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The New Orleans Bee.

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NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 12, 1857. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXX—WHOLE NO. 10,361.

Notice to Advertisers.
All Bills of Advertisements, that shall be handed in to the Office of this Paper, and have their price for one Month, or less, NO Advertisement inserted for less than Ten Lines.
Advertisements in the first page $1 per square each insertion.
Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged a very dollar for every THE lines for each insertion.
The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to their business.
Advertisements, in the body, within the line of reading matter, and in italics, will be charged double price.

THE DAILY BEE.

NEW ORLEANS, MORNING, MAY 12, 1857.

[illegible] Mail came through yesterday morning.

FREE STATE MEN OF KANSAS.—[illegible] Free State men in [illegible] to delegates to the convention, has been [illegible] address they [illegible] of the United States, they allege, as a [illegible] that only the lists of [illegible] by the sheriffs of [illegible] thousands of Free [illegible] registered, while the [illegible] known and mythical [illegible] qualified electors [illegible] the election is to [illegible] slavery partisans, and [illegible] the Free State party [illegible] in the face of such [illegible] experience." They [illegible] immediately [illegible] the Constitution [illegible] in September [illegible] in accordance with the [illegible] unobtrusively, be [illegible] of this contin[illegible] the contested seat and [illegible] Constitution [illegible] Kansas. For [illegible] country, in one case [illegible] of Attachment [illegible] Your governor [illegible] the admission of [illegible] the Dallas Twenty.

THE ITALIAN OPERA.—The first representation of Maria di Rohan last evening attracted a brilliant and numerous attendance. As the opera is little known to our citizens, though very frequently performed in Europe, it may be well to state that it is regarded as one of Donizetti's most successful compositions, though not so complete and uniform in excellence as "Lucia" or "Lucrezia Borgia." It abounds, nevertheless, in musical inspirations of great beauty. In the first act there is a splendid concerted piece with an andante and a final stretta—the first supplied by Personi, the leader of the orchestra at the Gaiety, in order to complete an otherwise imperfect morceau—and the latter a vigorous and beautiful strain in Donizetti's finest style. There are, moreover, a charming aria for the tenor, *Quando il cor*, and another for the soprano—both of which were rendered with remarkable feeling and expression by Tiberini and Carbanati.

The principal morceaux in the second act consist of two duos, the first, *Corriamo alla Vittoria*, between the barytone and tenor, is replete with dramatic warmth and originality—the second, between the tenor and soprano, is exceedingly tender and passionate.

The third act is very fine. The prayer *Hiuvo un Dio*, sung by Mdme. Carranti, is exquisitely touching and pathetic; the aria *voce fatal di morte* is a striking and well sustained melody, and the final trio, *Vieo non t'è rancesso*, between Tiberini, Carranti and Corradi-Setti, is in the composer's most exuberant and happiest vein.

Vestvali, as Gondi, has not a very important role, but there is a pretty melody in the first, and an air in the second act, which is very beautiful, and which she sings magnificently. As usual, her acting was forcible and true to nature.

The opera was received with the warmest enthusiasm and promises to become popular. Like all musical compositions, it must be heard two or three times before its beauties can be thoroughly appreciated.

The next performance takes place to-morrow evening, when "La Sonnambula" and the fourth act from "Il Trovatore" will be given.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The New York papers contain the annexed dispatch:

QUEBEC, Monday, May 4, 1857.—The Liverpool and Canadian Steamship Company's steamer *Indian* arrived at this port to-day at 11 o'clock r. m. She left Liverpool at 9 o'clock on the morning of the 23d ultimo, and brings four days' later advices than those brought by the *Africa*.

The steamship *Leopold*, which was to sail from Antwerp on the 18th ult., would be detained a few days, owing to an accident which let four feet of water into her engine-room. Her cargo and engine, however, were not injured.

The political advices brought by the *Indian* are not very important.

The ship *Conquest*, for Quebec, had been towed back to Liverpool after going ashore on Black Water Bank, on the 14th ult.

The ship *Southampton*, with Howe & Cushing's circus, arrived at Liverpool on the 19th ult. Four horses only were lost on the passage.

