THE DAILY BEE,
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NEW ORLEANS, MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 7, 1856.
OFFICE, 83 CHARTRES ST. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXIX—WHOLE NO. 8037.

THE DAILY BEE.

MONDAY MORNING, JAN. 7, 1856.

Subscription per Week.

The carriers of the Bee are authorized to receive subscriptions by the week, at the rate of 25 cents.

THE NORTHERN MAIL failed yesterday from beyond Mobile. There are four New York mails due this morning.

THE NEW BEEE DEPARTMENT.

Our readers are aware that the contract for the organization and maintenance of a fire department has been taken by the Firemen's Charitable Association for the sum of $70,000 per annum. The board of commissioners of the Association, consisting of I. H. Marks, chairman, Messrs. Yancy, Goodman, Chenault and Lombardo, were appointed to prepare rules and regulations for the government of the department. They completed the work, which, after being adopted by the Association, was transmitted to the Council, and received the approval of that body. We give before us a pamphlet containing these regulations, and shall condense them for the benefit of our readers.

The contract is to be executed by a board of commissioners composed of five members of the Association, elected annually—the present board to serve until the first Monday in January, 1857. The board shall meet twice a month; shall report upon the fire department at the regular meetings of the board of delegates; shall keep regular accounts, audit and approve all bills connected with the fire contract; shall see to the making out of the monthly pay rolls; shall act as the full and legal representatives of the Association in all matters appertaining to the fire contract; shall be the medium of communication between the board of delegates and the Common Council; shall have power, with the advice of the Chief, to discharge, suspend, fine, or withhold payment from any officer, man, or company, for just cause. Appeal may be had from their decision to the board of delegates. They shall appraise and deliver engines, hose, &c.; shall attend to the repairs of the engine houses, make purchases of engines, hose-carriages, and other apparatus; shall, with the advice of the Chief, have power to give to any company new apparatus, in part or in whole; shall have entire control of the funds accruing from the contract, and are authorized to invest the profits or surplus as may appear to them most advantageous to the Association. They are to receive no compensation for their services, and are subject to impeachment and removal by a two-third vote of the board of delegates.

The duties of the Secretary and Treasurer are such as usually appertain to those offices. The salary of the Secretary is $600, and that of the Treasurer $1,500 per annum. The latter must give bond and security for the faithful performance of his duties.

The board of delegates are empowered to elect one Chief Engineer and two Assistant Engineers. (This has already been done.)—These officers are to hold office one year. Their duties are specifically defined, but need not be repeated, as they have been clearly pointed out in the ordinance creating a new Fire department. The salaries are as follows: Chief Engineer $6,250 per annum; Assistants, each $600.

The Steam Fire Engine Company is to consist of not less than twelve, nor more than twenty men. An Engineer is to be appointed annually by the board of commissioners. His salary is to be fixed at $1,000 per annum. He shall provide an assistant at his own expense, and shall give bond and security in the sum of $5000. In the same manner are to be appointed two drivers and one fireman, who shall receive a compensation of $450 per annum. The Hose Company shall consist of not less than fifteen men. Four horses shall be provided for the use of the Steam Engine. And two hose carriages shall be appointed by the Chief Engineer, with salaries of $40 per month each.

All companies willing to assist the Association in this contract shall retain their organization, subject to the control of the Chief Engineer and the board of commissioners. Each company to consist of not less than twenty men, including officers. Each hook and ladder company of not less than fifteen men, including officers. No one to be admitted into a company under eighteen years of age; and no apprentices to be admitted, unless with the written consent of those having legal authority over them. The companies must attend fires in their respective districts, and shall be fully manned at the expense of the chief officers of the wards shall be reported, and be liable to such penalties as may hereafter be provided. Companies arriving at a fire shall report themselves at once to the Chief Engineer, and be in readiness to obey the orders of the Chief Engineer or his Assistants. The companies are to keep their engines, &c., in good order; they shall keep the doors of their engine houses closed, and allow none of their members about them. Every engine, hose and hook and ladder company shall be entitled to an appropriation of twelve hundred dollars a year, except the Milneburg Fire Company, which shall have an appropriation of three hundred dollars. Every company shall be entitled to three hundred feet of hose annually. The members must wear a badge, by which each company may be known. Every company becoming a party to the contract shall agree to abide by the decision of the Chief Engineer and board of commissioners, and to submit to the rules and regulations adopted by the Association.

In the main, the rules seem to be admirably adapted to the object in view, and calculated to improve the efficiency of the department. Of their practical working the future will be the best test.

