and ask for the genuine Graefenberg Medicines, and see that the signature of the Company is on the wrapper of each package. Also, see that the name of the Company is blown in the bottle containing the Vegetable Liniment.

Who keeps a full supply of the Medicines on hand at all times
[illegible]

NOTICE.
F. J. HUGUENIN,

Informs his friends and customers that in consequence of the fire which destroyed his establishment, No. 24 Royal street, he has removed to No. 13 Customhouse street, between Chartres and Royal streets, where he will be happy to see his old customers and as many new ones as may favor him with their patronage.
my24 [illegible]

REVALESTA ARABICA,
De Barry Du Barry & Co., London

Certificate of the celebrated Physician Rudolph Wurzer.

SIGNAL, 19th July, 1853.

This light and agreeable Farina is the best of all assortants. At once nourishing and restorative, as an admirable substitute for every kind of meat diet. It is the most effectual remedy for habitual obstinate constipation as well as in diarrhœa, affections of the lungs and urethra; pains in the back, diseases of the kidneys, hemorrhoids, and all irritations of the lungs, will be removed by the use of this farina, and that in a short time. Some cases of hemorrhoids have been entirely removed by it. Its general use will prevent consumption, and every symptom of disease disappeared, and she is now in the enjoyment of excellent health.

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RED STORE.
The nearest to the Mont Market.
DRY GOODS!..... DRY GOODS!!
708 E. ROBERT & CO.

ARE now opening their Spring Assortment and the public splendid and well assorted stock of Fancy and Family Dry Goods at the most liberal prices which the various auctions sales in the European and Northern markets by one of their firm, and will no doubt give entire satisfaction to buyers. Hotel keepers, Boarding House keepers, as well as all other articles in this line to answer their wants. Country dealers will find it to their interest in purchasing with them. Besides the Dry Goods, they have a good assortment of Clothing, Hats, and Caps.
my25

BRANDIES—25 quarters T. S. Guienne 73 do Fe & Godard & Co; 66 do Castillon 1852 and 1825; 3 do Le Vigier & Co; 4 do Dupuy & Co; 2 do Bonnet & Co; 2 do Bunker Hill, 1815 and 1825; 10 do and 15 do Henry Baron & Co. See Champagnes; 5 ¼ Paul Lafargue, 1846; 25 do 10 ¼ T Chartreuse; 13 do 10 ¼ do St Estephe; 25 do 10 ¼ T Chartreuse; 13 do 10 ¼ do St Julien; 20 do 10 ¼ V Bernard & Co, dark and pale; to ¼ A Bernard 65c; 8 do 10 ¼ T Chartreuse; 50 do Orange Bitters; 50 do Peppermint; 50 do Curacoa; 50 do Maraschino; 50 do Anisette; 50 do Absynthe; 50 do Vermouth; 50 do Port; 50 do Sherry; 50 do Madeira; 50 do Teneriffe; 50 do Lisbon; 50 do Marsala; 50 do Claret; 50 do Champagne; 50 do Burgundy; 50 do