THE DAILY BEE.
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Weekly Bee, three months, or less, at the rate of $2 per year, payable in advance. Any one who may be desirous to discontinue the weekly edition, receiving the paper through error of the postmaster, or otherwise, will be considered as a subscriber, and liable to pay, unless due notice is given of the fact to the office.

NEW ORLEANS:
FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 20, 1860.

Also at Auction To-Day.

By D. K. Murphy, sale continued, at J. M. Labouisse's store, 69 New Levee, one million Havana Cigars.

By Hooke & Lemonnier, at their store, 77 Chartres street, Winter Clothing.

By B. Turpin, at store 36 Old Levee, 40 casks Claret; also, 40 Cognac & Co's, 100 Royal street, Red and White Wines.

By E. Roger & Co., at 10 o'clock, at their auction rooms, 6 and 8 Old Levee street, Dry Goods.

By Hooke & Lemonnier, at 10 o'clock, at their auction rooms, 77 Chartres street, credit sale of Boots, Shoes and Brogans.

By B. Turpin, at his auction store, Chartres, and at the store of V. A. E. Melgan, Red and White Wine, Preserved Fruits, Corks, &c.

FEDERAL RELATIONS.

Governor WICKLIFFE in his message takes special occasion to warn the General Assembly against hasty legislation. The very first act of that body has been in violation of this sensible and discreet counsel. Hardly was the House of Representatives organized, when Mr. ALLEN, of West Baton Rouge—hitherto a Whig and American—presented a series of resolutions in reference to the questions at issue between the North and South. They are of the most important character, involving the contingent secession of the State in measures looking towards a dissolution of the Union. Their tenor may be divined from the telegraphic summary They regard the Harper's Ferry affair as an attack by the North upon the rights of the entire South, and declare that Louisiana will stand by Virginia at all hazards in case of another invasion of her territory. They consider the expression of Northern sympathy for John Brown as evidence of a deep-seated hostility towards the Constitutional rights of the South, affirm that the election of a Black Republican President would fall within sufficient cause for the dissolution of the Union, and in that event authorize the Governor to order an election of delegates to represent Louisiana in a Southern Convention, and to co-operate with other States in such measures as the circumstances of the case may require They recommend an appropriation of $25,000 to assist in defraying the expense incurred by Virginia in fighting the battles of the South. Finally, they provide that copies of these resolutions are to be sent to the Governor of each of the Southern States.

The usual, and indeed the proper course to pursue whenever resolutions upon federal relations are introduced into a legislative body, is to refer them to a standing committee, which, after careful consideration, reports either in favor or against them, either with or without modification, and brings up the entire subject for formal and deliberate discussion. Instead of receiving the present and commendable treatment, the resolutions were rushed through the House of Representatives in hot haste, and apparently without debate. Our dispatches mention their adoption, but do not state by what vote. It is scarcely credible that they could have passed unanimously, since even pronouncing that all the members might be willing to endorse them, there must have been a minority opposed to such hurried legislation. No unanimity necessarily existed for it, and the very magnitude of the issues at stake should have admonished the Representatives of the expediency of mature and well considered action

In all declarations of convictions and purposes touching topics of the highest possible importance to the South, it is particularly desirable that entire unanimity should prevail. The moral influence and weight of such declarations are sadly impaired when it is found that their passage has encountered the determined opposition of a formidable minority. Far better is it to grant a little time for reflection and examination, than by unceremoniously pressing on the demand for immediate action, to provoke a spirit of hostility and resistance. Something of this sort was visible in the conduct of the Senate before which Mr ALLEN's resolutions came up on the same day they passed the House. Mr. GARDNER, of the flinching Southern man, but a moderate and prudent legislator, moved their reference to the Committee on Federal Relations. This was stoutly opposed by the Black State Rights partisans, of the Senate, and the resolutions were pressed to a vote in spite of all remonstrances. The consequence was that out of twenty-five Senators only fifteen sanctioned their adoption; and thus, through an unwise and precipitate policy, twenty-fifth of the members present conceived themselves conscientiously bound to record their votes against the resolutions. No one can doubt that the force of the resolves will be materially weakened by this fact.

