The New Orleans Bee.

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THE DAILY BEE, BY WEBBER & CO. TERMS, 1 Week.

NEW ORLEANS: TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 4

SUBSCRIPTIONS BY THE WEEK

The carriers of the BEE are authorized to receive subscriptions for our paper, at the rate of 25 cents a week, payable in all cases in the current week.

Anyone Can Make This Boy.

By S. Brice & Co., at 10 o'clock, at Nos. 45 and 47 Old Levee street, a very large assortment of foreign and domestic dry goods, also, at 10½ o'clock, damaged goods.

By C. H. Postell, at 11 o'clock, cotton crop, harness, cart, &c., at the store opened near the Bermuda.

BLACK REPUBLICAN WREATH.

A correspondent of the New York *Express*, writing from Vevay, Indiana, says that the Union fires are burning brightly in that State, and that since the formation of the Bell electoral ticket large accessions have been made to the cause. "If we do no more," adds the writer, "we may at least give the State to Douglas." This remark stems to be borne out by the indignation of the leading Black Republican organ of Ohio—the Cincinnati *Gazette*. It is furious at the idea of the Bell and Everett men in Indiana preferring DOUGLAS to LINCOLN, and striving to give the State to the "Little Giant" in default of their inability to carry it for their own candidates. The *Gazette* makes a most pathetic and heart-rending appeal to the Union men of Indiana not to permit themselves to be transformed to DOUGLAS, either directly or indirectly, nor to aid in defeating the full-splitting Abolitionist and irrepressible conflict champion, for the purpose of extending sympathy and success to a conservative, national, Union-loving candidate. The *Gazette* is alternately excited to wrath and melted to tears. At one moment it is full of fierce resentment; at the next it pours forth pitiful lamentations.

Near all this stimulated feeling on the subject is the baldest and barest proteans intelligible, or if not, it carries the *Gazette* of inscrutable ignorance of the political sentiment of the country. Of the two suppositions the former is by far the more plausible. The Cincinnati Black Republican sheet is not stupid, but crafty; not deficient in discernment, but in honesty. It is perfectly well aware, that, let down as low as it may, the great, permanent and overwhelming object of the Bell and Everett men of the non-slave-holding States is the defeat of LINCOLN. All other questions are subsidiary to this. Their political course in that section of the Republic is chiefly governed by this consideration. The *Gazette* knows this just as well as we do. It cannot have overlooked the policy pursued in New York. Why is it that in the Empire State the friends of BELL and EVERETT have fused with the adherents of STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, while in Illinois, Indiana and Ohio they have nominated independent electoral tickets? In all other cases their action, different as it may appear, has been based and controlled by the same consideration and stable motive—viz. the defeat of LINCOLN. In New York, for instance, the Bell and Everett men have good reason to believe that a separate electoral ticket would receive thousands of votes which would be otherwise cast for a more popular conservative candidate than is JOHN BELL in that State, and that thus the prospects of LINCOLN would be materially enhanced. So thinking, they have wisely, nobly and patriotically sacrificed the barren honor of running a Bell ticket in the Empire State, and have coalesced with the Douglas men, thus securing to an anti-Lincoln ticket fifty or sixty thousand votes which it could not have obtained by any other arrangement, and at the same time being certain of ten electoral votes for Bell and Everett in the event of the triumph of the fusion ticket.

In Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, it is not to the advantage of the Bell and Everett party to fuse with the Douglas men. Most of the former are invariably opposed to Democracy, and could not be induced to sustain Mr. DOUGLAS. As conservatives and Old Line Whigs they are willing to give their votes to Bell, but to do this they were no Union tickets in the field, the majority of them would go over to LINCOLN. Hence the wisdom and judgment displayed by the conservatives of those States in running separate tickets. Almost every vote which will be cast in favor of BELL & EVERETT in Ohio, Illinois and Indiana is a dead loss to ABRAHAM LINCOLN. Our readers will perceive, therefore, that the Bell and Everett men of the North are strictly carrying out a fixed principle. They have resolved by all possible means to beat the Black Republicans, if this result be within the compass of possibility. When coalitions with other national parties are manifestly to promote the object, they will not hesitate to form, or be deterred from their duty by the sneers, the contempt or reproaches of their adversaries. Where patriotism and independence seem bather adapted to the purpose in contemplation, they will boldly adopt that plan. The clamor and the jeremiads of the Lincoln sheets we must believe to be altogether assumed. They are doubtless annoyed at the clever tactics of the conservatives, by which their fondest hopes are thwarted, but utter disappointment is not the cause of the sincere affectation. Those hypocritical journals understand that the conduct of the Bell and Everett men in the North is dictated by the determination to beat LINCOLN, just as well as they understand that the orders made by the Breckinridgers of the same section to elect electoral tickets in States in which they have not one twentieth of the votes, is a cunning device to injure DOUGLAS, and consequently to benefit LINCOLN. Hence they denounce the former and applaud the latter. Their resentment is reserved exclusively for Bell and Everett men, while their profuse panegyrics upon the Breckinridge faction scarcely fall below the edited eulogies they daily bestow upon the Illinois mid-splitter.

