The New Orleans Bee.

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NEW ORLEANS:
MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 19, 1860.

SUBSCRIPTIONS BY THE WEEK.

The carriers of the BEE are authorized to receive subscriptions to our paper, at the rate of ten cents a week, payable in all cases to the carriers themselves.

Sales at Auction To-Day.

By Blache & Leonnard, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at No. 62 Camp street, books, stock and fixtures.
By Chas. F. Fernell, at 1 o'clock, at Middleburg, near the Lake Pontchartrain, a cottage-house and furniture.
By N. Nayr & at 10 o'clock, at No. 301 Dauphin street, furniture often'd.

How to Abate Mormonism.

A member of Congress has introduced a bill for the suppression and punishment of polygamy in the Territories. The only portion of our contemporary's article which this detestable crime prevails is very to which this detestable crime prevails is very much like that of a whole assemblage of swindlers, robbers and assassins who set its power at defiance. Thus far it is altogether certain that the comparatively mild and paternal discipline exhibited towards the Mormons has proved lamentably ineffectual in preventing outrage, or in restraining the excesses of fanaticism. While our military are on the spot, a sullen and enforced obedience is rendered; but the moment the troops of authority are removed, the Mormon spirit of martial display itself in its most odious and revolting aspect. Mormonism is in fact a horrible superstition, based upon the grossest ignorance, involving the most reckless fanaticism, and sanctioning the foulest crimes. It is not to be reasoned with or argued down—it is not to be controlled and changed by kind usage, but can only be extirpated by rigor and eventually harsh measures. The charges requires that certain evils which cannot be rolled out or dispersed by gentle means should be removed promptly and at all hazards. Let Brigham Young or for the overland travelers to California, who must necessarily pass through Utah on their journey. We quote a brief passage from a letter written by an officer of the army, dated Camp Floyd, February 14th:

"In the cold blooded murders I have given you to understand, I have been very careful not to let my tongue betray my thoughts, and which fairly reveals the most utter idleness and criminal neglect. Not long since, a corporal and five men, while on a private pic nic, fell in with several excellent friends, received permits to go to Take a ride, and after going a short distance were set upon and murdered. Such is the information as to the body of one, with his head severed from his body, was found near a Mormon house, and the Mormons and the corporal and five men were missing. There is no doubt of the fact that the Mormons murdered them both for their mules and their arms, and I suspect one of the bodies must be that of a soldier, as it appears that he murdered his comrade and started taking the mules with him. A corporal of dragoons having been out hunting, came in at midnight and his corpse was found in a ravine, with three bullet holes in his head. A man going out to walk or hunt has not returned, and all of their mules &c. Thus matters remain, and I the present Administration intends to do anything, or whether they will not, who can form an opinion."

The conclusion to which the Mormons will arrive is what they have been educated to believe in the sacredness of the Mormon religion and our republican government is there is an irreconcilable conflict. In the one case the power is in the hands of a single man, in the other, in the hands of millions. A nation of millions cannot be subjugated like Mormonism can be by Mormons, or cease to be under the United States. An army of a million of men cannot make the people willing and they will not unite until their leaders are out of the way.

Theatrical Prospects.—The exhibition of the beautiful work of art which has proved so popular in New Orleans will positively close at Banquet Hall on Saturday night. In view of this fact, those who have thus far been prevented from witnessing it should embrace the present opportunity of seeing one of the finest panoramic paintings of the age. Exhibition every night during the week also on Wednesday, Friday and Saturday in the day time, at 1 o'clock.

Grand Ball To-Night.—The lovers of the dance must not forget that the grand ball to be given by the Chasseurs a Pied, in commemoration of the anniversary of the birthday of John C. Calhoun, will take place this evening at the Opera House. Subscribers will please apply for their tickets to the Secretary, No. 31 Royal street.

East Pascagoula Hotel.—It will be seen by the advertisement in our columns that Mr. Charles L. Gaudet has purchased this magnificent hotel, with the land appertaining to it, and will open it to the public on the 15th June. The spacious and convenient rooms of this splendid establishment together with the experience and ability of the proprietor, will undoubtedly attract a large concourse of visitors during the ensuing summer.

Business Location.—An excellent location for business (house No. 110 Canal street) is to let, possession to be given on the 1st of November next. See advertisement.

