THE DAILY BEE.
C. E. PURSSE & CO.
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.
S. HARDY, E. DUFOUR.
DAILY PAPER, (sent post in advance) $12
COMMERCIAL PAPER, semi weekly, (one year in 5
In all cases subscribers must give one week's notice before leaving town or they can be allowed to date from.

The New Orleans Bee.

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OFFICE, 83 CHARTRES ST. NEW ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 11, 1857. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXXI—WHOLE NO. 10,466.

THE DAILY BEE.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 11.

The Northern Mail failed yesterday from beyond Washington. The mail due the day before came through.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

During the exciting political contest in this city which took place two years ago, it will be remembered that the powers and privileges of the State Courts in respect to naturalization were freely and warmly discussed. A large number of persons had been naturalized in the First District Court, and a somewhat smaller proportion in the others. Legal questions of considerable nicety grew out of these proceedings, and eminent lawyers pronounced opinions both in favor of and against the authority of these tribunals to confer the rights of citizenship. With regard to the First District Court, it was contended by many that that Court, being created by the Constitution of Louisiana with exclusive criminal jurisdiction, could not lawfully exercise civil powers; that naturalization was a civil process, and consequently not within the compass of a Court of purely criminal jurisdiction. Touching the competency of the other Courts, it was argued: First, that naturalization was a judicial and not a ministerial proceeding, and could not, under any circumstances, be effected save in open Court; that the several Courts were then in recess, and therefore disqualified for the performance of this act. Secondly, that Congress alone had authority to establish uniform rules of naturalization, as it should have been. During the election which followed, the Commissioners were not governed by any uniform principle. Some refused to allow adopted citizens to vote, whose papers had been obtained in the First District Court; others went further, and deemed receiving the votes of adopted citizens who had been naturalized in any of the Courts during the recess; others, again, accepted the votes of all adopted citizens whose papers appeared to be in proper form. The irregularity of these proceedings occasioned much complaint, and was one of the pretexts seized upon by the Legislature for ousting the three Senators and several Representatives of the American party, who had been returned as having received a majority of the votes cast.

We have no intention whatever of discussing this vexed topic. It belongs to the legal profession, and is unfeasonable for one of difficult training and upon which learned gentlemen of the bar may conscientiously and honestly differ. But we have been led to refer to the past, from having seen in the papers that Judge Goodloe, of the Kentucky Circuit Court, has recently rendered a decision as to the rights of persons naturalized in our State Courts in respect to the elective franchise. It appears that at the late election in the city of Lexington, Mr. Dudley, while acting in the capacity of Deputy Sheriff refused to receive the vote of one Hegan, on the ground that the said Hegan had been naturalized in a State Court. The latter instituted a suit for damages. The case was fully argued on both sides before Judge Goodloe, who, in his decision, embraced the following points:

1. A voter may maintain a civil action, against the judges of election, for unlawfully rejecting, and knowingly denying him the right to vote.

2. The power to establish uniform rules of naturalization is exclusively vested in Congress, and cannot be exercised by the States.

3. The process of naturalization under the act of 1802 is judicial and not ministerial.

4. The act of 1802 has not impaired the Constitution to confer jurisdiction or imposed judicial duties upon the State Courts; but the State Courts must look to the Constitution and laws of their own States for the limits of jurisdiction; and as there is nothing in the Constitution and laws of Kentucky conferring jurisdiction upon any of her Courts to grant naturalization papers, the pretended naturalization papers and certificates are void, and confer upon these holders no right to vote.

This opinion is one of vast moment. If sustained, its effect would be to exclude from the right of suffrage thousands of individuals who have heretofore exercised it, doubtless in the full conviction that they were legally and constitutionally possessed of that right. We think this is the first time that a State Court has ever passed upon the powers of the inferior tribunals. The decision of Judge Goodloe goes to take away from the Courts of Kentucky, and we presume all other Commonwealths in the Union, have been unlawfully and illegally granting certificates of naturalization ever since the adoption of the Federal Constitution. It were greatly to be desired that a subject of so much interest, and involving the political prerogatives of hundreds of thousands of persons, could be submitted to the Supreme Court of the United States for decision with-out loss and much hardship. Until it be settled, we may be tolerably sure that amidst the hot excitements of party it will from time to time become a prominent theme of angry agitation.

Annual Statement.—We are indebted to the editors of the New Orleans *Price Current* for a copy of their Annual Commercial Statement, issued on a large and handsome sheet.

Cosmopolitan And Journal.—The September number of this beautiful periodical has been received. It contains much interesting matter, and is enriched with a number of fine illustrations. The *Journal* is sent to subscribers for the very small sum of one dollar per annum.

