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The New Orleans Bee.

NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 18, 1855.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
One Dollar for every TEN lines, for each language in the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent one. No advertisement inserted for less than one dollar in each language.
☞ Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines for both languages for each insertion.
☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and in extent to one square every other day.
Vol. XVI.—NEW SERIES.
Vol. XXVIII.—Whole No. 7860.

THE DAILY BEE.

Thursday Morning, Jan. 18th, 1855.

THE MAIL.—Yesterday's mail was incomplete. We received no morning papers from New York of the 11th, except the *Herald*. From other points the mail came through as late as due.

EXPENSES OF THE WAR.

The European war, the effects of which are so slightly felt in this country, appears already to have awakened the British nation from an agreeable hallucination into which it had been seduced by the soothing assurances of the London *Times*. When hostilities were declared by the allied powers, there was a surplus fund in the British treasury of some three millions of pounds sterling. The war, as we all remember, was to be short and decisive. The truculent Czar was to be brought to terms in the most summary and expeditious style.—CHARLES NAPIER was to take up his winter quarters at St. Petersburg, and the allied forces were to drive the Russians at all points back upon their ice-bound and inhospitable coasts. The war would be brief, its expenses would be liquidated without the necessity of additional taxation, and for the first time in history, a great power was to be humbled and chastised, without the entailment of serious burdens either on the present or future generations.

Without pausing to criticise the conduct of the campaign, it is sufficient to observe that the experience of a few months has completely dispelled the idea. The Czar is not yet vanquished; Sebastopol, so far from being taken, has proved the tomb of thousands of noble and gallant warriors; the prospects of an early peace are remote and indefinite, and the press and statesmen of Great Britain frankly acknowledge that the war can only be maintained by heavy sacrifices. The Duke of RICHMOND publicly exclaims, "Never mind the expense; that is now a secondary consideration." The London *Times*, which was foremost in declaring that the war would be carried on without the necessity of incurring further debt, now says emphatically "it is right that our posterity is to be benefitted by the war, posterity should pay the expenses of it." To this complexion most people thought it would come at last, but it has come sooner than was probably anticipated.—The surplus in the British treasury was consumed in the outfit and equipment of the English contingent, and since that time, a storm on the Black Sea has destroyed nearly as large an amount. Large supplies and fleets cannot be maintained on a war footing save at enormous expense, and though the figures have not been made public, there can be no doubt that England has paid one-third of the cost of the war so far, more than treble the unexpended sum in her coffers, at its commencement.

It is fortunate for the English government that its credit is unlimited, its resources vast and its determination invincible, and it is yet more fortunate that the patriotic spirit of the people will not suffer them to quail before the prospect of pecuniary sacrifice, and additional taxation. Few European Governments are as well prepared as England to resist the depletory and exhausting process of a long war. None can more fully and unreservedly confide in the support of its subjects, the sympathy of the masses, and their unfaltering national vigor and resolve. Whatever may be the exigencies of the war, they will be met with cheerful alacrity. What is to be borne by the men of to-day will be accepted without repining, and the remainder will be kept in reserve for posterity. This is the inevitable result of serious conflicts, and England can by no possibility form an exception to the rule.

NEW MUSIC.—We are indebted to P. P. WERLEIN, No. 5 Camp street, for the following new music:

"*Let me sleep where the loved ones are sleeping.*" A tender and plaintive song, well adapted to a contralto, or barytone voice. Music by A. C. Farnham.

Passe Partout, a German Polka by T. Von La Hache. Brilliant and well sustained, with an excellent accompaniment.

Young Bachelor's Schottisch, by Robt. Meyer. Pretty fair, and exceedingly danceable.

Les Orientales, a Polka by A. Gockel. A composition of merit; light, graceful and original.

HUMANITY IN THE CITY.—Our thanks are due the publishers, MERRITT & DAVENPORT, through Mr. L. WHITE, No. 266 Canal street, for a copy of the Rev. E. H. Chapin's lectures on the aspects of humanity in the city. These admirable discourses aim at applying the highest standard of morality and religion to the phases of every-day life. They are replete with sound morality enforced in a style of rare eloquence and pathos.

GRISI AND MARIO.—These celebrated vocalists have determined to take a Southern tour, instead of returning to Europe, as they had proposed. They are expected shortly in Charleston, and will, we trust, pay New Orleans a visit.

I. O. O. F.—At the annual communication of the R. W. Grand Encampment of Louisiana, held on Tuesday evening last, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

THOMAS H. SHIELDS, M. W. G. Chief Patriarch.
S. BARRY, M. E. G. High Priest.
E. GILLIGHAM, W. G. Senior Warden.
Thos. F. BRAGG, W. G. Junior Warden.
J. A. [illegible], W. G. Scribe.
H. [illegible], W. G. Treasurer.
J. G. [illegible], W. G. Representative.

PROCESSION OF UNEMPLOYED FOREIGNERS.—A company of some 2,000 to 3,000 foreign looking persons, says the N. Y. *Mirror* of the 10th, passed our office this morning, with banners bearing mottoes new to the eyes of New Yorkers. On one appeared these defiant words:

"WE WANT WORK AND WE WILL HAVE IT."

On another, the awful word "[illegible]" was flaunted in the face of day, and another bore this mysterious threat: "THE LAST RESOURCE." We don't believe "the oldest inhabitant" of our city ever saw the like of this before.

☞ Ex-Governor DAVID JOHNSON, of South Carolina, died in Union District on the 6th inst., at the ripe age of 73 years.

☞ The Missouri Legislature on the 4th had seven ballots for a United States Senator.—The last stood Doniphan 54; Benton 40; Atchison 36; Wilson 1, Doniphan voting for Mr. Wilson. The Senate then adjourned till next day. The vote was strictly a party vote.

FUGITIVE SLAVE CASE AT BOSTON.—Commissioner Woodbury has issued a warrant for the arrest of John Jackson, an alleged fugitive slave, said to have escaped from [illegible] Fox, of Virginia. The vigilance committee got wind of the proceedings and started Jackson for Canada.

☞ A Know-Nothing convention, composed of 140 delegates, the Seward seceders from the main body, was held at Schenectady, N. Y., on the 10th. The object is to effect an organization to counteract the influence against Seward said to be exerted by the original society.

☞ A deficiency of $26,000 in specie has been discovered in the vaults of the Merchants' Bank, [illegible] street, New York. It is believed [illegible] suspicion rests on no one yet. It is [illegible] that the gold must have probably been [illegible] in mistake. A reward of $2,000 is offered for the recovery of the property.

☞ [illegible] Swiss pauper emigrants who [illegible] on board the ship *Acadia*, at [illegible] at New York on the 10th, [illegible] stated that their passage [illegible] by their native authorities, they [illegible] to Boston, and from thence be [illegible] to Switzerland.

☞ At Philadelphia, during an alarm of fire on the 10th inst., the police captured eight men with the Northern Liberty engine, armed with [illegible] and other weapons. They had carried [illegible] the [illegible] engaged in the rape of the [illegible] Spirit fired at one man who re[illegible] was carried away wounded, by his [illegible] riot had occurred, but this arrest [illegible] prevented a murderous affray with the [illegible] Hose Company, as serious [illegible] previously occurred between these [illegible].

U. S. BALANCE DRY DOCK.—We learn from the [illegible] that during the past [illegible] Railway at the [illegible] by raising and hauling ashore [illegible] the large [illegible] ship *Monarch of the Seas* [illegible] of the total [illegible] by large numbers of our citizens, who [illegible] and delighted at the [illegible] precision displayed by the [illegible] lifting the ship of [illegible] dimensions, as given by Mr. [illegible] gross tonnage of keel 216 feet, breadth of [illegible] beam, depth of hold 29 feet, length on deck about 230 feet, tonnage, carpenter's measurement, 2,500, custom house register 1,970 [illegible] weight by displacement, with 300 [illegible] ballast, which is aboard, upwards of [illegible] tons [illegible] the weight of the [illegible]. [illegible] is not yet [illegible] as the ship is to be put back [illegible] the water, which [illegible].

By Telegraph!

Transmitted to the New Orleans Bee.

[By the Morse Southern Line.]

State Legislature.

BATON ROUGE, Wednesday, Jan. 17, 1855.—SENATE.—In the Senate, Mr. Leave introduced a bill incorporating the Mississippi and Lafourche Railroad Company.

HOUSE.—A joint resolution was offered by Mr. Wemple to the effect that the Legislature go into the choice of a United States Senator on Monday next.

There will be no business of importance transacted in either branch until after a Senatorial question is disposed of.

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE CANADA AT HALIFAX.

IMPROVEMENT ON THE COTTON MARKET.

Siege of Sebastopol.

Further Negotiations at Vienna.

Mr. Soulé's Resignation.

HALIFAX, Jan. 17.—The Cunard steamship Canada, from Liverpool 6th inst., arrived at this port this afternoon. Her advices are one week later than those by the Collins steamship Baltic at New York.

From the Crimea.

There are only two points of interest in the Canada's news:

First. That the Allies have three hundred guns in position, and were at last accounts ready to open fire upon Sebastopol. After a bombardment of forty-eight hours, they would make an attempt to storm the South side of the city. All that was awaited was a favorable opportunity.

Negotiations.

The second point of interest is that further negotiations at Vienna are postponed for fourteen days, thus holding out some slight hope of peace.

There is nothing else of any importance or interest in the news.

Commercial Intelligence.

Messrs. Milligan, Evans & Co. report the sales of Cotton for the week at the Liverpool market at 58,000 bales. They also quote Fair Orleans at 5¼ pence; Middling Orleans 5 pence; Fair Uplands at 5⅛ pence; and Middling Uplands at 4¾ pence.

The market closed steady at the improvement, which is chiefly in Middling qualities.

Of the sales of the week, but 600 bales were to speculators, and 850 for export.

State of Trade.

The Manchester market remained unchanged, with a moderate business.

Havre Cotton Market.

The sales of Cotton in the Havre market for the week ending 2d instant, were 7,850 bales.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.

The Flour market was without change in rates since the departure of the Baltic, with a limited business. Western Canal was quoted by Brown, Shipley & Co., nominally at 43s, Ohio at 47s, and Baltimore at 45s.

A limited business was done in Corn at previous rates. The quotations for white and yellow are 44s 6d@46s.

Provisions.

For Lard prices were easier, though not quotably lower. Provisions were generally very firm, but the transactions were to a small extent.

Money Market.

The London money market remained without change.

American Securities.

The market for American Securities was firm at previous rates.

Consols.

Consols were quoted at the close at 90¾, being a decline from previous rates.

Failure.

Messrs. Wood & Rogers, iron merchants in London, have failed for a large amount.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Senate to-day debated the Judicial Reform bill. In the House, the Pacific Railroad bill was again under discussion.

Mr. Soulé's Resignation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—It is stated in diplomatic circles that Mr. Soulé was chilled into his resignation. In all his official intercourse he encountered a marked, though freezing politeness, and in society, both himself and family were entirely isolated.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Our Cotton market is still unchanged, with a moderate business.

Flour is still with a declining tendency. Sales of Ohio were made to-day at $8 75 @ $9 25.

River Intelligence.

VICKSBURG, Jan. 17.—The steamer Ben Franklin passed down at 5, the Tecumseh at 5½, and the R. M. Sherman at 6 o'clock this evening, all bound for New Orleans.

OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10, 1855.

The officers and soldiers of the war of 1812 give quite a unique appearance to our city, and are to be seen in the Capitol, in the Departments, in the Patent Office, at the Washington Monument, and almost every where. They were tendered seats in the Senate without the bar, by a resolution of the Senate yesterday. A good many of them are hale, sturdy looking men, who have many years vitality in them yet. The resolutions adopted by them in their convention having been published, you will note what they propose to ask of Congress, and my opinion is that almost any request they may make that can be complied with by giving lands, will be; but when they ask to be pensioned for life, as were the old revolutionary soldiers, Congress will hesitate, and debate. If they are pensioned then, those who served in the Mexican war must be also, and a precedent will have been established that would make heavy drafts upon the Treasury for forty or fifty years to come.

The Senate were yesterday and to-day engaged in debating the Judiciary bill. It is generally conceded that change and reform is much needed, but there is considerable diversity of opinion as to what change shall be made. Some kind of a bill may pass the Senate at the present session, though I have no idea now that it could be carried through the House; *that* is the great gulph which swallows up a vast amount of matters matured by the Senate, and where abundant crops of bills spring up, become half matured, and are choked out, or die for the want of sufficient time to mature. "The Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union," is the great Maelstrom which swallows up and carries to the bottom many a bill, scheme, or project which has cost its parent hours of mental labor, and which he had fondly hoped would come forth from the House like another Minerva from the brain of Jove, the wonder and admiration of the world. Thousands of bills have there found a premature grave, and sunk to everlasting sleep and forgetfulness; and in this "tomb of the Capulets" may still be found their mouldering remains by those who may have the curiosity and the patience to exhume them.

