The New Orleans Bee.

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SUBSCRIPTIONS BY THE WEEK. The carriers of the BEE are authorized to receive subscriptions to our paper, at the rate of [illegible] a week, payable in all cases to the carriers themselves.

Sales at Auction To-Day.

By E. Roger & Co., at 10 o'clock, at Nos. 45 and 47 Old Levee street, foreign and domestic dry goods.

By the Sheriff, at half-past 10 o'clock, at No. 23 Jefferson street, a lot of goods, a watch and chain.

By [illegible] & Co., at 10 o'clock, at their auction rooms, No. [illegible] Customhouse street, dry goods—special sale.

WHERE IS IT TO BE FOUND?

Nationality is a term deservedly dear to every lover of the Union, and hence all parties strive more or less successfully to arrogate to themselves the title of "National." Even the Black Republicans fail not to appreciate the value of the expression, and not unfrequently put forth earnest protestations of their claims to nationality. Thus, for example, it is common for them to assume a syllogistic style of argument, and to declare that freedom is national and slavery sectional, ergo as they are for freedom, they are national. But their logic is somewhat lame, since if they were national, they would not be confined exclusively to the North. Leaving them, therefore, out of consideration, let us endeavor to find out if there is any national party in this country. Some months ago, in common with many independent sheets, we indulged the hope that the Democratic party would prove a final resting-place for nationality. It had extended all over the land, and professed principles which were deemed as paramount at the North as at the South. Thousands of conservative and patriotic citizens looking vainly to other organizations for this safe and salutary element, were disposed to follow the fortunes of the Democracy in default of a better party. Recent events, however, have proved that whatever nationality Democracy may have once possessed has vanished. The party which boasted its homogeneity, its identity of doctrine, its universality—which was the same on the borders of Canada and on the confines of Mexico, has been severed in twain, disintegrated, broken in pieces.

Douglas still pretend to be national? If so, which fragment of it is best entitled to the honor? The Breckinridge and Lane faction swear that the Douglas Convention was almost entirely sectional, being constituted of Freesoil Democrats from the North, with a small proportion of deluded and misguided Democrats from the South. The Douglas men affirm with equal confidence that the Seceders Convention was a purely sectional concern, made up chiefly of bolting disunionists and fire-eaters from the South, with a slight addition of federal office holders from the North. These contradictory assertions may well puzzle plain folk. Which is to be believed, and by what test are we to determine the nationality of either faction? The anxious inquirers for truth are exceedingly distressed at their own ignorance, and their inability to answer these queries. We notice that one journal—the Baltimore *Patriot*—in its will ingness to incur a sacrifice for the sake of obtaining satisfactory information on the subject, offers a reward of one hundred dollars to any individual who can demonstrate which is the real, genuine, unmistakable Democratic national ticket, and three hundred dollars for the three best essays showing which is, and how and why, the original, unchangeable, indivisible, indestructible Democracy. Liberal, however, as these proffers are, we fear they will elicit nothing conclusive, because each wing will present reasons equally specious and cogent in favor of its recognition.

We ourselves are of opinion that whatever of nationality may yet remain to the adherents of Democracy, will be found among the supporters of DOUGLAS. The Convention which nominated him was the original, authorized body, and he received a highly respectable Southern vote, as well as a nearly unanimous Northern vote. Again: the Douglas ticket will be run in every State in the Union except South Carolina, and perhaps Texas. The Breckinridge ticket is, unlikely to be recognized or to be recommended in any of the extreme Northern or Northwestern States. The men who placed DOUGLAS in nomination were generally National Democrats, proclaiming tenets which were acceptable but a year or two ago to the entire Democratic party of the nation. The men who nominated BRECKINRIDGE are, generally speaking, of the ultra Southern Rights school, and maintain views entirely unacceptable to the Democracy beyond the limits of the South, and opposed by at least a large minority within this [illegible] to those who are solicitously seeking [illegible] the nationality of the Democratic p[illegible] can only say that while the Baltimore [illegible] dispersed much of it into thin air, a slight residuum left the Douglas men [illegible] conscientiously claim the monopoly.

But nationality abides neither in BRECKINRIDGE, nor DOUGLAS, nor in LINCOLN, where is it to be found? Well, we suppose there is about as much of the article in the Bell and Everett ticket as may reasonably be expected. This ticket is professedly based upon the Constitution, the Union and the enforcement of the laws. Now we fancy there can be nothing approaching sectionalism in any of these fundamental propositions. He who loves the Union and is unalterably hostile to its dissolution; he who sticks unflinchingly to the Constitution and claims nothing but what it concedes; he who is an earnest advocate of the execution of the laws, whether they seemingly benefit one section more than another—cannot be said to be greatly tainted with sectionalism.

Texas Items.

Most of our Texas exchanges speak sorrowfully of the disastrous effect upon the crops of the long continued drought.

The Galveston *News*, of the 30th ult., has the following:

We a few days ago alluded to the evident fact, from recent developments in Grayson and other counties, that Abolition emissaries were at work among the negroes, inciting them to crime. These fellows may possibly come from the Cherokee nation, where their intrigues have caused a most unhappy state of affairs, setting the slave owners and those who are not in at most open, armed hostility to one another.

The *North Texan*, speaking of this subject, says:

These are days for watchfulness. It is not too much to ask of idle strangers sojourning among us a reasonable account of themselves—and in default of that, not one of them should be permitted to remain.

Before the expulsion of Northern Methodist preachers from Fannin, matters and servants lived in harmony, but ever since, certain of the latter have become sullen and disobedient—evidently under some secret influence, so changed is their deportment. Suspicious white men have been expelled for improper dealings with them, and others remain who neither have nor seem to seek any particular occupation. That Abolition emissaries are among us we have no doubt—and to their secret dealings we attribute the unusual restlessness and discontent of a considerable portion of our negro population.

A letter from a highly respected citizen of Grayson county to a gentleman in Austin city is published in the *State Gazette*, and renders it positive that the Northern Emigration Aid Society have agents at work at least in Grayson, Fannin, McLennan and Blanco counties. "To see," as one of them caught in Fannin confessed, "what could be done with slaves in Texas." He stated further that "he was not the only one here of the same sort, but there were many more on the same business, but were not suspected."

He was, strange to say, simply ordered to leave the State.

NEW ORLEANS MEDICAL NEWS AND HOSPITAL GAZETTE.—Our thanks are due the editors for the July number of this valuable periodical. The article on the health of the city states that though there is no yellow fever here, there is a good deal of measles, whooping cough and cholera infantum.

SCHOOL VACATIONS.—The attention of teachers and pupils is called to the advertisement of Dolbear Commercial College, corner Camp and Common streets, Story Building. All who wish to qualify themselves are requested to enter immediately.

THE COFFEE TRADE.—We are indebted to H. T. Lonsdale, Son & Co. for circulars giving the range of prices of Rio coffee from 1st July, 1858, to 1st July, 1860.

Joshua R. Jewett, of Granby, Connecticut, now 80 years old, is supposed to be the oldest Free Mason now living in Connecticut. He was initiated in January, 1797, was made a Royal Arch Mason at Hartford in 1817, and a Royal and Select Master in 1825, and has ever been a zealous and active member of the institution.

The Sheriff sells at auction this day, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., at No. 23 Jefferson street, Second District, one lot of merchandise and one gold watch and chain.

CREDIT SALE—*Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods.*—The particular attention of buyers is called to the large credit sale of Dry Goods to take place this day, at 10 o'clock, at the salesrooms of E. Roger & Co., Nos. 45 and 47 Old Levee street. Terms liberal at sale.

A MYSTERY EXPLAINED.—New Haven, June 29.—A strange development has just been made in regard to the whereabouts of E. L. de Forest, who was missed from the Metropolitan Hotel, in New York, 17th January, 1857, and who was supposed to have been murdered. A letter was received this morning by the Cashier of the New Haven Bank, signed by de Forest, and dated Melbourne, April 15, 1860, inquiring after his bank dividends, which, he says, he has not drawn for some time past. He adds that he has given the power of attorney to Messrs. Maylor, Lord & Quearcan, Wall street, New York, to enable them to receive his dividends. He also asks a statement of the amount so paid and the price of the stock at the latest sales.

A careful comparison of the letter with others of his manuscripts shows a striking resemblance throughout, and no doubt is expressed of the genuineness of the letter. It comes by way of [illegible].

BY TELEGRAPH.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

Additional News from Europe by the Steamship Adriatic—European Political Intelligence—Havre Cotton Market.

New York, July 2.—The steamship Adriatic arrived at this port from Southampton Wednesday, June 20th. She brings some additional news of interest.