Curious Vegetable Productions.—A gentleman, who has a large garden in the Third District, has laid before us two very singular vegetable products. One of them is a species of cucumber, about four foot long, and elongated into the exact resemblance of a serpent. So strikingly snake-like is its appearance, that, when twisted, it is almost impossible to divest the mind of the impression that it is huge serpent-like beast before you. The other is a gourd-apple, with a flattened body, and a head very similar to that of a barn yard rooster. The caprices of nature are remarkably conspicuous in these specimens of the vegetable kingdom.

Remarkable Fish or Bad Luck.—A down-town friend, says the New York *Times*, received a remittance from one of his correspondents, in the shape of a draft on the Ohio Life and Trust Company for $3000, on the very day on which that institution closed its doors. He immediately telegraphed the fact to his debtor, who sent him another draft on John Thompson, which arrived the day after the failure of that broker; the merchant again telegraphed the failure, and received in a few days another draft on Arnold & Co., just as that firm suspended.

Mrs. General Gaines.—We learn from the Philadelphia *Evening Journal* that Mrs. General Gaines, who for years past has withstood the combined efforts of lawyers and clergy to ruin her, visited Philadelphia on Tuesday last, and instituted inquiries to obtain some facts relative to the time of the death of her grandmother Clarke, who long lived in Germantown, and whose remains now lie in the lower cemetery of that place. She says she has been in court twenty-three years—has completely gained her cause, and all she has got to do to obtain possession of her father's property is simply to institute suits of ejectment, which will be done unless a satisfactory compromise is effected. Mrs. G. looks well, is still young, and as energetic as ever.

A correspondent of the New York *Times*, writing from China, gives the following instances of their skill in gunnery, in connection with the capture of the "Barrier Forts" by the American naval forces:

In the fire upon so small an object as the *Portsmouth's* gig, the shot fell around the boat and among the oars. In the next fire upon a small boat, one shot cut off the head of the boatman. When the *Portsmouth* came up, her spring slipped and was lost, her broadside bearing upon the forts, and she was fired exactly into the centre of her stern. In the first firing of the forts upon the *Portsmouth*, the guns seemed to be trained accurately on the fore and aft range of the ship; but fortunately, or providentially, they were trained a trifle too high, otherwise the first discharge of round shot and grape would have swept the ports. So parsimonious was their fire that a little more skill in the elevation of their guns, or a better device for managing it, would have sunk the *Portsmouth*. And yet the first intention was to attack the forts with that ship alone, until it was suggested by one who knew something of the forts, that they might be more than one ship could manage.

Chinese can be engineered. Chinese forts and junks taken and destroyed, but those who sit at home and labor it to no easy, pleasant and safe business, are somewhat ignorant of the ideas of the matter, and every day's experience renders the occupation of opening the Chinese Empire one of increasing difficulty.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

LIVERPOOL, August 22.—The *Linda*, from New Orleans, has arrived at Barcelona.

The *Lazon* at Bordeaux.

The *Neptune* at Lisbon.

The *Magic Pill* sailed from Liverpool for New Orleans on the 20th.

The *S. H. Pethel*, from Liverpool for New Orleans, on the 17th.

ANOTHER SUSPENSION.

DAYTON, Ohio, September 10.—The Miami Bank (Independent) has suspended. Liabilities unknown, but certainly large.

LOSS OF A NEW ORLEANS SHIP.

The ship *Lexington*, from New Orleans for Liverpool, with 1100 bales of cotton, went ashore in Brandon Bay. The crew were all saved.

STEAMSHIP CLYDE DISASTER.

QUEBEC, September 10.—The Captain of the steamer *Clyde* has arrived here, and reports that the steamer, cargo and mails, and the passengers' baggage, are all a total loss.

MRS. CUNNINGHAM INDICTED.

NEW YORK, September 10.—The Grand Jury has returned a true bill against Mrs. Cunningham for producing a supposititious heir to the Burdell estate.

NEW YORK DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

SYRACUSE, September 10.—The Democratic State Convention met here to-day. When the New York city delegation reached the room, confusion commenced, and a recess was taken.

After the adjournment, a row took place on the platform, between the friends of Mayor Wood and Dan. E. Sickles.

MASSACHUSETTS POLITICS.

BOSTON, September 10.—Governor Henry Gardner has received the nomination for governor from both wings of the American party.

MINNESOTA POLITICS.

CHICAGO, September 10.—Ex-Governor Ramsay was yesterday nominated by the Republican State Convention of Minnesota for Governor.

MORE FAILURES.

NEW YORK, September 10.—The Bank of New Jersey, at Brunswick, has failed.

Fred. G. Swan, of this city, commission merchant, has failed.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, September 10.—Cotton is dull—Orleans Middling, 16c.; Upland Middling, 15½c. Flour is unsettled. White Wheat, $1 35 to $1 50; red, $1 25 to $1 34. Corn, 80 to 71½c. Pork unchanged. Coffee, 10½ to 11c. Sugar steady. Chicago Beef, $21 50. Bacon steady; Western smoked, 13c. Hams, 12c.

