The New Orleans Bee.

Office, 73 Chartres street.

NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 6, 1862.

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NEW ORLEANS:
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TROOPS IN GENERAL.

At no time has been declared against such topics of general interest as are discongested with military matters, we shall from time to time furnish our readers with whatever information we may possess on local topics in which the public may be fairly presumed to feel some concern. The weather being the introduction to all conversation, merits precedence in our journalistic medley. Of it we can say that it has not been hitherto exactly what we usually expect of this season. Generally May is ushered in by regularly increasing warmth, compelling the inhabitants to cast aside every habiliment significative of winter, and to don the lightest apparel their wardrobes can supply. But until yesterday when we had a touch of incipient summer, the mornings and evenings have been singularly cool, while mid-day was uncomfortably hot. These alternations of temperature are generally regarded by the more experienced amongst us as extremely unpropitious to health. They affect to some extent the permanent residents of New Orleans, and some, of course, be felt more sensibly by the unacclimated. We are not, therefore, surprised at hearing that many cases of sickness, and one or two of sun stroke had occurred among the latter. People should be cautious in such weather, and should avoid, as far as possible, any undue exposure to the meridian rays of the sun, or to the chilly dewsof early dawns and sunset.

Many persons are speculating as to the prospect of a visit this year from the pestilence which has so often decimated our population. Our own opinion derived from thirty years residence in New Orleans is, that there are no signs positively prefiguring the appearance of the scourge. Its visitations can never be predicted, and we have known it to rage with violence when the city was comparatively clean, and to remain absent when every hygienic indication was in favor of its appearance. Before 1853 the fever had abandoned us for five years. The sad memories of its ravages during that year of devastation and death are not yet extinguished. The disease reappeared in 1855 in a less fatal form, and in 1858 with terrible severity, since which time it has manifested itself only in a few sporadic cases. Those who profess to be exceedingly wise in such matters declare that we are going to have an epidemic this year. The future will prove how far their predictions will be verified.

Meanwhile, as health in general is undoubtedly connected with cleanliness, we take occasion to remark that our streets are in a particularly filthy condition. Even if, according to an eminent physician of this city, filth is no generator of yellow fever, it unquestionably aids in the propagation of typhoid and other forms of disease that are among the most intractable of maladies. Now that the Mayor and municipal authorities have been allowed to retain their power and privileges in every thing unconnected with military affairs, it is their imperative duty to free our city from all impurities which may be deemed prejudicial to health. The Crescent sensibly and appropriately suggests the employment of members of the poorer classes who have remained in enforced idleness since the occupation of the city by the U. S. forces, in cleansing the streets, removing deposits of filth, &c. We second this timely and humane proposition.

With respect to the police administration of New Orleans, it certainly appears effective. With a large foreign military element in our midst, it might be imagined that frequent collisions would take place, and that the people would be greatly agitated. Thus far such troubles have been entirely avoided. The Federal soldiers do not seem to interfere with the private property of the citizens, and have done nothing that we are aware of to provoke difficulties. The usual nightly reports of arrests for vagrancy, assaults, wounding and killing have unquestionably been diminished. Whether the police performe its duties more faithfully, or whether the presence of a strong body of Federal soldiers imposes a salutary respect upon the rowdy element, we have to state that the city is as tranquil and peaceable as it is the most quiet times. So may it long continue to be!

D. J. HOCKERSMITH & Co—We are requested to call attention to the advertisement of D. J. Hockersmith & Co., 181 and 183 Poydras street, offering to redeem their notes on presentation.

LIGHT, LIGHT.—It will be seen by the advertisement of Mr. Artemon Hill, No. 5 Camp street, that he will receive all notes approved by the Committee of Safety in payment of coal, Confederate and cotton seed oils.

A WONDERFUL VOLCANO.—The Chicago Journal says that one of the strangest phenomena in nature has recently developed itself near the Hoven Lake, Polk county, Wisconsin. Flames of fire come up through the earth in several localities, and one man's barn has been burned down by it. Strange to say, the fire can only be seen in the daytime, the earth in the evening bearing a close resemblance to phosphorus. The air smells as if impregnated with sulphur. The most remarkable feature in connection with the flow that washes strikes in the honest hearted near by take fire, although there is nothing visible to ignite them.

"SAMARITANS IN EVERY SITUATION."—The Selma *Reporter* has the following paragraph on the hospital for the soldiers recently fitted up by the ladies of Selma:

The Masonic Institute, a large three story brick building, has been taken for this purpose, and the ladies have spent much credit for the comfort in which they have placed it. We were informed that more than two hundred patients might be promptly cared for at any time. A dining-room and kitchen are connected with the building, and every thing possible has been done to provide for the comfort and encouragement of the sick soldier who may be absent from his home and relations.