The Homestead bill which passed the House last session, and was amended in the Senate by the adoption of Hunter's substitute, was called up in the House yesterday by its author, Mr. Dawson, and discussed for some time. Mr. Etheridge, of Tennessee, submitted an amendment, and then moved the reading of one which he intended to offer at the proper time, to the effect that the provisions of the bill should apply to native born citizens and such as have been naturalized, and to no other person or persons whomsoever. This amendment can scarcely fail being carried, as there are very few now in either branch of Congress who would be willing to incur the hostility of that new party whose adherents seem to rise, as a gentleman remarked the other day, from the very earth itself, and every where. By the way, speaking of this new organization, it is amusing to see the effect of its rapid increase of numbers and power upon some of the democratic members of Congress, and especially those of Virginia; by way of illustration, let me repeat a colloquy which took place yesterday between two Virginians, one a democratic member, the other a citizen and whig. I shall not give you the precise words, but the substance, as it was repeated to me: the two, though differing in political views, being personal friends:

Whig. After the usual salutations—Well, W., what do you think of Wise's chance of being elected?

Democrat. If the Know-Nothings are as numerous in our State as I am told they are, which I very much doubt, they will run him very hard if they do not beat him. But if the whigs nominate a ticket of their own, and the Know-Nothings have a separate one, his chance is very good.

Whig. You are mistaken in that. The Know-Nothings already hold the balance of power in the State, and are increasing so rapidly that by the time the election takes place they can beat the whigs and democrats both.

Democrat. Are you in earnest?

Whig. Perfectly sincere. There are already—associations in Albemarle—in Culpepper—in Henrico—in Rappahannock—in Accomac—in Wise's own [illegible], and more than—Know-Nothings [illegible] State at this time.

Democrat. You speak as if you were well posted.

Whig. And so I am; and I can tell you that there are—associations, numbering—in your own district, and that if you do not become 'one of them' in a very short time, your chance of being returned to Congress will be utterly hopeless.

Democrat. My God! do you think so!

Whig. I am sure of it.

Democrat. But they can find no fault with my record, I have never given a vote or made a speech that they can find fault with, because my feelings and principles are *American*, and I have always looked upon this foreign influence as injurious to the country.

Whig. That may be; but remember that he that is not *for* us, is *against* us.

Some further pleasantries passed which are not important. Whether the democrat will consider it discreet to become "one of them," and thus increase the chances of being re-elected, or whether he will trust to his *record*, is more than I can say; but the probability is that he will have occasion to return home for a day or two very soon.

A somewhat piquant and tart correspondence has been published between the Secretary of War and Gen. Wool, the spirit of which will be perceived from one or two paragraphs. Gen. Wool in his letter to the Secretary dated October 13th, 1854, says: "His (the Secretary's) letter of the 12th April is, from beginning to end, a rebuke, if not a direct censure. This was followed by an order removing me to Benicia, and ordering the troops away from the Presidio, which, had it been carried out, would have caused the loss of a million of dollars of public property."

To this the Secretary replied on the 13th December, 1854, and concludes his reply with the following paragraph:

"In conclusion, I will take occasion to say, [illegible] the offer of the very important command [illegible] you had the best evidence of the [illegible] were held. If, in this field of duty, [illegible] forcibly describe as [illegible] in extent [illegible] empire, you have failed to retain the confidence reposed in you, it would seem to be cause for regret rather than [illegible]."

"In a preceding paragraph the [illegible] says: 'On the whole, it appears [illegible] your correspondence on this subject [illegible] a want of definite purpose and system in the disposal of the troops, which I can only attribute to the devotion of so undue portion of your time and attention to other than the proper duties of your command.'"

Here is a pretty direct charge of neglect of duty, made in a manner that implies a suggestion that Gen. Wool was attending to something that was very far from being agreeable to the Secretary of War, or to Col. Jeff. Davis, individually.

The key to this correspondence may [illegible] be found [illegible] the citizens of San Francisco, at which Mr. F. made some severe strictures upon Gen. Davis, which Gen. W. did not feel called upon to reply to.

Mr. Norris, Senator from New Hampshire, was reported dead yesterday from a disease of the heart. He is quite ill, but hopes are entertained of his recovery.

MAISON ROUGE.

CONGRESS.

In the SENATE, on the 10th, Mr. Foote presented the memorial of George P. Marsh, the resident Minister at Constantinople, praying remuneration for services performed in a judicial capacity and in the mission to Greece. Referred.

Mr. Dawson gave notice that he had received a letter from the Mayor of Savannah, Georgia, stating that that city suffered severely during the past year from sickness, and recently from storms. That it is indispensable that the obstructions in that harbor be removed; and asking him to report a special bill for that purpose. To-morrow he said he would report such a bill.

Mr. Cass moved the assignment of the first Monday in February next for the consideration of Mr. Underwood's resolutions relating to the freedom of religious worship in foreign countries. Agreed to.

The Judicial Reform bill was then taken up. The question upon Mr. Chase's amendment to dispense with circuit services on the part of the Judges of the Supreme Court, and a diminution of the number of said Judges to six whenever the present incumbents, by decease or otherwise, shall have created vacancies. Some discussion ensued, after which the Senate went into Executive session.

In the HOUSE, Mr. Richardson introduced a bill to improve the Mississippi river and its tributaries. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

The bill amendatory of the Land Graduation act, was announced as the first business in order, to which was appended Mr. Dawson's amendment giving a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres of land at 14½ cts. per acre, on condition of actual settlement and cultivation.

Mr. Campbell did not like this way of tacking the Homestead principle on this bill, and then driving it through under the operation of the previous question. Let the House wait until the Homestead bill, as amended by Mr. Hunter in the Senate, shall come up, before they attempt to engraft the Homestead provision.

Mr. Orr was opposed to the Homestead principle, as the effect would be to take the common fund belonging to all the States for the purpose of draining the old States to settle the new.

In reply to a question from Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, he said the national increase of population and emigration would settle the territories.

Mr. Dawson showed that free grants of land was not a new principle, as asserted by Mr. Orr. It has been the policy of the government from its commencement.

Mr. Orr replied, saying that the tendency of the times is to make the people lean on the government, when the government should lean on the people, it was time to put a stop to it.

Mr. Campbell moved the bill and amendments be referred to the Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union.

The motion was disagreed to—yeas 82, nays 89.

The question was then stated on agreeing to Mr. Dawson's amendment, providing in substance, that any free person, or head of a family and a citizen of the United States, shall be entitled to enter a quarter section of land at 14½ cents per acre, to be paid at the expiration of five years from the date of the entry.

The fifth section proposed similar benefits to any individual now a resident of any State or territory, not a citizen of the United States, but who, at the time of the passage of the act shall have filed a declaration of his intention to become such citizen, after five years of actual settlement and cultivation for five years.

Mr. Cobb opposed the amendment. The homestead question should stand on its own merits, and not embarrass the bill pending.—The Homestead bill could not pass the Senate. He argued in favor of striking out the fifth section, as it was of questionable propriety. If foreigners hereafter to come hither shall not be excluded he would vote against the amendment.

Mr. Dawson replied that he would, if there was any doubt about the fifth section, consent to strike it out.

Mr. Etheridge said it extended the benefits of homesteads to foreigners hereafter to arrive. He wanted to exclude the immense foreign emigration.

Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, contended that naturalized foreigners should have the benefits of citizenship as guarantied by the Constitution. If the object is to exclude them, repeal the naturalization laws.

Mr. Cob was against legislating for persons now resident of foreign countries. Let those here not be first attended to.

Mr. Dawson's homestead amendment was then rejected. Yeas 72, Nays 93.

The bill amendatory of the land graduation bill was then likewise rejected—yeas 68, nays 95. It was intended to guard against abuses, requiring the person entering lands to swear that the doing so is for his own benefits, and not for that of another directly or indirectly—No persons to be entitled to the benefits of the act except citizens of the United States and those who have filed their intention to become such.

Mr. Dawson moved that the House proceed to the consideration of the business on the Speaker's table, with a view of reaching the Homestead bill as returned from the Senate with amendments, pending which motion the House adjourned.

Threatened Bombardment of a Town by a U. S. Steamer.

We have heretofore published accounts of the difficulty between the Government of Paraguay, and Mr. Hopkins, the U. S. Consul. The Buenos Ayres British Packet, of the 21st October, has the following additional particulars of the affair:

In pursuance of what we consider a short-sighted policy, the Government of Paraguay ordered all North American citizens to quit the territory of the Republic, with a special proviso in the case of ex-Consul Hopkins, that he should resign all claims and pretensions to certain lands, which he had purchased from the Government, in other days and circumstances, and of which he must be held the legitimate owner. With this condition Mr. Hopkins refused to comply, and to avoid a forcible separation from his countrymen, applied to the commander of the Water Witch, who interposed his services in the off-hand way customary with the class to which he belongs.

This was an intimation to the effect that if Mr. Hopkins and the other North Americans were not allowed to embark without molestation, the Water Witch would commence a bombardment of the city of Assumcion, the capital of Paraguay, at a specified hour of the following day.

Accordingly, on the ensuing morning, the Water-Witch took up a position, with her guns, double shotted, bearing in the direction of the Presidential Palace. "With all the pomp and circumstance of glorious war," each man occupied his place, and the lighted match only awaited a signal, available from the commanding officer, to re-enact, in the placid waters of Paraguay, the revolting tragedy of Greytown.

In this emergency, the Paraguayans wisely deemed "prudence the better part of valor," and not a man, woman, or child, was to be seen in the streets of Assumcion. Mr. Hopkins and all others were allowed to embark without molestation, in the boats of the "Water-Witch," and in due course were transported to Corrientes, where we leave them in the meantime, to muse on the "strange mutations of fortune." We understand a superior officer of the "Water-Witch" has arrived in this city; but whither bound, or with what mission charged, deponent saith not; possibly it may be to report progress to the commander-in-chief upon the station."

The same paper of the 28th of October, states that as the first fruit of the unhappy squabble, a decree has been issued closing the river Paraguay against foreign vessels of war of all nations.

WASHINGTON NEWS.—A despatch from Washington of the 10th inst., says:

The Democratic Senators have had a preliminary meeting and will shortly make a demonstration defining the position of the Democracy upon the subject of secret societies for political purposes. Senator Adams, of Mississippi, is said to be the only Democratic Senator who is disinclined to take ground against these societies.

The Pacific Railroad Bill will be the special order of the Senate till the 18th inst.

The Committee of Ways and Means in the Senate will endeavor to call up at the first opportunity, the bill reported from it at the last session to regulate the duties on imports. This bill continues the ad valorem duty of 100 per cent. on liquors, &c.; and establishes a scale of duties on other articles of 5, 10, 15 and 20 per cent. ad valorem, respectively, with a free list comprising a few unimportant articles.

The bill recommended by the Secretary of the Treasury also continues the duty of 100 per cent. ad valorem on liquors, &c., but establishes a single rate of duty of 25 per cent. ad valorem on all other articles except those enumerated in an extensive free list.

The Senate to-day confirmed the treaty with the Chippewa Indians; also confirmed the appointment of W. W. Drummond as Judge of Utah; and C. P. Ellis as postmaster in Ohio. Locality not ascertained.

The Railroads of the United States.

The January number of *Hunt's Merchants' Magazine*, publishes a tabular statement of the names, length, locality, and the time of opening of all the Railroads in the United States. This article occupies nine or ten pages of the Magazine. It is introduced with comparative statements of Railways in Europe. From it we learn that the longest railway in the world is the Illinois Central, which, with its branches, is 731 miles in length, and has been constructed at a cost of $15,000,000. The number of miles of railway in the United States exceeds the rest of the world by the amount of 2,713 miles.

The total number of railways completed in the United States is 271; the number of railways in course of construction is 174; the number of miles in operation, 21,528, which have been constructed at a cost of $616,764,323.—The number of miles in course of construction is 16,738.

The State of Massachusetts has one mile of railway to each seven square miles of its geographical surface; Essex county, in that State, with a geographical surface of 460 square miles, has 120 miles of railway facility; which is a ratio of one mile of railway to each three square miles of its surface.

The number of miles of railway now in operation upon the surface of the globe is 46,344; of which 17,[illegible] are in the Eastern, and 28,[illegible] are in the Western Hemisphere, and which are distributed as follows:—In Great Britain [illegible] miles; in Germany, 5,340 miles; in [illegible]; in Belgium, 536 miles; in [illegible] in Italy, 170 miles; in [illegible] Norway, 40 miles; in Spain, [illegible]; in Africa, [illegible] miles; in India, 160 miles; [illegible] United States, 21,528 miles; in the British Provinces, 1,[illegible] miles; in the island of Cuba, 350 miles; in Panama, 50 miles; in South America, 90 miles.

