The New-Orleans Bee.

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Terms of Advertising. [illegible]

THE DAILY BEE.

Saturday Morning, January 13, 1855

The Northern Mail failed yesterday. A few straggling papers of Charleston came through.

THE SENATORIAL CONTEST.

One of the earliest duties to be performed at the coming session of our Legislature will be the election of a United States Senator, to succeed the Hon. John Slidell, whose term of office expires on the 4th of March next. [illegible] Until this interesting question is determined, [illegible] but what an eternity of hopes and fears, what a multiplicity of cabals and intrigues, what a host of uncertainties and apprehensions will be concentrated in it!

It might be reasonably imagined that, as the Democratic party number a decided majority of the members of the Legislature, and are usually in the habit of doing their work thoroughly, there would be no obstacle whatever to the prompt and easy selection of the Senatorial Candidate—that none but a Democrat would be chosen—a Pierce Democrat—a pure steel—one who had never faltered, and whose career was untainted with even the suspicion of disloyalty. It might also be not unnaturally inferred that the Hon. John Slidell, who undoubtedly possesses these cardinal qualifications, would be the man. The Hon. John Slidell is not only the very incarnation of Democracy, but he has the most winning and captivating ways with his party. His arguments are at once solid, glittering and flexible. His persuasive powers are proverbial. They have often been successfully applied under the most discouraging circumstances. He has never failed but once, and then it was clearly not his own fault. He had laid his train beautifully. Doubtful friends had been silenced; neutrals had been sent off; the field had been closely surveyed; everything promised a triumph. Nothing but the unforeseen, extraordinary and perverse determination of a venerable and highly respected old Democrat, whose position made him unapproachable, and who would not vote for Mr. Slidell, but did vote for Mr. Soule, occasioned this failure. 'Twas but a single check in a career of continuous victory.

We say then that the Hon. John Slidell having been chosen for the short term by a democratic legislature, would seem to be clearly entitled to re-election for the full term by the same body. Yet "the best laid schemes of men and mice gang aft agley." Mr. Slidell was getting on swimmingly until within a few weeks. His presence at the Capital appeared wholly unnecessary. The General Assembly, it was thought, knew its duty, and was prepared to fulfil it in the proper moment. But just as our Senator had become perfectly assured that no earthly barrier could be placed to his aspirations for a six years renewal of his term, he is at once [illegible] by a host of untoward events, which start up grim, gaunt and ghastly, and threaten to push him from his stool. First, a number of democrats resign, and are succeeded in every instance by men who, whether professing Whig or Democratic principles, proclaim [illegible]. These provoking mishaps have reduced the Democratic majority in joint ballot from the imperial ascendancy, to a majority less than a baker's dozen. But the misfortune would not be great, were this the be-all and the end-all here, for a democratic majority of two is as effective for all practical purposes, as one of twenty—provided all the Democrats are in favor of the Hon. John Slidell. The next surprising event which throws a gloomy shade over the culminating planet of Mr. Slidell's fortune, is the vexatious crowd of competitors which has suddenly sprung into being. Gov. Hebert armed with the Executive thunder, places himself directly in his path. The Hon. John Perkins, a gentleman of very considerable ability, disputes the splendid prize, and lastly Gen. Felix Huston, whose energy of character, strong sense, and sterling talent, is the peer of either, has been announced as a candidate.

Under ordinary circumstances we would wager long odds on Mr. Slidell. He is an overmatch for them all in generalship. They are mere carpet warriors in political diplomacy when compared with this veteran of a hundred battles. But—and we make the avowal with unconcealed regret—Mr. Slidell has not merely to contend with brethren of the same faith. He is opposed by the invisible, mysterious and dreaded influence of the Know Nothings—that formidable organization, which like the Vehm-Gericht of ancient Germany, decrees in secret, and executes with unsparing vigor. This occult power has invaded our halls of legislation, and it is whispered that a certain proportion of the Democratic members acknowledge its edicts, and bow before its laws. Against so subtle and secret a foe even a Slidell may waver. He cannot know his friends from his enemies. They whom he most trusts may have already doomed him to defeat. It is this new element which imparts freshness and interest to a contest, that otherwise could not possibly have but a single termination. We can of course say nothing of our own knowledge touching the rumored ascendancy of Know Nothingism in the Councils of the State. The stories current about our streets may be mere phantasms, or forgeries—but we learn that Mr. Slidell's special friends have become seriously alarmed, and consider the aspect of affairs critical enough to require the presence of their chief. So we may expect the Napoleon of electioneerers to be shortly among us, if indeed he be not already here; and we shall then see whether Mr. Slidell can fight an impalpable foe as skillfully as he manoeuvres the battalions of Democracy.

Cohen's Directory for 1855.—We are indebted to Mr. Cohen for a copy of his invaluable Directory for the present year. It is a compilation which exhibits immense industry, and embraces within a convenient and compact form, a vast amount of useful information. It includes a very complete directory of New Orleans, Jefferson City, Gretna, Carrollton, Algiers and McDonogh; with the business trades and professions classed under their proper heads; a firm directory, a list of the cotton and sugar planters of Louisiana and Mississippi, a street and levee guide, and a continuance of portraits, and brief biographies, of prominent citizens of New Orleans. A more comprehensive and useful publication does not exist.

The Home Journal.—This excellent publication opens the new year with additional attractions. Its editorials are lively, piquant and sparkling; its selections are invariably felicitous and racy; its correspondence decidedly original and interesting; its gossip entertaining, and its tone pure and healthful. It is the best family newspaper in the United States.

"Mary of Mantua."—To-night at the St. Charles Theatre we expect to see such an audience as is rarely collected within the walls of that establishment, for the talented Julia Dean is to have a benefit, for which occasion, the new five act play entitled "Mary of Mantua," written by the charming actress herself, will be presented. This will be its first representation on any stage. The leading parts of the play will be personated,—that of the heroine Mary of Mantua, by Miss Dean, that of Bianca by Mrs. Mary Stuart, that of Sir Ferdinand by Mr. William Hield, and that of Leon by Mr. Charles Pope.

The comedy of the "Love Chase," in which Miss Dean is the Constance and Charles Pope the Wildrake, is also announced to be performed this evening.

"La Vestale."—The magnificent opera, which was at its first presentation on Thursday evening so enthusiastically received by a crowded house, will be again represented this evening.

Wilder—The Escaped Convict.—We learned yesterday from an authentic source that William H. Wilder, who was convicted in the United States District Court a few weeks since of forging soldier's land warrants, and who escaped from the custody of the United States Marshal the evening of his conviction, is now in Matamoros, Mexico. As we have no extradition treaty with Mexico, he can there make his asylum and console himself from the punishment which his villainy so justly merits.

James Gordon Bennett, of the New York Herald, was presented, on the 30th ult., with a handsome service of plate of ten pieces, valued at about $1300, as a testimonial of respect and esteem from a number of gentlemen, merchants of New York, and others, who had associated themselves together for the purpose.

The Ladies and Foreign Manufactures.—It is stated that sixty ladies in the city of New York have signed an obligation by which they agree not to purchase any article of foreign manufacture for wear for a year to come.

A Gigantic Amount.—The population of the United States in 1860 will be 30,000,000, at the ratio of increase that has prevailed from the establishment of the government.

[illegible]

Fire in Shreveport.—The old hospital situated near the town of Shreveport was destroyed by fire a few evenings ago. It had been untenanted for months.

Arrival of the Orizaba.

The steamship Orizaba, [illegible], master, arrived yesterday from Vera Cruz, [illegible] dates from the city of Mexico to the 5th inst. The Orizaba brought $40,684 in specie consigned to Messrs. Ybarra and others. Left in Vera Cruz ready to sail barque Flash, [illegible] for New York. Arrived on the 7th [illegible] barque Prospect [illegible], from Bordeaux. The Orizaba was detained at Vera Cruz 24 hours by a heavy norther, during which time she was unable to communicate with the shore.

By this arrival we have received the annexed brief, but interesting letter from our correspondent at the Capital:

Things in Mexico—Where is Gen. Yanes—Supposed Leaders of the Revolution—Melchor Ocampo and Yanes—Pecuniary Embarrassments of Santa Anna, &c., &c.

Mexico, Jan. 5th, 1855.

Messrs. Editors—Things here are in a perfect equilibrium, and the slightest movement will suffice to produce a fall and a crash. But will the impulse be given? In my last letter I said that Gen. Yanes would be just the man to head the revolution, but the question now is, "where is the General?" Nobody knows, though every body guesses. The Government has received official advices of his passage through Tepic, Guadalajara, and so on, as far as Leon. At the latter, his arrival was made known, and it was believed he was pursuing his journey towards the city of Morelia. Since then, fifteen days have elapsed, and nothing more has been heard of the hero of Sonora. The prevailing impression, which I fully share, is that he has traversed the country in a straight line, and has repaired from Leon to Acapulco, to join Alvarez and give the weight of his character and popularity to the revolution. A pronunciamiento by Yanes would render the revolution general, and Santa Anna would be necessarily compelled to abdicate.

It is confidently reported that Mr. Melchor Ocampo, who resided at New Orleans during his exile, is daily expected at Acapulco. Mr. Ocampo is one of the few enlightened public men of the country. He would be the civic leader of the revolution, while Yanes would be its military champion. The Government here is certainly in a deplorable situation. Its troops experience reverses at all points, and the sinister intelligence cannot be suppressed, despite the precautions taken for that purpose. So many compromised soldiers have been sent off to the interior, that there are not enough left to protect the city of Mexico, where a revolutionary movement is daily looked for. The Government is a prey to perpetual alarms. A few days ago orders were given to plant two pieces of cannon so as to command one of the [illegible], and this threatening attitude was maintained from 11 o'clock in the evening, till 4 o'clock the next morning. In fact every one is anxiously awaiting an outbreak, and the only question is whether it will occur in a week, a fortnight, or a month.

Meanwhile the Treasury is completely exhausted. Santa Anna endeavored to obtain a large supply of money on the pledge of the Custom House taxes and other sources of revenue for the month of April, but as the capitalists cannot possibly divine what may occur before the time expires, they would not listen to the proposition. Another project in contemplation was a forced loan of six millions—$1,500,000 to be contributed by the Clergy, and the remainder by private individuals, but it was found impracticable, and had to be abandoned. In my next letter, I trust to be able to communicate important intelligence.

Yours, ****

The papers do not contain much news of interest. At Vera Cruz on the 22d ult., the national flag was raised on board the Mexican war steamer Iturbide, amid salvos of artillery.

The insurgents under Gonzales entered the village of [illegible] a few days ago, and levied a forced contribution of four thousand dollars on the inhabitants.

General Mariano Martinez, Governor of Coahuila, died on the 18th ult.

The town of Atotonilco has been seized and occupied by 400 rebels commanded by one Espinosa. Three hundred men had left Guadalajara to attack them. The papers are filled with accounts of skirmishes between the Government troops, and parties of the insurgents, and as a matter of course, invariably claim the victory for the former. It would appear, however, that the revolution has spread to the most important points of the Republic, including the wealthy and populous districts of Guadalajara and Guanajuato, and that all the military resources of Santa Anna are unavailing to quell these disturbances. It is not worth while translating the accounts of these engagements, which besides being grossly one-sided, seldom amount to more than a slight brush, in which half a dozen men are killed or wounded.

The Diario Oficial announces the removal of Senor Arrangoiz from the post of Minister at Washington, and his deprivation of the order of Guadalupe, for the reason that he appropriated seventy thousand dollars of the Mexican indemnity, and went to Europe without asking for leave of absence. The Diario berates Arrangoiz roundly.

Arrival of the Prometheus.