THE GRAND DEMONSTRATION TO-NIGHT.—A glance at the programme in our columns will give the reader some idea of the preparations making for the grand Bell and Everett demonstration this evening on Congo Square. The meeting will be one of the most numerous, and will be more than ordinary array of banners and transparencies, and will probably constitute one of the finest pageants ever beheld in New Orleans. The meeting will be addressed on the square by the Hon. C. C. Langdon, of Mobile, and other distinguished gentlemen. COME ONE, COME ALL!

Our thanks are due the "Constitution Club" for a spirit-stirring Union song, adapted to the melody of Dixie.

THE SEWING MACHINE CONTROVERSY.—We call the attention of our readers to the communication bearing the above title. Conclusive facts are therein established, which will enlighten the community touching the judicial proceedings to which the patent rights for the several sewing machines have given rise.

CATAHOULA.—The Union men of Catahoula held a rousing meeting about a week ago, which was addressed by Messrs. Thorton Stone, J. Hawkins and R. H. Cuny. The Harrisburg *Independent* (central) says, "unanimity and confidence prevailed the meeting." Roll on the ball.

The Petersburg *Intelligencer* reminds us that we are indebted to an article of John Bell's record to the Nashville *Patriot* instead of to the *Intelligencer*. The error arose from inadvertence, and we now make the correction.

WORTH REMEMBERING.—Let it be remembered that Hon. Wm. L. Yancey, when in Congress, voted for the admission of Oregon with the Wilmot Proviso attached. John Bell has always voted against that Proviso. James Buchanan has declared over and over again, that Congress possessed the power to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia. John Bell voted against the bill with that provison. Yancey and Buchanan are the chief supporters of Breckinridge and Lane, and John Bell is manifestly ashamed of being an Abolitionist!

A FEMALE SWINDLER ON A LARGE SCALE.—Senora Dona Sodre, a pretended Portuguese Countess, has been arrested in New York, for cheating by false pretenses. She set her birth and figure-head claiming to be a daughter of a Portuguese nobleman, named Don Pedro, a Count, affiliated to belong to the blood royal of Portugal; to be a cousin of Prince de Joinville; to be the brother of an Englishman named Wallen, for marrying whom she was banished for seven years; to be an intimate friend of Gen. Pare, August Belmont, Richard Bennett, and other great personages. Her property she puts up to $50,000. By such representations she obtained accommodations at various hotels. Her last victim was William Grieg, No. 1051 Broadway, for apartments at the rate of $75. Finding that the payments were not forthcoming, he made some inquiries about her; he ascertained that she was a swindler, and procures She was committed by the commissioner.

PRECEDENCE AND PRACTICE.—Mr. Buchanan said in his stump speech in Washington the other day, that neither Douglas nor Breckinridge were the nominees of the Democratic party according to usage, and that Democrats were perfectly free to vote for *either*, and still be Democrats.

Since that declaration of Mr. Buchanan, it is computed that he has signed out of office no less than three hundred office-holders who intend to vote for Douglas.

MAJ. ROBINEY.—We learn from the Mobile, Ala., *Advocate* that Maj. Roberney came to that city from Montgomery, was tried by the Vigilance Committee, and committed to the Parish Prison to await the action of the United States District Court.

The athletic match between Canada and the States is the most interesting about town at present. The Canadians are here in force, and have won the greater number of the matches. Five United States first honings, 45 second honings, 45 second honings, 72.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

Later from Panama—Arrival of the Northern Light—Late News from General and South America—The Civil War in Honduras—Defeat of Gen. Trapp.

NEW YORK, September 3.—The United States mail steamship Northern Light, Captain Tinkhampagh, from Aspinwall, bringing the passengers and mails brought down to Panama from San Francisco by the steamship which sailed from the latter port on the 11th ultimo, arrived at this port Saturday evening.

The Northern Light brought, besides a large cargo of valuable freight, $234,000 in gold, consigned to some of the principal business houses of this city.

Her news from California has been anticipated by the overland Pony Express at St. Joseph, Missouri.

Forty Americans from San Francisco, bound for Honduras, arrived in a Prussian brig at La Union, a seaport town of Central America, several weeks before the 11th ultimo.

Much excitement had been caused by the discovery of a new gold mine near Paris. A large number of persons had already left, with the prospect of making fortunes.

Advices received at Panama from Guayaquil state that the civil war in Honduras was still progressing.

The engagement which was daily expected between General Flores and Franco had finally taken place, and resulted in the defeat of the latter.