GALE AND LOSS OF LIFE AT ASPINWALL.—By the *North Star* at New York, from Aspinwall, we have received particulars of the destructive gale of the 31st ult., already alluded to by the telegraph.

On the morning of the 31st ult., about four o'clock, P. M., a heavy Norther sprung up at Aspinwall, which resulted in a great loss of life and property in the port. At the commencement of the gale, the following vessels were alongside the wharves and moored in the bay:—The British R. M. steamer Derwent; U. S. mail steamer North Star; brig Alvaro; brig Flying Cloud; schr. Clinton, and several coasting vessels. In anticipation of a great emertion that may escaped. The steamer Derwent got under way and stood out to sea shortly after the commencement of the gale; the steamer North Star was compelled to adopt the same course a short time afterward.

The brig Flying Cloud, of New York, Capt. Maybood, dragged her anchors, and went ashore at the head of the bay, when she bilged, and in a short time became a total wreck. The captain and crew left the vessel in a boat, which capsized when but a short distance from her. The captain and seven men perished in the breakers. Mr. Miley, the mate, and two of the crew, succeeded in reaching the shore. All this occurred in sight of those on shore, but the sea would not admit of efforts to rescue them.

The brig Alvaro, of New York, dragged her anchors, was thrown on a reef, and then through the costly wharf of the United States Mail Steamship Company, almost destroying the wharf, and making a total wreck of the brig. No lives were lost.

The schooner Clinton escaped, and when the North Star left was lying on the opposite side of the bay, with two feet water in her hold.

A Carthagenian schooner, name unknown, filled & sunk near the wharf of the Railroad Company. There was but one person on board at the time. He was rescued by a boat from one of the vessels in port.

By the last arrival from Aspinwall, we had intelligence of an act which had passed the Central Congress providing for the independence of the Isthmus, under certain restrictions. El Panameño, the organ of the native population of the province, says that the measure as passed, does not satisfy the wants of the people, and that it appears as if it was intended to curtail instead of extend the privileges already enjoyed by the provinces under their constitutions.

FROM PANAMA AND CENTRAL AMERICA.—Our Panama papers are to the 30th of December. The local news from the Isthmus paper is but of little moment. The weather had been remarkably fine previous to the storm, the effects of which are detailed above, and no sickness of any kind prevailed.

The citizens of Panama were agitating the subject of a great celebration in honor of the opening of the railroad when the event takes place.

From the seat of Central Government, the news is important. Melo and his party were totally defeated at Bogota on the 4th of December, after an obstinate resistance of two days, in which the loss on the side of the revolutionists was very great, and that on the part of the constitutional army comparatively small. Melo and many of his leading partisans were taken prisoners. Castro was still at large, but it was anticipated that he would not long remain so. The rejoicings of the constitutionalists were tempered by the loss of Gen. Herrera and Gen. Mendoza, who were both mortally wounded.

The Supreme Court had ordered President Obando to be placed under arrest; he was imprisoned in the house of Monsenor Barili.

From a letter published in the Panameno, we learn that the final engagement between the constitutionalists and the revolutionists lasted two days, in which the former were successful. More than two thousand of Melo's party have been taken prisoners.

The late lamented General Herrera was shot in the groin on the morning of the 4th instant, at 6½ o'clock, and expired at 2 o'clock on the morning of the following day. His remains were accompanied to the grave by upwards of thirty thousand people.

Visit of the Old Defenders to Mount Vernon.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The old soldiers visited Mount Vernon to-day, stopping at Fort Washington on their way back. The day was very beautiful, and the old veterans were full of life and gayety. They were accompanied by a large number of ladies. At the tomb of Washington I noticed the present Mrs. Washington leaning upon the arm of an old soldier from Kentucky, the son of an officer who fought under General Washington at Yorktown.—Eloquent speeches were made by Mr. Wilson, the representative of the six Indian nations; and by Mr. Sutherland, the President of the Convention. Several speeches were also made on board of the boat. One by Dr. Sundown, a Seneca Indian, as interpreted by one of his tribe, was highly interesting and full of historical reminiscences. He was frequently interrupted by bursts of applause.

After he concluded, Gen L. Coombe addressed the old soldiers in behalf of the red men who once owned this beautiful country, but now had scarcely enough left for a grave yard. He said some of them had fought by his side during the last war with Great Britain, with perfect self-devotion; and had shared his captivity and suffering. He would scorn to be the beneficiary of a government which would take everything and give nothing in return—that the Indians were poor and the Government rich; and he hoped his brother soldiers would contribute enough to send them home, and make the pot boil when they got there.

On reaching the National Hotel, Washington, the old soldiers were again addressed by Gen. Coombe in a brief farewell speech, after which funds were subscribed through the efforts of Col. Young and Col. Baldwin, to pay the expenses of the poor soldiers and Indians, and all retired to their several abodes, fatigued but delighted with the events of the day.

BEAUTIFUL INCIDENT.—A correspondent of the Preston (England) Chronicle gives the following anecdote:—A good while ago a boy named Charlie had a large dog which was very fond of water, and in hot weather he used to swim across the river near which the boy lived. One day the thought struck him that it would be fine fun to make the dog carry him across the river, so he tied a string to the dog's collar, and down with him to the water's edge, where he took off all his clothes; and then, holding hard by the dog's neck and the bit of string, he went into the water, and the dog pulled him across. After playing about on the other side for some time, they returned in the way they had come; but when Charlie looked for his clothes, he could find nothing but his shoes! The wind had blown all the rest into the water. The dog saw what had happened, and making his little master let go the string, by which he believed to hold him, he dashed into the river, and brought out first his coat, and then his other pieces one by one. Charlie dressed and went home in his wet clothes, and told his mother what fun he and the dog had had. His mother told him that he did very wrong in going across the river as he had done, and that he should thank God for making the dog take him over and back again safely; for if the dog had made him let go in the river he would most likely have sunk, and been drowned. Little Charlie said, "Shall I thank God now, mamma?" and he kneeled down at his mother's knee and thanked God; then, getting up again, he threw his arms around his dog's neck, saying, "I thank you too dear doggie, for not letting go." Little Charlie is now Admiral Sir Charles Napier.

FIRES IN ST. MARTINSVILLE.—The Attakapas *Gazette* of the 13th, has the following:

On Monday last, 8th instant, between 9 and 10 o'clock, A. M., another fire broke out in this town, which consumed the kitchen of Mr. Louis Dore. But for the indefatigable exertions of our citizens, who were on the spot in time, the dwelling house would have shared the same fate to the destructive element.

Still Another.—Between 1 and 2 o'clock on the morning of Wednesday last, 10th instant, the sugar house of Mr. Olivier Duclozel, situated about one mile from this town, was destroyed by fire, with its contents, consisting of 150 hhds. sugar and 50 bbls. molasses. A large stable full of provender, a large shed and every thing within two hundred feet of the sugar house was destroyed. The sugar house, sugar and molasses were insured.

☞ A despatch from New York of the 11th instant, says:

James McBride, Esq., one of our well known and opulent citizens, died last night.

The rumors about Dr. Graham, murderer of Col. Loring, being intoxicated in prison, are wholly incorrect.

We have an exceedingly disagreeable day. It has been snowing rapidly all the morning.

The directors of the Michigan Central Railroad have declared a dividend of 6 per cent., payable 1st July.

☞ The Imperial Government of Brazil has made a new contract with the Company of Navigation and Commerce of the Amazons, by which the latter relinquishes the exclusive right to the navigation of the Amazons, which the new contract opens to the competition of all Brazilians.

☞ Miss "Coutts" follows Grisi and Mario to Philadelphia and Washington, as a shadow follows the sun. The press comments upon her progress and dress as part of the opera show. Miss Coutts has paid $50 for a front seat in the theatre at Washington, it seems. It is said that a commission *de lunatico* has been sent out by the family of the lady, and that Mario has given his deposition that she is a monomaniac.

ECLIPSES IN THE YEAR 1855.—There will be this year four eclipses, two of the sun and two of the moon.

The First—a total eclipse of the moon, May 1st, at 10 o'clock, 56 minutes in the evening; visible.

The Second—A partial eclipse of the sun, May 16th, at 9 o'clock 9 minutes in the evening—invisible here. Only visible towards the North [illegible] Greenland and the north part of North America, latitude 60 and 61.

The Third—A total eclipse of the [illegible] o'clock 36 minutes in the [illegible] invisible.

The Fourth—A partial eclipse [illegible] November 9th, at 3 o'clock [illegible] afternoon; invisible here, and [illegible] the South Pole.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.—Wednesday, January 10, 1855.

No. 42. Edward M. West, plaintiff in error, *vs.* Joseph Cochran. The argument of this cause was commenced by Mr. Ewing for the plaintiff in error, and continued by Mr. Hill for the defendant in error.

Adjourned till to-morrow, 11 o'clock.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—*Trial for Manslaughter.*—In this Court yesterday, Juan Pastor, charged with killing Juan Pastor, was brought up for trial. Although this is the first time the case has been before a jury for trial, the indictment, strong enough, was found over two years ago. The circumstances, which are undoubtedly fresh in the minds of many of our readers, are as follows: Pastor, the deceased, and Pages, the accused, who were partners, were fishdealers in the Vegetable Market. On the morning of the 12th April, 1853, about 7 o'clock, the deceased took from the table of the accused in the said market a quantity of fish which he was requested by the [illegible] to take for his table; this [illegible] refused to do. He was three times requested to remove the fish and still neglected to comply. The parties then came to blows over the matter, but were separated by the Commissary of the market. Pastor then challenged Pages on the spot to a fight in the Lake and fight a duel. This the accused declined, saying himself unwilling to do, but stated that it was in the habit of visiting the Lake each morning, and that if he should continue to meet him there, when his business called him that way.—At 11 o'clock of the same morning the parties met each other at Milneburg, having gone there, ostensibly at least, for the purchase of fish. Pages proceeded out along the Lake shore to an unfrequented spot, about a quarter of a mile back of the Washington Hotel, where he was again met by Pastor, where after having exchanged their weapons, which were long fish knives, they commenced fighting, and the former was wounded in the right side by his antagonist at his first thrust. Shortly after, the deceased received two mortal wounds in the left side of the breast from the accused, from the effects of which he fell down and died almost instantly. Two men acquainted with the parties, stood off at a short distance and witnessed the encounter. Pages then went immediately before Recorder Genois of the Third District, and made an affidavit, stating that he had killed his antagonist in self defence, and that the meeting was unpremeditated on his part. He was held to appear in the sum of $2,000.

The defence yesterday was conducted by Z. Latour, Esq., who demanded the acquittal of his client on the broad ground of self-defence. On the part of the Attorney-General Morse and the District Attorney, Mr. Tappan appeared. In his address to the Jury, Mr. Tappan said that Juries should discharge their duty—they should divest themselves of sympathies and be independent of prejudices; that the Jury in this case, if they found the law had been violated, should not attempt to legislate, but should administer the law as it exists. He then quoted numerous authorities to show that, under the circumstances, the case was one of murder or manslaughter, and that where death ensues in a deliberate duel, the slayer is guilty of murder.

At half past two o'clock the case was submitted to the Jury, who retired from the Court, and after an hour, returned, and the Foreman stated that they were unable to agree. The Jury was then sent back by the Court, but had not agreed on a verdict up to a late hour last night.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT.—*Judge Reynolds.*—Wright, Williams & Co., *vs.* Stone & Walworth.—This action was brought to recover of defendants $1,300 96, the price of thirty-six hogsheads of sugar, and also charging the defendant, Caleb Stone, with fraud under the act of 1840. The plaintiffs say that on the 10th of May, 1853, they sold the defendants thirty six hogsheads of sugar for cash the purchase being personally made by defendant, Caleb Stone, that the defendants, without paying for the same, with the intention of defrauding plaintiffs, disposed of the sugar, and thereby deprived plaintiffs of their privilege as vendors. The cause was tried yesterday by a jury, who returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiffs for the amount claimed, interest and costs, and also found the defendant, Stone, guilty of fraud. The court sentenced Mr. Stone to eighteen months imprisonment in the Parish Prison.

FIRST DISTRICT.

LARCENY.—Timothy Spelman, a porter at the St. Charles Hotel, was yesterday arrested, charged with stealing a pocket-book containing fifteen dollars, from Patrick Hays, another attaché of that establishment. The accused gave bail to appear before the Recorder at a future day.

SENT BEFORE THE FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—John Long, charged with stealing a coat from John Cow, and another from John W. Miller, was yesterday examined by Recorder Bright, and sent before the First District Court.

