The New Orleans Bee.

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NEW ORLEANS:
SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 18, 1860

SUBSCRIPTIONS BY THE WEEK

The carriers of the Bee are authorized to receive subscriptions to our paper, at the rate of 25 cents a week, payable in all cases to the carriers themselves.

Auction Sales This Day.

By D. E. Murphy, at 10 o'clock, at No. 67 Magazine street, moss pads.

By M. Bamuel, Jr., at 12 o'clock, at the St. Louis Exchange, property in the Second and Third Districts—succession sale.

By L. E. de St. Romes, at 12 o'clock, at the St. Louis Exchange, property in the Second and Third Districts—succession sale.

By N Nignia, at 12 o'clock, at the St. Louis Exchange, a country residence on the right bank of the Mississippi, also a negro woman, cook, washer and ironer.

By S. Hamilton, Constable, at 12 o'clock, at 266 Customhouse street, a sewing machine, twelve bandsome chairs and a sofa.

By Vincent & Co., at 10 o'clock, at their auction rooms, No. 28 Customhouse street, dry goods.

VALUABLE IMPROVED REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION BY JUDICIAL SHERIFF.—Judicially ordered to be sold to the highest bidder, at the Old Market, Common street, by the Sheriff of this Parish, of valuable improved property situated at the corner of Bourbon and Toupet boro streets, Fifth District. See advertisement.

A NEW ALLY.

Some days ago we called attention to the sudden and surprising change in the political views of the New York *Herald*. That journal, after shifting and wheeling like a weathercock in a gale of wind, seems at last to have become stationary. The position now assumed by the *Herald* is so extremely sensible and well sustained that we are in hopes it will find no reason hereafter to recommence its gyrations.

In the *Herald* of the 15th there is a long article explanatory of the motives which have instigated its changes of opinion. That journal strives to prove that it has been consistent throughout. It says that in the outset, supposing the defeat of Lincoln to be the paramount object of the supporters of Breckinridge, Bell and Douglas, it broached the plan of a system of fusion electoral tickets among them. This scheme of co-operation being impracticable, the *Herald*, under the impression that the South would be a unit for Breckinridge, advised a general rally in the North under his standard. This idea was, however, completely dissipated by the late Southern elections. Then the *Herald* counseled the withdrawal of all the anti-Lincoln candidates, and the recommendation by them of a joint stock ticket upon which all their supporters might combine. But this proposition produced no effect whatever. Nevertheless our New York contemporary does not despair. He thinks that Lincoln may still be defeated, that the means are at hand; that there is time enough yet to put them into shape for practical action. Well, what does the *Herald* suggest? Let that paper speak for itself:

The late Southern elections show that the Bell and Everett party in that section has become a party of positive power—a great party for the fusion, whatever may be the issue of this election. It has already achieved enough in the conservative States of the South to recommend it to the cordial support of the great Union masses of the conservative States of the North. Should Lincoln be elected, what will become of the clashing factions of the Democracy? They will most probably be absorbed in other party organizations, as were the fragments of the Whig party after their crushing defeat of 1852, and as the remains of the American party have been absorbed since 1856—their first and last national battle.

On the other hand, this Bell-Everett party, founded upon the Union as it is, including the organic, inalienable rights of slavery in the Southern States, is the natural antagonist of disunionism in both sections—of the Republican party, which seeks to abolish slavery in the South, and of the Southern fire eaters, who make the indefinite expansion of slavery the test of their submission to the Union. We have had sufficient manifestations of the strength of this new Constitutional party in the South to satisfy us that there it will hold; and it is upon the ticket of this established nucleus will be found a great party in the future that we now call upon the independent Union loving men of all parties and classes in the North to rally.

Our conservative, financial, commercial and manufacturing cities in this movement should at once lead the way. Under the immediate excitement resulting from the John Brown tragedy, we had numerous Union meetings here, there and everywhere, to reassure the people of the South that their Northern brethren were not all fanatical, anti-Union, abolition revolutionists. Those demonstrations did no harm; but now they would do much positive good. Let the good work, then, be commenced, as usual, in this commercial metropolis, and upon the basis of the Bell and Everett movement, as the most practical Union foundation of this crisis, and we may soon have such a response from all sides as will indicate that Lincoln is by no means already elected.