Advices from Buenaventure say that General Obando, the second in command to General Mosquera, was reported to have taken the town of Pasto, three hundred stats of the infantry's clothes, and twelve thousand dollars.

The United States steamship sloop of war Narragansett was sixty days out from Rio de Janeiro to Panama. It is supposed she met with an accident during her passage.

Later from California—Arrival of the Pony Express at St. Joseph, September 3.—The Central Overland Pony Express arrived at this point last evening, bringing advices from San Francisco to the 29th ult.

Business at San Francisco was steady. Candles were quoted at 24c. per lb. Provisions closed steady at previous rates. Ceylon coffee was selling at 15 to 15½c. per lb. Sugar was firm at 13c. per lb. for crushed.

The United States mail steamship Sonora, which sailed from San Francisco for Panama, took out one hundred and ninety passengers and $870,000 in treasure on freight.

The quantity of Washoe silver shipped during the last two months is reported at 326,000 lbs. The total exports from California since the 1st of January are put down at 4,500,000 against 2,985,000 for the corresponding period last year.

Lieut. Weed's command attacked a party of Indians on the Pony route, killing seventeen and losing three of his men. It is generally supposed that there will be no further interruptions along the route.

News from Europe—Arrival of the Steamer Bavaria—Important from the Sicilies—Departure of Garibaldi for Caire—The cause of Talage in Sicily—Massacre of Syrian Christians.

NEW YORK, September 3.—The Hamburg-American packet Bavaria, which left Southampton on the 19th ult., arrived at this port today.

She brings the following highly important and interesting news:

A Sardinian frigate arrived at Cairo on the 12th ult., bringing Dr. Bertano, with important news for General Garibaldi, who immediately issued a proclamation to the effect that he was obliged to leave for a few days, and placed his land and sea forces in command of General Bymori. The indications are supposed to have reference to Rome.

During the recent disturbances at Balonich, twenty churches and two convents were destroyed by fire. A number of Christians were murdered, and the females outraged.

The Turkish troops sent to preserve order were pursuing the rioters.

The Mussulmans at Damascus maintained a menacing attitude. Large bodies of fanatics were parading the town, and threatening the slaughter of the Christians who had sought refuge in the citadel.

One Day Later from Europe—The City of Manchester Of Cape Race—Liverpool Cotton Market Firm—Breadstuffs Steady—Consols Quiet.

ST. JOHN, N. F., Sept. 3.—The Inman Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia Mail Company's screw steamship Cay of Manchester, Captain M Guigan, from Liverpool on the 22d, and Queenstown on the 23d, passed this city one day's later intelligence, passed Cape Race to-day on her way to New York.

She was boarded by the newsboat of the Associated Press, and the following summary of her news obtained:

Liverpool Cotton Market.—[By telegraph to Queenstown.]—Liverpool, August 23.—The sales of the week (Thursday to Wednesday) in the Liverpool Cotton market embraced 10,000 bales, of which speculators and exporters took 3000.

The market is firmly in favor of the quotations given in the Broker's circular of last week.

Breadstuffs and Provision Markets.—Liverpool, August 23.—Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co. say that the market for Breadstuffs generally closed buoyant.

The unfavorable weather in England for the growing crops may cause another advance in prices.

The Liverpool Provision market generally closed dull.

London Breadstuffs Market.—London, August 23, P. M.—Messrs. Baring Bros. & Co. say that all qualities of Breadstuffs have slightly advanced since the sailing of the Africa.

London Money Market.—London, August 23, P. M.—The English funds closed quiet, as follows:

Consols for money closed at 92¾ to 93.

New York Markets.—New York, September 3.—The Cotton market to-day was quiet, while the sales embraced 400 bales at 10¾c. for Middling Uplands. The Flour market closed dull, with sales of 19,000 barrels at 22.55 to 22.65 for Superfine State. Wheat has declined 2 to 3c. per bushel. Corn closed quiet, with sales of 30,000 bushels at prices ranging from 65 to 70c. The sales of Pork reached 1,000 barrels, at $19 50 to $19 75 for Mess. Lard closed firm: the sales foot up 425 barrels at 12¼ to 13¼c. per pound. Coffee dull; sales unimportant. Porto Rico Molasses is quoted at 39c. per gal. Sugar closed dull, with sales of 800 hogsheads at 6¾ to 7¾c. per pound for Cuba.

Cincinnati Markets.—Cincinnati, September 3.—A decline of 25 to 50c. was reported in Flour: the market closed quiet at nominal prices. Coffee has advanced 4c.: there were sales to-day at 14¾ to 15c. per pound. Sugar is worth 5¾ to 9½c. per pound. Molasses is quoted at 43 to 44c. per gallon.

River Intelligence.—Louisville, September 3 —The Ohio is on a rise, the gauge to-day ranging with 4 feet 9 inches of water in the canal by the mark.

