The New Orleans Bee.

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NEW ORLEANS.

THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 18.

SUBSCRIPTIONS BY THE WEEK.

The carriers of the Bee are authorized to receive subscriptions to our paper, at the rate of $1 cents a week, payable in all cases to the carrier.

Sales This Day.

[illegible] street, [illegible] o'clock, at No. [illegible]

By B. B. [illegible] & Co., at 10 o'clock, at New Levee and Gravier street, [illegible]; also, an assortment of dry goods, woolens, &c.

By Vincent & Co., at 11 o'clock, at No. 38 Gravier street, [illegible].

THE POSSIBLE FUTURE.

There is no question whatever that the prospects of the Black Republican candidate for the Presidency have been materially improved by the results of the recent elections. It will, we presume, be universally conceded that the chances are now in favor of LINCOLN. Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana are, in all probability, irrecoverably gone; and although there are some sanguine spirits at the South who still cherish the hope of the political redemption of the Keystone State in November, we candidly confess that we can see none. The schism between the different factions of the Democracy in Pennsylvania has placed them since the election wider apart than ever, and if there was before that event small likelihood of a cordial fusion, there is still less now. The same remark is applicable to Indiana, where the Republican triumph has been confessedly aided by the [illegible] her conservatism. We conceive, therefore, that the opponents of [illegible] State which went against them on the 9th inst. Our hopes are limited to New York, with such [illegible] the possible antagonism to the Black Republicans of New Jersey, Illinois, California and Oregon. [illegible] the [illegible] that the vote of the Empire State will determine the contest; and it is due to an unbiased [illegible] that the result in that mighty Commonwealth is extremely uncertain. It is true that the commercial interests of New York will be aroused to the necessity of making a desperate effort against anti slavery, and that neither zeal nor active exertion, nor the sinews of war will be lacking on the occasion; yet it is undeniable that the encouragement which the Black Republicans have derived from their victories elsewhere will stimulate them to renewed energy, and will probably draw over to them large numbers of those irresolute and marketable elements which ever incline to the winning side. While, therefore, we do not despair of the contest, we are not by any means confident of the defeat of LINCOLN.

But us, however, suppose the worst. Let us admit that New York fails to respond to the earnest appeals of the conservative parties throughout the Union; that Illinois goes over to the enemy; that New Jersey sinks into the slough of Black Republicanism, and that LINCOLN is elected. Are we, therefore, to give up every thing; to consider the South ruined and disgraced, and be ready, with desperate and bloody hands, to pull down upon our heads the beautiful and massive fabric of the Union? In our humble opinion no such rash and reprehensible policy would be at all required. A moment's reflection will show that the success of ABRAHAM LINCOLN may be vastly tempered, and almost rendered nugatory by concurrent circumstances. What is a President of the United States without a Congress to execute his will? A mere cypher—a nominal ruler, wielding a barren sceptre. The President has no power to enact laws. He can simply approve or withhold his sanction from those passed by Congress. Should the National Legislature be against him, he is virtually reduced to State-bolterthan a built. This is precisely what the complexion of the Congressional elections already held justifies us in believing will be the case, should Providence in its inscrutable wisdom, permit the triumph of Black Republicanism. Mr. LINCOLN will find his party in a decided minority in both branches of Congress. The Senate is even now against him, and will so continue for some years; while the House, which is at present nearly equally divided between the Black Republicans and their opponents, promises to be controlled entirely by the latter. How unfortunate [illegible] may have been the general result of the [illegible] in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, it [illegible] to absolute certainty that in those States there is a positive gain of five Representatives—a fact which of itself settles the question as to the next Congress, and renders a [illegible] majority in that body impossible. And let the coming elections terminate as they may, the conservatives are sure of gaining additional members in New York and Massachusetts, and probably in New Jersey. We have very little doubt indeed that the anti slavery party will be entirely impotent in the next House of Representatives.

Should LINCOLN then be elected, what can he do? Where will be his power? Supposing him to have the desire to annoy or injure the South, in what will his weapons consist? So far as the co-operation of Congress is concerned, he will be literally a President without a party. He will even be unable to nominate a member of his Cabinet, or a single Collector of Customs, or a Postmaster, or a Register of Public Lands, or any other Government functionary, without the ratification of the United States Senate; and as that body numbers a conservative majority, it will take care to place such restraints upon the possible anti-slavery zeal of Mr. LINCOLN as will compel him to [illegible] his appointments to the least obnoxious men among his partisans. In short, for at least two years, Mr. LINCOLN, as President, would be a political automaton, with as small a proportion of real and [illegible] authority as is possessed by [illegible]. Hence there is no possible excuse for hasty and precipitate action [illegible]; and as there would be no immediate ground for apprehending aggression, duty, prudence and patriotism [illegible] for the future, and to govern ourselves accordingly.

The Bell and Everett men of Mobile had a magnificent meeting and procession on Monday evening. The demonstration was such, it is said, as to render it certain that Bell will have a majority in Mobile county.

AN ADMINISTRATION TRIUMPH.—The Democratic defeat and the Republican victory in Pennsylvania.

The Mobile Register is responsible for the following quiet jeu d'esprit:

Breckinridge's Answer to the Norfolk Questions.

LOUISIANA FOR DOUGLAS.—The National Democracy are confident of carrying this State. A gentleman of unquestionable reliability writes us that it will certainly go for Douglas. He has formed this opinion after a thorough canvass of the State.—Mobile Register.

The "gentleman of unquestionable reliability" knows very little [illegible] politics of Louisiana. Mr. Douglas [illegible] highly respectable vote [illegible] early a fourth of the [illegible]

[illegible]

... STAR BAKERY.—W[illegible] ... the Mechanical [illegible] Bakery, ... No. 9 Tchoupitoulas street, ... an opportunity of testing the ... bakery, we can conscientiously ... to the public. Flour and ... Cakes, ... biscuits and crackers of every kind than those manufactured at the Star Bakery cannot possibly be imported from the North or elsewhere.

SIX-HOUR STEAMER.—Says the Mobile Advertiser: We learn by a friend who came passenger on the steamer Paulah [illegible] belonging to Mrs. Hardy, who [illegible] below Gasport, [illegible] on Saturday. It was supposed [illegible] the work of an incendiary. About twenty bales of cotton were destroyed by the fire.

CREDIT SALE—Dry Goods, Shoes, Drawers, &c.—The attention of buyers is called to the large credit sale of dry goods, clothing, boots, shoes and brogans, to take place this day, at 10 o'clock, at the salesroom of E. Edgar & Co., Nos. 43 and 47 Old Levee street. Terms of sale.

The attention of buyers is called to the credit sale of [illegible] this day, at 11 o'clock, at Messrs. Mayer Brothers, No. 81 Tchoupitoulas street.

SALE OF VELVET TAPESTRY, BRUSSELS, carpetings and ELEGANT SHAWLS.—[illegible] special attention of buyers is invited to the sale [illegible] of rich and superb carpeting this day, at [illegible] by Vincent & Co., at their salesroom, No. 38 Common street.

DEATH OF A LIVING SKELETON.—Mr. Ede, the great living skeleton, died on Thursday night at the Western Hotel, in this city. He had been on exhibition in a pavilion on the Fair Grounds all the previous week, and is supposed to have caught cold. His death was unexpected, occurring while his companions believed him to be asleep and will be much ... [Springfield (O.) Republican.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

Later from Pike's Peak—Arrival of the Overland Express.

Omaha City, (N. T.) October 17.—The Overland Pike's Peak Express arrived at this point to-day from Denver City, bringing $20,000 in treasure.

Gordon, convicted of murdering Gantz, was hung at Denver City on the 6th instant.

Later from California—Arrival of the Overland Mail.—Fort Smith, Ark., October 17.—Dates from San Francisco to September 26th, by the overland mail, have been received.

The experiment of establishing a camel express between Los Angelos and Fort Mojave has proved successful. Beale had reached Fort Mojave—all well.

The Indians on a portion of the route were more hostile. It was reported at Los Angelos that the Indians had attacked the settlers' storehouse at Fort Defiance, and held their post staid boasts in defiance of four companies of United States troops.

Receipts of Treasure at St. Joseph, Mo.—St. Joseph, Mo., October 17.—The amount of treasure received at this point from Denver City during the past week is estimated at $63,400.

Arrival of the Steamship New York.—New York, October 17.—The North German Lloyd's steamship New York, from Bremen, via Southampton, arrived at her dock to-day.

The New York brings no later news than was received at Cape Race by the steamship Arabia.

Arrival of the Arabia at Boston.—Boston, October 17.—The steamship Arabia, from Liverpool on the 6th, and Queenstown on the 7th inst., before reported at Cape Race and Halifax, arrived here this noon.

Her mails have been delivered, and those for the Southern cities were sent off by this afternoon's train.

Sailing of the Canada for Europe.—Boston, October 17.—The Royal mail steamship Canada left this port to-day for Halifax and Liverpool, taking the latest mails and telegraphic dispatches. She took out $3700 in specie on freight.

Severe Earthquake at Saco, Maine.—Saco, Maine, October 17.—A severe shock of earthquake was felt in this city this morning, rocking buildings, ringing bells, and accompanied by a loud report.

Earthquake in Canada.—Montreal, October 17.—A slight shock of earthquake was felt all over Canada this morning, causing great excitement among the inhabitants.

A Noble Act Rewarded.—Boston, October 17.—The Humane Society awarded a gold medal of the highest class to Capt. Wilson, of the brig Minnie Schiffer, for his gallant conduct in rescuing the passengers and crew of the steamship Connaught, which was destroyed by fire off Boston harbor.

A silver medal was awarded to Thomas R. Connaughton, the mate, and ten dollars were presented to each of the crew.

Resolutions expressive of the gratitude of their friends' humanity were also adopted.

Steamboats Passing.—Vicksburg, October 17.—The steamer Natchez passed down at 1, the Fanny Pearson at 4, the Rapides at 7, and the Hiawatha, Vicksburg, City of Memphis and H. R. W. Hill at 9 o'clock, P. M., yesterday.

The steamer Gladiator passed down at 3, and the James Johnson, Grand Duke and Col. T. H. Judson at 10 o'clock, this morning.

Collision on the St. Lawrence.—Ogdensburg, N. Y., October 17.—The steamer Ontario, which left this port to-day, when but a short distance off came in collision with and sank almost immediately the bark City of Ogdensburg.

New York Markets.—New York, October 17.—The Cotton market closed firm, with sales of 500 bales at 11¼ to 11½c. The Flour market was active, while the sales reached 29,000 barrels, at $5 40 to $5 50 for Superfine State. The sales of Whisky embraced 1000 barrels, at 24 to 24¼c. per gallon. Wheat has advanced 1c.; the sales reached nearly 300,000 bushels. Corn rules firm; the sales comprise 96,000 bushels, at 70c. The market for Pork is generally unchanged. Lard closed quiet; there were 125 barrels sold at 12½ to 13c. per lb. Coffee closed firm at yesterday's rates. Sugar—no quotable change. There were sales of Porto Rico Molasses at 35c., and Cuba and Muscovado at 31c. per gallon.

Cincinnati Markets.—Cincinnati, October 17.—Flour declining; sales of 600 bbls. at $5 40 to $5 50 per bbl. Wheat was sold at a decline of 1c. per bushel. Oats are steady and selling at 40c. per bushel. Whisky has declined ¼c.; the sales add up 1600 bbls. at 18c. per gallon.

River Intelligence.—Louisville, October 17.—The Ohio river at this point was falling this evening with 5 feet 10 inches of water in the canal by the mark.

John Bell on Secession.

We doubt, says the Evansville *Journal*, if the case against secession has ever been put with greater power or felicity than by Mr. Bell, in a letter addressed to a mass meeting convened at Knoxville, Tennessee, in 1856. In that letter he held the following emphatic language, though only tantamount to that used by the Hon. William R. King, of Alabama, the Democratic candidate for the Vice-Presidency in 1852:

It may be asked in what does the safety of the country consist? I answer in the preservation of the Union. In every aspect in which I am able to view the subject I regard the dissolution of the Union as the direst calamity which can befall the people—the people of the South as well as of the North. It is fashionable to state some exceptions to the general truth. I am prepared to state none within the range of probable events. I admit the possible occurrence of a state of things, in the operation of the Federal Government, which would be a greater evil than the destruction of the Union. A glaring tyranny, an oppressive and persistent violation of plain and unquestionable Constitutional obligations, or a similar disregard of Constitutional limitations in the practice of the majority, on subjects of vital interest to the minority, would be a virtual abrogation of the bonds of union, and justify a resort to revolutionary remedies. In the terms revolutionary remedies in reference to the possible oppressions of a majority in wielding the Legislative and Executive powers of the Government, because I have no faith in the political metaphysics of those who seek to establish a peaceful mode of breaking up the Union by deducing from the Constitution a right of secession in the States. I regard such a doctrine as equally unsound, delusive and mischievous—delusive, because it can have no efficiency in preventing civil war; and mischievous, because it tends to mislead and induce the people of a State into a revolutionary movement for insufficient cause, under the false idea of immunity from the ordinary hazard of a revolt against an established Government.