We are gratified to hear that in this city and State the Breckinridge men are very favorably disposed to a fusion with the Bell and Everett party. Such a fusion has already been consummated in New Jersey, and we expect the same thing in Pennsylvania. Let the Bell and Everett party push forward their banner. Thousands of conservative Old-Line Whigs, Americans, Democrats and Republicans, too, may be brought in by timely and energetic action, who may be otherwise left out among the wreck and confusion of the campaign. With half the electoral vote of the South to endorse them, there is now a fair chance for the election of Bell or Everett as our next President, by casting the election into Congress through a system of operations which recognizes a common cause against a common enemy. And the Douglas party having fused with the Bell and Everett party in Georgia, why should they hesitate to do the same thing in any Northern State?

In not the preceding article strong and sensible? Who would have suspected the New York *Herald* of arriving at the conclusion that Bell and Everett are the only candidates who can possibly defeat Lincoln? That journal has unquestionably confirmed its past reputation for sagacity and shrewdness. There is not the slightest doubt of the soundness of the *Herald's* position. *Rem acu tetigisti*. It has fully and accurately appreciated the state of popular feeling at the South, and shown conclusively what the conservative men of the North should do, if they are sincerely desirous of preventing the election of the Black Republican candidate. Breckinridge is out of the question in the North. He has not half the strength there which Douglas possesses in the South. On the other hand, Bell and Everett, indisputably popular in the North, cannot, of himself, muster votes enough to contest any of the non-slaveholding States. But if his party sans will fuse with the Bell and Everett men upon fair and equitable conditions, their combined strength may suffice to effect the defeat of Lincoln. As for the Breckinridgers of the North, nothing is to be expected from them. Though insignificant in numbers, they are determined not to swerve from their independent attitude. Besides, four fifths of them are office-holders, and cannot sacrifice their bread and butter. There may be just enough of them to help Lincoln to carry one or two close and doubtful States; and as they are constantly declaring that there is no difference between the Black Republican nominee, Douglas and Bell, they can, of course, have no disposition to prevent the election of the former, unless his defeat ensures to the benefit of Breckinridge. So the *Herald* must leave the latter entirely out of its calculation.

The Breckinridge and Lane party had certainly a very good meeting on Thursday night; but the estimates of the numbers present given by their organs are awfully exaggerated. One says there were ten thousand on the ground, and another that they were fifteen thousand. The latter number exceeds by some two thousand the heaviest vote ever polled in New Orleans by the whole population. Such overestimates remind us of a joke of recent occurrence. About ten days before the Kentucky election, the Breckinridge wing of the Democracy held a grand ratification meeting in Louisville. The next morning the Louisville *Courier* declared that not less than ten thousand Democrats had attended the gathering. In a few days the election took place and the Breckinridge vote was just 1003, or a little more than one-tenth the number of those who were said to be present at the meeting.

ARE YOU REGISTERED?

There are hundreds of persons in our city, and particularly young men, who will vote in November next for the first time. To all such it is highly important to understand that they MUST BE REGISTERED. The Registry office is situated in the basement story of the City Hall, at St. Charles street, and is open daily from 9 o'clock, A. M., to 3 P. M. It should likewise be borne in mind that all persons who have changed their domicile more than three months prior to the Presidential election, must notify the Register of the same, and have their certificate altered so as to state the fact: otherwise they will lose their votes.

Bell and Everett at Abite.—It will be seen by reference to the announcement in our columns that the friends of Bell and Everett will hold a meeting at Amite City on Monday next, 20th inst. The meeting will be held at 4 P. M. on Monday, returning at 6, P. M., on the same day. Excursion tickets can be procured at the office of the Jackson Railroad.

The Right of Impudence.—Transportation in a Breckinridge procession inscribed with Union loving mottoes from the speeches of Henry Clay and Daniel Webster!

Street Railroads in Philadelphia.—There are now in actual running order in Philadelphia nineteen passenger railway companies, with 306 cars, 2744 horses, and 1830 men employed. There are 108 1-2 miles of track laid. But one company (Tenth and Eleventh) has been for a night line in operation, but as this one has proved successful, others are considering the propriety of following the example.