GREAT BRITAIN.—There is no political news of a positive character, but speculation in every variety was indulged in as to the Ministerial programme for the new Parliament. Among the immediate measures probable were the following: Reform of the Law and Chancery Courts; continuance of the General Board of Health; the Rights of Married Women; Medical Reform, and revision of the whole system of Local taxation.

It had been officially announced that Evelyn Dobson would be Ministerial nominee for Speaker.

The London *Star* classes the new House as follows: Palmerston, 265; Derbyites, 227; Reformers, 110; Liberal Conservatives, 53.

FRANCE.—The French government has resolved to adopt the English system of transportation of criminals.

The Grand Duke Constantine had arrived at Toulon, and was received with the usual honors.

The accounts from the French manufacturing districts are not encouraging. Lyons and Rouen continued more pressing. Very extensive failures had been done in the corn market, and a considerable decline had taken place in Bordeaux and Toulon. It had been positively ascertained that there is more than sufficient wheat in France for consumption until the next harvest. The growing crops looked most favorable. The wine market was firm and firm at Bercy.

PORTUGAL.—The London *Post* says the assertion that Portugal would send a force to China, is unfounded.

SPAIN.—The Madrid correspondence indicates that the Mexican difficulty presents a fair chance of pacific arrangement.

The Neutralist question was not over. The *Times* correspondent states that a project had been drawn up, but that the exact terms were kept a secret. The sense of it, however, is said to be that the representations of the four powers declare that they have done their best to effect an arrangement between the Helvetic Confederation and Prussia, by settling the questions in dispute between them in the best way that it could be done, in their judgment, for their interest. They offer the settlement they have made to the contending parties for their acceptance, and strongly recommend them to do so. If, however, they refuse to accept of the propositions, and such refusal should be followed by measures of a hostile character, the four Powers will do their best to prevent hostilities breaking out between the two nations.

The Conference had reassembled at Paris, which excited hopes of an amicable arrangement of the question in dispute.

CIRCASSIA.—At the close of the investigation into the *Kangaroo* affair, the Sultan pronounced Mohammed Bey, with Ferhad and Ismael, guilty, and sentenced all three to banishment.

The *Journal de Constantinople* says that the Russian Fort of Sudjuk had been taken by the Circassians and the garrison put to death.

PERU.—A notice posted at Lloyd's, London, says that the late attack by the revolutionary party in Peru upon the steamer *New Granadin* resulted in the defeat of the party, that portion of bullion which had been shipped by and was the property of the Peruvian government. The bullion destined for England was unbouched by Vivanco's adherents.

The New York *Spirit of the Times* contains a letter from its Paris correspondent, which furnishes some items of interest to our musical readers:

PARIS, March 29, 1857.

For the matter of music, our papers teem with the prattle letters of Italian correspondents, all hopelessly deranged through the medium of Verdi's last opera, "Simon Boccanegra," produced in Venice some two weeks ago. The first night it was received rather coldly, but the second night the audience was without parallel in operatic chronicles; there were several quadruple encores, and the illustrious composer himself was summoned before the curtain nine times.

Many of the most celebrated and reliable musical critics of Paris went to Venice to hear the opera present upon the occasion, and returned, seemingly and repeatedly has stated that in musical merit it outweighs all of Verdi's other operas put together.

It is rumored here that Gutschalk will be nominated *Pianist* to the Empress Eugenie, for the ensuing year. *La Pays* states it at length this morning, and yesterday a leading journal said: "The name of Gottschalk is at present a point of aim for pianists. He is one of those strangely brilliant individualities who startle pre-eminent through the potency of his talent, and of whom no one can contest the rare originality. His works have acquired a popularity throughout Europe, and in every country through which he has passed he has left traces of his genius. As a pianist, Gottschalk fears no rival; as a composer, he must be ranked only with Chopin, the eminented poet of the piano."

ADA CLARE.