CINCINNATI, September 10.—Flour sold at $4 20 to $4 40. Wheat unsettled—red, 75c.; white, 85 to 90c. Whisky, 20½ to 21c. Bacon is higher. Linseed Oil, 65c. Oats, 30 to 35c. Rye, 65c.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

VICKSBURG, September 10.—The *Woodland* passed down at 2 A. M.

The Attorney-General has decided adversely to the extraordinary claims of Haywood, the late Marshal of Utah, more than $20,000 of which were for conveying the Judges of the Territory by land, from the places of holding the Courts. The expenses of numerous guards, horses, wagons and provisions were not those of the ministerial officers. The Attorney-General states that the expenses of a Judge on his way to the court are his own.

Telegraphic Items.

FROM WASHINGTON.—Washington, September 2.—The net amount in the United States treasury subject to draft is $19,500,000, distributed as follows: In New York nearly $3,300,000; in Philadelphia, $2,700,000; and in New Orleans over $1,500,000.

The Assistant Postmaster-General will shortly proceed to New York to make arrangements for continuing the transportation of the overland mail to California.

The Naval Courts of Inquiry will resume their sessions on next Monday. The first contest will be between Lieutenants Lavallette and Captains Mercer and Adams; the second of Captains McKean, Pope and Van Brunt; and the third of Commodores Storer and Stringham and Captain Lynch.

The Secretary of the Treasury has, on appeal, affirmed the assessment of a duty of 15 per cent on chlorate of potash and sal nearly identical, but charged 30 per cent ad valorem.

2. The power to establish uniform rules of naturalization is exclusively vested in Congress, and cannot be exercised by the States.

3. The process of naturalization under the act of 1802 is *judicial* and not *ministerial*.

4. The act of 1802 has not impaired the Constitution to confer jurisdiction or imposed judicial duties upon the State Courts; but the State Courts must look to the Constitution and laws of their own States for the limits of jurisdiction; and as there is nothing in the Constitution and laws of Kentucky conferring jurisdiction upon any of her Courts to grant naturalization papers, the pretended naturalization papers and certificates are void, and confer upon these holders no right to vote.

Justice Grier, of the Supreme Court of the United States, is dangerously ill with bilious fever.

Lieutenant James McGarey, who accompanied Dr. Kane on his last Arctic expedition, and who was connected with the pano rama of Kane's Arctic voyages, now in this city, died suddenly to-day.

Bank Failure.—Cincinnati, O., Wednesday, September 2.—The Deposit and Discount Bank of Hatch & Langdon suspended this morning. There is considerable excitement, as there was a large number of small deposits. The Bank was involved in the failure of Beebe & Co., of New York.

Arrest for Embezzlement.—Buffalo, September 2.—Information is received that Moses Cummings has been arrested at Toronto for embezzling the funds of the Bank of Upper Canada. He is ordered to be tried for robbery.

Colored Odd Fellows Procession.—Philadelphia, September 3.—The colored Odd Fellows of this city had a grand turn out to-day on the occasion of laying a corner stone for a new hall. Lodges were present from New York city, Reading, Harrisburg, Newcastle, Camden, and all the neighboring towns.

EUROPE.

ADDITIONAL BY THE VANDERBILT.

The London *Daily News*, of the 22d ultimo, thus epitomizes and comments upon the latest intelligence from India:

The Indian telegraph, which we publish elsewhere, is undoubtedly the bearer with tidings of disaster, not, however, wholly unrelieved. The most important portion of the dispatch is that which relates to Cawnpore. At the date of our last intelligence the fate of Sir Hugh Wheeler and his gallant garrison, straitened for provisions, encumbered by a considerable number of non-combatants, and surrounded by the mutineers, from Jhansi and Bissar, headed by Nana Sahib, the dastardly Rajah of Bhitoor, was peculiarly critical. It appears that before Colonel Neill's messenger could be received, the defenders of Cawnpore succumbed under these overwhelming odds. There is too much reason to fear that the success of the rebels was signalized by the most unsparing and relentless atrocity that has hitherto marked all their proceedings; and that those Europeans who have escaped from the defenseless position in the field immediately, the sufferers of the day, even with our present inadequate force, might be at once turned in our favor; failing this, the best thing to hope is that we may at once march upon Cawnpore. The news in India of such a British force as is demanded by the magnitude of the crisis and the dignity of the empire shall place within our declared grasp the full retribution of our indignation, and the gratification of our just revenge. That our dominion will be restored, and that the atrocities of this foul rebellion will have to be wiped away in blood, every Englishman knows and feels. Meanwhile, one short question—is this a time even for the most exhausted of Parliaments to be dispersing in pursuit of partridges and grouse?

ENGLAND.—Queen Victoria had paid a short visit to the Emperor of the French.