THE SHERIFFALTY.—We are sorry to perceive that difficulties and impediments still appear to retard Major HUFFY's formal induction into the office of Sheriff. On Saturday morning he presented himself at the office of Mr. MASSOT, and exhibiting his commission, demanded possession. Mr. MASSOT expressed his regrets at being compelled to decline the request, stating that he had been notified by Mr. JOHN BELL, that if he surrendered the office, he, Mr. BELL, would sue him for damages. This decision created considerable excitement. We understand that Major HUFFY will apply this morning for a writ of quo warranto upon Mr. MASSOT, requiring him to show cause why he refuses to deliver up the office, and by what warrant he continues to exercise the functions of Sheriff.

CONTESTED ELECTION OF SHERIFF.—Reports were prevalent through the city on Saturday that BARRE, Freesoiler, had been chosen Speaker of the House. The account was said to have been brought from Montgomery to Mobile by the telegraph operator of the former place. The line being down below, those points, no despatches later than the 1st instant from Washington had reached New Orleans up to Sunday morning. We notice, however, that despatches by the Western line as late as the 4th are silent on the subject. It is possible that by the time this number of our paper reaches the public, some positive information may have been obtained.

DEDICATION OF THE JEWISH HOME.—To-morrow, at noon, the interesting ceremony of the dedication of the Home for Jewish Widows and Orphans, will take place at the corner of Jackson and Chippewa streets, Fourth District, on which occasion an address will be delivered by B. F. JONAS, Esq. We have frequently alluded to the philanthropic benevolence of our fellow-citizens of the Hebrew persuasion, and especially to the contemplated establishment of their noble charities. Right glad are we to perceive that it is at length completed, and will hereafter stand as an enduring memorial of their benevolence. It is indeed most creditable and honorable to the Israelites of New Orleans that, constituting as they do but a comparative handful of the population, they should be enabled, by a spirit of self-sacrifice, disinterestedness and devotion worthy of the highest praise, to rear a structure dedicated as an asylum to the friendless and forlorn of their race. We are requested to state that the members of, and contributors to the association, ladies, and the public in general are invited to be present at the ceremonies.

NICARAGUA.—We invite attention to the notice by THOS. F. FREEMAN, 16 Royal street, offering splendid inducements to industrious persons disposed to emigrate to and settle in Nicaragua. Passengers leave New Orleans for San Juan on the 15th and 25th of each month. See advertisement.

A BABY ELEPHANT.—The office of the New York *Sabbath* Times has given us a baby elephant that was born recently in this city, and gives a very pretty account of the baby creature:

These baby elephants are very interesting objects. They are perfectly formed throughout, and differ from their parents only in size, but that difference is so amazing that it becomes bodicrous; and when you see the baby walking to and fro under its mother, you cannot resist the impulse to laugh at the oddity of the commingled. And then the bulky mother's care of the baby is so humanike and affectionate. Give the baby an apple, for instance. The mother first bites it in half, carefully turns it over, and then returns it to her baby to eat. Baby being satisfied herself, apparently, offers the remainder. And so with everything else.

Arrival of the Cahawba.

The steamship *Cahawba*, J. D. Bulloch, Commander, arrived on Saturday from New York, via Havana. On her passage from New York the Cahawba encountered steady gales from the Southwest. She did not leave Havana till the afternoon of the 3d inst.

New Year's Day was celebrated in Havana with unusual festivities and gaiety. The soldiers of the garrison in particular were liberally entertained, and in the evening had their barracks brilliantly illuminated.

The Captain-General held court on New Year's day and dined. General Count ——, a Russian gentleman, who is on a visit to Cuba with his family, has been well received.

In business there is nothing new; freights dull; sugar languishing under late news; molasses at 8 reals per 14 gallons, on account of the large European entrepots. The health of Havana and of the sugar districts is good. On the 3d inst., in lat. 26° 02', long. 85° 25' passed ship *John Tuck*, of Liverpool, and bark *Moses Gimble*, of Belfast.

LOSS OF THE STEAMER MEDIATOR.—The officers of the steamer *William Nelson* which arrived yesterday morning have furnished us with the following particulars concerning the burning of the steamer *Mediator*:

The *Mediator*, Captain Williamson, was from Cincinnati for this port, and on the night of the 5th instant, at nine o'clock, when in Diamond Bend, fifteen miles below Vicksburg, took fire in the steerage, and in two minutes the boat was enveloped in flames. The crew was immediately run ashore, but went off, and lodged on a bar a short distance below, and, together with her entire cargo, was totally consumed.

The following named persons were rescued by the *William Nelson* and brought to the city: Mrs. Pannill, Joseph James, bar-keeper, Louisa York, chambermaid, James Johnson, pilot, T. James, deck hand—all of whom were more or less injured, but none seriously.