St. Louis, September 3.—The river at this point has risen 5 inches in 24 hours.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—The President has appointed Joseph Dowdell Postmaster at Columbia, in place of Mr. Hemphill, resigned. Henry Snyder, Jr., of Baltimore, Special Agent, vice Magruder, deceased, and reappointed Wm. G. Bangs Postmaster at Springfield, Ill.

WASHINGTON, August 31.—It is ascertained that the Administration has no more official information on Mexican affairs than is already known to the public and through the newspapers. The President does not consider Vera Cruz in accordance with a desire expressed in official quarters. While our Government would not interfere in the Mexican struggle, equipped intervention in the affairs of that country, it would be powerless to interfere, Congress having made no provision for such a contingency.

Compliment to Commander Maury—Another Prince Coming.

WASHINGTON, August 29, 1860.—It has already been stated in the newspapers that the American schooner Ferdinand Brasilian contemplates a visit to this country. Commander Maury has just received a letter from her Imperial Highness, the wife of Don Solferino in a copy.

TRIESTE, June 11, 1860.

"*Dear Sir*: I read with the greatest pleasure your two treatises on the Gulf Stream, and now return my grateful thanks for this interesting publication, as well as for the most valuable sailing directions, of which you very kindly made use and the American navy's pressure.

"I avail myself of this opportunity for sending you the meteorological diary kept within the Adriatic during my trip to South America, on board H. I. M.'s steamer Elizabeth. Be pleased to accept it as a small contribution to the observations you so suggested, and in which all our sailing vessels now are assiduously engaged. May it serve you as a proof that our small navy, appreciating also the full weight and extent of your noble mission, strives to add something to a work which all enlightened seamen proclaim as the highest improvement in the navigation of the present age. I have not having been able to pay a visit to the northern part of the transatlantic continent, for I then lost the opportunity of having your personal acquaintance, and of expressing to you the worth my highest esteem. As I soon intend to undertake a voyage to the United States, I trust I shall then have the pleasure of meeting you.

Most sincerely, yours,

FERDINAND MAXIMILIAN,

To Capt. M. F. MAURY, Superintendent of the U. S. Observatory, Washington.

A Bolshevic Sell.

TEN THOUSAND-DOLLAR BET.—We are authorized by a gentleman of Concordia, parish to say that he will bet ten thousand dollars that Breckinridge and Lane will get the electoral votes of all the Southern States except three.

The above is about the richest joke of the season; it being well understood that the $10,000 thus offered are in Democratic shinplasters, commonly called Breckinridge notes. Under such bills, and other valuable stuff of the regular Locofoco species. There would have been a much over bet to-day, Saturday morning has not the gamesters and Concordia men's hard money been generally understood. As it was, we heard no person offer more than another $500 being offered at par, and only one person $1000 interest (*good money, pleaded up*) in any such wager!

The Democracy about here had better stop gaming. Either they have not the material, or they have not the spunk to resist it. The *Free Trader* offered a week ago, five tens, equivalent only to *fifties*, for a bet of $500 on Breckinridge's election, with a gratuity of $50 thrown in, have since for failing to bring the betting gentlemen to "time." The "dimes silenced" have been long published to a word, and the "amounts" are not forthcoming. Betting is a foolish argument at the best; but never more so than when betting braggarts have to "back" in their bows.

[Natchez Courier.

The Alamo (Texas) *Express* says:

We hope by our next issue to lay before the public the Union electoral ticket. Among the distinguished men are Hons. Epperson, A. B. Norton, R. K. Peticolas, and Col. J. A. Wilcox. Col. Forbes Britton, and Col. J. A. Wilcox. Every one of them a tower of strength.

Movements of the Prince of Wales.

MONTREAL, August 30—P. M.—The Prince of Wales traveled in a magnificent car, specially fitted out for him. The stations along the route were decorated with arches, evergreens, &c. The crowd cheered the train as it passed along. At Lachine a handsome pavilion was erected. The Prince received addresses at St. Hyacinthe, Lennoxville, and Sherbrooke. At the latter place he was escorted to the residence of Hon. A. G. Gale, Senate Minister, where he partook of a lunch and held a levee.

Towards the close, he was presented to Mr. Pelton, an old and respected citizen, who was signal midshipman on the Nelson flag-ship at Trafalgar. He was subsequently deprived of his rank for the loss of the Hoy of war Cartman, at the West Indies. The case was one of considerable hardship, and the Prince, on being informed of the particulars, restored Mr. Pelton to his rank in the navy. The act gave great satisfaction, and was loudly applauded by those present.

After the Prince, on his return to the station, was surrounded by an immense crowd, who vehemently cheered him, while ladies threw bouquets of flowers on the platform of the car. Addresses were presented at Montreal, Kingston, Belleville, Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, and Niagara Falls.