A rumor lately circulated of a merchant at Liverpool having died suddenly, leaving liabilities for £300,000, of which £100,000 had been found to be forgeries, appears to have been an exaggeration compounded from two incidents. A share-broker in extensive business was found dead in his bed, as it now appears, from disease of the heart. On opening of the last settling day, when he had to pay large differences, and it has since been ascertained that he has left his affairs in a very unsatisfactory state. A few days after, a eminently a partner in a respectable mercantile firm disappeared, having, it is said, forged acceptances for £25,000. In both cases the details are kept private, and, as usual under such circumstances, they have created needless excitement and alarm.

The so called Divorce and Matrimonial Causes bill was read a third time and passed in the House of Commons on the 18th and on the 21st. It now goes back to the Lords for concurrence. The clauses so objectionable to the clergy of the Church of England were in the modified by ministerial consent to an equivalent almost to a "surrender" by the government.

The official report of Mr. Bright, the engineer having charge of the paying out of the telegraph cable, is published. It contains no new facts, but it expresses entire confidence that the work may be accomplished.

FRANCE.—Carpentier, Grellet, Guerin and Parent, accused of the robbery of three millions from the Northern Railway Company, yesterday appealed to the Court of Cassation against the decision of the Chamber des Mises en Accusation, which has sent them before the Court of Assizes of the Seine. The affair, therefore, cannot be tried on the 26th, as had been fixed, and it is probable that it will not come on before the second fortnight in September.

The annual meeting of the Academie Française, at which the Montyon prizes of virtue, and several other prizes are distributed, took place to-day. M. Viet presided. The grand prize, offered for the best poem (not to contain more than 300 lines) on the war in the Crimea, is kept open till next year. The event of the meeting was the reading of a poem by M. Ernest Legouvé, entitled "Deux Miseres," in which a rich and a poor man compare the griefs which oppress them. It was received with much applause.

The inmates of the Hotel du Louvre were witnesses of a shocking scene this morning. A chambermaid, named Sophie Bonnet, who had been observed lately to be in low spirits, threw herself out of a second story window, at a moment when several people were on the grand staircase, fell in the court upon the pavement, and died on the spot.

A lady, Madame de S——, with whom Eugene Sue carried on an active correspondence for five years before his death, is about to publish a memoir of him.

The *Memorial d'Amiens* says: At the moment of going to press, we learn from Douai that the hospital of that place was in flames, and in part destroyed. It was not known if any of the patients had been burned, but the details have yet reached us."

The Turkish difficulty, it is said to-day, in certain quarters, is not settled, but postponed. Austria has consented that the late elections in Moldavia should be quashed, but with a firm determination to use every legal means that the new elections shall result as before. The principal aim of both Austria and England is to prevent a reassembling of the Congress of Paris, before the final meeting to sign the protocol for the definitive pacification of the Principalities.

By telegraph we have intelligence from Jassy up to the 15th inst. News had been received there of all that had passed in Western Europe with respect to the Moldavian elections, including the result of the meeting at Osborne. As might be supposed, immense excitement prevailed. A number of deputations had given in their resignation, but not to occasion any embarrassment, or impede the new measures that were to be taken. Many of these deputies are subordinate officers, dispatch from Constantinople announces that, up to the evening of the 16th inst., the new Ottoman Ministry had not been constituted.

Dispatches have been received at the French Foreign Office from M. Gobineau, acting French Chargé d'Affaires at Teheran. The news of the mutiny in Bengal had caused a prodigious sensation in Persia. Fearing disturbances, the Shah had determined not to reduce his army for the present.

Orders have been sent by telegraph to Admiral Palmont to detain three of the vessels under his command to Tunis.

The budget of the Minister of War, which amounts, for the present year, to 340,223,1[illegible], will be increased, for next year, to 347,[illegible]6077. The effective force of the army will be 392,400 men and 83,500 horses. The number of pupils in the military schools will be reduced as follows: The Polytechnic, from 310 to 300; the School of Application for the Staff, from 90 to 60; St. Cyr, from 1200 to 920.

Prince Jerome yesterday morning embarked on board the *Arab* steamer at Havre, and went to make a short excursion along the coast to Trouville and Honfleur. The Prince returned in the evening.

Queen Maria Christina is expected at Biarritz. This looks as if she were about to return to Spain. In Madrid a strong report to the effect has lately been current. It is said that her daughter wishes to take her rear her at the period of her accouchement, expected to take place in October.

The *Sun* says:—"The illustrious author of "Guillaume Tell" has decidedly fixed his residence at Paris. In October next he will leave Auteuil and install himself in an apartment on the first floor at the corner of the rue de la Chaussée d'Antin. The workmen are busy preparing it, and Rossini comes almost daily to see how they get on with it. It is positive that he is now much occupied with an important work. As yet he has told no one what it is, but it may nevertheless be positively affirmed that it strongly resembles an opera."