Of the merits of the resolutions we have already spoken in various articles on the unhappy state of feeling created in the South by Northern aggression. With most of the resolutions we concur; from one, viz: that which declares the election of a Black Republican to the Presidency to be a sufficient cause for the dissolution of the Union, we emphatically dissent, for reasons we have explained on more than one occasion, and we greatly doubt whether it enables the sentiments and opinions of a majority of the people of the State. At all events it should have undergone the most searching scrutiny in committee before being hurried through both branches of the General Assembly.

J. J. MICHEL—It will be perceived by the announcement in our columns that J. J. Michel, Esq., is a candidate for the office of Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, vacated by the resignation of Judge Cole. Without desiring in the least to disparage the claims of other aspirants, we may be permitted to observe that Mr. Michel possesses numerous qualifications for this responsible judicial station. He is known as a lawyer of high standing and talent, of ripe judgment and extensive erudition. The position he now holds as legal counsel to the city attests the confidence reposed in his attainments and ability.

NEW BOOKS—We are indebted to the publishers, Harper & Brothers, through Theo. E. White, No. 135 Canal street, for the following new works:

Harry's Summer in Ashcroft. With illustrations. A special little volume for teaching children how to enjoy and employ country life

Stories of Rainbow and Lucky, by Jacob Abbott. It is enough to say of this admirable production that it is similar in plan to the Rollo books, and it will of course be a standing favorite with the juveniles.

History of Peter the Great, by Jacob Abbott The ingenious author of the work has adhered rigidly to the most authentic records of his hero, and has invested written a most instructive and interesting volume

NEW AMERICAN ENCYCLOPÆDIA Vol VII Mr. S. Colman, general agent for the Appletons, has placed us in possession of the eighth volume of the New American Encyclopædia, now in course of publication by Appleton & Co. We have repeatedly expressed our appreciation of the value of this great work, and in glancing over the volume before us we find every reason to confirm our favorable convictions The information is copious, accurate, carefully collected, and couched in a lucid and perspicuous style. No contemporary work can compare with this Encyclopædia for its fullness in American history and biography, for its completeness of detail, its perfect impartiality, the ability with which it is written, and the number and high talent of its contributors. The present volume begins with "Finger," and ends with "Haynau."

Roger & Co.'s New Auction Mart.—We unusually crowded our columns to-day to make room for the sales of Messrs. Roger & Co. Over 45 and 47 Levee street, which we throw open to the public on Wednesday last. It is certainly a very elegant and commodious place, admirably adapted for its design, thoroughly lighted, and with all necessary arrangements. We are glad to perceive that the increasing business of Messrs. Roger & Co. requires them to occupy this extensive locality. They have our cordial wishes for their continued prosperity.

The attendance of the trade is called to the extensive stock of Home goods which will be sold THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at the store of the importer, Jos. M. Labouisse from D. K. Murphy's auction establishment.

CREDIT SALE—We call the attention of the trade to the sale of Fancy Dry Goods, White Shirts Boots and Shoes, to take place this day, at 10 o'clock, A. M., Hooke & Lemonnier's auction rooms, No. 77 Chartres street. Terms at sale.

The Vicksburg Herald, of the 18th, gives the annexed account of the shooting of Col. Roy, already mentioned by telegraph:

It is our painful duty this morning to announce the death of our senior contemporary of the Vicksburg *Southern News*, Col. Wm D. Roy, which occurred on our streets yesterday noon 16th, at the hands of Mr D J. Sheppard. It appeared from the testimony at the Coroner's investigation, that as Col. Roy was crossing the street between Mr. Tillman's and Messrs. Hardaway & White's, Mr. Sheppard stepped up and deliberately shot him, the ball lodging in the left breast, just above the heart. Col. Roy drew his pistol, but was unable to use it, before he could cock it he fell and immediately expired. The pistol was found by his side, without a cap being secured or a barrel discharged. Mr. Sheppard gave himself up, and was lodged in jail.

Of the circumstances attending this sad affair the public are probably well aware. It was a mere personal affair, growing out of financial matters connected with the News office, of which Mr. Sheppard had formerly been book-keeper and cashier. The matter will undergo investigation, and until then we forbear further comment.