The German Democracy in California. The *Sonntagsblatte Presse*, German Democratic paper in San Francisco, has hoisted the Douglas flag, to the great indignation of the Captain Heenan, it is said.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

Outbreaks in Turkey—Russian Intrigues.

New York, August 17.—The correspondent of the New York *World* at Constantinople, in a letter dated July 24, says the recent serious outbreaks in Turkey between Protestant Americans and the mob are tending fomenting fires.

The Turkish Government says that the outbreaks are instigated by Russian endeavors to provoke hostility between the soldiers and the Ottomans.

Protestant ambassadors have protested to the Ottoman Porte, and then warned their subjects to move with the greatest caution, as further disturbance was imminent.

Further by the Pony Express—Latest from the Sandwich Islands and China—The Anglo-French Expedition to China.

St. Joseph, Mo., August 17.—The Central Overland Pony Express, which arrived at this point from California at the 4th instant, brings interesting news received at San Francisco from China respecting the French and English expedition to China.

The Hong Kong *Press* of June 14th says the French would not be ready for Chinese operations till the month of August.

The British transport Assistance and the French transport Irene were wrecked off the coast of China. The French transport Reine des Clippers came to grief and was wrecked.

The rebels are besieging Chang Chow, where the Imperialists, with their governor, are shut up.

The apprehension that Loo Chow might fall produced a pause at Shanghae which prostrated trade.

Advices received from Haiwaii, the largest and most southerly of the Sandwich Islands, state that business rules very dull, the markets being completely overstocked.

Departure of the Great Eastern.—New York, August 17.—The mammoth steamship Great Eastern, Capt. Vine Hall, left this port yesterday afternoon for Halifax and Milford Haven.

A great number of steamers and other craft, loaded down, bedecked with colors, escorted the ship to sea.

The battery was filled with huge masses of human beings whose eyes rested upon the ship as she was gradually making her way to sea.

Departure of the Steamship Australian.—New York, August 17.—The British and North American Mail Steam Packet Company's steamship Australian, Captain Hockley, left her dock at noon yesterday for Liverpool, via Queenstown.

She took a valuable cargo of freight and a goodly number of passengers.

Ohio Bell and Everett Convention.—Chillicothe, August 17.—The Bell and Everett Convention, which assembled in this city yesterday nominated a full State electoral ticket.

The Syracuse Convention.—Syracuse, N. Y., August 17.—The Douglas State Convention has finally selected a full electoral ticket, satisfactory to the Bell and Everett committee, who have been present during the entire session.

One third of the electors are members of the American organization.

The selection for the State at large are Messrs. Reuben H. Walworth and Herman J. Redfield.

Resolutions were passed endorsing the non-intervention doctrine of Douglas and the nominations made at the Front street Theatre, Baltimore.

The Syrian Relief Committee.—New York, August 17.—The Syrian Relief Committee of this city has appointed Wm. A. Booth President, authorizing him to send assistance as soon as the contributions reach five hundred dollars.

Appointment of a New Orleans Postmaster.—Washington, August 17.—The President has appointed Dr. John L. Riddell Postmaster at New Orleans.

Mr. Richard McAll has been appointed Chief Clerk of the Fourth Auditor's office.

United States Treasury.—Washington, August 17.—The balance in the Treasury Department of the United States at the close of the week reaches $23,000,000.

Counterfeit Bank Bills.—New York, August 17.—Counterfeit five dollar bills on the Lime Rock Bank of Providence are in circulation.

Georgia Democratic Convention.—Milledgeville, August 17.—A Douglas Democratic State Convention has been called to meet here.

Almost every county in the State was represented. After the permanent organization of the Convention and the election of officers, the following resolutions were adopted:

A full State electoral ticket was nominated, with Messrs. A. H. Stephens and Augustus R. Wright as the candidates at large.

A series of resolutions were offered and adopted, among which is one unanimously inviting Senator Douglas to visit the State of Georgia.

Harmony prevailed during the entire proceedings, and the Convention adjourned *sine die*, amid great enthusiasm.

The Democratic and Conservative Conventions in Virginia.—Staunton, Va., August 17.—The Staunton *Gazette* says several propositions for a compromise between the Breckinridge Convention at Charlottesville and the Douglas Convention at Staunton were made, but over whelmingly rejected.