The Prince at New York.

The *Herald* of the 13th devotes twenty columns to an account of the reception of the Prince of Wales, his breakfast at Mayor Wood's, the ball in the evening, &c., &c. The whole affair seems to have been extremely brilliant and successful. The only unpleasant thing that occurred was the following:

An incident of a very startling and unpleasant nature occurred yesterday morning as the Prince of Wales was taking his departure from the Fifth Avenue Hotel on his tour through the city. The crowd around the hotel was immense, and the stirring nature of the occasion had probably the effect of over-exciting the nerves of the principal actor in the dastardly act which we are about to narrate. The Prince and his suite had already stepped from the stately main into the carriages which were in waiting for them, amid the cheers and tumultuous noise of the great concourse of people assembled around the building. The carriages were just starting, when a man stepped out from the rest of the crowd and near the carriage in which the Prince of Wales was riding. He instantly put himself into a pugilistic attitude, and, as the carriage of his Royal Highness was passing, made a heavy blow of his fist at it, at the same time applying a most opprobrious epithet to the youthful Prince. He then added, "You will never be King of England, if you were to live for one hundred years. The time for kings is gone." The Prince escaped the blow directed against him, however, and before his adversary had finished his ejaculations the carriage had driven him out of hearing distance. Of course this circumstance aroused great interest, curiosity and excitement, and now that the Prince was gone the offending assailant of his Royal Highness was the centre of attraction. The mob pressed around the man, and before he could do any thing towards effecting his escape a policeman had him in charge. His arrest was made by officer Rhodes, of the Eighteenth precinct, who removed him to the station-house in Twenty-second street, while he was escorted by a huge mob yelling and shouting, hooting and hissing in the most boisterous manner. There were some cries of "lynch him," and others of "let him go," and that they would shoot him; but he was finally safely shut up in the station-house. Here he stated that he is a sailor, belonging to the river boat Santa Clara, now lying at Greenpoint, Williamsburg; that he came over to see the fellow all the sensible democrats of New York were rushing to see, and that he was determined to show him what he thought of aristocrats. He gave his name as Edward Morcan, and stated that he was a native of England. He is a man of about five feet seven inches in height, light complexioned, and has the appearance of a plumber or steamfitter or mechanic, or something in that line, rather than that of a sailor. He was then taken before Justice Connolly, who, after hearing the case, discharged the offender with a reprimand. In this the Justice acted very injudiciously, as by no means prudent to discharge a dangerous character, who is considered demented, and who had threatened to shoot the Prince of Wales. The police say that Morcan had a wild look about him, and talked like a monomaniac.

FROST IN ALABAMA.—The Mobile *Advertiser* says:

We notice evidences of a good white frost along the line of the railroad, from Citronelle down, yesterday morning, and hear that frost was observed at Citronelle on Sunday morning. Neither frost, however, was severe enough to be destructive to vegetation.

The officers of steamer Saluda report a severe killing frost at Bell's Landing, Monroe county, and passengers by the cars report frost as far back as Friday morning last.

Doubtless the frosts of yesterday morning and the day before were extensive, and, in some places, destructive in their effects.

RECEPTION AFFAIRS IN PHILADELPHIA.—Philadelphia, October 12, 1860.—Quite a sensation this morning at the corner of Third and Walnut streets [illegible] proprietor of the Girard House, and [illegible] of the owners of that property. The [illegible] passed between them, [illegible] struck Penfleld on the face with a stick [illegible] ... The whole arose out of a [illegible] ... the present proprietors of ... upon opening a new hotel.

Telegraphic Items.

MONTPELIER, Vt., October 12.—The State Legislature organized to-day, the House electing A. P. Hunton, of Bethel, Speaker, and Chas. S. Cummings, of Brattleboro, Clerk. The Senate chose Mr. Gleason, of Montpelier, Secretary. To-day Governor Fairbanks was inaugurated and delivered a message only relating to local subjects. The educational, agricultural and financial condition of the State is represented to be flourishing. The Governor intimated that he should not be a candidate for re-election.

CINCINNATI, October 13.—At the Beckinridge barbecue at Winchester, Clark county, Kentucky, yesterday, a young man, son of Dr. West, of Bath county, being provoked by a Mr. Scott from pushing a dinner-table assumed for killing, drew a pistol and fired at the latter; the shot missed and took effect in the side of Miss Emma Hickman, inflicting a serious wound. West was secured by a mob, taken to a tree and hung three times to a projecting limb. The sheriff of the county interfered and prevailed upon the people to deliver him over to the law, and West was taken to Winchester and lodged in jail to await trial.

DETROIT, October 12.—Late New Brunswick papers report a terrific gale in the Gulf of St. Lawrence on the 7th of October. The railroad wharf at Shediac was destroyed. Five buildings were blown down or floated away. Two schooners were driven from their moorings and high and dry up into the fields.

Two schooners that left Shediac on the morning of the Sabbath are supposed to be lost. The damage at Shediac is estimated at $10,000.

VAN BUREN, Ark., October 12.—After a regimental muster which was held here to-day, three men, named Rufus and Jackson Covington, brothers, and Richard, a son of the latter, were killed by two brothers named Silas and Ben Edwards. Several others were badly cut and otherwise injured on both sides. An old feud existed between the parties, but the Edwards, who have long been the terror of this part of the State, are the aggressors. While trying to make their escape they were overtaken a short distance from town by the constable and his posse and lodged in the jail.

A large crowd nearly succeeded in taking the prisoners from the constable and hanging them upon the streets, and afterwards surrounded the jail for that purpose, but were finally pacified. The people are much excited, and it is feared that the prisoners will yet be lynched. It is the most atrocious affair that ever was known here.

PITTSBURG, October 14.—The engine-house of the Pittsburgh and Cleveland Railroad, located at Manchester, three miles below this city, was destroyed by fire at 3 o'clock this morning. Eight locomotives were burned. The loss is very heavy. Supposed to be an incendiarism.

NEW YORK, October 13.—The ball did not open till 12 o'clock, owing to the breaking down of a part of the flooring, which necessitated the playing of the anvil chorus by swarms of carpenters. The Prince opened the ball with Mrs. Gov. Morgan. He next danced with Mrs. Hoyt, daughter of Gen. Scott. The ball was a magnificent success.

The Douglas Democratic journals of the South contain the following "questions and answers," being the shorter catechism of the Breckinridge Democracy for the instruction of political neophytes:

Question. How do you know that your party is in favor of the doctrine of protection to slavery in the Territories?

Answer. Because they have declared, clearly and unequivocally, in the platform, "that it is the duty of the Federal Government, in all its departments, to protect, when necessary, the rights of persons and property in the Territories."

Q. When will it be *necessary* for the Federal Government to afford this protection?

A. When the right to property in slaves is "destroyed or impaired by Territorial legislation."

Q. Has not the Kansas Legislature passed laws prohibiting slavery in that Territory, and thus destroyed or impaired the right to property in slaves?

A. Yes.

Q. Is it not then *necessary* now for the Federal Government to protect the slave owner in his rights?

A. Yes.

Q. Why, then, did Breckinridge Democratic Senators vote down the resolution introduced by Senator Brown, of Mississippi, declaring it to be now *necessary* for the Federal Government to protect the rights of the slaveholder?

No answer.

VIRGINIA FOR BELL.—The N. Y. *Tribune's* Washington correspondent writes under date of the 4th instant:

"Gov. Letcher writes that unless some plan of fusion is agreed upon to-morrow at Richmond by the Breckinridge and Douglas State Committees, the State of Virginia will go for Mr. Bell. The adherents of the latter express the belief that Mr. Bell will be the next President."

As no "plan of fusion" was agreed upon at the Richmond meeting, we are inclined to agree with Gov. Letcher in the opinion that "Virginia will go for Bell." In fact, this has been our opinion all along; and the fact that the Democratic Governor of Virginia agrees with us, only shows that he is a very reliable political calculator. The mother of Presidents, of States, and of Democracy, has never yet cast a vote other than Democratic; but she is going to do so on the 6th of November, and the Southern States that follow her lead, including Missouri, will imitate her example. [*Nashville Banner.*

WHO IS DOING IT?—The Augusta *Chronicle* has the following pointed reminder:

Have our readers ever reflected on the question: "Who is it that calls Bell and Everett Abolitionists?" They are the very same men who called Hugh L. White in 1836, Gen. Harrison in 1840, Henry Clay in 1844, Gen. Taylor in 1848, Gen. Scott in 1852, and Fillmore in 1856, all Abolitionists. Yes, these are the same men who have called all such patriots Abolitionists, and the *same men who voted for* Martin Van Buren in 1836 and 1840, and who would have voted for him again in 1844, had he received the Baltimore nomination. The *same men* who voted for Gen. Cass in 1848, for Gen. Pierce in 1852, and for James Buchanan in 1856, and every one of these men, Van Buren, Cass, Pierce and Buchanan, have uniformly declared they are the *hostility to slavery*. Surely they are a sort of people to talk about Abolitionists! Remember, too, that these men denounced White, Harrison, Clay, Taylor, Scott and Fillmore, and now denounce Bell and Everett, have never, for twenty-eight years, from 1832 to 1860, nominated but one Southern candidate for the Presidency.

AWFUL CALAMITY AT COLLINSVILLE—Five Lives Lost.—Editors of the Missouri *Democrat*: To-day, about half past nine o'clock, one of the most awful calamities that ever happen to a small village occurred here. The small portable engine and boiler recently put up by Mr. J. A. Logan, on Main street, opposite Mrs. Wickliffe's residence, burst with tremendous force, instantly killing Mr. Logan, little Willie H. Wing, son of Dr. H. Wing, and two other men, names not known, and fatally injuring Turner Johnson, and severely bruising and scalding several others.

Little Willie was blown through the end of the building nearly one hundred yards, and through a board fence, but was, strange to tell, not much disfigured. The two not recognized were shockingly mutilated, their heads torn to pieces. The boiler was thrown across the street, carrying away in its course a fence and the wood-house of Mrs. Wickliffe.

Our village is in deep mourning. Mr. Logan leaves a wife and one child. J. S. P.

Collinsville, Ill., October 11, 1860.

A DIPLOMATIST WITHOUT A COUNTRY OR A KING.—Among the diplomatic corps at Washington there has not been a greater favorite than Chevalier Mazzone, representative of the King of Naples. The success of Garibaldi placed him in a position that was without a precedent. Not only was he without a king, but even without a country, Naples is merged in the unity of Italy. Accordingly Signor Mazzone demanded his papers, and will leave for Europe shortly. On presenting his letter of credence, General Cass remarked that "the Department regretted the departure of a gentleman with whom its relations had been perfectly satisfactory, and that he hoped that he would be enabled to serve his country in future as faithfully as he had served his sovereign here."

DEATH OF A TENNESSEE HERMIT.—The Maryville (Tenn.) *New Era* mentions the death, on the 23d ult., of Daniel West, at the age of 78. He was a soldier of the war of 1812, but for many years past had lived in the hollow of a large poplar tree, in the opening of which he had fixed a rude door, and supported himself by the manufacture of chairs, boxes, cider mills, &c.

DEATH OF A U. S. CONSUL—*Anecdote of Mr. Clay.*—Advices have been received in Salem, Massachusetts, of the death of John B. Williams, Esq., United States commercial agent at Levuka, Fejee Islands, and formerly Consul at Bay of Islands, New Zealand. He died of dysentery, at the consulate, on the 10th of June. Mr. Williams was a son of the late Captain Israel Williams, of Salem, and was about forty-one years old. He has been absent from home for years, but was at home on a short visit about six years ago. When he first obtained the Consulate, application was made to Mr. Clay to use his interest in behalf of Mr. W. The great statesman inquired where the place was for which a consulate was desired, protesting that his geographical knowledge was at fault, and needed brushing up; and upon being informed, humorously replied, "Oh, there will be no trouble; Mr. Williams can have it; nobody else wants to go there; that is where they eat people, isn't it?"