Credit Sale.—We call the attention of the trade to the sale of Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Spring Clothing, &c., at public sale THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at Blache & Leonnard's auction rooms, No. 62 Camp street. Terms at sale.

Office, 73 Chartres street.

LATER FROM HAVANA.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER HABANA.

The steamship Habana, Capt. J. B. McConnell, from Havana, arrived here yesterday morning. We are indebted to the purser for the following report:

Left New Orleans on the 8th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., making the trip from city to city in 29½ hours. Left Havana at half-past 4 o'clock on the 15th, on the night of the 14th, encountered very squally weather from S. W., next day and night had a northwester, with a heavy sea, which lasted until we made the bar at 11 P. M. on the 17th. Steamship North Star, from Aspinwall, arrived on the 10th, and sailed same day for New York. Steamship Star of the West arrived same day from New York, and sailed on the 11th instant for New Orleans. The Spanish steam frigate Berenguela sailed on the 10th for Corunna, supposed to be Vera Cruz. Sailed March 12th, Spanish mail steamship Berenguer, Ruiz, for Cadiz. March 13th, at 8 o'clock, A. M., steamship Havana, for New York. March 14th, British steamship Kansas, from New York and Nassau, and sailed on the 15th for same ports.

Sugar market dull: transactions limited and receipts moderate. Operations mostly on the basis of 9 reals for No. 12. Stock at Havana and Matanzas, 15,000 boxes, being a decrease of 25,000 boxes from same time last year. Exports from Havana and Matanzas, 27,000 boxes and 2,500 hhds.

There is a good supply of provisions of all kinds. Lard in barrels 9½@c and kegs 10½c., actual sales. Freights—actual engagements to the United States at $2 50 per hhd. molasses, and $1 per box for sugar. Exchanges on New York 2½ premium, on New Orleans 1½ premium.

Passed ship Hiram at anchor, Pearly Point.

Passengers per Habana: A Petrelli, A Pandey, J Martinez, J Mackie, A Tarbe, S A Anthony, S Schmidt, Master A Tarbe, 2 children and nurse, Miss A Lee, Mrs W Cooper, Miss A Bailey, J Lanier, Alfred K Bell, John Faircloth, Porter, S Greenbridge, A Mc Lean and wife, J Mc Lean, Jr., Miss J Mc Lean, Miss A Mc Lean, Miss J M McKee, Mr M Antoine, Mr J Bowdie, Mr S Bowdie, Mr S Wood, Mr A Wood, Mr Wm. Wood, Mr T Wood, Mr H Wood, Mr J F Haney, Mr E Broughton and wife, Capt E Chaverau, Dr W L Spencer, Lady and maid.

A New Era in Photography.—There are many skilful practitioners of the photographic art in our city, and we readily think that few, if any, can compete in the exquisiteness and beauty of their work—ship with Messrs. Hall and Anderson's Blessing, No. 61 Camp street. These gentlemen have submitted to our inspection some specimens of photographic pictures taken by them, and we can conscientiously declare that for delicacy, fantastic finish and minute and varied beauty they are unsurpassed. Those splendid portraits are the result of a new invention by one of the partners of the firm, which confers upon every photograph a durability entirely unattainable by the old process. The Ambrotype—as it is termed from the name of the inventor—has been tested by exposure to the sun's rays for two consecutive months, without the slightest change. As a matter of course, this improvement must greatly enhance the value of photographic true pictures.

The establishment taken by Messrs. Hall, Anderson & Blessing are entitled to the skill of an eminent artist from Paris, who given them the advantage of his long experience and perfect finish of miniatures. The pencil of the portrait painter might vainly endeavor to exceed the beauty of these charming productions. We take unfeigned pleasure in referring the reader to the above notice of these gentlemen, to be found in our columns, and in recommending all persons to visit their studio and satisfy themselves that our panegyric does not savor of the slightest exaggeration.

The City Stato.—We are pleased to be able to state that the grants blocks to counteract the pedestal of the statue of Henry Clay have arrived. Mr. Hart, the sculptor, has likewise reached our city. No doubt every thing will be in readiness for the grand celebration on the 12th April, and from the arrangements made we have reason to believe it will be the most magnificent display ever witnessed in the Crescent City.

