The New Orleans Bee.

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NEW ORLEANS: FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 25, 1866.

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VALUABLE IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN THE ... AT AUCTION BY THE ... Particular attention is called to the ... to be made this day, at noon, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, ... by the Sheriff of this Parish, of two ... with the buildings and improvements, ... Marais and Customhouse ... Second District. See advertisement.

MONROE & REDDINGTON.—It will be observed that Mr. John T. Monroe is associated with Mr. Thomas Reddington in the commission business at 63 Carondelet street. ... It has the agency for ... excellent saw mills, and also for the celebrated Tredegar Iron Works at Richmond, Va., and engage in furnish ... spikes, chains, spades, shovels, and ... implements of culture at lower rates ... to be had in the city.

... ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE ... MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.— ... elsewhere a statement of the affairs of this company, by its Trustees, the ... which exhibits results of a ... satisfactory character. It shows a ... dividend of 40 per cent. on the earned ... for the year ending the 30th ult. ... will be issued on and after the first Monday in August next; and on and after the second Monday in July next, 6 per cent. in cash will be paid on outstanding certificates of scrip. The President of this prosperous ... is Thomas A. Adams, Esq., the ... Samuel H. Kennedy, Esq., and ... Henry V. Ogden, Secretary.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—To-night, the ... "... Rendon," which produced so ... an impression on its representation ... will be repeated. Mrs. Bates, ... and Mr. Bates as Rustade, have excellent parts, and we need not say that they render them effectively. The play abounds in affecting passages of domestic life, and the sudden transition from content to despair and guilt are very impressive.

VARIETIES THEATRE.—The new Irish drama, "... Chief," in spite of the inclement weather we have lately had, appears to be drawing fair houses. The Company is becoming familiar with the brogue and the spirit of the play, and the public are, of course, the ... It will be repeated to-night.

MR. BROWNE'S DEPARTURE.—Mr. David ... one of the popular proprietors of the ... of Music, left this city a few days ... en route for Europe. We learn that Mr. ... Trans-Atlantic trip is made in the ... character of a traveler and a manager. ... with the interest this gentleman ... in the development of a healthy ... in our city. Both he and Dr. ... have been unwearying in their efforts ... to the public amusement; and Mr. ... has taken advantage of a lull in the ... to study for himself ... working of the best Theatres in Europe, particularly those in which the Parisian ... a prominent feature. The last few ... have shown, we believe, that the "Academy" is the only place of amusement in our ... where the pantomime has really thriven, ... it has had a home. There are many improvements, of course, to be made, and these ... as developed in the artistic excellence of the continent cannot well escape Mr. Bidwell's enterprise and practised eye. ... but our hearty wishes for a pleasant trip and a speedy return. The opening of the next ... will show that he has not been ... while abroad, either for his own advantage or that of the public.

MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, Nos. 40 and 42 St. Charles street, with its numerous Anatomical ... and figures, is open daily to the curious, between 9 A. M. and 10 P. M.

FRUITS OF LOUISIANA.—The olive, grape, ... almond, ... lemon, ... figs, ... dewberry, blackberry, strawberry, ... and banana, all grow and yield well in Southern Louisiana. A few of these need ... protection in winter, except in the ... portion of the State. And doubtless this list could be largely increased by ... enterprise in bringing other varieties of ... trees and seeds from lower latitudes. In the other part of the United States are fruits as ... and all from famous sources, such as ... oranges, figs, &c., as in Louisiana.—Bouquet, Donaldsonville, La.

GENERAL SANTA ANNA.

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(New York World, 19th.)

WASHINGTON OPINIONS ABOUT SANTA ANNA'S VISIT.—Washington, May 18.—General Santa Anna's profession of adherence to the ... cause are believed by the friends of President Juarez in this city to be solely in the interest of the French, who, they say, are seeking to get up some combination, by which, on the departure of Maximilian, a new government ... Mexican, shall be made to appear, ... a treaty of peace can be concluded, ... the claims put forward by France, ... have been raised for Maximilian. It is said these plans are fully known to ... Juarez and the Liberal leaders in ...

MASSACRE OF FRIENDLY INDIANS IN IDAHO ... BY CITIZENS.—Washington, May 17.— ... of Idaho has addressed a letter to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs informing ... of the massacre of some sixteen friendly Indians, on the 11th of March, near the mouth of ... creek, on the Boise river, by a party of citizens of his county. He concludes by ...

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... Proposed Amendment.

Washington, May 17.—Mr. Wade, of Ohio, ... an amendment, intended to be ... to the House resolution 127, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States. It is as follows:

Sec. 1. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law, nor deny any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

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Sec. 3. The public debt of the United States, ... all debts or obligations which have been, or may hereafter be incurred in suppressing ... or in carrying on war in defence of the Union, or for the payment of bounties or pensions incident thereto, ... shall not be taxable ... State; but debts or obligations which have ... been incurred in aid of ... insurrection, or of war against the United States, and claims for compensation for loss of ... or servile labor, shall not be assumed ... any State, nor by the United States.

Sec. 4. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

HON. O. H. BROWNING, formerly a United States Senator from Illinois, a conservative Republican of prominence and ability, has published a letter fully indorsing the course and policy of President Johnson.

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A EUROPEAN WAR INEVITABLE— ...

The rumor and the ... that precede the bursting of a storm seem almost to be felt in Europe, not merely in the form of imaginative suspicions engendered by over-wrought concern and anxious surmise, but as authentic ... of a war of which the boldest conception can hardly ... the limits, the ... or the issue. The only man in Europe to whom the London Times ascribes the power to preserve the peace, is no longer ... silent, as that organ of English opinion and English interests ... complained. He, "the arbitrator of the continent," has spoken, and the same journal, ... somewhat pathetic, is now almost pathetic in its reference to him, finding his utterances still more ominous than his silence. His speech at Auxerre, we understand it to say, is only calculated to spread dismay and to give the most sinister significance to Count Bismark's previously doubtful utterances.

As the London Times views the situation, and that journal's theory of it seems the one commonly accepted in Western Europe, it stands about thus: ... powers, Prussia, Austria, Italy, confront each other in what may be described as an attitude of inchoate belligerency. It is true that each professes to stand on the defensive, but under the protection of at least two of them there are believed to lurk unexpressed, and diplomatically inexpressible wishes and purposes which look directly and only to war, and which can not be turned aside except by the powerful and decisive interference, such as the French Emperor might take to himself if he chose to act the part of champion of the status quo of Europe.

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CITY INTELLIGENCE.

MISS HELOISE LA ... —This charming little pianiste is announced to give a vocal and instrumental matinée at the ... House to-morrow, at one o'clock, P. M., on which occasion she will have the valuable assistance of Mr. Olivier, the popular violinist, and Messrs. Greuling, ... and several distinguished amateurs. Though but nine years of age, she is remarkably excellent in her execution on the piano, and her youth ... a peculiar interest to her performances. She should be liberally encouraged by the lovers of juvenile merit, and we hope will have the benefit of a large attendance. Her ... add ... of the ... interest of the occasion.

The Poisoning Trial.—The case of Pelagie Brown, charged with the poisoning of Fanny Crouch, was continued yesterday before the First District Court, the court room being again crowded. The examination of witnesses ... by the State ... at once ...

Peter Barr sworn—Was sexton of Girod Street Cemetery ... Fanny Crouch owned a vault there; three o'clock P. M. the body was brought ... certificate that the deceased, aged 53 years, and native of Vera Cruz, died of consumption; some days after I was called on to take the body out about dusk; thinks candle was ... moon was shining. There were Doctors ... Barnes and others present when the body was exhumed.

Mrs. Hudson, colored, sworn: Prisoner came to witness's house to get her to sign three papers; told her she would not be afraid; it was about some furniture she had bought at the house of Fanny Crouch. This was on Monday after the decease. Witness paid no attention to the papers. Mrs. B. said nothing about law suits. The papers were folded up long (like Court papers exhibited to her by counsel).

Mr. F. Bonde sworn—Knew Fanny Crouch and Mrs. B. Mrs. B. told me F. C. wanted to go to New York and that Mrs. B. wanted to buy her out. Day F. C. died Mrs. B. said she was going to get the furniture. She had told me that she had money and that she had not. Mrs. C. (witness replied to juror) told him she had made her will in favor of her sister in New York.

Mrs. B. told me she had bought the furniture but had not paid for it, and wanted me to be ... with her. ... had requested witness to act as ... I notified the ... not to pay rent to Mrs. Brown—this ... I did not have the keys. I went into Mrs. C.'s room before she was laid out and took possession of her things. I was called in before she was laid out and found her being dressed and left. I took away things, by the authority of the will. Was present when it was made ...

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days after the death—I had the box and key at the time—I did open the pocket-book, but didn't examine—looked only for the locket—I have seen Judge Hawkins going in and coming out at Mrs. Crouch's. He told me to stop inventory—he was going to take out an injunction—witness found male and female clothing in Mrs. C's room—Mr. Buck (previous witness) roomed at the house.