Bell Everett Electoral Ticket in Illinois.—Decatur, Illinois, August 17.—The Bell and Everett electoral ticket, which assembled in this city to-day nominated a full State electoral ticket.

Breckinridge Democratic Convention in Louisiana.—Donaldsonville, La., August 17.—A Breckinridge and Lane Democratic State Convention assembled in this city yesterday.

After its permanent organization and the passing of several resolutions, the Convention nominated a full State electoral ticket.

Withdrawal of James T. Brady.—New York, August 17.—A report is current that the two Democratic State Committees have decided that James T. Brady, who was recently nominated Governor of New York, shall resign in favor of Kelly, with the contingency of Brady's going to the United States Senate.

Death of Judge Mason.—New York, August 17.—Judge John I. Mason died at his residence in this city last night.

New York Markets.—New York, August 17. There were two cotton sales reported to-day. The Flour market closed dull, with sales of 12,000 barrels at $5 10 to $5 15 for Superfine State. Wheat closed dull at unchanged prices. Corn is active; there were sales to-day at prices ranging from 61½ to 62c. per bushel. Oats closed steady at 36 to 38c. per bushel. The Pork market remains firm; the sales were confined to 1500 barrels at $19 37½ for Mess. Beef closed steady at previous quotations. Bacon is quiet; the sales to-day were comparatively small. Lard closed dull, with sales of 450 barrels at 12 to 12½c. per lb. The Sugar market closed buoyant at 6¼ to 7½c. per lb for Cuba. Sales of 1000 hhds. Molasses are reported at 28c. per gallon. Coffee closed firm. Rio is quoted at 15c. per lb. Tobacco closed quiet at prices ranging from 4 11 bc. for Kentucky.

Cincinnati Markets.—Cincinnati, August 17. The Flour market closed steady at unchanged prices. There were 900 barrels of Whisky sold to-day at an advance of 2c. Provisions closed quiet but firm at unchanged prices.

River Intelligence.—Louisville, August 17.—The Ohio river at this point continues to fall, with four six inches of water in the canal, by the mark.

Steamboats Passing.—Vicksburg, August 17.—The steamers B. J. Adams and Aragon passed this point at two o'clock this morning, bound for New Orleans.

Discreditable Sentiment of John Bell. Some of the Breckinridge papers are quoting the following passages from Mr Bell in order to discredit him in the South:

Come weal, come woe, I will stand by the stars and stripes of this Union and the liberty of these States.

A heavy and destructive storm was experienced at Orleans on the 7th inst., by which a number of dwellings were injured, fences were blown down, &c., but fortunately no lives were lost.

Prenticiana.—We shouldn't wonder if Mr. Buchanan eye were to go off. The last time we saw him, it was cocked.

The New York *Evening Post* thinks that Douglas's chickens will go home to roost. Breckinridge's can't. They have had their necks rung.

A Breckinridge paper says that the Bell party and the Douglas party "go smacks." We guess the Breckinridge party is getting so famished that it would go a smack with amazing relish.

The Washington *Constitution* thinks that the Breckinridge or Douglas ticket will be the first to have their heads cut off, if Bell or Douglas should be elected. Very likely they would be the "first chop."

Nobody denies the patriotism of John Bell.
[*Louisville Journal.*

We deny it.—*N. C. Patriot.*

We know you do; we meant *you* when we said that *nobody* denied it.

We copy the following from the Caddo *Gazette*:

Dr. Wm. N. Head and Son Killed.—On Wednesday morning, Dr. Head and son were shot by Thomas Adams as they were passing through Greenwood in a buggy. A deadly feud had existed between the parties for several years, caused by the killing of Mr. Orr, a citizen of Greenwood. Adams states that Dr. Head and son came by his house, and that Dr. Head and child called to him to come out. He refused to do, believing that he wished to kill him. He ran to his house, mounted his horse, and, taking a near road, reached Greenwood before the buggy. He declared that he intended to kill Dr. Head as soon as he arrived. Waiting for him in an alley, he shot both father and son, killing the former in the buggy and wounding the latter, who, with a pistol in hand, jumped from the buggy and was shot by Adams. We have heard that Charles Head shot at Adams before he left the buggy, and that another pistol in his hand when he was killed.