Sales of Valuable Real Estate.—Col Walton effected on Saturday last a sale of some valuable real estate, at prices which exhibit the marked improvement of property in eligible situations. The sale for the unexpired lease of the Destruction of Dredging Angelo may be deemed, from various causes as many and too well known to make the detail of much value.

Another auditory is even more explicit and specific in its narrative. He says that private accommodations have become quite rare here, and cites several cases where non-commissioned officers and soldiers have been found also and married. He declares that if the army should be withdrawn from Utah, there will be no safety whatever either for the residents of the Territory who decline becoming the unresisting slaves and instruments of Brigham Young, or for the overland travelers to California, who must necessarily pass through Utah on their journey. We quote a brief passage from a letter written by an officer of the army, dated Camp Floyd, February 14th:

Washington's New Quarto Dictionary. This most excellent and useful work is for sale at Thomas L. White's bookstore, No. 105 Canal street. Worcester's Dictionary contains over 1000 illustrations, and is indispensable to the English student.

Notice to the Bene.—We call the attention of our readers to the card of Mr. Robert Semple, thus entitled, and would remind them that Dr. Von Mosch'zisker's shop is limited to the end of the active business season, and those who desire to consult him should not delay.

Exchange will be found a communication from Mr. A. Plough, relating to the Baton Rouge Fair, and recommending our town emens to active exertions in a similar manner.

The Pointe Coupee Democrat says:

The weather has been during the past week very disagreeable—cold, foggy, and unpropitious to vegetation.

After a careful examination of the stubble canes, there are not more than one-fifth, save those of the last year's planting, and that much depends upon the propitious weather of the spring. Trees have been destroyed even deep in the ground, and nothing but careful cultivation and fair weather can bring them on.

Much of the cotton is up, and many cotton planters, encouraged by the new ground, have planted their cotton seed.

The Cuba Invitation is Many.—It appears that the recent visit of the defalcationist Peck, the Treasurer of the State of Maine, to Cuba, to receive Mr. Peck's written statement previous to his return to an examination of the proceeds which led to this disgraceful result. Soon as he had "got warm in his place" as Treasurer, he gave his friends to understand that the State's money in his hands was at their disposal, and others, all of whom repaid him except one, so that he made his first year's accounts square by borrowing a small sum. At the next session of the Legislature Mr. Peck, leaving his twenty thousand dollars short at the end of the year, which deficit he supplied by borrowing from the funds in his hands. A committee appointed to examine the Treasurer's accounts pronounced them all right. The Canada excitement was then stated, and Mr. Fluttering proceeded, in July, 1858, with a reputed total outlay of $40,000, and the payment down of $,000, which Mr. Peck says he can account for, even subtracting the above, he provided out of his own private means. It was supposed that the receipts of the concern before January, 1860, would amount to $50,000, and as a matter of fact, the outlay exceeded the latter figures, and not a cent came back. Mr. Peck being the only "money" on the ground, supplied the means as best he could, not sparing State funds. He says he associated some of whom has recently preached a sermon against Mormonism in the United States in $40 per hhd. molasses, and $1 per box for sugar. Exchanges on New York 2½ premium, on New Orleans 1½ premium.

Passed ship Hiram at anchor, Pearly Point.

Passengers per Habana: A Petrelli, A Pandey, J Martinez, J Mackie, A Tarbe, S A Anthony, S Schmidt, Master A Tarbe, 2 children and nurse, Miss A Lee, Mrs W Cooper, Miss A Bailey, J Lanier, Alfred K Bell, John Faircloth, Porter, S Greenbridge, A Mc Lean and wife, J Mc Lean, Jr., Miss J Mc Lean, Miss A Mc Lean, Miss J M McKee, Mr M Antoine, Mr J Bowdie, Mr S Bowdie, Mr S Wood, Mr A Wood, Mr Wm. Wood, Mr T Wood, Mr H Wood, Mr J F Haney, Mr E Broughton and wife, Capt E Chaverau, Dr W L Spencer, Lady and maid.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

ARRIVED BELOW

SOUTHWEST PASS, March 18—The ship Malabar, Capt. Kingsman, 25 days from Havre, in ballast, crossed the bar this morning.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Washington, March 17.—The Washington *Constitution*, of this morning, states by authority that the long pending difficulties with New Granada, growing out of the Panama riots, and other questions touching the transit across that isthmus, have been satisfactorily settled.