Rachel Bradley, colored, sworn—I was staying at the house before and during the sickness of Fanny Crouch—Louisa Brown, not prisoner, was waiting on Mrs. Crouch—saw Mrs. B. give Mrs. C. peppermint, Thursday, a few nights before she died—Mrs. B. gave it—witness did not see her put anything in it but water and sugar—I bought the sugar for Mrs. C.—it was sitting in her room—I was there early Friday. The sugar was in lumps—I helped dressed the deceased—Mr. Bonde came in and opened the pocket-book—I heard Mrs. B. say nothing.

Mr. Bonde went into the armoir and got the pocket-book and opened it, it had money in it—a good roll of greenbacks was in it—I got the peppermint Thursday night, the one Mrs. C. was so sick—Mrs. C. was off and on in bed all the time I was there, seemed consumptive—I went to Cassidy's and got Mrs. C. some mutton and pickle—this was Thursday evening, 1 or 2 o'clock—she ate heartily—I saw Mr. Buck frequently go with Mrs. B. to the saloon—Louisa Brown was the girl who attended on Mrs. Crouch—Mrs. Brown had charge of the house. I was told she was to have the rent.

Mrs. Martha Horsen sworn—About two weeks before the death of Mrs. C. I took rooms at the house. Mrs. B. was represented to me as landlady and I applied to her for board and paid her. She had charge and control of the house. I was there some time before I saw Mrs. C. She looked like she had consumption.

Louisa Brown, colored, sworn—Worked at the house from 9 A. M., to 1 and sometimes 2 P. M. Was not all the time with her when she was sick. I left Mrs. B. and other ladies in the house. I did not hear Mrs. B. say anything about Mrs. C.'s death. I gave medicines for the Doctor and went for Miss Kate Blakenship in the house, to fix it. There were other servants in the yard. I brought Mrs. C. a powder from the druggist. I was in the habit of going to the house two or three months. Wednesday morning before she died, Mrs. Crouch drank some lemonade I brought. I got her meals sometimes from restaurants and sometimes from market. I did not see Mr. Bonde open the box. Saw him take it, Mrs. B. gave him the key. She had the control of the house some time before Mrs. C. died. Can't say how long. Mrs. C. was always complaining—once a while in bed. Was weak and coughing.

Wm. Pfaff, next witness, not being present, the Attorney General asked for an attachment which was granted.

Officer Grace sworn.—He had been placed in charge of the house by Sergt. Petrie, and knew nothing of previous occurrences.

Mrs. Rance, the next witness called, it was announced, had never been found.

The Attorney General offered in evidence a receipt by Mrs. Brown for $9 paid by Mr. Buck for rent, dated Sept. 6th; also the will of Mrs. Crouch. To the latter Col. Field objected. The will was offered because its existence had been mentioned to the jury. Ordered admitted and Col. Field filed exceptions.

It was announced that Mr. Pfaff left the city last Friday. The testimony for the State closed.

For the defence.—Judge J. Hawkins sworn. Knows Mrs. B., roomed in her house, went there about 15th August, rented my room of Mrs. Brown who was in charge, paid my rent to Mrs. B. She exercised control as far as I know. I know only that Mrs. Crouch died in the house by a badge of mourning on the house, which I was informed, was for Mrs. Crouch. I remained two weeks. Mrs. B. was arrested five or six days after the 26th Sept., I left about 1st Oct., she was guarded in the room I had occupied. I left soon after Mrs. B. was arrested. I recollect seeing Mr. Bonde, once, while he was taking an inventory after I went to see Mrs. B. at her request. The testimony appearing irrelevant the witness was permitted to retire.

Colonel Field announced that he would close the testimony for the defence for the reason that most of the witnesses for the accused had already been introduced by the State.

The Attorney General announced that he would submit the case without argument on his part. Colonels Field and Mann also submitted the case for the defence.

After the charge of Judge Abell to the jury they retired, and in twenty minutes past one o'clock. About half-past two o'clock the jury returned a verdict of "manslaughter with recommendation to the mercy of the Court."

Grand Cotton Confiscation Suit.—United States Circuit Court. United States and James R. Irwin vs. 1382 bales, and same vs. 1868 bales Confederate cotton. Two suits, Nos. 2696 and 2697 consolidated. The libels filed, one June 26th, 1865, and the other July following, set forth that Gen. Canby, Commanding, through subordinates and upon the relation of James R. Irwin, seized the cotton by virtue of the Act of Congress, approved August 6, 1861, entitled "An Act to confiscate property used for insurrectionary purposes," that said cotton was contributed to the organization styled the Confederate States of America, for the purpose of enabling that organization to sustain itself as a Government, and to maintain an army in hostility to the United States; that said cotton was acquired by persons in rebellion for the purposes named, and after the 19th August, 1861, and by one John Scott, agent of the Confederate Produce Loan, who, knowingly, sold the same April 5th, 1865, to Moses Greenwood, agent, representing W. A. Violett, S. S. Webb, Chas. Webb, Moses Greenwood and others under the direction and protection of one D. H. Maury, Major-General, so called, of the rebel army, commanding at Mobile, for the purpose of obtaining money to pay rebel troops in Mobile. Leovy & Dieter, E. J. Hart & Co., A. & Mansfield, Charles K. Hawkes and others intervene as claimants. Leovy & Dieter filed with their claim a certificate from the U. S. Treasury Department, 9th Agency, a certificate that "the cotton was released to M. Greenwood, agent, and the tax having been paid the Government has no further claim upon it." It is dated Mobile, June 17th, 1865. J. R. Goodloe, Esq., District Attorney, appeared for the Government, Waples & Kellogg for Irwin, and J. N. Lea and Miles Taylor, for claimants. The case was argued yesterday before Judge Durell and continued for further argument this morning, at 11 o'clock.

An Other Suicide.—Coroner Delery was called upon yesterday morning to hold an inquest on the body of a young woman named Jennie Mitchell, who was found dead at Maria Wilson's house of ill-fame. One of the inmates of the house testified that about 12 o'clock, Wednesday night deceased came to her room and got a bottle of laudanum, which bottle witness recognized, and took it to her room. Dr. J. Theus Taylor testified that yesterday morning just after 3 o'clock he was called in to see the deceased at 259 Customhouse, where she was said to be dying, found her deeply narcotised, and could not be aroused or revived. Her symptoms generally, together with the fact that a bottle marked laudanum shown me by the landlady and the woman from whom the room it was taken, with considerable laudanum in it was almost empty, assured me she had taken the poison. He used various means (mentioned) to relieve the woman but the poison had been already taken so long that the case was hopeless. She died 25 minutes past 6 in his presence. The vial was found in the street, and another witness had heard the noise of its breaking when thrown out, and reported the fact this morning when the pieces were picked up. The deceased had told a witness that she had received bad news from home; this was some days previously, since which time she had been drinking on account of it. Deceased was 22 years old and a native of Waterloo, Iowa.

Poison.—There is undoubtedly too great a facility afforded for obtaining poison. The murder of Fanny Crouch, by arsenic, of which Pelagie Brown was yesterday convicted, and the recent suicides of Mrs. Moreland, the actress, and the young woman Jennie Mitchell, show how readily the means of self-destruction may be obtained and used; if the difficulties of procuring these poisons were increased or as great as they are said to be in Paris, there would doubtless be fewer suicides and murders through such instrumentalities. Anywhere in France, even a physician would have to procure arsenic or strychnine from half a dozen sources, before he would have a sufficiency to produce fatal effects, druggists being allowed to sell but very limited portions, and subjected to the closest surveillance. Some such regulations established in this country, we feel assured, would very materially lessen crime in this respect by throwing such difficulties in the way as would lead parties to reflect and turn from the contemplation of deeds, which are often perpetrated because so readily accomplished.

Rain.—A thunder shower yesterday very materially changed the temperature of the atmosphere as well as the dust complexion of the streets. Of the stuff of "mother earth" we were having quite enough, and more than enough for the comfort and capacity of our respiration organs.

Embezzlement.—A. J. Sterling is charged before Recorder Gastinel with breach of trust and embezzlement to the prejudice of the steamer D. B. Campbell, of which he was clerk. It is supposed he had collected a considerable amount, as he has disappeared from the boat. A warrant was issued for him.

Gen. Hood.—We learn that Gen. J. B. Hood is at the head of a stock company with a capital of $300,000 for draining, watering and sweeping the streets of the city by machinery.

Watch Stolen.—Officer Boullon, of the Second District, has arrested three little negroes who stole a watch, and were foolish enough to try to sell it for $5. Two of them watched while the other carried the watch away.

Negro Villain.—A negro entered the house of Mrs. Cochrane, on Washington street, last Wednesday night, and on being discovered knocked her down and escaped.

Recorder Lelers's Court.—Vincent Onido was yesterday workhoused ninety days for vagrancy.

