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THE DAILY BEE.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 21.

Subscription to the Bee.

The carriers of the Bee are instructed to receive subscription by the week, at the rate of 25 cents.

The Mexican Mail came through yesterday from Brownsville.

WHO WILL BENEFIT?

ALBANY, Tues. We gentlemen who attended Liberal Meetings that adjourned at sunset between the North and South, exposed him affinities the recent caucus in Louisiana, to the hopeless view by the Democratic party of leaning too far towards the North; has written an address to the Southern members of the American party, in which he declares his dissatisfaction at the platform adopted in February; condemns it as a surrender of the most valuable principles of the Southern party; sustains Mr. Fillmore, not from any discount of him, but because, if he accepts the nomination, he will stand upon the platform, advises the adherence of the South not to unite with the Democratic party, as "many of their Northern allies are no more reliable than ours," and finally winds up with a recommendation, that South Americans call a new Convention, establish a proper platform, and nominate "a Democrat who has been tried, and always been found true to the South and the Constitution, at home and in the councils of the country." Mr. Pierce willing to take such a man unpledged, trust him to his American feelings and instincts to do justice to those who, like him, are Americans born. If that should not suit the Americans of the South, then says Mr. Pike, let us nominate candidates of our own party, on our own platform, and our flag to the breeze, and take our chances of the ballot; satisfied with defeat, if it entails no dishonor and no betrayal of the South.

So far Mr. Pike. Now for another gaggle of similar opposition from diametrically different views. Judge Abraham Cowles—the farm personal friend of Mr. Fillmore—the man who bound over the Jerry rescuers at Syracuse, for a violation of the provisions of the Fugitive Slave Law, and who was subsequently appointed Minister to Mexico, had written a letter to Jesse A. Kiss, disapproving of Mr. Fillmore's nomination, and endorsing the character and aims of the Black Republican party. Judge Cowles takes the position that the Whig party is dead; that the Democratic party, aided by the F generally, have declared unequivocally against the solemn compact of the Missouri Compromise; that the American Convention at Philadelphia proclaimed principles with respect to slavery so revolting to the moral sentiments of the minority, as to drive them from the Convention; that this Confederation placed Mr. Fillmore in nomination, putting him before the country as the representative of the doctrines and opinions of the slave power—doctrines and opinions which Judge Cowles abhors. Consequently, this eminent Whig feels himself unquestionable objection to the support of Mr. Fillmore, and is constrained to link his fortunes with the Republican party.

It appears, therefore, that while one prominent Southern citizen regards the platform of the American party as a virtual surrender of Southern principles, and declines supporting Fillmore, because, in spite of his love of justice and moderation, he must stand upon that platform, an equally prominent Northern citizen deliberately accuses the American party of fastening upon the North a policy and doctrines fatal to freedom, and abhorrent to the public sentiment of that section, positively refuses to vote for Fillmore in spite of personal admiration and regard, because he must stand South as the representative of the slave power, and contributed by the expression of his intention to join the Black Republicans.

Now, both these distinguished gentlemen cannot be right. The American Convention cannot at the same time have abandoned the South, and deserted the North; promulgated defiant anti-slavery doctrines, and put forth the strongest possible Southern platform. There is a logical impossibility between the opinions of Mr. Pike and those of Judge Cowles. This being the case, we imagine that moderate, sensible and reflecting people will draw the conclusion that both are wrong—that the platform is an honest, fair and satisfactory programme—that Mr. Fillmore, if elected, will do his duty fairly and honestly as he did before, and that fanatics on either side are the only ones likely to find in him either extreme freesoil or pro-slavery proclivities.

FURTHER FROM MEXICO.

We received yesterday one files of Mexican papers of the 15th instant, and are thus enabled to glean a few items of intelligence. The siege of Puebla was progressing favorably. Letters from the chief officers of the government array as late as the 12th instant, state that the city has been completely invested, with a view of surrendering to the enemy, and compelling him to yield, without the effusion of blood. Twenty-two officers of the insurgents have offered to pass over to the besieging force. Haro y Tamaris's strength does not exceed 1,000 infantry and 1,000 cavalry, and his troops are said to suffer greatly from short supplies of provisions.