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

The steamship Prometheus, Capt. Henry Churchill, left New Orleans December 29th; arrived at San Juan January 3d; the Northern Light, Capt. Tinklepaugh, soon after, from New York. There was in port at San Juan, U. S. frigate Columbia, J. Wilson, Commander, bearing the broad pendant of Commodore Newton, of the home squadron. Col. Whal, U. S. Minister to Nicaragua, and family left the ship on the 5th inst., under a salute of 15 guns, and will remain at the house of Mr. Fabins, American Consul at Greytown, until the war in the interior is over. H. B. M. sloop of war Daring, Capt. Napier, was also in port; likewise Her Majesty's ship Dee, Capt. Parker. Nothing farther from the interior. General Corral, of Chamorro's army, had gone up the river on the 1st, with the intention of attacking Virgin Bay. The two parties are now about equally divided. At San Juan everything is quiet. The rainy season is over, and the health of the place good. On the 6th, the Columbia weighed anchor and was towed out of the harbor to an offing by the Northern Light, where she set all sail with a fair breeze, and was soon out of sight. Passengers arrived from the Pacific on the evening of the same day, and both ships, Prometheus and Northern Light—passed the frigate Columbia, which, in return from salutes fired from the ships, showed elegant signal lights of various colors, to the extreme delight of all who witnessed them. The Prometheus after being one day out, met with a heavy Northerly gale, which lasted till within about 200 miles of the Balize, but notwithstanding, has made the time from San Juan in 3 days and 19 hours. Time of the Prometheus from San Francisco to the Balize, 19 days and 12 hours.

List of passengers by the Prometheus:—Major F W Emery, Dr Lark, Miss Audrin, Dr Byrne, Mons Rilvaux, A Wentworth, H [illegible], P Woodward, S Beatty, W Forbes, Miss Forbes, master Forbes, M Wardell, F Curtis, J Langston, R F Kennet, E Scott, J Smith, J H Armstrong, J Spencer, M Tenrack, J Mannas, R Belmont, E Crone, J Lane, S S Devine, E Johnson, J Moore, B H Ware, W Y [illegible], R Henderson, J Fuller, J Colleton, J Michaels, D W Walker, J Jones, T C Patterson, C W Rogers, L W Hammond, A Aumihal, J Hulse, A Oliver, P Price, J Price, M M Connell.

We regret to learn that it is supposed and believed by the officers of the Columbia, that the United States sloop-of-war Albany, has foundered at sea. It has been ascertained to a certainty that the report of her being at Carthagena at the date mentioned some time since, is a mistake. She left Aspinwall to the middle of October, and is supposed to have gone down in the same hurricane near Jamaica, in which the English Admiral's ship of war Buscombe came near foundering.

We are greatly indebted to Mr. B. Hart, purser of the Prometheus, for California papers. They do not contain much intelligence of moment. The Alta California of the 23d ult., furnishes the annexed brief summary of news:

[illegible] for Week Ending December 22.

The suit of George Thatcher and wife against the Publishing Committee of the Christian Advocate, resulted in a verdict of $3000 for the plaintiff. The suit was for libel, the defendants having published a letter written by Rev M. C. Briggs, in which he charged the plaintiffs with living together without being married, and performing very immoral acts. It is understood that another suit will be brought against Mr. Briggs.

Adele Hubert, a young Frenchman, residing at the corner of Pike and Washington streets, attempted suicide by taking poison, but did not succeed.

The committee appointed at the Railroad meeting, have decided that a stage route across the Plains is the most practicable means of securing the speedy completion of the railroad, and the State Legislature will probably be called upon this winter to make an appropriation for that purpose.

Asa Coombs, confined in the City Prison, awaiting examination for robbing the U. States Bonded Warehouse, on Union street, attempted to put an end to his existence by shooting himself with a pistol.

Michael Blakey was instantly killed, on Wednesday last, by the falling in of a portion of the [illegible] Hook and Ladder Company's [illegible] in which he was a laborer [illegible]

On Tu[illegible] Henry Kerrison, a person [illegible] on the corner of Merchant and Kearney streets, by a woman named Elizabeth Sullivan. Kerrison had been living with the woman, but had left her and was about to be married. Maddened with jealousy, she attacked him with a large bowie knife, stabbing him in the left lung, just above the heart. She afterwards pursued him and attempted to stab him again. On her person was found a letter, which she had intended to send to Kerrison, in which she threatened to kill him and then destroy herself, [illegible]

Miss Sarah Pellet [illegible]

[illegible]

whom he came passenger with in the last trip of the steamer Cortes. McCabe was stabbed in the back, but is not dangerously wounded.

The steamer Uncle Sam arrived on Thursday morning.

The dinner of the New England Society took place on [illegible] evening at Wilson's Exchange.

The Capital question will be decided this week. Sacramento will be the place without doubt.

Yankee Sullivan has been arrested on a bench warrant, in Nevada, for his recent participation in a prize fight.

A new and elegant steamer, the Eclipse, launched as an opposition boat on the Sacramento, made a trial trip to Benicia on Thursday.

On the night of the 22d a fire occurred at Vallejo which destroyed the largest portion of the town, involving a heavy loss, the amount of which was not ascertained at the latest dates.

One hundred and nine thousand, one hundred and forty foreign licenses have been issued to miners by the State, making a total amount of $606,560 accruing to the State from this source of revenue.

A fire broke out at San Francisco on the 18th inst., which destroyed the Phoenix Planing Mill. Loss $15,000.

The steamer New World struck a snag nine miles below Sacramento on the 18th, and sunk. The freight will probably be recovered.

A great meeting has been held in San Francisco in favor of the Pacific Railroad, at which, appropriate resolutions were passed, and many eloquent speeches made.

From the Sandwich Islands our dates are to the end of November. It is said that the authorities at Honolulu are kept in a state of feverish excitement by rumors which are industriously circulated of a filibuster attack, and that so great is their fear that the Guards are constantly kept under arms. What could give rise to the idea of a filibuster expedition from these shores, we are certainly at a loss to conceive, and it can only be accounted for by the intrigues of the French and English at that port. The fears of the natives are worked upon and every opportunity seized to impress upon their minds that in the event of the annexation of the Islands they will be reduced to slavery. The idea, however, of a filibuster invasion is preposterous in the extreme, and scarcely merits serious consideration for a moment. The San Francisco Herald says:

We also learn from our informant that the crew of the Tricomalee attended the theatre on one occasion when the orchestra played "Yankee Doodle," which grated so harshly on the ears of the English tars that they rushed on the stage and the members of the ship's band, having seized the instruments, gave expression to their patriotism by playing "God Save the Queen," which created a general uproar.

A Telegraph to the Pacific.—A bill has been reported to the House of Representatives, authorizing the construction of a subterranean telegraph, from some point on the Mississippi river, to the Pacific Ocean at San Francisco. The Committee, in their Report, say that the measure is one of transcendent public concern, and possesses the merit of practicability and early completion, if it can have the encouragement of the government. It provides for right of way through the public lands, and that it shall be constructed by individual enterprise and at individual expense. The government are to have free use of the line to the extent of 9,000 words per month, in consideration of which two millions of acres of land, in alternate sections along the line, are to be donated to the parties building the telegraph. It is thought at Washington that the bill will pass in the House. The estimated cost is $1,150 per mile, which for the whole 2,400 miles (estimated distance) will be $2,760,000. The annual cost of operating the line will be $350,000, and will employ fifty operators and a force of 250 men on the line. The plan embraces the location of testing tubes at intervals of five miles, and working stations at average distances of 400 miles. The line is to be constructed in the most permanent manner, the wires to be protected by impenetrable insulating material, and laid so deep as to be out of the reach of the Indians.

A Curious Calculation.—The author of the "Analysis of Mental Arithmetic," now before us, in his remarks upon the system of notation by which numbers are expressed by figures instead of words, makes this curious statement. He says:—"If every number had a distinct primitive name, it would be utterly impossible for any human intellect to learn them in the longest life. They would form a vocabulary of more words than there are in all other departments, in all the written and spoken languages on the globe. If they (words or names instead of figures) extended only to a trillion, and were printed in double column octavos, with 100 names on a page, and 500 pages in a volume, they would make twenty millions of volumes; a greater number of books, probably, than there are in all the public libraries in the civilized world. And if a person should read a page in each successive minute, night and day, Sunday and all, it would take him more than nineteen thousand years, simply to read them over once. Allowing each volume to weigh 1½ pound, their aggregate weight would be fifteen thousand tons, which would load three thousand freight cars, with five tons apiece, or fill thirty merchant ships, of the capacity of five hundred tons burthen." So much for the use of figures instead of words, to express arithmetical numbers.

☞ The British steamship Clyde, on her passage from Greenock to Portsmouth, England, to embark troops for the Crimea, put into Cowes on Monday evening, 11th ult., having burst her boilers on the previous evening during the passage. This accident was attended with a fearful casualty, two men having been killed, and eight others wounded, more or less seriously. The Clyde is known as having made two voyages last summer between Glasgow and New York.

☞ The packet ship Queen of the West, reported wrecked by the English papers, was a fine vessel of 1,168 tons burthen, and built in 1843 by Messrs. Brown & Bell, of New York. She formed one of Messrs. Grinnell & Minturn's Liverpool packets, and was insured in New York for $60,000. Her cargo, valued at about $56,000 is supposed to be principally covered by insurance in Europe.

☞ The Mayor of Boston deserves the credit of having furnished a description of office-seekers which is as significant as comprehensive. He says—"numberless persons solicit responsible situations to take charge of the city's property who never take care of their own."

License Question.—The Shreveport South-western of the 3d inst., says:

An election took place on Saturday, for the purpose of deciding whether licenses should be granted, or refused, to vend liquors in a less quantity than one gallon in the fourth ward of the parish of Caddo, during the year 1855. The vote was:

For license...... 16
No license...... 108—majority 92.

☞ A French refugee named Emanuel Bartelemy, who, it will be remembered, fought a duel with M. Cournet, at Egham, some two years since, in which the latter was killed—some say through foul play—murdered an old gentleman named Moore, in Warren st., London, a few days before the sailing of the Atlantic. The murderer, accompanied by a female, entered the residence of Mr. Moore, and obtained an interview, shortly after which the servants heard a scuffling, and the report of a pistol. The murderers at once escaped to the street, but a prompt alarm was given, and the people in the neighborhood went in pursuit.—The man Bartelemy was overtaken and captured; but before he could be secured, one of his captors—a policeman named Collard—received a death wound from a pistol shot at his hand. His female accomplice escaped.

A Legislature on a Mud Bank.—Some of the members of the North Carolina Legislature have been on a visit during the recess to Wilmington, and on Tuesday several started on an excursion to view the ocean, expecting to return in time for a grand ball given in their honor on that evening. The steamer, however, was headed by a fog, and found convenient anchoring ground in the mud, so that, while the Legislature and the goodly company on board, with all the music, were high and dry on a mud bank, the cotillion party in Wilmington was progressing slowly, and dancing was performed under difficulties.

☞ The correspondent of the American Organ states that Mayor Hincks, of Baltimore, has got into a difficulty with the members of the City Council, relative to his appointments. The controversy is thus described:

The members of the City Council have taken the ground that all the appointees under the present administration should have the qualification of a membership to the American organization, dating back later than the election day, if possible, or that they should date their membership farther back than the period of their becoming applicants for office. A convention of delegates from the different American councils assembled this morning and passed resolutions approving of the position taken by the members of the City Council.

They also appointed a committee to wait on the Mayor and present the resolutions. The Mayor received them respectfully, but declined to reply to the [illegible]

The matter has created much feeling, and a second meeting of the American delegates is to be held to-morrow. [illegible]

BY TELEGRAPH.

Transmitted to the New Orleans Bee.

[By the Southern Line.]

Mobile Market.

Mobile, Jan. 12.—Cotton has declined in this market during the week, the sales of which have been 9,000 bales, including 1,900 bales to-day. We quote Middling at 7¾@7⅞c. ₱ lb. Our stock consists of 43,800 bales. Exchange remains firm; Sterling, 8¾@9¼.—Freights are dull, with no change in rates.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Southern Commercial Convention.

FOURTH DAY.

The Convention met yesterday at 11 o'clock pursuant to adjournment. The Hall was crowded with spectators and was graced as on the day previous by a goodly number of ladies.

A prayer was offered by the Rev. Chauncey Colton, of Miss.

The report of the Committee on Education being then called for, the Rev. C. K. Marshall, of Miss., who was at the Charleston Convention appointed the Chairman of that Committee, presented the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the following resolution passed by the Charleston Commercial Convention be re-affirmed by this Convention, and that the Committee on the Book Commerce and the publishing interest of the South be continued, and requested to make their report to this body at their earliest convenience.