Paul Angiade was fined $10 for fighting Mrs. Angiade.

Recorder Vennard's Court.—Kate, a colored girl, was yesterday sent to prison ten days for stealing.

Recorder Abers's Court.—O. C. Elberon was arraigned yesterday and sent to prison to await the result of the wounds he inflicted by shooting Emily Stone, sister of Anna Stone, who makes the charge.

E. E. Evans was examined and committed to the First District Court for trial on a charge of having severely wounded Edward Jones—colored, with a hammer; also, Ernest Fios, rand, charged with having stabbed and severely wounded John Riley's son, Terfence, at the Canal street car station.

Jim Thompson, colored, charged with robbery, and John Dorsey, charged with burglary, were workhoused for six months; and for three months. Mary Ann McLaughlin, charged with divesting herself of her clothing on Robin street.

Gov. Orr, of South Carolina, regarding the teaching of freed people, believes it is good for them, and good for the State. He says the teachers shall be protected in their duties, and that the prejudice against them and their occupation is disappearing.

A child in New Jefferson, La., was fatally poisoned, a few days ago, by chewing pieces of an enameled paper collar. Death ensued in two hours, and the body turned purple immediately after.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[To the New Orleans Bee.]

Loss of the Steamer Madison.

FENIANISM IN SAN FRANCISCO.

MEETING OF CHINAMEN.

THE ... AT WASHINGTON.

SPEECHES AND COMMENTS.

Delegation Against Fullerton.

FREEDMEN'S BUREAU AGENTS.

COTTON 40 TO 40—GOLD 129 3-8.

Washington, May 24.—The serenade to the President and the speeches delivered have elicited many comments. Messrs. McCulloch and Dennison cordially endorsed the President. Mr. Stanton considered the reconstruction section disqualifying the Southerners deplorable without justice or wisdom. Messrs. Speed and Harlan declined to speak in letters respectively discourteous and tart.

Forney denounces Secretary McCulloch's speech as brutal and as the endorsement of a tyrant by a superstitious official at the direction of the President.

The Departments of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama are discontinued. The Carolinas form one department, commanded by Gen. Sickles. Col. Whittlesey is relieved of the charge of the Freedmen's Bureau and his successors are Gen. Angier and R. J. Scott. Georgia and Alabama comprehend the other department, commanded by Gen. C. R. Woods with Tilson and Swayne in charge of the Freedmen's Bureau.

John Phillips has been confirmed U.S. District Attorney for Charleston.

Washington, May 24.—It is stated a delegation has arrived here from Newbern, N. C., on a mission to break down the effect of the asperses made by Genls. Fullerton and Steedman as to the management of freedmen affairs in that State. Affidavits reflecting upon the private conduct of one of the President's commissioners, while at Newbern, have already been forwarded, and their publication is anxiously looked for; and it is believed no stone will be left unturned to crush the men who have been instrumental in exposing the nefarious transactions of the Freedmen's bureau agents.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis is in the city the guest of Ebbet House.

In default of action by Congress for the prompt redemption of the currency by the National Banks, the Secretary of the Treasury contemplates re-establishing at the Treasury Department the system of sorting and forwarding to the banks for redemption their national bank issues.

The constitutional amendment in the Senate and the Freedmen's Bureau bill in the House, were under consideration. Several speeches were made. The business done is of no unimportant nature.

New York, May 24.—The Times says the trial of Jefferson Davis will commence at Richmond in two weeks.

Memphis, May 24.—The steamer Madison struck a snag and sunk at Poverty Point on Sunday. No lives were lost. The Louisville brought up her passengers. The boat is owned in Cincinnati, and is insured there for $7,500.

San Francisco, May 24.—Fifteen hundred Fenians assembled to express their devotion to the cause of Ireland, and to use their influence to heal the dissensions existing among the Fenian Brotherhood. Speeches were made by Hamel, the State Head Centre, Colonel Welch, of General Sweeny's staff, and others.

A French coolie ship at Hong-Kong had been seized by the coolies on board of her. When the vessel was recovered from them she was covered with blood and dead.

A meeting occurred on board a vessel in the same trade, in which one hundred Chinamen were killed.

His counsels are Chas. O'Conor, Jas. T. Brady and Geo. Shea, of New York, W. B. Reed, of Philadelphia, Mr. Brown, of Baltimore, and Mr. Pugh, of Ohio.

Reports are afloat contradicting the death of Senator Wright, of New Jersey.

From a report prepared by the Chamber of Commerce it appears the total number of vessels captured by the Confederate privateers was 283, their tonnage being 122,307. The estimated value of the vessels and cargoes was $25,546,000. Some of these were bonded and released leaving $20,000,000 as the value of the property actually destroyed.

New York, May 24.—Cotton closed firm with sales of 4500 bales at 40 to 40c. Flour is 10 to 15c. higher; sale of 15,000 barrels, State $7 80 @ $9 40, Ohio $9 20 to $14, Western $7 80 to $9 50, Southern firmer. Wheat has an advancing tendency and is 3 to 5c. higher; sales 36,000 bushels—New Milwaukie Club $2 12 to $2 20, Old Milwaukie Club $1 90, No. 2 Chicago Spring $1 73 to $1 75. Corn has an advancing tendency and is 2 to 4c. higher; sales of 96,000 bushels at 85 to 88c. Beef steady. Pork heavy—Mess $30 25. Lard firm. Whisky dull. Rice firm. Sugar buoyant. Coffee steady. Naval stores quiet and firm. Freights dull. Gold closed at 129½.

New York, May 24.—The United States Commissioners have discharged Otto Barlinbinder, declaring he should not be held as he was not personally engaged in shipping nitro-glycerine to San Francisco.

Benjamin Butler has been appointed Major General of the Massachusetts militia.

The Herald says the Government has lately lost $20,000,000 to $30,000,000 in gold to keep down the price, but the effort was disastrous. Speculation is rampant.

Boston, May 24.—The brig Ann Elizabeth was run into this morning by the British brig J. B. Ross. The latter sank instantly carrying down four of the crew. The captain and one man were the only saved.

New York, May 24.—1 P. M.—Flour advanced 10 to 15c; Southern $10 70 to $16 75. Wheat 2 to 4c higher. Mess pork $30 37.

Louisville, May 24.—Tobacco unchanged. Flour—Superfine $8; Corn 70c; Oats 47c; Mess Pork $31. Bacon—Shoulders 14c.; Clear Sides 19c.; Hams 21c. Lard in tierces 22c.; Whisky $2 22; Middling Cotton 35c.

Cincinnati, May 24.—Flour firm—superfine $9 25 to $9 75. Wheat firm at $2 30. Corn firm at 58 to 60c. Oats 50c. Mess pork $31. Bulk meats 12½ to 16c. Bacon 14½ to 19c. Lard 21½c. Groceries firm. Coffee 23 to 26c.

St. Louis, May 24.—Cotton unsettled; holders ask 37c. Wheat firm and unchanged. Corn 67 to 78c. Oats 43 to 46c. Mess pork $31. Bacon—clear sides 19½, shoulders 13½. Lard 20½.

The report of the burning of the steamer Morning Star at Mound City last night is untrue.

Southwest Pass, May 24.—7 P. M.—The steamer Harlan went to sea at 4 P. M., also the steamer Texas at 5 P. M.

Tide very low. No other change.

[Associated Press Dispatches.]

Cotton and Gold Markets—Domestic Markets—From Southwest Pass.

New York, May 24, 12 M.—Cotton active and advancing at 40 to 42c. Gold 129⅜ to 129¼.

Southwest Pass, May 24.—The steamship Concordia, outward bound, is still on the bar. The steamer Kensington, also outward bound, crossed the bar at 8 o'clock this morning.

The schooner Western Star went up last evening at 10 o'clock in tow, and is now at anchor here.

Wind northeast, fresh. High tide at daylight this morning.

Louisville, May 24.—A Chicago special says Charles A. Dana, editor of the Republican, has sent in his resignation.

Atlanta, May 24.—A destructive fire occurred in this city on Monday, involving a loss of $85,000.

Louisville, May 24.—A Nashville special says a high foreign official states that Canada will be invaded in eight days.

The Radicals in the Tennessee Legislature voted down the application to place Andrew Jackson's statue in the Capitol.

The whole business portion of Hudson, Wis., was destroyed by fire on the 19th, involving a loss of $336,000.

St. Louis, May 24.—The steamer Morning Star was burned at Mound City at 8 o'clock last night. Particulars unknown.

JEFFERSON DAVIS—THE ASSASSINATION CHARGE.—Washington, May 18.—The House Judiciary Committee it is said, will make no report on the charge which they have had under consideration for some time, implicating Jeff. Davis with the assassination plot. It is said that the Committee do not regard the evidence which they have taken on this point as of a character to justify them in presenting it to the House. They will, therefore, confine their recommendations to the treasonable part of the matter submitted to them for examination.

