THE DAILY BEE,
PUBLISHED BY
G. F. WEISSE & CO.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.
F. [illegible] WEISSE, E. MARBY,
[illegible] DITCHEN, [illegible] DUFOUR.
[illegible] (one year in advance) $12 00
[illegible] weekly, (one year in [illegible] 5 00
[illegible] subscribers must give one week's notice [illegible] they can be allowed to discontinue.

The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE, 83 CHARTRES ST.

NEW ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 29, 1857.

VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXX—WHOLE NO. 10,376.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One Dollar for every TEN lines, in each language, in the first insertion, and half that price for each subsequent time. No advertisement inserted for less than one dollar.

Advertisements on the first page $1 for square each insertion.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines for each insertion.

The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and to extent of one square every other day.

THE DAILY BEE.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 29, 1857.

[illegible] Mail came through yesterday [illegible] dates.

HAVING DISCOURAGED.

[illegible] to Democracy do not [illegible] a party received by their [illegible] respect our Democratic [illegible] strong enough to [illegible] accessions that [illegible] and importuntely [illegible] in the somewhat [illegible] Hiskey W. Hilliard, [illegible] vigorously for Fillmore [illegible] discovered that he was [illegible] very hard for Buchanan, [illegible] remains jubilant at his conversion [illegible] Democratic paper [illegible] Longer, or a severe reprimand [illegible] to the supremacy [illegible] pipes. The regular [illegible] the faith do not concur [illegible] the stupendous facility [illegible] has exchanged his [illegible] many-hued robe [illegible] popularism that they do [illegible] superserviceable [illegible] How it happens that [illegible] darkened vision the [illegible] never dawned, until [illegible] that has old Cotton [illegible] no longer in possession [illegible] The more gentle [illegible] Democratic journals adhere [illegible] resignation to Mr. Hunter [illegible] the following pas[illegible] South:

[illegible] too much impor[illegible] the interest of [illegible] Alabama. He [illegible] diverted by the [illegible] Mr. Buchanan. We [illegible] other journals seem [illegible] the country upon Gov[illegible] chastisement [illegible] We stand [illegible] share of scorn [illegible] severe rebuke [illegible] shall their principles [illegible] their slackings, and [illegible] shamefully servile [illegible] and pelf drives [illegible] the darkest of the dens [illegible] we imagine that [illegible] his opinions [illegible] events may [illegible] that [illegible] tarnished were [illegible] rapid pe[illegible] golden tercelet [illegible] vacation, as [illegible] the doctrines upon [illegible] twenty years [illegible] that those hereafter [illegible] the same pe[illegible] to us as [illegible] rather a [illegible] upon [illegible] to abandon [illegible] the chance [illegible] that controls the [illegible] is unknown [illegible] and let bygones [illegible] the present time [illegible] simple and [illegible] to perceive [illegible] into the [illegible] getting sick of [illegible] their good [illegible] what is [illegible] turn disease [illegible]

THE ELECTION.

[illegible] have no fear elec[illegible] many of these [illegible] the time have been [illegible] we months [illegible] to render it doubtful [illegible] in source [illegible] we when the act [illegible] was consummated [illegible] state, and every [illegible] a considerable [illegible] N. Y. elections [illegible] believe that the [illegible] Alabama. He [illegible] diverted by the [illegible] Mr. Buchanan. We [illegible] other journals seem [illegible] the country upon Gov[illegible] chastisement [illegible] We stand [illegible] share of scorn [illegible] severe rebuke [illegible] shall their principles [illegible] their slackings, and [illegible] shamefully servile [illegible] and pelf drives [illegible] the darkest of the dens [illegible] we imagine that [illegible] his opinions [illegible] events may [illegible] that [illegible] tarnished were [illegible] rapid pe[illegible] golden tercelet [illegible] vacation, as [illegible] the doctrines upon [illegible] twenty years [illegible] that those hereafter [illegible] the same pe[illegible] to us as [illegible] rather a [illegible] upon [illegible] to abandon [illegible] the chance [illegible] that controls the [illegible] is unknown [illegible] and let bygones [illegible] the present time [illegible] simple and [illegible] to perceive [illegible] into the [illegible] getting sick of [illegible] their good [illegible] what is [illegible] turn disease [illegible]