THE MURDERS IN ST. THOMAS STREET.—*Examination of Callaghan and Haggerty.*—Daniel Callaghan and Patrick Haggerty, charged with having, on Saturday night, the 30th of December, on St. Thomas street, in Cordeory Alley, stabbed two men named John Hallegan and Peter McCormick, in the abdomen, inflicting wounds of which they died in the Charity Hospital on the 1st instant, were yesterday brought up before Recorder Bright for examination.

Sam'l Choppin, M. D., was first called, and testified that he held a post mortem examination on the bodies of the two deceased in the Charity Hospital, and found that Hallegan died of *peritonitis* caused by a penetrating wound situated on the left side of the abdomen, and McCormick, of hemorrhage caused by a wound of the ulnar artery—both of which wounds must have been inflicted by [illegible] examined caused the death of the deceased. The knife which was found in Callaghan's possession at the time of his arrest was shown to him; he thought it would make such wounds.

Rose Mansion, the wife of John Mansion, the keeper of the lodging-house in Cordeory Alley, where the murders were committed, testified that she knows the two accused; that on the night of the 30th of December, about half past eleven o'clock, she heard a noise in the yard and went to see what it was. She went out to learn what the matter. John Hallegan and Philip Coyle came out soon after her, when the latter was immediately stabbed by Daniel Callaghan, the prisoner at the bar; as he was going through the gate, witness also saw him stab John Hallegan at the same time; the knife was on both occasions in his left hand. After that, several men rushed into the gate into the yard and knocked Hallegan down; she saw the accused, Callaghan, kicking him after he was down. She then rushed up and threw herself on Hallegan's body to shield him, and cried "murder!" as loud as she could. Callaghan then seized her and threw her on the back and struck her a blow which rendered her senseless. She saw nothing more of the affair, having been carried into the house by some persons unknown to her, while in this condition. She afterwards saw Hallegan at the Charity Hospital, when he told her that it was Daniel Callaghan who had stabbed him, but did not say anything about Haggerty.

John Mansion, the keeper of the lodging house, testified that on the night in question, at the time above stated, while he was standing in his yard looking into the kitchen, he received a blow in the side from a stone bottle thrown by some unknown person. He then ran into the house. His wife and sons, with John Hallegan, Philip Coyle, Peter McCormick, John Keen and Robert Shorty after ran out, and had been out not more than a minute when he heard a cry of "murder!" He did not go out because he was afraid to do so. The rest of the testimony of this witness was of little importance.

[illegible] testified that she saw Callaghan stab Hallegan and also Coyle, and corroborated the testimony generally of the above two witnesses.

Robt. Barker, a brother of Mansion's, testified that hearing a noise in the yard attached to the house, on the night of the occurrence, he ran out into the yard, and was shortly after seized by Callaghan, who struck him on the belly with a knife; he then received a blow on the head which stunned him, and he knows nothing further of the matter. Several other witnesses were examined, whose testimonies were entirely corroborative of the above. After the hearing of which, Recorder Bright committed the accused to appear before the 1st District Court on the charge of murder.

SECOND DISTRICT.

USING A DANGEROUS WEAPON.—William O'Reilly was yesterday arrested at the instance of Hiram Smith, who charges him with having cut him in the face yesterday with a knife, while they were in an affray. The accused awaits examination.

STEALING CLOTHING.—Randolph Taylor was taken into custody yesterday, on suspicion of having robbed Emanuel Meyer of a carpet bag containing clothing valued at $35. He is to be examined on the charge on the 27th.

SCALDING.—A negro boy named Auguste, belonging to Mr. Adolphe Charbonnet, was severely scalded on Tuesday afternoon, by a pot of boiling water being thrown in his face by another slave named Hippolite, who was taken into custody and awaits a punishment for this piece of malicious mischief.

STABBING AFFAIR.—On Tuesday night, about ten o'clock, a difficulty occurred at the house of Thomas Farrell, in Derbigny street, between St. Louis and Toulouse streets, between Farrell and a man named Owen McCormick, which had its rise in a dispute the wives of the parties had had. During the affair the former drew a dagger and undertook to stab the latter with it who ran out into the yard pursued by the other. Here Farrell succeeded in stabbing him and inflicted on him a deep and very dangerous wound in the abdomen on the left side. The culprit then immediately fled, and has not yet been arrested. In his hurry he dropped the scabbard of the dagger and left it behind him in the yard. The wounded man was conveyed to his house near by, and is now lying in a highly dangerous condition.

THE WORKHOUSE.—A dozen fellows, of there abouts, who were found on Monday night by the Second District police sleeping in coffee-houses on Old Levée street, were yesterday sent to the workhouse by Recorder Ramos. The day previous, twenty-six of this class of poor devils, who were found sleeping under the new wharf at the foot of Canal street, the night before, were provided for in the same way. This class is, we are sorry to see, rapidly increasing in our midst, notwithstanding the manner in which they are prosecuted by the police. The workhouse is, we understand, now filled up to overflowing, and can accommodate no more, and these vagabonds must be sent elsewhere, or left at large.

FINED.—John Smith was yesterday fined $50 by the Recorder, for having participated in an assault and battery, trespass and breach of the peace. John will be more circumspect in his deportment here after.

SUICIDE.—The body of a respectable young woman named Bridget Smith, was found yesterday morning about 7 o'clock in the river, on the Algiers side, opposite the Second District ferry landing. A Coroner's inquest was held and a verdict of suicide by drowning was rendered. She lived in Algiers, and had the night previous retired to rest as usual, but was found missing from her room at an early hour in the morning. Search being made, her body was found in the river as above stated, with only her night clothing on. The deceased was 26 years of age, and was a native of Ireland, and had been in this country but two months. Disappointment in love is supposed to have been the cause of the dreadful act.

THIRD DISTRICT.

FINED.—Michael Clark, the driver of dray No. 1282, was yesterday fined $5 by Recorder Bruxeman, for driving his dray over unfinished pavements.

William [illegible] was fined $25 for carrying concealed weapons, and being considered a dangerous and suspicious character, was required to give $1,000 security for his good behavior.

[illegible]—John Goffer was yesterday committed by Recorder [illegible] to appear before the First District Court [illegible] a charge of having committed a violent assault and battery on Michael Regan [illegible] on the 15th inst.

[illegible] charged with committing an assault and battery on Mrs. Burns, and C. Hammel charged with brutally beating a child, nine years old, were likewise sent before the First District Court.

[illegible]—David Jordan and James Flynn were yesterday sent to the workhouse by the Recorder, for [illegible] days each; they being considered dangerous and suspicious characters, who, it is believed, might commit depredations upon the community.

ROBBERY.—Mrs. Louisa Anderson, yesterday [illegible] stating that on the 4th inst., her house at the corner of Bagatelle and Good Children, was entered by three men, a trunk broken open, and $45 in money and several articles of clothing and jewelry, valued at about $60, taken away. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the suspected perpetrators of the crime.

[illegible] Vermifuge.

[illegible] This medicine is acknowledged by all who have used it to be far superior to any [illegible] heretofore offered to the public, for the expulsion of worms [illegible] Prepared only by JOHN WRIGHT & CO., [illegible] Druggists [illegible] New Orleans [illegible].

COMMERCIAL.

The Markets.

BEE OFFICE,
WEDNESDAY EVENING, Jan. 17, 1855.

There was an active demand again for Cotton to-day, and 9000 bales were sold at previous prices.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION—LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI.

Inferior	5⅞@6½	Fair	10@10¼
Ordinary	6⅞@7¼	Fully Fair	—@—
Middling	7⅞@8¼	Good Fair	—@—
Good Middling	8½@9	Good & Fine	—@—
Middling Fair	9½@9¾		

We did not hear of any transactions in Tobacco.

The Sugar market was firmer. Sales 1200 hhds. at 3½ @ 4c for Fair.

Molasses is active, and 1000 bbls were sold at 17@18c. Of plantation, 85,000 gallons were disposed of at 12½c.

In Flour, but little was done, owing to the light stock. Sales 1000 bbls at $9 50 for superfine.

Of Corn, 2000 sacks were sold at 90c.

Nothing of consequence was done in Oats.

Pork is retailing at former rates.

Of Lard, 250 bbls and tierces No. 1 were sold at 9c.

The transactions in Bacon are confined to retail lots.

Whiskey has advanced, with sales of 800 bbls rectified, at 27@28c. A small lot of raw brought 32c.

The sales of Coffee were 2400 bags, at 9¾@10c, including 1400 at the inside figure.

Exchange is in fair demand. We quote—

Sterling	6½@7¼	₩ cent prem
Francs	5f. 32½@5f 22½	₩ dol.
New York, sixty day bills	1¾@2¼	₩ cent disc
Do. Checks	¼@¾	₩ ct. prem
Boston, sixty days	2—@2½	₩ cent disc
Philadelphia, do	2½@3	₩ cent disc
Havana, sixty and eight days	—@—	₩ cent prem

Freights are unchanged. Three ships were taken for Liverpool, at 5d a 5¼d. 3s. 3d. ₩ bbl for Flour, and 8s 6d. for Provisions.

[Communication.]

The *Picayune* published about a month ago a notice of a would-be Yankee on the Redowa Waltz in which, as I have been told (for I do not understand English, and consequently do not read the *Picayune*,) it stated that it was the most horrible dance he had ever seen.

I am inclined to believe that that Yankee formed an opinion on this waltz from the manner in which it is danced in public and masked balls, as I find this be the case, he is perfectly right. I have attended a few such balls, and I am free to confess that it was a ridiculous and almost indecent *Boppe* or *Schottisch Waltz*, although it was marked Redowa Waltz. Let him know that the Redowa Waltz is considered, by the connoisseurs, as the most decent and graceful dance. I know not whether the Schottisch is taught by dancing masters, but it is true, they had better quit all my dancing saloons in order to learn the genuine Redowa. In conclusion, I invite the author of the letter and his admirers, if any there be, to call and judge of the Redowa Waltz, and I feel convinced that his opinion on the subject will quickly change.

MME. ANGELINA.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY!
Relief in Ten Minutes!!

BRYANT'S PULMONIC WAFERS are unfailing in the cure of COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT, HOARSENESS, DIFFICULT BREATHING, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, AND DISEASES OF THE LUNGS. They have no taste of medicine, and any child will take them. Thousands have been restored to health that had before despaired. Testimony given in hundreds of cases. A single dose relieves in TEN MINUTES.

Ask for Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—the original and only genuine is stamped "Bryan." Twenty-five cents a box. Sold by dealers generally. J. BRYAN & CO., Rochester, N. Y., Proprietors.

Sold in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, at proprietor's prices, by J. WRIGHT & CO., No. 151 Chartres street.
jan18-6t

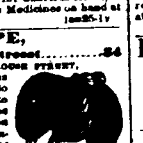
THE GRAEFENBERG MEDICINES
THE GRAEFENBERG MEDICINES
THE GRAEFENBERG MEDICINES
THE GRAEFENBERG MEDICINES

The GRAEFENBERG FAMILY MEDICINES are widely and justly celebrated as the most safe, valuable and reliable Family Medicines ever offered to the public. They are endorsed by the first Physicians of the day, and those who have used them guarantee their beneficial action.

"A most valuable Pamphlet containing a list of more than 40 diseases with their symptoms and treatment, can be obtained without charge," from J. WRIGHT & CO., AGENT, No. 151 Chartres street.

Who keeps a full supply of the Medicines on hand at all times. jan15-1y

OLYMPE,
34 ......Chartres street......34
Corner of Customhouse street.



RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies that, wishing to liquidate her stock previous to her departure for France, she has just made a large reduction on her Dry Goods, which consist principally in Dress Silks for balls and dress, Gauze and Crape Dresses for balls, Barege Dresses, Muslin and Printed Silks, Silk Handkerchiefs, Linen Sets, Embroidered Handkerchiefs, Velvet and Cloth Cloaks, Mantillas, &c., &c., and many other articles too numerous to be recorded here.