Havre Cotton Market.—The sales in the Havre Cotton market for three days ending June 19th, since the sailing of the Europa, amounted to 3300 bales.

The market since Friday has been dull, but closed quiet yesterday at a better demand. The last quotations remain unchanged.

General Intelligence.—Gen. Garibaldi's decree of June 18th was published for a levy of men furnished by conscription. His decree of June 20th provides for the departure of conscripts for Palermo and Catania.

Advices from Vienna say it is officially stated that the Government of Austria will be able to bring into the field 600,000 troops.

A telegram dated Madrid, June 18th, says the Senate has unanimously refused to receive the manifesto of Don Juan.

The Ohio River.—Louisville, July 2—1 P. M.—The Ohio river at this point is still receding, with three feet six inches water in the canal, by the mark.

Louisville, July 2—7 P. M.—The Ohio river continues to fall, with three feet of water in the canal.

Later from the Pacific—Arrival of the Overland Mail.—St. Louis, July 2.—The overland mail coach, with advices from San Francisco to the 11th, and telegraphic dispatches to Visalia of the 12th ultimo, has arrived at Springfield, Missouri, the terminus of the Atlantic and Pacific telegraph line.

The news by this arrival possesses some features of importance.

Business in San Francisco had assumed a somewhat more favorable tone.

Lard was in better demand, and prices had experienced a slight advance.

Bacon closed firm. The demand was active, and there was an advance on previous rates.

The Indian Outbreak.—The Indians whose depredations have been so severely felt in the Carson valley, the mining districts and other points, had taken flight to more remote spots, and it was apprehended that the trouble had finally arrived at an end.

The Pony Express.—Messrs. Russells, Majors & Co's Central Overland Pony Express would be soon ready to resume its regular trips. The party consisting of twenty-five men, under W. W. Finney, the express agent and superintendent, who started from the Carson valley, had been thus far successful in refitting the stations, and the whole route, it was thought, was in a fair way of being re-established.

Mining Districts.—Advices received from the mining districts state that the miners who had retreated to places of safety in order to avoid Indian depredations were returning to their work.

The Indians along Walker's river and Mono Lake showed no fierce dispositions, and were generally in a state of tranquillity.

Robbery.—The stage had been robbed of $150,000 by the express, near Chico, Butte county.

Later from the Sandwich Islands.—The mail coach also brings advices from the Sandwich Islands of no special importance.

The trade at Honolulu was ruling dull. Goods of all descriptions were slow of sale, and prices were barely maintained.

The schooner Far West arrived at San Francisco from Honolulu, reporting that further guano discoveries had been made.

Latest from San Francisco.—(By Telegraph to Visalia.)—San Francisco, June 12.—The steamships Golden Gate and Panama, from the 1st inst., have arrived at this port, bringing a good number of passengers and a large freight.

Judge Terry's Trial.—Judge Terry, who some time since killed Senator Broderick in a duel, had been removed to Marin, there to await his trial. This change indicates his acquittal.

Oregon Advices.—A dispatch from Portland, Oregon, states that the result of the late election remains doubtful.

The probabilities are in favor of Mr. Logan for a seat in Congress.

The result of the elections for members of the State Legislature had not as yet been ascertained.

The California Mails.—New York, July 2.—Commodore C. Vanderbilt positively refuses to carry the California mails for inland and ocean postage.

He also declines to carry matter for express men.

New Haven Railway Stock.—New Haven, Conn., July 2.—Judge Ingraham, of the United States District Court, has decided that the over-issues of the New Haven railway stock are valid.

Cincinnati Markets.—Cincinnati, July [illegible].—The Flour market closed very dull, prices ranging from $4 60 to $4 75 per bbl. Pork closed firm, and is quoted at $18 75 per bbl. The sales of Lard amounted to 140 bbls. at 10¾c per lb. [illegible] closed buoyant at an advance of [illegible] per [illegible].

New York Markets.—New York, July [illegible].—The Cotton market closed quiet. The sales added up 500 bales. Middling Uplands are quoted at [illegible]. Flour has a downward tendency. The sales to-day were 7,000 bbls.; superfine State is quoted at $5 25 to $5 30 per bbl. The sales of Corn summed up [illegible] bushels at [illegible]. [illegible] there were 450 bbls. sold at [illegible]. The sales of Lard amounted to 300 bbls at [illegible].

Steamboat Passing.—Vicksburg, July 2.—The steamer Taylor passed down at 7 o'clock last night. The Gladiator passed down at 10 o'clock this morning. The Gen. John A. Q[illegible] passed down at 10 o'clock this evening.

Important from Mexico—Defeat and Capture of Miramon.

The U. S. steamship Arizona, which arrived at this port yesterday, brings to one of our most prominent and best informed Mexican residents the important news that Gen. Miramon had been defeated at Salamanca and made prisoner by Gen. Zaragoza, of the liberal army.

The news, brought in a private letter from Matamoros, Monterey, and was received just before the steamer sailed. It would appear to be every way reliable.

Gen. Miramon was at the head of the whole Reactionary force, recently collected in the vicinity of Queretaro, and Gen. Zaragoza at the Constitutional army, since the defeat of Gen. Uraga at Guadalajara.

Of the battle we have no particulars, but it seems it was a general engagement. The defeat and capture of Miramon alone, however, would be a decisive victory.

The place of the battle was the same [illegible] Gen. Parrodi was formerly routed.

We learn also by the same source that Gonzales Ortega, at the head of the Constitutional forces of Zacatecas, had met and routed the Reactionary General Ramirez.

This news was received at Monterey on the 23d, by express from San Luis, and is believed to be reliable.—*Evening Picayune.*

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND MAIL.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., June 29.—The Butterfield overland mail coach, with San Francisco papers of the 8th, and dates by telegraph to Visalia of the 9th, passed here to-day [illegible] morning.

Nothing of note has been done about reopening the Pony Express route. At one time a party of twenty-five armed men were reported by telegraph as ready to start from Carson Valley for the purpose, under W. W. Finney, the Express Agent and Superintendent, and an expedition seemed to have been seriously contemplated. At present it is doubtful whether the Agent intends to do any thing before receiving advices from Russell, Majors & Co.

Since the skirmish with the Indians on the 2d, near Pyramid Lake, in which twenty of them were killed, the volunteers under Colonel Hays have been unable to bring on any more more fighting. Last night Gen. Clark received a dispatch from Capt. Stewart, commanding the regular forces in Carson Valley, stating that the hostile Indians had probably all fled beyond reach of our troops. The contributions from the people of San Francisco for support of Col. Hays's volunteers exceed $4000.

A full list of parties killed by the Indians in the Carson Valley regions, since the Indian troubles, has been published, amounting to over 80 men.

The Pony Express, which left on the 24th ultimo, proceeded from Carson Valley about eighty miles towards Salt Lake, and then returned on account of the destruction of stations.

Judge Terry, who is under indictment for killing Senator Broderick in a duel, has applied for a change of venue, on the ground that he cannot obtain a fair trial in San Francisco.

Judge H. P. Haun, late United States Senator under Executive appointment, died at Marysville on the 6th, of congestive chills, the effect of disease contracted on steamer, while returning from Washington.

Four steamers have arrived from China since the 4th, bringing 1420 passengers, making the total arrivals of passengers from that quarter, since the 1st of May, over 3500.

Important mineral discoveries are reported in Klamath county.

News was received by telegraph from the two southern counties of Oregon, yesterday, giving the returns of the election. Jackson county gave Shiel, Democratic candidate for Congress, 800 votes; Logan, Republican, 464. The entire Democratic Legislative ticket was elected.

Josephine county is reported for Shiel, 228; Logan, 137. Logan's vote in Jackson is a gain of 100 on his vote of last year, when he was defeated in the State by only 16 votes. These returns are encouraging to Republicans, and indicate a possibility that a Legislature has been chosen, which will in August elect two Republican United States Senators.

The schooner Ewing brings news from San Blas, Mexico, to the 13th ult. Two English men-of-war had landed portions of their crews, and taken possession of San Blas, and were holding it against the Liberals. The acting Government and Custom House officers had granted in an order from the British man of war the privilege of taking a Mexican schooner, putting an English crew on board, and hoisting the British ensign, for the purpose of smuggling silver up the coast. This is the language of the report received, but whether the design is to assist British subjects to smuggle, or to prevent the exaction of duties on silver by different sets of revolutionists, is probably a matter of opinion.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH TO VISALIA.—San Francisco, June 9, 10 P. M.—Arrived, June 8th, Carrier Dove, from New York; bark Therese, from Hamburg.