OTTAWA, (C. E.) August 31.—The Prince started from Montreal at eight this morning, in a heavy shower of rain. He stood on the end of the train, departing with bowing and waving of his hat to the assembled multitude. The volunteers fired a parting salute. He left the train at St. Ann's, where the bridge was decorated and a crowd assembled, and barked from the steamer Prince of Wales. At Two Mountains the Indians fired a salute, rang the bells, &c.

At Carillon there was a great turnout when he took the cars for Grenoville. There was a fresh display of loyalty as he went aboard the steamer Prince for Ottawa. The weather was tolerable, and the Prince enjoyed the beautiful scenery. Two miles below the city he was met by six steamers, full of passengers, and over a hundred rafts of timber, manned by one thousand lumbermen, who saluted the Prince with the most vigorous cheers heard since his arrival in the country, and escorted him to the city, where two thousand people were assembled. The enthusiasm was wonderful. When he landed at the wharf, a salute was fired by the volunteer artillery. The wharf was beautifully decorated. The Mayor presented an address, but the effect of the ceremony was marred by the heavy shower. The Prince came to town in a closed carriage, and was received by a volunteer company and a procession through the city. Many ornamental flags and evergreen arches were magnificent.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

The Murder of Quintero—Coroner's Inquest—An immense concourse repaired to and around the Coroner's office yesterday morning during the inquest, over the body of Jose Quintero, particularly the countenance of Melaquino, for he appears to have always borne a bad character. The following testimony was taken:

Mary Jackson, who was arrested as a witness, gives the following relation of the affair: "About half-past ten o'clock yesterday night, I was in my room, in the house No. 48 Dauphine street, between Conti and St. Louis streets, when I saw Pierre Lotoille and Ellen Mason entering the front door. They went into Ellen's room—the back one—and as the door of my room opens into that room, I heard Lotoille tell Ellen if she would not go back of bayou with him. Ellen said no, that if she did so he would kill her. They then began quarreling, and I heard Lotoille tell Ellen it was her last night. Lotoille then caught her by the throat, and Ellen cried, 'Oh mother! Oh mother!' Lotoille kept choking her, and dragged her out into the yard, and when there Ellen broke away from him and fled down, and Lotoille continued chasing her until he heard a watchman rapping his rattle, when he jumped the fence to avoid being arrested. Dr. S. Marsh was called in, and found Ellen lying in the yard. Ellen had been away from home all day through fear of Lotoille. She was not drunk, nor had been in the habit of getting drunk. She had formerly lived with Lotoille, and he wanted her to live with him again. Ellen refused to do, having left him from disgust. I went into Ellen's room lately and arrange matters, but Lotoille ordered me out."

H. F. Kavenagh gave bail to answer the charge of manslaughter, and was released on $1000 bail.

Officer Joseph Nemer had to give $300 bonds to keep the peace, for threatening the life of officer Mauricio Sulsbury.

Peyton Carmine had to give peace bonds for insulting Elizabeth Scott. Mr. and Mrs. Schwarz had to give peace bonds for assaulting Jos. Ormsby.

F. Dyhldorf gave bail to answer the charge of getting drunk and creating scandal. J. F. Noonan gave bail to answer the charge of abusing Marie Ovrens.

Joseph Lemaire and Hyram Janousky were held to answer the charge of vagrancy.

(Continued.)

The Sewing Machine Controversy—A Few Points for Inquiring Minds.—George B. Sloat, in a card to the public, affirms that Judge Nelson's decision is that "of an *inferior and petty court*," which "does not bind the Supreme Court of the United States, nor the Circuit Court of the United States," and Mr. Sloat affirms, in a previous card, that there is no appeal from Judge Dunlop's decision, that it ends the controversy, &c.

Mr. No. 1.—Mr. Samuel Nelson is one of the judges of the Supreme Court of the United States, and was sitting at Cooperstown, in his circuit jurisdiction, and from his decision there is only the right of appeal to the full bench of the United States Supreme Court.

Mr. No. 2.—Mr. James Dunlop is Chief Justice of the Circuit Court of the *District of Columbia*, having jurisdiction only in that district, and from his decision there is only the right of appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Mr. No. 3.—It appears that the matter in issue before Judge Dunlop was merely whether a release of patent should be granted to James G. Wilson, as assignee of Orange Judd, of the original patents for the "wheel feed" device, the consideration having decided that I. M. Singer was the prior inventor, and it does not appear that any other than Mr. Singer contested the matter. The decision was not on the merits of the invention of the friction feed entered into the hearing at all. The release was ordered by Judge Dunlop, and whatever Mr. J. G. Wilson may claim, or Mr. Sloat may claim, as to the merits of the invention, is a matter which the Court never has yet heard, and never will claim, as the matter may appear on the trial of any contested case that may arise on the merits of the reissued patent.