[illegible] much more substan[illegible] the name of con[illegible] that such duty at the [illegible] understand the nature [illegible] an inaugural is [illegible] such a thing can [illegible] bombing; and we [illegible] been discontinued [illegible] Presidents, and [illegible] himself to [illegible] and doing [illegible] and the cost [illegible] have marked his [illegible] and exactness which [illegible] his life with [illegible] aversion he regarded [illegible] his other crimes [illegible] about as much [illegible] of the country upon Gov[illegible] chastisement [illegible] We stand [illegible] share of scorn [illegible] severe rebuke [illegible] shall their principles [illegible] their slackings, and [illegible] shamefully servile [illegible] and pelf drives [illegible] the darkest of the dens [illegible] we imagine that [illegible] his opinions [illegible] events may [illegible] that [illegible] tarnished were [illegible] rapid pe[illegible] golden tercelet [illegible] vacation, as [illegible] the doctrines upon [illegible] twenty years [illegible] that those hereafter [illegible] the same pe[illegible] to us as [illegible] rather a [illegible] upon [illegible] to abandon [illegible] the chance [illegible] that controls the [illegible] is unknown [illegible] and let bygones [illegible] the present time [illegible] simple and [illegible] to perceive [illegible] into the [illegible] getting sick of [illegible] their good [illegible] what is [illegible] turn disease [illegible]

[illegible] continues in New Mexico. [illegible] been discharged [illegible] commissioners for refusing to [illegible] and Mr. D. Carpenter has [illegible] his place. The police report [illegible] the new tribunal and its chief [illegible] opinion is greater than ever, [illegible] that prevails in the municipal [illegible] is extraordinary. This [illegible] is to continue until a [illegible] on the contested points is really [illegible] the Supreme Court.

[illegible] Mossot, one of the most popular [illegible] French poets, and the author of [illegible] romances and sketches [illegible] in Paris on the 3d of May. He [illegible] of Mussot Pathy, author of [illegible] Bonaparte, and was born in Paris in [illegible] write strange, fantastic [illegible] and published his Contes [illegible] Rabe when he was only twenty-[illegible] of age.

The Death of Joseph Bernan.—We had known through the columns of the *Times* that Mr. Bernan was lying on a bed of sickness and suffering; but were wholly unprepared for the announcement of his demise, published in the papers of yesterday morning. Mr. Bernan succumbed to protracted disease borne with martyr-like patience and resignation. He died young in years, but had already made his mark in the periodical literature of the day, as a writer of uncommon brilliancy and vigor, who gave promise in maturer manhood of intellectual powers of rare excellence. Our poor humanity is so constituted that the death of those who surround us, even at the full period of customary longevity, invariably produces a painful shock; but infinitely more appalling is the impression when the spoiler seizes upon the youthful and the gifted—who in the ordinary course of nature ought to have lived a generation beyond the span allotted by a mysterious Providence. Perhaps on this account we can scarcely remember to have experienced a sharper pang of sorrow, than upon hearing of the premature decease of Joseph Bernan.

Our acquaintance with Mr. Bernan was of the slightest possible character, but we know him well by reputation, and still better through his writings. In the latter we discovered manifest evidences of a highly cultivated understanding, miscellaneous but extensive scholarship, an ardent, bold and soaring imagination, yet unchastened by the lapse of years, great earnestness of thought and conviction, and that unquestioning sincerity of faith which is one of the constant distinguishing traits of genius. As a writer, he possessed a style of native eloquence and nervous strength, marked somewhat by mannerism, but relieved by a vivid and original fancy. He must have written with great rapidity and ease, judging from the copious contributions of his pen to the daily press. His opinions on many subjects were at variance with those of his cotemporaries, and were sometimes unpopular, but they were always expressed with the utmost manliness, and they commanded respect, because they were known to be the utterances of a truthful spirit. In his private and social relations we have reason to believe he was most amiable and exemplary.

