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DAILY BEE.

Morning, August 24, 1854.

...AN STEAMBOAT DEPARTURES.

...Mail came through yes...

...IN CUBA AND MR SOULE.

...be credited, our gov... despatches from Mr. ...ation of all hope of ... We are glad to perceive ... our Minister at the ... a truth which ... with the character of ... long ago. To ... a compromise of Mr. ... Cuba, or her se... seriously violently ... Cuba by friendly ne... Such a propo... suitably figure in ... Washington Cabin, which ... now is being touched ... the Administration ... have afforded a ... to President ... with the Castilian ... many survey of the ... Cabinets of Spain to be ... a Mexico, but ... planned gentleman, ... literature and his ... dreamed of the ac... boast, arises a degree ... power of persuasion of ... him. Be this as ... is now convinced ... to Spain, which ... specimen of official organs ... to be favorable to the ... upon Cuba, proves ... unshakable than any ... Revolutions and his ... not only a fixed de... whatever to the ... intimates Mr. ... as a captain ... a foregone con... The new Ad... their own into ... Cuba. He is ... tended to cruelty, ... the creoles with for... rigidly honest, ... with the inhabitants ... and their appi... Cuba well, and will ... her independence. ... Spain, and attach ... relieving them ... inhabitants may ... their designs. He ... the inhabitants, ... gratified. He ... only annihilate ...

EUROPE.

By the Union and America.

The steamer *Union* arrived at New York on the 16th, with dates from Europe to the 2d, and the *America* reached Halifax on the same day with advices to the 5th. We subjoin the leading intelligence received by these arrivals:

The West India steamer Terror arrived at Southampton on the 30th ult., with $1,740,000 in specie.

The news from the Danube continues generally favorable to the allies, but nothing decisive has taken place.

On the morning of the 30th the Russians are stated to have attacked the Turkish and French camp at Giurgevo, but were totally defeated with the loss of 2,000 killed, and a large number of prisoners.

The Russians were retreating in forced marches. They had quitted Fratesehi, and it was occupied by the Turks.

The execution of Wallachia was completed, and a proclamation had been issued declaring that all the soldiers who remained behind would be considered deserters.

The Russian troops were being concentrated on the Sereth.

Omer Pasha was expected to arrive at Bucharest on the 31st July, and would meet with a brilliant reception.

It is believed that force must be employed to dislodge the Russians from Moldavia.

The Austrian army under Prince Lichtenstein is ordered to advance from Pesth to Gallachia—the army in Gallachia moving toward the frontiers.

The Archduke Albrecht has removed his head-quarters to Cronstadt, in the south east corner of Transylvania.

The total Austrian force on the frontiers reached 310,000 men under command of Baron Dickeos. The frontiers have not been crossed, but the preparations for hostilities were on a colossal scale.

Russia makes no warlike demonstration toward the Prussian frontiers.

The cholera was increasing in violence at Constantinople.

The third French division left Varna on the 27th for Kustendje and Silistria.

The accounts from Montenegro are unsatisfactory. Prince Daniel was assuming a threatening attitude toward the Turks at Apuiz.

The allied fleet, with Gens Canrobert and Brown, had proceeded toward the Crimea coast to reconnoitre.

The Times declares positively that a force of from 60,000 to 100,000 men—British, French and Turks—will immediately invade the Crimea, and will attack Sebastopol.