EXAMINATION OF D. J. SHEPPARD.—The examination of Mr. D. J Sheppard, for the homicide of Col. W. D. Roy, was commenced yesterday before his Honor Mayor Foltz. The whole day was occupied in the examination of witnesses, which, by consent of the counsel on both sides, the prisoner was admitted to bail for his appearance to-day, when the examination will be concluded. The Mayor required a bond of $5000, with a like amount for his sureties. The prisoner will be examined this morning, at 10 o'clock. Mr. Sale is prosecuting, by Col. T. S. Martin and Wolfe Brooks, and the accused by Col. Wm. T. A. Marshall, Esqs.—*Vicksburg Whig of yesterday.*

The New Orleans Bee.

Office, 83 Chartres street. NEW ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 20, 1860. Vol. XVII—New Series. Vol. XXXII.—Whole No. 11,579.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
ONE DOLLAR for each TEN lines in each column, on the first publication, and ONE DOLLAR for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements on the first page ONE DOLLAR per square each insertion.
Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged ONE DOLLAR for every TEN lines for each insertion.
The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to the regularly stipulated space of their business, and to extend to one square every other day.
Business cards taken for less than one year.
No advertisement to be published for less than one square.
Advertisements will be stopped when the money expires, unless at the option of the proprietors.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

Four Days Later from Europe,

Improvement in the Cotton Market—Rumored Failure of the Congress—Pacific Speech of Napoleon—Damage to New Orleans Shipping.

PORTLAND, January 19—The steamship Anglo-Saxon, of the Canadian line, arrived at this port this morning She left Liverpool on Wednesday, the 4th instant, and touched at Queenstown on the following day, bringing telegraphic advices from Liverpool and London to the evening of Thursday, the 5th instant.

The steamship NOVA SCOTIAN, from Portland, arrived at Liverpool on the 4th instant.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, January 4—The sales of Cotton for the two business days Tuesday and Wednesday since the sailing of the Europa amount to 15,000 bales, of which speculators and exporters took 2000.

Monday having been observed as the New Year's holiday, no business was transacted on that day.

The market generally closed steady, with a rather improved tone, although quotations generally remained the same as last week.

CONSOLS.

LONDON, January 4—The funds have maintained a steady tone, and the quotations by the Europa are unaltered.

Consols for account closed at 95¾ to 95¾.

MANCHESTER TRADE.

LIVERPOOL, January 4—The advices from Manchester continue to be of a more favorable tendency The market for goods and yarns was rather quiet, but prices were firmly maintained and holders demand an advance

The market closed with an advancing tendency.

BREADSTUFFS AND PROVISIONS.

The Liverpool Breadstuffs market closed generally steady, flour having experienced no quotable change

The Provision market closed quite generally steady, at previous quotations.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE

The general and political intelligence by the Anglo-Saxon is somewhat interesting

A report was circulated that the projected European Congress would not be assembled owing to the difficulty of reconciling the various and conflicting demands of those powers who were to take part in its proceedings upon a basis acceptable to all concerned.

The report, however, is not fully credited, as it lacks confirmation.

On the occasion of the reception of the diplomatic corps on New Year's Day, the Emperor Napoleon made a speech of a marked pacific tone, which, it is said, had the effect to reassure Europe to a certain extent of the moderate and peaceful intentions of the French Emperor

THE SHIP CONGRESS DISMASTED

The ship Congress, from New Orleans, bound for Liverpool, has been taken into Fleetwood, having been dismasted in a gale

LATEST FROM LIVERPOOL

LIVERPOOL, Thursday, P. M. January 5—The sales of Cotton to-day amount to 7000 bales. The market closed firm, with a slightly advancing tendency

Domestic Intelligence.

NORTHERN MANUFACTURERS' CONVENTION

MERIDEN, Conn, January 19—The convention held here yesterday, representing the manufacturing interests of the State, resulted in the division of the convention, owing to the fact that many of the members belonged to the Republican party, others to the Democratic.

Each party issued a separate convention.

The two conventions, however, adopted conservative resolutions.

SUICIDE

NEW YORK, January 19—Mr Christopher P Hewitt, one of the tellers in the Market Bank this city, committed suicide.