Mr. Bernan has been snatched from existence at a time when the career of most men is hardly determined, yet he leaves a thousand grateful recollections in the minds of his surviving friends. Let us hope that "after life's fitful fever, he sleeps well." God, who tempers the wind to the shorn lamb, will place his protecting and omnipotent arm around the anguish-stricken widow and bereaved orphans, whose home has been made desolate by this affliction.

A New "Development."—A New York paper pretends to have intelligence of a new abolition wrinkle in Massachusetts. It says that an extensive organization has been discovered throughout that State, whose members are well drilled in the use of the musket and bayonet, together with the use of the walking stick, who are subdivided into schools, classes and squads, for the purpose of resisting the exercise of the Fugitive Slave act. The colored men are excluded, and the total number of members is known only to the five who form the executive directory. It is stated that it is a common comment that this organization dated back to the *Burns* affair in Boston, and that it now extends to every town and village in the State. It is further stated that the leaders now defy the general government to capture any slave in the Bay State, outside of the range of the cannon of the navy yard and federal forts. They have arms and ammunition, and two schooners to convey the fugitives to Canada, and they allege that at several depots within the State arms are within their grasp whenever they choose to seize them. They have biding places and arms amongst the hills and islands also.

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

The Troops Moving for Utah—Vacant Judgeships in the Territory—The Governorship, &c.—Washington, May 21.—It is estimated that the troops now moving in the direction of Utah comprise about 2,000 men.

There are two vacant Federal Judgeships in the Territory which will soon be filled, and probably another Marshall will be appointed as preliminary to changing the civil process, in the event of opposition on the part of the Mormons to this, the military will be employed to enforce the laws and protect the citizens of the United States from Mormon oppression. It is supposed, however, that no necessity for extreme measures will arise.

The Governorship is still unfilled. Although several gentlemen are solicitous for the position, the government is evidently anxious to have one who will combine personal bravery with administrative talent and unquestioned discretion.

The programme of operations for Utah will be consummated with the least possible delay.

Hon. Thomas Cunningham, of Pennsylvania, has resigned his Associate Judgeship in Kansas Territory.

Wreck of the Schooner D. C. Foster—Three Men Drowned.—Philadelphia, Thursday, May 21, 1857.—The schooner *D. C. Foster* was wrecked off the Delaware breakwater in the late gale, and in an attempt to rescue the crew the rockmaster's boat was upset, and three of the crew, named Jas. A. Rowland, G. W. Burton, and a colored man, whose name is unknown, were drowned. Two others of the crew clung to the bottom of the boat, and they and the crew of the schooner were afterward saved.

Trial of Dr. Begler.—Buffalo, Thursday, May 21, 1857.—The Dr. Begler case is now on trial for the past week, and has been convicted of manslaughter in the second degree, for procuring an abortion on the person of Amelia Minor. Sentence was deferred, and to-morrow counsel will make a bill of exceptions.

Fire and Loss of Life in Boston.—Boston, Thursday, May 21, 1857.—The boarding house of Mrs. Fitzpatrick, in Stillman street, in this city, was partially destroyed by fire last night, and herself and a boarder named David Fisher were burned to death in it.

An Absconding Clerk Caught.—Cleveland, Thursday, May 21.—A clerk in the office of the American Express Company at Plymouth, absconded this morning with $3800 of the Company's money, but he was arrested at Crestline this evening, and the money recovered.

A Literary Imposture.—The Philadelphia *Evening Journal* brings to our notice a very decided case of literary imposture. Some months ago a work was published by a Mr. Charles Rhodes, which purported to be an account of the Kane Expedition by Augustus Sonntag, astronomer to that expedition. It was preceded by letters from Mr. Sonntag himself that he did not write one line of that book, and that it was a shameful imposition on the public. Mr. Sonntag threatens to bring a suit against the publisher.

The Minnesota.—Philadelphia, May 21.—The United States steamship *Minnesota* hauled out from our navy yard yesterday evening into the stream. This was rendered necessary from the fact that the receiving ship at this station had no more accommodations for other men. Some of the marines were drawn up into line along the wharf, and as the men were transferred to the *Minnesota*, the band played the well-known and favorite tune of our sea faring men, "The girl I left behind me."