A foreign paper gives an instance of what it calls the "eternal sensibility of the French Emperor." While at Ajaccio, she remained for some time alone in her carriage under a triumphal arch, the Emperor being absent inspecting some new forts. Some hundreds of the poor peasantry had assembled, formed a circle at a distance round the carriage, but Her Majesty made a sign with her hand, and in a moment a compact mass was close around her. "Do you come from far?" asked Her Majesty, in Italian, addressing one of them. "Oh yes, madame," replied the man, who appeared astonished to hear the sovereign speaking, and particularly in his own language, "it is four days' journey; but you see we have all come, leaving the women and the old behind us." "Oh, indeed," said another peasant, "why did you not bring the boy?" "You love him then, do you?" said the Empress; "you would like to see him; if so, there he is," and taking off a brooch which contained a portrait of the Prince Imperial, she held it out to them. A thousand hands were at once held out to seize it, and it was kissed by every one with the greatest delight. This scene was too much for the feelings of the Empress, who wept; the sovereign in the Emperor returned she ... carriage ... [illegible]

INHABITANTS TO LADIES SHOPPING.—The Philadelphia *Bulletin*, speaking of the way some things are done, says: The American public are to be inundated with cheap silks this fall, the European manufacturers having [illegible] all the shop-worn and old fashioned [illegible] especially for the American market.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

THE LATE CONSTITUTIONAL UNION DEMONSTRATION.

Immense Bell and Everett Meeting in Washington Square—Grand Parade of the Bell and Everett Clubs—The Streets, Windows and Galleries Thronged—The Beauty and Fashion of the Crescent City—The Clubs Showered with Flower Garlands, &c., &c.

Of all the late demonstrations of the Constitutional-Union party in our city none can compare with that of last evening for magnificence of display, completeness in detail, enthusiasm of those who participated in it, or for the numbers who watched its progress and exhibited their sympathy by heartfelt cheers, applause, or more substantial tokens of appreciation, such as the showering of flowers, wreaths and bouquets. Indeed every club here abundant proofs of their favor with the fair, while some might be said to be enveloped in flowers, so bestowed were they with those gifts. Everywhere along the route the ladies were out in large proportion, and the parade of the clubs was one constant succession of these flower ovations. The enthusiasm, too, of the masses of spectators who blocked up the sidewalks everywhere, was noticeable in particular. It was, indeed, a demonstration of which all the participants may feel proud, and although the notice was a brief one and all the clubs did not turn out, it was nevertheless a monster turn-out.

The procession formed on Canal street and the adjoining thoroughfares, and marched down Royal street to Washington Square, under the following direction:

Grand Marshal, Sept. S. Harrison. Aids—First District, John L. Gubernator, Ernest Toledano, Thomas Gabriel, Ed. Stevens. Second District, Joseph Merdiver, Ernest Merle, Victor Girodias, J. E. Boulligny. Third District, Robert Wynne, Augustin Litree, V. St. Cerna, C. W. Culbertson. Fourth District, Theodore A. James, E. A. Patterson, L. Adams, John Cleiby.

The Bell Knights, finely mounted and marching to the bugle sound, were imposing, as they always are, and received no small share of attention, as the beautiful wreaths and garlands hanging over their shoulders and suspended to their spears gave testimony. The Union Guards of the Second District made a handsome show with their strong force and great number of transparencies, part of them being crescent-form, upon a white ground, bearing each the name of a State or parish. One shaped like a heart bore the representation of an anchor, with the motto: "In truth is our trust." The Louisiana Knights, a numerous body of men from the Third District, looked very finely. They were dressed in black frock coats and pants, with a white belt, wearing a scarlet cloak over the left shoulder, upon which was a large silver star. Their hats were of gray felt, turned up on one side with a gilt eagle and a white feather. They marched in military style, carrying white flags, on which was an eagle and shield with the motto: "Bell and Everett," while from the top of each flag staff, within an outline of a heart, was a miniature bell which jingled merrily as they marched along.

The Everett Knights, in their rich uniform, made a fine show, as usual. The Bell Guard were out in strong force, and carried in the van a large basket of flowers tied with broad satin ribbon, on which was printed the inscription from the fair donors. The Peoples made their most numerous turnout yet, in omnibuses, carriages, and on foot, with their banner on which is their motto: "The People are for the Union." Then came that gallant band, the Young Bell Ringers, with a gorgeous array of flags, banners, transparencies and other ornaments. They carried a monster star, made of evergreens, in the center of which was a portrait of Bell on the face, while on the reverse we read: "Presented by the Ladies." They received this last evening, and the presentation was a happy affair. Their three banners, one with the State coat-of-arms, another with Bell's portrait, and the third with their own title represented with a large bell, were thickly hung with the garlands they had received at the hands of their lady friends. A beautiful bouquet of colored lamps, intermingled with evergreens, attracted particular admiration, as did also a beautiful gilt wreath with a bell pendant in the center, which was also a gift to them. Then came the Union Guards of the Ninth Ward, with their cotton-bale banner; the members in a neat uniform of black glazed caps, with a white band bearing their title. The Bell Champions were a fine-looking set of young men in neat uniform, and marching in a correct military style quite surprising. Their motto, on a banner representing the portrait of Washington, was excellent: "We do not lose ...

The Constitution Club again carried off the palm in making the richest and most magnificent show. Their display last evening was truly beautiful, and challenged admiration by the perfect and exquisite taste, both of detail and general effect. The long series of festooned transparencies as seen in perspective was beyond description, and as they passed by the standers it was a floral panorama of constant variety and beauty. But the new attraction, which they brought out for the first time, was the feature of the procession. It was an immense Union temple, of octagon form, upon a large platform car drawn by four horses, covered with rich hangings. The interior of the temple was a back ground of dark blue, on which glittered the stars of the confederation, and the dome was similarly formed. The pillars and cornice were white, wreathed in festoons of evergreens. The body or foundation was blue, and on each side was the word "Constitution" in large silver letters, thus forming a beautiful symbolic representation of the Union, resting upon the Constitution. Between each of the pillars hung the banners and elegant garlands that this club has received from the ladies. Around the sides of the car were a large display, twenty-two in number.

The Crittenden Guards looked and marched well. The Minute Men of '76 made a fine show in their new uniform of black cocked hats trimmed with silver and white feathers, and blank cloaks with silver trimmings. The Mount Vernon Club were out in strong numbers. The Everett Rangers had a splendid show of transparencies. The Bunker Hill Rangers, with their array of chessmen transparencies, were impressive. The Rough and Ready Club had a floral car, elegantly decorated, in which was a beautiful little girl representing the Spirit of Union. They also had a miniature steamship with "Union" painted on her wheelhouse. The Union Guards of the Fourth District were a large band of devoted men, with red caps and white capes. The Bell and Everett Union Club of the Fourth District wound up the procession.

R. J. Salomon, Esq., called the meeting to order, and nominated the following list of officers, which was approved amid the greatest enthusiasm:

President—GEORGE CLARK.

Vice-Presidents—First District—I N Marks, J M McCandlish, J H Clark, Benj Blanc, Geo Strother, M Kennedy, W H Cook, J G Poindexter, Jos F Dunn, Edward Ivens, H C Ferris, A H Warner, P R Middlemiss, A C Dick, Jas Briggs, H G Rhead, J M Pierce, T L McGill, Dr W B Lindsey, R L Bruce, Chas Thompson, Sidney Story, J O Nixon, J Livingston, P Y [illegible], W Vierlack, Chas Foley, Robt Armistead, Geo W Hynson, W R Adams, W H Pierson, E S Seaton, John Seaby, O W Stoddard, L F Baxwell, C F Yerlander, J Lawrence, J Connelley.

Second District—J L Tielon, Jose Barba, P Fabio, J Kresner, A Lopeña, Anduse Roux, J O Chabot, A O Sebewell, H Kennedy, T Bruch, W J Maynard, Hon Wattyman, T C Hoggarth, J A Weysham, Alfred Herland, Emile Duped, Chas Calonges, John Beatt, R J Arnault, P Garaty, L F Lacarrie, H M DeBays, Charles Jarreau, J M Cabellero.

Third District—M Maxwell, P Schemberg, C Lecarpentier, Numa Lacroix, Joseph Fontenieu, John Paisley, Charles Morel, A Chiapella, S D Maxwell, J L Meckles, Benj F Lamb, Louis Gaspar, Theo O LeBlanc, Alfred Forstall, Antoine D'Ehrl, J J Blanchard, Jos Bruneau, B Marpernan, John Llambias, P S Willis, J de Forest, E Dupré, P B Boisbertaine, J Smith, J O Larrere, F Ferrer, W Patterson, A Bourgeois, C Meslier, H Delamare, R Phillips, A Fiurda, V Elgy, J Gadsnoill, A Wellman, J F Warner.

Fourth District—J M Meaworth, C R Fisher, J B Stockwell, B Campbell, W B Miller, Wm French, W J Perkins, G W Squires, D P Logan, W S Kerr, W M Terme, J M Vaner, J Marvel, M Kirkpatrick, Jas Turner, A H Pierson, Lucien Adams, Robt Brown, Dr W H Berthelet, David Adams.

Secretaries—Clinton Hunt, Antoine Blache, Alonzo Charbonnet, T D Van Horn.

Mr. T. G. Hunt, of Jefferson, was then introduced to the assemblage, and in an eloquent and earnest oration enlisted the warmest sympathy of his auditors in favor of the Union candidates. His remarks were chiefly in reply to Gov. Brown's late speech, which he took to pieces in the most scientific manner imaginable, and concluded at length amid enthusiastic applause. Col. Field, the next speaker in his graphic and comprehensive style briefly reviewed the different political issues of the day, and pointed out the only way in which the Union can be saved; he was interrupted by frequent bursts of applause, and retired to give place to Mr. Jas. McConnell, the rising young lawyer, whose eloquence was really the feature of the evening. With his features glowing with enthusiasm, and his fine form dilating with the feelings to which he was giving utterance, he pointed out the glorious results which would come from the overthrow of sectionalism and the triumph of truth and justice. In the course of his remarks he referred to Henry Clay's memorable prediction in his speech before the Kentucky Legislature, that "a party would yet arise whose platform would be: The Union, the Constitution, and the Enforcement of the Laws," and pointed to the immense enthusiasm which is pervading every part of the country in favor of Bell and Everett as a proof of the truth of that prediction. Of Mr. Everett as a Union man, Mr. McConnell spoke in terms of the warmest admiration. And in mentioning his own visit to Boston, he actually carried his hearers along with him in his brilliant description of the feelings which thrilled his bosom at gazing from the top of the State House upon the spot where the noble Warren fell a bleeding victim to that spirit of liberty and patriotism which the Constitutional-Union party are now struggling to preserve.

Of the great cry of "no chance" which visited the Union party at its commencement, although its candidates were admitted on all hands to be able and unexceptionable, Mr. McConnell would say that it had been silenced; that the result of the recent elections in glorious old Kentucky, like the wave which sweeps resistlessly from New Zealand over the vast Pacific and dashes in mighty majesty on our western coast, had shown to every conservative man that bright, glorious hopes may be entertained for the success of the candidates whose names are without a blot, and whose fame is untarnished.

In conclusion Mr. McConnell would tell the people of the South that in the result of the Pennsylvania election there is no cause to be disheartened, for three great reasons. In the first place Mr. Curtin, the Republican candidate, had been an Old Line Whig, and an eloquent stump orator, both of which advantages he improved to the utmost by stumping the State vigorously, while, from all we can find out, his opponent, Mr. Foster, remained quietly at home, making no sign, if any, elects. Next, Mr. Foster is a free trader, and it is well known that Pennsylvania is a State, of all others, most unanimous in favor of a protective tariff. And lastly, there was no true fusion to defeat Mr. Curtin made by his opponents. And finally, Mr. McC. promised that Pennsylvania would yet redeem her name, and prove at the ballot-box in November that her sons are true to themselves and to their country.

New Lusitanos Anniversary Celebration.—The New Lusitanos Benevolent Association of New Orleans will celebrate their second anniversary on Sunday next. The procession is to form at their hall, corner of Goodchaux and Elysian Fields streets, and will move at half-past ten o'clock, the route of march being through the principal streets of the First, Second and Third Districts. After the parade the members of the Association and their guests will sit down to a banquet at their hall. We have been favored with a courteous invitation to join the Association on this occasion, which we shall accept with pleasure, having a lively recollection of a pleasant day spent with the affable officers and members of this organization on a previous anniversary.