A young man who has great respect for the revenue laws, and aspires to be a leader of fashion, introduced a new and decidedly snobby style of collar, in Poughkeepsie on Wednesday ...

Mr. Gladstone on National Debts—the English and ... United States Debts Compared.

Mr. Gladstone, the English Chancellor of the Exchequer, does not agree with that remarkable financial luminary of the United States, Mr. Jay Cooke, in the belief that a national debt is a blessing. He will not admit that the English debt is a precious inheritance from the past, to be handed down, with mortal care, dropped with large increments in the present, to the Young England of the future:

On the 3d instant Mr. Gladstone made his financial statement in the House of Commons. The Chancellor said:—" " On the 31st of March, 1857, the national debt had risen to £831,722,000; on the 31st of March, 1850, it was £803,934,000, and on the 31st of March, 1866, it was £795,990,000. (Cheers.) That is materially a point somewhat lower than it had stood at before; but it must be remembered that we have cancelled two minor sinking fund stocks which formerly formed part of the unfunded capital, so that, in fact, we may say with substantial accuracy, for it is not necessary to be particular to a million or a million and a half, it has now just reached the point at which we have effaced the results of the Crimean war, and the debt thus stands at the very place which it occupied at the commencement of the year 1854. It is not necessary to observe that there are several causes not very material in themselves. We are indebted to the savings banks in the sum of about £3,000,000, and on the other hand we have moneys lent on perfectly good security on bonds to Drainage Companies and other bodies that amount to about £10,000,000, but that is not an amount that we need take in view in dealing with this enormous accumulation of the national obligations. £799,000,000, then, is in round numbers the present capital debt. (Hear.) Now let us observe the rates at which we have operated upon the debt. From 1815 to 1854 there were nearly forty years of the most profound peace ever known, and that, therefore, was the very period in which it was desirable for us to deal efficiently with this debt, if we were to place ourselves in a position to look at war as a necessity in the time again.

Well, sir, I have stated what was then done. The rate of decrease per annum at that period was £2,600,000—undoubtedly a very trivial sum when we consider the enormous amount of what has to be achieved. In the three years and a quarter from the 5th of January, 1854, to the 31st of March, 1857, the rate of increase was nearly £10,000,000 per annum. In exact figures £8,082,000. From 1857 to 1866 the total rate of decrease has been somewhat better but still far below what it ought to have been, viz., £3,646,000. (Hear, hear.) Now, I wish to call the attention of the committee to this: that what we must expect is, that whenever two or three millions a year have represented the average of our operations in time of peace—I do not believe if we take the whole years of peace since 1815 that the average operation would reach three millions—if ever you become involved in any great and protracted war, you must expect, not immediately, but after a year or two of war, to see the debt grow at about ten times the rate at which you reduce it in time of peace. (Hear.) Now, sir, the next question I come to consider is whether that is a satisfactory state of things for the country; but I can not proceed further on that subject without asking the committee to observe what has taken place in other countries. The chapter of national debts is assuming, I think, a painful and a baleful prominence as a social and political fact of modern experience. (Hear.) I do not know whether the House is aware to what extent this mischievous and injurious process is going on, but I will refer first to what I do not hesitate to declare I contemplate with the least anxiety, and that is the debt of the United States. The debt of the United States is in itself something wonderful—wonderful as the creation of four years, strictly of four years, and no more, and yet amounting to nearly 3,000,000 dollars, or £600,000,000, and the rate of growth of the debt in the last year exceeded, I think, £200,000,000. That is a wonderful debt, and its charge is enormous. It is not possible in the present state of the financial arrangements of that country to ascertain with precision, but I believe I am not wrong in saying that the charge of that debt is considerably heavier than ours, though the capital is less. (Hear, hear.) The smallest sum at which I can estimate the charge is thirty-one or thirty-two millions sterling; and if upon the back of that sum we lay the necessary cost of raising the revenue, which in America is much heavier than it is here, I do not think the effective amount of the burden ... upon the nation at this time in consequence of the Northern debt (I do not include one farthing of the Southern debt) can be taken at less than nearly thirty five millions sterling per annum. Well, now, look at these figures, a man would be struck with something like despair. ... if we look at the position of the country which has to bear the burden I must confess that I think the future of America, as far as finance is concerned—political problems are not now in question—will be met without any embarrassment. I do believe that there will constitute any difficulty for the American people. (Cheers.) I am confident that if they show with respect to finance any portion of that extraordinary resolution which on both sides alike they exhibited during the war, and of that equally remarkable moderation with which on the return of peace they have brought their monstrous and gigantic establishments, within moderate bounds—(hear, hear)—I won't say that this debt, according to an expression which was fashionable in this country, will be a flea-bite—(a laugh)—but that it is moderate time it will be brought within very small limits, and may, even within the lifetime of persons now living, be effaced altogether. (Hear, hear.) At this moment America is, I believe, paying her taxes, and the amount of the revenue of the United States, is not less, I apprehend, than about eighty millions of money, the largest sum ever raised in any country for the purposes of a central government.

The estimated surplus is from twenty to thirty millions sterling a year, and I believe a ... only about ten millions of their taxation are menaced by the natural impatience of the people with respect to some of the taxes that have been imposed. Mr. McCulloch the finance minister of that country, strongly urges the policy of reducing the debt, and I am quite certain that from this side of the water we shall send him a hearty expression of good wishes for his success, both on account of our interest in the well being of a friendly nation, and because it may be hoped that the example of America will react beneficially on this country. (Cheers.) But have gentlemen who sit here paid attention to the steadily ... which borrowing is becoming the standing vice of almost every government in Europe? I do not speak now with regard to that unequal state of things in which the continent is at this moment ... war is to be involved. We hope that neither unrestrained ambition nor neglect of the rules of prudence will deprive Europe of the inestimable blessings of peace. (Cheers.) But I ask the House to consider how enormously important are the progress of the governments of Europe with regard to the contraction of debt in the time of peace. I have here the national debts of those countries in Europe, estimated from the most trustworthy data I could obtain. I find that, with the exception of Holland's, there is not one of these that has not been virtually ... contracted in the last half century, and by far the larger part of them has been contracted during the last twenty years—a time of peace; for if there has been any war expenditure added to them during that time it is insignificant in amount. Holland, I find, acts prudently and reduces her debt, while the finances of Prussia are a model of good administration, for Prussia's debt stands at £43,000,000, and Holland's at £85,000,000. Russia's debt is estimated at £279,000,000 and Austria's at £316,000,000. The debt of France is not a capital debt, and it is difficult to estimate it with accuracy. It is made up of rentes of twenty-three years purchase, and, as nearly as possible, it amounts to £480,000,000.

It is the largest of these debts, yet, because of the immense resources of the country, one need, perhaps, feel less anxiety for its future security and strength than for the stability of any other European government. Italy's debt stands at £152,000,000, and it is increasing with portentous strides. The debt of Spain amounts to £145,000,000; Portugal's is estimated at £28,000,000, and the debt of Turkey, which I believe to be entirely a modern institution, principally created since the Crimean war, amounts to £41,000,000. The great bulk of these debts, amounting altogether to one thousand five hundred millions, have accumulated in a time of peace, and have not been thrown upon the several countries during a struggle for life. I will not trouble the committee with details of their rate of increase; but, omitting Holland, which has decreased its debt, and omitting Prussia, which does not habitually increase it, and omitting Spain also, which keeps its debt nearly at an equilibrium—(laughter)—we have six of the other countries who have managed to increase their debts during a time of peace at the annual rate of £41,000,000 sterling. And this is growing, for, like other bad habits, debt-making has a tendency to spread. Europe should therefore know the dangers, and look at it from the right point of view. It is spending in a time of peace the resources of war; it is exactly as if in a year of good harvest the country spent the whole of that good harvest, and half another harvest beside; and it should be remembered that if peace be preserved in Europe for the rest of the century, the debts of these nine countries at the present rate of increase would amount to nearly £4,000,000,000.

These are really portentous circumstances. It is not merely the money engagements; that is comparatively a little matter. It is not only a very great mischief that sixty or seventy millions should be drawn away from useful productive purposes for what is even worse than an unproductive expenditure, but it is an enormous political and social difficulty which is being gradually stored up by this most improvident course. There is nothing so insidious, at least we know of nothing so insidious, as financial difficulty. It approaches you in the first moment with smiles and caresses. The expedient of borrowing appears at the first temptation to be open to no objection whatever. It is like what the poet described in the lines:—

Form made prime; ...

And it is more like that which one of the Greek tragedians describes of the cub of the lioness, which, having been incautiously taken by the hunter to his home, is reared with his dogs and petted by his children; it fawns upon every one while it remains a cub, but when it grows to its strength its meekness suddenly forsakes it, and, coming out in its terror, it deluges the whole house with the gore of its victims. So it is with financial difficulties. They begin with the most insinuating address, and grow so gradually that you are wont to put off the evil day of reckoning; but you will nevertheless have to look it in the face some day, and that may be when the difficulties have become actually insurmountable. [Hear, hear.]