There was an immense crowd in the yard to witness the transfer. Several hundred women were present, and not a few of them shed tears on the occasion. Cheers were given and returned with a hearty good will. The pennant was flying to the breeze, and the ship may now be considered in full commission. Her great length, and bulk, and towering masts, make our largest merchant ships look small in comparison.

A Charlestown Alderman and $30,000 Missing.—The usual quiet of the city of Charlestown has been greatly disturbed in consequence of the sudden disappearance of Alderman Edward Ward. It is probable that he left last Wednesday. He carried on the lumber business in company with Thomas Greenleaf, and he has had the principal care of the business. It is thought that he has taken from $15,000 to $20,000 with him of money belonging to the firm and others. He has heretofore had the reputation of being an honest and upright man. His family is still residing in Charlestown. He sent his partner a letter after his departure, stating what had occurred and expressing the opinion that he should never return.—*Boston Traveler.*

A Heroine.—Many readers will remember the heroic conduct of Abigail Becker in saving the lives of the crew of the Canadian schooner *Conductor*, which was wrecked near Long Point, on the coast of Lake Erie, in November, 1854. The Canadian Parliament made a grant of fifty pounds for the relief of the noble but poor woman and an equal sum was made up at the same time by private subscription. Among the saved were three Americans, and the Toronto Colonist says:

"The matter was subsequently brought under the notice of the Life Saving Benevolent Association of New York, a society formed for the purpose of giving aid to ship-wrecked persons, and ever ready to adopt the means which science affords of rescuing them from danger; and a gold medal was sent a few days ago by Hon. Hamilton by this association, as a testimony of their high sense of her noble and heroic conduct. The medal is a handsome one, and accompanied by a letter from the officer of the association expressing in warm terms the esteem in which the conduct of the humble heroine was regarded."

Sale of Seventy-Five Cases of Brown and Bleached Cotton Goods.—We call the attention of the trade to the sale of Cotton Goods, &c., to take place THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at Banks & Leonard's auction rooms, No. 77 Chartres street. Terms at sale.

By Telegraph.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE ARABIA.

New York, May 28.—The Royal mail steam ship *Arabia*, from Liverpool on the afternoon of the 18th, has arrived.

ARRIVALS OUT.

The frigate *Niagara* and steamship *Vanderbilt* arrived out at Liverpool on the 15th.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Liverpool, May 16.—*Cotton.*—The advices brought by the *Arabia* caused an advance of ¼d., but the market receded yesterday afternoon, and closed steady at our former quotations.

The sales of the week amount to 49,000 bales, of which 7,000 bales were taken by speculators and 5,500 by exporters. The sales yesterday footed up 7,000 bales.

Orleans Fair 8¼d; Middling 7 11-16; Uplands Fair 8d; Middling 7¾d.

The stock in port amounts to 506,000 bales, of which 370,000 are American.

BREADSTUFFS.

The market generally closed quiet.

PROVISIONS.

The market was generally quiet.

MONEY MARKET.

The Money market is slightly easier. Consols for money closed at 94.

HAVRE COTTON MARKET.

Our advices from Havre quote Orleans *très ordinaire* at 115 francs.

GENERAL NEWS.

Lord Palmerston has introduced into Parliament a bill amending the Parliamentary oaths so as to admit Jews.

SPAIN.

The Spanish *Armada* has not yet sailed from Cadiz.

The Mexican Ambassador has had an interview with the Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Spain sends a special Envoy to China. The King of Spain has been detected in a conspiracy against the government, and is threatened with a trial for treason.

RUSSIA.

An expedition is about to sail from Cronstadt with a special Envoy for China.

CHINA.

Our advices from Hong Kong are to March 13, but contain no news of importance.

MONEY LOST.

New York, May 27.—The Charleston *Courier* learns that, about the 12th, while Major Dashiel, paymaster of the army, was attempting to land at Indian river, he came near being drowned and lost overboard $25,000, which was intended for the payment of the troops in Florida.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Washington, May 27.—The bark *Marie Cobb* has been anchored in the mouth of the Potomac river for more than a week. Heavy hammering is daily heard on board, and it is supposed that she is engaged in some illegal business.