Fact No. 4.—In the hearing before Judge Nelson, the entire merits of the friction feed were gone into, and all that could be brought to bear against the A. B. Wilson patent was brought forward. The "Grover & Baker" machine was exhibited, and the "Wheeler & Wilson" patent, and putting Mr. Allen on the "original inventor" himself upon the stand. And yet Judge Nelson says in his decision, after reviewing all this new, and that is *against the pretensions set up in behalf of Allen*." And his decision fully sustains the A. B. Wilson patent, and the claim of Mr. Wilson, to the claim, or key other 'ped set up. This decision can be carried by appeal to the full bench of the Supreme Court at Washington, of which Judge Nelson is a member, and if it is carried there, and they say by a unanimous decision that Judge Nelson is wrong, the decision is not to be made to apply to the merits may be made to appear. If it is sustained, Mr. Sloat's bold trumpeted assertion that Judge Dunlop is worth no more to him than so much blank paper, will be found to be the interpreting from the decision of Judge Nelson.

Fact No. 5.—Since the order of Judge Dunlop, the Court of Appeals in Washington has given the Attorney General's opinion, and A. B. Wilson's and James G. Wilson now has an opportunity to prove before the Patent Office the priority of Allen & Wilson's patent, and A. B. Wilson's if he can, and then Judge Nelson is wrong.

Conclusion.—It is very easy for unscrupulous men to make a very high sounding but incorrect statement of any case, and

Mr. B.—*No release of a patent has been granted to* James G. Wilson, the latter being of George B. Sloat and others.

EXTENSIVE SALE.—*One Hundred and Seventy-five Packages of Domestic Goods, Four Hundred Packages of Fancy Goods, and Two Hundred Packages of Goods.*—The particular attention of buyers is called to the extensive sale of packages of domestic and staple goods, &c., also, to take place this day, at 10 o'clock precisely, at E. Rogers & Co.'s auction rooms, Nos. 40 and 42 Old Levee street. Terms—over $200, ninety days' credit.

DIED,

Yesterday morning, at 5 o'clock, WILLIAM SAMUEL, aged 29 years and 11 months, a native of Boston, Mass., but for the last seven years resident of this city.

The friends of the deceased, and those of his uncles, Messrs. Samuel and Thomas Hill, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of the latter, No. 201 Esplanade street, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at 5 o'clock, P. M., from his late residence, No. 201 Calliope street.

Yesterday morning, at 11 o'clock, at half-past seven o'clock, MARY BOUCE, wife of C. C. B. Beverly, aged 26 years.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully requested to attend the funeral from the residence of her father-in-law, Mr. Francis Beverly, No. 207 Esplanade street, this afternoon, at 5 o'clock.

Dr. J. Hecretor's Hair-tonic.—These Hair tors are universally acknowledged to be a sure preventative and cure for Fever and Ague, Flatulence, Heaviness of the stomach, or any other like affection. Their virtues are known and take up but few lines of search, in the columns of a newspaper, and then proceed down Rampart to Poydras Levee, to Tchoupitoulas street, about to Gravier to Exchange, up Exchange to Levee, up Levee to Canal, down Canal to Royal, up Royal to Conti, down Conti to Bourbon, up Bourbon to Bienville, down St. Charles, up St. Charles to Poydras, down Poydras to Camp street, down Camp to Gravier, up Gravier to First, up First to Tchoupitoulas, then down Tchoupitoulas to Calliope, through Calliope to Camp, then down Camp to Lafayette Square, where the Procession will disband.

The Marshals of the different Clubs are requested to preserve the strictest order and decorum in their ranks while the Procession is moving through the different streets in the line of march laid down.

All Clubs in the Fourth District, Lafayette Square, are requested to be punctual to the time specified, as the Procession will move at 7½ o'clock, precisely.

By order of the President,

R. D. HUBBARD, Grand Marshal.

RALLY! RALLY!! RALLY!!!

YOUNG BELL RINGERS,

THE members of the Club will assemble at their Hall, Holy Building, THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, September 4, at 8½ o'clock, for the purpose of joining the GRAND DEMONSTRATION to be given by the Bell and Everett men in favor of the Bell and Everett ticket.

By order of the President.

sept 11 D. C. CANTER, Secretary.

Union Guard, Second District.

THE members of this Club and all persons favorable to the cause are invited to meet at their Club Room, on Bayou Road and Roman street, THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, at 8 o'clock, sharp. Members are requested to be punctual.

By order of the President,

E. D HUBBARD, Secretary.

Union Guard.

THE following named Aids to the Grand Marshal of the Union Guard are requested to be at the place of meeting, Odd Fellows' Hall, THIS EVENING, Tuesday, September 4, at 8 o'clock, sharp, to receive the necessary instructions for the order of night procession:

First Division—F. F. TRINCHARD, W. F. FISH, Aids.

First District—JOHN SLEMMER, V. G. DE LISLE, J. B. SOLAPLE, Aids.

Second District—W. CULBERTSON, V. MAY, N. A. LEROUX.