TWO RAILROAD COLLISIONS—LOSS OF LIFE

NEW YORK, January 19 A shocking accident occurred yesterday afternoon on the Hudson River Railroad The accommodation train from Sing Sing ran into the express train coming from Albany, smashing each other to pieces, killing one man, at the same time killing and wounding many of the passengers

The following is a list of those who were killed or wounded Mrs Fields, of Brooklyn, killed, Bishop McIlvaine, of Albany, seriously injured. Mrs Thompson, the wife of a publisher of Bank Note Reporters, had both her legs broken Several others were more or less injured

At the time the collision took place both trains were proceeding in the same direction

Another smash up, less disastrous in extent occurred on the Hudson Railroad yesterday morning. The Harlem train came in collision with the New Haven train, in the Sackville tunnel; the house was not of a serious nature. Mr. Ralph Bradford, of White Plains, was especially injured. A number of others were slightly injured

TENNESSEE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION

NASHVILLE, January 17—The Tennessee Democratic State Convention met to-day, its purpose being to nominate State officers and electing delegates to the Charleston Convention

The Convention recommend Mr Johnson as a suitable candidate for the Presidency.

HARPER'S FERRY INVESTIGATION.

WASHINGTON, January 19—The examination of witnesses by the Committee of Investigations appointed by the Senate, to inquire into the Harper's Ferry raid, is progressing. Nothing important elicited

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE SENATE

BATON ROUGE, January 19—The Senate met today at eleven o'clock, pursuant to adjournment.

Twenty members were present. After a short prayer, which was read by the Rev Castellon, the Senate proceeded to business

The reports of the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad and New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad Companies the Auditor's report and the Treasurer's report were read before the Senate The two last named reports contained a letter from Gardere, referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Mason gave notice that he would make a motion to change the name of the Committee on Internal Improvement to that of the Committee on Public Works.

Mr Delonce introduced a bill to and the Pelican Masonic Seminary in the town of Clinton It was placed on the calendar.

Mr Phillips introduced a bill entitled an act to repeal an act in relation to the levees of Point Coupee, which was read three times and was passed by its title

A message was received from the Governor, whereupon the Senate resolved itself into executive session.

Mr. Tucker moved that the joint resolution passed by the House relative to the admission of Mr Leonard to the U S Circuit Court be taken up. The resolution was read three times and passed The gentleman appointed by the President to act as the committee on the part of the Senate were Messrs Tucker and Smith.

Immediately after the executive session the Senate adjourned over till 10 o'clock Monday.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE HOUSE

The House met at 10 o'clock, and in default of a quorum adjourned over till 10 o'clock to-day at 10 o'clock. Mr. Morrison in the chair and seventy six members present.

A short prayer was offered to God by Father L Lavoie

The journal of yesterday was adopted

Mr Allen introduced a joint resolution to appoint a committee to draw up appropriate three thousand dollars to defray the expenses in inaugurating the Governor elect.

The joint resolution received itself into a Committee of the Whole.

Mr Berry moved that this appropriation be struck out Carried

A movement was made by Mr Boggs, in which he requested that twenty-five hundred dollars be inserted for this purpose. Lost.

Mr Jacques said if the military of New Orleans was to participate in the inaugural ceremonies it would be necessary to appropriate two thousand dollars. This found a seconder in

Mr. Gray moved to lay the whole resolution on the table. Lost

Mr. Jacques, of New Orleans, in a speech, said he was in favor of a liberal but not extravagant appropriation.

Mr Allen moved that five hundred dollars be given for the purpose Carried.

This resolution was adopted as amended, and the committee appointed thereon was composed of Messrs Allen, Jacques and Phillips.

Mr Cotton gave notice that he would introduce a bill to abolish the Sheriff's office in New Orleans.

Mr Bush presented a resolution that the Committee on Judiciary be instructed to inquire into the propriety and expediency of increasing judging bonds in New Orleans, and requiring the committee power of reporting by or otherwise exact a more efficient law by which the practice of judging bonds be regulated. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Judiciary

Mr Gault introduced a joint resolution requiring the Board of Public Works to examine into and report upon certain works which had been proposed at the mouth of the Atchafalaya, on the Old river and construction of a dam, etc.