Another Confidence Game—A Gentleman Street Merchant Swindled out of $380—Arrest of the Swindler and Recovery of the Money.—About a week ago a Spaniard named Joaquin Perez arrived in this city from Lisbon, via New York and Havana, and took a room at the Orleans Hotel, where he registered his name as José Ramales Narbon, but did not take his trunk there, claiming them elsewhere. In a day or two he called upon Mr. F. W. Smythe, of No. 8 Carondelet street, and represented himself to be Manuel da Costa, the son of a wealthy Lisbon merchant, and said he recommended for supplying the Spanish army with provisions, and thought he would go to this city through his business relations. Perez professed to be anxious to domesticate himself in this country, and desired Mr. Smythe to act as his banker, so soon as he received the remittances from New York which his indulgent parent was to send on from Lisbon. His address was so good, and his manner so entirely becoming, that Mr. Smythe was quite pleased with his new friend, and treated him with every attention and civility. On Sunday, about seven the captain of Spaniard ... Mr. Smythe that he had to pay a [illegible] ... Captain Savoye, ... [illegible] ... his own ... day ... [illegible]

Mr. Smythe, heedless of the many tricks of this sort being practised, acceded through the press, was all approbation and confidence, and without a moment's hesitation went into the parish ... Merchants' Bank, where he kept an account, and drawing a check for the amount he rapidly inquired how Mr. Astrado would like to have the money. Astrado would prefer to have it in gold, as Capt. Savoye, the mysterious slave-trader, would be able to use gold easier than New Orleans bank bills in Pensacola. The money was counted out in bullion by the paying teller, and coolly fobbed by Astrado, who remarked that he would go and settle his business immediately with Capt. Savoye. Whether it was by an accidental circumstance, or that a shadowy suspicion crossed the mind of Mr. Smythe and caused him to have it done, his confidential clerk proffered to accompany Mr. Astrado, who was no doubt disconcerted but could not decline. They went to the Orleans Hotel, where he went up stairs and paid his bill, and then they walked down Chartres street. At the corner of St. Peter street Astrado asked his friend to wait for him a moment, and going through the yard of Maskel's saloon he slipped out into St. Peter street and escaped. As soon as the clerk discovered this fact he ran back to the office and told Mr. Smythe, who gave immediate information to the Chief of Police. The special Boylan, Izard, Farrell and Howard, with Lieut. Craven and detective Boullon, were at once on the alert, and from two o'clock Tuesday afternoon every avenue of escape from the city was vigilantly watched.

Yesterday morning, at 8 o'clock, the hitherto unsuspected Perez, completely changed in appearance and with his heavy black beard shaved down to a mere goatee, stepped aboard the Carrollton cars. As he did so three well-dressed gentlemen got in at the other platform of the same car and took their seats without appearing to notice him, as he certainly did not notice them. At Carrollton, Perez got out, so did also the three gentlemen. Perez went to a house and got his two trunks, strapped them up and brought them to the cars. Here the three gentlemen introduced themselves to him as Messrs. Jno. T. Boylan, Smith Izard and Richard Howard, and requested the pleasure of his company immediately at the office of the Chief of Police. Of course he was fain to comply, and his trunks were brought along. Of the $380 he had obtained for the check $200 all but $30 of it was found upon him and returned to Mr. Smythe. He is detained only pending an examination.

The Murder of Bridget Farrell—Coroner's Investigation and Finding of Wilful Murder Against her Husband.—Coroner Beach made his official investigation into the circumstances of the case yesterday. The following testimony was taken:

Wm O'Brien, sworn—I boarded with the Farrells for eight or nine days; I never saw Farrell beat his wife, except a slap or two in the face. On the evening of her death, he was going to supper. Farrell struck her a slap in the face, because her supper was not ready; it was not a very hard blow, but a mere slap. She complained that she was sick, and she was hardly able to stand up. When Farrell struck her she sat down. I saw no other abuse.

Phillip Duffy, sworn—I boarded at Farrell's, and slept there three nights. I slept in the same room with them. On the evening of Mrs. Farrell's death, we came home at about 7 o'clock. We had supper and went to bed. I heard no trouble or general disturbance of any kind. Mrs. Farrell never spoke a word. Early next morning Farrell and myself, to do the best we could for breakfast, and he walked out without getting any breakfast. Mrs. Farrell was in bed, apparently sleeping. I heard her breathe. I have never seen Farrell since that morning. I did not play cards, or see any one play cards in the house up that or any other day. When we came home in the evening, Mrs. Farrell had blood on her face, next morning when I saw her in bed, her face was all bloody. I did not see Farrell approach her, though he might have done so the same time the bed, that room being small.

Bridget Wardsworth—I live in the same house, was occupied by Mrs. Farrell. I have known her for six or seven years. They have been living in the house two or three months. They were continually quarrelling, and I often heard high words and screams, but never saw Farrell beat his wife except once, more than a month ago ... Monday week, as I was going out, I saw her sitting in the alley way, her head bent down, she was bleeding. Farrell was there, and said he was ... [illegible]

Mrs. Curran, sworn—is a neighbor of Mrs. Farrell; I did not see Farrell beat his wife on the evening preceding Mrs. Farrell's death. I was up stairs in the evening, as I came in I saw her lying on the floor, with blood on her face. She looked very sick. She was a very good, quiet woman; I often heard loud voices in their house, but never saw any blows; but she did not complain about her husband.

Mrs. Jane Holm, sworn—(The witness is an intelligent young girl, of about 15 years; she is Mrs. Curran's daughter, and acted as interpreter for her, that lady speaking only German.) I did not see Farrell on the night of the fight ... [illegible] ... He was sent to the back of the [illegible] ... I went to the yard ... the alley towards the street, and I saw them ... the ground I told my Ma that ... I saw that she was bleeding ... [illegible] ... After she went in, Farrell wiped the blood from her face with a towel and ...

Farrell had a shovel in his hand; after hitting his wife, when she was on the ground, he said, "If you don't mind I'll cut your head off with this." If there were in that street words, that were the meaning as much as I could understand.

This young lady had a great statement ... [illegible]

Patty Roberts, sworn—Lives next door to the Farrells. Last Monday week I saw Farrell kick his wife three times in the alley way from the alley way into the hallway. She was standing at the door ... in the alley ... [illegible]

Mrs. Mary Connolly and Mrs. Bridget Toole, who lived in the back yard, testified to the deceased having often been maltreated and beaten by her husband.

Mrs. Catharine Curran testified to the same facts. Daniel Curran, John Tynan, Pat. McEwin, Richard Leahey, George Harris and Daniel Ward all swore to Farrell's habitual brutality towards his wife, and the jury then rendered a verdict of wilful murder against Thos Farrell, who has not yet been arrested.

First District Court—Judge T. G. Hunt.—Philip Bary, James Reed and Joe Bradley were arraigned yesterday morning and pleaded not guilty to the charge of murder. The District Attorney filed information in the cases of shooting with intent to murder, four of stabbing with intent to murder, and one of carrying concealed weapons, and one of robbery. Judge Hunt passed sentence in the following cases, which were the parties had all been lying three or four months in the Parish Prison. The following all convicted or having pleaded guilty of larceny—John Terry, two weeks' imprisonment; Gustave Bernard, three weeks; Claude Dumas, two weeks; Paul St. Paul, one week; Wm. Blasser, one week; Jos. Lejarna, four weeks; Jno. Ashton, four weeks; Wm. Veltin, three weeks; Richard Jones, one week; John Boolthorn, two weeks.

John Roach, for assault and battery, was sentenced to one hour's imprisonment; James Farley, for the same offence, two weeks' imprisonment; J. M. McGuigan, for carrying concealed weapons, one day's imprisonment; George D. Wall, for the same offence, two weeks' imprisonment.

Recorder Blache's Court.—John McIntyre, a walking man but probably mean-kind of spirits than stealers, was arrested on the charge of larceny. It appears that he under the engagement of marriage with a certain Mary Kennedy, and that she was at all pretty, or youthful, or beautiful, but, he doubts, because she had $300 in the New Orleans Savings Institution. On the morning of the 28th of July he went with her to the bank, where she drew her money and handed it to him. They went to buy the wedding and ... he went to ... two days. When she found ... she tried to escape by jumping into a Chartres street omnibus, but she overtook the bus and getting in after him, kept him a prisoner until they arrived opposite the Second District police office, where she had him arrested on the charge of larceny. This accusation could not be made out under the circumstances, so McIntyre was discharged and went on his way rejoicing.

Marcel J. Fernandez, who keeps an oyster saloon at No. 10 Front Levee, was committed for trial before the Criminal Court on the charge of receiving five bottles of wine which had been stolen from Mr. J. Abel's store by one of Mr. A.'s slaves.

Joseph E. Bell was committed for trial before the First District Court on the charge of committing an assault and battery on Catharine Conners. Pierre Burgos, of No. 71 Beef Market, gave $300 bail to answer the charge of assaulting and striking Paul Bernardo, of No. 11 the same number, at 9 o'clock the same morning.

Family Dispute.—A man named Dwyer was stabbed Tuesday night at the corner of Prieur and Perdido streets by his brother-in-law, named McMahon. Dwyer, it is said, gets drunk, treats his family disgracefully, and beats his wife, McMahon's sister. He was conducting himself in this way, when the children ran to their uncle and told him their father was killing their mother. McMahon hurried to the house, but got roughly used by Dwyer. He then went off, but returned again, and was repelling the outrage upon his wife, when McMahon again interfered and was again assaulted by Dwyer with a tongs. McMahon, after fending off a blow with his arm, plucked up a small piece of tin, somewhat sharp, struck Dwyer on the head with it and made a couple of stabs at him, which took effect. That obliged him to keep quiet, and he was subsequently brought to the Charity Hospital.

DIED.

On Wednesday morning, the 17th instant, at half-past eleven o'clock, after a long illness, Mrs. MARIE CLAROZINE CUMO, aged 41 years, a native of St. James parish, Louisiana, consort of A. Olive.

The funeral will take place at the late residence of the deceased, on Annunciation street, near Robin street. The friends and acquaintances are invited to attend without further notice.

New Orleans Typographical Union.

THE officers and members of the New Orleans Typographical Union are requested to meet at their room, corner of Perdido and Carondelet streets, at 2 o'clock THIS DAY, (Thursday,) for the purpose of joining in the obsequies to F. A. LUMSDEN, an honorary member of this Union.

By order. A. J. BENNETT, President.

THE. H. DEASON, Secretary. oct18

Fever and Ague.—This trying and provoking disease, which fixes its relentless grasp on the body of man, reducing him to a mere shadow in a short space of time, and rendering him physically and mentally useless, can be defeated and driven from the body, by the use of DR. J. HOSTETTER'S RENOWNED BITTERS. The great success it has met with, and the beneficial results following its use, were sufficient to give it a permanent "institution." We would advise our readers to prove the valuable specific, and if an afflicted friend is afflicted with the Fever and Ague, or any other nervous disorder, to lose no time, and procure this much favored and greatly desired article. A trial is all that is needed to prove its many excellent qualities.

For sale by druggists and dealers, generally everywhere. oct15-6t

GIQUEL & JAMISON,

Having now completed the removal of their shop to their new building,

No. 126 CANAL STREET,

—BETWEEN—

ST. CHARLES AND CARONDELET,

will open the same this morning, the 18th inst., with an entirely new stock of FALL and WINTER GOODS, just received from Europe and the North.

They respectfully invite examination of their stock, which, having been selected by themselves, they feel confident cannot be surpassed for Novelty, Elegance and Variety.

It consists in part of

Dress Goods.

Plain, Black and Colored Taffetas; Poult de Soie, Armure and Vénitienne Silks; Black and Colored Moire Antiques; Embroidered Taffetas; Plain and Embroidered Silk Robes. Plain, Irish and French Poplins; Embroidered French Poplins; Colored Popelinettes; Plain and Embroidered Poil de Chèvre; Colored Valencias. Plain and Embroidered Colored Cashmeres; Plaid and Striped Cashmeres; Plain and Embroidered Grisailles; Colored Mozambiques; Plain, Figured and Embroidered de Laines. Plain and Embroidered Colored Bareges. Rich de Laine Robes; Embroidered Barege Robes; Black and Col'd Embroidered Grenadines; French, English and American Calicoes.

Mourning Dress Goods.