"Inasmuch as the cause of education is of the first importance amongst growing and enlightened States, and the proper instruction and training of the rising generations in the Southern and Southwestern States demand our special care and attention, therefore

Resolved, That this Convention look with peculiar gratification upon the prosperous condition of the several State institutions, and the praiseworthy exertions of the different Christian denominations in the cause of education within the States here represented, and hereby tender to them its grateful recognition of their meritorious work, and the remarkable success which has crowned their toils.

Resolved, That this Convention earnestly recommend all parents and guardians, within these States, to consider well, that, to neglect the claims of their own seminaries and colleges, and patronize and enrich those of remote States, is fraught with peril to our sacred interests, perpetuating our dependence on those who do not understand and cannot appreciate our necessities and responsibilities, and at the same time fixing a lasting reproach upon our own institutions, teachers and people.

Resolved, That amongst the most important measures necessary to the success of our educational interests, is the establishment by the Southern and Southwestern States of normal schools for the free admission of such pupils, of both sexes, as may wish to devote themselves to the profession of teaching, within their bodies; and this Convention respectfully solicit the attention of the Governors and Legislatures of these States to the importance of this subject.

Resolved, That this Convention respectfully recommend to the Legislatures of these States the importance of encouraging the production, by their own citizens, scholars, printers and publishers, of such school books as may be necessary for elementary and general education, by the offer of suitable prizes for the best books of different classes, to be decided on by appropriate committees, appointed to judge of their merits; such books always to be printed and published within the Southern or Southwestern States.

Resolved, That a Special Committee, consisting of Henry A. [illegible], of Louisville, Kentucky; J. J. McCarter, of Charleston, South Carolina; J. R. Steel, of New Orleans, Louisiana; and David Cushing and Wm. T. Berry, of Nashville, Tennessee, be appointed a Committee by this Convention, to prepare a report, to be published with the proceedings, upon the subject of the Book trade of the South and West, embracing such statistical facts in regard to the publication and manufacture of books, both literary, scientific and instructive, as are adapted to the school system, and the general wants of the South and West, and report, at their earliest convenience, to the Secretary of this body.

Resolved, That the President of this Convention appoint a Committee of three gentlemen to prepare and present a memorial on the subject matter of these resolutions to the consideration of the Legislatures of the Southern and Western States.

He moved the adoption of these resolutions by the Convention, and, the motion being seconded, the reverend gentleman addressed the assembly on the subject in a most eloquent and enthusiastic manner, calling upon the South to rouse herself and educate her own children and youth, drawing arguments therefor from various sources, and urging them with a power and vehemence that went home to the hearts and understandings of the entire audience. He reviewed the character of Northern school books in reference to their present position on the subject of slavery, and contended that Southern youth could not be educated safely in them. In order to effect a revolution in this subject, the Southern Legislatures and schools must establish institutions for the education of teachers of both sexes. He entered eloquently, though briefly into a defence of slavery, and traced its origin and history under the Hebrew [illegible] and showing that slavery existed when the arts and science first shaped into being, [illegible] and finally came down to us. He next referred to the character of the school books published at the North, and which we extensively patronize. He mentioned particularly Wayland's Moral Science, [illegible] in Southern schools. He said that books written by Southern men could not be published in the South, for the want of proper encouragement, while, at the same time, five millions of dollars are paid by the South to the North for school books.

He referred to British advocates of emancipation in the West Indies with reference to this country, and incidentally referred to the war in the East, and expressed the hope that the Czar would carry his victorious arms to Constantinople, which was received with rapturous applause. He read an extract from an atlas lately published by the Appletons, of New York, to show that it teaches [illegible], and which is for sale in this city, and which he thought ought to be taken notice of by the Grand Jury.

In conclusion, he said the whole subject of education and the book trade in the South ought to undergo an entire revolution, and submitted a letter to the Convention, which he had addressed to several gentlemen and scholars in the South to elicit information on the subject. The resolutions were adopted with acclamation.

General [illegible], of Texas, then offered the following resolution, which was referred to the General Committee:

Resolved, That this Convention recommend to the General Government to endeavor to form a treaty with Spain and Mexico, upon the same plan as that lately consummated and known as the Reciprocal Treaty of the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, &c.

That in the opinion of this Convention, a treaty with these governments formed on such basis, will greatly tend to the benefit of the people of this country, and enable our merchants trading in the [illegible] to compete with, if not excel those of other nations in the markets of that country, besides creating a vast field for the exportation of the products of this section of the United States, which no far the present arrangements existing, are entirely shut out.

Mr. J. W. P. McGimsey, of La., offered the following:

In view of the fact that African slavery is an institution clearly sanctioned by the volume of inspiration—that is the only conservative power of the South and of the Union—and that it constitutes the basal state of society where the Africans and the Caucasian races are compelled to dwell together in the same community, therefore

Resolved, That this Convention strongly recommend our Senators and Representatives in Congress from the slaveholding States, to introduce a bill to repeal all laws suppressing the slave trade, and that they exert all their influence to have such a law passed.

Dr. S. W. Dalton, of La., offered the following:

Whereas, more than two thousand American and foreign shipping laden with the great agricultural staples of the Southern and Southwestern States, and with their return cargoes, to the value of more than *Three Hundred Millions* of dollars, pass through the narrow strait between Cuba and Florida, and in as much as this commerce is rapidly increasing and must continue to do so with the increase of population in the great valley of the West and the opening of the Isthmus route to the Pacific Ocean; and whereas, the Island of Cuba by its northern ports lying directly upon this only highway for this immense commerce, and commanding the transit of the same, both export and import, possesses the only suitable and sufficient harbor within the distance of five hundred leagues, where a naval station at all adequate to the protection of this great commercial interest can be established, and from the want of which, from unfriendly relations which may be very readily apprehended, exigencies may arise, exposing this commerce to such damage and peril as the laws of nature and the rights of self-preservation demand of us to make for it security; therefore, let it be

Resolved, That this Convention deem the acquisition of the Island of Cuba as *essentially necessary* to the proper protection of our commerce in these waters and security of our Southern coast, and do earnestly urge, as a question of paramount national necessity and national supremacy, immediate action by Congress on the same.

Mr. John A. Watkins, of Louisiana, offered the following:

Whereas, the Jackson and Great Northern Railroad commencing at the city of New Orleans, and intended as a connecting line between this city and the Western states, is now completed and in successful operation as far as the Mississippi State line, a distance of 87 miles; and

Whereas, it is desirable that ample means should be speedily provided for its extension through the States of Mississippi, Tennessee and Kentucky, to the city of Louisville, or such other point on the Ohio or Mississippi river as may be selected; therefore, be it

Resolved, That this Convention recommend to the Legislatures of the above named States, if sufficient funds are not supplied by voluntary subscription for the completion of said road, to make the necessary appropriations for that purpose, to be expended within their respective limits—or in any other manner that may contribute to the speedy consummation of this important enterprise.

All the above resolutions were referred to the General Committee.

The subject of a Southern Pacific Railroad was then taken up. Gen. McLeod addressed the convention for a half hour in a very able and eloquent manner, and in concluding offered the resolution below:

Resolved, That this Convention strongly recommend as an essential link in the chain of the Southern Pacific Railroad, that the States of Virginia, Kentucky, and Tennessee organize their means for the construction of an air line railroad from the city of Norfolk, Va., to the mouth of the Ohio, or such point in that vicinity within the limits of Kentucky, Tennessee or Arkansas, as may furnish a convenient site for a depot and connect readily with the proposed road from Cairo to the Red River—Texas—and the Pacific.

Resolved, That this Convention respectfully recommend the people of Texas to re-consider their legislation on the public debt, and to pay the principal and interest thereon, out of any means which may be appropriated by Congress for Indian spoliations or other claims of Texas against the United States.

Resolved, That such a course would, in the opinion of this Convention, re-establish the credit of Texas to an extent commensurate with the vastness of the Pacific Railroad enterprise, and supply the means for the rapid construction, not only across her own fertile territory, but including the sterile region between the Rio Grande and the Pacific.

When he concluded, Alexander Walker, Esq. of New Orleans was called on, and ascending the stand, proceeded to speak on the subject embodied in the resolutions. These Conventions commenced he said, at Baltimore; their object being to create a great importing city for the South. They had grown from a small beginning until they [illegible] important bodies. He thought the object of the Memphis Convention was to ignore and circumvent New Orleans.

He (the speaker) was considered by the Memphis convention as an old fogy for reminding it of the very existence of the Mississippi. Railroads appeared to have completely seized on the minds of the members, and our great stream was considered of secondary importance. Was it strange that New Orleans should look somewhat coolly on that Convention? [illegible]

[illegible] Rev. C. K. Marshall then made a few remarks in reply to [illegible] which fell from Mr. Walker, [illegible] the disparagement of New Orleans by the Memphis Convention. [illegible] He paid back the compliments, good humoredly, of the "gentleman from New Orleans," with interest. He was vociferously cheered throughout. Before sitting down, he referred to his favorite Pacific Railroad scheme, and [illegible] would most certainly be accomplished. He advocated, too, home manufactures on the part of the South, and said he differed as much from the gentleman from New Orleans (Mr. Walker) on the Union as one pole is distant from the other. He apostrophized the Union in terse, beautiful and sublime language, which must have thrilled every heart present; as, judging from the reception it met with, it did.

Col. Pike, of Arkansas—who it was announced is about to become a citizen of New Orleans—here rose also to reply to some remarks of Mr. Walker. He disclaimed any intention to impugn the hospitality of New Orleans, or of hostility to it. There was no hostility to New Orleans on the part of the Charleston Convention, as he can testify. [illegible]

The Convention then adjourned to meet this day at ten o'clock, instead of eleven.

The Louisiana Penitentiary.—This is to be the theme of a discourse to be delivered by the somewhat celebrated Dr. D. J. Hines, at the American Theatre in Poydras street, this evening. This is a subject with which the Doctor is well acquainted from a too bitter experience, and his lecture will undoubtedly be replete with valuable information, although it may lack the flowers of rhetoric and fancy.

Balloon Ascension.—Mr. Eugene Godard will make another balloon ascension from the Place d'Armes, (Congo Square) to-morrow afternoon, at 1½ o'clock, accompanied by two or three gentlemen of this city. We expect to see a large attendance as usual to witness the departure of this intrepid aeronaut. We omitted to state that Mr. Godard at his last voyage landed about 13 miles above this city, on the plantation of Mr. Labranche, in the Parish of Jefferson.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Committed.—[illegible] Anderson, charged with obtaining, under false pretences, money, board and liquor to the value of $37 from Henry Hawer, was yesterday examined and committed on bonds of $300 to appear before the First District Court to answer to the accusation.

John Duffy, charged with assaulting and knocking down John Fitzsimmons in Perdido street, on the 26th ult., was also examined and committed to appear before the First District Court, on a charge of assault and battery. He gave $200 security for his appearance.

James Dacey, charged with stealing shirts from Margaret Cassidy, and with beating her, was also committed on bonds of $300 to appear before the same tribunal.

Wm. McDonald was committed to appear before the First District Court, for having committed an aggravated assault and battery on Mary Ball and Ann Sharp.

Discharged.—David Davis charged with committing an assault and battery on Peter Van [illegible], and Thomas Moore, charged with perjury, were both examined yesterday and discharged, the testimony being insufficient to substantiate the accusation.

Dangerous and Suspicious.—William Willson, against whom there rests strong suspicion of having stolen an overcoat from a house in Natchez street, and who is considered by the police as a dangerous character, was yesterday sent to the workhouse for sixty days.

Attempt at Self-Murder.—Last night about 11 o'clock, a poor wretch named Antonio Casper, an Italian, who was laboring under the influence of delirium tremens at the time, attempted to commit suicide by stabbing himself in the abdomen with a case knife, in the [illegible] adjoining the St. Charles Theatre. The wretched man was taken to the guard house, and his wound, which was a frightful one, dressed, and he was placed in a cell by himself. He again attempted to [illegible] his brains with a water bucket [illegible] to prevent the accomplishment of his object. His injuries are of a very dangerous character.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Larceny.—George [illegible] was yesterday arrested on suspicion of having stolen a basket, a chisel and a brace pot, belonging to a carpenter in Chartres street, from Jean Pujo, and was required to give $200 security to appear and answer to the charge.