The greatest excitement has been produced by this bloody tragedy. The community had been living in painful suspense, expecting some such thing of the kind, and last night it was done. Dr. Head was a talented man and a fine physician, but he missed the gifts with which he was endowed, and by his recklessness came to his death by violence.

The remains of father and son were brought to Shreveport on Thursday, and a large number of our citizens attended the funeral services.

Galvanized Silk Worms.—A Paris correspondent writes to the New York *World* as follows:

Silk worms require as much persuasion to induce them to work as the laziest negroes. M. Bonvegnon reports to the French Academy his discoveries in the matter. Finding the little beasts torpid and unwilling to work, he idea struck him to stir them up by electricity. The result he gives them, are really marvelous. The silk fibre grows worms at random from among them belonging to a neighbor, put them every day on a sheet-iron plate, through which a current of electricity was passed. In each time as long as they could stand it, and now has fifty-three beautiful cocoons, an enormous yield, as well as a saving of obtain, to all appearances, from several thousand ungalvanized worms. If these results may be relied on he has made a very valuable discovery.

We notice a Philadelphia paper that mentions of the Constitutional Union party are organizing in every six places, from the 16th inst. to the 4th September. This is the spirit of success!

POLITICAL ITEMS.

North Carolina.—The Raleigh *Register* of the 11th says:

There are still nine counties to be heard from. Thus far the whole vote polled in the Governor's election is 103,738, by far the largest vote ever polled in the State. Ellis beats Pool about 5500. Pool leads on the Bragg and Gilmer vote upwards of 7000, and on the Ellis and McRae vote about about 11,000. This is the state of affairs in North Carolina, after a most active and exciting campaign, and is an earnest sign that Bell and Everett will carry the State in November. While the Union men deeply regret that they did not place Pool, we are yet to be overcome or discouraged, and who is not determined to go into the campaign for the Presidential ticket with all the zeal and energy. The Breckinridge Yancey ticket will be beaten to death in North Carolina. North Carolina will not be taken to the tail of South Carolina and Alabama. Mark the prediction.

It will be seen that the Union party has made a clear gain in the Legislature of sixteen members—fifteen in the House and one in the Senate. The *Register* says the data also announces that Dr. T. W. Keen, of Rockingham, Democratic elector for the Sixth District, has resigned his position on the ticket, and declares considers Douglas and Johnson the nominees of the National Democracy, and intends supporting that ticket. This is the news that the schism in the Democratic ranks in this State is growing wider daily. Bell and Everett will undoubtedly carry the State in November over both the Democratic tickets.

Singular Marriages.

A writer sends the following from Putnam county, Ind., to the Indianapolis *Journal*:

In Owen county, a man eighty years of age married his third and fourth successive wife a girl of about seventeen summers. The next Sabbath they entered church together; the young bride, as the eyes of her youthful female associates in the congregation turned upon her, dropped herself, exceedingly ashamed, into a seat near the door. A few days subsequently, the step-daughter, aged about 13 years, with unmerciful severity, and the venerable sire, to show his indorsement of his new wife's administration, renewed the chastisement of his daughter to inhumanity. An indictment has been found against him by the Grand Jury. He and his paramour have fled the scene and disgrace, and a final separation has taken place.

Another widower of four-score, in the same county, married a widow of two score years of age. The bridal party, assembled in hand in hand a few days afterward in a public congregation, there were significant glances of many eyes and a general laugh in the crowd. The manner of the laugh or were the manifest affection of the loving and newly allied couple, and the chaste appearance with gloves on. Such a thing as his brides giving away to her husband in the constitutional limitations, you are driven into the very bowels of the earth to find the literary power. Why this doctrine you may search a despotism under the American system. I do not carries us back to the abhorrent principles of the British colonial author ity against which we fought and bled. I repeat, *acquiesced in that odious doctrine*, and I believe that it contributed to the fact of public secu rity. Speech of *Breckinridge, Con Globe, March 23, 1854.*

"I am connected with no party that has for its object the *extension* of the institution of slavery. THE PEOPLE OF A TERRITORY FROM DECIDING the question of existence or non-existence with them for themselves."