Black Cashmeres, Black Alpacas, Black Bombazines, Black Bombazettes, Black Tamises, Black Bareges, Black de Laines, Black Bareges, Black Orleans Cloth, Black Grenadines.

Collars, Handkerchiefs, Embroideries, &c.

Ladies' Point d'Alençon and Valenciennes Collars; Do. do do Sets. Do. Jaconet and Swiss Collars and Sets. Children's do. do do do; Ladies' Black Crape Collars and Sets; Ladies, Gents and Children's Tape Bordered Hdkfs.; Do. do do Hem Stitched do; Do. do do Colored Bordered do; Do. Embroidered and Hemmed Embroidered do; Do. Embroidered Skirts; Children's Embroidered Robes and Caps; Ladies' Embroidered Morning Robes; Jaconet, Swiss and Mull Edgings and Insertings; Do do do Bands; White Tulle, Bobbinet, &c.

Shawls, Cloaks, &c.

Black Velvet Cloaks and Mantillas; Black Silk Pelisses and Bournous; Black and Colored Cloth Cloaks; Black Silk Mantillas; Infants and Children's Pique Cloaks; Infants' Cashmere Cloaks. Children's Cloth Cloaks. Barege and Grenadine Shawls. Woolen Shawls in great variety; Cashmere Scarfs.

White Goods.

Swiss Muslins, Jaconets, Tarletons, Cambrics, Book Muslins, Dimities, Imitation Irish Linens, Marseilles, Bishop and Victoria Lawns, Nainsooks, Mulls, &c., &c.

House-Furnishing Goods.

French and English Bed Blankets. French and English Crib Blankets. White and Colored Marseilles Counterpanes. White and Colored Toilet Covers. Linen Sheetings, all widths. Pillow-Case Linens. Cotton Sheetings and Shirtings. Irish Linen Shirtings. Brown and White Table Damasks. Linen and Damask Cloths. Linen and Damask Napkins. White and Colored Doylies. Linen Huck and Diaper Towels. Commodore Towels and House Cloths. Muslin and Lace Curtains. Curtain Damasks. Gimps, Tassels and Loops. Jacquard and Damask Moldings. Linen and Bobbinet Nettings. Table and Piano Covers.

Hosiery, Shirts, Gloves, &c.

Ladies and Children's White and Brown Cotton Hose. " " Cashmere " " Silk " " Lisle Thread " " Gray and Bleu. Gents and Youths' Merino and Lamb's Wool Half Hose. " White and Brown Cotton " Lisle Thread. Infant's Socks and Bootees. Children's Zouave Gaiters. Ladies, Gents and Childrens' Merino Vests and Wrappers. Ladies and Children's Kid, Silk and Woolen Gloves. Gents and Youths' Linen and Cotton Shirts.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VELVETS, &c. PERFUMERY, COMBS, BRUSHES, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

A large assortment of Plantation Goods,

Comprising JEANS, LINSEYS, LOWELLS, BLANKETS, COTTONADES, NEGRO CAPS, &c.

All of which will be disposed of at the LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

GIQUEL & JAMISON, 126 Canal street. oct18 6t

DENTISTRY'S REMOVAL.

CASADAVANT, SURGEON DENTIST,

134 Canal street, over the Union Bank (NEAR THE CLAY STATUE.)

IN order to accommodate his numerous clients, he has removed to a more commodious house and central situation. His reputation and success being so well known in Louisiana for several years, he needs no other recommendation. Consultations in French, Spanish and English. oct11

Wanted Immediately,

A WET NURSE. Apply at the north corner of Bagatelle and Burgundy streets. oct18-6t

Notice.

THE Stockholders of the Louisiana State Insurance Company are hereby notified to call on and after the 20th inst. and receive their dividends on presentation and delivery of their Stock Certificates, at the office of the Louisiana State Mutual Insurance Company, No. 32 Camp street. By order of the Board of Commissioners. E. GANUCHEAU, Chairman. oct18 3t

MECHANICAL STAR BAKERY, THALIA STREET. Depot—No. 9 Tchoupitoulas street.

N. F. RICE..........Proprietor.

☞ Constantly on hand, a large assortment of Coffee-House Bread, Wine Biscuit, Cracknel Biscuit, Pic-Nic Biscuit, Sugar Crackers, Pilot Bread, Navy Bread, French Bread, Water Crackers, Butter Crackers, Soda Crackers, Boston Crackers. E. RODRIGUEZ, Solicitor. oct16 3m

New Lusitanos Benevolent Association of New Orleans.

CELEBRATION OF THE SECOND ANNIVERSARY.

THE members of the above named Association are requested to meet at their Hall, corner Elysian Fields and Goodchaux streets, on SUNDAY NEXT, 21st instant, at 9 o'clock, A. M., in full regalia, in order to celebrate the second anniversary of this Association. The procession will be formed at 10 o'clock, precisely, and march through the principal streets of the city, according to the programme, which will be published, under the direction of the Grand Marshal, THE. C. HOGGARTH. The President hopes to see all the members present on this occasion. By order of the President. oct17 4t ANTHONY SAMBOLA, Secretary.

Citizens' Mutual Insurance Co., New Orleans, October 17, 1860.

THE annual election for Directors of this Company will be held on MONDAY, the 5th November next, at the office, No. 8 Carondelet street, from 10 A. M., to 2 P. M. By order. A. SCHREIBER, Secretary. oct17 td

Copartnership.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership under the style of Chaudet & Ney, for the sale, on commission and importation, of Wines, Cognac, Cordials, Olive Oils, and generally all goods from Bordeaux and Marseilles. F. CHAUDET, C. NEY. Royal street, Nos. 167 and 169, between Toulouse and St. Peter. New Orleans, October 15th, 1860. oct17

Cottage House for Rent.

THE House is situated on Palmer street, between Commercial and Laharpe streets. Delivery will be given immediately. Apply next door, on the right hand side, where the keys are deposited. oct13-1m

$10 Reward.

A BUNDLE of SILVER SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, marked with the name of the undersigned, was stolen from a carriage on the 14th inst., in the parish of St. Bernard. Said instruments, it is supposed, have been stolen by negroes, who will doubtless endeavor to sell them in New Orleans. The above reward will be paid for the recovery of the bundle, or such information as will lead to the apprehension of the thief. T. MOREAU, M. D. Parish of St. Bernard, Oct. 15, 1860. oct17 3t

Lost or Mislaid.

A DRAFT for Five Hundred and Sixty-Three Dollars and Sixty-Three Cents, (563 63) drawn by Miller & Saucier, on and accepted by Lobit & Charpentier, to the order of and endorsed by J. Johnson, payable on the 11th of March, 1861. The public is hereby cautioned against trading for said draft, payment of the same having been stopped. LAPENE & FERRE, 66 and 68 Old Levee st. oct17 2t

To Rent,

THE WASHINGTON TOBACCO WAREHOUSES, Third District. These large and commodious Warehouses are finely situated for a heavy storage business, being so near the river, and with such an extensive yard and [illegible] all [illegible] most safety and with little expense. There is also a good dwelling-house attached. The City Railroad will pass through this property, rendering them readily accessible. For further particulars apply to E. A. DE LIZARDI & CO. oct11 2m

HAVANA SUGAR—300 boxes White, Yellow and Brown, in store, for sale by E. THOMPSON, 10 Commerce street, between Common and Old Levee. oct11

ATTENTION, Sixth Ward Douglas Guards!

YOU are hereby notified to attend the regular weekly meeting at the Sixth Ward Douglas and Johnson Club Room, on St. Philip street, between Royal and Bourbon streets, on THURSDAY EVENING, 18th instant, at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of transacting important business. All those who wish to become members of the Guards are respectfully invited to attend. By order of the President, A. O. FAMO. HENRY W. ENTZMINGER, Jr., Secretary. oct18-1t

ATTENTION, Mounted Squatter Sovereigns!

YOU are hereby notified to meet at your Club Room, over the Gem, Royal street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of the week, at 7½ o'clock. Be in order. Those desirous of joining will please attend, in order to have their equipments ready for parade. By order of JOS. F. DEVROS, Secretary. oct15-1w

NOTICE.

The extensive alterations which have been in progress during the past four months at

J. LEVOIS & CO.'S

being now complete, the store is ready for the reception of ladies, who will please bear in mind that the store now contains every article in

Family and Plantation Dry Goods

among the most seasonable of which is the assortment of ELEGANT CLOAKS just opened.

We are daily opening large receipts of SUPERB FRENCH MERCHANDISE, and we intend that no house shall under-sell us in the same class of goods. We ask an early examination. J. LEVOIS & CO. oct18-tf Canal street, corner Bourbon.

J. B. DAMERON & CO., 134........CANAL STREET........134

Offer to the public a choice assortment of all new Styles of VELVET, WILTON and BRUSSELS CARPETING, IMPERIAL 3-PLY and INGRAIN CARPETING, together with RUGS, MATS, DOOR MATS, &c. FLOOR OIL-CLOTH, 3 to 24 feet wide, of the best and medium qualities. CURTAIN MATERIAL—Brocatelle, Silk, Wool and Worsted Damask, Fringes, Gimps, Cords, Tassels, &c.; all qualities of Embroidered Lace and Muslin Curtains, from $3 to $75 per pair. WINDOW SHADES—We have the largest stock to be found to select from, of all sizes and newest patterns. ☞ No establishment in the country can offer a better assortment of Carpeting and Curtain Material than we now have open for the inspection of housekeepers. oct15 6t

CARPET WAREHOUSE, 19 Chartres Street.

WE are receiving by constant arrivals additions to our extensive assortment of CARPETING, such as MEDALLIONS, WILTON, VELVET, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY, THREE-PLYS, &c., &c. FLOOR OIL CLOTH, of all widths, colors and prices. TABLE and PIANO COVERS, COCOA MATTING, WINDOW SHADES in great variety, CANTON MATTING—all of which we offer at the lowest market prices. oct15-1w A. BROUSSEAU & CO.

Notice to Shippers of Freight by the N. O., J. and G. N. Railroad.

ON and after MONDAY NEXT, October 15th, 1860, freight will be received at the new warehouse, on the right hand side of New Canal, two squares below the Magnolia street bridge. The road is not prepared to receive buggies or carriages, (either boxed or on wheels,) heavy machinery or castings. All other kinds of freight will be received from 7 o'clock, A. M., until 5 o'clock, P. M. oct12 tw T. S. WILLIAMS, General Superintendent.

VIRGINIA CANNEL COAL.

SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS PER BARREL.—We are now prepared to sell in yards, and are now discharging from boats Forty Thousand Barrels of the above superior Coal, which we will continue delivering during the remainder of the present month at SUMMER PRICES, and we do not hesitate to say that for every purpose is this the best Cannel Coal that has ever been offered in this market to ..., this Coal is second to none. SPENCER FIELD & CO., oct16-6t Corner Camp and Girod sts.

Notice.

OUR friend Mr. OTTO PRESSPRICH having retired from our firm, the business will be continued as heretofore by Messrs. F. W. Schonfeld and C. L. Brauer, under the style of C. L. BRAUER & SCHONFELD. oct18 PRESSPRICH & SCHONFELD & CO.

Notice.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of ANTONIO COSTA & CO., is dissolved since the 14th of August last, by limitation of contract. The liquidation of the late firm will be attended to by both partners. ANTONIO COSTA, ANT. ROVIRA. New Orleans, October 16, 1860. oct15

FIRST ANNUAL STATEMENT —OF THE— N. O. Mutual Insurance Company.

THE following statement of the affairs of this Company is published, in conformity with the requirements of their charter, viz:

Total amount of Premiums for the year ending 30th September, 1860		$[illegible]
Premium on Fire Risks	239,760 61	
Premium on Marine Risks	174,2[illegible] 3	
Premium on River Risks	47,0[illegible] 52	$461,851 41
Less Premiums on Risks not terminated on 30th Sept., 1860	65,137 50	
For return Premiums	5,561 90	72,406 50
Amount of Premiums earned		$449,412 85
Loss paid during same period, viz:		
On Fire Risks	165,727 49	
On Marine Risks	166,[illegible] 34	
On River Risks	16,549 57	
Fifteen per cent returned	[illegible]	
Reinsurances, Expenses, &c.	[illegible]	351,375 77
Net earned Profits for the year ending 30th September, 1860		$98,037 08
Net earned Premiums as above		449,412 85
Less Premiums on which 15 per cent. have been returned		14,832 [illegible]
Amount participating in Profits		$434,580 [illegible]
The Company have the following assets, viz:		
Bills receivable at short date for Premiums		21,702 19
Due for Premiums in course of collection		60,932 11
Invested in Notes secured by mortgage on Real Estate worth double the amount thus invested		44,938 50
Invested in Notes secured by pledge on Bank Stocks		65,390 00
Scrip of Mutual Insurance Companies		1,420 00
Cash on hand		12,581 78
Balance of Subscription Notes		201,974 07
Total amount of Assets		$408,[illegible] 55

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans.