OLYMPE invites the Ladies to give her a call before purchasing elsewhere. jan18

SUNDRIES—
200 boxes Muscatel wine;
200 baskets Piegnol's olive oil;
100 boxes do do;
50 do olives and pickles;
40 barrels imitation Madeira;
40 do Burgundy port;
50 boxes assorted fruits in juice, Teyssonneau & Co;
25 baskets olive oil, Bacigalupi;
30 boxes strawberries in juice;
100 boxes Bordeaux Medoc claret wine;
175 do choiceat table claret wine;
100 do Sauterne and Barsac white wine;
50 baskets champagne, De Moncourt;
40 do do do do, in pints;
20 do do do Venoge & Co;
40 five gallon French demijohns, in store and for sale by FDO. DE FUENTES & CO.,
jan18-2w 27 Old Levee st

BARRELS—20,000 empty Cypress barrels for molasses; for sale by FDO. DE FUENTES & CO., 27 Old Levee st
jan18-1m

WINE—In store and for sale by the undersigned:
40 casks Burgundy wine;
40 do red wine B M;
40 pipes Villanueva red wine.
500 boxes good ordinary red wine STEPAN,
20 do claret brown Castenac.
FDO. DE FUENTES & CO., 28 Old Levee st

CHERRIES—100 boxes brandy cherries, superior quality; in store and for sale by FDO. DE FUENTES & CO., 27 Old Levee st
jan18-2w

BRANDY FRUITS—200 boxes brandy fruits; in store and for sale by FDO. DE FUENTES & CO., 27 Old Levee st
jan14-2w

ALMONDS—50 bales soft shell almonds; in store and for sale by FDO. DE FUENTES & CO., 27 Old Levee st
jan18-2w

SOAP—300 boxes Castile soap, in store and for sale by FDO. DE FUENTES & CO., 27 Old Levee st
jan18-2w

RED BEANS—50 bbls new, in store and for sale by DONNELLY, BEZZINA & CO., 95 Tchoupitoulas st
jan18

EXCHANGE on France for sale by TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO., 27 Old Levee.

SOAP—300 boxes Shillitoe' Olemic Oxide, for sale by VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO., 15 Tchoupitoulas st
jan18

BEEF—300 barrels and half barrels, J H Davis' mess, for sale by VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO., 15 Tchoupitoulas st
jan18

TONGUES—100 boxes choice Beef and Ox, for sale by VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO., 15 Tchoupitoulas st
jan18

LARD OIL—40 bbls Hunt & Son's pure winter strained, for sale by VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO., 15 Tchoupitoulas st
jan18

HAMS—30 tierces No 1 rejected, for sale by VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO., 15 Tchoupitoulas st
jan18

LANDING ex ship Gosport, from Havre—25 boxes Dutch Cheese, for sale by J. N. CURIEN, 23 Toulouse st
jan18

RECEIVED per steamboat Queen of the West, from Cincinnati—15 bbls 1st proof Brandy; 5 do 4th do do; 5 do Gin, Pike brand; for sale by J. N. CURIEN, 23 Toulouse st
jan18

LANDING ex ship Alabama, from Genoa—50 blocks Italian white marble; 350 plate do do do; for sale by LANATA, GANDOLFO & CO., 9 and 10 Jefferson st
jan18

OIL—500 baskets, 12 bottles superfine oil of Bairg; 400 do, 24 half do do do; 200 boxes macaroni; 200 do Vermicelli; 12 do Arable gum; 5 do almonds; landing ex bark Alabama, from Genoa, for sale by LANATA, GANDOLFO & CO., 9 and 10 Jefferson st
jan18

RAISINS, ORANGES AND LEMONS—2500 bxs Raisins M R & London Layers; 1500 half do do; 1500 quarter do do do; 538 quarter do lemons, 209 qr do oranges; landing ex bark Alabama, and for sale by LANATA, GANDOLFO & CO., 9 and 10 Jefferson st
jan18

IN STORE—5000 Demijohns of 1, 2 and 3 gallons, for sale by JOS. LANATA, 11 Jefferson and 12 Toulouse sts
jan18

IN STORE—200 baskets Champagne; 400 do Oil, Bacigalupi, and 50 do Piagniol, for sale by JOS. LANATA, 11 Jefferson and 12 Toulouse sts
jan18

IN STORE—150 casks red Wine; 125 bbls white Wine; 5 half pipes old Madeira Wine; 25 qr do Brandy, Talemy; 60 eighth do do; 25 qr do Brandy, St. Brice; 30 eighth do do; 100 bbls [illegible] Malaga Wine, for sale by JOS. LANATA, 11 Jefferson and 12 [illegible] sts
jan18

EXPECTED per ship Columbia, from Marseilles, and for sale to arrive:
500 boxes Vermouth, Noilly; 500 do Muscat Wine; 24 bbls shelled Almonds; 66 do Chesnuts; 10 do Tomato Preserves; 6 bales Stockfish; 150 boxes Vermicelli and Macaroni. JOS. LANATA, 11 Jefferson and 12 Toulouse sts
jan18

JED'N WATERMAN. CHAS. M. WATERMAN.
J. WATERMAN & BRO.,
HARDWARE MERCHANTS,
Corner of Common and Magazine streets,

HAVE on hand and are daily receiving by foreign and domestic arrivals, a general assortment of domestic articles, comprising in part as follows:

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, ETC.

Iron, Steel, Nails, Rope,
Axes, Chains, Scythes,
Carpenter's Tools, complete,
Cooper's Tools,
Anvils, Vices, Bellows,
Scales and Dies, Screwplates,
Garden Engines, Pumps,
Ploughs, Hay Cutters, Corn Shellers,
Agricultural Implements,
Mill, Crosscut and Pit Saws,
Ox Yokes, Bows, and Singletrees
Tanning Leather,
Platform Scales,
Corn Mills,
Cob Crushers,
Hoes, Hames, Shovels and Spades,
Andirons, Fenders, Shovel and Tongs,
Coal and Iron Coal Hods,
Single and Double Barrel Guns,
Coffee Mocks, Chafing Dishes,
Chinese Gongs, Iron Bedsteads,
Britannia and Plated Ware,
Meat Cutters, Sausage Stuffers,
Stock Knives, Portable Forges,
Seines, Fishing Tackles, &c., &c.
a18

G. LAVIE,
St. Charles street, No. 5, between Canal and Common streets.

RECEIVED by late arrivals from Europe, the complete assortment of [illegible] Goods, comprising: Linens and cotton Shirts, all qualities; Silk, colored, merino, cashmere and cotton Socks, Silk [illegible] Shirts and Drawers; Silk, colored, bleached and brown Half-Hose; Grey & white woolen, merino and cashmere Half-hose; Assorted Foulards and poplin Handkerchiefs; Superior Jouvin Gloves; Assorted silk and woolen Gloves; Black and colored Cravats and Collars, all styles; New style Suspenders; Turkish Caps; Assorted silk and cotton Umbrellas, all sizes; A full and varied assortment of Walking Canes; Fine [illegible] from the best Paris houses; [illegible] Meerschaum Pipes, warranted genuine, Amber tops [illegible]; Cigar Cases and Tobacco Pockets; [illegible] and French Cutlery; [illegible] and Gentlemens' Boots; [illegible] Rifles, Pistols and Caps; [illegible] LARGE ASSORTMENT OF [illegible].

Dolls, [illegible] collection of Fancy Gift Articles.

Conti St. Veranda Hotel.

MADAME GEORGE begs leave to inform her friends and the public generally, that she has just entirely repaired and refitted the Conti street Veranda Hotel, No. 36 Conti street, between Chartres and Levee streets, in the most commodious and comfortable manner, for the accommodation of such persons as will favor her with their patronage.

[illegible]

MADAME GEORGE [illegible]

MONARCH FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF LONDON.

Subscribed Capital and Surplus Fund ... $2,000,000
Special Fund, $150,000, held by New York Trustees to meet Losses.

NEW YORK TRUSTEES:
John L. Aspinwall, George Curtis
Watts Sherman.

NEW YORK DIRECTORS:
Silas K. Everett, Benj. A. Mumford,
James Harper, Geo. B. Morewood,
Robert Haydock, Joseph Stewart,
Wm. L. King, Benj. M. Whitlock.
Wm. H. Macy,

Wm. ALLING, Agent.
No. 57 St. Charles st.
oct18-6m

NOTICE is hereby given that a general meeting of the Stockholders of the Louisiana Rice Mill Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 81 St. Joseph street, New Orleans, on the 8th day of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of altering and amending the Act of Incorporation of the Company, and for other business.

H. ROBB, Secretary.
New Orleans, January 17th, 1855. jan18 1t

New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad Company.

WEDNESDAY, 17th January, 1855.

AT an election for Directors held this day, in accordance with the charter of the Company, under the undersigned, as Commissioners appointed for said election, the polls were opened and closed according to public notice, and upon counting the votes given and the number of shares represented, it appeared that the requisite stock had not been represented at the election;—and, therefore, the election is adjourned (in conformity with the requirements of the charter for such cases made and provided) for one week, viz: to WEDNESDAY, Jany 24th, 1855, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 o'clock, P. M., when a new election will be held.—Those who have already voted, as well as all other Stockholders, are requested to attend said poll their votes.

CHARLES B. SINGLETON, }
L. BURTHE, } Commissioners.
JOHN HUGHES. }
jan 18—1w

New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad Company.

MONDAY, 15th January, 1855.

PURSUANT to the provisions of the Charter of the Company, and agreeably to public notice, a meeting of the Stockholders of said Corporation was held at the office of the Company this day, at 6½ o'clock, P. M.

On motion, J. W. Zacharie, Esq., was called to the chair, and B. F. Flanders appointed Secretary.

Upon call, it appeared that two thousand four hundred and seventy three shares were represented, which not being a majority of the Stock of the Company as required by the Charter, the meeting, on motion, adjourned for one week,—to Monday next, 22d January, 1855.

J. W. ZACHARIE, Chairman.
BENJ. F. FLANDERS, Secretary. jan 17 1w

Ship Clara Wheeler.

THE ship [illegible] will discharge her cargo on Faubourg [illegible]. Goods not permitted will be sent to the public stores, at expense of consignees.—The ship lies Post 42, 3d District.

F. J. HART & Co.
ja17 3t

NOTICE.

WE beg to inform our customers that we have received an extensive assortment of French Drug and Patent Medicines, per ships Denmark, St. Charles, Hudson and J P Davis, &c., to which we respectfully call their attention to the advertisement in another column.

D PEREZ.
jan19

Wardens of St. Louis Church.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

NOTICE is hereby given to the public that the new St. Louis Cemetery, established by the above Wardens, and situated on Esplanade street, near the Bayou St. John, in the Third District, is opened for the inhumation of the dead from this day.

New Orleans, January 15, 1855.
ANT. DUBUC, Secretary.
jan 17 15t

$100 REWARD.

LOST, yesterday, at about 2 o'clock, in Bourbon street, between Conti and Bienville, a sum of EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS in four Bank notes as follows:—One of five hundred dollars and three of one hundred dollars each. One hundred dollars reward will be given to whoever will bring back the above to
jan17 1t B & A. SOULIE, 76 Bourbon st.

RECEIVED per ship Suffolk, from Havre, and for sale at very reduced prices—
20 drums genuine Gruyere Cheese, very superior quality.
50 doz. fine Rhenish Wine, from the celebrated brand of Hochheim, for sale by WM. FURBRINGER,
jan17 4t 22 Bienville st

Cotton Scrapers! Cotton Scrapers!

HAVING arranged with the manufacturers of the Cotton Scraper, invented solely by Reed & Robinson, for a constant supply, we shall continue to sell them to the trade on favorable terms.
jan17 1m H M BARLOW & CO, 18 Canal st

I GIVE notice to my friends and the public, that, from this date, being separated of bed and board from my wife, I will no longer be responsible for any debt she might contract.
E. CAILLOT, from Mandeville, La.
New Orleans, January 17, 1855. 2t

Jackson Institute.
179 St. Louis Street.

THE managers of this Institution inform the parents that Mr. FELIGNY has just begun his lectures on Literature. Young persons wishing to complete their studies would do well to avail themselves of the opportunity.

Mr. Gaudet, with eminent talent acknowledged by every body, will lecture also on Botany, Natural History and Natural Philosophy.

N. B.—It is not necessary to be a pupil of this establishment to be admitted to the above lectures.
jan17

St. Joseph College,
BARDSTOWN, KENTUCKY.

WOULD be pleased to take charge of any boys who may be for that College, and I will leave New Orleans for Kentucky about the 5th of March. Apply to Messrs BROWN, JOHNSTON & CO., 38 Camp street, New Orleans. J. P. QUEEN,
jan15 Agent

Bank of Louisiana,
NEW ORLEANS, January 11th, 1855.

THE Stockholders of this Institution are notified that the annual election for Directors will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, 22d inst., between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

R. M. DAVIS, Cashier.
jan12

NOTICE.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing under the style of Jos. N. Robert & Co., having been dissolved, Arnaud Pepin is alone charged with the collection of the accounts and liquidation of late firm, as per act passed before A. Chiapella, Notary Public in this city, on the 9th of January, inst.

JOS. N. ROBERT,
ARNAUD PEPIN.
New Orleans, January 9th, 1855. jan 10

DOMINGO BORNIO, Jr. MANUEL BORNIO, Havana.

The general commission business and importation of Havana produce, formerly transacted in this city by D. Bornio, Jr., will hereafter be conducted in New Orleans under the style of Bornio & Brother. Don Manuel Bornio, residing at Havana, having since the 1st of Jan'ary, 1855, become a member of said firm.

BORNIO & BROTHER,
34 Gravier st, New Orleans.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments to our friends at Havana. jan 11—30t

Consolidated Association of the Planters of Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, January 4th, 1855.