Fourth District—J. F. SMITH, C. M. REGIS, SAMUEL SHUMWAY, Aids.

sept 11 Grand Marshal.

Constitution Club.

MEMBERS of this Club will meet at the ORLEANS HALL ROOM, Odd Fellows' Hall, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock, P. M. By order of the President. G. DUPLANTIER, E. A. Cenas, Secretary. sept 11

Fourth District Union Club.

MEMBERS are requested to meet at the Club Room in UNION HALL, punctually at 4½ o'clock, TUESDAY EVENING, the 4th inst., for the purpose of proceed in a body and shared the MASS MEETING at Place d'Armes, on the square in front of the Cathedral.

sept 3 AUG T. PHELPS, Secretary.

Attention, Bell Knights!

THE members of the Club are notified to assemble at the Club Room, on the corner of Bayou Road and Bourbon street, on TUESDAY EVENING, September 4th, at half-past six o'clock, P. M., to join the Grand Demonstration to be given by the Bell and Everett men of Louisiana.

By order of the President.

FRANCIS V. DUPLESSIS, Colonel.

OSCAR LEBLANC, Secretary. sept 3

PROGRAMME

FOR THE

Grand Union Demonstration,

ON TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1860.

All Clubs of the

BELL AND EVERETT PARTY

In the City and Parish of Orleans, and those of any adjoining Parishes wishing to join them, are requested, in accordance with the recommendations of the Executive Committee of this Party, to assemble in Lafayette Square at 7 o'clock, P. M., September 4, for the purpose of proceeding to the Place d'Armes, the place selected for the Mass Meeting.

Proceeding from Lafayette Square, the following is the Order of Procession, starting at 7½ o'clock, P. M., precisely—

Grand Marshal.
ADOLPHE MAZUREAU.
Aids.
ERNEST TOLEDANO, J. H PROBUS.
MUSIC.
UNION GUARD.
(Competing all the Clubs under the same in the 1st, 3d, 4th and 5th Districts.)
Fidell Club.
YOUNG BELL RINGERS.
CONSTITUTION CLUB
BELL ANIMITE.
MINUTE MEN OF '60.
BELL RANGERS.
First Ward—First District.
MOUNT VERNON CLUB.
Second Ward—First District
EVERETT RANGERS.
Third Ward—First District.
BUNKER HILL RANGERS.
Fourth Ward—Second District.
GLOBE OF THE THIRD DISTRICT.
Other than the Union Guard
UNION CLUB.
Tenth Ward—Fourth District
EVERETT GUARD.
Tenth and Eleventh Wards—Fourth District.
Clubs from Algiers and Gretna.
Clubs from Jefferson City and Carrollton.

ROUTE.

Starting from Lafayette Square at 7½ o'clock, P. M., the Procession will move down Camp street to Canal, down Canal to Bergundy, down Burgundy to Customhouse, up Customhouse to Rampart, then down Rampart to Place d'Armes, where the Procession will halt in order to listen to the Address to be delivered by

Hon. C. C. LANGDON, of Mobile.

At the adjournment of the meeting the Clubs will immediately form and take up the line of march, in the same order as ordering, and then proceed down Rampart to Esplanade, up Esplanade to Bayou Road, up Bayou Road to Royal, up Royal to Conti, down Conti to Bourbon, up Bourbon to Bienville, up Bienville to St. Charles, up St. Charles to Poydras, down Poydras to Camp street, up Camp to Gravier, up Gravier to First, up First to Tchoupitoulas, then down Tchoupitoulas to Calliope, through Calliope to Camp, then down Camp to Lafayette Square, where the Procession will disband.

The Marshals of the different Clubs are requested to preserve the strictest order and decorum in their ranks while the Procession is moving through the different streets in the line of march laid down.

All Clubs in the Fourth District, Lafayette Square, are requested to be punctual to the time specified, as the Procession will move at 7½ o'clock, precisely.

By order of the President,

R. D HUBBARD, Grand Marshal.

RALLY! RALLY!! RALLY!!!

YOUNG BELL RINGERS,

THE members of the Club will assemble at their Hall, Holy Building, THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, September 4, at 8½ o'clock, for the purpose of joining the GRAND DEMONSTRATION to be given by the Bell and Everett men in favor of the Bell and Everett ticket.

By order of the President.

sept 11 D. C. CANTER, Secretary.

Union Guard, Second District.

THE members of this Club and all persons favorable to the cause are invited to meet at our Club Room, on Bayou Road and Roman street, THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, at 8 o'clock, sharp. Members are requested to be punctual.

By order of the President,

E. D HUBBARD, Secretary.

Union Guard.

THE following named Aids to the Grand Marshal of the Union Guard are requested to be at the place of meeting, Odd Fellows' Hall, THIS EVENING, Tuesday, September 4, at 8 o'clock, sharp, to receive the necessary instructions for the order of night procession:

First Division—F. F. TRINCHARD, W. F. FISH, Aids.

