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THE DAILY BEE.

FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 13.

THE NORTHERN MAIL failed yesterday from beyond Washington. The mail due the day previous came through.

THE PROSPECT IN NEW YORK.

The city of New York contains a population of about 700,000. Of that number at least one hundred thousand belong to the laboring classes. Nearly one-fourth of them have already been thrown out of employment in consequence of the monetary revulsion. As for the most part they live from hand to mouth, either unable to lay aside any portion of their daily wages, or little disposed to economical habits, it follows that when they fall to obtain work, their situation becomes deplorable, indeed. Poverty and destitution are terrible afflictions, but they are rendered still more appalling when their visitation is experienced in the midst of the snows and frosts of an ungenial climate. The laborer who is assailed at once by gnawing hunger and bitter cold—who is starving and freezing at the same time—has a claim upon the warm and active sympathies of the community. Every thing that public beneficence and private charity can possibly accomplish should be attempted for his relief. As the season of rigorous cold advances, the sufferings of the unemployed threaten to become fearful. The depression in business is constantly adding to the vast mass of misery and privation that abounds in New York, and the utmost efforts of her citizens will be required to alleviate, to an appreciable extent, the sorrows and wretchedness of the poor.

We are grieved to learn that while concerted and well-organized exertions are making to alleviate the misery of the working classes, they are menaced with failure by two antagonistic causes. The first is, that the chief magistrate of New York, instead of endeavoring to stimulate public and private benevolence in behalf of the destitute, has, in a formal message to the Councils, sought to establish the revolutionary and Jacobinical principle that the working classes have a claim upon the government for food and labor—thus instilling into the minds of ignorant and excited men a heresy of the most fatal character—one which, if carried out, would either compel the authorities to incur a prodigious debt for unnecessary labor, or justify every unemployed workman in the use of physical force to attain the end proposed. The second cause lies in the conduct of the impoverished classes themselves, who, imbibing these new and pernicious theories from fountain-head, and believing them to be undeniably true, have already taken the initiative in acts of disorganization and violence. The following brief statement, from the *Courier and Enquirer* of the 3d, will show that the practical effects of the communistic teachings of Mayor Wood are beginning to be felt:

THE UNEMPLOYED.—The threats of personal violence uttered by a number of unemployed and workingmen at their meeting on Monday do not appear to have been idle or unmeaning. Yesterday morning a squalid crowd of men, old women, boys and girls tore down the wooden railings which surrounded Tompkins Square, and carried them off for firewood. Hammers and axes were vigorously put to work up the posts which remained fast in the ground, and so successful was the work accomplished that, were it not for the trees, the square would now present the appearance of a vast vacant lot. Even the benches were carried off. Another party, encountering a baker's wagon in avenue B, made an attack upon it, and seized some fifty loaves. Many articles were stolen from stores where they were placed upon the sidewalk for show, and a general closing of stores in all kinds was the necessary consequence throughout that quarter of the city.

Later advices transmitted by the telegraph prove that the excitement had in no wise abated, and that the Mayor himself had become alarmed at unmistakable demonstrations of personal violence towards himself, consequent upon the belief of the deluded people that the Mayor possessed the power of extending the measures of relief suggested by him to the Councils, and that they had been fooled and duped by him. We presume the police arrangements in New York, added to the desire of every good citizen to put down riotous manifestations, will be sufficient to maintain peace and order, and prevent any system of wholesale spoliation; but we do not scruple to admit that the approaching winter will be anticipated with considerable apprehension. The New York papers look with fearful misgivings to the future. The *Express* calls upon the citizens to prepare for the worst. After limning a graphic picture of the procession of hungry, scowling, straw-tongued individuals through Tompkins Square and Broadway, it says: "The merchant who keeps a store in Broadway—the Bowery grocer—the hard-working mechanic, who has his little all laid by in some savings bank as well as the merchant prince, up on Union Park, Madison Square, the Fifth avenue, or Fourteenth street, and the banker and broker, down in Wall street, have each and all common interests at stake—at stake in a and if they desire to preserve those interests they must wake up at once to something like an adequate estimation of the dangers that surround them."

It is to be hoped that the evil is exaggerated, but there is no doubt that New York is rife with the elements of that mingled ignorance and destitution, which, in European countries, have repeatedly set at defiance the authority of law, committed violence and depredation, and sowed the seeds of bloody revolution, wild disorder, and tumultuous anarchy.