The following is the cargo of the burnt boat, but we were unable to obtain the names of the consignees: 38 head of cattle, 4 horses, 2500 sacks wheat, 1000 bbls. pork, 371 tierces lard, 400 bbls. whisky, 8 hhds. bacon, 1150 empty barrels, 145 bbls. beans, 20 bbls. eggs, 300 bbls. potatoes, 500 bbls. flour, 100 bbls. apples.

The books, papers, and all the personal effects of all on board were lost, but fortunately there was no loss of life.

TEXAS.

By the steamship *Mexico*, from Indianola and Galveston, we have received later intelligence from Texas. The weather had been uncommonly severe throughout the State.

A correspondent of the Galveston *News*, writing from Austin, says:

On the 24th the Supreme Court made a decision which, it is said, will go far to destroy 11 league titles. The point is this, as I understand it: Many persons have located a league side land claim on an 11 league survey, and there is no record evidence of the existence of the 11 leagues on the records of the county. It will be contended, and maintained third party, the law presuming that he had a right to consider the land vacant unless the county records showed the contrary. This is the gist of the point, though I cannot quote the language.

The *Star-spangled Banner*, of Henderson, announces the name of Gen. Sam Houston for President of the United States in 1856, and of J. Pinckney Henderson for Vice-President.

Mr. Brown, member of the State Legislature from Galveston, writes to the *Civilian* that the Loan bill, which was engrossed in the Senate by a vote of 20 to 7, loans to the road companies $8000 per mile, after the first twenty-five miles are built. We have certainly felt very favorably towards those who are interested in the roads that have been prosecuted to the greatest extent, and they all seem to think that the Legislature is secure in a first mortgage on the road, will operate injuriously to the success of the company. But we must postpone an opinion till we can see the bill itself.

The trial of Hugh Cooper, for the murder of Benjamin F. Fortson, was concluded last week before the District Court sitting in Cox's Creek, Jackson County, Judge Pitts. The trial was one of unusual interest, and the verdict of guilty was rendered entirely upon circumstantial evidence.

We find in the *News* the following Mexican correspondence:

MATAMORAS, Mexico, Dec. 12th, 1855.

Editors News—Public affairs have again assumed a cheering aspect, and the late difficulties have terminated in a capture between the States of Tamaulipas and Nuevo Leon, and have been amicably settled, to the satisfaction of all parties concerned.

Governor Guasa, of this State, has been appointed Commanding General of the army, and his powers, as such, are so explicitly defined, as also Governor Vidauri's, that in future there will be no difficulties to be apprehended between these two leaders in this section of the country.

The Tampico question also has been brought to a happy termination, and General Traconis has been recalled to the City of Mexico. His forces are left under Vidaurri's command, who will either send them into the interior or retain them at Monterey, as he may deem advisable. Garza Garza has entered Tampico with his forces on the 4th inst.

The Cavalry Tariff is now in force on this line, and the receipts of the custom-houses at Tampico and this place, are to be disposed of as follows: One-third for the support of the troops in this State, and one-third for the forces in Nuevo Leon and Coahuila, under Vidaurri. The beneficial effects of this liberal tariff will soon be felt, on this frontier particularly.

The National Guards are being rapidly organized, and we are at last convinced that they are the only hope for the liberties of the country. The military, supported by the clergy, are endeavoring by intrigue and corruption, to cause a reaction, and thus get back what they so signally failed to retain by the force of arms. Vidaurri is certainly the only person to whom we look, and this bold man is the only one who firmly continues to treat them most contemptuously. They will move Heaven and Earth to break him down, politically. And should he, as I fervently hope, succeed in sustaining himself, we may have some actual reform in the government; otherwise the whole scene may yet become a negro's supper.

Both this and our neighboring city of Brownsville continues to enjoy uninterrupted health, much to the mortification of the Knights of the Lancet; but in all the towns above this, we yet have sad sickness.

No local news on either side of the river, and the kindest feelings exist between us as "sovereigns" of the "land of God and Liberty" and those of the "Ocean-bound Republic."

Keep in good humor, and be assured that I will duly keep you posted up.

RANCHERO.

Latest from Headquarters.

Indian War Inevitable—Nine Soldiers fired upon by the Indians—Seven Men Massacred, &c., &c.

[From the Tampa Bay Peninsular Extra of Dec. 23.]

The following "official information" was received at Headquarters of the troops in Florida, about 8 o'clock, yesterday (21st) night.

The intelligence was brought from Fort Myers by the United States steamer *Rangar*. The *Rangar* left Fort Myers on the morning of the 22d instant:

FORT BROOKE, (FLA.) Dec. 23, 1855.—An exploring party, under command of Lieut. Geo. L. Hartsuff, 3d Artillery, consisting of one sergeant, one corporal and seven privates, were suddenly attacked by a party of Seminole Indians at daylight of the 20th instant, about sixteen miles S. E. from Fort Simon Drum—that party being about forty miles S. E. from Fort Myers.