Mr. Buchanan will remove to his summer residence, near the Soldier's Home, early in July.

KENTUCKY POLITICS.

Louisville, May 27.—The American Congressional Convention for this district has re-nominated Humphrey Marshall.

LOUISVILLE RIOTS.

Two persons engaged in the late riot and hanging have been indicted by the Grand Jury and arrested.

FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE.

Newark, N. J., May 28.—The India Rubber Company's building was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $15,000. Five men were killed and one injured, by the falling of the walls.

NAVAL.

The U. S. frigate *Wabash* had arrived at Aspinwall on the 7th. The *Cyane* was to sail in a few days.

CONSUL JENKINS'S CASE.

Washington, May 28.—The U. S. District Attorney has informed the New York Court that the government does not desire to detain Consul Jenkins in custody on the charge of piracy, as the warrant was obtained from a Justice of the Peace without consultation with any of the officers of the government.

FIRE IN NASHVILLE.

Nashville, May 28.—The Iron Manufacturing Company's Works were burned last night. The loss is estimated at $100,000. There is the following insurance upon them: $10,000 in the Tennessee Marine, $5000 in the Quaker City, $5000 in the Farmers, and Mechanics', Philadelphia, $5000 in the Girard Marine, $5000 in the Etna, at Hartford, and $2500 in the Provincial, at Toronto. The fire throws one hundred and twenty men out of employment.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

New York, May 28, 6 P. M.—State Flour is 5c. higher. Wheat is selling at $1 45 to $1 90. Yellow Corn $1 03; Mixed $1 01. Mess Pork $23 50. Sterling Exchange firm.

Cincinnati, May 28.—Flour is dull at $7 75 to $8 00. Corn 77 to 83c. Oats dull. Whisky active at 33c., and holders asking 35c. Provisions quiet at full rates. Bacon 10½c. Shoulders 12½c. Ribbed Sides 12½c. Mess Pork $23 50. Linseed Oil 91 to 92c.

Cincinnati, May 28, noon.—Flour is advancing. Whisky 35c. Provisions are firm.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

Memphis, May 28, 6 P. M.—The Wheatstone has passed down, and the Queen City and Argyle up. The river is at a stand.

Vicksburg, May 28.—The L. M. Kennett passed down at 9 this morning.

Vicksburg, May 28.—The Rainbow passed at 4, and the L. M. Kennett at 8 this morning.

Memphis, May 28.—The Woodruff and Pennsylvania have passed twice down to-day, and the Jno. Simonds up.

The river is about at a stand.

Louisville, May 28.—There are six and a quarter feet on the falls. The weather is clear.

MORMONDOM.

ELEGANT EXTRACTS.

The Washington *States* has received a communication from Great Salt Lake, which furnishes some striking illustrations of the brutality and beastliness of the Saints, as well as of their supreme contempt of the Federal authorities in Utah. We extract a few of the more prominent details:

VIRTUE DRIVEN TO SUICIDE.

"On Christmas night a young woman, one of the arrivals by the hand-cart train, cut her throat. Upon her arrival here, she became domesticated in one of the Mormon families, the head of which, taking a fancy to her, made her the usual proposals. These she positively declined. Finding she could not remain in the house save on its master's brutal conditions, and every other door being, for the same reasons, closed against her, she committed suicide rather than outrage those lessons of virtue implanted in her nature.

CASE OF MRS. SUTHERLAND.