ALEXANDRE DUMAS visited England during the recent elections, and was hospitably received and entertained. The London correspondent of the New York *Tribune* aptly enough remarks:

M. Dumas has been received in England with that mixture of politeness and pride with which the Britons greet distinguished foreigners, for they are by no means enthusiastic admirers of men who are likely to tell the truth, like Fenimore Cooper. A literary club, where M. Dumas's visit was expected, put up a transparency with the inscription, "To the French Dickens." We are at a loss to understand what Alexandre Dumas, the great dramatist, the lively story-teller, who has reduced the whole of French history into a series of romances, has in common with Charles Dickens, the marvellous painter of popular manners and character. But is not this instance truly English? Our country never erect a statue to a foreigner unless it be raised on a British pedestal, and measure glory according to the size of their own great men. They are capable of calling Victor Hugo "the French Tennyson," and Prescott "the American Sir Archibald Alison."

CHEAP HONORS.—The Alexandria *Democrat* says: "Our city was *honored* (!) during last week with a visit from the Hon. John Slidell." The italics and marks of exclamation are our own.

A PRIZE FOR THE POPULACE.—The *Scientific American* gives a very simple mode of examining the satellites of the planet Jupiter, the means used being so common as to be within the reach of all. It says:

Every person can view them, by reflection, using a common looking-glass for the purpose. On a clear night take a looking-glass, and, either at the window or out of doors, so place it as to receive the impression of the planet. By a close examination of the planet as reflected in the glass all its satellites will also be observed, provided none of them are eclipsed. It is rather remarkable, however, that although these satellites can thus be seen, while they cannot be seen by the naked eye, that neither Venus nor the moon can be seen so distinctly by reflection as they can be by observing them with the naked eye.

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

WASHINGTON, May 4, 1857.—The Navy Department having reason to believe that the crew of the *Highflyer*, wrecked on the coast of Formosa, were murdered, instructions have just been issued to the East India squadron to proceed thither to make investigation.

The orders of the late administration regarding the protection of the persons and property of citizens of the United States at Panama remain in force, and require this to be done as all hazards, even to the seizure of the Isthmus.

The receipts into the treasury for the quarter ending April 1, were nearly $20,500,000; of which $19,000,000 were from the customs, and over $1,000,000 from the land sales. The expenditures were $17,350,000.

The President has recognized Gregorio Dominguez as Consul for Ecuador at New York, and Samuel Shotter as Consul for Hanover at Philadelphia.

W. S. Y. Prentiss has been appointed special mail agent for the district of Ohio and parts of Pennsylvania and Virginia, Vice Estron; the appointment to take effect from the first of June.

There was no meeting of the Cabinet today hence the report that they had under consideration the rejected treaty was erroneous.

Secretary Floyd is recovering from the sickness which has confined him to the house for the past week.

The Court of Claims resumed session today.

THE AMERICAN SQUADRON IN THE CHINESE WATERS—*List of Vessels to be Sent Out.*—Washington, May 2, 1857.—The steam frigates *Minnesota* and *Mississippi*, and the sloop of war *Germantown*, are now fitting out with all dispatch to reinforce our squadron in the Chinese seas, which is at present much too small to protect the extended commerce of the United States now employed in the waters of China.

Every day in the year thousands of tons of American shipping, with cargoes valued by the million, are floating in the five opened ports of China—Canton, Whampoa, Amoy, Foo-chow-foo and Shanghae—and we have but three vessels, mounting only fifty-five guns, to protect this vast amount of property.

The following vessels of war bearing the flag of the United States, are now on the coast of China:

Steam frigate San Jacinto (flagship)	Guns. 13
Sloop of war Portsmouth	22
Sloop of war Levant	20
Total guns	55

The following vessels are now fitting out, and will be ready in a short time to take their departure to reinforce the East India fleet:

Steam frigate Minnesota	Guns. 40
Steam frigate Mississippi	10
Sloop of war Germantown	22
Total guns	72

When the above vessels arrive out there, we shall have a force of one hundred and twenty-seven guns on that station, most of which are of the heaviest calibre; and if their services should be required, the Celestials will find them a weighty argument in our favor.

FROM WASHINGTON.—Washington, May 2.—There are several hundred applications for Consulships. Mr. Cass stated this morning that the subject would not be acted on till early in June.

Louis S. Partridge has been appointed Marshal for Vermont, vice Mr. Chapin, whose commission has expired.