The party left Fort Myers on the morning of the 7th instant, and up to the time of attack were engaged in making a re-examination of that portion of the Big Cypress Swamp examined by the troops last winter. The men of the command arrived at Fort Myers on the night of the 21st; it is supposed that Lieut. Hartsuff and the remainder of his party have been killed.

Most of the public animals with the expedition, some eighteen in number, were also shot down. Lieut. Hartsuff, when last seen, had one arm broken, and is supposed to have been wounded in his side. Private Hanna, of Company G, 3d Artillery, who escaped, brought the above information to Fort Myers. Hanna was wounded in the abdomen, not seriously it is thought; he left another of the party, private Baker, also wounded, about 15 miles from Fort Myers.

Baker gave out at that point, and could come no further. The Indians making the attack were some twenty-five or thirty in number. Two companies of the 2d Artillery were to leave Fort Myers on the morning of the 23d inst., in search of Lieut. Hartsuff and the missing members of his party.

Other movements of the troops in the direction of the battle-ground, were ordered immediately on the receipt of the information concerning the attack.

The above information embraces everything officially known concerning the attack, up to the departure of the *Ranger*, and is respectfully furnished for the information of the public.

Applicant by the Pacific.

The Allies are progressing but little. Their engineers continue to work within their own lines. The Turks are over supplied with equipments. English writers admit that the Russian army is well supplied for winter, having large supplies at Simpheropol and Dwinskie. The Russians have forty divisions in the Crimea, two having gone North. Gortschakoff has extensively fortified the Tchernaya road by batteries.

The Russians are concentrating their forces at Batchcisarai and Simpheropol.

English and Anglo Ottoman cavalry have arrived at Constantinople, where they will winter.

The Allies have fortified Kilburn and Orval, and consider them impregnable to be attacked. The Russian lines near Sebastopol have been strengthened to a stupendous scale.

St. Petersburg advices say vast trains of provisions reached the Crimea by Perekop, with which the Russians are now well provided. They have twenty-six batteries ready to attack the Kerch forts, with three hundred and sixty guns in position.

Both the English and Russian fleets and Omer Pasha's convoy have left Sebastopol and Omer Pasha with the Ottoman fleet, after having refused to leave the harbor, in order to protect the transports for the purpose.

Lost on the Allies since Georgia.

Lost on the Russians since Bomarsund.

We stop the press to give some important news from Kansas Territory. A letter was received yesterday from Leavenworth City, by one of our citizens, from which we learn that quite an excitement has prevailed there, growing but of a pretended election which the abolitionists were holding in regard to the State Constitution adopted by the Topeka Convention.

A collision had taken place between the pro and anti-slavery parties, which resulted in the destruction of the Ballot-box, and an entire interruption of the voting. During the excitement, one house was burnt, belonging to a member of the anti-slavery party. This act of burning was charged on a pro-slavery gentleman, upon the abolitionists succeeded in arresting and confining in jail. The friends of this gentleman rallied, broke open the jail and then burnt it to the ground.

The excitement was great, and the abolitionists had sent to Lawrence for reinforcements, and the letter states that the pro-slavery men had also sent for assistance.

This is the substance of the letter, and we think it can be relied on as strictly true, for it comes from a gentleman of undoubted veracity.—*Lexington Herald.*

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY AT BABYLON.—Colonel Rawlinson has just discovered among the ruins of ancient Babylon an extensive library—not painted printed on paper, but impressed on baked bricks—containing many and voluminous treatises on astronomy, mathematics, ethnology, and several other most important branches of knowledge.—These treatises contain data and information, which, in his opinion, will have no small operation on the study of the sciences to which they relate, and which throw quite a flood of biblical history and the history of our race. *Sun. Georgian.*

ST. JOSEPH, Dec. 27.—We have Omaha City (Nebraska Territory) dates to the 19th. The Legislature met on the 15th. The Council elected the following officers: Jas. Bennett, S. R. Tobey, President; E. G. McNeely, Chief Clerk; T. M. Cuss, Assistant Clerk; C. W. Pierce, Sergeant-at-arms; Henry Springer, Door-keeper.

The House organized on the evening of the 18th, and proceeded to elect a Speaker. On the 1st ballot, P. D. Gaskins, of Washington county, was elected Speaker, J. L. Gibbs was elected Chief Clerk; H. C. Anderson, Assistant Clerk; A. S. Bishop, Sergeant-at-arms; B. B. Chase, Door-keeper.