"As to the principle of 'squatter sovereign ty,' I wish further to say that in the late contest between Gen. Taylor and the honorable and distinguished Senator from Michigan, [Gen. Cass] it was distinctly brought forward as the principle on which the people of Tennessee

"In that contest, in common with Senator Cass, I repudiated the doctrine of Popular Sovereignty. They [the people of Tennessee] repudiated it, and I was elected. Upon that principle, I am here to-day."

"In Tennessee, at that time believed we were advocating principles on this subject appended in all the Southern States. The principle then contended for was that the people of a Territory, when *they come to form their State Constitution*, and THEN ONLY, were qualified to establish their domestic institutions."

"But humanity to the slave as well, not less than justice to the master, recommends the policy of *diffusion and extension into any new territory adopted to its condition*, and this reasons are too obvious to be misunderstood by the dullest intellects."

The attention of buyers is called to the sale of foreign and American dry goods this day, by Vincent & Co., at 10 o'clock, at their auction room, No. 28 Customhouse street.

DIED,

Yesterday morning, August 17th, at Bay St. Louis, Miss., J. E. Toulme, aged 65 years.

Of the Great West is the promised land in the eyes of millions, but in the Old Northwest, its rich soil and unequaled opportunities for development are the great scenes of its attractions. But along its beautiful streams there lurks malaria of most deadly influence, which is the great drawback of that splendid land. Many a family has in years to come, Emigrants and others who contemplate settlement in that section, will do well to provide themselves with the only cure that has yet been found effectual for speedy and reliable relief, and that is the celebrated DR. C. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED BITTERS, which have snatched hundreds from an untimely grave. Their operation upon the digestive organs is soon felt to be beneficent, without violence or harm.

For sale by druggists and dealers generally, everywhere. aug15dt

IN THE FAMILY CIRCLE THE

Old Sachem Bitters and Wigwam Tonic

are gratefully received. They encourage appetite, extinguish chills and fever, and are a powerful alterative.

For sale by WOODMAN & REMENT,
Corner Magazine and Commercial streets.

TWO arrive per ship Globe, Barker, master, from Havre—27 boxes, 13 bottles each, Artwork, Cognac, for sale by J. CAMILLE LACOSTE.
aug16 2 Carondelet st.

GREEN PEAS—MUSHROOMS—200 cases green peas, Extra Fine, 50 half boxes do do, 100 cases Mushrooms, Buttons, Pure & Fine, 50 half boxes do do; to arrive per ship Mathilde, from Havre, and for sale by
aug16 9 and 11 Jefferson st.

DEMIJOHNS—2000 5 gallon Demijohns, 1200 3 do; to arrive per ship Globe, from Havre, and for sale by
aug16 LANATA BROTHERS.
9 and 11 Jefferson st.

FRUITS IN JUICE, STRAWBERRIES, BRANDY CHERRIES—100 cases Fruits in Juice, 2 Bottles each, 50 cases Strawberries in Juice, per ship Bordeaux Packet, to arrive; for sale by
aug16 LANATA BROTHERS.
9 and 11 Jefferson st.

MARSEILLES: MARSEILLES—50 boxes Castile Soap, 50 cases Vermicelli, Nonilla, Pasta & Co.; 50 cases Macaroni, Fine & Coarse; 50 cases Barrel Wine; 50 cases Claret Wine, very cold; 100 cases Orange Flower Water; 100 cases Malaga Wine, qrts. 25 cases Rose Water; for sale by
aug16 LANATA BROTHERS.
9 and 11 Jefferson st.

LANDING from ship Lizzie Boggs, arrived from Boston, C. F. Berger, C. Commissioner and Richard Hilliard, U. S. Deputy Marshal, for the Eastern District of Louisiana, will hold a Court at the Custom House, in the City of New Orleans, on the 21st day of August next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of hearing and determining all matters and causes in admiralty, civil and criminal, which may be brought before them.

By order of the Court.
JOHN WINTHROP, Clerk.
aug18 3t

Rally! Rally! Rally!
YOUNG BELL RINGERS!

THE regular weekly meeting of this Club will be held at their Hall, Roxy Building, THIS EVENING, Saturday, August 18, at 8 o'clock.

By order of the President.
aug18-1t R. C. CARTER, Secretary.

Executive Committee Room National Constitutional Union Party.

THE friends of BELL and EVERETT, will hold a MEETING on MONDAY NEXT, 20th instant, at Amite City.