YORK (Pa.) ELECTION.—York, Pa., May 2.—At our borough election, to-day, the Democrats elected their borough officers, electing Peter McIntyre, chief burger by sixty-five majority. Last fall, when Mr. Buchanan carried the county, this borough was against him. A large vote was polled.

The Atlantic Telegraph.—Halifax, May 2.—The Provincial Parliament has been prorogued to-Thursday. The Governor has signed the bill giving the Atlantic Telegraph Company an exclusive right for fifty years to land cables upon the shores of this province.

LOUISIANA ITEMS

The Harrisonburg (Catahoula) *Independent* says:

An abundance of rain having fallen throughout the parish during the week just passed, and warm weather setting in, gives a rapid start to every species of vegetation. Both corn and cotton, we are told, already begins to have a promising appearance, and with favorable weather from this, the planters will soon have their crops thoroughly under way.

We copy the following from the Southern (Iberville) *Sentinel*:

A flatboat was sucked into Bayou Plaquemine last week, which the owners soon disposed of at a sacrifice, rather than attempt to pump it out again. Lets a few more cases take place at the mouth, and few of such craft will ever pass the bayou.

The Caddo *Gazette* speaks as follows of the weather and crops:

During the week the weather has been quite balmy and springlike. On Thursday we had here very heavy showers, and though the rains are warm we have had rather too much.

The planters with whom we have conversed, seem to think they will be able to obtain pretty fair stands of both corn and cotton. Some predict that 1857 will be an abundant crop year.

The Baton Rouge *Sugar Planter* has the following:

One of the storms of wind and rain you have often read about but seldom see, visited us on Friday, and for a while threatened a demolition of everything resisting its progress. The rain was very welcome and the effect is already visible in the improved appearance of vegetation. Quite content to take the wind so long as it brought rain with it. No damage has been done as far as we could learn.

THE BURDELL MURDER CASE.—The New York *Times* says:

The trial of Mrs. Emma Augusta Cunningham, indicted as a principal in the murder of Dr. Burdell, was commenced yesterday morning, in the Court House. The entire day and evening, until 9 P. M., was consumed in obtaining a jury. Many of the five hundred who were empanelled were absent, and many of those present had formed an opinion. There was a large number of spectators present, and much interest was evinced in the proceedings. Mrs. Cunningham was present, dressed in deep mourning, and accompanied by her two daughters. Eckel was in the Court, and beside his counsel during the day. The District Attorney will open the case for the prosecution at 10 o'clock this morning, to which time the Court adjourned. An officer was directed to go with each member of the jury to his home, and return with him as soon as possible, that they might sleep together. In the morning they will be accompanied to their several places of business, but after that they will not be permitted to separate until the conclusion of the case. The Judge, who is obviously bent on losing as little time as possible, has signified his intention of sitting from 9 o'clock in the morning till at near midnight as may be found practicable.

A SHORT BUT CRIMINAL LIFE.—The sentence of Romulus S. Chipman, to be hung on the 15th of May, in Guilford, N. C., for murder, has been noticed. The Goldsboro' (N. C.) *Tribune* gives a history of his crime:

The case excited intense interest, not only from the youth and respectability of the accused, but from the cold-blooded circumstances under which the crime was perpetrated. Chipman, who is scarcely twenty years of age, seduced a Miss Celia, then living as a domestic with a farmer in his neighborhood. Worried with her importunities, he promised to marry her, and it was to rid himself of this engagement that he committed the crime which has placed him in his present awful position. Some time in November last, he wrote a note requesting her to meet him at a certain place in the woods. She went, but not returning, a search was made and the body discovered with a gun-shot wound and the throat cut. Before making the appointment was found in her pocket. The proof was entirely circumstantial. Sixty-seven witnesses were examined, who brought the crime home to the prisoner. The culprit's father offered ten thousand dollars bail when his son was first arrested, which was refused.

BILLIARDS.—Three match games of billiards were played in New York last week at the Irving Rooms, in which a Mr. Price, an amateur from Boston, made the following very handsome runs while playing a carom game against a New York amateur: The first game he closed by a run of 76, the second 81, and the third 87. He then played with the owner of the rooms, Mr. Bigham, Mr. H. discouted him, he was beaten. This is what is termed among the "fancy," "a tall play."