THE GREAT CRYSTAL SEA IN TARTARY, ASIA.—In the *Gaber Miscellanies* we find, (says the New York Tribune), with some degree of interest, the following, by an Irish boy of about the same age, whose name is unknown, and so badly wounded that he died an hour and a half afterwards. It seems that at the time he and comrades took place the scattered pay was at the place indicated, and that they were surprised by some of them younger than himself. A fierce struggle between children, in the course of which Carter was stabbed in the thigh with a knife or dagger, and the remnant artery severed. The boy who gave the following account, and who is said to be employed in a cooper's shop in Capel street, then fell, and the wounded one was dead shortly after, by a couple of men walking along the strand, hearing voices evidently. He was taken by them to a neighboring public house, into the dragon, like an inkstand, bridge, refused to attend to the dying boy, and ordered them to take him outof hot stove. They not comply by leaving him in the street, where he was found cold and abandoned the door against them. The man then took the unfortunate lad to the house of his aunt, No. 47 Cornelia street, between St. Philip and Phillips street. A physician was sent for, but it was only an hour before he arrived, when the poor boy was dead. He had bled to death.

The deceased is said to have been a sober, industrious man, and a member of the Catholic Benefit society, who are respectable Irish people. The Coroner will hold an inquest on the deceased, and further may be learned relative to this shocking affair.

SIXTH DISTRICT COURT.—In the case of the Society for the Relief of Orphan Boys vs. The Commissioners of Public Schools of the state of Ohio. Suit to which the plaintiffs sought to compel the defendants, by a writ of mandamus, to pay over to them one-fifth of the school fund, the Court, after the argument of the bequest of the testator, Judge Cotton on Saturday decided that the plaintiffs could never be relief under the law and that the principle set forth in the law authorizing the bequest, was not contrary to the laws of Ohio.

BALLOON ASCENSION.—Mr. Godard made a balloon ascension accompanied by several persons, yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, from Jackson square, and came down in the Lake Pontchartrain, near the Bridge. The extreme cold prevented a very large attendance of persons to witness the pleasing spectacle.

THE "FLOATING PALACE."—MOSES, Spalding & Rogers' "Floating Palace" arrived in the city on Saturday, and commenced exhibiting yesterday. The exhibition has attracted large audiences day and evening. The group museum, tableaux, perhaps, is larger than any other exhibition of the kind ever given in the United States. The level on the roof of Gould's row, where the "Palace" is moored, will accommodate the immense crowd of visitors during the present week. The exhibitions are from 10 in the morning until 10 at night.

PARODY'S SIGNOR CONCERTS.—This event takes place this evening at the Odd Fellows' Hall. A very fine programme is announced. It will doubtless be a great treat to those who hear the celebrated quartette sing "Oh! Susanna" from Christy's Ethiopian Melodists. "Ole Dan Tucker," "Jim Crow," "Dandy Jim of Caroline," &c. Parodies on Bellini's "Casta Diva" and "Ah! Bel Dio" will be sung by Signor Parody, the celebrated tenor.

DOBBIN'S TROUPE.—Signor Donetti, with his wonderful comic troupe is acting much to the good purpose, at the Varieties, and will remain here in his present or a new dress. Many of our readers will recollect the Signor and his troupe, who were wards at the Olympic, Broadway, for a season some three years since. The northern and western cities of late have vied in the praise of the Signor and his wonderful success wherever they have exhibited. We have no doubt they will receive, by their unique and novel performances, a good patronage from our citizens. The Signor, in their first appearance will be given.

THE EGYPTIAN STATUE OF GEN. JACKSON.—This unique statue arrived yesterday from Italy, and is now in the Exchange. The inauguration of Jackson's inauguration is not likely to occur before about the 20th. It is suggested that the Pole, the sculptor, who has been employed on the statue in Carrier and St. Peter streets, a severe cutting. He may have some to assist.

ISAAC W. BOONE, of Baronne street, was arrested and committed to prison to await examination for paying counterfeit money, with a stick, the wife of his bosom. Thanks.

Louis and Andre Hubert were sent to pilloried in a wind-mill yesterday, for the offence of the Hubert's, who, in the course of the afternoon, at the corner of St. Claude and Old Bacon streets, given one John Schoenhouser a most unmerciful beating.

A warrant is out for the arrest of Eugene Dupuy, wife is charged with having, on Thursday, the 3d inst., at the corner of Bourbon and Dauphin streets, knocked down Joseph Flynn, kicked him and then stamped then drew a bowie knife on him with intent to kill.

BEAGLE OF THEFT.—J. H. Harper is to answer on the 14th inst., before Recorder Beigle, to a charge of theft. Mr. Harper, who is a resident of St. Philip street, alleges that the accused, on the 10th of December, disposed of thirty turkeys for $28, on the Levee, to Mr. Hoffman, and has refused to pay him the money, as he was in duty bound to do.