Trade has been [illegible] for the past week. There is an increased demand for some descriptions of goods. Provisions are unchanged, but firmer. Coffee unchanged. Coal inactive. Rice improved. Raw sugars heavy; refined is a little more active at the quotations. There has been a slight improvement in general business, but the demand for goods is limited.

A company of twenty picked men, well armed, left Carson City to-day, escorting the Pony Express and Salt Lake mail. They will [illegible]

NEW YORK, June 28.—The Great Eastern was moored at her dock about 7 o'clock. Her immense length covers two entire blocks. Great crowds were still flocking to see her at sunset, and there appears to be no end to the curiosity and admiration with which she is viewed.

THE COMET.—A comet may be seen soon after sundown by sharp eyes in the northwest. The Charaw *Gazette* chronicles its having been seen there, and Capt. Watson, of the steamer Potomac, on her last trip from Charleston to New York, observed the new comer. Captain Watson reports that he saw on Friday night a long tailed comet in the northwest, about fifteen degrees above the horizon. It disappeared below the horizon with the moon.

The comet has been observed at Cambridge (Mass.) Observatory, and Prof. G. H. Bond has published the following in reference to it:

The present comet promises well; its nucleus is as bright as a star of the fourth magnitude; well concentrated, and has appended to it a narrow tail, but little curved, and rising vertically from the horizon, like a faint streamer of the aurora. Astronomers will wait with interest for the determination of the elements of this comet. Three nights' observations will be needed before its future path and appearance can be predicted.

POLITICAL ITEMS.

The National (Douglas) Democratic Committee at Washington has organized by the appointment of the following officers:

Augustus Belmont, of New York, Chairman; Thomas Cottman, of Louisiana, M. O. Prince, of Massachusetts, John A. Harman, of Virginia, and Hugh J. Jewett, of Ohio, Secretaries.

The Executive Committee consists of Belmont, of New York, Jewett, of Ohio, Dick, of North Carolina, Converse, of Connecticut, Haldeman, of Pennsylvania, Cottman, of Louisiana, and Follett, of Michigan, with power of substitution.

The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That Mr. Montgomery, of Pennsylvania, Gen. James T. Pratt, of Connecticut, Messrs. Craig, of Missouri, Vallandigham, of Ohio, Rust, of Arkansas, McClernand, of Illinois, Taylor, of Louisiana, Larrabee, of Wisconsin, Banks, of Virginia, be, and they are hereby appointed the resident committee of the National Democratic Committee.

Resolved, That the resident committee be requested to prepare an address to the Democracy of the country, giving a true history of the character and proceedings of the National Democratic Convention held at Charleston and Baltimore, and the secessions therefrom.

Resolved, The crisis demanding that the organization of the Democratic party shall be preserved intact against open as well as secret enemies of the Constitution and the Union, that it is therefore recommended to the several State committees that they take measures to secure the adoption of an electoral ticket in their respective States pledged to the unequivocal support of the nominees of the National Democratic Convention, Stephen A. Douglas and Herschel V. Johnson.

Resolved, That if any State committee shall omit to take the proper steps for securing such an electoral ticket, then the member of this committee in that State is hereby authorized, either in conjunction with members of the State committee or by his own act, to take such action as he may deem necessary for that purpose.

The Breckinridge and Lane National Committee is composed of the following members:

Isaac I. Stephens, of Oregon, George W. Hughes, of Md., Jno. W. Stephenson, of Ky., Wm. Flinn, Jas. G. Bennett, Walter Lennox and Geo. W. Riggs, of Washington, Jeff. Davis, of Miss., Thomas B. Florence, of Pa., J. R. Thompson, of N. Jersey, Aug. Schell, of New York, A. B. Meek, of Ala., J. D. Bright, of Ind., and Robert Johnson, of Arkansas.

Judge Kinne has been confirmed as Chief Justice of Utah, and Isaac Hull Wright Superintendent of Springfield armory.

The Breckinridge National Committee called on the President, who declared his entire approval of their nominations and platform. The President has determined not to fill the vacancy in the Supreme Court till next winter.

Philadelphia, June 27.—The difficulties under which the Democratic party of Pennsylvania is to labor in consequence of the Baltimore split is already becoming clearly manifest in this city, where the feeling between the officeholders and non officeholders is very bitter. Last evening, the city Executive Committee held a meeting to take action for a ratification meeting, when a division took place respecting which ticket should be ratified, and immediately adjourned without coming to a settlement. This evening the Douglas portion of the committee held a meeting under a call of eight of the members, including Alderman McMullen. Ten of the twenty four members of the committee were present and agreed to hold a mass meeting on Saturday night to ratify the Douglas ticket. The chairman of the committee publishes a card declaring the call of this meeting irregular.

A call for a mass meeting on Monday night to ratify the nomination of Breckinridge and Lane will be published in the morning papers, and prominent Senators Fitzpatrick and Benjamin and Messrs. Cushing and Burnett as speakers. The call is unsigned. The Democratic State Committee will meet on Monday, when the preference of the electors will be ascertained. A proposition, strongly urged by the Breckinridge men, is to run Douglas and Breckinridge on a united electoral ticket, the electors pledged to fairly represent the [illegible] vote in the college. The electors previous to the nomination were understood to prefer Mr. Breckinridge as the regular nominee, but their present preferences are believed to be in favor of the nominee of the majority of the regular Convention.

Detroit, June 28.—The Democratic State Convention met here to-day and made the following nominations: For Governor, John L. Barry, of St. Joseph; for Lieutenant Governor, William N. Fenton, of Genesee; for Treasurer, Elon Farnsworth, of Wayne; for Auditor General, Wm. Penoyer, of Ottawa; for Secretary of State, William Francis, of Allegany; for Attorney General, [illegible] of Washtenaw; for Land Commissioner, Samuel [illegible] South, of Houghton; for Superintendent of Public Instructions, Francis W. Shearman, of Calhoun.

One hundred guns were fired [illegible] meeting assembled this evening [illegible] nomination of Douglas and the State ticket. [illegible] H. Thomson, of Genesee county [illegible] by the Democratic [illegible] for Congress.

Concord, N. H., June 28.—The Douglas demonstration last night was the most active and enthusiastic ever witnessed here. Rumford Hall was overflowed early in the evening, and the masses adjourned to the State House Square. The speaking was kept up until a late hour, and the firing of cannon was [illegible].

St. Louis, June 28.—At the Douglas ratification meeting last night speeches were made by delegates to the Baltimore Convention, among them Gen. Clark, who voted for Douglas. [illegible] resolutions were passed [illegible] nominees and non-intervention. There was a good attendance.

Bell and Everett Papers.—The following papers in Florida have hoisted the names of Bell and Everett, and will give their support to these gentlemen during the approaching Presidential campaign: The Tallahassee *Sentinel*, the *Lake City Herald*, *Pensacola Gazette*, the *Marion* [illegible], and *West Florida* [illegible].

The Boston *Courier* [illegible] moderate Opposition [illegible] figures up the result of the election this far as follows: Breckinridge, 13 electoral votes; Lincoln, 10; Bell and Everett, [illegible]; Douglas, [illegible]. [illegible] State Massachusetts [illegible] New Bedford [illegible] Barnstable [illegible] Pittsfield [illegible].

Hon. Reverdy Johnson and Hon. Alexander H. Stephens.—Occasional writes from Washington to the Philadelphia *Press* as follows:

Washington, June 25.—Senator Douglas was waited on to-day by a committee, which officially informed him of the nomination. He notified them that the letter of acceptance would be prepared in a day or two. They then called on Senator Fitzpatrick. In reply to a question whether he would accept or not, he replied that he asked until to-morrow to consider. The committee said they wanted an immediate answer on account of the rumors that he intended to decline. He responded that he must answer how he would be forced to decline. They at once accepted his declination. The Southern delegates to the Baltimore National Convention present in the city immediately met together and recommended the name of Hon. Herschel V. Johnson, of Georgia, to the National Committee, which met soon after, and which was empowered by the Convention to fill vacancies. This recommendation was adopted by a number of delegates, who at a meeting this evening, unanimously recommended Gov. Johnson in place of Senator Fitzpatrick. The friends of Douglas are delighted with the change. Fitzpatrick acted a very bad part, having sent a personal friend over to Baltimore to secure the nomination. It is said the Seceders prevailed upon him to withdraw by promising to elect him to the United States Senate.

The Great Eastern at New York.