Brutal Assault.—An affidavit was yesterday made before the Recorder by Louisa [illegible], who lives in Royal street between Ursulines and Philip, in which she charges James [illegible] with having, yesterday morning between the hours of 5 and 6 o'clock, came to her house pryed open one of her windows, climbed inside and made a most brutal assault on her, by knocking her down, kicking her in the stomach, &c. What was the cause of his ill will to her is not known. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Breach of Trust.—Urbain Dufau was yesterday arrested on a charge of having committed a breach of trust toward Messrs. Carrage & Co., bakers, at No. 78 Bourbon street, by collecting a bill of $10, which had been entrusted to him for that purpose, and neglecting and refusing to account for the same. He went to examination.

Committed.—Joseph Henry, charged with committing an assault and battery with a dangerous weapon and with committing the crime of burglary, was yesterday examined before the Recorder and [illegible]. But there being a strong presumption of his being guilty of the former offence, he was committed to appear before the First District Court on bail of $500.

Opposition to the Law.—Martha McGuire, alias Thompson, and Rosaline Graves charged with having on the 24 inst., in Toulouse street, obstructed, opposed, and insulted a constable who was in the discharge of his duty [illegible] were yesterday committed on bonds of $300 each to appear before the First District Court.

Swindling.—A German named William Coffin, awaits an examination before Recorder Ramos on a charge [illegible] streets, of having swindled him out of $20, which had been given to the accused [illegible]

Discharged.—Patrick Dowd, accused of having stolen a horse and cab belonging to John Burken, was yesterday discharged, the prosecutor failing to appear to sustain the above accusation.

Concealed Weapons.—Richard Diamond was yesterday sentenced to pay a fine of $50 for carrying concealed weapons, [illegible] in a quarrel in St. Peter street, and drawing them and attempting to use them. He was unable to pay this fine, and was sent to the workhouse for ninety days.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Stabbing.—James Hougherty was arrested on Thursday evening on Elysian Fields street, by the Third District police, at the request of Thos. Bliss who charges Hougherty with having stabbed him in the left side. The wounded man was conveyed home in a very dangerous condition, and Hougherty was remanded to await the result.

Mr. Wise Un-Wised.—Some one thus [illegible] Mr. Virginia Wise, who undertook to annihilate the K. N.'s:

"Has any purpose been evinced to impose additional taxes on them? None. To restrict them in the freedom of speech, or of the press? None. To interfere with the enjoyment of their religious worship? None. To deprive them of the right of trial by jury—or of the right of *habeas corpus*? None. To see and give evidence in our courts? None. To exclude them from the practice of the learned professions? To deprive their children of the privilege of education in our common schools? None. To proscribe them socially? None, none, whatever. Of what, then, can Mr. Wise complain? Does he allude merely to the disposition to extend the time of their residence in the country before naturalization? If he does, then he might with as much propriety say that the present law, requiring five years residence, was depriving them of republican privileges. For whether it shall be five years, or twenty-one years, is a mere question of policy—the principle is the same. Can it be possible that all Mr. Wise's jeremiads over the foreigners proceed from the growing purpose to amend the naturalization laws?"

☞ The Baton Rouge *Advocate* says:

The soldiers in the garrison have of late become very disorderly, and have from time to time given our city police trouble. There being but a mere detachment at this port, not enough to mount guard, the officers are unable to enforce needful discipline.

Privates Davis and Dean were arrested at 11 o'clock last night by Constable Sanchez, for cutting up, and lodged in jail. The prisoners were very insulting to the officers, and Dean being armed with a sword-cane was especially dangerous. The Mayor has released him at the request of the commanding officer, and he was escorted at 9 o'clock to the garrison by a file of soldiers, where he will find in the black hole ample time for reflection.

☞ The London *Globe*, referring to the recent settlement of the Immaculate Conception question of Rome, says:

"The number of 'votes' was 576, including proxies, and about 190 bishops actually present. Of these, 540 pronounced by acclamation for the new dogma; 32 voices questioned the appropriateness of such a discussion just now; while only 4 votes protested against the dogma and against the right of the Holy See to decide a question of that importance without a regular council."

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY! Relief in Ten Minutes!

BRYANT'S PULMONIC WAFERS are unfailing in the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, Incipient Consumption, and Diseases of the Lungs. They have no taste of medicine, and any child will take them. Thousands have been restored to health that had before despaired. Testimony given in hundreds of cases. A single dose relieves in ten minutes.

Ask for Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—the original and only genuine is stamped "Bryan." Twenty-five cents a box. Sold by dealers generally. J. BRYAN & CO., Rochester, N. Y., Proprietors.

Sold in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, at proprietor's prices, by J. WRIGHT & CO., jan8 No. 151 Chartres street.

Winer's Canadian Vermifuge. This medicine is acknowledged by all who have used it to be far superior to any of the kind heretofore offered to the public, for the expulsion of worms from the alimentary canal, [illegible]

COMMERCIAL.

The Markets.

BEE OFFICE, Friday Evening, Jan. 12, 1855.

The market on the whole has presented a more active appearance during the week, and now that the holidays are over, we [illegible] look for a general resumption of business. In this we are not likely to be disappointed, as according to all accounts the Upper Rivers and [illegible] are rising, the effect of which will be to pour into the market a large amount of Cotton Produce which has been accumulating at the various shipping points for months past. No later accounts from Europe have reached us since our last, but the [illegible] on the 30th ult., is now past due, and is looked for at every moment. The letters by the Atlantic, the steamer of the 16th ult., are due to-morrow.

The weather since our last has been warm, but we have had no rain of any consequence. The river remains at the same stage last noticed.

COTTON.—Arrived since the 5th inst., [illegible] bales. Cleared in the same time for Liverpool, 22,343 bales; Havre, 2,448; Nantes, 1,306; Bremen, 438; Rotterdam, 1,207; Genoa, 1,884; Barcelona, 121; Vera Cruz, 568; New York, 56; Boston, 1,230; together, 44,146 bales; making a reduction in stock of 13,845 bales, and leaving on hand inclusive of all on shipboard not cleared this day, a stock of 168,521 bales.

STATEMENT OF COTTON.

Stock on hand Sept. 1st 1854........bales		26,275
Received this week	30,301	
Received previously	552,088	582,389
		608,664
Exported last week	44,146	
Exported previously	395,997	440,143
Stock on hand and on shipboard not cleared		168,521

The Cotton market at the date of our last review closed with an active demand, but on Saturday, there was little enquiry, and 3,500 bales were sold at former rates. Monday being generally observed as a holiday, there was but little done, and only 600 bales changed hands. Tuesday opened with a better feeling, and 6,000 bales were sold at steady prices, particularly for even-running lists, of which lately only a very bare assortment has been on the market. The supply of the lower and ordinary qualities has on the contrary been fully equal to the demand, and in these buyers have operated more to their advantage. On Wednesday and yesterday, the transactions reached 9,500 bales at steady rates. The Asia's letters came through to-day, but had no effect, and 4,000 bales were disposed of without change. This makes the business of the week 23,600 bales. At the close, there was a disposition to hold off in anticipation of the Baltic's accounts, one week later, which are now overdue.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION—LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI.

Inferior	4½@5½	Fair	10@10½
Ordinary	6¾@7—	Fully Fair	—@—
Middling	7¾@8½	Good Fair	—@—
Good Middling	8¾@9¼	Good & Fine	—@—
Middling Fair	9½@9¾		

TOBACCO.—There has been some demand for Tobacco during the past week, and prices continue to be very firmly sustained. The sales amount to about 400 hhds., including 60 hhds. at 8c.; 22 Admitted, at 7¾; 85 hhds. on private terms; 230 hhds. Mason County, at 6¾; 34 Planters' Lugs at 6¼; 16 Factory Lugs, at 6c., and 18 at 5⅝c. ₱ lb. We retain previous quotations, viz:

Factory Lugs, 5½@5¾c.; Planters' do, 5¾@6¼c.; Leaf, Inferior and Common, 6¼@6¾c.; Fair, 6¾@7c.; Fine, 7¼@7¾c.; Choice and Selections, 8@9c. ₱ lb.

Arrived since the 5th inst., 2 hhds. Cleared in the same time for London, 443 hhds.; Havre, 4[illegible]; Bremen, 615; together, 1,461 hhds. Stock in warehouses and on shipboard, 5,3[illegible]1 hhds.

STATEMENT OF TOBACCO

Stock on hand Sept. 1st, 1854.........hhds.		24,001
Received last week	2	
Received previously	2,395	2,397
		26,398
Exported last week	1,464	
Exported previously	19,633	21,097
Stock on hand and on shipboard		5,301

SUGAR.—In our last, we noticed that the market opened steadily at an advance of ⅛c. Fair being quoted at 3¾@4c. This improvement has, however, not been sustained, and prices have receded until they are now ⅛c. lower. The sales of the week amount to 6,200 hhds., and we now quote Inferior, 2½@2¾c.; Common, 3@3⅛c.; Fair, 3½@3¾c.; Prime, 3⅞@4¼c.; Choice, 4½@4¾c.; Clarified, 4½@5¼c.; Refined, 6½@7¾c. ₱ lb.

MOLASSES.—The market yielded slightly in the early part of the week, but has since recovered, and prices rule now as before quoted. The sales, including 2,500 bbls. taken to-day, amount to 9,500 bbls., and at the close sellers had the advantage, the ruling rates ranging from 15 to 17c ₱ gallon for prime to choice. On plantation, we notice sales of 100,000 gallons in the cistern, at 14½c. and 50,000 at 11½c ₱ gallon.

FLOUR.—Increased supplies, together with a limited demand, have operated unfavorably on the Flour market since our last, and prices have declined ½c ₱ bbl. The ruling rate at the close last week was $8 75@8 90 for superfine, but prices have now receded to $8 25, and the tendency is still downward, some having been sold to-day, at $8 15@8 20. The week's sales amount to 6,000 bbls. Extra brands being comparatively scarce, have commanded $9 25@9 75 ₱ bbl.

GRAIN.—The demand for Corn has been good, and most of the arrivals have been readily taken for shipment. Prices ranged throughout the week from 87½@90c ₱ bushel, but since yesterday, in consequence of limited supplies, they have advanced to 95c., at which, however, there is only a demand for local purposes. The week's business amounts to fully 20,000 sacks. There is no Wheat in market, and prices are nominal. Oats which closed last week at 77@80c, maintained this rate until yesterday, when owing to the small stock, prices went up to 90c. Bran is likewise scarce, and 900 sacks were sold at the opening of the week at $1 90. Since then, 100 sacks brought $1 95, and 100 at 2 10 ₱ 100 lbs.

HAY.—This article has declined. A small lot was sold in the beginning of the week at $27@27 50, but since then, 200 bales brought $26 50, and 150 tons yesterday $25 ₱ ton.

PORK.—The market has been quiet, and the principal business confined to retail lots at $13. We hear, however, that about 1000 bbls. were disposed of in the neighborhood of $12. In bulk Pork, there have been no further transactions.

BACON.—The market has been very dull, and sales have been almost exclusively confined to retail. [illegible] the range being from 11@11½c ₱ lb. A lot of 110 boxes Bacon [illegible] middles was sold at 8c.

LARD.—In the early part of the week the market was quiet, and nothing transpired. Latterly, there has been some demand, and we notice sales of about 800 bbls and kegs at 9½c. and 300 bbls. prime at 9¼c ₱ lb. [illegible]

BEEF.—The market is quiet and without change.—We notice sales of 100 bbls. Prime Mess on private terms, and 25 bbls Mess at $12 ₱ bbl. [illegible]

BUTTER AND CHEESE.—The transactions have been limited. We quote Western Butter [illegible] and Cheese 13c. ₱ lb.

CANDLES.—There have been a limited demand for Star Candles since our last, and small lots are selling at 22@24c ₱ lb.