MONETARY AND FINANCIAL.

THURSDAY EVENING, May 24, 1866.

The general market continued quite today, but our ... was again in fair request, ... hands at full prices ...

[illegible]

lots of $3000, $4000, $5000, two lots of $10,000 and ... 148½; $5000 on 148¾; $10,000, two lots of $2000 and $3000 at 149; ... $6000 and $4000 at 150¼. Nothing of any moment transpired in American Silver. In Mexican coin we noticed a sale of $1500 at 144.

Foreign Exchange continued firm, but only unexceptionable bills were in request. The sales of Sterling included £11,300 Al in first class at 147½, 159 and 150 @ 152, and a larger amount at 150; £2000 at 150½; £2000 Bank at 154; and £2000, (600 and 1000,) at 159. Yesterday, not before reported, £6000 Al sold at 147½. Nothing of any moment transpired in Francs. A Bank bill for ... was passed at 3.60.

Domestic Exchange was without any material variation. The ruling Bank rate for checks on New York was ½ per cent premium, but at one counter the demand was supplied at ¾, and at another at ⅛ to ¼. The only sales reported out-doors were $70,000, $30,000, $10,000, and another small amount of New York Sight at ⅛.

The Stock Market was less animated, but 400 shares Opelousas Railroad sold at $5 50, 50 City Railroad in two equal amounts at $20, 75 do at $800 net, 150 Canal Bank (50 and 100) at $61, and 150 do at $60 net. Nothing transpired in City Bonds. The Consolidated are quoted at 93 to 94, and the Railroad issues at 83 to 84, according to the coupons.

Uncurrent Money continued quiet, but the notes of the free banks commanded very full prices. The sales included $400 Bank of New Orleans at 98½ per dollar. We now quote Bank of Louisiana at 60 to 61c, and 63 to 65c per dollar; Louisiana State Bank at 80, and 83 to 85. Merchants' Bank at 88 to 90 and 93 to 95; Bank of New Orleans at 95, and 98 to 99¼, and Union Bank and Crescent City Bank at about the same. The inside figures represent the rates paid by dealers for the small sums offered at their counters, and the outside quotations the market for round amounts. City Treasury Notes at a ¼ to ¾ per cent. discount. They continue to be the general medium of exchange in our local trade. State Treasury Notes, on their first emission ruled at 3 to 4 per cent. discount, but are now quoted at 5, with but few buyers. A considerable number of retail dealers advertise that they will receive them in trade at par. No one doubts their ultimate redemption, but their immediate non-convertibility, excepting for the payment of State taxes, depresses them in the market. We heard of no sales of Louisiana Treasury notes. Many dealers receive them in trade at par, but in the money market they are quoted nominal at 4 to 5 per cent. discount.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE BEE, Thursday Evening, May 24, 1866.

COTTON.—The market opened this morning with a fair enquiry, and although the movement was checked by the high pretensions of factors, who asked 1 to 3c. advance on the better qualities, yet 2700 bales changed hands, at fuller prices generally, and an average advance of 1c. per lb. in good styles of Good Ordinary, Low Middling and Middling. Thirteen brokers participated in the business, which was partly for foreign export and partly for the North. We now quote Ordinary at 27 to 30c., Good Ordinary 31 to 33c. Low Middling at 36 to 37c., and Middling at 39 to 40c. At the same time, a portion of the business was done at 34c. for Low Middling and 38c. for Middling, which were the inside figures for these grades yesterday.

STATEMENT OF COTTON.

Stock on hand September 1st, 1865	bales 36,391
Received to-day	[illegible]
Received previously	760,110—796,000
Total	796,000
Cleared to-day for Havre	2,000
Cleared previously	[illegible]
Stock on hand	165,000

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.—Twelve hhds. Sugar have been received from the coast since yesterday. No Molasses. There is a good stock of Sugar on hand, both foreign and domestic, but the market is very dull and there is only a retail business doing in Sugar at 14½ to 15c. per lb. for Prime Porto Rico; 13c. for Common to Fair Louisiana; 14 to 14½c. for Fully Fair, 15 to 15½c. for Prime, 15¾c. for Yellow Clarified and 16½c. per lb. for White. Of Molasses we have heard of a sale of a cargo of 90 bbls. ... tierces and 140 hhds. on private terms, said to be 49c. per gallon, 39c. having been refused and 40c. asked. There is no Louisiana Molasses on hand but a good stock of Cuba.

WESTERN PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS.—There was very little movement in the general market to-day. A reduction of 5c. per bushel for Corn induced dealers to come forward and purchase freely, but operations in other Western products were on a very small scale, and with the exception of Oats, prices ruled in favor of buyers. Full particulars of the market are given in detail in the following remarks:

FLOUR.—The market has continued dull today at yesterday's reduced prices, and the sales were confined to 1000 bbls., of which 100 Super fine at $9 50, 100 Low Extra at $10 50, 100, 100 and 125 do. at $11, 50 Good Extra at $12 50 and 400 Choice on private terms.

PORK.—The market shows less firmness and prices are a little easier. We have heard of sales of 400 or 500 on private terms. It is retailing at $33 to $33 50 per bbl.

CORN.—Holders having made a reduction of 5c. per bushel on yesterday's prices, dealers came forward and purchased 20,000 sacks, most of the stock on sale, at 65c. per bushel for Mixed and Yellow and 90c. for White. There were sales previously of 100 and 300 sacks White at 95c. per bushel.

OATS.—Are in light supply and in good demand and prices are firm and full. The sales to-day comprised 2300 sacks, of which 500 and 1500 at 58c. and 200 at 57c. per bushel.

HAY.—The supplies are not large, but there is not much demand. The sales to-day were confined to 200 bales Prime Western in two lots, at $22 per ton.

BRAN.—The market is dull, and we have heard only of small sales at $1 15 to $1 20 per 100 lbs.

SOAP.—A lot of 100 boxes Palm Soap sold at 9¼c. per lb.

STAR CANDLES.—We note the sale of 100 boxes, 12 oz. at 19c. per lb. Candles are in good supply but not much in demand. 12 oz. is selling at 19c., 14 oz. 21c., 16 oz. 23c. per lb.

LARD.—There is very little on hand and sales are restricted in consequence. A lot of 25 tcs. Prime sold at 23c. per lb. It is retailing at 23c. in tierces and 24c. in kegs.

BACON.—There is very little on hand. Only a retail business was done to-day at 14½ to 14¾c. for Shoulders, 18 to 18½c. for Ribbed Sides, 19½c. for Clear Sides, 22c. for Plain Hams and 25½ to 26c. for Sugar cured Hams.

NAVAL STORES.—Common and No. 2 Rosin is selling at $3 per bbl; No. 1 at $4; Virgin Dip at $8; Pitch at $3. Tar at $2 50 per bbl. Spirits Turpentine 92½ to 95c. per gallon.

WHISKY.—The market is well supplied but dull. There is only a retail business doing at $2 25 to $2 30 per gallon for Western Rectified.

INDIA BAGGING.—The stock is small and is mostly held by dealers and speculators. The demand for the country is supplied at 29c. per yard in rolls and 31c. in bales.

BALE ROPE.—A lot of 90 coils sold yesterday at 17¼c. per lb. Dealers are supplying the demand for the country at 18c. per lb.

SUNDRIES.—Potatoes are selling on the landing at $2 25 to $3, Onions $2 50 to $5 50, Eggs $20 to $23 per bbl., Chickens $9 per dozen, Geese $9 and Turkeys $35 per dozen.

COFFEE.—There is a fair demand for the country, which dealers are supplying at 25½ to 29½c. per lb. for Ordinary to Prime Rio.

FREIGHTS.—The market continues dull both foreign and coastwise. The rates are ⅜c. to ½c. per lb. for Cotton and 45 to 50c. per bbl. for Flour by sail for New York and Boston. 75c. per bbl. for Flour and 1c. per lb. for Cotton by steam for New York. A sailing vessel was taken for New York at the above rates. Sailing vessels for Liverpool obtain ¾d. per lb. for Cotton, and steamers ⅞d. to ⅜d., and sailing vessels for Havre 1¼ to 1½c. per lb.

Cattle Market.

CITY OF JEFFERSON, May 23, 1866. Arrived yesterday: 144 Texas Beeves, 103 Calves and Yearlings, 300 Sheep and 10 Milch Cows.

[illegible]

Western Beef, Choice, ℔ lb net	14 @ — 17
Western Beeves, 2d quality, ℔ lb	12 @ — 13
Western Beeves, 3d quality, ℔ head	[illegible]
Texas Beeves Choice, ℔ head	[illegible]
Texas Beeves, 1st quality, ℔ lb net	[illegible]
Texas Beeves, 2d quality, ℔ head	[illegible]
Texas Beeves, 3d quality, ℔ head	[illegible]
Inferior Texas Beeves, ℔ head	[illegible]
Western Hogs, ℔ lb gross	[illegible]
Creole Hogs	[illegible]
Choice Sheep, in lots, ℔ head	[illegible]
Creole Sheep, ℔ head	[illegible]
Creole Sheep, ℔ head	[illegible]
Milch Cows, ℔ head	[illegible]
Yearlings, ℔ head	[illegible]
Veal, ℔ head	[illegible]
Calves, ℔ head	[illegible]

MARINE NEWS.