ECLIPSES FOR THE YEAR 1862.—There will be five eclipses this year, as follows:

1. A partial eclipse of the moon just before and after midnight, on July 11. Total eclipse will be nine an hour and seven minutes after the beginning, and lasts one hour and three minutes. Duration, three hours and seventeen minutes.

2. A partial eclipse of the sun, June 25, in the morning. Invisible in America, but visible in Europe.

3. A partial eclipse of the sun, November 21, invisible in America, but seen in the Great Pacific.

4. Partial eclipse of the sun, November 20, invisible in America, but visible in Asia generally.

5. A total eclipse of the moon, early in the morning of December 6—visible. The eclipse commences about one hour and nine minutes after the beginning, and lasts one hour and thirty-seven minutes. Total duration, three hours and forty-nine minutes.

DEATH OF AN OLD CARRIER.—The Richmond Dispatch of yesterday records the death of an old negro man named Barnum Moore, whose face and small form will doubtless be remembered by many of our city readers. He died in Hockley yesterday, after a brief illness. For more than a quarter of a century he was a carrier of newspapers, to which daily occupation he sometimes united that of preacher to his colored brethren. Faithful in all he undertook, neither summer's sun or winter's storm ever deterred him from laying at each door the daily news, and his humility and honesty of life made a friend of every one who knew him. Poor Barnum! He was many a time jeered with his tattered round of duty, but at last his days of drudgery and years, he has been taken from the cares, whose the weary are at rest. He was in the term of life allotted to humanity years of age. Peace

We copy the following from the last number of the Algerine *Newsboy*:

OCCUPATION OF ALGIERS BY THE ENEMY.—Late on Thursday afternoon simultaneously with the landing of the Federal General Butler in New Orleans the Twenty-first Indiana Regiment, under Colonel McMillan, landed at the Opelousas Railroad Depot, in Algiers. The Superintendent of the road, Captain Sagar, was absent, but being near by, was informed that they desired to use the depot as quarters, which being refused, they nevertheless took possession both of the building and of the rolling stock of the road. As a consequence no trains have since gone out. Their pickets are stationed some distance below the town and up the railroad as far back as there are buildings, but not above the square this side of the depot.

We have not heard of any other seizure of private property except that a hogshead of sugar lying at the warehouse was unceremoniously taken to sweeten their coffee against the consent of the persons in whose charge it had been placed.

OBITUARY OF AN OLD CITIZEN.—Our readers will be pained to read of the death of one of our oldest citizens, Capt. C. V. Esnard, formerly one of the Police, whose unspotted private character it has frequently been our pleasure to record. He has for some time been suffering from ill-health, and has now happily for himself, but sadly for his family and friends, been called away.

THE PATROL.—For a week past, since the advent of the enemy before the city, the peace of our town has been preserved by a strong patrol of citizens, who have watched over it faithfully. It is now delivered into the hands of the hostile forces who have overcome our own. It will depend upon them to see that order, quietude and security prevail in the future.

THE GUNBOATS MCRAE AND RESOLUTE.—Several of the warrant officers of the Confederate States gunboat McRae called at our office on yesterday, and requested us to say that the assertion made by the officers of the gunboat Resolute, that Capt. Brady, parser of the latter vessel, had been taken by the former and put in irons, is not correct. They say that they took but three men off the Resolute, one of them being wounded, who died in fifteen or twenty minutes afterward. The other two were treated well, and soon after left the McRae and have not been heard from since. Capt. Brady was not among them.

The statement in the *Newsboy* was made by the chief officers of the McRae, and not by us. We can but repeat now what we said in our last, that the gallantry and fidelity of the officers of the McRae forbid our believing that they would ill use a fellow-countryman fighting with them against the common enemy.

[From the Southern Literary Messenger.]

BOARDING AN ENGINEER.

BY ANDERSON.

[Continued.]

"Pooh! what's to hinder her coming with him, if his horses are quiet? and if they ain't I'll be bound he can manage them. It is a long drive," he continued, "do you think you can make the trip in a day?"

"Oh, yes." Frank answered, "if I don't get lost in your wild mountains, I'll be back by sunset."

He soon set off at a speed which encouraged the belief that night would not find him on the road.

"Has Miss Dean come yet?" was Katie's first question, when they started back.

"No, coming to-morrow, I believe," he replied, indifferently.

"Ain't you very glad?" she asked, in a tone of surprise.

"No. I don't care if she never comes, she will just break in on our lessons."

"So I thought, but Aunt Mag said you would be very glad to have somebody to flirt with."

Frank looked sharply into her face to see how far she understood what she had said; but she looked as composed and innocent as if she had made the most ordinary remark.

"Did you ever find your glove?" asked he, wishing to turn the conversation. "But how could you when I had stolen it?"