TALLOW.—There has been no sales since our last—[illegible]

RICE.—The transactions have been to a limited extent, but without change in prices, 5c being the ruling rate for Prime.

WHISKEY.—The market continues unsettled under the influence of an increasing stock and anticipated supplies. Some small lots of raw have been sold at 30@31c., and Rectified has declined to 27@29c ₱ gallon.

COFFEE.—The Coffee market has tended still more in favor of buyers, though within the past day or two holders are rather more firm. The demand has been fair, and nearly 2000 sacks have changed hands at [illegible] to 9¾c, the bulk, however, at 9¼ ₱ lb.

SALT.—A cargo of 5,300 sacks Liverpool Salt, [illegible] at $1 25, and also 2000 sacks, to arrive from Mobile, at $1 20. From second hands, coarse is selling at $1 45@1 50, and fine at $1 55@1 60 ₱ sack delivered. A sale of 1000 sacks Key West Salt was made at 65c.

BAGGING AND BALE ROPE.—Nothing of consequence has transpired with the exception of a sale of 150 bales India Bagging at 11¾c. on time. Kentucky Bagging is retailing at 16c. and India at 12½@13c. ₱ yard. Bale Rope sells in small lots at 8¼@9c.

GUNNY BAGS.—The only transaction since our last was a lot of 130 bales at 14@15c.

LIME.—Some three or four cargoes of Eastern have come to hand since our last, but remain unsold. The Western is selling in small quantities at $1 40 ₱ bbl.

HEMP.—The last sale made several weeks ago was at $145 ₱ ton. There is none on the market now.

LEAD.—There have been no sales for some time past. Prices are entirely nominal.

EXCHANGE.—There has been a fair demand for Exchange during the past week, and the rates for Domestic Sight and Short Sight are firmer. Sterling is maintained, but Francs are duller. We quote Sterling, 10⅛@10⅞%. Francs, 5f. 21¼@5f. 21¾. Bills on N. York, at 60 days, 1¼@1½ ₱ cent discount. Checks, ¾@⅛ ₱ cent premium.

EXCHANGE OUT DOOR.

Sterling	8¾@9¾ ₱ cent prem
Francs	5f. 31¼@5f. 21¾ ₱ dol.
New York, sixty day bills	1¾@2 ₱ cent disc
Do. Checks	¾ ₱ ct. prem
Boston, sixty days	2—@2½ ₱ cent disc
Philadelphia, do	2¼@2¾ ₱ cent disc
Havana, 1 five and eight days	[illegible] ₱ cent prem

FREIGHTS.—Freights have been steady, but without any change in rates. The engagements since our last comprise two ships for Liverpool at [illegible]d; one for Havre at [illegible]; two for Marseilles with Corn, rate not transpired; a Bremen bark for Hamburg, at ¾c for Cotton, and one for London, at 3s. 3d ₱ bbl for Flour. For Havre, 300 bbls Molasses were taken at $2. Coastwise freights are the same. Cotton $1 ₱ bale; Sugar $2 37½@2 50 ₱ hhd.; Molasses $1 ₱ bbl. A bark was taken for New York, at $2 50 for Sugar and $1 for Molasses. 2500 bbls Flour were shipped by Steamer to New York, at 75c ₱ bbl.

FREIGHTS.

Cotton—Liverpool	₱ lb	[illegible]
Havre	₱ lb	[illegible]
Antwerp and Trieste	₱ lb	—@—
New York	₱ bale	$1 50
Boston, &c.	₱ bale	$1 75
Tobacco—Cowes, &c.	₱ hhd	[illegible]
London	₱ hhd	[illegible]
Bremen	₱ hhd	[illegible]
Antwerp, Hamburg, &c.	₱ hhd	[illegible]
Liverpool	₱ hhd	[illegible]
Havre	₱ hhd	[illegible]
New York	₱ hhd	[illegible]
Boston	₱ hhd	[illegible]
Philadelphia	₱ hhd	[illegible]
Sugar and Molasses—To Northern Ports: From the Coast	₱ hhd	[illegible]
From the City	₱ hhd	$2 37½@2 50
Bacon—New York	₱ hhd	[illegible]
Boston	₱ hhd	[illegible]
Pork, &c.—New York	₱ bbl	[illegible]
Boston	₱ bbl	[illegible]
London	₱ bbl	[illegible]
Liverpool	₱ bbl	[illegible]
Pork and Beef—London	₱ tce	[illegible]
Liverpool	₱ tce	[illegible]
Flour—New York	₱ bbl	[illegible]
Boston	₱ bbl	[illegible]
London	₱ bbl	[illegible]
Liverpool	₱ bbl	[illegible]
Lead—New York	₱ pig	[illegible]
Boston	₱ pig	[illegible]
Wheat—Northern Ports	₱ bu	none shipping
London	₱ bu	—@—
Liverpool	₱ bu	—@—
Corn—Northern Ports	₱ bu	—@—
London	₱ bu	—@—
Liverpool	₱ bu	—@—
Hemp—New York	₱ ton	[illegible]
Boston	₱ ton	[illegible]
Europe	₱ ton	[illegible]

THE CIRCULATION OF THE BLOOD is justly esteemed the greatest ordination of Divine Providence; by that beating engine, the heart, it is driven to all parts of the system, giving vigor and strength to the complicated machinery of man. This living flood, whether we sleep or wake, sallies briskly through the arteries and returns softly through the veins. How necessary that it should be kept free from all impurity, and yet how negligent many are respecting this great essential to the enjoyment of perfect health. Derangement of the Liver and Nerves is generally the primary cause; and Jaundice, Indigestion, and all the harassing feelings attending Dyspepsia, which makes life a burthen result from it. Suicide would rapidly follow suicide, if there was no cure. No one would suffer long, if he is able to obtain a bottle of Hoofland's celebrated German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia, they rarely fail in effecting a permanent cure. [illegible]

THE GRAEFENBERG MEDICINES
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THE GRAEFENBERG MEDICINES
THE GRAEFENBERG MEDICINES

The Graefenberg Family Medicines are prepared and justly celebrated as the most safe, valuable and reliable Family Medicines ever offered to the public. They are endorsed by the best Physicians of the day, and those who have used them guarantee their beneficial action. "A most valuable Pamphlet containing a list of more than 60 diseases with their symptoms and treatment, can be obtained without charge," from J. WRIGHT & CO., Agent, No. 151 Chartres street. Who keeps a full supply of the Medicines on hand at all times.

POTATOES—400 bbls Northern yellow Planting, [illegible] DRIED APPLES—[illegible] POTATOES—[illegible] BEANS—[illegible] POTATOES—[illegible] DONNELLY, BEZZINA & CO.

WHISKEY—[illegible]

MONARCH FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF LONDON. Subscribed Capital and Surplus Fund $2,000,000. Special Fund, $150,000, held by New York Trustees to meet Losses. NEW YORK TRUSTEES: John L. Aspinwall, George Curtis, Watts Sherman. NEW YORK DIRECTORS: [illegible] Everett, Benj. A. Mumford, James [illegible], Geo. B. Morewood, [illegible] Haydock, Joseph Stewart, Wm. L. King, Benj. H. Whitlock, Wm. H. Macy. Wm. [illegible], Agent, oct18-6m No. 57 St. Charles st.

For Belize, Honduras—The schr. G. S. MATHEW, Kelly, master, will receive despatch, and can take a small quantity of goods on freight if offered soon. J. Y. DE EGANA, jan13 47 Bienville st.

St. Joseph College, BARDSTOWN, KENTUCKY. I WOULD be pleased to take charge of any boys who may be for that College, and I will leave New Orleans for Kentucky about the 6th of March. Apply to Messrs. BROWN, JOHNSTON & CO., 38 Camp street, New Orleans. J. F. QUEEN, jan13 Agent.

Miss Julia Dean an Authoress. A new play in five acts, entitled MARY OF MANTUA, and written by Miss JULIA DEAN, will be performed for the first time on any stage, on SATURDAY EVENING, January 13th; together with the favorite Comedy of the LOVE CHASE—all being for Miss DEAN'S LAST BENEFIT, and her last appearance but one. jan11

Bank of Louisiana, New Orleans, January 11th, 1855. THE Stockholders of this institution are notified that the annual election for Directors will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, 22d inst., between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M. jan12 R. M. DAVIS, Cashier.

NOTICE. THE co-partnership heretofore existing under the style of Jos. N. Robert & Co., having been dissolved, Arnaud Pepin is alone charged with the collection of the accounts and liquidation of the late firm, as per act passed before A. Chiapella, Notary Public in this city, on the 4th of January, inst. JOS. N. ROBERT, ARNAUD PEPIN. New Orleans, January 9th, 1855. jan 10

TREASURER'S OFFICE, CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, January 8, 1855. EXTRACT of an ordinance approved December 21, 1854:—"Article 33. All taxes imposed by this ordinance shall be payable in advance. "Article 34. Every person doing business or pursuing any avocation under authority of this ordinance, shall be required to keep hung up in some conspicuous place in their counting room, store, or place of business, a certificate signed by the Treasurer, that they have paid their license; and any person refusing to exhibit said certificate in the manner aforesaid, shall pay a fine of twenty dollars for each contravention, recoverable before any court of competent jurisdiction." By the act of consolidation, all taxes are required to be paid at the Treasury. In accordance with this provision, notice is hereby given that the licenses for 1855 are now due and payable at the Treasury, and Merchants, Grocers, Coffee-house Keepers, Draymen, and all persons doing any business, or pursuing any avocation requiring a license, are notified that the ordinance will be strictly enforced against all persons neglecting to take out their license. jan10 1w W. H. GARLAND, Treasurer.

Notice. THE annual meeting of the subscribers of the Female Orphan Society for the purpose of electing Managers to serve the ensuing year will be held at the Poydras Asylum, on TUESDAY, the 16th inst., between the hours of twelve and two. jan8 10t

TO THE LADIES! The Commercial Convention. THE Committee of Arrangements of the Southwestern Commercial Convention are authorized especially to invite the attendance of the Ladies now in New Orleans upon its sittings in Lyceum Hall, opposite Lafayette Square. By order of the Committee. jan11 tf

DOMINGO BORNIO, Jr., New Orleans. SAMUEL BORNIO, Havana. The general commission business and importation of Havana produce formerly transacted in this city by D. Bornio, Jr., will hereafter be conducted in New Orleans under the style of Bornio & Brother. Don Manuel Bornio, residing at Havana having since the 1st of January, 1855, become a member of said firm. BORNIO & BROTHER, 34 Gravier st, New Orleans. ☞ Liberal advances made on consignments to our friends at Havana. ja11—30t

Office of the New Orleans Canal and Navigation Co., New Orleans, January 3d, 1855. THE Books for Subscription of one thousand three hundred and fifty Shares of the capital stock of this Company, created—PREFERRED STOCK—by a meeting of the stockholders on the 29th day of December last, are now open at the office of the Company, corner of Franklin street and Old Basin, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M. ANTOINE CARRIERE, JOSEPH [illegible], LOUIS [illegible], Com'rs. j4 10t

Consolidated Association of the Planters of Louisiana. New Orleans, January 4th 1855. AN election of three Directors for the Stockholders will be held at this office on MONDAY, the 5th February next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., agreeably to an act of the Legislature, approved 6th April, 1847. H. L. PEIRE, Cashier.

Citizens' Bank of Louisiana, New Orleans January 3d, 1855. AN election of seven Directors of this institution will be held at this office on MONDAY, the 5th February next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., in accordance with the charter of said Bank and the acts of 18th April, 1853, and 15th March, 1854. EUG. ROUSSEAU, jan3 3tawtd Cashier.

Succession of J. S. Echo and Wife. THE creditors of the above named succession are notified to make themselves known, and to present an account of their respective claims to JEROME MEUNIER, attorney of the estate, No. 43 Exchange Alley. j5 3t in 10d

Succession of J. H. Bataille. ALL persons having claims against said succession are requested to present the same to the undersigned, and those who are indebted to the said succession are requested to settle the same within the delays of law. MAD. WID. J. H. BATAILLE, Testy Exec'x. d30 3t in 10d No. 55 St. Ann st.