GERMANY.—The *Dusseldorf Gazette* announces officially that King Don Pedro V., of Portugal, has demanded in marriage the hand of the Princess Stephanie de Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen. The necessary formalities will be fulfilled in the course of the autumn, but the marriage will probably be deferred until next year. The father of the future Queen of Portugal, who is a general in the Prussian service, resides at Dusseldorf.

The preparations making here, says a Berlin dispatch, at the Russian Legation, portend a visit of some duration on the part of the Czar. The idea that the Emperor of the French would come here to meet him is now known to be given up. On the other hand, it is very probable that the Prince Consort of England and the Duke of Cambridge will go over to the French camp at Chalons, and that the Czar may be induced to meet them there.

Accounts from Vienna state that General Gustavus von Degenfeld, one of the most distinguished officers in the Austrian service, has blown out his brains from a disappointment in love. The deceased was 50 years old.

DENMARK.—The draft of the new Constitution for the Danish Duchies has been laid before the Holstein Estates. The Duchy of Holstein is to have a legislature and administration for its own special affairs, and three affairs are specified. The Sovereign is to be represented by a Minister for the Duchies of Holstein and Lauenburg; but the King reserves the right of originating other affairs for the Minister than those belonging to the Duchies. No law is to be enacted, or altered, or annulled, without the consent of the Estates; but the resolutions of the Germanic Diet may be promulgated in the Duchy of Holstein in virtue of the Federal Constitution.

CIRCASSIA.—The news received from the Caucasus by the last mail is dismal indeed. A letter dated from St. Petersburg a few days since, says that 10,000 Circassians, under command of Schamyl, have completely defeated General Philipson on the banks of the Kuban, which river divides the country inhabited by the Tchernomorski Cossacks from that part of the Caucasus which is peopled by the various tribes popularly known as "the Circassians." The Russians, who are said to have been pursued as far as Rostow and Tamor, lost six guns and sixty-four pack horses. The foregoing intelligence may or may not be correct, but Schamyl's subsequent proclamation must be considered in a kind of proof that some advantages of importance have been obtained over the Russians on the Caspian coast of the Caucasian isthmus. The tale told is, that his loss, though great, is not absolutely irreparable. No higher or juster encomium can be passed on the officers of our Indian army than to say that even such a death as that of Sir H. Lawrence throws no gap in the rank of our able chiefs in Asia which may not be filled up worthily and well. This great hero had not fallen at the head of Lucknow which still held out, and, if General Havelock is sufficiently reinforced, may, in all probability, be effectually relieved.

Delhi was still untaken, and here again the news is laden with death. General Barnard was stated to have sunk under an attack of dysentery—a piece of intelligence not less melancholy than the individual loss to the commander than for the painful probabilities it suggests as to the effect of the climate upon the sanitary condition of his forces.

Additional European troops had arrived for the disposal of Lord Canning, by the arrival of the latest detachment of troops originally destined for China, was 1,500, who had been conveyed to Calcutta in the *Simoom* and the *Himalaya*. At another time it would have stirred the popular indignation into a blaze to learn that the wretched Tsarauf was totally lost in the straits of Sunda. Here again it is some consolation to learn that the force with which this luckless bark was freighted had escaped with their lives, and, when the dispatch left, were safe at Suez. In the stormer drama of the great Indian calamity this miserable piece of tragi-comedy may pass, for a time, comparatively unnoticed. The additional mutiny of all the regiments in Oude, and of the Gwalior contingent, is confirmed. At Agra all was quiet, and the native troops had been disarmed.

Such is a brief summary of the latest Indian intelligence; to deny that its import is grave and its aspect disastrous, would be a palpable endeavor to blind the eyes of the nation to the truth. On the other hand, it is a fair topic of consolation that a European force, at the date of the last dispatches, was apparently master of the position between Allahabad and Delhi. If General Havelock could effect a junction with the force besieging the capital and centre of the rebellion, before the season rendered further operations in the field impracticable, the fall of the day, even with our present inadequate force, might be at once turned in our favor; failing this, the best thing to hope is that we may at once march upon Cawnpore. The news in India of such a British force as is demanded by the magnitude of the crisis and the dignity of the empire shall place within our declared grasp the full retribution of our indignation, and the gratification of our just revenge. That our dominion will be restored, and that the atrocities of this foul rebellion will have to be wiped away in blood, every Englishman knows and feels. Meanwhile, one short question—is this a time even for the most exhausted of Parliaments to be dispersing in pursuit of partridges and grouse?

DAMAGED GOODS, WINTER CLOTHING, SHIRTS, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, &c.—We call the attention of the trade to the sale of Damaged Goods, Clothing, Shirts, Shoes, Hats, &c., to take place THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at Beebe & Leamont's auction rooms, No. 77 Chartres street. Terms at sale.