"Mr. Sutherland, who was killed with Mr. Babitt on the plains, came here a Mormon. He was employed by Mr. Howard, then a disaffected Mormon merchant, whom the church stripped of $2, or nearly all his property last summer, but whose subsequently confessed his sins, was rebaptised, and went back to Mormonism, and now wants another wife. But, to return to Mr. S. He went on business for Mr. Howard to the States, (very much disaffected towards Mormonism when he left) his wife remaining here. She has never been a Mormon, but has constantly rejected its teachings and doctrines, and was very anxious that her husband should not return. She wrote to him not to come back, but that she would join him in the States. It is very doubtful whether he ever got the letter; for it is a well-known fact, that all such letters, if sent through the mail, seldom, if ever, reach their destination. When she received the tidings of his death, she was almost overwhelmed with grief. Some of the old hags (I can use no milder term) called on her the next day, and told her that he was a Mormon, and had met the fate that all apostates must expect; that his friends ought to rejoice, for his blood had been shed as an atonement for his sin, and that he was thereby saved from eternal perdition. Such talk, at such a time, almost made the woman crazy. She was consoling herself with the idea that she had a friend in Mr. Howard; but he assisted the Mormons to rob her of what little her husband had left, and, to cap the climax, wanted her to become his 'spiritual.' The bishop of the ward (Woolley) called on her and advised her to marry Howard. She had some business with a gentleman (a 'Gentile,' recently a merchant in St. Louis, but now connected with the firm of Gilbert & Gerrish) relating to some of her husband's affairs, and was in his store several times. The other day he took her in a sleigh to see Mrs. Babbitt, and from there home. The very day the teachers of the ward called on her, and forbade her going out with, or receiving visits from 'Gentiles;' intimating, if she did, she could not remain in the ward. The object was to compel her to be 'sealed' to some Mormon. They have not yet, but soon will, if they cannot effect their purposes otherwise, begin to traduce her and brand her with every opprobrious epithet. The poor woman is almost beside herself. This lady was in Jarvis's house when it was sacked by the Mormons on the 15th January. Jarvis is an excommunicated Mormon.

AN OFFENSIVE SMELL SENT BY A MEMBER.

"A man of the name of Nash came in the past summer, bringing with him his daughter, a lovely and gentle girl of seventeen or eighteen years of age, and settled at Provo. She was a 'home healer,' very much sought after by the villainous rascals, and some twenty-five or thirty of them have been trying to get her, but hitherto she has rejected all their overtures. A few days ago her father died, and a man by the name of Carter, the bishop of Provo, officiated at the funeral. He had been pertinacious in his endeavors to get the girl into his harem, and, after concluding his prayer over the dead body, he turned to the poor weeping girl, and had her taken now and her and prophesied most becoming his wife. The well has adopted the tactic, the girl has been compelled to yield, and Bishop Carter has got her into his den. She is the seventh 'wife.'

YOUNG DESIRES TO A BREHEM.

"Not long ago, I met at the house of a friend, a very liberal and interesting girl, apparently thirteen years old, who, I was told, was that not long after I was there, Young sent for the girl's father, through whom he offered to give him a good situation in his office. He went, and found with Brigham a man by the name of McKay, (the Territorial Marshal,) who has been in the service of Brigham and to the father, 'Tell him, daughters, what are their ages?' He replied that one was ten, and the other six. Brigham told him he must give the eldest to McKay. The father, not daring to give a flat refusal, put them off by saying he believed she was engaged.

THE PRICE OF A WIFE.

Subsequently, Heber C. Kimball called on him, and offered a yoke of oxen and a wagon for the girl. The purchasing of young girls from their parents is not uncommon here; if the father does not give or sell the girl to some of them, he will soon be out off from the church. One cause of the anxiety to get this girl is the fear of losing her; for her visits to my friend's family endanger her Mormonism. Last night, in the ward meeting, the speaker said that if she did not cease visiting the Gentiles, she should have her throat cut; that if her father did not do it, some one else would.

AFTER ANOTHER YOUNG GIRL.

"They are after a little orphan girl who is living with Mr. Dotson (an estimable Gentile.) Her parents died on the way here, and the Mormons brought her through. They literally stripped her, taking off every rag of clothes, not excepting her chemise. They then gave her an old calico dress, all in rags; and in this sole garment a girl twelve years old was sent to Mr. D. His family took her in and clothed her, and she has been living with them about three years. Being now fifteen, the Mormons want to make a 'spiritual' of her, and are making every effort in their power to do so. Mr. D. forbade them coming on his premises, threatening to shoot them if they did. But various attempts have been made to inveigle her away; so far, however, without success.