Port of New Orleans, May 25, 1866.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Steamship General Sherman, Pendleton, for City Point, ...
Steamship Norwich, Meyers, for City Point, ...
Ship S. G. Whitman, Stewart, for Havre, ...
Schr Forest Plain (British) Plummer, for Havana, ...
Schr Salvador (British) ..., for Matamoras, ...
Schr Star, Cook, for New York, ...

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Alliance, Agnew, from Mobile, Perkins & Manuy—1st district 16.
Steamer Louisa, Hopkins, from Mobile.
Steamer Blue Wing No 2, Little, from Wetumpka.
Bark ... (Spanish) ..., 4 days from Havana, in ballast, to Avendano & Co.—4th district 23.
Schr Fancy (British) Hawthorne, from Ragged Island, to Bostock, Grace & Jones—1st district 23.

—STEAMBOATS—

Julia, Townsend, from St Louis.
Grey Eagle, White, from Vicksburg.
Plain City, Bassett, from Fort Jackson.
J M Sharp, Strack, from Thibodeaux.
Vicksburg, Tebbs, from Trenton.

MEMORANDA.

Domestic Ports.

ROCKLAND, (Me) May 10th—Sailed, bark Rosina, Parsons, for New Orleans; 14th, bark Busby C ..., Crockett, for Rockport to load for New Orleans.

BELOW COMING UP.

Bark Rio Grande, ..., from ...
Bark Hope, Hall, 27 days from Philadelphia, to Geo A Fosdick.
Schr Western Star, Rouse, 26 days from New York.

AT QUARANTINE STATION.

[illegible]

EXPORTS.

[illegible]

IMPORTS.

[illegible]

... Per steamer Ship Wing No 2— ...

... Per side Fancy— ...

[illegible]

VICKSBURG—Per steamer Grey Eagle— ...

[illegible]

TRENTON—Per steamer Vicksburg—143 bales cotton ...

[illegible]

THIBODEAUX—Per steamer J M Sharp—157 ...

[illegible]

FORT JACKSON—Per steamer Plain City—20 hhds sugar ... 10 bbls rice ... J Devis—125 empty hhds to order—1 ... bbls molasses to order—Total, 20 hhds sugar.

OPELOUSAS AND G. W. RAILROAD.

May 24—1 bale cotton 1 bale moss to order—20 sacks potatoes ... sundries to order.

AMUSEMENTS.

Varieties Theatre.

W. R. FLOYD .... Lessee.
CHAS MERRITT .... Manager.
WM. PETRIE .... Stage Manager.

Friday Evening, May 25th, 1866.
EAST LYNNE, OR THE ELOPEMENT.

Box office open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. may25 1t

JOHN T. MONROE — THOS. REDDINGTON

MONROE & REDDINGTON,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
63 Carondelet street, Corner of Perdido.

MESSRS. MONROE & REDDINGTON are agents for the sale of the celebrated Winter & Co.'s Saw Mills ... and the Tredegar Iron Works, Richmond Va. They are prepared at all times to furnish Railroad Iron, Spikes, Chains, and ... Pressed Spikes, Spades and Shovels in any quantity, and of the best quality, at lower rates than those articles can be furnished by any other house in this city. my26 3m

$20 Reward.

STRAYED OR STOLEN,

A BLACK MULE, with a white spot on the neck, the letter "R" and a heart on the right shoulder and rump, strayed or was stolen ... The above reward will be paid to the person delivering said Mule at the corner of Orange and White streets, near Broad, or giving such information as will lead to the discovery of the same. my25 3t

Sight Exchange on Havana.

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS in sums to suit. For sale by M. S. HALL & CO., 39 Poydras street. may25 3t

Office of the Board of Health,
No. 188 Gravier Street,
New Orleans, May 24th 1866.

THE SEXTONS of the different cemeteries, located in this city, are directed to leave their weekly returns at this office from this date.
GEO. WM. DIRMEYER, M. D., Secretary of Board of Health. my24 3t

Destruction of Boneless Insects.

THE VISCAT INSECT DESTROYER does away, by the mere touch of an atom, with all insects such as bed bugs, lice, fleas, plant-lice, ants, worms, ... in every household ...

[illegible]

The undersigned having tried the VISCAT INSECT DESTROYER, hereby declare that it destroys all insects ...

JOHN STRENNA, 144 Canal street,
L. A. BELLANGER,
J. J. POGEL, at D. LOPEZ'S,
G. PELLEGRIN.
may25 3t

For Sale or Rent.

A SQUARE OF GROUND at Mandeville, four squares from the wharf, together with the improvements thereon, comprising ... houses, having four rooms with out-houses, well and cistern, stables and carriage house, wharf and bath-house.

—Also—
Twelve BEDSTEADS,
Seven ARMOIRS,
Five DRESSING BUREAUS,
Three BUREAUS,
Forty CHAIRS,
Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.
Apply to SOULE & COPPENS, 31 Royal street.

Wanted.

A WET NURSE, one who is willing to go North for the Summer; none others need apply. Enquire at ... Camp street. my25 3t

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of PACKWOOD & HARRIS, Clinton, La., was dissolved on the 12th inst. by mutual consent.
GEORGE H. PACKWOOD,
THOMAS D. HARRIS.

The undersigned have this day formed a partnership for the transaction of business in Clinton, La., under the firm of PACKWOOD & HARRIS.
GEORGE H. PACKWOOD,
MARTHA E. HARRIS.
may25 7t

NOTICE.

DURING my absence from this city, Mr. P. M. RICE holds my full power of attorney.
PIERRE POUTZ.

State of Louisiana, Executive Department, New Orleans, May 17th, 1866.

In conformity to the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly, entitled "An Act to authorize the Governor to issue the Bonds of the State for the amount of One Million of Dollars and to provide for the payment of the same, to defray the expenses of building levees, in accordance with the contracts made by him and the Levee Commissioners appointed for that purpose.

Proposals are invited and will be received for thirty days, expiring June 18th, 1866, for the purchase of One Million of Dollars of Bonds of the State, authorized as aforesaid.

The said Bonds bear an interest of eight per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, have twenty years to run and are secured by pledge of all the proceeds of the sale of the public or swamp lands belonging to the State.

Bids will be received in sums of One Thousand Dollars and upwards, to be addressed to the Governor of the State, to be opened by him and the Board of Levee Commissioners, and to be indorsed "Proposals for the purchase of Levee Bonds."

Only State notes, National Bank notes and legal tender currency in payment of Bonds.

The right is especially reserved of rejecting all bids not satisfactory to the Governor and Board of Levee Commissioners.
J. MADISON WELLS, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

NOTICE.

FROM and after May, 5th inst., Mr. S. F. WALSHE has no interest as notary in my business, and holds my power of attorney to transact my commercial business during my absence ... Mr. Walshe being my general manager and confidential clerk.
S. R. MOODY.
New Orleans, May 15th, 1866.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. NICHOLAS FIDEL and ANDRE WALLS being no longer connected with my TOBACCO HOUSE, from this day, the Public is hereby notified not to transact any business with them ... J. PLEUSY & CO. ... A. MOULOS, Tobacco Manufacturer, corner Chartres and Toulouse streets, No. 141. New Orleans, May 15th, 1866.

Earthenware, China and Glass.

THE subscribers will receive Louisiana State money ... at SAME PRICES as for other currency.
HENDERSON & GAINES, No. 100 Canal street.

MULES, MULES, MULES.

MATHEW KELLY, at Wm. Bonny's Stables, Stock Landing, Jefferson City.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY, per steamer ... 16 to 16 hands high, ... MULES, ... broke to harness and in excellent order.

Paul W. Collens.

Third Justice of the Peace of New Orleans ...

[illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

C. E. GIRARDEY'S SALES.

Positive Sale on Account of ...
BY C. E. GIRARDEY, Auctioneer.

FRIDAY, May 25th, 1866, will be sold ...

[illegible]

Succession of L. A. W. S. ... No. 26,063.
BY C. E. GIRARDEY, Auctioneer.

SATURDAY, June 2d, 1866, at the auctioneer's office, ... by virtue of an order from the ... Second District Court of New Orleans, dated May 24, 1866, the following described property belonging to said succession, to wit:

1 Trunk containing Wearing Apparel, consisting of Summer Coats, Woolen Shirts, black satin vest, pants, pillowcases, one pocket-case of instruments, two spurs, gloves and ties, a lot of books, and a lot of sundries, a carpet bag containing wearing apparel.

ALSO:
A lot of American Gold.
Terms—Cash, in U. S. Treasury notes. my25 31 jn5

McCERREN & CO.'S SALES.