The Chess Congress.

PAUL MORPHY VICTORIOUS.

A lady, respectable gentleman of our city received yesterday the subjoined dispatch from New York, conveying the gratifying intelligence of the triumph of our young townsman, Paul Morphy, at the chess tournament:

BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12, 1857.

MORPHY takes the first prize; Paulsen the second.

The news is further confirmed, as will be seen by reference to our telegraphic head.

ARRIVAL OF THE GRANADA.—The steamship *Granada*, Capt. Griffin, from New York 24 ult., via Havana 9th instant, arrived at the Quarantine Station at 10 A. M. yesterday, where she was detained on account of some sickness amongst her passengers or crew. She was still at the Quarantine Station at 5 o'P. M., and will not arrive at her wharf until some time to-day.

NEW COAST AND LAFOURCHE PACKET.—We invite attention to the advertisement of the new steamer *Music*, Captain HENRY STRECK, which is announced to leave, on her first trip for the Coast and Donaldsonville, to-morrow morning, at 9 o'clock, and to leave Donaldsonville every Wednesday morning, at 7 o'clock. The *Music* will thus make her trips up and down regularly in daylight, and will take freight for Lafourche and reship by "lighters" at the same rates as other boats in the trade.

The construction and appointments of the *Music* are well adapted for the coasting business. She is of 331 tons burthen; is 190 feet long by 33 feet wide, and has 6½ feet depth of hold, two engines of 22 inches diameter by 8 feet stroke, and four boilers 36 feet long. She was built at Jeffersonville, Ind., with all the modern improvements for loading and discharging, besides water-pumps, life-preservers, life-boats, &c. She has a fair complement of gentlemen and ladies' staterooms, the for the ladies being unusually large and well-equipped. Best of all, she is manned by gentlemanly and well experienced officers.

SHAWLS.—Messrs. P. A E. REILLY & Co., as may be seen by the advertisement, are offering, their very large stock of shawls of every description at greatly reduced prices. The ladies will do well to call and examine a variety of other articles in their line, which Messrs. REILLY & Co. are offering on the most reasonable terms possible.

THE ELECTION.—*Versailles.*—Sandidge 344, Sparks 160. The Democratic State ticket has about 130 majority. Broussard (Whig) beats Patten (Dem.) for Representative 83 votes.

St. Helena.—The vote for State officers is nearly a tie. Congress, Davidson 303, Wagstaff 302, Sigur 11. Representative, Armstrong 246, Quinlen (Dem.) 378.

Ouachita.—Democratic majority for State officers 178. Senate, Defrees 354, Stith 294. Representative, Sterling 313, Richardson 271. American Sheriff elected.

Mississippi.—GOV. MCRAE, in his message, discusses the operation of the recent amendments to the Constitution; dissuades from creating banks; recommends a tax of one per cent on foreign bank paper; recommends a fair trial of the new code before any alterations be made in it; a Shovel policy of legislation towards railroads, and the building of a railroad from the Ship Island Harbor to Jackson; advises the appointment of a State Superintendent of common schools; takes favorable notice of the establishment of Agricultural Societies; states the progress of the Geological Survey, &c.

By Telegraph.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

Gen. Walker's Movements—He Must Arrive at Mobile—Steamer passage on Hand—More Arms and Ammunition soon.

Mobile, Nov. 12.—The *New Orleans* and Mobile mail boat *California* has arrived, and Walker and his later passengers are not on board.

The whole party was transferred from the *California* to the steamer *Dick Keys*, which was waiting in the lower harbor for the *California*.

The *Dick Keys* had on board a considerable quantity of arms and ammunition, and probably some men.

A very few of the men became faint-hearted on seeing the implements of war on board the *Keys*, and were readily allowed to come on to this city.

As soon as Walker and his men were placed aboard the *Keys* she heavily steamed down the bay.

NATIONAL CHESS CONGRESS—NEW ORLEANS TAKES THE FIRST PRIZE.

The Associated Press is indebted to Mr. Paggeby for the following private dispatch:

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—The Grand Tournament is finished—Mr. Paul Morphy, of New Orleans, has won the first prize, and Mr. Louis Paulsen, of Iowa, takes the second.