Be it remembered that on this 8th day of October, 1860, before me, the subscriber, Justice of the Peace in and for the city aforesaid, personally appeared J. TUYES, President, and J. W. HINCKS, Secretary, of the NEW ORLEANS MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, of New Orleans, who, being duly sworn according to law, do depose and say that the above accounts are just and true, and a correct transcript from the books of said Company.

J. TUYES, President. J. W. HINCKS, Secretary.

Sworn to and subscribed, before me, this day, October 8, 1860. ARTHUR SAUCIER, Third Justice of the Peace for the Parish of Orleans.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 8th instant, it was resolved to declare a dividend of TWENTY PER CENT. (20 per cent.) on the Net Earned Premiums of the Company for the year ending on the 30th September, 1860, for which Certificates will be issued on and after the 1st December next. And also, in accordance with Article 14th of the Charter, to pay in cash, on and after 18th instant, to the original subscribers, an interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum on premiums, paid by them and credited on their subscription notes. J. TUYES, President. J. W. HINCKS, Secretary.

—DIRECTORS—

Alphonse Miltenberger, G. W. Babcock, O. Leeve, S. M. Darby, J. B. Gribble, A. Reichard, J. A. Bouboeau, J. M. Benaldo, Lt. Millaudon, G. Sabatier, F. A. Nobiom, J. Tuyes. oct10 ly Lafourche's

PASSENGERS FOR THE NEW ORLEANS, JACKSON AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD

ARE respectfully informed that, on and after TUESDAY MORNING, the 8th instant, the cars will leave the Carrollton Railroad Depot, (Tivoli Circle) at 6 o'clock every morning, and at 5 o'clock every evening, and these conveyed to Pass Manchac by steamboat. Through connection will be made with all the North-ern and Eastern roads according to the old schedule time. The return or down trains will also connect through by the same route. Passengers are requested to obtain tickets at the Office of the Company, No. 118 Camp street: those going by the morning train the day previous. T. S. WILLIAMS, oct8 tf General Superintendent.

N. O. Typographical Union.

THE following are the officers of the N. O. T. U. for the present term of six months: A. J. BENNETT, President. EUGENE A. FOIN, Vice-President. T. H. DEASON, Rec. Sec. H. J. NEVILLE, F. Sec. H. C. [illegible], Treasurer. HENRY J. DREYFUS, Doorkeeper. oct18 1w

Notice to State Tax Payers of the Second District.

NOTICE is hereby given to the tax payers of the Second District, city of New Orleans, that the State Assessment Rolls of 1860 are now in my possession. All persons finding themselves aggrieved are requested to call at No. 42 St. Ann street, between Royal and Chartres streets, where the rolls are now exposed for public examination, from 10 o'clock, A. M., until 2 o'clock, P. M., (Sundays excepted) during thirty days, commencing from the 1st day of October. ANATOLE BLACHE, oct1 30t Recorder of the Second District.

Notice to State Tax Payers.

THE Assessment Rolls of the Seventh, Eighth and Ninth Wards Third District, will be exposed for examination and correction in the Recorder's office, on Elysian Fields street, near Greatmen street, for thirty days, from and after the 1st of October, 1860, daily, from 10 o'clock, A. M. till 2 o'clock, P. M. WEBSTER LONG, oct1 30t Recorder of the Third District.

Notice to City Tax Payers.

THE Board of Supervisors of Assessment will meet in the City Hall, room 13, at 12 o'clock, M., on MONDAYS, the 1st, 8th, 15th, 22d and 29th of October, 1860, and on the 5th of November following, to review the action of the Board of Assessors, and to receive applications for relief from parties who were absent from the city during the time the assessment rolls were exposed for examination and correction by the Board of Assessors, in August and September of the present year. The undersigned will be in attendance daily, from 10 o'clock, A. M., till 2 o'clock, P. M., at the above room, for thirty days, from and after the 1st day of October, to receive the assessment rolls and to receive applications for relief as may be made. JAMES H. WALTON, Secretary of the Board of Supervisors of Assessment. New Orleans, September 29, 1860. oct1 30t

Notice to Tax Payers.

THE Assessment Rolls of the First, Second and Third Representative Districts, (First Municipal District) will be exposed for examination and correction at Room No. 10, City Hall, for thirty days, from and after the 1st day of October, 1860, daily, from 10 o'clock, A. M., till 2 o'clock, P. M. W. EMERSON, Recorder.

Mrs. FORMENTO (Father and Son)

HAVE removed to their former residence, on Bienville street, No. 129, between Dauphine and Burgundy. Office hours, from 1 to 3 P. M. oct18 1m

Wanted.

BY an intelligent young man, speaking and writing English and French, a situation as Clerk in a grocery store. Good reference given if required. Apply on Old Levee street, No. 112.

3-4-8 Point French Blankets.

WE offer to planters a superior article of French Blankets, manufactured expressly for plantation use, and equal to any imported, at a VERY LOW PRICE. G. A. SAGARRIE & BRO., 139 Canal st., Touro Buildings.

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed their store from Old Levee street, No. 77, to Conti street, No. 56, between Old Levee and New Levee streets. FAURES & NORMAN.

PRUNES IN JARS.—A fresh lot in glass jars, for sale by DUNTZE & CO., corner Royal and Conti sts.

NATIONAL UNION TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT

JOHN BELL, of Tennessee.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT

EDWARD EVERETT, of Massachusetts.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS FOR LOUISIANA

First Electoral District. RAVIERE GARDERE, of St. Bernard, Elector. G. DeFERRIET, of Orleans, Alternate.

Second Electoral District. Hon. RANDELL HUNT, of New Orleans, JULES LAVERGNE, of New Orleans, Alternate.

Third Electoral District. CHRISTIAN ROSELIUS, of Jefferson, Elector. DUNCAN S. CAGE, of Terrebonne, Alternate.

Fourth Electoral District. J. G. FUQUA, of East Feliciana, Elector. H. M. FAVROT, of West Baton Rouge, Alternate.

Fifth Electoral District. THOMAS H. LEWIS, of Opelousas, Elector. VALSIN FOURNET, of St. Martin, Alternate.

Sixth Electoral District. JOHN RAY, of Ouachita, Elector. Hon. S. L. HODGE, of Caddo, Alternate.

Each voter at the Polls casts his vote for SIX ELECTORS, each one of which must reside a separate District. oct18 1m

NATIONAL DEMOCRACY.

ROOMS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, New Orleans, La.

FOR PRESIDENT

STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT

HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON, OF GEORGIA.

Presidential Electors:

First District—Col. MAUNSEL WHITE, Plaquemines, Elector. CHS. BIENVENU, St. Bernard, Substitute.

Second District—Hon. PIERRE SOULE, Orleans, Elector. W. G. MULLEN, Orleans, Substitute.

Third District—Hon. GUSTAVE LEROY, Jefferson, Elector. DESIRE LEBLANC, Assumption, Substitute.

Fourth District—Hon. J. DUNCAN STUART, East Baton Rouge, Elector. W. F. KERNAN, East-Feliciana, Substitute.

Fifth District—Hon. JOSHUA BAKER, St. Mary, Elector. W. W. WHITTINGTON, Rapides, Substitute.

Sixth District—Col. M. D. COLEMAN, Madison, Elector. J. N. T. RICHARDSON, Morehouse, Substitute.

By authority of the "Democratic State Executive Committee." G. W. MUNDAY, Chairman. GEO. A. FOSDICK, Vice-President. LOUIS DUFAU, Secretary.

August 11th, 1860. a13 tnov6

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

PURSUANT to a Writ of Election, bearing date the eighth (8th) day of October, eighteen hundred and sixty (1860), to me directed by his Excellency Thomas O. Moore, Governor of the State of Louisiana, the qualified voters of the Fourth Ward of the City of New Orleans are hereby notified that an Election will be held on MONDAY, the twenty-ninth (29th) day of October, eighteen hundred and sixty, 1860, for One Representative to the General Assembly of this State, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of A. Baron.

The Polls will be opened in each Election Precinct in said Ward from the hours of eight (8) o'clock, A. M. till four (4) o'clock, P. M., on the said day, for the purpose of receiving the votes of the qualified voters of said Ward, under the superintendence of the Commissioners and Clerks to be appointed by the authorities designated by law.

The Election to be conducted and duplicate returns to be made to the undersigned returning officer according to law.

Sheriff's Office, October 15th, 1860. oct16 E. T. PARKER, Sheriff.

Notice of Election.

PURSUANT TO A PROCLAMATION of His Excellency THOMAS O. MOORE, Governor of the State of Louisiana, bearing date 7th September, 1860, the qualified voters of the Parish of Orleans are hereby notified that an Election will be held on TUESDAY, the 6th day of November, 1860, for the purpose of choosing Six Electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, as follows, to-wit:

One Elector from the First Electoral District, composed of the Parishes of Plaquemines and St. Bernard, the Third District of the city of New Orleans and the Barbours Treme.

One Elector from the Second Electoral District, composed of the Second District of the city of New Orleans (with the exception of the Faubourg Treme) and the First District of the city of New Orleans.

One Elector from the Third Electoral District, composed of the Fourth District of the city of New Orleans, that part of the Parish of Orleans lying on the right bank of the Mississippi, the Parishes of Jefferson, St. Charles, St. John the Baptist, St. James, Ascension, Assumption, Lafourche and Terrebonne.

One Elector from the Fourth Electoral District, composed of the Parishes of St. Tammany, Washington, Livingston, St. Helena, East Feliciana, West Feliciana, Pointe Coupee, East Baton Rouge, West Baton Rouge and Iberville.

One Elector from the Fifth Electoral District, composed of the Counties of Attakapas and Opelousas, and the Parishes of Rapides and Avoyelles.

One Elector from the Sixth Electoral District, composed of the counties of Natchitoches, Ouachita and Concordia, and the Parishes of Catahoula and Franklin.

The Polls will be opened in each Election Precinct from the hours of eight o'clock, A. M., till four o'clock, P. M., on the said 6th day of November, 1860, for the purpose of receiving the votes of the qualified voters of the Parish of Orleans, under the superintendence of the Commissioners and Clerks to be appointed by the authorities designated by law. The Election to be conducted and duplicate returns to be made to the undersigned returning officer, according to law.

Sheriff's Office, Parish of Orleans, September 29, 1860. oct11 E. T. PARKER, Sheriff.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

PURSUANT to a Proclamation of His Excellency THOMAS O. MOORE, Governor of the State of Louisiana, bearing date 21st September, 1860, the qualified voters of that portion of the Parish of Orleans on the Mississippi river are hereby notified that an Election will be held on TUESDAY, the 6th day of November, 1860, for one member of the Board of Public Works for the First District.

The Polls will be opened in each Election Precinct, from the hours of eight o'clock, A. M., till four o'clock, P. M., on the said 6th day of November, 1860, for the purpose of receiving the votes of the qualified voters of that portion of the Parish of Orleans aforesaid, under the superintendence of the Commissioners and Clerks to be appointed by the authorities designated by law. The Election to be conducted and duplicate returns to be made to the undersigned returning officer, according to law. Sheriff's Office, Parish of Orleans, Oct. 1, 1860. oct2 td E. T. PARKER, Sheriff.

Union Guard—Second District.

THIS CLUB meets every FRIDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, at the ORLEANS Ball Room, on Orleans st., between Royal and Bourbon. All persons favoring the election of John Bell for President and Edward Everett for Vice-President, are respectfully invited to attend and join said Club. By order. R. D. HUBBARD, Secretary.

HEADQUARTERS STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE Constitutional Union Party!

August 8th, 1860.

MASS MEETINGS will be held throughout the city previous to the Presidential election as follows: Right Bank (Algiers) Saturday, 27th October. First District, Clay Statue, (Canal street) Monday 5th November.

☞ Distinguished Speakers will address the several meetings.