SACKING THE UNITED STATES COURTS.

"On the night of the 29th December, the office of the clerk of the United States Supreme Court, which was also the office of the United States Circuit Court, was broken into and robbed of all the records, books, and papers of every kind, together with the library of T. S. Williams and Judge Stiles, containing some nine hundred volumes.—They were thrown into a vault of a privy in an adjoining yard, which was then filled with straw, shingles, and other combustible materials, and burnt; thus destroying all—the supposed object being to break up the United States Courts. The city authorities take no notice of the affair, while the citizens laugh over it as a clever trick.

A Fearful Position.—The Lafayette (Ind.) *Journal*, of May 6th, says that "a beastly tragical scene occurred" at Hagerstown, Wayne county, Ind., on the 25th of May, at Van Amburgh & Co.'s menagerie and circus, then and there exhibiting. The lion attacked a cougar of great size and beautifully spotted. "Professor" Langworthy rushed into the cage, forgetting even his little whip, but the lion made the fatal spring and tore the cougar into pieces. Langworthy was then in the cage with the lion and cougar, and fortunately found an iron instrument used for cleaning cages, with which he brought the Lion to a sullen sovereign of beasts to terms. The *Journal* says:

The audience during this fearful spectacle exhibited not one sign of fear or anxiety, but retained the quiet and attentive demeanor, as though it was "all circus any how, and as many expressed it as quite a little fracas." Not so with the attaches of the company, who, on the conclusion of the Professor's performances, gathered around him in the most anxious manner, expressing their high and manifest delight that the life of their fellow-traveler was unharmed. Mr. Van Amburg immediately repaired to his zoological building in Cincinnati for another leopard in place of one so fearfully destroyed.

The Great Snake Den in East Hartford beats the entire country. It is on the edge of the old Bitter Quarry, and Mr. Hanson White, who resides in that vicinity, has taken two hundred and fourteen live snakes from that den! No snake den in the country has as yet equalled this. He took out the first lot of 92 on the 10th of April, and from day to day, by removing rocks and digging, he found additional families or "balls" of them, for it appears that the snakes, to the number of forty or more, wind themselves into a ball and remain in that condition during the winter. Most of the number were black snakes, measuring from three to four and a half feet in length; but among them were three racers, a long slim snake, with a ring around the neck, and three little racers, from 20 inches to 3 inches in length, also 7 poisonous adders.

There seems to be some difference in the appearance of these adders, some of them having fairly large bodies with dots, and bright spots on them. One of them in particular, a large vicious looking fellow, fastens himself through his entire length, his head being as flat as a cent; when he is annoyed he throws the upper part of his head back and coils like a rattle-snake. He is about three feet long, is the most savage and morbidly, the point, for about 2 inches, being not much larger than a piece of small twine. He is evidently a poisonous snake in the extreme. Mr. White had a large show case full of these serpents, all alive, on exhibition here on election day; they drew together a large crowd. A friend suggests that for a mile or more around the snake den, few snakes will be seen this season; but the ground under which they will greatly decrease. Let the fact be noted.—*Hartford Times.*

A Wild Bull Killed.—A frantic bull this morning rushed into the Lafayette market, on Washington avenue, upsetting the stove, when he rushed upon and destroyed the counter. There was a great deal of fun and throw his shawl on, a match pedler, who next attracted his attention. He then made for and caught her around the waist, and threw her with violence upon the floor. The frantic animal then left, and after running wildly through several streets, he was finally shot by some drovers on the corner of Swan and Chestnut streets. The little girl is said to be very seriously injured.—*Albany Evening Statesman, May 19.*

City Intelligence.

First District Court.—*Hon. T. G. Hunt.*—Mr. Dauriac Lafargue, clerk of this tribunal, being on Wednesday last disposed of a very large number of old cases, by *nolle prosequi*, to the great relief of the docket, we give his reasons for doing so, as addressed to the Judge as follows:

It cannot be denied, whatever may have been the cause, that for years past, and previous to your Honor's election to the bench, the administration of public justice in criminal affairs in New Orleans has been lax and irregular. Cases of all descriptions were accumulated in an immense number to the docket of the law, and the injury of the same was felt by the community. Under these circumstances, I have lately been engaged in the laborious task of old cases remaining on dockets, with a view to the dismissal of those in which justice and public policy require that no rule proceedings should be had on the first state to the annoyance and oppression of the accused, and their securities, and without benefit to any party.