"Stolen it!" she cried, laughing, "why, what did you want with my glove?"

"Why, I am an artist, you know, and artists love all pretty things," then looking down at the beautiful little hand, which almost touched his shoulder, he could not help saying, "and because it belonged to such a sweet, pretty little hand. But see, I have brought you these," and he held a tiny pair of gauntlets across her lap.

How pretty they looked, with their soft, silken trimmings.

"Oh, how beautiful they are! I'll wear them if Aunt Mag will let me," she said.

The spell was upon Frank, and many a soft word was whispered in Katie's ear, as they traveled down that long mountain road. How his heart sometimes smote him, when he looked into that young trusting face, and saw the telltale blush mantling her pale cheek.

How gladly he went back to the lessons again; even Miss Dean's coming could not draw him from them. And that evening they could not conceal her surprise, when she found the Sir Knight, whom she had expected to find pining for a flirtation, so loth to begin one.

"Why, Mag," she said, "I am afraid I have arrived too late for the promised amusement. I think little Katie here has stolen Mr. Mallone's heart, before I could come in."

"I think he has stolen her's," replied Mag. "You know, Nannie, what an untidy child Katie used to be, and how much trouble I had about it? Well, now, she is the neatest creature you ever saw, always looking as trim as a new pin."

"Heigh ho!" sighed Miss Dean. "I wish I had known how matters stood before I came. I am not sure Maggie would have had the pleasure of my company; it was a great inducement, I'll acknowledge," she said, laughing.

"Nonsense," replied Mag; "of course he looks upon Katie as a child, he treats her as such; look what a pretty pair of gauntlets he gave her the other day!"

"Beautiful," cried Miss Dean. "What did you say, Katie?"

"I thanked him," Katie replied, briefly.

Mag and Miss Dean looked at each other and laughed, then she said, "I'll declare, he has fine taste. It would be pleasant to have such a man choose one's ribbons, eh! Maggie?"

"He is afraid of you, Nannie, we told him you were a coquette."

"Now, that was unfair, I'll not have half a chance with him," she answered.

"Oh, yes! that just gives you the privilege of commencing the war."

And she did begin it in earnest. She was a beauty, fair as a lily, with eyes as soft and blue, knowing but too well how to look the language of love.

How bright and cheerful she was, running up the whole house, and making its walls echo, and re-echo to many a merry laugh. Frank loved to listen to her bright whistlesong, and soon, very soon, she learned to steal him from himself and every thing around him. He was not conscious of it; she was so like the woman he had always known before he came to that house. She brought back all the past to his life. He thought he was only falling into his old ways and habits again. In fact she didn't give him time to think at all; she kept the whole house in a commotion; there was waltzing and riding, visiting and company, and duets, tableaux and charades. She even enjoied the Professor into trying a ping, that they might have private lessons. The old Colonel was in his ecstacies. Where she was more like the woman of his day than anybody he had ever seen since. Mag's sisters deserves was often shocked at her boldness, but her supercilious frown was in vain. She had roused a spirit which she could not quell. Every one saw the influence she was gaining over Frank, and no one pitied him more than Katie. Poor Katie! How sad and lonely she felt! She had so lately been the idol of the household, and now, save the Colonel, no one seemed to remember her. How hard she studied to win some word of praise, but how coldly and hastily it was given when the half-neglected lessons were attended to! And the drawings, which cause every evening's come, were never tenderly ever remembered. Poor Katie! how she loved to take her guitar and sing alone! Alas, Katie! Coarser flowers may feel this blighting frost and yet bloom, though the outward leaves are all black and seared; but the gentle rose, once nipped in the bud, may never unfold its silken leaves. How she loved to sing! That was here's silence, the gift of song, for amid all her charms Miss Dean was voiceless. How she loved to be called in to sing for them! There was no inconvenience in her indulgence now, but it was full of pleasure and power. They would turn and look at her in astonishment when she sang those wild, mournful melodies; and Miss Dean said she expected some time to see Katie's little body go off in a gush of music. And one song of her's would break the spell that was upon Frank. He would sit for hours afterwards, gazing moodily into the fire, as if his sad melody had murdered the bright spirit which was leading him away. But the moody would bring back her power, and she most learned to call for no more of Katie's songs.

The autumn had passed away, winter had come, and yet much was no talk of Miss Dean's going away.

One morning she rushed into the sitting room.

"Oh, Maggie," she cried, "I dreamed last night Frank kissed me. Oh!" she screamed as she spoke, "I did not know you were in here." Then drawing her hands on her mouth with provoking expression of confusion, she rushed out!

"Fellow her, man, follow her," cried the Colonel, "I could take such a dare from no woman."

"Maggie," she said to her friend, afterwards, "wasn't that a horrid mistake I made to tell my dream before Mr. Mallone?"