☞ The various Clubs attached to the Constitutional Union, or Bell and Everett party, are respectfully invited to turn out; and to the public generally, irrespective of party, a cordial invitation is extended. By order of the Committee. M. MUSSON, Chairman. THOS. CURRY, Secretary. au9 3m

Louisiana State Mutual Insurance COMPANY,

OFFICE, No. 32 CAMP ST.

CAPITAL..........$301,000.

E. GANUCHEAU..........President. AMADEO LANDRY..........Vice-President. A. PICOLET..........Secretary.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES:

Amadeo Landry, W. A. Gordon, Alfred Dubroca, John Gundy, J. Lesseps, E. H. Harris, J. N. Robert, A. D. Grieff, Theodore Frois, J. B. Marigny, J. A. Bouvrière, Octave Voorhies, Theodore Lanaux, C. J. Bell, E. Bordelon, D. P. Logan, C. Cavaroc, J. M. Wagner, L. Bourdousquie, W. A. Kent, J. Zolly, J. J. Herr, W. G. Betterton, Frank Shaw, W. Cooper, F. Hickman, F. Rotchford, Chas. J. Leeds, J. O. McLearn, Valen. Hoermann, Magin Puig, Wm. Crusat, W. B. Conger.

This Company insures against the perils of the Seas and Rivers, Loss and Damage by Fire, and all usual risks, at the current rates of premiums. New Orleans, 1st September, 1860. sep1-ly

CARONDELET REFINERY —AND— BI-SULPHITE OF LIME WORKS.

THE undersigned, SOLE AGENTS for the above establishment, are now fully prepared to supply their friends and customers with this well-known brand of BI-SULPHITE OF LIME, and request all orders to be sent at an early date to them, at No. 7 Front Levee street, between Customhouse and Bienville streets. AUGUSTIN & THIBAUT.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL,

Corner of St. Charles and Canal Streets,

NEW ORLEANS.

THE pleasantest and most conveniently located House in the city.

RATES OF BOARD.

For Day..........$ 2

For Week..........12

Board only, $8 per week.

BRET & HALLER, Proprietors.

For Rent.

A VERY desirable residence in the best part of the Fourth District, corner of Camp and Third streets, with stabling and other conveniences attached, will be leased for a term of two or more years. A superior ERARD GRAND PIANO, two Carriages in very good condition, a pair of gentle, well broken Horses, and a fine saddle Mare for sale, and may be seen on the premises. For terms and particulars, apply to BERNARD KOCK, 23 Carondelet street.

To Rent,

124 CANAL street, next door to Giquel & Jamison's new store, over the Union Bank, four large ROOMS, with one small room adjoining to them, in the third story, suitable for an office or a family. A kitchen can be had with them if desired. It is on the shady side, and one of the most pleasant situations in the city. Apply on the premises. oct11 1m

To Rent,

ON the ground floor, on Ursulines street, between Burgundy and Dauphine, TWO PARLORS, divided by a sliding door, with gas fixtures, to rent furnished or empty. For further particulars apply on Toulouse street, No. 34 up stairs. oct2 tf

For Rent.

A NEW and desirable residence, with all the modern improvements and conveniences for a large family, in a desirable location in the Second District. Possession given on the 1st November next. For particulars apply to A. BERGAMINI, oct2 1m No. 91 (late 56) Old Levee st.

To Rent,

PONTALBA Building No. 6, on St. Ann street. Possession given immediately. Apply to E. PECHAUD, at the office of the Merchants' Insurance Company. oct2 tf

For Rent.

A SUITE OF ROOMS, comprising 4 fine rooms, 1 large parlor, servants' rooms and kitchen, at the corner of Royal and St. Peter streets, up stairs. Entrance on St. Peter street. Apply to P. DURAND on the premises.

For Rent.

A LARGE one-story Brick House, corner of Orleans and Burgundy streets. The Ground Floor of house 185 Louis street. A two-story Frame House, 184 Treme street. A two-story Frame House corner of Orleans and Dauphine streets. A two-story Brick Store, 281 Common street. Apply to EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO. 16 and 18 St. Louis street.

To Rent,

A FIVE-STORY brick house, corner of Burgundy street, No. 76, near the corner of Bienville, well adapted to a large family. Apply to EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., Nos. 16 and 18 St. Louis street.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned, merchants and other citizens, regarding a Mercantile Room an indispensable necessity in a city like ours, beg leave to commend to the generous public the efforts of Mr. F. W. COELER to continue such an institution in our midst.

Through the past two years, with a very inadequate patronage, he has kept open a Commercial News Room that will compete with any of those in the largest cities of the Union. He appeals now to this community for a more liberal support, promising, should he receive the requisite encouragement, he will make the New Orleans Commercial Reading Room a permanent institution, and render it more attractive to the general reader and business man, by placing on file a greater number of home and foreign newspapers and periodicals.

Feeling entire confidence in Mr. Coeler's ability and determination to carry out his intentions, we appeal to our fellow-citizens to second his efforts, according to him the necessary encouragement and support:

J M Lapeyre, Charles Briggs, Thomas Sloo, A Cohen, W T N Robinson, Thos A Adams, Byrne, Vance & Co, Koutsprut & Co, Cammack & Converse, Montgomery & White, Payne & Harrison, Geo Connolly & Co, Lewis & Olcotte, Battle, Noble & Co, Rhodes & Brownell, Geo P Black & Co, McFarland & Buchanan, Wyman, Kitchell & Co, Schmidt & Co, Conning & Harrige, Samuel Bell, F W Smythe, Edward E Pinkie, Fellowes & Co, Hewitt, Norton & Co, M D Cooper & Co, J B Pruett & Co, W & D Urquhart, Bridge & Co, O B Graham & Co, B J Hart & Co, N O J Tisdale, Baxter, Lovell & Co, W H Conner & Son, R H Thorn, John T Hardie & Co, Perkins & Co, Goree & Negropente, Lerres & Prevost, Hewston Rankin & Co, Avendano Bros, W Prentiss & Co, B Ollty, A & M Heine, B F Simmons & Smith, A F Cochran & Hall, A J Da Silva, Creevy & Farwell, Classen & Co, Geo W Hynson & Co, Block, M-Alin & Co, Brander & Holmes, Duncan Kennedy, Ward Dewey & Co, Schneider & Co, A Cohen, P A Giraud, D H Taylor, W H Lamer & Co, Pord, Simms & Co, J M & I N Marks, O'Dowd & Sullivan, W L Lanier, O D Metcalf & Co, James Connolly, Fogo & Taylor, Gardner, Smith & Co, H D Baldwin, Bashn & Co, P A Giraud, Charles Kock & Co, J J Michel, Theo O Miller, J L Levy & Simpson, Volgt & Jeanneaud, Gauthrie & Ogden, Amedee Laporte, James Harrison & Co, John Turpin, A D Grieff & Co, Matthewsike & McIlhenny, J Abrahamson, Murray, Louke & Co, McLemore, Raybury & Co, Bogert & Jones, E F Brauer, J J Person & Co, Slack & Byington, Wood & Low, Halliday, Graham & Co, Bark, Stauffer & Co, Coleman, Britton & Whitters, Reinhard & Co, Chas Hoppel & Co, John Gowman, A M R Merol, W H Wright, John O Woodruff & Co, F Rodewald & Co, S J Adler, Thos C Jenkins, Avegno, Binder & Co, D M Hildreth & Co. oct13 1t-1m 6t2p

To Sugar and Cotton Planters.

YOU are invited to call and see my large and IMPROVED LANTERNS, with an eight inch Glass Reflector for burning coal or kerosine oil, and well adapted for Sugar and Gin Houses, and superior to any in use. For sale at the Lamp Store of ARTEMSON HILL, oct12 1m No. 6 Chartres street.

Classic, Scientific and Religious Book store,

CHURCH ORNAMENTS.

CH. GUERINEAU, Agent,

167.. Corner Royal and Orleans sts.. 167

RECEIVED, by late arrivals from France, an extensive selection of splendid Pearl Crowns (Empress Eugenie) and other goods for All Saints' Day, for sale low. Two cases funereal books, at 10 cents per package. French books: Repose de esprit, ... Le Bon Jardinier pour 1861. Manuels ... prayer books very cheap. Roman Missel, in 4 vols.... Les Tresors de Cornelius a Lapide, 4 vols, 8vo. ... La Somme Théologique, &c. ... Religious Engravings, Canons d'Autel and Stations of the Cross framed. Artificial Flowers and Stationery—a large quantity, for sale on very moderate terms at the above well-known cheap store. oct2

Wanted.

A LAD about 15 or 16 years of age to work in a Dry Goods store. Apply to TURCOTTE & BLANCAND, oct11 corner of St. Ann and Chartres sts.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS! —AT— SAM'S SALOON, 101..........ST. CHARLES STREET..........101

THIS establishment is now open and ready to SHELL OUT as fine a quality of OYSTERS as can be had in Southern waters. oct16 1m

CHEAP ICE.

IN consequence of the large quantity of ice on hand and expected to arrive the subscribers, Agents of the [illegible] Company, [illegible], will, on the 8th October, commence the sale at Fifty Cents the hundred pounds, without deliveries at places of residence or stores for quantities less than one ton, and for ton quantities delivered the same price. L. DOWNEY, L. LUCIER, L. DUTEL, T. M. JACOBS, T. SHEFKIN. oct1 1m

J. B. WALTON,

CITY AUCTIONEER,

AND AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER and GENERAL AGENT for the Purchase and Sale of REAL ESTATE—SLAVES, LANDS, &c., &c.

Office, 40 Camp street,

CONTINUES his personal attention to all sales of Real Estate, Slaves, Furniture, Bank and other Stocks, Successions and Merchandise generally. He also gives attention to the system of plans and plats embracing every square in the city, and every square, with the measurement thereof, the name of the owner, and their various information, useful to the purchaser, sale and appraisement of Real Estate; adequate advantage and information.

☞ Furniture and other out-door sales attended to. oct26 6m

Notice.

SINCE the first of August last, Messrs. C. W. MAUDAY and CHARLES T. DOUAYON have an interest in the business of our house, and they hold our power of attorney. EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO. New Orleans, 25th September, 1860. sep26 1m

MRS. THIERRY,

Corner Bayou Road and Derbigny Street, (Apply in the Garden.)

HAVING an extensive variety of fine Flowers, orders for wedding and other Bouquets for the city and country attended to. For sale, a splendid assortment of Rose Trees, Dahlias, Jessamines, Shrubs, &c., at a reduction. Gardens laid out.

Scrofula, or King's Evil,

IS a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak and poor. Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

Its effects commence by deposition from the blood of corrupt or ulcerous matter, which, in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, eruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which genders in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous complaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of other diseases; consequently vast numbers perish by disorders which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system. Most of the consumption which decimates the human family has its origin directly in this scrofulous contamination; and many destructive diseases of the liver, kidneys, brain, and, indeed, of all the organs, arise from or are aggravated by the same cause.

One quarter of all our people are scrofulous; their persons are invaded by this lurking infection, and their health is undermined by it. To cleanse it from the system we must renovate the blood by an alterative medicine, and invigorate it by healthy food and exercise. Such a medicine we supply in

AYER'S

Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

the most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this everywhere prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedials that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of the system from its destructive consequences. Hence it should be employed for the cure of not only Scrofula, but also those other affections which arise from it, such as Eruptive and Skin Diseases, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Blains and Boils, Tumors, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Rheumatism, Syphilitic and Mercurial Diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Debility, and, indeed, all complaints arising from Vitiated or Impure Blood. The popular belief in "impurity of the blood" is founded in truth, for Scrofula is a degeneration of the blood. The particular purpose and virtue of this Sarsaparilla is to purify and regenerate this vital fluid, without which sound health is impossible in contaminated constitutions.

AYER'S

AGUE CURE,

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF

Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache, or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in biliary derangement, caused by the Malaria or Miasmatic Countries.

We are enabled here to offer the community a remedy which, while it cures the above complaints with certainty, is still perfectly harmless in any quantity. Such a remedy is invaluable in districts where these afflicting disorders prevail. This "Cure" expels the miasmatic poison of FEVER AND AGUE from the system, and prevents the development of the disease, if taken on the first approach of its premonitory symptoms. It is not only the best remedy ever yet discovered for this class of complaints, but also the cheapest. The large quantity we supply for a dollar brings it within the reach of every body; and in bilious districts, where FEVER AND AGUE prevails, every body should have it and use it freely both for cure and protection. A great superiority of this remedy over any other ever discovered for the speedy and certain cure of Intermittents is that it contains no Quinine or mineral, consequently it produces no quinism or other injurious effects whatever upon the constitution. Those cured by it are left as healthy as if they had never had the disease.