Positive and Unreserved Sale of a Neat Cottage Residence at Mandeville.
BY McCERREN & CO.
Geo. W. McCerren, Auctioneer.

WILL be sold at public auction on SATURDAY, June 2d, 1866, at 12 o'clock, M., at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, ... A COTTAGE RESIDENCE at Mandeville. Terms—... cash, in United States Treasury notes, and balance payable in ... of twelve months, with ... per cent interest and mortgage on the property sold.

Plans to be seen at the office of the Auctioneers, Masonic Hall.

GERODIAS & CO.'S SALES.

Succession of William ..., No. 26,861
BY V. GERODIAS & Co.
J. B. Cronat, Auctioneer.
Office, corner Exchange Alley and Conti street.

WILL be sold on TUESDAY, 5th of June, 1866, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the premises, ... street, No. 145, by virtue of an order from the Honorable the Second District Court of New Orleans, dated May 1866, the following named articles, for the account of said succession, viz:—

Sofa, Rounding Desk, one lot of Mahogany, Planche, Bedsteads, Tables, Book Case, one lot of Cigars, five unfinished Book Cases, eleven Desk Stands, ten Carpenters' Benches, a lot of Lumber, one Stove, one lot of Sundries, one grind Stone, two barrels of Varnish, etc. And on the same day, immediately after the sale, we shall sell for the account of said succession, in Franklin street, No. 135, one lot of old Furniture.
Terms—Cash, in U. S. Treasury notes. may26 26 31 jn5

SOULE & COPPENS'S SALES.

BY SOULE & COPPENS,
A. Coppens, Auctioneer,
Office, Royal street, No. 31.

ON SATURDAY, May 26th, 1866, at 12 o'clock, M., will be sold at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Customhouse and Canal streets,

ONE LOT OF GROUND in the Third District of this city, in the square bounded by ... Urquhart, St. Anthony and Annette streets, measuring, French measure, 40 feet front on Marais street, by 94 feet in depth, with the buildings and improvements thereon, consisting of one small house with two rooms.

Act of sale before Cuvillier, notary public and internal revenue stamps at the expense of the purchaser.
Terms—Cash, in United States Treasury Notes. my24 2t

A. FERNANDEZ'S SALES.

Property on Union street, Third District.
BY ANTHONY FERNANDEZ, Auctioneer.
Office, No. 37 Exchange Alley.

SATURDAY, May 26th, 1866, at 12 o'clock, M. at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, will be sold—

A LOT OF GROUND bounded by Union, Frenchmen, Great and St. John the Baptist streets, measuring 30 feet front on Union street, by 30 feet in depth. French measure, together with a frame house having two rooms, front gallery and a closet on each side of the gallery.

Terms—One-half cash, balance at 6 and 12 months' credit, for notes secured by mortgage on the property sold, with 8 per cent interest from the day of sale.

Act of sale before Mr. Victor Foulon, notary, at the expense of the purchaser.

[illegible]

SEALED PROPOSALS ... will be received at this office until 12 ... for the ... steamer Convoy ... Florida, March ... quired to deliver ... Orleans at the Quarter... such portions of the ... can be recovered from the ... with state in his proposal ... amount of proceeds of sale of ... will be considered as payment in full for his services under the contract. Proposals to be made in duplicate, inclosed in a sealed envelope, addressed to Capt. A. J. McGonnigle, A. Q. M. U. S. A., New Orleans, La., and indorsed "Proposals for wrecking steamer Convoy." Proposals will be opened at 12 o'clock M., May 25, 1866, and bidders are invited to attend. Bonds will be required for the faithful performance of the contract.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all bids made. By order of C. G. Sawtelle, Chief Q. M. Military District of the Gulf.
A. J. McGONNIGLE, Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. A. may10 12t

GREAT ALL-RAIL
NORTHERN
—AND—
EASTERN ROUTE.

NEW YORK CITY
REACHED IN 100 HOURS,
—VIA—
New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad.

QUICKEST LINE OF TRAVEL
From New Orleans to all the Great Commercial Centers and Resorts of Pleasure in the United States and Canada.

The greatest variety of routes to the same place is presented to the choice of the traveler, affording him the opportunity of interspersing his journey with Water Travel or selecting the short and quick ALL-RAIL LINE.

SLEEPING CARS IN ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

Through to	In hours
NEW YORK	100
BOSTON	110
PHILADELPHIA	[illegible]
WASHINGTON	[illegible]
RICHMOND	[illegible]
VIRGINIA SPRINGS	70
PITTSBURG	[illegible]
CLEVELAND	[illegible]
CINCINNATI	[illegible]
LOUISVILLE	[illegible]
CHICAGO	[illegible]
ST. LOUIS	[illegible]
NASHVILLE	[illegible]
CHARLESTON, S. C.	[illegible]
AUGUSTA	[illegible]
MEMPHIS	[illegible]
CAIRO	[illegible]
NIAGARA FALLS	[illegible]
MONTREAL, CANADA	120
QUEBEC, CANADA	132

Trains leave the Depot, at foot of Calliope street EVERY DAY, at 7 o'clock A. M. Connects at Jackson with Southern Mississippi Railroad, for Vicksburg, Montgomery, etc.

Through Ticket Office at No. 44 CARONDELET STREET. Open from 8 A. M. to 7½ P. M. daily, and from 5 to 9 P. M. on Sunday.
D. S. GOODLOE, General Ticket Agent. may4 tf

Wanted,

A GOOD COOK (female), at No. 94 Esplanade street, between Bourbon and Dauphine streets.

MRS. C. STURENBAUCH would respectfully inform her friends and patrons that she continues the business of

Hair Work and Jewelry,

as heretofore at the same place, No. 14 Chartres street, and will be pleased to see her former patrons. Everything in the line of

Ornamental Hair Work

is under her immediate supervision. She has also at work some of the best MANUFACTURING JEWELERS, besides a large and varied assortment of all kinds of Jewelry, Watches, etc. Orders from the country promptly and conscientiously filled.

FOR SALE—
... barrels MESS PORK.
... Prime MESS PORK.
... Prime.
... Rump.
... casks clear SIDES.
... tierces choice Sugar Cured HAMS.
... barrels Mess BEEF.
... half-barrels Mess BEEF.
... kegs of LARD.
... barrels FLOUR—Extra, Superfine and Fancy.
... barrels and halves Durky and Day WHISKEY.
... barrels choice Old Bourbon WHISKY.
... cases OYSTERS—L. McMurray & Co., and Cove.
100 cases LIQUORS—Brandy and Whisky.
For sale by R. K. CONVERSE, 45 Magazine street.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

61 CAMP STREET......61 CAMP STREET.
PRICES REDUCED.

[illegible]

BUSINESS CARDS.

SHOES. SHOES.

BLANCAND & GUITET,
49......OLD LEVEE STREET......49
Between Customhouse and Bienville streets.
WHOLESALE DEALERS in
Boots, Shoes and ..., from the best manufacturers. my22 1m

TURNER,
THE PHOTOGRAPHER,
AT 57 CAMP STREET,

Has reduced his prices for Cartes de Visites to $3 per dozen during the summer months.

IVORYTYPES made photographically, and finished by superior artists.

PHOTOGRAPHS of every size, Plain or Colored, which defy competition. my 25 1m

C. J. AUBERT & CO.,
20......CHARTRES STREET......20

Having made heavy purchases when prices were lowest, are enabled to offer to their customers and to the public a splendid selection of GOODS which cannot fail to give GENERAL SATISFACTION.

N. B.—Country Dealers will find the most suitable and varied Goods to their line.
Orders promptly attended to.
C. JAUBERT & CO., 20 Chartres street.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN DRY GOODS.

BACHELORS' HALL,
BAY ST. LOUIS,
KEPT BY J. H. KREBS.

THE undersigned informs his friends and the public in New Orleans that he has opened, at Bay St. Louis, a BACHELORS' HALL for the accommodation of visitors. The establishment is opposite the Louisiana Wharf, and offers every desirable comfort on moderate terms.
J. H. KREBS.

C. Ravelet & Son,
WHOLESALE DEALER,
66......CUSTOMHOUSE STREET......66

IMMENSE REDUCTION
ON ALL GOODS.

THE WHOLE STOCK MUST BE SOLD REGARDLESS OF COST, BEFORE THE 31st INSTANT.

When Mr. A. Ravelet will go to Europe to make new purchases.

SOLE AGENTS
IN THE
STATE OF LOUISIANA
FOR
MESSRS. BRANDENBURG FRERES'
WINES,
...
... RIVIERE & CO.,
70 AND 72 COMMON STREET.

E. RICHARD,
BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURER.
...

[illegible]

LEEDS'S FOUNDRY,
(ESTABLISHED IN 1825,)
Corner Delord and Fenchoe Sts.