Several other questions of indemnity, of only individual interest, have also been settled to the satisfaction of all parties, and the most amicable relations between the two countries restored.

Washington, March 17.—The passage of a homestead bill by both houses, the present session, is now considered certain. In case that their own is rejected by the Senate, the Republicans will accept the bill introduced by Mr. Johnson, of Arkansas.

The feeling in favor of the measure is very strong, and daily growing stronger.

Letter from New Mexico—More Depredations by the Indians—St. Louis, March 17.—A passenger has arrived at this place from the Territory of New Mexico, who reports that the district of the Rio Abajo had been invaded by a tribe of Navajo Indians, who, after having committed depredations in that district, took possession of nearly all the stock belonging to the inhabitants.

Col. Fauntleroy is preparing all extensive expedition, and intends effectually to subdue them.

Failure of New York Stock Brokers—New York, March 17.—Messrs E. B. Little & Co., extensive stock brokers of this city, failed today. The amount of their liabilities is not mentioned.

Additional by the North American.

FRANCE.—The Legislative Body was to assemble on the day the North American quitted Queenstown.

A report that Count Walewski would soon proceed to Vienna on a special mission was pronounced unfounded.

The Paris corn market had been unsettled, but the advance in wheat was not more than five cents per sack, although the dealers endeavored to obtain one franc.

The demand for flour was less active than for wheat, for which the quotations were about the same. The provincial corn markets were generally firmer.

The Bourse had been flat and lower, but on the 29th ultimo it closed buoyant at 69f. for 3 per cents. being a shilling rise of nearly 4 per cent.

AUSTRIA.—The creation of the Government of Venetia states that all persons who from their previous conduct and known opinions might seem capable of entertaining projects hostile to Austria, are to be compelled to enter the military service and be incorporated in companies of discipline. The military authorities are to be the sole judges of the propriety of forcing any person denounced. The local authorities are ordered to send in a list of suspected persons by the 5th of March.

Chevalier Von Taggenburg had arrived at Venice to release Count Bissingen as civil Governor of Venetia.

SPAIN AND MOROCCO.—There is no news of importance from the seat of war. The whole Spanish press were violently attacking England, and one journal, the *Arcedeado*, had gone to such lengths as to say that the press laws had been prohibited. A later dispatch says the Spanish squadron had bombarded La Rota and Seville, which caused great dedation. Some of the Spanish vessels were slightly damaged, and one man killed. It was said that Mahedi had also been bombarded.

DENMARK.—A new ministry has been formed as follows: President of the Council and *ad interim* Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Hall. Minister of Public Works, and *ad interim* Minister of the Interior, M. Monrad. Minister of Justice, M. Crossen. Minister of War, M. Thestrup. Minister of Marine, M. Bille.

TURKEY.—It was reported that the Porte had subscribed a loan of 4 million pounds to be negotiated in London.

Prince Milosh being seriously ill, his son had requested the Sultan to appoint him as the hereditary successor. The demand was supported by Russia. Fears were entertained that in the event of the refusal an insurrection of the Servians in Turkey would break out.

A ministry had been formed at Belgrade. Cape of Good Hope dates are to January 10th. Trade was dull and prices low.

An insurrection against the Sultan of Zanzibar had been put down by the British ship Lyra.

Speculation, during the week, has been considerably depressed in consequence of the failure of Messrs. Bell, Brothers, & Co., of Manchester, and the Bank of Deposit, Limited, of London. The failure of the former house was caused by the stoppage of the Western Bank of Scotland, and that of the latter by the withdrawal of deposits.

Consols for money left off at 92¾@93 and for the account 93@93¼.

The Bank of England has lost £1,000,000 bullion during the week.

The Paris Bourse opened with a slight improvement, but subsequently declined, and left off heavy at 69f. 50c. for the 3 per cents.

The Liverpool cotton market was unchanged, but the sales were large.

Breadstuffs were dull, and prices had a downward tendency.

Provisions were quiet.

Consols for money left off at 92¾@93 and for the account 93@93¼.

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