Fever and Ague is not alone the consequence of miasmatic poison. A great variety of disorders arise from its irritation, among which are Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Painful Affection of the Spleen, Hysterics, Pain in the Bowels, Colic, Paralysis and Derangement of the Stomach, all of which, when originating in this cause, put on the intermittent type, or become periodical. This "Cure" expels the poison from the blood, and consequently cures them all alike. It is an invaluable protection to immigrants and persons travelling or temporarily residing in the malarious districts. If taken occasionally or daily while exposed to the infection, that will be excreted from the system, and cannot accumulate in sufficient quantity to ripen into disease. Hence it is even more valuable for protection than cure, and few will ever suffer from Intermittents if they will avail themselves of the protection this remedy affords.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

All of our remedies are for sale by J. WRIGHT & CO., 21 and 151 Chartres st. oct2 daw

HAVANA SUGAR—White and yellow Havana Sugar, in store and for sale by R. DE VISSER & CO., 64 Magazine st. oct5

DUTCH CHEESE, PATE GRASSE CHEESE—Landing from ship Baden, from Havre; Edam Dutch Cheese, 20 boxes Pate Grasse Cheese, for sale by DUNTZE & CO., oct2 corner Royal and Conti sts.

SEED OATS—500 Bushels fresh black seed oats, for sale, in lots to suit, by F. A. GONZALES & CO., 46 and 47 Old Levee st., bet. Conti and Bienville streets.

THE undersigned announce to their friends and the public that they have removed their goods from the Red Store to the "Jackson Store," corner of St. Ann and Chartres streets, where they will constantly keep a full and complete assortment of the latest style goods. oct1 TURCOTTE & BLANCAND, Jackson Store.

CHEESE—Superior Pate Gruyere, Gruyere, Dutch and Limburg cheese, in store and for sale by DUNTZE & CO., oct2 corner Royal and Conti sts.

HALIBUT FINS—75 kits Halibut fins just received, and for sale by B. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas street.

TONGUES AND SOUNDS—25 kits Tongues and Sounds just received, and for sale by B. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas street.

LANDING ex bark Mount Vernon, from Marseilles—200 cases sweet, Bergamot; 300 boxes vermicelli, Nouilles, Fideo, & Co.; 50 bales soft-shelled almonds; 100 baskets of 12 empty bottles; 100 demijohns of 125 each; Marseilles oil, &c.; for sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., 16 and 18 St. Louis street.

SWEET GREEN PEAS—Landing ex ship Globe, 50 cases Paris Green Peas, [illegible]. DUNTZE & CO., corner Royal and Conti sts.

CLARET AND WHITE WINES—[illegible] Pauillac and St. Julien, 25 cases Sauternes ... EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., Nos. 16 and 18 St. Louis street.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

ONE DOLLAR for every TEN lines, in each language, on the first insertion, and half that price for each subsequent one.

Advertisements on the first page ONE DOLLAR per square each insertion.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged ONE DOLLAR for every TEN lines, for each language, for each insertion.

The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to all advertisements strictly within the line of their business and in amount to one square every other day.

No subscription taken for less than one year. No subscription to advertising will be stopped until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the proprietor.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

SPALDING & ROGERS..........Proprietors

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY NIGHTS, Oct. 17 and 18—New new fine inexhaustible—Unique, Pleasing and Artistic—Seventeenth Night of the ever popular delineators, RUMSEY & NEWCOMB'S MINSTRELS—The FOUR COUNTRY MAN, by Rumsey and Lake—FRENCH MASTER AND PUPIL, by Rossi and Merrimore. First Night: NIGHT with TOMMY DOBBS—THE HAUNTED DWELLING—VIVE LA AMERICA—For the First time here of HIGH, LOW, JACK—Wild Got De Game.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.

Mr. BEN DeBAR..........Lessee.

Mr. H. CONNI..........Acting Manager.

MONDAY, Prices of Admission—Dress Circle and Parquette 75c.; Second Circle and Gallery, 25c.; at same Box Tickets, 50c.

GREAT ORIGINAL CAMPBELL MINSTRELS.

THIS world-renowned troupe will appear for ONE WEEK, commencing SATURDAY EVENING, October 13, giving an entire change of performance every evening. New Songs, Dances, Conundrums, Burlesques and Negro Eccentricities. F. GLEASON, Treasurer.

Bi-Sulphite of Lime.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agent for the Manufacturer of the Clara Street Bi-Sulphite of Lime Manufactory, successor to Messrs. [illegible] & Eude, is prepared to supply the same pure and warranted Bi-Sulphite of Lime as heretofore manufactured by them, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage of planters and merchants. Orders to be addressed to the undersigned, at the manufactory's depot, No. 28 Conti street. P. MARCELIN, Agent.

PRACTICAL SCHOOL.

Under the Direction of MR. CHAS. CARRON.

On Dauphine street, No. 192, between St. Ann and Dumaine streets.

PECULIAR METHOD.

DAY CLASSES from 8 A. M. to 3 P. M. French and English, Vocal Music, Drawing. Board—From 4 to 6 o'clock, P. M., for the day pupils. Evening Classes—From 7 to 9 P. M. Spanish, French, Book-keeping and Mathematics. sep16

COLLEGE,

DRYADES ST., BETWEEN CLIO AND ERATO.

Conducted by Chs. Lavender.

MR. LAVENDER has the honor of informing families and pupils that his classes will recommence on MONDAY, 3d September. For copies of the prospectus, apply at the College, or to Mr. CAMMACK, of the Citizens' Bank. sep8 1m

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from No. 11 Front Levee to Nos. 46 and 47 Old Levee, between Conti and Bienville streets. F. A. GONZALES & CO. oct6

Removal.

LOUIS FALK, tailor, informs his customers and the public that he has removed from No. 192 Bourbon street to No. 86, same street, between Bienville and Conti streets.

PIANOS!

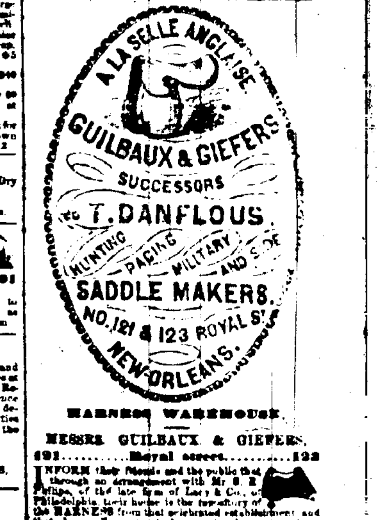
The undersigned respectfully invite the public to call and examine their

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF PIANOS

GRAND CONCERT PIANOS, HALF GRAND PIANOS, OBLIQUE PIANOS, PICOLOS.

The above instruments are guaranteed in every respect and will be sold at unprecedented low prices.

SOURDES & CHASSAIGNAC, feb6 Row 19 CHARTRES STREET.



HARNESS WAREHOUSE.

MESSRS. GUILBAUX & GIEFERS,

121..........Royal street..........123

INFORM their friends and the public that they have, through an arrangement with Mr. E. H. Phillips, of the late firm of Lacy & Co., of Philadelphia, their house is the repository of the HARNESS from that celebrated establishment, and that they will constantly have on hand a supply of the most fashionable and fine harness, suitable for all carriages, buggies, sulkies, &c. Double Harness of all descriptions of the most moderate market prices. Received per ships Kate Dyer, Alice Ball and Alliance, from Havre, their splendid selection of Buggy and Saddle WINTER COVERS. HUNTING BAGS, Powder Horns, plain and fancy silver set ditto, and every article in the line. Received from England, by ship Princess, a large selection of ladies and gentlemen's Saddles, very fine round and network Bridles, Double-Reins, English Girths, Bridles, English Coverings, Carpets, Saddles, Whips, Ponies ... Hunting Guitars, &c. The whole on very moderate terms. oct26

NEW STORE.

TAILORS' GOODS.

DUMAS BROTHERS,

136..........Chartres Street..........136

Beg leave to inform the public that they have formed a commercial establishment in this place, under the firm of DUMAS BROTHERS, for the purpose of conducting the

Fancy Goods Business for Gentlemen,

COMPRISING

CLOTHS, from the best manufacturers in Europe; BLACK DOESKIN, CASSIMERES, DOUBLE MILLED PANTALOON STUFF, SILK AND WOOLEN VESTING, CASHMERE CLOTH, MERINO CLOTH, READY-MADE SHIRTS.

And a complete assortment of ARTICLES for Tailors which they will sell at the lowest market price.

☞ Orders from the country will be promptly attended to.

DIRECT IMPORTATION OF FOREIGN DRY GOODS.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

THE undersigned informs his customers and the city and country merchants that he has on exhibition and for sale a large and splendid assortment of

New Fall Goods,

just landed by the last arrivals from Europe. The choice and variety will no doubt give satisfaction to purchasers. J. LEVOIS, Bourbon st. oct26-2m Lower Canal, up stairs.

A Square of Ground.

IS offered at private sale, a certain SQUARE OF GROUND bounded by Chênes Verts, Good, Bellechasse and Seventh streets, divided into twenty-two lots, on a plan made in October, 1853. This piece of ground is very high, and in the midst of improved property, with a good chance of rising in value. To a good purchaser the terms will be made easy and acceptable. Apply to S. G. GUIRAULT, 20 Exchange Alley.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing in this city under the firm of Romagosa & Magi is from this instant, dissolved by mutual consent. F. ROMAGOSA will continue the same business in his own name and for his own account, and will liquidate the affairs of the concern. All powers of attorney granted by said firm to F. Romagosa are revoked. F. ROMAGOSA, JAYME MAGI. New Orleans, July 9th, 1860.

Wanted,

A YOUNG MAN speaking French and English, writing a good hand—in a retail drug store. Apply, with references, at Box R, No. 21, P. O. sep17

French Millinery Goods.

JUST received from Europe a complete and well-selected assortment of New and Fashionable Goods, such as: VELVET and SILK BONNETS, GARIBALDI HATS, FLOWERS and FEATHERS, BONNET SILKS and VELVETS, RIBBONS, of all kinds, SILK, KID and WOOLEN GLOVES, PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS, SILK and LINEN LACES, EMBROIDERIES, SILK and LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, SILK and CHENILLE HEAD-DRESSES, BRIDAL WREATHS, RICH GUIPURE VEILS, BLONDS and QUILLINGS, ILLUSIONS and TARLETONS, BOYS and YOUTHS' CAPS. Also, a general assortment of NEW STYLE STRAW GOODS for Ladies, Girls and Boys, for sale at very low prices by J. DESMES, Jr., sep15 64 Chartres street.

JAMES H. PUTNAM,

Late of the firm of HALL, RODD & PUTNAM,

COTTON AND SUGAR FACTOR, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT,

No. 81 CARONDELET STREET.

OATS—300 bags (double) prime St. Louis, in store and for sale, in lots to suit, by F. A. GONZALES & CO., 46 and 47 Old Levee, oct5 between Conti and Bienville sts.

[illegible] Jalap ... Gerard ... St. Estephe ... TARDOURY, OLIVARI & CO., 87 Royal street.

GREEN PEAS—100 cases, [illegible] of Paris, landing ex ship ... Havre, and for sale by LANATA BROTHERS, oct5 ...

WESTPHALIA HAMS—Just received a superior ship from Germany, 300 very choice Westphalia Hams. DUNTZE & CO., oct16 Corner Royal and Conti sts.

HAVANA SUGAR—300 boxes white and yellow Havana sugar, now landing, in store, No. 11 Front Levee, and for sale by R. DE VISSER & CO., oct16 64 Magazine street.

OLIVE OIL—Quarts and Pints ... landing on ship Mount Vernon and for sale by B. D. GRATIAA & CO. oct5

ABSYNTH AND KIRSCH—... cases absynth, ... Kirsch ... for sale by B. D. GRATIAA & CO. oct5

CORN—1000 bags prime yellow and white, in store, and for sale, in lots to suit, by F. A. GONZALES & CO., 46 and 47 Old Levee, oct5 between Conti and Bienville sts.

HAVANA CIGARS—A large assortment always on hand of the most favorite brands, such as Woodville, El Cabana, Flor de Tabacos, Prado ... Jackson, Principe de Gales, ... and for sale by R. DE VISSER & CO., 64 Magazine st.

[illegible] ... for sale by TARDOURY, OLIVARI & CO., No. 87 Royal street.