CONSTITUTION OR KANSAS.—St. Louis, Nov. 12.—The Kansas Constitution endorses the Dred Scott decision and the fugitive slave law.

The slavery clause alone will be submitted to the people about the 20th of December.

FIRE IN LOUISVILLE.—Louisville, Nov. 12.—S. P. Dick & Co.'s tobacco factory was entirely destroyed by fire this morning. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

STEAMBOATS COMING.—Vicksburg, Nov. 12. The Ben Franklin passed down at 8 A. M.

THE GRANADA COMING UP.—*Her Specie List.*—Head of Passes, Nov. 12.—The steamship *Granada*, from New York via Havana, crossed the bar at 6 this morning.

[PURSER Denison does not state whether or not the *Granada* brings the California mails, but gives the following specie list:—REP.]

SPECIE BY THE GRANADA.—From New York—Caballero & Bananillo, $800; E. Forstall, $12,000; Fenzell, Powers & Co., $6000; do, $24,000; Hughton, Rankin & Co., $42,000; G. & J. Mills, $25,000; G.W. Olivier & Co., $24,100; W. Prehn & Co., $50,000; H. Rodewald & Co., $20,000; Thomas Rogers, Jr., & Co., $48,500; C. F. Rondeau, $10,000; Valsz & Fresina, $55,297.

From California—To order, $163,000.

From Havana—Puig, Muir & Co., $24,000; Castillo & Harispe, $4000; James Daymouth, $7,360; Puig, Avendano & Co., $32,500; E. Rathbun, $8,368; Bernlo & Bros., $6000.

Southwest Pass, Nov. 12.—The ship *South Carolina*, from Liverpool, has arrived.

LETTER FROM GEN. WALKER TO GEN. CASS.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—The following letter has been received by the Secretary of State from Gen. Walker:

NEW ORLEANS, October, 1857.

HON. LEWIS CASS, Secretary of State, U. S. A.:

Sir—It is currently reported that the Ministers of Costa Rica and Guatemala have asked for the active interposition of the United States for the purpose of preventing me and my companions from returning to Nicaragua.

This request, it is further said, is based on the assumption that I have violated, or intend to violate, the neutrality laws of the United States.

The want of all official intercourse between the government of the United States and Nicaragua will, I hope, be a sufficient excuse for my addressing you on the faith of a public report, and in the ordinary modes in such a form that I am satisfied that the Ministers of Guatemala and Costa Rica have attempted to dishonor the republic of Nicaragua in the eyes of the United States, and I am further convinced of this fact by a decree of President Mora, dated at San Jose on the 7th of August last, which I have ordered to be communicated to the diplomatic corps generally.

The Ministers of Costa Rica and Guatemala attempt by this state act to arrogate to themselves to the United States as protectors and guardians in behalf of the republic of which I claim to be the rightful and lawful Executive.

I protest most earnestly against this assumption on the part of Costa Rica and Guatemala, and add that the government of the United States will not permit itself to be influenced by such pretensions on the part of those two petty states on American soil.

Nicaragua is entirely consumed, with her cargo of cotton, hemp and tallow. Her crew has arrived here.

MARKETS.—New York, Nov. 12.—Cotton quiet. Flour is lower and Pork are firm. Whisky 22½c. Molasses 37½ to 50c. Rice 3½c.

Cincinnati, Nov. 12.—Flour $4 40. Whisky 13½. Wheat $1 75 to 80c. White 85 to 90c. Lard 10½c. Money is easier.

STEAMBOATS COMING.—Vicksburg, Nov. 12. The Vicksburg passed down at 5, the J. H. Lucas and Rainbow at 6 P. M.

The vote of Baltimore at the late election stood, for Governor, HICKS (A.) 15,696, GROOME (D.) 6 328.

ALABAMA.—The Legislature assembled on the 10th. In the Senate, JAMES M. CALHOUN, of Dallas, was elected President. In the House, A. M. JACKSON, of Autauga, was chosen Speaker.

Second Congressional District—Official.

	Burke.	Taylor.
Orleans	1840	1015
St. James	328	160
Assumption	179	738
Ascension	223	471
Lafourche	256	691
Jefferson	453	314
St. Martin	615	464
Terrebonne	437	404
St. Charles	73	127
St. John the Baptist	168	183
St. Mary	326	393
Total	4893	4960

NATIONAL CHESS CONGRESS.—The Congress will hold forth at Descombe's Rooms until both tournaments are finished. Mr. Morphy, who won three games to-day, to Mr. Paulsen's one. Those were two games drawn. The chances seem to be in favor of Mr. Morphy winning the first prize. The attendance at the Congress still continues very large.