The *Trait d' Union* says there is a multitude of reports in circulation, but cautions its readers to receive them with great reserve. What appears certain, adds that journal, is that General Avalos is dead, and that General Guzman received, on the 11th, a half in his left foot. Though the limb has been attracted, the wound is considered very dangerous.

The ringleaders in the recent mutiny in the Castle of Ulua have been tried at Vera Cruz. Six were condemned to death, and one to the galleys for ten years. Time has been allowed the parties to ask for a remission of their sentence, but the result of their application is not yet known.

There have been some troubles at Jalisco. A well-known bandit named Romero got together 150 men, and attacked and disarmed a police force at Arroyo del Muerte. Troops have been despatched in pursuit of the brigand.

Gen. Bravo is a prisoner at Sapotlanejo, and was dying at the last accounts.

The condition of States—A movement started by Revoq Dimolitado—gales proselytes. The government of Queretaro has entered into the league, but desires that it should be perpetual. This policy finds much favor among the liberals, but is strongly opposed by the conservatives. Durango and Aguas Calientes have like wise joined the coalition.

The representatives of the State of Tamaulipas have addressed a protest to Congress, against the act of Vera cruz in reannexing Coahuila to Nuevo Leon.

On the 8th inst., Gen. Chaca left under an escort of 400 soldiers for the South, where he will be delivered to Gen. Alvarez.

Rich gold and silver mines are said to have been discovered in Lower California, near the town of Cerralvo.

The press in Mexico is vigilantly observed, and any infraction of the rigid laws governing it is promptly punished.

The unsettled state of the country enables brigands and highway robbers to ply their trade almost with impunity. The papers contain whole columns of narratives of crime and violence perpetrated by these wretches.

AN IMPORTANT DISCRIMINATION.

We perceive by the Mexican papers that the supreme government has voted an appropriation of $25,000 to Mr. W. G. Stewart, to assist that gentleman in the construction of a telegraph line from Lerdo to the port of San Blas, passing through Guadalajara, so that when completed correspondence between the nation will be spirited from Vera Cruz to the Pacific. This liberal appropriation during the present critical position of Mexican finances, is the strongest evidence of the importance attached by the government to the project. Of the sixty-five thousand, one thousand are to be paid immediately, twenty thousand when the line reaches Guadalajara, five thousand when it reaches Aguascalientes, &c. Branches are to be constructed to the Las Petest, Ciudad Victoria and Matamoras.

Shakespeare.—Another night to the photographic gallery of Rouzé, Gunter & Hanson, and an inspection of some of their recent productions, have convinced this high spirited entertain of the drift of the capacity of these deserving artists. We scarcely know which most to admire, the exquisite accuracy of the likenesses taken by Mr. Gunter, or the taste and tact displayed by his associate in arranging them, and throwing them into proper relief. There are many very capacious photographists in our city, and while willing to do entire justice to all, we are bound to confess that the portraits taken by Gunter & Hanson are independent, in finish and beauty, to any we have seen before. As these admirable specimens have been before the public, we avail ourselves of the opportunity of repeating our high appreciation of their merits.

We are indebted to Capt. Hiram Taylor for interesting public documents.

By Telegraph.

[By the Southern Press.]

TROUBLE AT MONTEREY.

Washington, March 20.—The government of Washington is in a state of great disquietude. The Mexican Minister, with his first demand, has presented a note to the Secretary of State, in which he complains of the action of the Supreme Court.

Published Monday to see force to obtain the Mexican.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Washington, March 20.—The Senate has requested the President to furnish information in regard to the Monterey difficulty, and the seizure of the Transit Company's property.

The Hon. Steuben Comptroller Dick, Oliver of Missouri, and William of Michigan, were appointed to the Kansas Investigation Committee.