TERRIBLE HAIL STORM.—*Great Destruction of Crops.*—We learn from passengers, in the mail train yesterday, that the vicinity of Bolton's Depot, in Hinds county, was visited with a tremendous hail-storm about 3 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday. The size of the hail stones was extraordinary, many of them being larger than a hen's egg. The hail covered the ground to the depth of eight or ten inches, and when the train passed yesterday morning, there was no difficulty in gathering large quantities from the ground where it fell. Cotton, corn, and every description of crops within the range of the storm were literally ruined, cut off and beat into the earth. The storm passed over a belt of country about four miles wide, and ranged from North to South. The length of the path is not yet ascertained, but it is known to have been some twelve or fifteen miles long. A high wind prevailed, which uprooted a large number of fruit and forest trees, and we are sorry to learn leveled the gin-house of Charles A. Walton, Esq., to the ground. We hear of no personal injuries from the storm, which for severity has probably never been equaled in this latitude. The fates or the fiends are surely to be against our planting brethren this year, for the labors of the husbandman are in vain. We hope for better luck in future.—*Vicksburg Whig, 8th inst.*

DREADFUL ACCIDENT.—A dreadful accident occurred yesterday on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, resulting in the loss of one man's life. It appears that a train, whose cause is unknown, came down to the track about two miles this side of Stone's station, very drunk, and began to abuse the hands there, cursing and swearing in an awful manner. The engineer supposed he was one of the hands, blew the whistle and put down the brakes, but to no effect. The entire train passed over him, cutting off a leg and arm, and mashing his head so that it was impossible to recognize him. No blame can be attached to the engineer.—*Memphis Eagle, 7th.*

By Telegraph.

Transmitted to the New Orleans Bee.

ANOTHER DEFALCATION.

HARTFORD, CONN., May 11.—The accounts of D. Sedgewick, late teller of the Mercantile Bank, show a deficiency of $3700. He has gone to California.

THE WEATHER.

BUFFALO, May 11.—A propeller which started from the dock on Saturday is still blocked in the ice a mile and a half from the lighthouse.

IOWA ELECTION.

CHICAGO, May 11.—Returns from Iowa show the election of the Republican candidate for Commissioner of Des Moines river Navigation, and the Democratic candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction, by small majorities.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 11.—Cotton closed steady. Flour is dull. White Wheat $1 67½. Lard 8½c. Corn advanced 1c. Coffee closed steady. Freights have slightly declined. Eastern Mess Pork $22 50; Prime $19 25 to $19 50. Beef—Chicago repacked, $16 25 to $16 50. Bacon closed firm at 12 to 12½c. Whisky 31½c. Sugar dull.

CINCINNATI, May 11.—Flour closed with an advancing tendency. Prices have advanced 25c., and are quoted at $6 50 to $6 60. Corn is drooping; Mixed is quoted at 75 to 76c. Barley closed buoyant at $1 80. Rye $1 26. Whisky 29 to 30c. Provisions are generally advancing. Bacon is firm; Sides 11½; Shoulders 9½c. Mess Pork $22 75.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

CINCINNATI, May 11.—The river has fallen 7½ feet in 48 hours.

LOUISVILLE, May 11.—The river is falling rapidly.

HORRIBLE AND MYSTERIOUS MURDER.—A few days ago the most intense excitement was created in Newburg, N. Y., and spreading thence in all directions, by the discovery of a body, about six miles from that town, at a village called Hampton. The body was that of a young and lovely female, apparently about twenty years of age. She was found on Thursday morning, and from appearances it is supposed that an attempt was made to violate her person, when she was strangled to death. A breast-pin was found a short distance from where the body was discovered. Upward of three thousand persons examined the deceased, but her features were strange to all. Finally, a coroner's inquest was held on the body, and after the examination of a large number of witnesses, it was thought to be identified as that of Mrs Sarah Bloom, a young lady who had been residing at Shawangunk, and who was found to be missing. The body, when found, was nearly naked, the clothes probably having been removed for the purpose of preventing recognition. A sister of Miss Bloom testified from a scar on the face, and some other marks which she pointed out, that it was that of Sarah. This, however, it would appear from the following dispatch, to be a mistake, and the mystery is as yet unsolved. The investigation, which is still being continued, is to be hoped will yet succeed in bringing the truth to light. The excitement among the people in consequence is very great.