Many of the cases of long standing are of a very trifling character, and which, for all the purposes of public justice, have been disposed of as they occurred—such as nuisance long since abated, the selling of liquor contrary to law, assaults and batteries where the parties have become friends, and other causes over which time has passed its wave of oblivion. In a large number of these cases the parties deceased, as well as their witnesses and those for the state, have left the jurisdiction of the Court. In cases of greater moment the same difficulties present themselves—the parties charged having died or departed from the State, while in nine out of ten of these cases, the witnesses being transient persons, have also disappeared, or that for his trial can possibly be obtained.

I conceive that it will be for the interest of public justice and the welfare of the community to repress crime by the future speedy and certain application of punishment under circumstances securing justice to the accused, and vindicating the integrity and dignity of the law, to dismiss the cases to which I have alluded, and to devote the time and energy of the Court to the trial of those cases only in which justice can now be properly rendered, and with an eye to the future sound, regular, prompt and certain administration of the law under the upright and vigorous supervision and direction of your Honor, I will leave to enter a nolle prosequi in cases of the large number of cases, more than two hundred, which I now hold in my hand.

It is my duty to state further that I have just commenced the examination of cases that I will endeavor, by the commissioner and support of this Court, to vigorously and speedily prosecute towards me, to bring the docket of the criminal Court down to the level of current crimes and offenses, so that the law may be maintained with justice to the accused and to the protection of peace and public order, and the safety and welfare of society.

The only instance of importance before this Court yesterday was the trial of John Ransome, indicted, which lasted till a late hour in the evening, and resulted in the accused being found guilty of uttering counterfeit money, on the 4th instant, at Gravier street, near Rampart street, and was committed for trial before the First District Court, under bond of $2500. There was a female in the case, and gallantry, it is said, was at the foundation of the assault.

Recorder Fabre's Court.—Peter Wagner was yesterday committed to answer for an alleged unprovoked assault and battery on Mr. Bell.

Disorderly.—Five free persons of color were bound to recognizance for misdemeanor, the charge of keeping a disorderly house, and harboring runaways in Lorle street, between Roman and Derbigny.

Recorder Solomon's Court.—*The Bird of Night.*—Another Jarvis! Name, Alex. A. A. Barnes, who is said to be just out of jail in Sing Sing, New York, was arraigned yesterday, and his examination continued to this morning, on a charge from A. G. Gray and Geo. Gray G. Hatch, of the city. There was a deal of money found in the accused's possession, but some of it was counterfeit, and some of it, he said, that Stevens is now under bonds of $5000 in New York on a charge of forgery, and throw her with violence upon the floor. The frantic animal then left, and after running wildly through several streets, he was finally shot by some drovers on the corner of Swan and Chestnut streets. The little girl is said to be very seriously injured.—*Albany Evening Statesman, May 19.*

Assault on a Fugitive.—Joseph Oston is now under arrest in the Third District. He is accused of a violent assault and battery upon a negro boy, Sol Bernard, whom, it is alleged, he assaulted and inhumanly treated. Nicholas Fox, will assist in the prosecution. The negro boy is now in jail, charged with an act, and are said to be of a very dangerous character.

Drowned.—The city Coroner held an inquest yesterday on the body of an unknown white male, aged about 35 years, found in the river, near the foot of Dryades street. Verdict, "Found drowned." Deceased had his body tattooed in a fashion not, with pretence of an oath, a Masonic one, and had on his person, when found, the following articles: 1 pair of pantaloons, 1 pair of boots, 1 pair of socks, 1 pair of suspenders, 1 pair of drawers, 1 shirt, 1 cap, 1 pair of spectacles, 1 pocket knife, 1 pocket book, 1 pocket comb, and 1 pocket book, 1 pocket comb, and 1 pocket book, 1 pocket comb, and