"I don't know," replied Mag. "I thought you did it on purpose."

"Oh, fie! Maggie, you don't think I would do such a thing? I did dream it! I tell you. Yesterday he read me a story, in which the lovers were called Frank and Katie, and when he finished it he said, 'Wouldn't Nannie and Frank go nicely together?' He said it in such a cruel tone, and looked at us so softly, I couldn't help thinking it would be nice to have him kiss me. So last night I dreamed he did."

"Nannie, you have never told me what you found to dewish him when he declare himself."

"That's just what I can't tell you now," she answered. "I commenced it as a flirtation, but somehow he has gained upon me wonderfully. I don't know whether it is because I am alone with him in a country house, or whether it is a way he has with him, but I'll assure you I never had any one make such an impression on me. I didn't intend to be married soon, but this would be a great temptation."

"Did it ever occur to you, Nannie, that this may still be a thrown with him; that he may be in jest, although you may be in earnest?"

"The idea!" she cried, straightening her figure up, "the idea! He man has ever been able to act a has fitted with me, and I think Mr. Frank will be no exception."

The Professor brought in his play, which was a tragedy, called the "Forsaken Gipsy." There was mention of the part to be from gaiety to collar to find costumes, and great picking and choosing for actors. The principal characters, the lovers, were to be acted by Miss Dean and Frank; minor parts were soon found, but where were they to find a Gipsy? Katie was the only one who might pass for a Gipsy, and the character, the Professor declared, would suit her exactly; but the Colonel opposed her taking a part. By dint of many persuasions, especially from the Professor, ably seconded by Mag, he finally yielded; and now all the parts were taken, there was much stepping and many rehearsals, for the play was to be largely attended, and each character I think, designed being a star.

"I think, Katie, you will have to give up your French for a while," said Frank.

"You will not be able to study your part and the lessons too.

She did not answer him, but that day she got a longer lesson than usual; but when the came down to recite, Frank and Miss Dean had gone out for a ride. She went out and sat on the steps, watching and waiting for them, but they did not come, though she waited until the sun went down behind the blue mountains, and the glittering stars began to peep out from among the clouds. The gathering gloom of a December evening fell around her, and still she sat there peering through the fast coming darkness, and listening for the sound of horses' hoofs on the railroad laborers, who returned singing to their homes. And when they came, it was so dark they could only see a little crouching figure on the steps. Miss Dean started in affright, and said:

"Oh! is that you, Harriet? Stargazing. I do believe;" and they both laughed and passed on.

How the hot blood rushed through her veins, though a moment before she had been almost numb with cold. Through the open door she saw them in the parlor, and as she spoke Frank stopped in the hall. She went in and stood by him in silence for a while; then she called his name. It was too dark for him to see the youthful flush of her face, and the tremulousness of her voice, he thought, was from cold, instead of passion.

"Why, Katie," he answered, "is this you, my little one? You ought not to stay out so late: see how hoarse you are?"

"You and she staid out, too."

"Yes, but we are strong, grown people, and you are a delicate little thing, to be taken care of."

"I waited to say my lessons, but you would not come. I'm never want to hear my lessons now!" she answered, passionately.

"Oh yes, but I thought you would not have time to get it now," he answered, good humoredly. "Come to me to-morrow, and I will hear it;" and he walked in to the parlor, unconscious of the fiery storm that was raging in poor little Katie's heart.

On the morrow Katie came again with the lesson, but Frank was not in the house. It was one of those clear, warm days that come sometimes in winter; and the brightness of the sun had inspired Miss Dean and Frank out of doors. They had walked in the garden, the stables, the vineyards, and then into the vine-clad arbor; perhaps for a private rehearsal. They sat there long, talking in soft, murmuring voices. How beautiful she looked, with the bloom on her cheek, and her gentle eyes downcast: and when she raised them, with tender glance, Frank thought he loved her. He took her hand and said:

"Nannie, is that dream you told me of never coming to pass? I have waited so long, hoping it would."

She beat her head, until it almost touched his bosom, and said:

"I—you—I cannot make it come to pass."

[To be continued.]

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

The City.—We are not quite sure the city was a dull and silent place yesterday; indeed, we are rather inclined to believe that a change has occured, notwithstanding the stores and public places generally, contrary to the request of the Provost Guard the reasonable expectation of our citizens, remain closed.

The well known corner of Royal and Canal streets, and that most frequented of all our thoroughfares, St. Charles street. Carondelet being now completely in the shade—now thronged with people; even the laddie patronized the sidewalks liberally.

What could create such lively excitement?

Gen. Butler's Orders.—Gen. Butler has issued three orders, dated May 3.