The dispatches to the Western papers give the annexed account of the arrival of the Great Eastern:

SANDY HOOK, June 28, 12½ A. M.—The steamship Great Eastern came into the light ship at [illegible] o'clock this morning. She left the Needles at 10 A. M. on the 17th, and, with the exception of two days, she has experienced fine weather. She has forty two passengers, among whom are Geo. Wilkes, Esq., of *Wilkes's Spirit of the Times*, and several of the directors of the company. She steamed the entire passage, ranging from 254 to 332 miles per 24 hours. Her engines were not stopped until she was off George's shoal for soundings. She came in a route southeast direct to the light ship, where she was boarded by our ship news collector and Mr. John Vanduzen, of the pilot boat Washington, a business partner of Admiral Murphy, who went to Southampton for the ship. She was received when reaching the light ship by Captain Cosgrove with a salute and the display of colors, and as the boat blew away, all the vessels in sight set their bunting and cheered her. She now lies near the bar, and will not pass over until [illegible] o'clock P. M. She is drawing 27 feet of water aft, and will be trimmed to an even keel before crossing.

The following is the number of miles made per day: 17th, 285; 18th, 296; 19th and 20th, 276; 21st, 301; 22d, 290; 23d, 302; 24th, 299; 25th, 325; 26th, 332; 27th, 254. From one of the passengers we obtain the following information: There are 38 passengers and 8 guests, all in the best of health, and have been so during the entire voyage, which has been a particularly fine one and full of interest. It has demonstrated the Great Eastern's superiority as a sea going vessel, and the excellence and reliability of her machinery. The highest speed attained was 14½ knots. The ship's bottom is very foul and an allowance of at least 2 knots an hour should be made on that account. The distance from Southampton, as nearly steamed, is 3190 miles, but to avoid the ice she went further south.

List of Passengers.—Gen. Watkins, Colonel Harson, Major F. Balfour, Capt. Drummond, Capt. Carnegie, Capt. McKeamer, Capt. Marson, R. N., Mr. and Mrs. Gooch, Mr. J. S. Oakford, Mr. J. S. Roebuck, Mr. G. Wilkes, Mr. N. A. Woods, Mr. F. R. McKenzie, Mr. and Mrs. Sainthorpe, Miss Herbert, Mr. Barber, Mr. C. H. Field, Mr. R. Morson, Mr. G. Hawkins, Mr. F. Simpson, Mr. T. Hubbard, Rev. M. Louscherry, Mr. Samuel Taylor, Mr. G. D. Brooks, Mr. T. Harphy, Mr. H. Merrifield, Mr. H. Munn, Mr. N. H. Wells, Mr. W. Lavo, Mr. M. Juravetoff, Mr. J. Juravetoff, Prof. Dernsford, Mr. D. Kennedy, Mr. N. E. M. Taylor, Mr. Z. Colburn, Mr. N. B. Russell, Mr. J. E. Skinner, Mr. A. Holley, Mr. H. N. Murphy.

NEW YORK, June 29.—The Great Eastern passed the Battery at 4:30 this afternoon. No difficulty was experienced in crossing the bar, and the immense ship moved through the bay as easily as a pilot boat. She was attended by a fleet of small craft, and the enthusiasm of the crowds on board then was unbounded. The throngs of people on the battery and on the various piers on the North river were immense. Many salutes were fired in her honor. She was decked with flags from bow to stern. She moved very rapidly through the bay, only one of the many steamers being able to keep up with her. The frigate Niagara, which is lying in the stream, looked very small in comparison with her.

Report of the Grand Jury.—We give below the chief portion of the report of the Grand Jury that has served the past three months. The only part omitted is the usual notice of the charitable institutions of the city, and which contains nothing important:

In closing the business of their term the Grand Jury would be recreant to their duty did they not report the fearful increase of crime in our midst. In cases of murder and homicide for the months of March, April, May and June being thirty-one, a number we believe unprecedented in the annals of this Court, and whether attributable to the injudicious use of Executive clemency, to the delays in the Recorders' Courts alluded to in our report of [illegible] May, or to the difficulty attending the conviction of criminals after indictment, we cannot pretend to decide; but the fact stands registered in characters of blood, that fearful murders are committed with impunity, because after this Inquest have found true bills, because there was not a shadow of a doubt of the accused being guilty, where some have been acquitted by the petty jury, and have gone out again into the world to perpetrate the same deeds of violence, when under the influence of these deadly passions, unrestrained by the terrors of the law.

The Grand Jury are at a loss what remedies to suggest. The evil has assumed such fearful proportions as to be almost beyond the control of the law; but such evil as we are satisfied should be used to the utmost extent [illegible] are satisfied that nothing but the most prompt, impartial and rigid administration of the law will arrest its progress and diminish the extent of crime among us; and in furtherance of those views we would suggest the passage of an act making it incumbent upon the Recorders to send the papers of parties "fully committed" more promptly to this Court, so that witnesses may be within reach of the State, and the guilty convicted; whereas now, through these delays, they escape, and witnesses being found for the prosecution. The Grand Jury would further respectfully submit that the Recorders should be restricted entirely within the limits of their legal duties, and that no increased power be granted them, either by law, consent or usage; that the trial of criminal offences against the laws of this State, being only within the jurisdiction of this Court; that the trial of persons, the imposing of fines and the imprisonment or acquittal of individuals for such offences, by the Recorders, is a dangerous assumption of power, which will certainly increase if continued with impunity, and we would recommend the enforcement of the law, or in the absence of any law covering the case, the passage of one, clearly defining the duties of such officers and making any infringement of it penal.

The Grand Jury would further suggest the most rigid enforcement against carrying concealed weapons, and they advise heavier penalties.

The various rumors in circulation in regard to the demise of a State prisoner, in the Parish Prison, under sentence of death, have induced the Grand Jury to make a careful investigation of the facts, and they have examined under oath Doctors Delery and Hall, the keeper of the prison, Capt. Fremeaux, the Deputy Coroner, and the two prisoners confined in the same cell with the deceased; and from all the evidence before them, are fully satisfied that Eugene Adams died from the effects of poison, but they have no evidence where it was obtained or how administered, and the reasons given by the Deputy Coroner why a post-mortem examination was not held, was that his death was so clearly the effect of poison that it was not deemed necessary; but the Grand Jury would suggest that in any future case of the character, that such examination should be held, that there may be no room for the idle rumors that have disturbed the public mind in this case. In this connection the Grand Jury would strongly recommend a change in the confinement of the prisoners under sentence of death. The practice of placing several of them in the same cell is very objectionable, and should be discontinued. The confinement should be solitary and every precaution taken to prevent their escaping the penalties of the law, as in those the ends of justice are defeated, and the moral effect upon the community is lost.

Grand Jury.—The following is a list of the members of the Grand Jury drawn to serve during the months of July, August and September: Messrs. P. B. O'Brien, Thos. McManus, A. J. Cavelier, A. G. Ricard, J. W. Parsons, L. A. Even, Leon Ferende, G. F. Micken, Nicholas Ca[illegible], A. Vignaud, Wm. [illegible], Nicholas Jurdick, L. F. Macheraud, C. W. Hardman, Ivo Delery and Wm. Leonard. They were discharged until Friday, 28th inst.

Second District Recorder's Court.—Jane Taune, a servant in the employ of Mr. Hereau, [illegible] Ann street, near Broad, gave bail yesterday to answer the charge of stealing a pocket book containing $[illegible] in the residence of Jean Puyssegur, near the city [illegible], last Saturday.

J. A. Vimayer, Jno. Smith and Lu. Delandois were remanded to await examination on the charge of [illegible] stripping several carboys of acid on St. Philip street belonging to R. W. Ogden.

John Fletcher, the negro thief belonging to Marco Colina, who was arrested by officer Boudrot, was held to await an investigation on the charge of carrying concealed weapons.

Kate, Emma and Margaret Morris gave $[illegible] to answer a charge of constantly abusing officer Lachar derte.

Four prisoners were held on the charge of being vagrants.

Contract Awarded.—The contract for taking up and relaying diagonally the square block pavement of New Levee street, from Canal to Esplanade, was adjudicated by the Controller yesterday to S. Stephens, at [illegible] cents per superficial yard.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Second District Public Schools.—Awarding of the Prizes.—The Opera House was thrown open at half-past nine o'clock yesterday morning to all who had received tickets of invitation, and in less than half an hour it was crowded in every part. The entire stage was occupied by female and the parquette by male pupils, while the boxes and galleries were even uncomfortably crowded by the visitors, a large majority of whom were ladies, and the appearance of the theatre was quite brilliant and imposing. An excellent orchestra discoursed fine music during the intervals of exercises and of awarding the prizes. As no accommodation whatever was offered to the press, and our reporter, though at the theatre half an hour before the commencement, failed to get within hearing—scarcely seeing distance, we are unable to furnish the full report we had intended furnishing to our readers. The following list, however, for which we are indebted to a friend, gives a brief outline of all that was done of any importance:

The President, Mr. Hyde, opened the proceedings by an appropriate address.