Mr Wilkinson moved an amendment by adding the words "and to report upon the effect that such a dam would have upon the Mississippi River"

The amendment was accepted, and the resolution as amended was adopted.

Mr Miller introduced a resolution instructing the Board of Public Works to order an immediate survey of certain bayous in the parish of St Martin. The resolution was laid over.

A joint resolution to appoint a committee to procure drafts for a residence for the Executive was also laid over for further consideration.

Mr Lamothe introduced a bill to amend an act entitled "An act relative to the Canal Carondelet and Navigation Company of New Orleans, approved March 11th, 1858.

The bill was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr Allen introduced a bill to establish, keep up and sustain a general levee system in the State. Also a bill in relation to previsers in the Mississippi river.

The bills were referred to the Committee on Lands and Levees and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Miller introduced a bill appropriating $25,000 to aid in the completion of the Washington National Monument. The bill was laid on the table.

Mr. Lewis introduced a bill to emancipate the slave Hannah and her three children, Eleonore, Clementine and Lorenzo. The bill was laid over.

A message was received from the Senate informing the House that the Senate had concurred in the joint resolution relative to the inauguration of the Governor elect.

Mr. Lamothe gave notice of his intention to introduce a bill providing for the reorganization of the New Orleans Battalion of Artillery.

Mr McFee gave notice of a bill to establish a Probate Court throughout the State.

Mr. McFee also gave notice of a bill to provide a homestead law, and exempting certain property from seizure and sale.

Mr Boskier gave notice of a bill to improve the navigation of the Tensas river.

Mr. Lewis gave notice of a bill for the establishment of regulations for the government of Service on both banks of the Mississippi in the parishes of Orleans and Jefferson.

A weekly paper of the Punch school has been started at New York, entitled *Vanity Fair*, and shows much ability in its editorial management. We give specimens of some of the humor and pungency of the new paper:

The admonition of the Customhouse—"Dine, your duty."

After his recent Parisian orgies, in what condition will John Mitchell return to this country? "He will come Bunch-an-alien."

Popular nuggetts for a Bowery drama—"Mind and Laws."

A Brown study—Wendell Phillips's Library.

How shall the Union be preserved? Tammany Hall politicians answer it with Brandy and the Bonghlace" with Wine.

The Arabs are so distinguished for personal grace from their perfect knowledge of Symmetry

The worst possible solution of the problem—"Dissolution"

A correspondent is anxious that *Vanity Fair* shall not overlook local politics We hasten to answer him that all our engravings for next week will be upon Wood.

Further by the Anglo-Saxon.

Reduction of the French Army—More Fighting in Morocco—The Spanish Army Victorious—Immense Damage to Shipping—Important from India—Commercial Intelligence.

PORTLAND, January 19.—The mails by the Anglo-Saxon contain but little general news of importance.

It was reported at London that the European Congress would meet on the 12th of February, but no reliable information has transpired respecting the precise day of the meeting.

A petition for the conversion of the public debt of Canada into a consolidated fund at five per cent, redeemable in twenty five years, has been promulgated at London.

The colony of Canada now owes £11,500,000

FRANCE

The budget of the French Minister of War for the year 1860, it is stated, will be made very significant, inasmuch as it will be found that the French army has been reduced to less than 400,000 men.

The commercial and financial accounts from France are less favorable on account of the uncertainty at present existing in relation to the meeting of the Congress.

PARIS MARKETS

PARIS, January 4—The Paris Breadstuffs market generally closed dull, and prices were somewhat depressed, except for Flour, which closed firm at previous prices.

Wheat also closed firm, and prices were well maintained.

Handles were in less request and difficult of sale at less quotations

THE PARIS BOURSE

The Paris Bourse closed dull, the Three Per Cents Rentes being quoted at 68f 75c, a decline of 5c.

THE SPANISH-MOROCCO WAR.

A dispatch from Madrid, dated on the 30th of December, states that the Spanish squadrons had burned and blown up the Moorish fort at the mouth of the river Tetuan

Spine of the Moorish tribes of the Morocco kingdom were unwilling to continue the war, and had withdrawn to the mountains

Another dispatch, dated at Madrid on the 1st instant, states that on Friday evening, the 29th ult the Moorish troops attacked the encampments of the Spanish army, but were repulsed with heavy loss, while the loss of the Spaniards was inconsiderable.