The first one states that having been informed that Gen. Lovell is now at Mobile in a state of fever, purchased by the sickness of his wife, and that the subsistence of his citizens, it is ordered that a safe conduct be afforded to a steamboat which shall be provided for the purpose and remaining. No passengers will be taken on board except the owners and keepers of the flour. The captain of the boat shall report to a barber-master appointed by the Provost Marshal General. The faith of the city is pledged to the strict observance of the terms on which the boat is allowed to depart.

The second order authorizes and requires the Opelousas Railroad Company to bring to the city all provisions and supplies of food, but no passengers, except the owners and keepers of the supplies, and no arms of any kind into the city. The transmission of live stock is specially enjoined.

It is directed, in the third order, that a safe conduct be afforded to two steamers for the purpose of transmitting to New Orleans five stock, flour and provisions purchased for our citizens and which are now at the junction of Red and Mississippi rivers. The same protection as above is extended to the boats during their coming, reasonable delay for discharging not to exceed six days, unless in case of accident to their machinery, and in returning to or near the junction. Boats laden with provisions for New Orleans, from any point above the junction of the rivers will also be protected. The same terms as in the first two orders relating to passengers, the harbor master and the faith of the city are contained in the third order.

Arrests.—The Second District police report that yesterday morning, at half past one o'clock, a break occurred in the levee, at the foot of St. Ann street, and the water flowed freely. This is not the first warning of the "Father of Waters." We had occasion, some time ago, to mention a more serious break opposite Chestnut house street, when the water ran nearly two squares from the levee, and it was generally believed that the ball you open.

The Council meet to-night, and will probably devise means of preventing, if possible, an overflow, which would prove an additional disaster to New Orleans. The inhabitants of the Second District expect that much at their hands.

Resolutions.—The following resolutions passed both Boards of the City Council at their meeting on Saturday last, and have been indorsed by General Butler:

Resolved, That the municipal authorities will continue their normal functions, with the understanding that they shall not be interfered with in all matters of police proper, unless disturbances should occur calculated to endanger the relations created by the existing state of things between the city and the invading army.

The necessities of the people require that the circulation thereof by the city authorities in the name of the city remain undisturbed.

The city authorities should have power to organize citizen patrols in lieu of an additional force of policemen, that they may be enabled to maintain and protect the public tranquillity.

It is expected that immediate provision will be made to procure those articles of subsistence which they are in need of, and that such measures will be taken as will secure safe means of transporting them from the place where they may be had to the city of New Orleans.

The City Council would remind the Commanding General of the promise he made to Mr. Soule to remove the guard from the avenue of the City Hall, upon the pledge taken by Mr. Soule and ratified in Council, that the public archives shall remain intact.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted by the Secretary of the Common Council to the Commanding General of the U. S. Army, in possession of the city, and that the same be offered as an embodiment of the sentiments of the municipal authorities to the suggestions discussed in the conference had between the General and said authorities.

GERARD STITH,
President pro tem. Board of Aldermen.
J. MAGNONI,
President Board of Assistant Aldermen.
Approved May 3, 1862.
JOHN T. MONROE, Mayor.

INDORSEMENT BY GEN. BUTLER.

Headquarters Department of the Gulf,
New Orleans, May 3, 1862.

The Committee of Safety believe that the actions contemplated by these resolutions to be substantially within the terms and spirit of his proclamation. The European Brigade having been relieved from duty, a patrol of citizens armed with sabres or revolvers, or both, may be added to the police, not to exceed two hundred and fifty.

The General has already taken such measures to aid the city authorities in preserving food, in the extremity of suffering, as, in his judgment, and upon consultation with the committee of the citizens, have been deemed sufficient, and has transmitted copies of the correspondence to orders.

By command of Major General BUTLER.
GEO. C. STRONG, A. A. G.

Death.—Dr. Hensley, who was stabbed with a penknife, on Saturday evening last, by Judge John W. Price, in a child-stealing affair, while discussing some military question with several friends and the Judge, died on Sunday evening of the effects of the wound.

After hearing the news of the death of our esteemed contemporary of the *Delta*, Dr. Hensley exclaimed that he was dying, and proceeded to dress his own wound and to give directions as to the manner in which he should be disposed. Judge Price, seized with remorse or with the consciousness of the rash deed he had committed, rushed to him to beg his forgiveness, declaring that he knew not what he was doing. It was, we learn, a most affecting scene, in which the unfortunate homicide displayed far more grief and sincerity than his victim. No young man in this community was more respected, more universally esteemed for amiability and peaceful sense, than Judge Price.