AN election of three Directors for the Stockholders will be held at this office on MONDAY, the 5th February next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., agreeably to an act of the Legislature, approved 6th April, 1847.

H. L. PEIRE, Cashier.
j5 3taw td

Citizens' Bank of Louisiana,
NEW ORLEANS, January 3d, 1855.

AN election of seven Directors of this Institution will be held at this office on MONDAY, the 5th February next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., in accordance with the acts of 28th April, 1853, and 10th March, 1854.

EUG. ROUSSEAU,
ja3 3taw15t Cashier.

Union Bank in Liquidation.

New Orleans, Jan. 14th, 1855.

AN election by the Stockholders for twelve Directors will take place on Monday, the 5th Feb. next, at the Banking House, between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock, P. M.

GEO. A. FRERET,
jan15 Cashier.

Succession of James E. North—Deceased.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of the late JAMES E. NORTH, are hereby notified to present their claims to the undersigned.

JAMES J. DAY, Testamentary Executor,
New Orleans, January 1st, 1855. ja3 1m d

THE public is hereby notified not to discount or negotiate the three following notes, viz: three notes of five hundred dollars each, drawn by me to my own order on the 12th December, 1854, and payable one at ninety days, one at six months, and the third at twelve months after date; which notes are now in possession of Mr. Charles Clement Bellenot, inasmuch as said notes shall not be paid at maturity for want of valuable consideration.

jan 15—6t J. LESNE.

For Sale.

A YOUNG mulatto GIRL, about 20 years of age: fully recommended, guarantied against the vices and diseases prescribed by law, excellent hairdresser, washer and house servant. ja12

SUNDRIES—Extra fine Liquors; Raspail's Elixir, Petit Lait of Henry IV; genuine Grande Chartreuse; Fruits in juice; brandy Fruits; Arrangues Brandy; alimentary Preserves of the house of Rodet & Son, to-wit: Truffled Mans pullets; truffled hares; truffled partridges; truffled quails; truffled larks; sausages; duck liver; goose liver; truffles, sardines; capers; mushrooms; paté's pots; plums in boxes and jars; preserves in jars; together with a large assortment of glass jars and family articles generally; for sale by

A. TAMBOURY & CO,
corner St Louis and Royal sts
ja

LINSEED OIL boiled to order at the factory of the New Orleans Bone Black Company. Apply to D. C. LOWBER, Agent,
jan8 6t 37 Poydras st

WINES AND BRANDIES—17 hf and 76 qr pipes old Cognac, Jean Louis, 1811; 17 eighth do do do, superior, Jean Louis; 1795; 11 bt do do Buckeye, 1825; 6 qr do, J Laville, 1849; 4 qr do, J J Durand, 1850; 9 pipes Gin, Anchor and Swan brands; 300 bbls superior and Malaga, sweet and dry; 100 casks ordinary Red Wine; 9 do Lafitte; 13 do Poyase; 9 boxes Chateau Lafitte; 11 do Margaux; 160 do Leoville, bottled and hf do; 125 do Haut Talence; 8 boxes Yquem White Wine; 600 baskets Star Champagne; 400 do Crown; 200 do Bouche Drouet do; 170 do Sillery; 40 boxes Prunes in jars; 40 do Mustard Louit; 1 box Chocolate—in the customhouse stores and entitled to debenture, for sale by J. & J. TARDOS,
jan17 31 Old Levee st

SEED WHEAT, RYE, BARLEY, RICE, CAROLINA COW PEAS, Egyptian Oats, all selected expressly for planting, for sale by
jan 15—6t D. C. LOWBER, 37 Poydras st.

FOLKSTONE HOTEL,
No. 9 CASTELLANE STREET, PARIS.

THIS Hotel, situated in the beautiful quarter of the Madeleine, near the Boulevards, the Tuileries and the Elysean Fields, is particularly [illegible] by STRANGERS and ENGLISH [illegible] who meet there with all desirable comfort. [illegible] PRIOLLAUD, who has become the owner and manager of the Hotel, has neglected none of the improvements calculated to please her countrymen, to-wit: elegance, taste and comfort, so seldom found in France. She hopes that those of her countrymen who may remember her, will do her the favor, while sojourning in Paris, to stop at her Hotel, where they will find rooms and apartments [illegible] excellent fare on moderate terms [illegible].

DRY GOODS, &C.

SILKS! SILKS!! SILKS!!!

M. R. Haggerty & Brother,
IMPORTERS OF
SILK AND SILK GOODS,
106 Canal and 8 Royal sts.

HAVING concluded to bring our extensive business to an unusually early close this fall, we now offer our complete stock of Silks and Silk Goods, at unusually low prices. We are now prepared to show:

3-4, 7-8, 4-4, 5-8, 6-4 and 8-4 BLACK GROS DE RHIN;
BLACK BOILED POULT DE SOIE, Moire Antique, black and colored;
500 pieces TAFFETAS ECOSSAIS, from 75 cents to $1 25 per yard;
REPS CADRILLES, extra heavy—very latest style for street and evening dresses;
BLACK BROCADE and DAMASK GROS D'AFRIQUE; Black Plaid Silks;
PLAIN CHANGEABLE GROS DE SUISSE—all shades. SMALL SCOTCH PLAIDS for children, in Silk and Worsted.
SATIN LEVANTINE, black and colored;
SATIN DE CHINE, " "
SATIN A LA REINE " "
SATIN FIRQUE, extra heavy, black and colored; together with a very extensive assortment of black and colored SILK VELVETS, SILK VELVET CLOTH, MERINO and CASHMERE CLOAKS TALMAS, PELISES, Children's Cashmere Cloaks; EMBROIDERIES, LACES, HOSIERY, Gloves, Haberdashery, Trimmings, Gimps; IRISH LINENS, SHEETINGS, Towelings, Napkins, Table Cloths, Cloth Table and Piano covers, LACE and Muslin CURTAINS, Silk and Worsted Damask, Cotton &c. PLANTATION Dry Goods, LINSEYS, Kerseys, Drills, Lowell Checks, Stripes, Negro Blankets, Counterpanes &c.

All of which we are desirous of closing out at the very lowest prices.

M. R. HAGGERTY & Bro.,
Importers of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, 106 Canal and 8 Royal Sts.
s13

Dry Goods! Dry Goods!!
WINTER DRY GOODS.
DIRECT IMPORTATION.

M. R. Haggerty & Brother, Importers of Foreign & Domestic Dry Goods.
106 CANAL & 8 ROYAL STREETS.

WE respectfully announce to our customers that we have now in store the most complete assortment of WINTER DRY GOODS, ever imported into this city, and being particularly desirous of closing our season business unusually early, offer an extensive assortment at extremely reduced prices.

WINTER GOODS.

French and English Merinos, Muslin de Laine, Alpacas, Bombazines, Cashmeres, Cassimeres, English and Welsh Flannels, BLANKETS, 4, 6, 10, 15 and 18 point; FRENCH, ENGLISH, WHITNEY & MACKINAW, do; GRENIER'S WHITE, GREY, GREEN AND BLUE, do; together with a vast and extensive stock of every style of desirable Dry Goods
nov13

Hensler & Co.'s City and Baggage Express,
Office No. 11 Exchange Place.
Between Canal and Customhouse sts.

HENSLER & CO.'S CITY AND BAGGAGE EXPRESS—Conducted on the New York Plan—To Merchants, Travelers and Planters.—The public having experienced the necessity of a reliable means for the transportation of light and valuable goods, the undersigned have established a line of Express Wagons for the prompt, sure and immediate delivery of all merchandise, packages and baggage which may be confided to them.

In all other large cities of the Union this economical plan is in general use, and has met with general success. The chief inducement consists not only in our responsibility for all Goods intrusted to us for delivery, but in the low rates of charges.

Passengers arriving at night will no longer be obliged to wait at the boats or cars, to see to their baggage, by putting it out. On delivering their Railroad checks to our agents, who will be always on hand at the arrival of the cars, steamers or steamboats, and will be known by their having a badge on their hats, with "City Express" painted on it. All baggage, &c., intrusted to them will be promptly and safely delivered as desired.

All orders left at the office by Merchants having goods consigned to them, or forwarding, will be immediately attended to.

For the convenience of those who may patronise us we will send our clerks to their store or office three times a day to receive their orders.

We call the particular attention of the Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods, Carpet and Grocery trade, to our advertised rates of charges, refer to our printed rates.

We also will contract with parties desiring it, to deliver other goods twice or three times a day, payable monthly.

Orders left at any of the stations will be immediately attended to.

CITY TARIFF OF CHARGES OF HENSLER & CO.'S CITY EXPRESS:

First District—Canal, Felicity Road, River, &c.	
One Package, Box or Bundle, to or from the Levee, &c.	
First District, measuring two feet	15c
Do do three feet	20c
Do do four feet	25c
Full load, 50 per cent. under City Tariff	
Second District—Canal, Esplanade, River and Claiborne street, measuring two feet	15c
Do do three feet	20c
Do do four feet	25c
Full load, 25 per cent. under City Tariff	
Third District—Esplanade, Louisa, River & Goodchildren street, measuring two feet	25c
Do do three feet	35c
Do do four feet	40c
Full load, 25 per cent. under City Tariff	
Fourth District—Felicity Road, Louisiana Avenue, River and St. Patrick, measuring two feet	25c
Do do three feet	35c
Do do four feet	40c
Full load, 25 per cent. under City Tariff	

☞ All Goods delivered are charged according to the Tariff of the District in which they are delivered.
dec11-Staw-3m

Family Linens at Extremely Low Prices.

P. & F. REILLY have just received their spring stock of LIGHT AND HEAVY FAMILY LINENS, bought in IRELAND at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

Buyers will find a greater variety than ever before offered in this market, and having on hand a heavy stock, we will offer them DECIDED BARGAINS.

Amongst them
150 PIECES SUPERIOR HEAVY LINEN AT 50 CTS.
j21w P. & F. REILLY, cor. Canal and Royal sts

Great Reduction!
DUREL & KUNTZ

WILL, from this day, sell their entire stock of WINTER GOODS AT A GREAT REDUCTION, said stock consisting of:

Plain Muslin de Laines, Figured Muslin de Laines,
French Merinos, English Merinos,
[illegible] Fancy colored Cashmeres,
Ribbon bound French Blankets,
Ladies' Cloth, Gent's Merino Shirts,
Gent's Merino Socks,
and a large variety of ladies' and children's Hosiery.

We have also received a full assortment of
4-4 Irish Linens, 12-4 & 13-4 Linen Sheetings,
Damask Napkins, Huck Towels,
Plain Linen Towels, Bird's Eye Diaper, etc., etc.

To which we call the special attention of our friends and customers.

DUREL & KUNTZ, No. 80 Royal st,
jan8 between Conti and Bienville sts

Fifty Dollars Reward.

LOST—A Draft drawn by T. D. Harper to his own order, on and accepted by Armstrong, Harris & Co., dated 15th November, 1854, at six months after date for THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS. All persons are hereby cautioned against negotiating said Draft, as payment has been stopped. If found and returned to this office, the finder will receive the above reward.
dec16-30t

Removal.

CAVELIER & MAXENT have removed their store from Royal street, No. 169, to Toulouse street, No. 50, between Chartres and Royal sts.
ADL. Z. CAVELIER. L. F. MAXENT. ja3

CAVELIER & MAXENT,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
IMPORTERS OF FRENCH WINES.
No. 50 Toulouse street, between Chartres and Royal streets.

HAVE always on hand the celebrated brands of C. L. Lamon, Haut Brion, Pope Clement, Cos d'Estournel and Cos Labory. ja3

Direct Importation from Paris.
VICTOR,
No. 16 St. Charles street,

HAS just received by the latest arrivals from Havre his assortment of WINTER GOODS, which comprises:—Linen Shirts, Cotton Shirts with linen bosoms, and Cotton Shirts, of the latest styles, and at all prices.

Cravats, Stock-cravats, Stocks, Handkerchiefs, Jouvin's Gloves, flannel and cotton Undershirts, linen, flannel, cotton and Cotton flannel drawers;

White and fancy silk, Scotch thread, cotton and merino Socks;

Silk Umbrellas;

Walking Canes, with and without swords;

A few miniature Carriages for children;

A large variety of fancy articles, such as: Portemonnaies, Purses, Bracelets, Fans, Ladies' and gentlemen's Dressing Cases, Tortoise shell and Buffalo Combs, all kinds of Brushes;

A large assortment of Perfumery from the best Parisian manufactories;

An assortment of articles for Hair-dresser's use always on hand;

He has excellent and polite hair-dressers to wait upon such persons as will honor his hair-dressing saloon with their patronage. 430

Dissolution.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of JAMES E. NORTH & Co., is dissolved by the death of JAMES E. NORTH: their affairs will be settled jointly by the undersigned.