The Spanish army pursued its advantage and defeated the Moors along their entire line of operations, the Spanish army advancing as far as Gasphlegne

The Moorish army was 30,000 strong, and had lost during the engagement at least 1500 men, while the loss of the Spanish army was from 400 to 600.

HON. C. B. COCHRANE INSANE.

ALBANY, N. Y., January 19—The Hon. Caleb B Cochrane's illness has developed into insanity, and he has been sent to the State Lunatic Asylum.

STEAMSHIPS ARRIVED OUT AND SAILED.

PORTLAND, January 19—The steamship Edinburgh sailed from Liverpool in company with the Anglo-Saxon.

The steamship Persia arrived out at Liverpool the 17th ult.

HEAVY STORM ON THE ENGLISH COAST—IMMENSE DAMAGE DONE TO SHIPPING.

The English coast has lately been visited by very stormy weather, which has caused immense damage to American vessels bound for Liverpool and other ports.

The ship Britannia, from Savannah, bound for Liverpool, was driven ashore during a heavy gale, and was wrecked. The captain and a part of the crew were saved, her cargo was also recovered.

The bark Richard Taunton sailed from New York on the 28th day of September for Liverpool, and has not yet been heard from.

The ship Venice, from Liverpool, put into Falmouth in a leaky condition While in port she was hit fire, and was cut adrift. She floated off some distance, and is supposed to have been totally destroyed.

The ship Switzerland, from Liverpool, bound for New York, put back to undergo some repairs.

The ship Lucy Atwood, Ferreira, bound for Boston, was abandoned at sea in a sinking condition.

THE MAILS OF THE ANGLO-SAXON.

PORTLAND, January 19—The European mails by the steamer Anglo Saxon left here this afternoon for Boston

Further by the Anglo-Saxon.

LATER FROM INDIA.

LONDON, January 4—Later advices received from India by the overland mail state that a conflict took place between the British troops and the Sepoys, in which 2000 rebels, together with their leader, were captured and made prisoners in Oude.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS

LIVERPOOL, January 4—Pork is quoted at 70s; the market closed dull. Lard is quoted at 56s 6d; the market closed steady. Sugar closed buoyant. Coffee closed firm at previous quotations.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, January 4—All qualities of Sugar have slightly advanced; the market closed buoyant. Spirits closed steady. Coffee closed barely maintained. Coffee closed firm at previous quotations. Tea closed firm; holders demand an advance. Linseed Oil is quoted at 38s 6d. Stretch Pig iron on the Clyde is quoted at 58s.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, January 19—The Cotton market closed firm, declining quoted at 11¼c. per lb There were 2500 bales taken to-day at auction at 11 to 11¾c. per lb. The Flour market closed firm; the sales amounted to 5000 bbls at $5 20 Oats are quoted at 45 to 46½c. per bush East. Corn Meal Pork is quoted at $16 37½ per bbl. The sales of Cotton amounted to 3000 bales, the market closed firm. Middling is quoted at 11½c New Orleans Sugar is quoted at 7¾ to 8¾c. Cuba Sugar is quoted at 7¾ to 7¾c. per lb. The market closed firm.

STEAMBOATS PASSING.

VICKSBURG, January 19—The steamer John Raine passed down at 8 o'clock last night, and the A. T. Lacey at 5 o'clock this morning.

A Voice from the South.

Editors Hartford Times: As I am so situated in a business way as to receive frequent letters from the South, and many of them being from the *best and most conservative* men in those States, I have thought that it might not be amiss if you were willing to have the treasonous sentiments contained in a paragraph three thousand dollars to defray the expenses in inaugurating the Governor elect.

The joint resolution received itself into a Committee of the Whole.

Mr Berry moved that this appropriation be struck out Carried

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Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.—If the duties and occupations of wives and mothers are not absolutely inherited at those of men, they are more exhausting, and the female system, infinitely more delicate and fragile than that of man, should be sustained and invigorated, if possible, by some safe and healthful tonic and restorative. The grand destiruction, for which the sex so long looked for in vain, is realized in Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters. This preparation not only offers immediate and permanent relief in dyspepsia and all disturbances of the stomach and bowels but it infallible in those cases of bodily weakness and mental depression which result from functional irregularities known only to the female sex.