An Outrage.—Yesterday, at half past 12 M., about fifty Federal soldiers halted in front of Mr. P. Berbo's drug store, corner of Ursulines and Dumplin streets; the order "fix bayonet" was given and several of the men entered the store, some of them, with a degree in his hand, began throwing down the scales and other articles on the counter, and was about to proceed with even more enthusiasm in his praiseworthy effort, when the officer in command stepped into the store and asked whether that was not the place where there had been a quarrel. Mr. Bartie replied that no disturbance had occurred in his store. The officer then ordered his soldiers thereupon withdrew, grumbling, and without offering the least apology for their unjustifiable offence, or explaining the object of their most unwelcome visit.

Removal.—Lafayette Square is almost deserted, only a few Federal soldiers are to be seen there now. Most of the troops have been removed, but we know not where.

There will also be the greatest rejoicing among the habitues of the good old square when they are told they can enter and leave it without mooting strangers they never expected to see in that part of the city.

About to Leave.—It is rumored that most of the United States troops in the city are to be withdrawn to the environs, and that simply a guard will be left. Report likewise states that this movement is the result of a pledge on the part of the city authorities for the safety of the officers and soldiers of the Federal army, while passing through our streets.

Arrests in the First District.—The following parties were arrested yesterday in the First District:

William, a slave of Mr. Dunbar, on the steamboat landing, as a runaway.

Morris, of Mr. Dayton, on Peonnier street, as a runaway.

Hugh Harley, on Lafayette street, by officer Karney, for obstructing the sidewalk and assaulting the officers.

Wm. Cannon, on St. Joseph street, charged by Ann Gorman with being drunk and threatening her life.

William, Rodger, Bristol, Andrew and Smith, slaves of Judge Dunbar, were arrested for safe keeping.

Henry, slave of Mr. Pomely, was arrested on the levee. He was drunk, and is supposed to be a runaway.

George, Mc. Lean, was arrested at the City Hall, for abusing and insulting officer Robinson in the discharge of his duty. A knife was found on his person.

F. K. Dowd, on St. Charles street, charged by John A. Hughes with assault and battery.

Joseph Ardes, f. m. c., charged by Mrs. Mary Durand with an attempt to violate her person.

Bernard Tumbelly, on Girod street, for disturbing the peace.

Henry Norton, charged with larceny by Anne Rutherford.

John M. Gordon for being drunk and disturbing the peace on Gravier street.

Henry and William, slaves of Judge Ross, were arrested on the levee as runaways.

Second District.—George, U. S. soldier, was arrested yesterday morning for being drunk and assaulting peaceable citizens.

John Reed, f. m. c., is charged with having stolen property in his possession.

Peter, a slave of Mrs. Emanuel, was arrested as a runaway. Three whitewashed thirty cents, a gold watch and a large knife found on his person.

ERRATA.

Yesterday, at 10½ o'clock, P. M., THEOPHILE WILLETZ, aged 35 years. His friends and acquaintances are invited to attend his funeral, which will take place this (Tuesday) at 4 o'clock, P. M., from the residence of the deceased, corner Louisa and Gayoso street.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Series No. 2.

WITH all due deference to the Committee of Public Safety, I beg leave to call to their notice the fact that I am prepared to redeem any bills or promissory notes of the Confederate States, with the Mayor of New Orleans, endorsed thereon, as specials in my wholesale and retail dry goods establishment, and which have not been presented through its specials at any period I should deem it for the public's service, and shall adhere to their stated rule and determination.

If I am understood Gen. Butler's proclamation, it appears to me that all pieces of business seem for the benefit of all concerned.

may 2 C. W. HOLT,
No. 197 Gravier street.

Notice.

A. COMPIANT & CO. invite holders of notes indorsed by the firm to call at once as payment of the same. At the very lowest to liquidate a premium of 10 per cent. is offered to those presenting notes in sums of $50 and upwards. Fifty cent. notes and notes of a larger denomination are redeemed from 9 o'clock, A. M., to 6 o'clock, P. M.

A. COMPIANT & CO.,
may 2 No. 91 Hospital street.

Emporium of Light.

THE subscriber will sell his superior COAL OIL, COMPENSATE and COTTON SEED OIL, with an assortment of various kinds of Lamps, &c., for all notes received by the Committee of safety.

ARTEMON HILL,
may 2 No. 5 Chartres street.

Notice.

IS hereby given that the Public Schools of the 5th, 6th and 7th Districts will be opened on

MONDAY, May 5, 1862,

at the following places:

5th District—Corner Bayou Road and Roman street.
6th District—Corner Bayou Road and Roman street.
7th District—Corner Bayou Road and Roman street.

By order of the Board.

ELY BOURNE, Superintendent.
Public Schools, Third District.
New Orleans, May 4, 1862.

Notice.

THE subscribers will publish their Notes hereafter on the 1st and 2d Fridays in each month.

may 4 D. J. HOCKERSMITH & CO.

ADJUTION SALES.

Wells Peebles et al. vs. L. Bojan et al.
District Court of the Confederate States for the District of Louisiana—No. 2356.—Partition Suit.