UNION BANK OF LOUISIANA, New Orleans, 3d January 1855. THE Board of Directors this day declared a dividend of Five per cent. from the profits on $75 per share paid in, payable to the Stockholders on or after 10th inst. The fourth and last instalment of twenty-five per cent. on the Capital Stock, say $25 per share, will be payable on 10th inst. j3 15t F. N. WOOD, Cashier.

Old Union Bank of Louisiana in Liquidation. New Orleans, January 2, 1855. AT a meeting of the Board, a dividend of two dollars per share was declared out of the assets, payable on and after the 10th inst. jan 3—10t GEO. A. FRERET, Cashier.

Union Bank of Louisiana, New Orleans, 2d January, 1855. THE annual election of twelve Directors of this Institution will be held agreeably to the charter at the Banking House, on MONDAY, 15th inst., between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M. jan3-15t F. N. WOOD, Cashier.

Succession of James E. North—Deceased. ALL persons having claims against the estate of JAMES E. NORTH, are hereby notified to present their claims to the undersigned. JAMES J. DAY, Testamentary Executor, New Orleans, January 1st, 1855. ja3 1m d

Agency for Thompson's Baggasse Furnace. WE are Agents of these Furnaces, are prepared to enter into contracts. HALL, RODD & PUTNAM, ja2 tf No. 4 Front Levee st.

Notice. THE creditors of the succession of the late Pierre Pradat, are hereby notified to present their claims to the undersigned within ten days from the first insertion of this notice. A. CHIAPELLA, ja4 3t 10d No. 87 Royal st.

Dissolution. THE co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of James E. North & Co., is dissolved by the death of James E. North, their affairs will be settled jointly by the undersigned. EMILE MARQUEZE, Surviving partner. JAMES J. DAY, Testamentary Executor. New Orleans, Jan. 1st, 1855.

The undersigned will continue the business of the late firm of James E. North & Co., under the style of E. Marqueze & Co., for his own account, at the old stand, No. 46 Canal street. New Orleans, Jan. 1st, 1855. ja3 1m EMILE MARQUEZE.

NEW YORK BEEF TONGUES—20 dozen of large and very superior New York Beef Tongues, just received and for sale by DUNTZE & IKEN, jan13 Corner Royal and Conti sts.

HAVANA PRESERVES—35 cases assorted Preserves in No. 4 glass jars, in store and for sale by C. CAVAROC & CO., ja13 8t 144 Royal st.

IN STORE—200 cases chateau Laroes Wine; 150 do chateau [illegible] do; 100 do St Julien do; 72 do chateau Gairaud do; 125 do chateau d'Arche do; 20 do chateau de Rouset do, for sale by A. TAMBOURY & CO., ja13 corner St. Louis and Royal sts.

200 BASKETS Champagne E. Clicquot; 150 do various brands; 20 do Anisette, brand Marie Brizard & Roger; 120 do do do J Lafaurre; 25 Hampers Bottles; 15 bales assorted Corks; 20 boxes Nu Liquor; for sale by A. TAMBOURY & CO., ja13 corner St. Louis and Royal sts.

SUNDRIES—Elixir fine Liquors; Raspail's Elixir; Petit Lait of Henry IV; genuine Grande Chartreuse; Fruits in juice; brandy Fruits; Armagnac Brandy; alimentary Preserves of the house of Rolet & Son, to wit: Truffled Mans pullets; truffled hares; truffled partridges; truffled quail; truffled larks; sausages; duck liver; goose liver; truffles; sardines; capers; mushrooms; petits pois; plums in boxes and glass jars and family articles generally; for sale by A. TAMBOURY & CO., corner St. Louis and Royal sts.

G. LAVIE, No. 5 St. Charles St., between Canal and Common Streets. OFFERS at very reduced price, a portion of his Cream Chocolates and fine Parisian Lozenges, in boxes and by the pound. ja12

Colcoram...........Colcoram. G. LAVIE, No. 5 St. Charles Street. Sole Agent for the United States. HAS just received a fresh invoice of Colcoram for Corns. ja12

C. CAVAROC & CO., IMPORTERS OF Wines, Brandies, Sweet Oil, etc., AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 144 Royal street, Sole Agents of the Wines F. Seignouret, Ch. Dillon, J. A. Guerin's Cognac, and Achille Petit's do. jan11 1y

E. MURRAY. A. CHOPARD. DONNELLY, BEZZINA & CO., DEALERS IN Northern and Western PRODUCE, No. 64 Tchoupitoulas Street, (near Poydras,) New Orleans. jal1

CARPETING AT REDUCED PRICES. FOR the purpose of reducing our present large stock of all kinds of CARPETING, we are now selling them at much REDUCED PRICES. Our stock comprises WELTON, VELVET AND BRUSSELS TAPESTRY, Brussels 3 Ply, Ingrains, Dutch Hemp, Varieties of English and American manufacture. We have also on hand a full assortment of FLOOR OIL CLOTH, English and American, which we cut to suit all sizes of rooms, halls, &c. Also Window Shades, Table and Piano Covers, Druggets, Rugs, Mats, &c. &c. A. BROUSSEAU & CO., dec10 23 Chartres street.

Goldberger's Galvano-Electric Chains. [illegible]

DRY GOODS, &C.

SILKS! SILKS!! SILKS!!!

M. R. Haggerty & Brother, IMPORTERS OF SILK AND SILK GOODS, 108 Canal and 8 Royal sts.

HAVING concluded to bring our extensive business to an unusually early close this fall, we now offer our complete stock of Silks and Silk Goods, at unusually low prices. We are now prepared to show: 3-4, 7-8, 4-4, 5-8, 6-4 and 8-4 BLACK GROS DE RHIN; BLACK BOILED POULT DE SOIE, Moire Antique, black and colored; 500 pieces TAFFETAS ECOSSAIS, from 75 cents to $1 25 per yard; REPS CADRILLES, extra heavy—very latest style for street and evening dresses; BLACK BROCADE and DAMASK GROS D'AFRIQUE; Black Plaid Silks; PLAIN CHANGEABLE GROS DE SUISSE—all shades. SHADOW SCOTCH PLAIDS for children, in Silk and Worsted; SATIN LEVANTINE, black and colored; SATIN DE CHINE; SATIN A LA REINE; SATIN PIRQUE, extra heavy, black and colored; together with a very extensive assortment of black and colored SILK VELVETS, SILK VELVET CLOTH, MERINO and CASHMERE CLOAKS, TALMAS, PELISSES, Children's Cashmere Cloaks; EMBROIDERIES, LACES, HOSIERY, Gloves, Haberdashery, Trimmings, Gimps; IRISH LINENS, SHEETINGS, Towellings, Napkins, Table Cloths, Cloth Table and Piano covers; LACE and MUSLIN CURTAINS, Silk and Worsted Damask, Cottons, &c. PLANTATION Dry Goods, LINSEYS, Kerseys, Drills, Lowells, Checks, Stripes, Negro Blankets, Counterpanes, &c. All of which we are desirous of closing out at the very lowest prices. M. R. HAGGERTY & Bro., Importers of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, nov13 108 Canal and 8 Royal Sts.

Dry Goods! Dry Goods!! WINTER DRY GOODS. DIRECT IMPORTATION. M. R. Haggerty & Brother, Importers of Foreign & Domestic Dry Goods. 108 CANAL & 8 ROYAL STREETS. WE respectfully announce to our customers that we have now in store the most complete assortment of WINTER DRY GOODS, ever imported into this city, and being particularly desirous of closing our season business unusually early, offer an extensive assortment at extremely reduced prices. WINTER GOODS. French and English Merinos, Muslin de Laine, Alpacas, Bombazines, Cashmeres, Cassimeres, English and Welsh Flannels, BLANKETS, 4, 6, 10, 15 and 19 point; FRENCH, ENGLISH, WHITNEY & MACKINAW, do; GRENIER'S WHITE, GREY, GREEN and BLUE, do; together with a vast and extensive stock of every style of desirable Dry Goods. nov13

Family Linens at Extremely Low Prices. P. & F. REILLY have just received their spring stock of LIGHT AND HEAVY FAMILY LINENS, bought in IRELAND at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES. Buyers will find a greater variety than ever before offered in this market, and having on hand a heavy stock, we will offer them DECIDED BARGAINS. Amongst them 150 PIECES SUPERIOR HEAVY LINEN AT 62½c. ja9 1w P. & F. REILLY, cor Canal and Royal sts.

Great Reduction! DUREL & KUNTZ WILL, from this date, sell their entire stock of WINTER GOODS AT A GREAT REDUCTION, said stock consisting of: Plain Muslin de Laines, Figured Muslin de Laines, French Merinos, English Merinos, Black Cassimeres, Fancy colored Cassimeres, Ribbon bound French Blankets, Ladies' Cloth, Gent's Merino Shirts, Gent's Merino Socks, and a large variety of ladies' and children's Hosiery. We have also received a full assortment of 4-4 Irish Linens, 12-4 & 13-4 Linen Sheetings, Damask Napkins, Huck Towels, Plain Linen Towels, Bird's Eye Diaper, etc., etc. To which we call the special attention of our friends and customers. DUREL & KUNTZ, No. 89 Royal st. jan6 between Conti and Bienville sts.

Fifty Dollars Reward. LOST—A Draft drawn by T. D. Harper to his own order, on and accepted by Armstrong, Harris & Co., dated 15th November, 1854, at six months after date for THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS. All persons are hereby cautioned against negotiating said Draft, as payment has been stopped. If found and returned to this office, the finder will receive the above reward.

Removal. CAVELIER & MAXENT have removed their office from Royal street, No. 109, to Toulouse street, No. 30, between Chartres and Royal sts. ja3

ADE Z. CAVELIER. L. F. MAXENT. CAVELIER & MAXENT, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, IMPORTERS OF FRENCH WINES, No. 30 Toulouse street, between Chartres and Royal streets. HAVE always on hand the celebrated brands of C. L. La Mission, Haut Brion, Pape Clement, [illegible] ja3

Direct Importation from Paris. VICTOR, No. 16 St. Charles street, HAS just received by the latest arrivals from Havre his assortment of WINTER GOODS, which comprises:—Linen Shirts, Cotton Shirts with linen bosoms, and Cotton Shirts, of the latest styles, and at all prices. Cravats, Neck-cravats, Stocks, Handkerchiefs, Jouvin's Gloves, flannel and cotton Undershirts, linen, flannel, cotton and Canton flannel drawers; White and fancy silk, Scotch thread, cotton and merino Socks; Silk Umbrellas; Walking Canes, with and without swords; A few miniature Carriages for children; A large variety of fancy articles, such as: Porte-monnaies, Purses, Bracelets, Fobs, Ladies' and gentlemen's Dressing Cases, Tortoise shell and Buffalo Combs, all kinds of Brushes. A large assortment of Perfumery from the best manufactories. An assortment of articles for Hair-dresser's use always on hand. He has excellent and polite hair-dressers to wait upon such persons as will honor his hair-dressing saloon with their patronage. d30

CONFECTIONARY. JUST received and landed per ship Pyramid, Cornet [illegible] &c., a fresh supply of Crosse & Blackwell's—English Pickles and Sauces; English Pie Fruits and Preserves; English Jellies and Jams; East India Curries and Mulligatawney Paste; East India Curry and Mulligatawny Paste; East India Preserved Ginger; West India Guava Jelly and Jam; Huntley & Palmer's Reading Biscuit; French and Spanish Chocolates; French Fruits in Juice; French Brandy Fruits; French Sardines, Pates, Capers and Olives; French Cordials. Also for sale, to arrive per ship Franklin King, Mablor Taylor, A. McKenzie, &c.—Scotch Herring, in kegs; Scotch Salmon, in canisters; Scotch Herring, fresh, in canisters; Scotch Findon Haddock, in canisters; Scotch Speldone Haddock, in canisters; English Stilton Cheese and Yorkshire Bacon. D. GOWANS & CO., 143 Canal st. In connection with the above, we have an elegant Saloon, where Ladies can be supplied with Oyster Soup, Coffee, Chocolate, Pastry, &c., at all hours. d30

Penmanship and Book-keeping. NEW pupils will be received this week at Dolbear's Writing and Book-keeping Establishment, 106 Canal street. A few lessons will correct the worst hand. Book-keeping is easily learned, when correctly taught. Special hours for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children. Citizens and strangers are invited to call. jan8 RUFUS DOLBEAR, 106 Canal st.