EMILE MARQUEZE,
Surviving partner.
JAMES J. DAY,
Testamentary Executor.
New Orleans, Jan. 1st, 1855.

The undersigned will continue the business of the late firm of JAMES E. NORTH & Co., under the style of E. MARQUEZE & Co., for his own account, at the old stand, No. 62 Canal street.
New Orleans, Jan. 1st, 1855.
ja3 1m EMILE MARQUEZE.

PEREZ' DRUG STORE.
Corner Toulouse and Bourbon Streets.

RECEIVED per ship Denmark, from Bordeaux—Pure Cod Liver Oil, (Brunet) Saporior Orange Flower Water; Lyons Blue, (the only depot) French Lint, ordinary and fine; Potato Starch, first quality; Gatinais Saffron; Black Mustard; Populeum Ointment; Laurel Oil; a large assortment of Pewter Syringes.

Also, by the St. Charles, Hudson and J. P. Davis, a complete assortment of fine Perfumery, Pectoral Paste, Jujube, Guimauve, Gum Lozenges, &c., &c.
jan16

Great Reduction in Prices.
ALREADY MADE CLOTHING.

WISHING to reduce our Winter stock, we inform the public that we are ready to sell at Cost Price.

Every body should go and visit our store before buying elsewhere. Come and see for yourself at GODCHAUX BROS'S,

107 and 108 New Levee, opposite the Meat Market. ja16

ARNOUX,
CORNER CHARTRES AND ST. ANN STREETS,
Pontalba Buildings,

INFORMS the public that he has reduced the prices of all his goods, without exception, on account of liquidation, for cash only. jan 4

FOR SALE at the landing of the ship Hydra, from Havre:—40 boxes Absynth; 3 tons genuine Gruyere Cheese; 30 baskets Champagne wine of the celebrated brand "F. Cliquot"; 3 bales large Absynth in herbs; 1 bale small Absynth in herb.
J N CURIEN, 23 Toulouse st

CONSTANTLY on hand, the genuine Champagne of Piper Heidsieck & Co, in large and half bottles, for sale by J. [illegible]
jan4 23 Toulouse street

G. LAVIE,
No. 5 St. Charles St., between Canal and Common Streets.

OFFERS at very reduced prices, a portion of his Cream Chocolate and fine Parisian Lozenges, in boxes or by the pound. ja18

Colosseum.........Colosseum.
G. LAVIE,
No. 5 St. Charles Street, Sole Agent for the United States,

HAS just received a fresh supply of Olfacteur for Gents. ja18

G. CAVAROC & CO.,
[illegible]
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
[illegible]

[illegible] CHOPARD, [illegible] CO.

WANTS, LOST ETC.

Wanted.

A GERMAN NURSE well recommended and speaking a little English and French. Apply after 4 o'clock, P. M., at Madame Desrayaux' Institute, on Burgundy street, between Customhouse and Bienville. jan 5 1f

Lost.

THREE NOTES drawn by J. Menlock to the order of Mrs. Augustin Marioot, for $193 67½-100 each, dated 3d July, 1847, and payable at 12, 18 and 24 months after date.

These Notes having been paid long ago, notice is hereby given that suit will be instituted to raise the mortgage securing the same, granted by act before Jules Mossy, on 6th January, 1846. jan8 10d

For Bordeaux.

THE very fast sailing A 1 American packet ship DENMARK, Brennan, master, will meet with despatch for the above port. For freight, apply to H V BAXTER, 21 Carondelet st

For passage, enquire as above, or of Captain Brennan, on board. jan 14

FOR HAVRE.—The A 1 fast sailing ship METROPOLIS, JAY, master, having nearly all her cargo engaged and going on board, will have quick despatch. For freight, apply to H. V. BAXTER, 21 Carondelet st

A few cabin and steerage passengers can be handsomely accommodated upon early application. j11

FOR Belize, Honduras—The schr. G. B. MATHEW, Kelly, master, will receive despatch, and can take a small quantity of goods on freight if offered soon.
J Y DE EGANA,
jan13 47 Bienville st

FOR Freight or Charter.—The coppered and copper-fastened American barque SUSAN, Capt. Harris. Apply to
F J HART & CO,
d30 105 and 107 Tchoupitoulas st.

Earthenware, Glass and China
—AND—
HOUSE-KEEPING ARTICLES.

☞ The subscribers, having extensively enlarged their store, No. 99 Canal street, are now opening and offer for sale a most complete stock of goods in their line. With greatly increased facilities for exhibiting their wares, they confidently call the attention of purchasers both at Wholesale and Retail to a stock of goods which for extent and variety is not surpassed in this country. Among which will be found every variety of RICH ENAMELED and GOLD, and PLAIN CHINA, DINNER, TEA, DESSERT and TOILET SETS.

RICH CUT, ENGRAVED AND PRESSED GLASS.

Goblets, Celeries,
Champagnes, Tumblers,
Wines, Pitchers,
Clarets, Lemonade and
Decanters, Cordial Glasses,

GERMAN SILVER AND SILVER PLATED

Spoons, Forks, Tea Spoons, etc,

FINE AND COMMON JAPAN

Plate Warmers, Waiters,
Knife Trays, Trays,
Coal Vases, etc., etc., etc.

STERLING SILVER AND SILVER PLATED

Castors, Sugars,
Creams,
Cordial Stands, Candlesticks,
Waiters, etc., etc., etc.
Tea Pots,

GILT AND BRONZE

Chandeliers, Candelabras,
Suspending Lamps, Table Lamps,
Hall Lamps, Fire Irons, etc.

POLISHED STEEL

Shovels, Tongs, Standards, etc., etc.

Together with a great variety of KITCHEN AND HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS, such as Brooms, Brushes, Tubs, Market Baskets, etc., etc.

☞ All of which will be sold at low prices and on liberal terms.

HENDERSON & GAINES,
NO. 99 CANAL STREET.
d9c 1m

THE NEW ORLEANS
CHEAP CASH CLOTHING WAREHOUSE
No. 38 CAMP STREET. No. 38
C. B. DREW, PROPRIETOR.

This house was established with the determination of selling Goods at

Prime New York Cash Prices.

In accomplishment of this object, the Proprietor has made arrangements with the most extensive manufacturing Houses of the North for a constant supply of every article that might constitute a gentleman's wardrobe, of the latest styles and best materials, and at the lowest prices possible.

His business is conducted upon the

One Price Cash System;

and his goods are marked in plain figures, which insures the purchaser against imposition.

Any article proving defective or unsatisfactory, may be returned, and the money will be refunded.

By an examination of the annexed list of prices of leading articles, it will at once be perceived that his is the means to deserve the reputation of being the

Cheapest House in the City:

LIST OF PRICES:

Pilot Cloth OVERCOATS	$12 00
Castor Beaver do	15 00
Heavy Beaver do	15 00
French Cassimere SACKS	10 00
Do do PALLTOTS	15 00
Black and Blue Cloth CLOAKS	16 00
Talmas and Opera COATS	15 00
Black French Cloth FROCKS	15 00
Olive, Brown and Blue do	15 00
English Cloth FROCKS, all colors	12 00
American do do	10 00
Black Doeskin PANTS	6 00
Black Cassimere do	6 00
Fancy French Cassimere PANTS	6 00
Do English do do	5 00
Fancy Silk Velvet VESTS	5 00
Do do Silk do	$3 00 to 5 00
Black Satin do	3 00 to 5 00
L. B. C. SHIRTS, per dozen	24 00
All Linen do do	18 00
English Brown HALF HOSE, per doz	$2 to 6 00
Black Silk CRAVATS	75
Red Woolen DRAWERS & SHIRTS, pr doz	12 00
Canton Flannel do do	12 00
Jouvin KID GLOVES	75

n30—2m C. B. DREW, No. 38 Camp st.

House Furnishing Store,
73 AND 75 CAMP STREET.

DETERMINED to reduce our Stock of Goods, we will henceforward sell our Goods at much lower prices than ever before offered in this city. Those in want of the following articles will do well to call:

Queensware, Glass and China Ware,
Bohemian Ware; Birmingham Ware,
Rich China Vases and
Fine Silver Plated Ware;
Parlor and Hall Lamps and Girondoles,
Rich Tea Trays and Waiters, in sets or single;
Fine Table Cutlery and
Housekeeping Hardware;
Enamelled and Hollow Ware,
Britannia, Planished Tin and Japanned Ware;
Wooden and Willow Ware;
Feather Dusters; Brushes, of all kinds;
Paper Hangings and Borders;
Door Mats;
Window Cornices, Cords and Tassels;
Curtain Bands and Curtain Pins.
dec20—1y MILLER, HARRIS & WALDO.

$500 REWARD!

THE above reward will be paid by the undersigned for the apprehension of WILLIAM H. WILDER, who escaped from the custody of one of the officers of the United States Marshal, on the evening of the 14th instant.

WILDER is about forty years of age, low in stature, bald on the top of his head, of a florid complexion, and has blue eyes.

dec19 J. M. KENNEDY, U. S. Marshal.

GALLERY OF PAINTINGS.
No. 87 Chartres street, between Bienville and Conti streets.

Oil Paintings.

ROBERT GSCHWINDT, of the Academies of Rome and Paris, and former pupil of the celebrated Couture, begs leave to inform the public that he has just opened his gallery of Paintings at the above place, where he invites the lovers of the arts to call and examine the Paintings he has brought from Rome, among which are some which figured at the late Paris exhibition. The patronage of persons desirous of having their portraits taken is solicited.—A striking likeness and perfect finish are guarantied. Old portraits copied, paintings of all descriptions renovated, and portraits taken from daguerreotype Prices moderate. d29 1m

J. FEYTEL,
Jeweler and Watch Maker,
Chartres street, No. 39, between Canal and Customhouse streets,

BEGS leave to inform the ladies that he has just received directly from France and England, a splendid assortment of Jewelry and fancy articles of the latest style, such as: finger rings; bracelets; Chatelaines; Lockets; medals; pins; necklaces with precious stones and pearls; cameo broches; &c. &c.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his varied assortment of goods, comprising also parlor clocks; chandeliers; gold and silver watches; silver sets; &c.

All articles from his store are guaranteed. dec5

Housekeepers, Read This.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS SELLING OFF TO CHANGE BUSINESS—NO 17 CAMP STREET

The undersigned, having resolved to make a change in their business, are offering their splendid stock of GOODS at such prices as must induce ladies in want of the articles, who will take the trouble to call.

The goods consist in part of—

Plated Castors,	China, Glass and
Plated Waiters,	Earthenware,
Plated Baskets,	Rich Dinner Sets,
Plated Candlesticks,	Rich Tea sets, Vased,
Plated Teasets,	Cut Glass Ware,
Plated Spoons and Forks	Moulded Glassware,
Block Tin Ware,	Plain Glassware,
Britannia Ware,	Solar Lamps,
Japanned Ware,	Moderator Lamps,
Tin and Iron Ware,	Girandoles,
Wooden Ware,	Chandeliers,
Baskets, Brooms,	Fenders and Andirons,
Brushes,	Shovels, Tongs and Pokers,
Cooking Stoves,	Hat and Coat Racks,
Knives and Forks,	Cooking Utensils, etc. etc.

Comprising as fine a stock and as complete an assortment as can be found in the city. The subscribers avoid the use of the heading "Selling off at Cost," which has so often been used as a decoy to induce persons to go to market, that more than market prices for goods, but purchasers may rely on finding prices greatly below what they can buy for elsewhere.

dec 21-1m B. BROWER & CO., 17 Camp street.

BURK & WAGNER,
BOOKBINDERS.

HAVE REMOVED TO CHARTRES STREET, No 37, over Mr. P. Durel's Bookstore.

☞ Orders for Printing, Ruling and Binding promptly attended to. jan6 3y

HAVANA CIGARS per Mary Elizabeth—184,800 Havana Cigars landed per brig Mary Elizabeth, and just received in store. This lot is an assortment of the very desirable classes called—

Regalia, Half Regalia,
Millares, Sobre Meza,
Espartenos, Premed,
Coquetas, Entreacts,
Conchas, Operas,
Trabucos and Vegueritas.

The brands are all first rate, such as Ritos, Gutierrez, Fontica, Amalia, Globo, Paz de España, Serafina, Venecians. For sale by
J. M. CABALLERO, 38 Old Levee,
j3 between Customhouse and Bienville sts.

CONFECTIONARY.

JUST received and landed per ships Pyramid, Cocoast, Oregon, &c., a fresh supply of Crosse & Blackwell's—
English Pickles and Sauces;
English Pie Fruits and Preserves;
English Jellies and Jams;
East India Curries and Mulligatawnies;
East India Curry and Mulligatawny Paste;
East India Preserved Ginger;
West India Pickles and Preserves;
West India Guava Jelly and Jam;
Huntley & Palmer's Reading Biscuit;
French and Spanish Chocolates;
French Fruits in Juice;
French Brandy Fruits;
French Sardines, Paté's, Capers and Olives;
French Cordials.