BY virtue of a decree of the Honorable District Court of the Confederate States for the District of Louisiana, dated 24th of February, 1862, in the above entitled cause, and corresponding the report of the Commissioner appointed to partition the real estate and dissolving the community that exist between the parties to said suit, I will proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, in front of the premises, on

TUESDAY, the 6th May, 1862,

at 12 o'clock, M., at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Conti and Bienville streets, the following property, to wit:

A LOT OF GROUND, forming the corner of Madison and Bringier streets, measuring 15 feet front on Madison and 70 feet on Bringier, with a house of two rooms, front and back galleries, two closets, kitchen, servants' room, shed leading to the privy, &c.

See plan at the Exchange.

Terms Cash. may6

Stock of Groceries, Liquors and Wines.

BY D. E. MORPHY, Auctioneer.

THURSDAY, May 8th, 1862, at 10 o'clock, A. M., will be sold in the store of Messrs. Eaton & Bonnaffon, corner of Bienville and Carondelet streets,

The entire invoice of that valuable stock of Groceries, Liquors, Wines &c.

For full particulars see catalogues. may6

Mayoralty of New Orleans, City Hall, 4th day of May, 1862.

(No. 6024.)

RESOLVED, That in accordance with General Order No. 19, issued by Maj.-General Butler, with regard to the importation from the city of Mobile to the city of New Orleans of a limited number of persons of the citizens of New Orleans, Mr. Moses Greenwood be and he is hereby appointed the agent of the city of New Orleans, to attend to the shipment of said persons, as a sum sufficient for the purpose is hereby appropriated to be taken out of the ordinary appropriation into effect.

(Signed) J. F. DELASSARRE,
President pro tem. Board of Aldermen.

[No. 6025.]

Resolved, That in accordance with General Order No. 19, issued by Major-General Butler, with regard to the importation of all sorts to be imported to the city by the Opelousas Railroad, Mr. P. B. Wilson be and he is hereby appointed the agent of the city of New Orleans to attend to the shipment of said persons, as a sum sufficient for the purpose is hereby appropriated to be taken out of the ordinary appropriation into effect.

(Signed) J. F. DELASSARRE,
President pro tem. Board of Aldermen.
J. MAGNONI,
President of the Board of Assistant Aldermen.
Approved May 5th, 1862.
JOHN T. MONROE, Mayor.

[No. 6026.]

Resolved, That in accordance with General Order No. 19, issued by Major-General Butler, with regard to the importation from the city of Mobile to the city of New Orleans of a limited number of persons of the citizens of New Orleans, Mr. Stock and Sons, owners of the steamboat Natchez, be and he is hereby appointed the agent of the city of New Orleans to attend to the shipment of said persons, as a sum sufficient for the purpose is hereby appropriated to be taken out of the ordinary appropriation into effect.

(Signed) J. F. DELASSARRE,
President pro tem. of the Board of Aldermen.
J. MAGNONI,
President of the Board of Assistant Aldermen.
Approved May 5th, 1862.
JOHN T. MONROE, Mayor.

Grey Horse.

FOUND, on the Levee, Third District, on the 29th of April last, an old black horse HORSE, with saddle and bridle. The owner can have it on paying costs.

may6 3t CAPT. FRANCO and LEVEE GUARD.

To the Editors of the Bee:

Please announce Mr. EUGENE STARR as a candidate for Recorder of the Second District. Election Saturday next.

may6 1t NUMEROUS FRIENDS.

Candidate for Mayor,

IRRESPECTIVE OF PARTY,

VICTOR MILTE,

OF THE SECOND DISTRICT.

Election Tuesday, 6th inst. may6

Recorder of the Second District.

Messrs. Editors:

Please announce that the Hon. LOUIS GASTINEL, the present incumbent, is a candidate for Recorder of the Second District, and will be supported by a large number of VOTERS OF THE SECOND DISTRICT.

Notice.

THE holder of a certain promissory NOTE for One Hundred and Fifty Dollars, drawn by Mrs. Ann Price, and given in payment to Mr. Orlando Price, of St. Philip and Chartres streets, is hereby notified that the same has been left in my hands for collection, and unless payment is immediately made, suit will be instituted thereon without delay.

Mr. Orlando Price is therefore advertised, in the event of his not calling on the undersigned, or owner of said note, to receive payment.

may6 2t* E. M. HARTA.

JEFFERSON ACADEMY,

43.....BOURBON STREET.....43

Conducted by G. J. Lord.

THIS establishment will reopen on MONDAY, 5th of May, for day-scholars only. No boarders can be received for the present. may6 1w

ST. CHARLES INSTITUTE.