LINSEED OIL boiled to order at the factory of the New Orleans Bone Black Company. Apply to D. C. LOWBER, Agent, jan8 6t 37 Poydras st.

Fisk Free Library. NEW ORLEANS MECHANIC'S INSTITUTE. PERSONS having received Books on a deposit from the Free Library, will please return them to the Librarian, at No. 145 Canal street, (University Square) and in return receive the deposits made by them. Donations of books, &c., will be thankfully received from our liberal citizens, who may feel disposed to aid and assist the New Orleans Mechanic Society to re-establish this Library. Every effort will be made to open the Library to the public in the shortest possible time. jan 8 3t m,w,f D. BLAIN, Secretary.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Furnished or Unfurnished—A fine new two story commodious FRAME HOUSE ready for immediate occupation, with large yard and garden attached, situated on Esplanade street, between Good Children and Plauche streets. For further particulars, apply to HOGHTON, RANKIN & CO., jan 4 1w 125 Common st.

ARNOUX, CORNER CHARTRES AND ST. ANN STREETS, Pontalba Buildings, INFORMS the public that he has reduced the prices of all his goods, without exception, on account of liquidation, to cash only. jan 4

Will the Lustre of the Silesian Ware last? IN answer to this question, I certify that I have used the Silesian Ware for ten months, and can recommend it to any who may wish to use it. None need fear to purchase. jan4 10t JESSE ELLIS, 90 Bacchus st.

$25 REWARD. WILL be paid to whoever will lodge in one of the city jails, the griff boy EUGENE. He is 23 years old, 5 feet 3 inches high, and has a front tooth wanting. jan6 1w HUGHES VILLERE.

Housekeepers, Read This. HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS SELLING OFF TO CHANGE BUSINESS—NO. 17 CAMP STREET. The undersigned having resolved to make a change in their business, are offering their splendid stock of GOODS at such prices as to induce persons [illegible]. The goods consist in part of: Plated Castors, Plated Waiters, Plated Baskets, Plated Candlesticks, Plated Tea sets, Plated Spoons and Forks, Block Tin Ware, Britannia Ware, Japanned Ware, Tin and Iron Ware, Wooden Ware, Baskets, Brooms, Brushes, Cooking Stoves, Knives and Forks; Glass and China, Earthenware, Rich Dinner Sets, Rich Tea Sets, Vases, Cut Glass Ware, Moulded Glassware, Plain Glassware, Solar Lamps, Moderator Lamps, Girandoles, Chandeliers, Fenders and Andirons, Shovels, Tongs and Pokers, Hat and Coat Racks, Cooking Utensils, etc. etc. Comprising as fine a stock and as complete an assortment as can be found in the city. The subscribers avoid the use of the heading "Selling off at Cost," which has so often been used as a decoy to induce persons to go and pay more than market prices for goods, but purchasers may rely on finding prices greatly below what they can buy them elsewhere. dec10 1m S. BROWER & CO., 17 Camp street.

BURK & WAGNER, BOOKBINDERS, HAVE REMOVED TO CHARTRES STREET, No. 37, Over Mr. P. Durel's Bookstore. ☞ Orders for Printing, Ruling and Binding promptly attended to.

BLOCKS of [illegible] CALIFORNIA [illegible] Orders may be left [illegible] street, up stairs.

Shell Lime For the use of Sugar Planters. A SUPERIOR article of Shell Lime, constantly on hand, at the CALIFORNIA SAW MILL, on Levee street, [illegible] Orders may be left at Mr. Payne's, 25 Old Levee street, up stairs.

REMOVAL. [illegible] DENTIST. HAS removed to No. 60 ROYAL [illegible]

WANTS, LOST, ETC.

Wanted. A GERMAN NURSE well recommended and speaking a little English and French. Apply after 5 o'clock, P. M., at Madame [illegible], on Burgundy street, between Customhouse and Bienville. jan 5 tf

Stock. WANTED—OLD UNION BANK STOCK. J. L. LEVY & SIMPSON, dec8-1m No. 79 Common st.

THREE NOTES drawn by J. [illegible], to the order of Mrs. Augustin [illegible], for $100 [illegible], dated 3d July, 1847, and payable at 12, 18 and 24 months after date. These Notes having been paid long ago, notice is hereby given that each will be cancelled to close the mortgage securing the same, granted by act before Jules Mossy, on 6th January, 1848. jan8 10d

Lost. IN front of Jackson Square, on St. Ann or Royal streets, a child's BRACELET of gold and Genoa filigree. A suitable reward will be given to the person who will leave the same at No. 8 [illegible] street, between Canal and Common streets. ja 12 2t

TEXAS PECANS—For sale by HALL, RODD & PUTNAM, ja4 4 Front Levee st.

Empty Molasses Barrels. EMPTY Molasses Barrels and hhds do, on hand in lots to suit purchasers, and for sale by DEGELOS, [illegible] & CO., nov28 No. [illegible] Louis street.

Earthenware, Glass and China —AND— HOUSE-KEEPING ARTICLES. ☞ The subscribers, having extensively enlarged their store, No. 90 Canal street, are now opening and offer for sale a most complete stock of goods in their line. With greatly increased facilities for exhibiting their wares, they confidently call the attention of purchasers both at Wholesale and Retail to a stock of goods which for extent and variety is not surpassed in this country. Among which will be found every variety of RICH ENAMELED AND GOLD, and PLAIN CHINA, DINNER, TEA, DESSERT and TOILET SETS. RICH CUT, ENGRAVED AND PRESSED GLASS Goblets, Celeries, Champagnes, Tumblers, Wines, Pitchers, Clarets, Lemonade and Cordial Glasses, Decanters. GERMAN SILVER AND SILVER PLATED Spoons, Forks, Tea Spoons, &c. FINE AND COMMON JAPAN Plate Warmers, Waiters, Knife Trays, Trays, Coal Vases, etc., etc., etc. STERLING SILVER AND SILVER PLATED Castors, Segars, Cordial Stands, Creams, Waiters, Candlesticks, Tea Pots, etc., etc., etc. GILT AND BRONZE Chandeliers, Candelabras, Suspending Lamps, Table Lamps, Hall Lamps, Fire Irons, etc. POLISHED STEEL Shovels, Tongs, Standards etc., etc. Together with a great variety of KITCHEN AND HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS, such as Brooms, Brushes, Tubs, Market Baskets, etc., etc. ☞ All of which will be sold at low prices and on liberal terms. HENDERSON & GAINES, d28 1m No. 90 CANAL STREET.

THE NEW ORLEANS CHEAP CASH CLOTHING WAREHOUSE No. 28 CAMP STREET. No. 28. C. B. DREW, PROPRIETOR. This house was established with the determination of selling Goods at Prime New York Cash Prices. In accomplishment of this object, the Proprietor has made arrangements with the most extensive manufacturing establishments of the North for a constant supply of every article that might constitute a gentleman's wardrobe, of the latest styles and most elegant fabrics that are imported from Europe. The business is conducted upon the One Price Cash System: and his goods are marked in plain figures, which insures the purchaser against imposition. Any article proving defective or unsatisfactory, may be returned, and the money will be refunded. By an examination of the annexed list of prices of leading articles, it will at once be perceived that he means to deserve the reputation of being the Cheapest House in the City!

LIST OF PRICES:

Pilot Cloth OVERCOATS	$12 00
Castor Beaver do	15 00
Heavy Beaver do	9 00
French Cassimere SACKS	9 00
do do PALETOTS	9 00
Black and Blue Cloth CLOAKS	18 00
Talmas and Opera COATS	18 00
Black French Cloth FROCKS	15 00
Olive, Brown and Blue do.	15 00
English Cloth FROCKS, all colors	12 00
American do do	10 00
Black Doeskin PANTS	7 00
Black Cassimere do	6 00
Fancy French Cassimere PANTS	6 00
do English do do	6 00
Fancy Silk Velvet VESTS	8 00
do Silk do ......$3 00 to	5 00
Black Satin do ......3 00 to	5 00
L. S. C. SHIRTS, per dozen	15 00
All Linen do do	30 00
English Brown HALF HOSE, per doz ..$2 to	4 00
Black Silk CRAVATS	1 00
Nett Woolen DRAWERS & SHIRTS, pr doz	12 00
Canton Flannel do do do do	7 00
Jouvin KID GLOVES	6 [illegible]

a30—2m C. B. DREW, No. 28 Camp st.

New Show Rooms. Silks, Embroideries and Mantillas. D. P. SCANLAN & CO., Nos. 12 and 14 Chartres street, have the honor of informing the Ladies that they have added the house No. 14 to their establishment, in which they have opened rooms for the more convenient display of their large importations of Paris Millinery, Satin, Velvet and Cloth Cloaks, Talmas, Mantillas and rich fancy articles. They have also received per ships Wurtemburg, Mulhouse and Redwood, from Havre, the largest and most complete assortment of rich Dress Silks and Embroideries ever brought to the city, also a complete assortment of real CANTON CRAPE SHAWLS, Parasols, Marquises, Seamless Corsets, Ribbons, Artificials, rich Fans and Lace Goods of all kinds.

House Furnishing Store, 73 AND 75 CAMP STREET. DETERMINED to reduce our Stock of Goods, we will hereafter sell for cash at lower prices than ever before offered in this city. Those in want of the following articles will do well to call: Queensware, Glass and China Ware; Bohemian Ware; Birmingham Ware; Rich China Vases and Fine Silver Plated Ware; Parlor and Hall Lamps and Girandoles; Rich Tea Trays and Waiters, in sets or single; Fine Table Cutlery and Housekeeping Hardware; Enameled and Hollow Ware; Britannia, Planished Tin and Japanned Ware; Wooden and Willow Ware; Feather Dusters; Brushes, of all kinds; Paper Hangings and Border; Door Mats; Window Cornices, Cords and Tassels; Curtain Bands and Curtain Pins. dec20-1y MILLER, HARRIS & WALDO.

$500 REWARD! THE above reward will be paid by the undersigned for the apprehension of WILLIAM H. WILDER, who escaped from the custody of one of the officers of the United States Marshal, on the evening of the 19th instant. WILDER is about forty years of age, low in stature, bald on the top of his head, of a florid complexion, and has light blue or greyish eyes. dec19 J. M. KENNEDY, U. S. Marshal.

GALLERY OF PAINTINGS. No. 87 Chartres street, between Bienville and Conti streets. Oil Paintings. ROBERT GSCHWINDT, of the Academies of Rome and Paris, and former pupil of the celebrated Couture, begs leave to inform the public that he has just opened his gallery of Paintings at the above place, where families are respectfully invited to call and examine the Paintings he has brought from Rome, among which are some which figured at the late Paris exhibition. The patronage of persons desirous of having their portraits taken is solicited.—A striking likeness and perfect finish are guaranteed. Old portraits copied, paintings of all descriptions renovated, and portraits taken from daguerreotype. Prices moderate. d29 1m

J. FEYTEL, Jeweler and Watch Maker, Chartres street, No. 22, between Canal and Customhouse streets. BEGS leave to inform the ladies that he has just received directly from France and England, a splendid assortment of Jewelry and fancy articles of the latest style, such as: finger rings, bracelets, Chatelaines; Lockets; medals; pins; necklaces with precious stones and pearls; cameo brooches; &c. &c. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his varied assortment of goods, comprising also parlor clocks; chandeliers; gold and silver watches; silver sets; &c. All articles from his store are guaranteed. dec5

COAL COAL! WHEN you call at the Post Office, don't forget your wife wants ten bbls. Coal to keep the children warm. Be sure you leave your order at the Old Coal Yard, 37 Customhouse st. near Post Office. Pittsburg, Anthracite, and Cannel Coal of the best quality, for sale at the lowest market prices. d19 30d

A Fine Residence for Sale. ON account of departure the residence of W. E. Murphy, situated on the corner of Esplanade and Bourbon streets, is offered for sale. This is one of the best built and most elegantly finished houses in the city, with gas &c. &c. Persons wishing to examine the property and for terms, will apply to ROBERT MURPHY, No. 62 Old Levee, d25—2m corner of St. Louis street.