After this some of the schoolboys recited essays and addresses, remarkably well written.

Following this came the distribution of prizes; then the awarding of medals and diplomas, the main ones of the latter of which we give below. The names are given in connection with their respective school.

Correct Deportment and Application. The following received medals:

Claiborne street Boys' school	Henry Tossard
Basin street Boys' school	Henry Dillman
Bienville Boys' school	Adam Braud
Hospital street Boys' school	Louis Melbon
Bayou Bridge Boys' school	Jerome Sorentino
Bayou Bridge Girls' school	Miss Letitia Riu
Bayou road Girls' school	Miss Maria Gabisto
St. Ann street Girls' school	Miss Alvina Weber
Rampart street Girls' school	Miss C. Stringer
Robertson street Girls' school	Miss Louise Levis
Barracks street Girls' school	Miss E. Bainbridge
Boys' High school	E. Mundin
Girls' High school	Miss Belaira Dupouilly

Diplomas.—Boys' High School.—The following received diplomas: In English only—George Burkhardt, William McDermott, Denis Cousin, Samuel Oulist, Charles Horner, A[illegible] McCulloch, John Glynn.

English and French—Louis Sarapuro, Octave Fellon, Rodolph Wiltz.

Girls' High School.—English only—Misses Mary A. Campbell, Mary Moody, Julia McConnell, Catharine McDermott, Ellen Brophy, Helen Butler.

French only—Misses Lucy McCarthy, Cline Krauss, Stephanie Leroy, Mary Letter Mellier, Louise [illegible], Louise Chassaing.

English and French—Misses Delia Lombard and Emma Lombard.

The list of prizes and their recipients is so very long that publication is precluded. It would take at least two columns of our paper to do it justice, and, however willing, we cannot spare the space therefor.

[illegible]

SOOTHING AND BRACING.—There is no preparation in existence which has such a soothing effect [illegible] nervous excitement as HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. [illegible]

GENTLEMEN OF SCIENCE, [illegible] ARE IN FAVOR OF USING THE OID Sachem Bitters and Wigwam Tonic. [illegible]

PRESERVE YOUR TEETH.

J. A. CASADAVANT

Surgeon Dentist.

[illegible]

Copartnership Dissolved.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of Blache & [illegible], is this day dissolved [illegible]. JOSEPHINE BEACH, [illegible] LEAUMONT, F. F. BLACHE. New Orleans, June [illegible].

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the style of KOENIG & ZERNECKE is this day dissolved by mutual consent. [illegible] ALOIS KOENIG [illegible]

New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ON and after Sunday, July 1st, 1860, the Mail Train will leave New Orleans at [illegible] o'clock, A. M. [illegible] Express Train at [illegible] o'clock, P. M. The Saturday Evening Accommodation Train [illegible].

CARPET WAREHOUSE,

13 CHARTRES STREET.

LATELY received, an invoice of CHEAP MATTING. Also 500 pieces, double and single wide, colors and qualities, Floor Oil Cloths [illegible], Carpetings of all kinds, &c. Medallions Velvets, Wiltons. Brussels Tapestry, Three-Ply, &c. Window Shades, Table and Piano Covers; Linen and Drugget, Crumb Cloths, &c. All of which are offered at REDUCED PRICES. A. BROUSSEAU & CO.

SANITARY GRUEL.

I. X. L. NOURISHING REMEDY

INVENTED AND PREPARED

BY P. MARMAY.

THE inventor of this new and invaluable remedy has taken patents in France, England, Scotland, Ireland, Belgium and the United States.

The most chronic constipation yields to the daily use of the Invigorating Gruel.

It is a precious discovery for sea travelers.

The astringent effects ordinarily resulting from Tonic Bitters and Vermifuges, so valuable in many cases, are modified by the use of the Invigorating Gruel, which can without fear be given to persons of the most delicate stomachs.

This Invigorating Gruel has been tried by distinguished physicians, and it has been used triumphantly in every disease of the stomach, such as Dyspepsia, Gastritis, Heartburn, Megrims, Sick Headache, Pains in the Stomach, Costiveness, Vomiting, Chronic Diarrhea, &c., &c.

The Invigorating Gruel is taken in different ways, with a broth—with salt or sweetened milk—with or without the orange flower water. A spoonful of it is sufficient, and should be put in boiling milk and remain 1 or 2 minutes.

☞ To be taken morning and evening.

For further particulars, apply at the General Depot No. 11 Conti street, between Chartres and Royal streets, New Orleans.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by A. RENAUD TRABER, principal agent in the United States. Depots in all the principal cities of the United States.

For sale by J. Rivet, 64 Customhouse street; James Syme, 134 Canal street, and J. Wright & Co., 21 and 151 Chartres street. nov29 3m lwy

Important Notice.

Among all other good qualities of the SANITARY GRUEL, which are so universally acknowledged, it has been found to be highly useful and beneficent to Women in the state of Pregnancy, and that it facilitates their delivery.

It also improves positively the quality and increases the quantity of Milk of Nurses.

No other kind of Food can be compared to it; it may be administered without fear to the youngest children; it refreshes and strengthens them, and preserves them against a great many diseases peculiar to their age.

We may therefore confidently recommend it to every family.

Every one-pound paper of the SANITARY GRUEL contains thirty-two portions for one person. They are all signed by P. MARMAY, Inventor and Patentee. mh28 lawsm6p

The Suicide of Mr. Armand.—Deputy Coroner Surapuro held an inquest, at half-past two o'clock yesterday morning, on the body of Mr. Edmond Armand, who committed suicide at one o'clock in the morning. It appears that Mr. Armand has been suffering from an opthalmic complaint for some time, which recently had been aggravated by temporary derangement of the nervous system. At the hour above named, as he was sitting on the front balcony of his house, on the corner of St. Ann and Bourbon streets, he called his valet, Victor, and ordered him to bring a cup of tea. The servant proceeded to obtain the tea, leaving his master alone on the balcony. At this hour Corporal Fagot and two watchmen were in the neighborhood, and their attention was attracted to the balcony by cries in the French language of "Help! help! I am lost! My God, what have I done? Victor, run for a doctor!" The policemen then heard the noise of a fall on the balcony. They immediately entered the house and found the unfortunate gentleman prostrate, with his throat cut from ear to ear. They sent at once for Dr. Vionnet, but Armand was dead when he arrived. He had in his hand a gardener's pruning knife, very sharp, with which he had committed the act. His remains were sent to the parish of St. James yesterday afternoon on the steamer Grosse Tete.

NEW ORLEANS, JULY 2D, 1860.

Head-Quarters First Division L. M.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 11.

I. The Artillery will be prepared to fire national salutes on the eve of the Fourth of July, and on the morning, at noon and sunset on the day, from the usual public squares.

II. Brig. Gen. Palfrey, commanding the Louisiana Legion, and Brig. Gen. Tracy, commanding the First Brigade, are charged with the execution of this order, and will otherwise dispose of their respective commands as they may deem proper on the occasion.

By order of JOHN L. LEWIS, Major-General Commanding. ARTHUR FORSTALL, Aid-de-Camp. jy3

School Vacations.

TEACHERS or PUPILS who wish to acquire in a short time an elegant style of PENMANSHIP, or learn practically BOOK-KEEPING, MATHEMATICS, ENGLISH, FRENCH, SPANISH or GERMAN, should apply immediately at Dolbear Commercial College of the City of New Orleans, corner Camp and Common streets, (Story Building) so as to arrange the hours to suit themselves. jy3 1t RUFUS DOLBEAR, Prest.

Stray Cow.

A RED COW, with horns cut off, has been found on the Metairie Ridge. The owner can have her by paying costs. Apply at the corner of St. Ann and Alexander streets. jy3 3t

Notice.

MY WIFE, MARIE JOSEPHINE PETITFILS, having left my residence, the public are hereby informed that I will not be responsible, from this date, for any debt contracted by her. J. J. PELTIER. New Orleans, July 3, 1860. jy3 3t

English Sugar Kettles,

WROUGHT AND CAST IRON.

From the Works of Messrs. R. & J. Rankin, Liverpool.

The Subscribers, Sole Agents in New Orleans for these celebrated KETTLES, have constantly on hand a large and complete assortment of both Wrought and Cast Iron Kettles, which they offer for sale.

M. A. DE LIZARDI & CO., 52 Bienville street.

LANDING ex ship Fanny Ealer, from Bordeaux, 156 casks Cotes Frances Claret, 37 casks St. Emilion Claret, 30 casks Ch. Malvirade Claret; 60 casks superior Latour; 40 casks Ch. Bourneau; 8 casks superior St. Lambert Medoc; 20 casks superior St. Lambert Medoc; 12 casks Haut Sauterne White Wine; 12 casks Barsac White Wine; 100 boxes superior St. Lambert Medoc, 1854. For sale by J. N. CURIEN, No. 20 Toulouse street.