First District—JOHN SLEMMER, V. G. DE LISLE, J. B. SOLAPLE, Aids.

Second District—W. CULBERTSON, V. MAY, N. A. LEROUX.

Fourth District—J. F. SMITH, C. M. REGIS, SAMUEL SHUMWAY, Aids.

sept 11 Grand Marshal.

Constitution Club.

MEMBERS of this Club will meet at the ORLEANS HALL ROOM, Odd Fellows' Hall, THIS (Tuesday) evening, at 8 o'clock, P. M. By order of the President. G. DUPLANTIER, E. A. Cenas, Secretary. sept 11

Fourth District Union Club.

MEMBERS are requested to meet at the Club Room in UNION HALL, punctually at 4½ o'clock, TUESDAY EVENING, the 4th inst., for the purpose of proceeding in a body and shared the MASS MEETING at Place d'Armes, on the square in front of the Cathedral.

sept 3 AUG T. PHELPS, Secretary.

Attention, Bell Knights!

THE members of the Club are notified to assemble at the Club Room, on the corner of Bayou Road and Bourbon street, on TUESDAY EVENING, September 4th, at half-past six o'clock, P. M., to join the Grand Demonstration to be given by the Bell and Everett men of Louisiana.

By order of the President.

FRANCIS V. DUPLESSIS, Colonel.

OSCAR LEBLANC, Secretary. sept 3

NEW STORE.

TAILORS' GOODS.

DUMAS BROTHERS,

136 .....Chartres Street.....136

Beg leave to inform the public that they have formed a commercial establishment in this place, under the firm of DUMAS BROTHERS, for the purpose of transacting the

Fancy Goods Business for Gentlemen,

COMPRISING

CLOTHS, from the best manufactories in Europe

BLACK DOESKIN

CASSIMERES, DOUBLE MILLED,

PANTALOON STUFF

SILK AND WOOLEN VESTING.

CASHMERE CLOTH.

MERINO CLOTH.

READY-MADE SHIRTS.

And a complete assortment of ARTICLES for Tailors, which they will sell at the lowest market price.

☞ Orders from the country will be promptly attended to. sept 3d 2tsw 1mw

Lost or Stolen,

TWO PROMISSORY MORTGAGE NOTES for one thousand dollars each, dated the 1st November, 1859, and three years after date, payable to my order, with interest from date at 8 per cent. signed by J. L. Burbyne and payable at his counting room, Carondelet street. The public are cautioned against negotiating for the same, as payment has been stopped.

The above notes were contained in a sealed colored envelope, together with a number of articles of but little value, and lost in the Bayou, Road or Canal, on Friday afternoon, 31st August, at Trenton's P. M.

Any person finding the same will confer a favor by leaving them east of the office of the BEE.

sept 3w A. R. CAMMACK, 130 Common street.

COLLEGE.

DEVADES ST. BETWEEN CLIO AND TRATO

Conducted by Chs. Lavender.

MR. LAVENDER has the honor of informing families of New and points that his classes will recommence on MONDAY, September 3d.

For copies of the prospectus, apply at the College or to Mr. CAMMACK, at the Citizens' Bank. sept 3m

Notice.

THE ship ATHENIA, Bolton, master, from Belfast, is now discharging cargo in the Second District. Consignees are notified to attend to the delivery of their goods on the levee. All goods not permitted within five days from the present notice will be stored at the risk and charges of consignees.

sept 3 C. CAVAROC & CO., 116 Levee.

PRESERVE YOUR TEETH!

J. A. CASADAVANT,

Surgeon Dentist,

16 Royal street, between St. Peter and Toulouse, CONTINUES at the above place, to perform all operations in the dental art on the most scientific manner and on reasonable terms. He solicits the attention of those who need the services of a competent Dentist, and those persons whose teeth have been injured by unskillful dentists, whose gold drops out a short time after the teeth are plugged, and whose artificial teeth cannot be worn with comfort, by calling on J. A. CASADAVANT, if they can have their teeth plugged scientifically, and the gold drop out in a manner, and have ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted with artificial gums in such a manner as to defy detection. Chronic pressure, with all the late improvements in the art, which are warranted to restore and perform all the functions of the natural ones.

He has invented a Chemical Preparation, which he applies on the gums, without sleeping the patients, before inserting teeth. It benumbs the gums and lessens the pain.

Consultations in French, Spanish and English.

sept12 1y or'leans and 1stu

CARPET WAREHOUSE,

19 Chartres Street.

WE are now receiving from English and American manufactories a large assortment of CARPETINGS, consisting in MEDALLI ONS, VELVETS, BRUSSELS, CROSS BRUSSELS TAPESTRIES, THREE PLYS. Also, a splendid stock of SHADES—new and rich designs, on hand: the destroyed F