Also for sale, to arrive per ship Franklin King, Sailor Taylor, A. McKenzie,
Scotch Herring, in kegs;
Scotch Herring, in canisters;
Scotch Herring, fresh, in canisters;
Scotch Findon Haddock, in canisters;
Scotch Speldons Haddock, in canisters;
English Stilton Cheese and Yorkshire [illegible].
D. GOWANS & CO., 1[illegible]

☞ In connection with our store, [illegible] an elegant Saloon, where Ladies can be [illegible] with Oyster Soup, Coffee, Chocolate, Pastry, &c., at all [illegible].

POTATOES—[illegible] bbls Northern yellow Planting, landing ex ship Diana.

GREEN APPLES—25 bbls new Boston, on ship [illegible].

POTATOES—[illegible] bbls Northern, ex ship America.

ONIONS—200 bbls Boston silver skin, ex ship Ariadne.

BEANS—[illegible] bbls Northern, ex ship Diana.

POTATOES—[illegible] bbls Irish.

In store and for sale by DONNELLY, BEZZINA & CO., 95 Tchoupitoulas st
jan18

AMUSEMENTS.

TENTH WEEK
OF THE OLD ORIGINAL AND ONLY
Campbell Minstrels.
—AT—
Peel's Southern Opera House.

Increased Attraction—Great Excitement—Master T. J. PEEL in his celebrated BREAKDOWNS—Concert a la Julien—Songs—New Burlesque on Beauty and the Beast—and New Dances.

Doors open at 6½. Concert commences at 7¼. Tickets 50 cts.

Seats can be secured at the office from 10 to 3 o'clock.

Dr. F. A. JONES, Agent. MATT PEEL, j15 Manager.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.

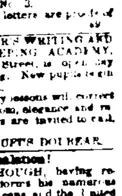
B. DEBAR ... Lessee and Manager.
H. CORRI ... Acting Manager.
C. G. CHESLEY ... Treasurer.

3d night of the unrivaled GABRIEL RAVEL. The MARTINETTI FAMILY and their talented Troupe.

THIS EVENING, Thursday, Jan. 18th, will be performed the comic piece of the FOUR LOVERS.—Bibi, Gabriel Ravel; other characters by the Ravel and Martinetti Troupe.—After which the astonishing performance called LA LUTTE DU FUGELAT, by the Martinettis.—Succeeded by the fairy pantomime of the MAGIC TRUMPET.—the Clown by Gabriel Ravel: other characters by the Troupe.—Performance to commence with MY PRECIOUS BETSY.

☞ To-morrow, third night of Gabriel Ravel. Doors open at 6¼ o'clock, Curtain will rise at 7 o'clock. jan18

CONGO SQUARE.



MR. EUGENE GODARD, the French Aerial Navigator, member of the Academy of Arts, Trades, Industry, Sciences and Belles-Lettres of Paris, who has obtained the Silver Medal at the New York World's Fair—Aerial Navigator-in-Chief of the Austrian Army, will make his Fourth Ascension on SUNDAY, January 21st, 1855, at half past 1 o'clock, P. M., precisely. Mr. Godard will take two gentlemen on this Pleasure Excursion, thus affording them a beautiful bird's eye view of New Orleans and its environs. For passage apply to Mr. Godard, Orleans Hotel, Chartres street.

☞ Admission—50 cents; children 25 cts. j18-3t

THE NEW ORLEANS HIPPODROME.

UNDER the management of Mr. F. H. ROSSTON, and in connection with the world-renowned FRANCONI TROUPE, will perform in their superb and spacious pavilion, on the corner of Baronne and Poydras streets, for a short season, commencing on MONDAY, JANUARY 15, 1855.

This Troupe embraces more artistic novelties in every department of Equestrianism, Acrobatics, Gymnastics and Equilibria than any other now in existence, as will at once be seen by announcing that Madame Anna Francoeni, the star of the Parisian Hippodrome; Monsieur Henri Franconi, and his great troupe of Artists, Trained and Dancing Horses; Mr. Rosston, the colossal horseman, Young Jesse Johnson; Master Omar; Messrs. Reyes, Shoulee, Walter, and others of equal excellence, are led on by the man of all fun, John Horner.

☞ Admission, 50 cts; Pit, 25 cts. jan8

ORLEANS THEATRE.—Masked Society Balls.—The first of the series of the above named Balls will take place on FRIDAY EVENING, the 19th inst., and will be given under the management of the following gentlemen:

J A Braud, Geo T Bright,
L B Horne, Omer Guillard,
Paul E Theard, W D Hennen,
J C McAllister, A Boudousquie,
A Schreiber, Alex Levy,
John Claiborne, E G Gottschalk,
Jules Bally, Charles Macmurdo,
E De St. Romes

☞ Subscribers are requested to send their Invitation Lists, in order that the Committee may act upon the same previous to the first Ball.

☞ Gentlemen desirous of becoming subscribers to the series of Balls will please leave their names with Mr. H. RUFFIER, at the office of the Theatre, which will be opened every day from 10 o'clock, A. M., to 3 P. M. jan 8

VANUCCHI'S AMERICAN MUSEUM,
50 St. Charles street.

Open all hours during the day, and brilliantly illuminated at night. BEST WAX STATUARY EVER EXHIBITED in the country or in Europe. Seventy Figures Large as Life.

THE BELLIGERENT POWERS OF EUROPE, consisting of Queen Victoria, the Emperors of France, Austria and Russia, the King of Prussia and the Sultan of Turkey, the Queen of England in her Robes of State, and the Continental Sovereigns in FULL UNIFORM.

A beautiful episode in the life of WASHINGTON!

Crossing the Bridge at Trenton.

BIRTH OF OUR SAVIOR.

This beautiful groupe is worth a visit from every family in the city. Also, just added,

THE LAST SUPPER,

consisting of Christ and his Twelve Disciples.—Here the artist has displayed great skill, truly wonderful.

THE DEATH CHAMBERS of Hon. Daniel Webster, Hon. Henry Clay and Hon. John C. Calhoun, one of the most perfect representations ever presented to the public.

Together with a large number of other figures.

☞ Admission, 50 cents—Children half price.

CARPETING AT REDUCED PRICES.

FOR the purpose of reducing our present large stock of all kinds of CARPETING, we are now selling them at much REDUCED PRICES.

Our stock comprises WILTON VELVET AND BRUSSELS TAPESTRY, Brussels 3 Plys, Ingrains, Dutch Hemp, Venetian of English and American manufacture. We have also on hand a full assortment of FLOOR OIL CLOTH, English and American, which we offer at very low prices; also Mats, &c. Also—Window Shades, Table and Piano Covers, Drugget, Rugs, Mats, &c., &c.

A. BROUSSEAU & CO.,
dec16 23 Chartres street

Goldberger's Galvano-Electric Chains.

THE only depot for Louisiana, Mexico and Texas, of these valuable CHAINS for Rheumatism and Nervous Diseases has been established at the Drug Store of A. SCHAWB, Conde street, No. 45, N. Orleans.

Each Chain in a box with a prospectus at $1 for No. 1, $3 for No. 2, and $5 for No. 3.

The sources of certificates and letters are proof of their efficacy.

DOLBEAR'S WRITING AND BOOK-KEEPING ACADEMY, 108 Canal Street, is open day and evening. New pupils begin this week.

A few easy lessons will correct the worst hand, and give freedom, elegance and ease. Citizens and strangers are invited to call. Success guaranteed to all.

ja15 tf RUFUS DOLBEAR.

Inhalation. Inhalation.

DR. THOMAS H. GREENHOUGH, having returned home, respectfully informs his numerous friends and patients in New Orleans, and the United States, that he has this winter located his consulting and business office for the practice of Inhalation, at No. 11 Dauphin st., (one door from Canal, in the rear of Christ Church,) where he may be found from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., daily.

Patients in the country desirous of placing themselves under his care, will please address Box G, 59 Post Office, and their cases will be answered to punctually.

N. B.—DR. DAVID PALMER THOMAS, of Philadelphia, is now associated with Dr. Greenhough in the practice of his profession. Residence, 103 Love street.

☞ Dr. Greenhough's Inhalers can now be seen at Dr. Syme's Drug Store, on the corner of Carondelet and Canal streets. dec13 3m

DR. G. I. RUSSEL,
SURGEON DENTIST.

HAS transferred his residence to No. 156 Royal street.
nov25-6m

REMOVAL.
DR. L. DUFRESNE, DENTIST,

HAS removed to No. 99 ROYAL STREET, between Bienville and Customhouse streets.
Office hours: From 8 o'clock, A. M. to 4 P. M. [illegible]

S. GAUDIN,
PIANO MANUFACTURER,
104 Royal Street,

HAS just received and offers for sale, at reduced prices, an assortment of Erard's and Pleyel's, Picolos, oblique and straight PIANOS.

He requests those persons who have already favored him with their custom, to visit his assortment before purchasing elsewhere, for he entertains the hope to be able to satisfy their demands. He will in future constantly keep in store PIANOS from the above named Manufacturers, and will continue to tune and repair PIANOS. n22 3m

Dress and Masked Balls.

MADAME LUSSAN, Royal street No 162, respectfully informs her numerous customers that she has just received from France a splendid assortment of Dress and Masked Ball Costumes, highly recommended, both on account of their elegance and freshness.

Madame L. being desirous of keeping her assortment constantly fresh, has not exhibited the same, and will unpack her goods for those only who intend to purchase. She avails herself of this opportunity to thank her numerous [illegible] for the patronage hitherto extended to her.

☞ Received by the same arrival: Gilt and Silver Lace; Gilt and Silver Cloth; [illegible] Tarlatan; [illegible] Lamina for embroideries, which are offered at the lowest prices. nov 30 3m

DRESS AND MASKED BALLS.
Mme. Grece Fierabe,

No. 113 Condé street, between Bourbon and Dauphine streets, begs leave to inform the public that she has opened her Store of Ball Costumes at No. 115 Canal street. Mme G. has brought from Paris a full assortment of Costumes, and [illegible] to call and examine them.

Costumes made to order, and [illegible] Dresses of all styles, Ribbons, [illegible] always in store, until Shrove Tuesday. nov30 3m

ORLEANS INSURANCE STOCK for sale by
d6 GEO. GOTTSCHALK, 95 Common st.

CASH WARRANTS—Bought by
GEORGE GOTTSCHALK,
de27 95 Common street.

LAND WARRANTS bought by
d7 GEO. GOTTSCHALK, 95 Common st.

OLD UNION BANK STOCK WANTED by
d7 GEO. GOTTSCHALK, 95 Common st.

RAIL ROAD TAX RECEIPTS bought by
d7 GEO. GOTTSCHALK, 95 Common st.

COAL. COAL.

WHEN you call at the Post Office, don't forget your wife wants coal. Coal [illegible] keep the children warm. Be [illegible] to leave your orders at the Old Coal Yard, Customhouse st, near Post Office. Pittsburg, Anthracite, and Cannel Coal of the best quality, for sale at [illegible].

A Fine Residence for Sale.

ON account of departure the residence of [illegible] situated at the corner of [illegible] and Bourbon streets, is offered for sale. This is one of the handsomest and most elegant [illegible] in the city, with [illegible], &c. &c.

Persons wishing to examine the property and ascertain the terms, will apply to ROBERT MURPHY, No. 60 Old Levee, corner of St. Louis street.

Literary and Musical Education.
No. 94 St. Peter Street, between Bourbon and Royal Streets.

MADAME MAY informs the families of New Orleans that she will take charge of a few scholars, whom she will teach either at their parents' or her own residence. She will unite the different branches of a good Literary Education, with lessons in Music and on the Piano, for the purpose of rendering her services more useful to the families of [illegible] a Literary and Musical education [illegible] employed different professors.

Madame May will take scholars for Music, French, singly or separately. dec12 3m

Diseases of the Eye!

DOCTOR FIRMIN PRUDHOMME, Oculist, of the former Ottoman Embassy at Paris, Member of the Academy of Sciences of Aix-Provence, has established his residence in New Orleans, where he will treat persons afflicted with diseases of the eyes. His method of extracting cataracts of the eye prevents the recurrence of secondary cataracts [illegible] mode of dressing the eye [illegible] without the use of the knife.

He treats Lachrymal Fistula and Strabismus, with [illegible].

Office, No. 229 Rampart street, corner Ursulines street. dec19 1m

Agency for Thompson's Magazine.

WE as Agents of these Publications are prepared [illegible] to order into business.

HALL, RODD & PUTNAM,
jal tf No. 4 Front Levee.