ALMONDS—150 boxes shelled, and 100 bags soft shell, in store for sale by E. TROISGROS, 18 Customhouse street, between Chartres and Old Levee.

HONEY—10 barrels and tierces White Havana Honey, in store and for sale by E. TROISGROS, 18 Customhouse street.

COGNAC LARRONDE FRERES—24 qr. pipes, 4th proof, in bond and for sale by X. LAMBERT, 52 and 62 Magazine street.

SARDINES—100 cases in quarter boxes, [illegible] S. D. GRATIAA & CO., No. 59 Customhouse st.

CARRARA MARBLE—[illegible] LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st.

CATALONIA AND MARSEILLES WINES—[illegible] LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st.

LYONS SAUSAGES—Landing ex ship Dante from Havre [illegible] DUNTZE & CO., Corner Royal and Conti.

HAVANA SWEETMEATS—10 cases guava paste [illegible] E. TROISGROS, 18 Customhouse st.

WINE—75 barrels Madeira Wine, 30 do. Sherry do. [illegible] F. SANCHO, 229 Old Levee st.

BEEF—50 barrels Family Mess, 50 half do. Family Mess, for sale by GABRIEL PASCAL, 67 Old Levee st.

CIGARS—[illegible] Havana Cigars, assorted sizes and brands, [illegible] E. TROISGROS, 18 Customhouse street.

ROCK SALT—[illegible] F. A. GONZALES & CO., No. 11 Front levee.

[illegible] E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

PORTO WINE—[illegible] E. J. HART & CO.

MACARONI, VERMICELLI AND ASSORTED PASTES—[illegible] LANATA BROTHERS.

WINES, WINES—[illegible] LANATA BROTHERS.

RED AND WHITE SPARKLING CATAWBA—[illegible] LANATA BROTHERS.

SAUSAGES, PARMESAN CHEESE, [illegible] LANATA BROTHERS.

[illegible] HAVANA [illegible] E. TROISGROS.

TEAS—[illegible] E. J. HART & CO.

COGNAC [illegible] E. J. HART & CO.

SUMATRA PEPPER—[illegible] E. J. HART & CO.

REM[illegible] E. TROISGROS.

SUGAR—[illegible] E. TROISGROS.

TO ARRIVE per ship Fanny Ealer, from Bordeaux—[illegible] VOR. MAIGNAN, 17 St. Louis st.

SWEETMEATS—[illegible] E. TROISGROS, 18 Customhouse street.

TOBACCO—[illegible] E. TROISGROS.

CIGARS—[illegible] E. TROISGROS.

SPANISH PLAYING CARDS—[illegible] F. SANCHO, 229 Old Levee st.

ARABIAN BITTERS—[illegible] F. SANCHO, 229 Old Levee st.

[illegible] F. SANCHO, 229 Old Levee st.

CLARET—[illegible] FLO. ROCHEREAU & CO.

CHAMPAGNE—[illegible] FLO. ROCHEREAU & CO.

BRICKS—[illegible] C. CAVAROC & CO.

ABSINTHE—[illegible] C. CAVAROC & CO.

KIRSCHWASSER—[illegible] C. CAVAROC & CO.

FRUITS IN JUICE—[illegible] C. CAVAROC & CO.

WHITE WINE—[illegible] C. CAVAROC & CO., 116 Royal street.

CHOICE ASPARAGUS—Received per steamship [illegible] FAURES & NORMAN, 27 and 29 Royal st.

DELECK & DE BURGHES CHAMPAGNE—Daily expected per bark Sattelle from New York [illegible] FAURES & NORMAN, 27 and 29 Royal st.

HUNGARIAN WINE—In store 50 boxes superior [illegible] DUNTZE & CO., Corner Royal and Conti sts.

TO ARRIVE per ship Marathon—100 cases Sardines, qr. boxes, F. Roudeau; 100 casks Claret Margaux, [illegible] casks Claret Medoc; 20 quarter pipes Cognac, Larronde; 20 eighth pipes Cognac, Larronde; 75 half cases Wine of the following marks: H. Rivon, Cantenac Margaux; St. Emilion and Lafitte. For sale by S. D. GRATIAA & CO., No. 59 Customhouse st.

TO ARRIVE per ship Fanny Ealer, from Bordeaux—COGNAC PELLEVOISIN. 30 packages, 4th proof, pale. COGNAC HENRY MOUNIER. 40 packages, 4th proof, pale, (Comet brand of 1858.) J. FAURE & CO. COGNAC. 10 packages, 4th proof, pale. For sale by T. BAILLY BLANCHARD, Jr., 20 Old Levee st.

LANDING ex ship Lemuel Dyer, from Havre—2 tons Gruyere Cheese. For sale by J. N. CURIEN, No. 20 Toulouse street.

LANDING ex bark M. A. Stevens, from Havana, and for sale by the undersigned—15 barrels superior white Havana Honey; 20,000 Cigars, El Melange. F. SANCHO, 229 Old Levee st., bet. Dumaine and St. Philip sts.

LANDING ex bark Fanny Ealer, Lodge, master from Bordeaux—10 casks Balsens Claret, 1850; 10 do. Queyries Claret, 1858; 10 do. St. Emilion do., 1856; 10 do. Medoc, St. Christoly Claret, 1854; 25 boxes extra Cordials, Marie Brizard; 25 do. do. Anisette, do.; 10 do. do. Cacao a la Vanille, do.; 10 do. do. Maraschino, Marie Brizard; 100 Bayonne Smoked Hams. For sale by FAURES & NORMAN, 27 and 29 Royal st.

FRENCH WHITE WINE VINEGAR—25 boxes, landing ex ship Falmouth and in store and for sale by PREAU & COUTURIE, 31 and 33 Gravier st.

Bank of America. New Orleans, July 2d, 1860. THIS Bank will be closed on WEDNESDAY, the 4th inst. Notes and bills maturing on that day must be paid on Tuesday, the 3d inst. AM. FORTIER, Cashier.

Bank of America. New Orleans, June 30th, 1860. AT the regular meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a semi-annual dividend of seven per cent, was declared, payable to the stockholders on and after the 9th July next. AM. FORTIER, Cashier.

Bank of Louisiana. New Orleans, June 30th, 1860. THIS Bank will be closed on WEDNESDAY, the 4th of July. Notes and bills falling due on that day must be paid on Tuesday, and the offerings for discounts made on same day. AUG. MONTREUIL, Acting Cashier.

Branch Louisiana State Bank, Second Municipality, New Orleans, June 30th, 1860. THIS Bank will be closed on Wednesday next, the Fourth July. Paper maturing on that day must be paid on Tuesday, the 3d July. R. J. PALFREY, Cashier.

Louisiana State Bank. New Orleans, 30th June, 1860. THIS Bank will be closed on WEDNESDAY next, the 4th July. Notes and bills falling due that day must be paid on Tuesday, and offerings for discount on Monday. C. A. F. RONDEAU, Cashier.

WHEREAS the Board of Health of New Orleans have received information through the American Consul in Havana of the prevalence of Yellow Fever in that city, and have officially informed me of the same; Now, therefore, upon the advice of said Board, and in accordance with the requirements of the 13th section of Act No. 336, approved March 15th, 1855, I do issue this my proclamation, declaring the port of Havana an infected place, and directing the detention at the quarantine stations on the Mississippi and the Atchafalaya rivers for ten days, of any and all vessels coming from the port of Havana, or any other port in which any pestilential, contagious or infectious disease shall be ascertained by the Board of Health to prevail.

Given under my hand and the seal of State at Baton Rouge, this the 23d day of June, A. D., 1860, and the eighty-fourth year of the independence of the United States of America. THOMAS O. MOORE, Governor of the State of Louisiana. PLINY D. HARDY, Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF THE UNION INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS. NOTICE is hereby given that, in conformity with Article Four of the Charter of this Company, the annual election for nine Directors to serve during the ensuing year, from the fourth Monday in July next, will be held at the office of the Company, corner of Canal and St. Charles streets, on MONDAY, the 9th day of July, 1860, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. J. M. CRAWFORD, Secretary. New Orleans, June 27, 1860.