In the minor tournament, the games are nearly finished; and, in the course of a few days, the winner of the various prizes will be announced.—*New York Express*, 5th.

MIRA SAHB.—This man, who has recently distinguished himself in India by sailing five children in wooden boxes and throwing them into the flames, according to a French writer, "had read a tender line in Byron or Shakspeare without being moved to tears." He speaks French, Italian and English, is acquainted with their several literatures, talks the latter as fluently and nearly as any gentleman; de flyde Parck," had translated "Hamlet" into Hindoo, to the great admiration of competent critics.

ADDITIONAL BY THIS STEAMER.

The dates by the *Canada* is from Liverpool to the 26th ult:

ENGLAND.—STATE OF THE MONEY MARKET. The Times says the money market is generally quiet, and owing to the absence of any unpleasant failures, and the signs of greater stability among the leading manufacturing and shipping firms throughout the country, unanimity still prevails as to the probability of any further upward movement on the part of the bank, but the question still remains to be solved before the public or anybody else. The demand for money is comparatively quiet, both at the bank and out of doors. Business on suspicion continues to be announced on the Continent, especially among the manufacturing firms of Germany.

The Bank of England had thrown out some American bills, known by supposed to be connected with blended shipments of specie to the United States. On Friday the funds continued buoyant. There were no gold withdrawals from the bank.

The rate of discount at Hamburg had declined to 3½ per cent.

The Times says that the *Canada* takes out tenders for £500,000 of eight per cent bonds of the Michigan Central Railroad, for the annihilation of a portion of their floating debt.

The value of money in the Stock Exchange remains as low as 5 per cent.

The *Daily News* says that the Porte participates in its claim to the island of Perim, and refused the offered indemnity.

The Sardinian government has made known that the plot recently discovered was of a Republican character, and that the chiefs of it were in communication with leaders of existing movements in the Danubian Principalities.

Accounts from Constantinople state that the Porte considers that its treaties have been violated by the recent appearance of a Russian ship of war, the *Kniaziewich*, and it has accordingly demanded an explanation from the Russian Ambassador at Constantinople.

Central America.

By the *Star of the West*, at New York, later accounts have been received from Central America and the South Pacific. The *Herald* says:

The news from Central America is important. Mora is to be made President of Costa Rica for life, with liberal pecuniary allowances. Thirty deserters from Walker's army remained at Punta Arenas in a destitute condition. It is reported that Morgan & Company having failed to make good their part of the contract with reference to the transit route, the government has determined to take the transit free, under the supervision of the maritime powers, and then a special envoy has been dispatched to Washington to treat upon the subject. The government has monopolized the trade in tobacco, spirits, &c. Costa Rica manages to be involved in trouble by meddling in Nicaragua. The Costa Rica troops have abandoned Fort San Carlos, and taken up their quarters at Punta Arenas. Walker's force at Rivas is variously stated at from 1000 to 1500 men. The constitution was to be proclaimed on the 1st inst. Walker is said to be in favor of a constitution of the other Central States, with the supreme government in Guatemala. Gen. Walker, Gen. Rudler and Col. Kinney are to be the Generals of the army. Walker is to be Generalissimo. Gen. Rudler is to be Governor of Granada. Col. Kinney is to be Governor of Chontales. Gen. Corral is to be Governor of Rivas. Gen. Salazar is to be Governor of Leon. Gen. Jerez is to be Governor of Segovia. Gen. Ramirez is to be Governor of Nicaragua. Gen. Guardiola is to be Governor of Subtiaba. Gen. Estrada is to be Governor of Masaya. Gen. Valle is to be Governor of Managua. Gen. Cole is to be Governor of Virgin Bay. Gen. Lockridge is to be Governor of Guatemala. Col. Wheat is to be Governor of Honduras. Col. Fry is to be Governor of Salvador. Col. Hornsby is to be Governor of Costa Rica. Col. Titus is to be Governor of Chiriqui. Col. Scott is to be Governor of Bocas del Toro. Col