MRS. MACE respectfully informs the parents of her pupils and friends that her Institute will re-open, if required, and the classes continue, as heretofore.

may5 1t

St. Louis Church of New Orleans, SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the public that in accordance with law approved by the Legislature of said Church, no orders will be received from the 1st of May next for baptismals and funeral services; and no bills or orders will be sold in the St. Louis Cemeteries unless the amount is previously paid cash at the office of the undersigned.

ANT. SUBIG, Secretary.
may5 1w to 1st Sept. inc. 29 St. Anthony Square.

Lard.

LARD—40 barrels choice Western Lard, in store and for sale by P. POUJOL,
may5 1t No. 11 Perdido street.

A Card.

NOTES issued by ETIENNE POQUE will be redeemed by him on presentation. may5 3t

A Card.

THE notes issued by JEAN BERTIN will be redeemed by him on presentation. may5 3t

FOR SALE at reduced prices for CONFEDERATE MONEY, Legal quantities of KIP SKINS and A. SLOANE,
may2 1w SOUTHERN SHOE FACTORY,
29 St. Charles square.

Committee of Public Safety.

NEW ORLEANS, April 30, 1862.

RESOLVED, That the Committee of Public Safety will receive, until further notice, the following individual and other small notes circulated as money in this community, and that they believe our citizens may rely on this action:

Resolved, That this Committee will add to this list such other issues as they may deem worthy of the confidence of the community:

Bank Vermont Notes.
Bank Louisiana Notes.
J. B. J. C. Davidson.
Fisk & Co.
Henderson & Quinan.
Thomas Gatewood & Co.
Thos. D. Payne.
Jackson Railroad Company
Bank of Mississippi.
Bank of Louisiana.
City of New Orleans.
City of Lake Borgne.
W. Gwin & Co.
McDonnell & Murphy.
Magee & Gwin.
George W. Gregg & Co.
Joseph Bonfils & Son
Joseph Bonfils.
Louis Zelly.
Jean Mutter.
Adam Wagner.
D. H. W. Lesple.
Smith & Hiler, or Stuart & James.
H. B. Lawrence, or P. Guerrero.
H. H. Hudson & Co.
Crump & McMillan.
Samuel Ex.
J. M. Heinzer.
Planters Office.
C. J. Hockersmith & Co.

A true extract from the minutes.
GEO. C. LAWRASON, Secretary.

HOFFMAN & MARKS,

JAMES HOFFMAN, Agent,
48 CHARTRES STREET, NEW ORLEANS.

HAVING opened a general Auction business, are ready to receive Goods on consignment, and will give their personal attention to the said out-door sales. ap16

For Sale or Rent,

A SUMMER RESIDENCE, situated over the Lake, known as the Grapevine Hotel, in the town of Lewisburg. For further particulars, address to

apl1 1m P. LACROIX,
No. 13 Toulouse street.

Union Insurance Company of New Orleans,
May 3d, 1862.

NOTICE is hereby given to the holders of certificates of profits issued by the Union Insurance Company for the year 1856 and due this day, that the same will be paid on presentation and delivery of said certificates at their office.

Interest on all certificates of profits issued by said Company for the year 1857, will also be paid on and after this day to the holders of said certificates at the office of the Company, corner Canal and St. Charles streets.

may3 10d A. CHIAPELLA, President.

Notice.

WE have issued several thousand dollars in small notes for the convenience of the public. They are not only secured by the large amount of real estate belonging to us in the city, but also by deposits of Confederate money in several Banks amounting to more than the circulation. We are prepared to redeem them at any moment, and will continue to do so as long as required by the public generally, and shall at all times give the preference to those issued by us. New Levee and Notre Dame streets, corner of Bank 2 octave

H. FASSMANN & CO.

Property for Sale

FOR Cemeteries Rose—A LOT OF GROUND in Lafayette Cemetery, Third District, in the name bounded by Dufour, Freeman, Crapo and Louis streets, measuring 40 feet front on Dufour street, by 60 feet in depth; together with the buildings and improvements thereon. Said property is rented $120 per month in ordinary times. Terms cash. Apply to A. Cuvillier, Hospital street, No. 41. Act of sale before A. Desplas, notary public. may5 3t

Soap for Confederate Notes—Southern Factory.

MESSRS. E. CUGEN & CO inform the public that they keep from their factory in Jefferson, for 1 cent, delivered next. Agency, No. 3 Whitehouse street. ap26 3t

Notice by the Mayor.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,
City Hall, April 29 1862.

THE public are hereby notified that the European Brigade, Fazende's Brigade, the Regular Cavalry, the Regular Artillery, Major General Commanding's Body Guard, Provost Guard, Provost Marshal General's Police, Provost Marshal's Department, Provost Judge, Provost Guard, Provost Marshal's Department, Provost Judge, Provost Guard, Provost Marshal's Department, Provost Judge, Provost Guard