Sold by all druggists. jan18

Havana Cigars.

113,800 Havana Cigars just landing from steamship Habana, comprising an assortment of Half Spanish, Conchas and Presidentes, of the celebrated brands American Flag, Medallas, Gallerias, Washington and Fe de Fodigrata. A large stock of the best brands always on hand. For sale by

CABALLERO & PARGA, Agts. of Old Lever. jan20 1 Customhouse and Bienville sts.

A Card.

I, HOSTEMPS informs his customers and the public that, having sold my Dyeing Establishment to No. 72 Royal street, he will always be found at the principal store on Bienville street, No. 63, where he will be happy to receive his friends. jan20

New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad Company.

NOTICE—The meeting of the stockholders will be held at Jennings, Jefferson Parish, on the 25th instant, for the purpose of the election of Mr Peter and Lewis streets, on MONDAY, the 23d instant, at 6 P. M.

jan20 1 REMI F FLANDERS, Secretary.

New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad Company.

THE stockholders of this Company are notified that the appointed election for Directors will be held at the office of the Company, corner of St Peter and Levee streets, on WEDNESDAY next, 25th instant, between the hours of 11 and 2.

January 19th, 1860. REMI F FLANDERS, Secy.

jan20 1

English Cannel Coal.

200 TONS English Cannel Coal, just received and for sale by

COAL

Also, 150 tons Anthracite, red and white ash, at $7 50 per ton.

jan19 1 WILLARD, PETERSON & CO.

Wanted Immediately.

GOOD BRICK-MAKERS at GREA LEYS' CORNER Canal and Carondelet streets, or Lake Pontchartrain City Road. Liberal wages will be paid. jan19 2 Bed

Wanted.

A MAN of sound address to canvass the city for a very popular work. Good pay to a business continuous, by which he can easily realize from $3 to $4 per day. Address and apply at once to the undersigned, Bienville street, near the Bank of Louisiana.

jan19 2 Bed R. MARTIN CARNIGLIA.

Notice to the Public.

THE undersigned informs the public that from and after the great sale of his fine Cognac brandies, he will not be responsible for any bills which the said brandies may contract.

corner of Front street and Victory st.

New Orleans, January 20, 1860. jan20 2

A. BERNARD, Horticulturist,

136 ...CHARTRES STREET 136

A Large Assortment Aurantias Lilies, Amaryllis Fortunes, Hyacinths, Tulips, Dahlias, and other bulbs for sale by expressed Flower and Garden Seeds, Assorted Bulbs.

Also a beautiful selection of Hotte Forms, Glass Globes for Gold Fish, Rustic Flower Vases, garden rakes, wooden shovels, &c.

Persons are invited to call and examine his Hot House, containing extensive collection of high choice and choicest varieties. He has to-day a large collection of 50,000 cabbage plants, Lettuce, Cauliflower, Broccoli, Leeks, Onions and all kinds of Seed trees.

Orders for wedding of opera bouquets carefully attended to. jan19

Hair-Dressers Wanted.

SIX skilled Female Hair Dressers are wanted immediately. Good wages will be given to those well fully competent. Two first which will apply at the store of the undersigned, No. 77 Chartres st. J. G. BRIERE, at the basement of the St. Charles Hotel. jan19

GOLDSMITH & BARNETT,

No. 78 MAGAZINE STREET, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, WOULD RESPECTFULLY INVITE MICHEL BOWLER'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS.

Bottling done for the trade and others at shortest notice. sep19 1y

Mackerel, Salmon, Codfish, Herrings.

NO 1 Mackerel, kits, half barrels and bbls, 200 packages; No 2 do do do, 1000 do; No 3 mackerel, kits, half barrels and bbls, 1000 do; No 3 salmon, Kelshaw, has known Mr. Pack five or six years to be a well disposed and prudentially person. Never knew a quarrel between the two. Never knew Mr. Pack to be of a quiet, amiable disposition, and knew him to be of a quiet, amiable disposition, and knew him to be of a quiet, amiable disposition, and knew him