SPEALING WOOD.—Daniel Roper, Jas. Kelly, and Mary Kelly were arrested on Saturday, charged with having stolen fifty cords of wood, valued at $150, from Thomas F. Williams. The wood was in a lot at the corner of Bolivar and Canberra streets, and plaintiff has recovered the wood, it is alleged, in stables by the above parties. They were held in bonds to answer.

BURGLARY.—C. Williams, A. Johnson, W. Tell, J. Johnson, and Thomas Ryan, were sent to prison on Saturday, to await examination, for having broken into a store in Tchoupitoulas, near Jackson street, in the night-time, by means of false keys, and stolen eighteen pairs of fancy domestic pantaloons, and other articles of clothing, in their possession when arrested. They are all young men.

COTTONADE HOMEY.—Edward Foley was sent to prison on Saturday by Recorder Beigle, in default of bail, to answer the Grand Jury on a charge of having passed a spurious $20 bill on the Louisiana State Bank upon John Hagan, who keeps the Monument House, Lafayette square, on the night of the 1st instant. Foley is a very slim imitation, and would be detected by blue persons out of liquor.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.—William Greenwood, on the 26th, was committed to prison for trial by Recorder Beigle, for stealing a cent and shaving from George Haine. Sent to prison.

Headland's Gunpowder Bitters.

Certificate of Ralph Lee, Esq., Editor "Spirit of the Times."

BOSTON, October 30, 1854.

Dr. C. M. Jackson—Dear Sir—The Bitters are in great demand. Everybody is taking them. I gave one by *Monday of Bailey*, your agent, the two other stores the same quantity. Your agent informed me day before yesterday, that he had sold all your Bitters he had received. Your agent in Lynn, Mass., has sent for more. The demand for your Bitters is so great in the United States. The fever on the part of Cuba fever, where the "Palace" is moored, will accommodate the immense crowd of visitors during the present time who do not believe, here, and the scene they are made to leave the better, for they must have a very tasteful pallisade on Jerusalem above and near, when they can, in the two square cases, if it is on the left, right, or on both sides. If it be on the left, the Jerusalem should be placed in the centre, and the Jerusalem should be placed in the centre, and the Jerusalem should be placed in the centre of the State, and the influence of conveying back the Jews to their own country, and then the population would increase, doubtless, so that in a short time, instead of less than 100,000 souls, as at present, it would increase to 200,000 souls, or even 300,000. These would be all visitors of New York, and the city would be increased in population and augmentation of population, would be an increased political importance to Louisiana, as it would give her an additional seat in Congress. Upon this Colonel Coleman concluded his remarks with an eloquent summary of the advantages of railroads in behalf in the rapid progress of the States of Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, South Carolina, Georgia, &c.

Colonel Crawford followed Colonel Coleman, and addressed the meeting in a very able and practical speech, in which he lucidly demonstrated the unmistakable benefits to accrue to the country from the past twenty five years. He entirely corroborated the statements of the previous speaker, and spoke in the great benefits which New Orleans would reap from the introduction of the "iron horse" into North Louisiana.

The meeting then adjourned, to again assemble on Thursday evening at the Exchange, at the Arcade Hotel, Magazine street, on which occasion we hope to see a large attendance of our citizens than at the former meeting.

HOT FOR NICARAGUA.—The work of enlisting emigrants for Nicaragua has been going on briskly in this city for the past few or three weeks. Colonel Kinney, accompanied by Colonel Lockridge, passed on cars at No. 14 Royal street, next door to the United States Courtroom, for the purpose of giving instructions to the emigrants who are going to the new Republic. Nearly a hundred emigrants paled from the Lake Pontchartrain, Fort Pike Arcade, on route for General Walker's headquarters at Grenada, on the 20th ult., and a large number still expected to follow along the strand. Colonel Kinney, who is in Friday, the 4th, while a third detachment will go on the 25th. The emigrants do not go armed, neither have they any supplied from the government. Most of the emigrants enlisted are said to be men of reputed character. We see in the Northern papers a report that the schooner Cleveland, has sailed from that port with emigrants. This was incorrect, all the emigrants left for the South on the day afternoon, at the corner of St. Claude and Old Bacon streets, given one John Schoenhouser a most unmerciful beating.

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Certificate of Ralph Lee, Esq., Editor "Spirit of the Times."

BOSTON, October 30, 1854.