Office of the Hope Insurance Company of New Orleans. NOTICE is hereby given, in conformity with Article Four of the Charter of this Company, that the annual election for Nine Directors to serve during the ensuing year, from the fourth Monday in July next, will be held at the office of the Company, corner of Canal and Exchange Place, on MONDAY, the 9th of July, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. LOUIS BARNETT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH. New Orleans, June 7, 1860. AT a meeting of the Board of Health, held on the 6th inst., the following resolution was adopted and ordered to be published: Resolved, That the Secretary of this Board issue to the captains of vessels and steamboats, who may call for it, a certificate, stating whether the city is free or not from Yellow Fever. GEO. W. OEMEYER, M. D., Secretary Board of Health.

Stockton Hotel, AT THE BAY OF ST. LOUIS. MADAME STOCKTON [illegible]

Notice. THE [illegible] F. F. LABRANCHE [illegible]

Wanted To Rent. A FIRST CLASS DWELLING [illegible]

For Sale. FOUR FRAME HOUSES AND KITCHENS, [illegible]

NOTICE. Office Pontchartrain Railroad Co. New Orleans, May 29th, 1860. [illegible] HENRY WHITTEMORE, Secretary.

Extra Yellow Goshen Butter. LANDING ex steamer [illegible] FREDERIC AVET.

Bladon and Cullum's Springs. LEAVING MOBILE every TUESDAY and SATURDAY for [illegible] BLADON AND CULLUM'S SPRINGS. [illegible] DEMOPOLIS [illegible]

New Orleans Canal and Banking Co. [illegible]

Wanted. [illegible]

To Rent. [illegible]

Five Dollars Reward. [illegible]

Wanted. A GOOD BOOK KEEPER [illegible]

Leeches! Leeches!! 100,000 HUNGARIAN LEECHES [illegible] $5 PER THOUSAND [illegible]

O. H. GRAHAM & CO., GRAVIER STREET, Between Camp and St. Charles, Importers of Foreign and Domestic **DRY GOODS!** AGENTS FOR THE York Street Flax Spinning Company of Belfast. RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the Trade to their very extensive stock, [illegible] IN BOND FOR THE MEXICAN MARKET. [illegible] *Agents for Alexander's of Glasgow Ball and Spool Thread!* New Orleans, 16th December, 1859.

LANDING ex ship Fanny Ealer, [illegible] N. LAMBERT.

LANDING ex ship [illegible] HENRY VALETON, 27 Bienville st.

GREEN PEAS—[illegible] HENRY VALETON.

EMPTY BOTTLES—[illegible] HENRY VALETON.

GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS—[illegible] CABALLERO & BASUALDO.

MUSHROOMS—[illegible] LANATA BROTHERS.

CHAMPAGNE—[illegible] LANATA BROTHERS.

CHEESE—[illegible] LANATA BROTHERS.

POTATOES—[illegible] ONIONS—[illegible] DRIED APPLES—[illegible] GARLIC—[illegible] RED BEANS—[illegible] CANADA PEAS—[illegible] WHITE BEANS—[illegible] SPLIT PEAS—[illegible] BARLEY—[illegible] RICE—[illegible] CUCULLU & JULIAN.

Mexican Wool. 13,000 POUNDS, in store and for sale by PREAU & COUTURIE, 31 and 33 Gravier st.

Genuine Havana Cigars. WE have constantly in store a large and well assorted stock of genuine Havana Cigars, which we import direct, of all sizes and the finest brands such as Rosa de Bejucal, Amalia, Ritica, Washington, Traviata, Meridiana, Globo, Traviata, Gutierrez, Flor de Fuigueras, American Flag and Cabanas. For sale by CABALLERO & BASUALDO, 46 Old Levee street, between Customhouse and Bienville sts.

WHISKY—500 bbls. Dexter's and Wilshire's, for sale by J. H. & I. N. MARKS, 43, 45 and 47 New Levee st.

SWEET OIL, SWEET OIL—2000 baskets sweet oil, Bacigalupi, 24, 22 and 21 ounces; 500 do do Possel, of 12 bottles each; 500 do do Beyssac & Gautier 22 ounces; 200 do do Plagniol, half bottles; for sale by LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st.

CHAMPAGNE WINE, CHAMPAGNE WINE—200 baskets Heidsieck Piper, pints and quarts; 200 do Moet & Chandon, do do; 200 do Laforestie, Fils, do do, or sale by LANATA BROS.

LANDING and in store—25 casks Pauillac Claret; 20 do St. Emilion do; 15 do old St. Julien do; 100 boxes Bauris and Cantenac do; 50 do Margaux Medoc do; 50 do Haut Talence do; 22 do Chateau Lafitte do; pints; 13 do Haut Sauterne and Chateau Yquem white wines; 15 do Laronde freres; 20 do superior Dutch Curacoa; 125 baskets anisette, extra Chartreuse and Marie Brizard. For sale by M. A. CALONGNE, (late house of Forbes) 205 and 207 Royal st.

OLIVES, CAPERS, PICKLES, &c.—150 boxes, for sale by FAURES & NORMAN, 27 and 29 Royal st.

Notice of Copartnership. I HAVE this day admitted as partners in my house JOSE CASALS and Mr. JAMES T. TRIAY, establishing a new firm under the style of P. GUMA & CO. The power of attorney granted by me to James T. Triay has been revoked since the 18th instant. New Orleans, June 8, 1860. P. GUMA.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the name and style of P. GUMA & CO., for the purpose of continuing the importation of Havana Cigars and Leaf Tobacco business heretofore carried on by P. Guma, without any more alteration than that of the firm. New Orleans, June 8, 1860. P. GUMA, JOSE CASALS, JAMES T. TRIAY.

Notice of Copartnership. THE undersigned have, by act executed before Theodore Guyol, a notary in this city, on the 11th of June, instant, entered in copartnership for the establishment of a commercial firm in commandam in the city of New Orleans, under the style of M. A. DE LIZARDI & CO.—the transactions of which shall consist principally of Commission and Agency business. New Orleans, 11th June, 1860. M. A. DE LIZARDI, C. E. DUFRECH, General Partners. Per pro M. JULIAN DE LIZARDI, Partner in commandam. G. LAGARDEUR.

Dissolution of Copartnership. NOTICE. The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of V. & E. MAIGNAN is hereby dissolved by mutual consent, and the name of the firm will be used by either partner in liquidation only. VICTOR MAIGNAN, EDOUARD MAIGNAN. May 31, 1860.

The business of the firm will be continued by VICTOR MAIGNAN, in his own name and for his own account. May 31, 1860.

Mlle. LEONTINE, Formerly Principal Dressmaker at Mrs. Aubert's, 81 ROYAL STREET, UP STAIRS, HAS the honor to inform her numerous customers that she is still employed in Dressmaking. Honored with the patronage of the ladies of New Orleans she will continue to exert herself in order to justify it, and to display the taste which has heretofore characterized every article prepared by her.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, IS a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak, and poor. Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children." [illegible]

AYER'S Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, [illegible]

AYER'S AGUE CURE, FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers; indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in biliary derangement, caused by the Malaria of Miasmatic Countries. [illegible]

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC. FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS. **HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.** [illegible] HOSTETTER & SMITH.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by J. WRIGHT & CO., 21 and 151 Chartres street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by SYME, NORTON & MACAULAY.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by WOODMAN & REMENT, Corner Common and Magazine street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by EATON & BETTERTON, Corner New Levee Common and Fulton street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by N. LAMBERT, 62 Magazine street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by J. H. & I. N. MARKS, 43, 45 and 47 New Levee street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by ARTHUR & CO., Corner Canal and New Levee streets.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by HOLMES & SPENCER, 7 Gravier street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by G. N. MORRISON & CO., 12 Magazine street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by BISCOE & SIMMS, 15, 17 and 19 New Levee street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by JOHN T. MOORE & CO., 7 and 9 Poydras street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by JOSEPH MOLLO, 12 Crossman street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by SCOTT & MEAD, 111 Charles street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by VIOLET & CO., 43 and 45 New Levee street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by QUEYROUZE & LANGENDORFF, 13 and 15 St. Louis street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by E. R. WHEELOCK & CO., 43 Magazine street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by J. MORGAN HALL, Corner of Canal and New Levee streets.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by BLANCHIN & GIRARD, 44 Old Levee street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by JAMES SYME, 134 Canal street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by KARSTENDIEK & CO., 103 Tchoupitoulas street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by THOMPSON & BARNES, 33 and 35 Common street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by PINCKARD, STEELE & CO., Corner of Tchoupitoulas and Gravier streets.

CLARET—200 boxes Claret, landing ex ship Fanny Ealer, from Bordeaux, and for sale by PREAU & COUTURIE, Nos. 31 and 33 Gravier st.

CLARET—120 casks family Claret, landing ex ship Fanny Ealer, from Bordeaux, and for sale by PREAU & COUTURIE, 31 and 33 Gravier st.