READ THIS—For all Bowel Diseases, Cholera, Diarrhœa, Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Constipation, and General Debility, we know of nothing better than Dr. Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters. One wine glass taken three times each day, before meals, will be a sure cure for all the above diseases; will remove all heartburn from the stomach; keep you free from costiveness; assist digestion, give a good appetite, and impart a healthy tone to the whole system. Every family should keep them litters on hand during the summer season as a family medicine. For sale by all principal druggists and dealers generally, and by J. WORTHAM & CO., Agricultural Book Publishers, 1 0 Fulton street, N. York.

Victims of Rheumatism, Read This!
CLEGHORN, Fairfield Co., (O.) June 4, 1857.
Dr. C. W. BENNE, No. 6 East Fourth street, Cincinnati, O.—*Dear Sir*: The use of your Sarsaparilla has entirely effected with rheumatism, and it disabled me so much, that I was compelled to quit work. After being confined to my room for some time, I procured of your agents at this place, Messrs. Abbott & Sons, a bottle of your Sarsaparilla Blood Purifier and a box of your Blood Pills, and after the use of them I was restored to perfect health. One bottle of your Blood Purifier and one box of your Blood Pills performed a perfect cure. Being satisfied that it is an invaluable remedy, I sent you this to be published, if you think proper, that others similarly affected may have the benefit of my experience.
jy24 SILAS SPRINGER.

FRENCH LOCKS.
10 CASES FRENCH LOCKS, from the manufactory of St. Etienne. In store and for sale by JEANNEL, QUERRIER & CO.,
sept11 1m 22 St. Louis st.

LADIES' CLOAKS—For sale low, a beautiful assortment of ladies' cloaks. LANATA BROS.,
sept11 9 and 11 Jackson street.

CANARY SEED—25 bbls, landing and for sale by LANATA BROS.,
sept12 9 and 11 Jackson st.

SARDINES—200 cases Sardines in oil Nubia, in quarter and half cans. In store and for sale by BRUGUIER & CO.,
sept9 6t No. 16 Bienville st.

MEXICAN TOBACCO—3 bales Mexican Tobacco, for wrappers and fillers. In store and for sale by BRUGUIER & CO.,
sept9 6t 16 Bienville st.

GREEN TEAS—10 cases French green teas, in half boxes, very fine. In store and for sale by BRUGUIER & CO., 16 Bienville st.
sept9 6t

HAVANA LEAF TOBACCO—Received by brig Mary Elizabeth, 65 bales of the best Negritas Vuelta Abajo, for fillers and wrappers. In store and for sale by P. GUMA,
sept9 Corner Canal and Tchoupitoulas sts

HAVANA CIGARS—Received by brigs Mary Elizabeth and Steven, 30,000 assorted Regalias, Medianas, Conchas, Bru tas, Londres, &c., for sale by P. GUMA,
sept9 Corner Canal and Tchoupitoulas sts

CUBA RUM—8 pipes and Cuba Rum, for sale low by P. GUMA'S,
sept9 corner Canal and Tchoupitoulas sts

MADEIRA—3 pipes Madeira, for sale by P. GUMA'S,
sept9 corner Canal and Tchoupitoulas sts

PICADURA—8 cases Picadura, for sale by P. GUMA'S,
sept9 corner Canal and Tchoupitoulas sts

HAVANA CIGARS—The undersigned takes pleasure in informing the trade that he has received a large and well assorted stock of Havana cigars on hand, and is now especially offering a choice lot of Londres, Regalias, Medianas, Conchas, Bru tas, Londres, &c. Having purchased the above stock on the most favorable terms, he is prepared to offer them at low prices. For sale by JOSEPH LANDIS & CO.,
sept9 33 Tchoupitoulas st.

LANDING ex steamship Black Warrior, from New Orleans, 200 bbls Sea's Graysec Corn, in superior order, for sale by J. VIOSCA,
sept9 29 Conti st.

LANDING ex ship Heidelberg, from Havre—500 pipes Fine Old Cognac Brandy, 250 gallon do; 100 3 gallon do; 250 5 gallon do; 100 demijohns do; 50 5 gallon do; 100 Burgundy wine, 5 gallon do; 100 Claret wine, 5 gallon do; 100 White wine, Haut Sauterne; Dinner & Gardner; 20 dozen Superior Brand Vinegar; 500 Liqueurs; 25 do Absynth; 25 do Peppermint; 25 do Curaçoa; 25 do Maraschino; 25 do Anisette; 25 do Castille soap; 50 baskets champagne; 25 baskets empty bottles; 50 baskets extra assorted Claret; 25 baskets extra assorted Chablis; 25 boxes assorted Cordials; 25 boxes assorted Preserves.
C. CAVAROC & CO., 244 Royal st.