Dr. C. M. Jackson—Dear Sir—The Bitters are in great demand. Everybody is taking them. I gave one by *Monday of Bailey*, your agent, the two other stores the same quantity. Your agent informed me day before yesterday, that he had sold all your Bitters he had received. Your agent in Lynn, Mass., has sent for more. The demand for your Bitters is so great in the United States. The fever on the part of Cuba fever, where the "Palace" is moored, will accommodate the immense crowd of visitors during the present time who do not believe, here, and the scene they are made to leave the better, for they must have a very tasteful pallisade on Jerusalem above and near, when they can, in the two square cases, if it is on the left, right, or on both sides. If it be on the left, the Jerusalem should be placed in the centre, and the Jerusalem should be placed in the centre of the State, and the influence of conveying back the Jews to their own country, and then the population would increase, doubtless, so that in a short time, instead of less than 100,000 souls, as at present, it would increase to 200,000 souls, or even 300,000. These would be all visitors of New York, and the city would be increased in population and augmentation of population, would be an increased political importance to Louisiana, as it would give her an additional seat in Congress. Upon this Colonel Coleman concluded his remarks with an eloquent summary of the advantages of railroads in behalf in the rapid progress of the States of Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, South Carolina, Georgia, &c.

Colonel Crawford followed Colonel Coleman, and addressed the meeting in a very able and practical speech, in which he lucidly demonstrated the unmistakable benefits to accrue to the country from the past twenty five years. He entirely corroborated the statements of the previous speaker, and spoke in the great benefits which New Orleans would reap from the introduction of the "iron horse" in North Louisiana.

The meeting then adjourned, to again assemble on Thursday evening at the Exchange, at the Arcade Hotel, Magazine street, on which occasion we hope to see a large attendance of our citizens than at the former meeting.

FROM SANTA FE.

The St. Louis *Republican* of the 29th ult. contains the annexed despatch:

INDEPENDENCE, Dec. 27, 1855.

The Santa Fe mail arrived last Saturday. It brings us little news of interest, in consequence of rain and snow. The roads in the mountain regions were very bad. The winter, so far, in New Mexico, has exceeded in severity any for a number of years past. More snow has fallen in the month of November alone, than during the whole of last winter.

Indian disturbances are less frequent than heretofore, in consequence of the energetic movements of Col. Fauntleroy last winter. The Utahs and Jicarillas are perfectly quiet, and the Apaches more subdued than for few years before. Much now depends upon the civil agents and magistrates in the land, to keep Indian troubles quiet. The Navajoes show some symptoms of restlessness, and have latterly stolen some stock in the Rio Abajo. Lieut. Moore commanded nearly all of them. Capt. McFerran has received the appointment of Quartermaster, and is ordered to Fort Union. Capt. Davidson and company have been ordered from Stanton to Fort Pillsbury. The General and staff have gone to El Paso on matters pertaining to their station. Maj. Fry, Paymaster, and his wife, arrived at Fort Union on the 1st. On Friday, Mr. Ross, of our place, and party, accompanied by Allison's party, returned from the Buffalo range, having had great success and much sport. Allison has brought in a great quantity of fresh and dried buffalo meat, just in time for Christmas. If the railroad was in operation, he would send you some of his savory and desirable food of the prairie.

Imports from Havana.

We stop the press to give some important news from Kansas Territory. A letter was received yesterday from Leavenworth City, by one of our citizens, from which we learn that quite an excitement has prevailed there, growing but of a pretended election which the abolitionists were holding in regard to the State Constitution adopted by the Topeka Convention.

A collision had taken place between the pro and anti-slavery parties, which resulted in the destruction of the Ballot-box, and an entire interruption of the voting. During the excitement, one house was burnt, belonging to a member of the anti-slavery party. This act of burning was charged on a pro-slavery gentleman, upon the abolitionists succeeded in arresting and confining in jail. The friends of this gentleman rallied, broke open the jail and then burnt it to the ground.

The excitement was great, and the abolitionists had sent to Lawrence for reinforcements, and the letter states that the pro-slavery men had also sent for assistance.

This is the substance of the letter, and we think it can be relied on as strictly true, for it comes from a gentleman of undoubted veracity.—*Lexington Herald.*

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY AT BABYLON.—Colonel Rawlinson has just discovered among the ruins of ancient Babylon an extensive library—not painted printed on paper, but impressed on baked bricks—containing many and voluminous treatises on astronomy, mathematics, ethnology, and several other most important branches of knowledge.—These treatises contain data and information, which, in his opinion, will have no small operation on the study of the sciences to which they relate, and which throw quite a flood of biblical history and the history of our race. *Sun. Georgian.*

ST. JOSEPH, Dec. 27.—We have Omaha City (Nebraska Territory) dates to the 19th. The Legislature met on the 15th. The Council elected the following officers: Jas. Bennett, S. R. Tobey, President; E. G. McNeely, Chief Clerk; T. M. Cuss, Assistant Clerk; C. W. Pierce, Sergeant-at-arms; Henry Springer, Door-keeper.