Washington, March 20.—Shortness, of Ohio, has been appointed Chairman of the Kansas Committee vice Campbell, resigned.

SHIPPING.

New York, March 20.—The ship John Rutledge, from Liverpool for New York, struck on Rockaway Beach the 19th of February. The crew and property numbered one hundred and fifty, and it is believed that all are lost.

[By the National Line.]

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

Vicksburg, March 16.—The Montgomery passed down at 12 o'clock, Lebanon at 12, Europa at 12, Louisiana at 4, and the Natchez at 4, bound up.

Vicksburg, March 18.—The Empress passed down at 8 o'clock this morning, the Southern at 8, and the Anchondar at 6 this evening, bound for New Orleans.

Louisville, March 16.—The river is rising slowly with 3ft. and a half feet on the falls.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 20.—Our Cotton market is active, and prices are advancing. Orleans middling nine.

MARRIED.

New Orleans, March 20.—Ohio four, 87 50 a 88; Southern, 86 12½. Mess Pork, $15 87½.

Cincinnati, March 20.—Flour 40 barrels sold. Mess Pork, 60s. Lard, 9 a 9½c. Bacon, 8½ a 9c. Coffee, 13½ a 16c.

A Mass Meeting in Cincinnati.—"Can Such Things Be?"—Secretary Cobb of Richmond, Virginia, Mr. Howe, of Maryland, opposed the report of the Committee on Elections, and Mr. Mordecai of Virginia, in reply to the concluding argument in its favor. After various motions, the labors of the day resulted in the adoption of a series of resolutions offered by Mr. Howe, which provide for appointing a committee of three members, with the necessary assistance of clerks and other officers, to proceed to Kansas and institute into the condition of affairs in that Territory, and report to the House. The sum of ten thousand dollars was appropriated from the contingent fund of the House to meet the expenses of the mission.—*Nat. Intel.*

THE NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.—The returns from New Hampshire are at last nearly complete so to supply competent data for measuring the result. The total vote of the outstanding townships yet reach 300, a sum that can have no noticeable influence upon the aggregate figures. Mr Wells, the Administration candidate for the Governorship, has received 31,377 votes against 37,668 votes, given for the Opposition; of which ninety-five, Mr. Wells, the Opposition Governor, obtained 32,063. Subtract the last two from each other and there results the defeat of the Administration is still more palpable. The Senate stands 11 Opposition, 10 Administration, while the House has 167 Opposition to 140 Administration; dispose that assemblage in-votes, the Administration Speaker, the leading Opposition Speaker, the Administration Clerk, and the Opposition Sergeant, in short, 1,000.—*New York Times.*

The Annapolis (Md.) Sentinel, of the 18th, states that Brent Tyler, Tuesday, and Richard Pinkard Wednesday, in Anne Arundel county, was seized yesterday morning while being waited through Annapolis by Deputy U. S. Marshal Angelis, and brought back, and ambushed at the Navy Yard. He was seized on suspicion of being intended for the slave trade, having all the necessary fixtures on board for the business. The captain and mate were not found on board. Captain Watson, of the U. S. Marine, and a file of 12 men, were placed in possession.

THOMAS.

Dr. Crawcour's second lecture on the Chemistry of Common Life will take place this evening at the Lyceum Hall. The Doctor is an interesting lecturer, and handles his subject with decided ability.

A letter dated Coast of Africa, February 2d, reports the loss of the whaling schooner *Mountain Spring*, of Provincetown, which was capured in Cintra Bay, January 6th. Mr. Hamer, Captain Young, a boatsteerer named Cortez, and a cabin boy named Miller, were saved; all the rest on board perished.

CONGRESS.

Washington, March 19th.—In the Senate several Bills were reported or favorably by the Committee on Commerce for the improvement of harbors and rivers. The Military Academy appropriation bill was passed. The House bill to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30th, was taken up and passed. The Senate bill to provide for the payment of the expenses of the Mission to Japan, and for the purchase of a suitable vessel for the Japan Mission