LANDING ex ship Lemuel Dyer, from Havre—30 baskets, 24 half bottles each, Royal Heritier champagne, H. Desbordes Fils; for sale by V. MAIGNAN, 17 St. Louis st.

Office of the Commissioners of the Consolidated Debt of New Orleans, New Orleans, June 18th, 1860. BY virtue of the 37th section of the act of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana entitled "An act to consolidate the city of New Orleans, and to provide for the government and administration of its affairs," approved the 23d February, 1852, and of the 4th section of the act supplementary thereto, and providing for the incorporation of the city of Lafayette with the city of New Orleans, approved on the same day, and for the purpose of meeting all obligations of the old corporations, maturing in the year 1860—Sealed proposals will be received at this office from this date until the 21st day of July, 1860, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purchase of one hundred and five bonds of $1000 each, said bonds to be dated the 1st of July, 1860, payable in thirty-two years, at the office of the Treasurer of the city, with interest coupons attached thereto, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, in the city of New York. Proposals to be endorsed "Bids for the Purchase of Bonds of the City of New Orleans," and addressed to O. De Buys, Secretary. The Bonds to be adjudicated to the highest bidder, the Commissioners reserving the right to reject any or all bids. Terms of payment: cash on delivery of the bonds. GERARD STITH, Mayor. V. DUPLESSIS, Comptroller. ADAM GIFFEN, Treasurer. N. WHITNEY, Chairman Finance Committee Board of Aldermen. JOHN M. HALL, Chairman Finance Com. Board of Asst. Aldermen. O. DE BUYS, Secretary.

NOTICE. JAD. FROIDEVAUX begs leave to inform [illegible]

NOTICE. **To the New Orleans Fire Department and Public.** ON and after 12 o'clock, M., of THURSDAY [illegible] A. HEBERT, Superintendent.

Leeches! Leeches!! 100,000 HUNGARIAN LEECHES, which can be easily preserved [illegible] $4 PER THOUSAND. $5 PER HUNDRED. [illegible] O. ROBIN, Druggist.

Cognac. 6 HALF [illegible]

Wines. [illegible]

Champagne Wine. [illegible] VOR. MAIGNAN.

Creole Rice, Creole Rice. 300 BAGS Creole Rice [illegible] FREDERIC AVET.

The Arabian Bitters. THE above [illegible] F. SANCHO [illegible]

For Sale. TWENTY MULES AND HORSES [illegible]

CORAL AND JEWELRY. AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. [illegible]

Champagne, Claret, Burgundy and Hock Wines. [illegible]

To the Public. **AYA PANA BITTERS,** MANUFACTURED BY [illegible] [illegible]

Music! Music!! Music!!! **A. ELIE,** [illegible] ROYAL STREET. [illegible] **PIANOS, PIANOS.** [illegible] Sole Agent for the INSTRUMENTS [illegible] HARMONIUMS AND HANDLE ORGANS.

MUSIC. **SOURDES & CHASSAIGNAC,** SUCCESSORS [illegible] No. 76 CHARTRES STREET. **Music and Musical Instruments.** SOLE agents for the celebrated PIANO-FORTES of Henry Herz, to whom the grand medal was awarded at the Universal Exhibition in 1855. These Pianos were declared by the Jury of Exhibition [illegible] to be far superior to those of Erard and Pleyel. [illegible]

Harmonium and Mechanical Piano. **ADOLPHE FLANDRAIN,** CONTI STREET, Between Chartres and Royal streets. HAS just received an assortment of Harmoniums and Mechanical Pianos [illegible]

RICH DOUBLE PERCUSSION **PIANOS.** Greatly Superior to those used up to This Day. **A. PERIER** HAS opened, on Royal street, No. 95, between Conti and St. Louis streets, his new Piano Store, where amateurs will always find the best Pianos manufactured in Paris, London and New York. His connection for the last fifteen years with the houses of Pleyel & Co., Erard and Debain, enables him to buy Pianos and sell them on very liberal terms.

C. A. BARRIERE & BRO., 150 CANAL STREET, TOURO BUILDINGS, ARE selling out the balance of their stock of CLOAKS at cost.

SOLE AGENCY OF THE CELEBRATED **STACKER IRON-WORKS,** TENNESSEE. THE undersigned has constantly on hand a full assortment of Sugar Kettles, Grate Bars and Furnace Mouths, which he offers at the following rates: Sugar Kettles, from 34 to 72 inches, $1.25 an inch. " " 66 to 42 " 1 00 " " " under 42 " 75 " Grate Bars.....4 cents per pound. Furnace Mouths, $25, $30, and $35, according to size and pattern. E. F. LA VILLEBEUVRE, Commission Merchant, No. 12 Union street.

RECEIVED per ships Juniata, John Trucks and Victoria, from Bordeaux—70 qr pipes cognac, H. Sutton, in Custom-House stores; 33 boxes Ecte plums, in boxes and flasks; 10 bales short-pointed corks; 18 sacks, cont. 300 each, regular and very fine corks; 20 boxes, 12 bottles each, St. Estephe wine; 150 " 24 half " " 40 casks family claret; 40 boxes brandy fruits, 6 prunes, 6 apricots. For sale by CHAUDET & DESSEINT, 147 and 149 Royal st.

GUAYAQUIL COCOA—In bond, and for sale by S. DE VISSER & CO., 64 Magazine st.

RATES OF ADVERTISING. [illegible] Advertisements on the first page ONE DOLLAR per square each insertion. Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged ONE DOLLAR for every TEN lines, for each language, for each insertion. The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business and in amount to one square every other day. No subscription taken for less than one year. No subscription, to advertising will be stopped until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the proprietors.

$20 SAVED ON TICKET AND EXPENSES. NEW YORK, And a much greater saving to EUROPE, By taking the POPULAR, COMFORTABLE AND CHEAP ROUTE, VIA SAVANNAH, GA. For through passage tickets which include meals and staterooms the entire distance, except on Montgomery to Savannah. Price $39 75. Apply to J. W. GREGORY, General Ticket and Freight Agent, St. Charles Hotel, corner Gravier, N. O.

PIANOS! The undersigned respectfully invite the public to call and examine their SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF PIANOS: GRAND CONCERT PIANOS, HALF GRAND PIANOS, OBLIQUE PIANOS, PICCOLOS. The above Instruments are guaranteed in every respect and will be sold at unprecedented low prices. SOURDES & CHASSAIGNAC, 76 CHARTRES STREET.

THIRD ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE Affairs of the Star Insurance Company [illegible]

Merchants' Mutual Insurance Co. OF NEW ORLEANS. SIXTH ANNUAL STATEMENT. [illegible]

NEW GROCERY STORE. CAMILLE LACOSTE [illegible]

New Orleans Mutual Insurance Co. 111 CANAL STREET. CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED [illegible] DIRECTORS. [illegible] J. TUYES, President. [illegible] W. HONOR, Secretary.

Louisiana State Insurance Co. OFFICE No. [illegible] CAMP STREET. Capital $300,000. [illegible] F. GANUCHEAU, President. A. PICQUET, Secretary.

Hope Insurance Company of New Orleans. [illegible] FIFTEEN PER CENT [illegible]

TO FAMILIES. **PECTORAL BALSAMIC SYRUP.** [illegible] F. F. HINRICQUEZ, Corner of Rampart and St. Louis sts.

J. J. ALBERT, 33 CHARTRES STREET. RECEIVED, by late arrivals from France, a most complete assortment of HATS and CAPS for the present season: Extra light Silk Hats, adhering lining; Cassimere and Beaver Hats. Flexible Hats of all styles and colors. Plain and Oil Silk Hats. Garibaldi Felt Hats, with adhering trimming—a new article. Flexible Black Beaver Hats. Traveling Hats and Caps. The undersigned, while in Paris, gave particular attention to the manufacture of Children's Fancy Goods to be sold at the end of the year and worn as they now are in Paris, to wit: Cloth and Velvet Caps of all shapes. Caps, Charles IX style. Embossed Velvet Stars. Six-rib Berets. Scotch Caps. Fancy Hats with ostrich feathers. Plain and Trimmed Scotch Hats, &c. The services of the best workmen from Paris having been secured in his vast establishment, fashionables can, as heretofore, order their Hats either according to the latest Parisian styles or to suit their tastes. CITY AND COUNTRY DEALERS will always find at his store the most considerable assortment of Hats and Caps, on very moderate terms. J. J. ALBERT, 33 Chartres street.

HOLLAND GIN. 15 PIPES J. Melchers Schiedam, landing ex ship Dan[illegible], from Havre, and for sale by PREAU & COUTURIE, 31 and 33 Gravier street.