The House organized on the evening of the 18th, and proceeded to elect a Speaker. On the 1st ballot, P. D. Gaskins, of Washington county, was elected Speaker, J. L. Gibbs was elected Chief Clerk; H. C. Anderson, Assistant Clerk; A. S. Bishop, Sergeant-at-arms; B. B. Chase, Door-keeper.

Home for Jewish Widows and Orphans,

DEDICATED AT THE CORR. OF JACKSON AND CHIPPEWA ST'S, FOURTH DISTRICT.

THE members of, and contributors to this Association, ladies, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to be present at the Ceremony of Dedication of the Home, to be performed on the 7th of January, 1856, at noon.

The Oration will be delivered by B. F. JONAS, Esq., by order of the Board of Directors of the Hebrew Relief of Jewish Widows and Orphans.

J. J. LAMB, R. LOUVIERE, *Secty.*

The Banquet intended to be given in honor of said Dedication is postponed. 6a

Nicaragua.

THE Government of Nicaragua is desirous of having its lands settled and cultivated by an industrious class of people, and offers no inducement to emigrants, a donation of Two Hundred and Sixty Acres of land for single persons, and One Hundred Acres additional for each of family.

Steamers leave New Orleans for San Juan on the 15th and 25th of each month. The fare is now reduced to less than half the former rates.

The undersigned will be happy to give information to those who are desirous of emigrating.

THOMAS F. FREEMAN, 16 Royal st.

jan7 4d Telegraphing 4t

BRANDY, COGNAC—Landing and for sale by jan7 ANT GIRAUD, 44 Old Levee

CATALONIA WINE—In pipes superior. Flagons and 100 baskets genuine Vermouth, 200 bbls Malaga Wine, 100 bbls Port, 100 bbls Madeira, 100 boxes Prodigio (Muscatel). For sale by

jan7 ANT GIRAUD, 44 Old Levee

CORK—10 bales fine pointed Corks, Mixed. For Cash only

jan7 ANT GIRAUD, 44 Old Levee

WHITE WINE—10 boxes Haut Sauterne 150 do Old Cognac. For sale by

jan7 ANT GIRAUD 44 old Levee

ABSINTHE—40 boxes Pontac Absynth, Vermouth & Liqueur. For sale by

jan7 ANT GIRAUD, 44 Old Levee

VERMICELLI AND MACARONI—Always in store and for sale by

jan7 ANT GIRAUD, 44 Old Levee

PICKLES—200 kegs Mixed Pickles, all qualities, for sale by

jan7 ANT GIRAUD 44 Old Levee

BLUE MOUNTAIN BERRIES—Landing ex ship Kate Hammond, and for sale by

jan7 ANT GIRAUD, 44 Old Levee

LANDING ex ship Lemuel Ingraham, from Bordeaux and for sale by the undersigned:

1000 cases fine Claret, Medoc, 200 cases Grapes, 8 Carte, 6th proof, 10 bbls old Cognac Brandy; 25 hogsh. 12 glass jars fine Olives. For sale by

jan7 ANT GIRAUD, 44 Old Levee

LANDING ex ship Protector, from Bordeaux—1 case fine Claret, Medoc, 1 case Sauterne, 1 do Medium 10,000 each; 3 do demijohn do; 4 do pointed Corks; 10 do Tonneaux Cognac Brandy, 1 qr do 1830; 5 qr Cognac Cognac; Dr. Rochelle, 6th proof; 10 eighth do do do do; 10 qr do do Larrode. For sale by ANT GIRAUD, 44 Old Levee

jan7 55 and 57 St. Louis st.

KERR'S CRESCENT CITY DIRECTORY, FOR 1856.

Price, $2 25!!!

See advertisement. RALPH LUTE.

For sale by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,

jan6 1mBaw] 151 Chartres street, N. O.

THOMAS C. PAYAN & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

No. 74 Canal street, between Chartres and Old Levee streets.

Sales Room in Cincinnati, Ohio, in splendid street, between Broadway and Church streets. Manufactory No. 209 and 211 Broad street, Nicholas Payan, Agent.

HAVE received per Steamships Crescent City, Granada, Black Warrior and Cahawba, and will be receiving by every steamer, a large assortment of which they offer at ten only low prices, the following Standard Brands, manufactured expressly for them:

COATS—Style, Dress and Frock Paletots, Office Sacks, Sacks, Pilots, Reefers, Jackets, Cloaks, Pantaloons, Vests, Drawers, Shirts, Cravats, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Suspenders, Hosiery, Shirts, Drawers, Cap, Fancy Goods, Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, Tobacco,