Newburg, May 4.—Miss Sarah Bloom, who was supposed to have been the murdered person found near Newburgh, was murdered yesterday alive and well. There is no clue yet, either to the murdered or murderer.—Several witnesses on the coroner's inquest swore to the body being that of Miss Bloom, and her return alive and well occasioned great surprise. The remains are still unrecognized.

BUCK BEER.—We have received from Mr. Charles Weiss, of the Washington Beer House, No. 42 Orleans street, some bottles of very superior "Buck Beer"—the finest of all the varieties of malt liquor. This article was manufactured at Belleville, Ill., and is pronounced exceedingly good by those who are fond of "Lager," and their name is legion.

The steamship *Black Warrior*, Capt. Smith, sails at 8 o'clock this morning, for New York via Havana, with the following passengers:

For New York.—Mr J Murry and friend, Mr Fraser, Mrs Jardin, Mr Sutlieter and family, B J Dunn sen, wife and three children, Mr Quitman and lady, Mr G W Oliver, Mary Oliver, Master A and J Oliver, Mrs Mulle and three infants, Allen Hill, Hennan, McCall, Breck, N Turk, W Coleman, Mr Gaskin, Mr Thomson, Mrs V C Morris, Thomas Bailey, Wm Gordon, Mr Jones, Mr Lycoupole, lady and 3 children, G J Anderson, A J Watts, Y Magnere, Y Sar J J Mullen, L A Martin, Mr Pescheir, Jaugston and friend, J B Crow, wife and child, Dr R W Thomas, Mr Cames, Mr Munday, J B Arnold, wife and child, Chas Gorter, Hall sen, Mr Mennes, E B Earle, Mr Bent, Mr Wagnell, Miss Maxwell, Master Maxwell.

JEWS CHANGING THEIR SABBATH.—An Israelite in the Charleston *Mercury* contradicts the statement that a movement is on foot among the Israelites of Baltimore to change their Sabbath, and celebrate that of their Christian brethren. The Israelites of Baltimore have, as their brethren in most of the large cities of the United States, established a Sunday School for the religious instruction of their youth, and hence the erroneous statement. There is, thus far, but one Jewish congregation in the world that worship on the Christian Sabbath—the Reform Congregation of Berlin, in Prussia; but no such congregation does exist in the United States.

City Intelligence.

THE AMPHITHEATRE.—Prof. Wyman, the great magician and ventriloquist, continues his unrivaled performance in the necromantic art at Spalding & Rogers's Amphitheatre, on St. Charles street. His delusions with the audience are quite innocent, amusing, wonderful and perplexing, and of course afford infinite delight to the curious of all ages and sexes. To-day and to-morrow afternoon and evening, he will give his last performances, and as he is about to leave for Havana and Matanzas, he will no doubt be well received by a crowded house. We understand that the Prof. has a very fine collection of curiosities, which he will exhibit during his stay here, and we feel assured that he will be well patronized in this department of his entertainments. We understand that the Prof. has a very fine collection of curiosities, which he will exhibit during his stay here, and we feel assured that he will be well patronized in this department of his entertainments.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—*Original Campbell Minstrels*—Rumsey & Newcomb's original troupe of the celebrated "Campbell Minstrels," consisting of twelve of the most select performers of the country, are announced to appear at the St. Charles this evening, in a variety of new songs, costumes, songs, ballads, plantation caricatures, and Terpsichorean divertisements. This troupe have never failed to impart new interest by their performances in our city, and we shall accordingly expect fair success for them during their positively limited engagement for the present week.