LION & PINSARD,
66 AND 68 ROYAL STREET, CORNER BIENVILLE.
JUST received from France, on the North, an assortment of fresh goods, comprising in part—
Fine staple Powder Roses,
Paste monsse a Patsel, Pomatomes,
Powder and Rouge for Cheeks,
Hoyle Cirrhis Pastels,
Powder, Beard, Hair and Tooth Brushes,
Puffs—Fine Rabbit Hair, all sizes,
Moustache Curlers, in 3 sizes, complete.
Lyons Satin, $12 complete.
Fine and ordinary Pipelayers, at very moderate prices.
PERFUMERY—A fresh assortment French Perfumery.
Gentlemen's pocket Skirts, cotton cloths with linen fronts, all cotton cuffs and collars; cloths and mourning and color skirts.
Gentlemen's and Ladies' Merino and Cotton Hose, colored, bleached, brown, plaids and striped Hose.
Ladies' Kids, all styles.
Black and fancy Cassaty, round ends, lateral Parisian style.
Linen and cotton Point Lace.
Canvas and Paper Collars, all styles and fashion.
—CONSTANTLY ON HAND—
A very extensive assortment of Fancy Articles.
Fancy Soaps in every variety.
Ambre and Musk Perfumes.
Cleansers and Crystals.
Fine French Pocket Books, the best in use.
Beauty Spots, &c.
Men and Children's Skirts
Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs.
Children's Caps and Carriages.
LION & PINSARD,
sept10 66 and 68 Royal street, cor. Bienville.

GIQUEL & JAMISON,
18.....Chartres street.....18
ALL kinds of Fancy Goods, by the last arrivals from Europe and the North, a large assortment of
New Fall Goods,
which they will offer to the public and their friends, on the lowest terms. It consists partly in—
Flounced and Double Silk Robes,
Plain, striped and Plaid Silks de Napoles,
Brocade, Watered, Striped, Plaid and Plain Black Silks,
Plain Silks—All colors,
Marcelines and Fancy Silks,
Poplin and Silk Cloth,
Plain and Striped Cashmeres—New Patterns
Plain and Figured De Laines,
Ruined de Chine and Poplin Robes,
Plain and Printed Alpacas,
Mourning Goods for Ladies and Children,
Flounced Barege Robes,
Do Muslin,
Printed, Satin striped and Plaid Barages,
Do Muslin,
Printed Figured, for Children's Dress,
Grenadines,
Ladies and Misses' Silk Hose,
Cotton Hose,
Gents and Boys' Silk, Worsted and Cotton Half Hose,
Damask and Jacquard Muslin,
Jacquard and Embroidered Muslins—for Curtains,
Silk and worsted, worsted and fancy, and plain Damask, for curtains,
French, English and American Calicoes, new style,
French and Irish Linen,
Shirting,
Linen Sheeting,
Do do do 3-4, 7-8, 1, 1-4, 1-2, 4, 1-4, 5-4,
Birdseye and Linen Diaper,
Damask Cloths and Napkins,
Diaper and Huck towels,
Black and colored Cloths and Cassimeres, full pattern,
Ladies' Cloths, all colors,
Cassimeres, Tweed and Satinet, for boys,
French Cuttawayes,
Western and cotton Blankets.
We are also receiving an extensive assortment of
—PLANTATION GOODS,
Such as—French and Navy Blankets,
Kerseys, Linseys, Flannels,
Lowells, Cotton Stripes and Cottonade,
for Negro Clothing.
And a great variety of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, which we will offer at the lowest prices.
GIQUEL & JAMISON, 18 Chartres st.

FRUITS IN JULE—50 boxes, assorted. For sale by (1719) J. VIOSCA, Jr., 29 Conti st

DRAGEE GOODS, WINTER CLOTHING, SHIRTS, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, &c.—We call the attention of the trade to the sale of Damaged Goods, Clothing, Shirts, Shoes, Hats, &c., to take place THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at Beebe & Leamont's auction rooms, No. 77 Chartres street. Terms at sale.

READ THIS—For all Bowel Diseases, Cholera, Diarrhœa, Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Constipation, and General Debility, we know of nothing better than Dr. Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters. One wine glass taken three times each day, before meals, will be a sure cure for all the above diseases; will remove all heartburn from the stomach; keep you free from costiveness; assist digestion, give a good appetite, and impart a healthy tone to the whole system. Every family should keep them litters on hand during the summer season as a family medicine. For sale by all principal druggists and dealers generally, and by J. WORTHAM & CO., Agricultural Book Publishers, 1 0 Fulton street, N. York.

Victims of Rheumatism, Read This!
CLEGHORN, Fairfield Co., (O.) June 4, 1857.
Dr. C. W. BENNE, No. 6 East Fourth street, Cincinnati, O.—*Dear Sir*: The use of your Sarsaparilla has entirely effected with rheumatism, and it disabled me so much, that I was compelled to quit work. After being confined to my room for some time, I procured of your agents at this place, Messrs. Abbott & Sons, a bottle of your Sarsaparilla Blood Purifier and a box of your Blood Pills, and after the use of them I was restored to perfect health. One bottle of your Blood Purifier and one box of your Blood Pills performed a perfect cure. Being satisfied that it is an invaluable remedy, I sent you this to be published, if you think proper, that others similarly affected may have the benefit of my experience.
jy24 SILAS SPRINGER.