Millinery. MADAME ALBERT respectfully informs the Ladies of New Orleans, that she has just opened her saloons, corner Royal and Bienville streets, up stairs, where she will exhibit a fine assortment of fashionable articles and furnishing GOODS. The goods are entirely fresh, and have been carefully selected by Madame Albert, who has lately arrived from Paris. Sale to take place on SATURDAY next, the 18th inst. d30

Literary and Musical Education, No. 94 St. Peter Street, between Bourbon and Royal Streets. MADAME NAY informs the families of New Orleans that she will take charge of a few scholars, whom she will teach either at their parents' or her own residence. She will unite the different branches of a good Literary Education, with lessons in Music and on the Piano, for the purpose of reducing the expense of acquiring a Literary and Musical Education less costly than if families employed different professors. Madame Nay will take scholars for Music or French, conjointly or separately. dec12 3m

Diseases of the Eye! DOCTOR FIRMIN PRUDHOMME, Oculist, of the former Ottoman Embassy at Paris, Member of the Academy of Sciences of Aix-Provence, has established his residence in New Orleans, where he will treat persons afflicted with diseases of the eyes. [illegible] Rampart street, corner Ursulines. dec19 1m

54 Chartres Street. 54. [illegible] F. FEYER & CO. offer for sale a complete assortment of NEW GOODS, [illegible] Ladies' and Children's Dresses, Hoods, [illegible] SILK GOODS, LATEST FASHIONS. [illegible] DRESSES WITH GOLD [illegible] A LARGE AND FINE [illegible] MOURNING [illegible] As the firm of F. FEYER & CO. [illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE. B. DeBar, Lessee and Manager. H. Corri, Acting Manager. C. G. Chesley, Treasurer.

Last Benefit of Miss JULIA DEAN. SATURDAY, January 13th—Will be presented for the first time, a new play in 5 acts, written by Miss Julia Dean, entitled MARY OF MANTUA. Mary of Mantua, Miss Julia Dean; Bianca, Mrs. Stewart; Sir Ferdinand, Mr. Hield; Leon, Mr. Pope, &c. To conclude with the comedy of the LOVE CHASE—Constance, Miss Julia Dean; Wildrake, Mr. C. Pope. To-morrow—Last appearance of Miss Dean. Monday—Benefit of Mr. C. G. Chesley. The Box Books will be open at 10 o'clock this day, for the securing of seats. GABRIEL RAVEL and TROUPE will shortly appear. Doors open at 6½ o'clock, Curtain will rise at 7 o'clock. jan13

CONGO SQUARE. MR. EUGENE GODARD, the French Aerial Navigator, member of the Academy of Arts, Trades, Industry, Sciences and Belles-Lettres of Paris, who has obtained the Silver Medal at the New York World's Fair—Aerial Navigator in Chief of the Austrian Army, will make his 23d Ascension on SUNDAY, January 14th, at half past 1 o'clock, P. M. precisely. Mr. Godard will take two gentlemen and a lady on this Pleasure Excursion, thus affording them a beautiful bird's eye view of New Orleans and its environs. For passage, apply to Mr. Godard, Orleans Hotel, Chartres street. ☞ Admission—50 cents; children, 25 cents. jan 10

THE NEW ORLEANS HIPPOFERION. UNDER the management of Mr. P. H. [illegible], and in conjunction with the world-renowned FRANCONI TROUPE, will perform in their superb and spacious pavilion, on the corner of Baronne and Poydras streets, for a short season, commencing on MONDAY, JANUARY 15 1855. This Troupe embraces more artistic novelties in every department of Equestrianism, Acrobatics, Gymnastics and Equilibria than any other now in existence, as will at once be seen by announcing that Madame Anna Franconi, the star of the Paris Hippodrome; Monsieur Henri Franconi, and his gifted troupe of Artists, Trained and Dancing Horses; Mr. Rosston, the colossal horseman; Young Jem Johnson; Master Omar; Messrs. Noyes, Showers, Walker, and others of equal excellence, are led in by the man of all fun, John Horner. ☞ Admission, 50 cts; Pit, 25 cts.

ORLEANS THEATRE.—Masked Society Balls.—The first of the series of the above named Balls will take place on FRIDAY EVENING, the 19th inst., and will be given under the management of the following gentlemen: J A Brand, Geo T Bright, L B Horne, Omer Gaillard, Paul E Theard, W D Hennen, J C McAllister, A Boudousquie, A Schreiber, Alex Levy, John Claiborne, E G Gottschalk, Jules Belly, Charles [illegible], E De St. Romes. ☞ Subscribers are requested to send their invitation Lists, in order that the Committee may act upon the same previous to the first Ball. ☞ Gentlemen desirous of becoming subscribers to the series of Balls will please leave their application with Mr. H. RUFFIER, at the office of the Theatre, which will be opened every day from 10 o'clock A. M. to 3 P. M.

Peel's Southern Opera House. ARMORY HALL. FIFTH WEEK—Burlesque Menagerie—Mysterious Disappearance—Burlesque Opera of Linda di Chamouni—new Songs—new Dances—new attractions. Doors open at 6½. Concert commences at 7½. Tickets 50 cts. Seats can be secured at the office from 11 to 3 o'clock. Dr. F. A. Jones, Agent. MATT PEEL, Manager. d12

VANUCCHI'S AMERICAN MUSEUM, 52 St. Charles street. Open all hours during the day, and brilliantly illuminated at night. BEST WAX STATUARY EVER EXHIBITED in this country or in Europe. Seventy Figures Large as Life. THE BELLIGERENT POWERS OF EUROPE, consisting of Queen Victoria, the Emperors of France, Austria and Russia; the King of Prussia and the Sultan of Turkey; the Queen of Spain in her Robes of State, and the Continental Heroes in FULL UNIFORM. A beautiful episode in the life of WASHINGTON: Crossing the Bridge at Trenton. BIRTH OF OUR SAVIOR. This beautiful groupe is worth a visit from every family in the city. Also, just added, THE LAST SUPPER—consisting of Christ and his Twelve Disciples—wonderful. THE DEATH CHAMBER of Hon. Daniel Webster, Hon. Henry Clay and Hon. John C. Calhoun, one of the greatest representations ever presented to the public. Together with a large number of other Figures. ☞ Admission, 50 cents—Children half price. d13—1m

Inhalation! Inhalation! DR. THOMAS H. GREENHOUGH, having returned home, respectfully informs his numerous friends and patients in New Orleans, and in the Southern States, that he has this winter located his office and business office for the present as above at No. 11 Dauphine street (one door from Canal), in the rear of Christ Church, where he may be found from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily. Patients in the country desirous of placing themselves under his care, will please address Box 59 Post Office, and their cases will be attended to punctually. P. S.—DR. DAVID PALMER THOMAS, of Philadelphia, is now associated with Dr. Greenhough in the practice of his profession. Residence, 165 Julia street. Dr. Greenhough's Inhalers can now be seen at Dr. Symes's Drug Store, on the corner of Carondelet and Canal streets. dec13 1m

DR. O. S. RUSSEL, SURGEON DENTIST. HAS transferred his residence to No. 130 Royal street. nov25-6m

E. GAUDIN, PIANO MANUFACTURER, 104 Royal street, HAS just received and offers for sale, at reduced prices, an assortment of Erard's and Pleyel's, [illegible], oblique and straight PIANOS. He requests those persons who have already favored him with their custom, to visit his establishment before purchasing elsewhere, for he entertains the hope to be able to satisfy their demands. He will in future constantly keep in store PIANOS from the above named Manufacturers, and will continue to tune and repair PIANOS. n22 3m

PIANOS CONSOLE. THE undersigned invite pianists and amateurs of music generally to call at their Store, No. 107 Chartres street, and examine a new invention of M. Pape, the celebrated manufacturer in Paris. It is a piano, the exterior form of which resembles that of a pier table: it is strung on all sides by iron bars in the interior, and is the principal against the effects of the weather. It has the advantage of being a most elegant parlor ornament. The universal fame of M. Pape is a sufficient guarantee to the public, and we hope these Pianos, after having been most favorably received in Paris, will become as popular in New Orleans, the more so on account of its price not exceeding that of an ordinary piano. A. LACHEN MEYER & Co., d11 1m Corner Chartres and Toulouse sts.

SILESIAN WARE. THIS article, [illegible] now offered for sale at No. 7 Camp street in which place old customers and new ones are invited to come and supply themselves. No Ware ever offered in this city has been received with such universal approval from the purchaser, in view of the price paid. Why then expend such large sums, when the interest of your money will procure such articles as will give to your tables both elegance and durability, scarcely less than costing ten times as much, and possessing a brightness equally lasting. Almost every variety of articles for table use are now manufactured, and the styles greatly admired; nor can they fail to prove for Christmas Presents, as articles of beauty or of future use. EDSON HART, dec25-3tawly No. 7 Camp street.

Dr. John S. Dare's STEEL SHOULDER BRACE —AND— ABDOMINAL SUPPORTER. THESE instruments, invented by Dr. Dare, Va., are superior to any other for supporting the back, expanding the chest, and securing an erect form so essential to health, vigor and good appearance. The ease with which they are worn, [illegible] great elasticity, which is never lessened by use, and being adapted to every movement of the body without constraint, will secure for them a large and extensive sale. Having examined the above instruments, I certify that they are admirably adapted to further the purpose intended. WARREN STONE, M. D. New Orleans, February 14 1854. EDSON HART, No. 7 Camp street.

FOLKSTONE HOTEL, No. 9 CASTELLANE STREET, PARIS. THIS Hotel, situated in the beautiful quarter of the Madeleine, near the Boulevards, the Tuileries and the Elysian Fields, is particularly frequented by STRANGERS and ENGLISH TRAVELERS, who meet there with all desirable comforts. Mme. PRIOLLAUD who has become the owner and manager of the hotel, has neglected none of the improvements called to please her countrymen, to wit: elegance, neatness and comfort, as seldom found in France. She hopes that those of her countrymen who may remember her, will be pleased to stop at her Hotel when they arrive in Paris, where they will find apartments well fitted up, and excellent fare on moderate terms.

Dress and Masked Balls. MADAME LURSAN, Royal street, [illegible] respectfully informs her numerous customers that she has just received from France a splendid assortment of Dress and Masked Ball Costumes [illegible] commended, both on account of their elegance and freshness. Madame L. being desirous of keeping her assortment constantly fresh, has not exhibited the same, and will expect her goods to those only who intend to purchase. She avails herself of this opportunity to tender her sincere thanks for the patronage hitherto extended to her. ☞ Received by the same arrival: [illegible] which are offered at the lowest prices.

DRESS AND MASKED BALLS. M'me Greux Pierrebe. No. 113 Conti street, between Bourbon and Dauphine. BEGS leave to inform the public that she has opened her Store of Ball Costumes at No. 113 Conti street. M'me G. has brought from Paris a full assortment of Costumes, and invites Ladies to call and examine them. Costumes made to order, and Head-Dresses of all kinds, styles, Ribbons, &c., always in store, [illegible] Tuesday.

CITIZENS' BANK MORTGAGE STOCK wanted by GEO. GOTTSCHALK, 95 Common st. jan8

ORLEANS INSURANCE STOCK for sale by GEO. GOTTSCHALK, 95 Common st.

CANAL WARRANTS—Bought by GEORGE GOTTSCHALK, 95 Common street.

LAND WARRANTS bought by GEO. GOTTSCHALK, 95 Common st.

OLD UNION BANK STOCK WANTED by GEO. GOTTSCHALK, 95 Common st.

Course of [illegible] in French and English. No. 94 St. Peter Street.

MR. NAY will in a few days open a course of Book-keeping for young men, engaged in business. The course will be conducted in English and French, from 7 to 10 o'clock at night. Fee for the course, Five Dollars per month. [illegible] Ten Dollars per month. dec13 1m

LAURENT [illegible] Agent for the [illegible] of French [illegible]