CITY MORTALITY.—The following is the Board of Health's return of the various cemeteries of New Orleans for the week ending May 10th, 1857:

Catholic, No. 1	4
Cypress Grove, No. 1	17
" 2	4
Lafayette	3
Protestant	4
Odd Fellows' Rest	1
St. Louis	1
St. Patrick's	24
St. Vincente de Paul	24
Hebrew, Portuguese Jewish Dod	29
Hebrew (Hebre)	1
Charity Hospital	10
Lafayette, Jackson	4
Greenwood	8
Total	150

BOARD OF HEALTH.—The report of this body for the five weeks ending May 3d, shows the total number of interments to have been 850. Of these, as large a proportion as 130 were children under one year old, and 153 children between the ages of one and ten. Thirty-six died from the consumption, 20 by measles, 25 by scarlet fever, 28 still-born, 12 by whooping cough, 34 by fevers, 36 of the adults, 108 were men and 72 women, 99 of them being colored. The greatest number by one disease, was 66 by consumption.

DECEASED NICARAGUANS.—Two of the returned volunteers from Nicaragua have died at the Charity Hospital, in the city, since their admission into that asylum. One was Charles J. Jenkins, a South Carolinian, 38 years of age; the other, John Robert Cunningham, of Ohio, 37 years of age. The disease of the one was chronic dysentery; that of the other, continued fever.

BREAD ASSIZE.—The following is the bread assize to be observed by the bakers this week, flour being $8 50 per barrel: 16 ounces for 20 cents, 32 ounces for 10 cents, and 16 ounces for 5 cents—each quarter loaf to weigh one-eighth more.

THE COURTS.

SUPREME COURT—*The Contested Election Case.*—Associate Justice Spofford, of this tribunal, yesterday delivered the decision of this Court in the contestation suit of D. Augustin vs. H. R. Eggleston, to which reference is elsewhere made, as follows: Considering that the 2nd Monday of April, 1857, was the day fixed by law for electing a Judge of the Fifth District court of New Orleans; that a writ of election duly issued and proclamation thereof was duly made; that an election for said office was duly held on that day, both plaintiff and defendant being candidates; that the returns of said election conceded to indicate the election of the defendant; that the plaintiff has suspended our writ to the returns; that the statute under which this proceeding was instituted requires the plaintiff "*to especially set forth all the grounds of contest*;" that the first ground set forth is vague and insufficient, because it does not state of March 19th, 1857, were valid, (upon which we intimate no opinion) the plaintiff has not specified what provisions of the said law might have been violated and what were not, or what was done which ought not to have been done, so that the second ground of contest assigned is untenable, because no law has been referred to which makes an election null and void, simply on account of the position of the ballot box, without any resulting injury to the alleged; that the third ground assigned by the plaintiff was abandoned by him during the oral argument in this court; and abandoning, finally, that the fourth and last ground of contest is immaterial, since elections are determined by the majority of the legal votes, and are not to be set aside on account of the misconduct of the voters, officers and commissioners, unless allegations of error, fraud, violence or illegality, affecting the result, be proved and decreed that the judgment of the court appealed from be affirmed with costs.

Mr. Justice Cole took no part in this case.

Other cases were also determined by the Supreme Court yesterday, viz:

No. 4095. Hays of Joseph Chaut, appellants, vs Thalie Emmal, J H Hubert, et al, interveners. Rev. C.J. Former judgment of Court reversed and remanded. Appeal from Fifth District Court of the parish of Point Coupee.

No 3616. R W Bayne vs Mary B O'Brien, appellant. Appeal from Sixth District Court of New Orleans. Judgment of Court affirmed, with costs. An appeal from the Supreme Court must be taken on one of the three days prescribed by law. Rule to dismiss dismissed at costs of counsel.

No. 4400. Hiss L J McBride vs D J Fisher's heirs, appellants. Appeal from Second District Court of New Orleans. Cole, J. Judgment in part reversed, and in other respects affirmed.

No. 4401. The Western, appellant, vs Elias Fossey, wife of Bagan. Appeal from the Second District Court of New Orleans. Spofford, J. Judgment of Court affirmed, with costs. Rehearing refused, with costs of both Courts. Chief Justice Merrick, for reasons in a separate opinion, concurs in this decree.

Rehearing refused in the following cases, viz: Ferrier vs Ferrier, Jan. 31st; Ferrier vs Ferrier, Jan. 31st; Ferrier vs Ferrier, Jan. 31st;