Excursion tickets can be obtained at the depot of the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company, Price, $2 50.

The train leaves Monday, 20th instant, at 8 o'clock, A. M., returning same day at 5 P. M.

By order of the Committee.
aug18 1t M. MUSSON, Chairman.

To Rent.

THE WASHINGTON TOBACCO WARE HOUSES, Third District. These large and commodious Warehouses are finely situated for the heavy storage business; being so near the river, and with such an extensive front and private wharf, that several vessels can load and unload at the same time with the utmost facility and with little expense. There is also a good dwelling-house attached. The City Railroad will run through this property, rendering them readily accessible at all times at trifling expense.

For further particulars apply to
M. J. DE LIZARDI & CO.
aug18 1m 39 Bienville st

JEFFERSON ACADEMY,
43 BOURBON STREET, NEW ORLEANS,
Conducted by G. J. LOMB.

THIS establishment will be closed during the month of August.

The Classes will meet again on Monday, 3d September.
aug18 1tsu

Notice.

MY wife having left my bed and board, I shall not pay any debts contracted by her.
August 17th, 1860. TIPOT BIJOU.
aug18 1t

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

J. A. CAMADAVANT,
Surgeon Dentist
145..... ROYAL STREET 145

Between St. Peter and Toulouse streets.

INSERTS Artificial Teeth from one to a whole set, with or without gums. By the application of the most recent and latest improvements, and guaranteed to perform all the functions of the natural organs. Having had a practice of twenty years in this city, known in Louisiana for a number of years, that he needs no other Consultations in French, Spanish and English.

Operations on Teeth, Scaling and Plugging.
jy19 1yr

Universal Remedy—No More Tooth Ache—No More Decayed Teeth.—The chemical analysis, made by the Faculty, of Professor Storer's Oriental Dentifrice, and the experiments which they have produced by the use of this remarkable remedy, authorize us to say that Storer's Extract of Rose, or ORIENTAL DENTIFRICE WATER every one can use it with perfect confidence. It will preserve the teeth from their primitive whiteness and beauty. Numerous and elevated have been the testimonials which have been produced to us, that teeth by the frequent use of this remedy, have become as white as ivory, and all of our own information. In using for and sale by
DORIAN & BRITTIN, Druggists,
jy19 Corner of Bienville and Bourbon streets.

SHERRY, MADEIRA AND PORT—200 quarter and 100 8th cases pale dry Sherry, Lavers & Echenique; 30 quarter and 15 8th cases Madeira, Lavers & Echenique; 60 quarter pipes Port, Lavers & Echenique; 50 quarter pipes Port, M. Blake.

For sale by
S. D. GRATIAA & CO.,
jy19 No. 39 Customhouse street.

RED WINES FOR FAMILY AND RESTAURANT—20 casks Margaux, Gonvoillier; 60 do St. Emilion, Rousseau; 30 do St. Estephe, Rousseau; 30 do do, ordinary; for sale by
S. D. GRATIAA & CO.,
aug18 No. 39 Customhouse st

ALSYNTH—100 cases Absynth, 50 cases Bitters, 100 do do, Burgess & Co.; 50 cases Kirschwasser, for sale by
LANATA BROTHERS.
aug18 9 and 11 Jefferson st

RED AND WHITE WINES—150 casks Castle Blanco, Bisquey Gendron & Co.; 50 do do do Claret Wines; for sale by
LANATA BROTHERS.
aug18 9 and 11 Jefferson st

BRANDIES IN BONDED WAREHOUSES—20 quarter and 20 eighth pipes, Planat & Co., 1822; 70 quarter pipes, Planat & Co., 1822; 70 quarter pipes, Planat & Co., 1819; 10 do and 1794; 10 quarter and 20 eighth pipes, Larrouede, 1822 and 1795; 10 half pipes, Larrouede, 1795; 10 quarter pipes, Larrouede, 1820; 10 quarter and 20 eighth pipes, Lecompte & Co., 1822; 10 quarter and 20 eighth pipes, Lecompte & Co., 1795; 10 half and 5 quarter pipes, Union of La Fayette; 20 quarter pipes, Union of La Fayette; 20 quarter pipes, Union of La Fayette; 20