FRENCH LOCKS.
10 CASES FRENCH LOCKS, from the manufactory of St. Etienne. In store and for sale by JEANNEL, QUERRIER & CO.,
sept11 1m 22 St. Louis st.

LADIES' CLOAKS—For sale low, a beautiful assortment of ladies' cloaks. LANATA BROS.,
sept11 9 and 11 Jackson street.

CANARY SEED—25 bbls, landing and for sale by LANATA BROS.,
sept12 9 and 11 Jackson st.

SARDINES—200 cases Sardines in oil Nubia, in quarter and half cans. In store and for sale by BRUGUIER & CO.,
sept9 6t No. 16 Bienville st.

MEXICAN TOBACCO—3 bales Mexican Tobacco, for wrappers and fillers. In store and for sale by BRUGUIER & CO., 16 Bienville st.
sept9 6t

GREEN TEAS—10 cases French green teas, in half boxes, very fine. In store and for sale by BRUGUIER & CO., 16 Bienville st.
sept9 6t

HAVANA LEAF TOBACCO—Received by brig Mary Elizabeth, 65 bales of the best Negritas Vuelta Abajo, for fillers and wrappers. In store and for sale by P. GUMA,
sept9 Corner Canal and Tchoupitoulas sts

HAVANA CIGARS—Received by brigs Mary Elizabeth and Steven, 30,000 assorted Regalias, Medianas, Conchas, Bru tas, Londres, &c., for sale by P. GUMA,
sept9 Corner Canal and Tchoupitoulas sts

CUBA RUM—8 pipes and Cuba Rum, for sale low by P. GUMA'S,
sept9 corner Canal and Tchoupitoulas sts

MADEIRA—3 pipes Madeira, for sale by P. GUMA'S,
sept9 corner Canal and Tchoupitoulas sts

PICADURA—8 cases Picadura, for sale by P. GUMA'S,
sept9 corner Canal and Tchoupitoulas sts

HAVANA CIGARS—The undersigned takes pleasure in informing the trade that he has received a large and well assorted stock of Havana cigars on hand, and is now especially offering a choice lot of Londres, Regalias, Medianas, Conchas, Bru tas, Londres, &c. Having purchased the above stock on the most favorable terms, he is prepared to offer them at low prices. For sale by JOSEPH LANDIS & CO.,
sept9 33 Tchoupitoulas st.

LANDING ex steamship Black Warrior, from New Orleans, 200 bbls Sea's Graysec Corn, in superior order, for sale by J. VIOSCA,
sept9 29 Conti st.

LANDING ex ship Heidelberg, from Havre—500 pipes Fine Old Cognac Brandy, 250 gallon do; 100 3 gallon do; 250 5 gallon do; 100 demijohns do; 50 5 gallon do; 100 Burgundy wine, 5 gallon do; 100 Claret wine, 5 gallon do; 100 White wine, Haut Sauterne; Dinner & Gardner; 20 dozen Superior Brand Vinegar; 500 Liqueurs; 25 do Absynth; 25 do Peppermint; 25 do Curaçoa; 25 do Maraschino; 25 do Anisette; 25 do Castille soap; 50 baskets champagne; 25 baskets empty bottles; 50 baskets extra assorted Claret; 25 baskets extra assorted Chablis; 25 boxes assorted Cordials; 25 boxes assorted Preserves.
C. CAVAROC & CO., 244 Royal st.

LION & PINSARD,
66 AND 68 ROYAL STREET, CORNER BIENVILLE.
JUST received from France, on the North, an assortment of fresh goods, comprising in part—
Fine staple Powder Roses,
Paste monsse a Patsel, Pomatomes,
Powder and Rouge for Cheeks,
Hoyle Cirrhis Pastels,
Powder, Beard, Hair and Tooth Brushes,
Puffs—Fine Rabbit Hair, all sizes,
Moustache Curlers, in 3 sizes, complete.
Lyons Satin, $12 complete.
Fine and ordinary Pipelayers, at very moderate prices.
PERFUMERY—A fresh assortment French Perfumery.
Gentlemen's pocket Skirts, cotton cloths with linen fronts, all cotton cuffs and collars; cloths and mourning and color skirts.
Gentlemen's and Ladies' Merino and Cotton Hose, colored, bleached, brown, plaids and striped Hose.
Ladies' Kids, all styles.
Black and fancy Cassaty, round ends, lateral Parisian style.
Linen and cotton Point Lace.
Canvas and Paper Collars, all sty