We beg leave to inform our friends and the public generally that we are prepared, as formerly, to manufacture Steam Engines, Boilers, Sugar Mills, Sugar Kettles, Draining Machines, Saw Mills, Cotton Presses, Newell Screws, Gin Gearing, Furnace Mouths, Grate Bars, all kinds of Plantation and Steamboat Works, and Every Description of Machinery for the South.
LEEDS & CO.

LOUIS & EDWARD JANIN,
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,
WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.

WILL practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, the Courts of Claims and of the District, before the Executive Departments and Committees of Congress.

FRENCH RESTAURANT,
73......Chartres Street......73
KEPT BY PHILIPPE FORGET.
FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARDING,
By the month and by the Week.

PLANTERS will always find rooms for their accommodation.

Repasts for weddings and other parties, &c., &c.
Mr. Forget continues his old practice.

CARRERE & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
37......Carondelet Street......37
NEW ORLEANS.

BRIEN & CARRERE,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
11......South William Street......11
NEW YORK.

JACOB OTT, Carpenter.

Special attention given to REPAIRING of STORES and DWELLINGS.
Cisterns Made and Repaired.
Orders left at 38 Tivoli Circle, or at L. DURAND, corner Toulouse and Chartres streets, promptly attended to.

A. F. DUTEIL,
General Commission and Forwarding Merchant,
AND AGENT for Messrs. T. S. MAUNSELL & CO., of New Orleans, and for the N. O. Bee.
ALLEN LEWIS & CO.'S BUILDING,
Strand near 22d street,
Galveston, (Texas.)

MISCHE & CO.,
(Successor to Barrett & Meber.)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN WINES
LIQUORS AND CORDIALS.
71 POYDRAS STREET.

HAVE constantly on hand a very large assortment of Wines, Liquors and Cordials, imported and ... which we recommend to Merchants and Dealers, at the very lowest prices.
Country orders promptly attended to.

ANTOINE DUBUC,
Secretary of the Vestry Board of the Church of St. Louis, in New Orleans,
Office, No. 20 St. Anthony Square,

AND who for the last twenty-five years has been filling that office and attending to BURIALS and FUNERAL CEREMONIES, informs the public, his friends, and those of Mr. JEAN BONNOT, to whom he has given an interest in the business, that they have on hand every article in the funeral line generally.
ANTOINE DUBUC. JEAN BONNOT.

J. BONNOT & CO.,
UNDERTAKERS,
ST. ANN STREET,
(Between Chartres and Royal streets,)
Established for upwards of Twenty-five years.

Metalic and Frame Coffins

Of every description admirably trimmed; also METALIC CASKETS of a square long shape, from CRANE, BREED & CO'S Manufactory, Cincinnati, richly ornamented, trimmed with splendid, perfectly finished silver settings, and superior to anything of the kind. Also, LARGE AND SMALL HEARSES, Carriages, and everything in the FUNERAL BUSINESS.
ESTABLISHMENT:
61......On St. Ann street......61

NOTICE.

New Orleans Canal and Banking Co.

THE reduction of the Capital Stock of this Bank having been carried by a vote of the Stockholders, all holders of certificates of shares are requested to surrender them at the Bank to be exchanged for certificates of fifty dollar shares.
CHS. JUMONVILLE, Cashier.

Milliner and Dress Maker.

MRS. ROBERT, MILLINER AND DRESSMAKER, in the latest Paris style, 179 Canal street, next to Christ Church, has just received from Paris a handsome assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, such as White and Black Bonnets, Basquines, Lace Capes, Dentelles, Lace Pointes, Belt Ribbons, Artificial Flowers, Ladies' Hats and Bonnets, Veils and Parures de Mariées, etc.

New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad.
February 14, 1866.

ON and after Monday next, 20th inst., the passenger trains will leave the depot at Algiers every morning at 8 o'clock, arriving at Brashear City, at 12 M. Returning at 1 P. M., arriving at Algiers at 6 P. M.

The ferry boat will leave the city from foot of Canal street every morning at 7½ o'clock, connecting with the passenger trains.

Freight for Brashear and intermediate stations, will be received at the same place every day until 5 P. M.
... Superintendent.

VULCANITE SETS
IMITATING THE COLOR OF THE GUMS.

DR. SUPERSON, Dentist, No. 93 ... [illegible]

O. B. GRAHAM & CO.,
130......Gravier Street......130
Between Camp and St. Charles Streets,
IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
Agent for the New York Steam Pipe Spinning Company of Boston.

RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the trade to ... [illegible]

STEAMSHIPS, &c.

STAR LINE OF STEAMSHIPS.

NEW YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY

FOR NEW YORK, DIRECT.—The new and splendid side-wheel steamships
MORNING STAR, 2000 tons......Brown, Commander.
EVENING STAR, 2015 tons......Delancy, Commander.
GUIDING STAR, 2294 tons......Berry, Commander.
RISING STAR, 2000 tons......Nelson, Commander.
The new and first-class screw steamships
MISSISSIPPI, 2000 tons......Forbes, Commander.
MERRIMAC, 2000 tons......Weedon, Commander.
MARIPOSA, 1200 tons......Quick, Commander.
MONTEREY, 1200 tons......Whitman, Commander.

THE new and first-class side-wheel steamship MONTEREY, (1200 tons,) WHITMAN, Commander, Will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Jackson Square, on SATURDAY, May 26th, 1866, at 8 o'clock P. M., punctually.

The line is composed of the largest and finest ocean steamships which have ever been built in this country for any line. They are in every respect fitted for ocean service and the rooms on which they sail. Their passenger accommodations are not excelled by those upon any other steamer in the world.

Passage in side-wheel ships, 1st cabin, $60, 2d cabin, $50; passage in screw ships, 1st cabin, $70.

Freight will be received at the Company's warehouse upon their pier, at all times during business hours, and the Company's rates for freight will always be made as low as by any other line.

For freight or passage, apply to J. M. COURTENAY, Agent, 25 Carondelet street.

Steam Weekly to Liverpool.
TOUCHING at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.)

The well-known Steamers of the Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:
CITY OF LONDON......SATURDAY, MARCH ...
CITY OF MANCHESTER......
CITY OF NEW YORK......
and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE
Payable in gold or its equivalent in currency.

FIRST CABIN		STEERAGE	
to London	$95 00	to London	$35 00
to Paris	95 00	to Paris	40 00
to Hamburg	95 00	to Hamburg	37 00

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: 1st Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, N. Y., or to ELLIOT & McKEEVER, 160 Gravier street.

Only Direct Line to France.

The General Trans-Atlantic Company's New Line of First-Class Mail Steamship Between New York and Havre, Calling at Brest.

THE splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent are the following:
NAPOLEON III......Bocande......Saturday, May 12.
VILLE DE PARIS......Surmont......June 2.
PEREIRE......Duchesne......Saturday, June 16.
LAFAYETTE......Lemarie......Saturday, June 30.

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.
First Cabin, $135; Second Cabin, $80, including table wine for either class.

Passengers intending to land at BREST will be furnished there with railroad coupon tickets, and their luggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge $5 for first, and $3 for second class.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For further information, apply to GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, Removed from No. 7 to 58, Broadway.

At Paris—No. 12, Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)

At Havre—William Iselin & Co.

At New Orleans, Mr. V. Portilliat, 38 Carondelet st.

Persons leaving for France may obtain their passage ticket here, in New Orleans, by applying to Mr. V. PERRILLIAT, Agent, No. 38 Carondelet street, in ... of writing or telegraphing to New York.

SEA SHORE LINE.

WATERING PLACES, BAY ST. LOUIS, PASS CHRISTIAN, MISSISSIPPI CITY, BILOXI, AND OCEAN SPRINGS.

THE elegant and very fast, low pressure steamer CAMELIA, P. Boardman, master, will continue her trips as follows:
MONDAYS, at 7½ o'clock A. M. Pontchartrain R. R. Train.
TUESDAYS, 8 o'clock do do do
THURSDAYS, 8 o'clock A. M. do do do
SATURDAYS, 4 o'clock P. M. Pontchartrain R. R.

Returning will leave Ocean Springs on
SUNDAY Evening.
MONDAY Evening.
WEDNESDAY Evening.
FRIDAY Morning.

All freight intended for her should be properly labeled and addressed, (printed direction labels can be got at the office of the Company) and sent to the Pontchartrain R. R. depot one hour before the passenger trains.

The above trips and departures will be regularly made, unless prevented by bad weather or less water.

On Saturday, POSITIVELY no freight will be received after 3 o'clock P. M. train.

For further information apply to COMEN M. SORIA, No. 10 Carondelet street.

MEXICO.

REGULAR NEW ORLEANS AND VERA CRUZ MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.

HAVING just dispatched the second steamship, the POTOMSKA, to this line, there will be a steamship dispatched every other week.

The ship are first class low pressure steamship, with unsurpassed accommodation.

For freight or passage, apply to E. BARI & CO.
A. F. Martial & Co., agents at Vera Cruz, Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS AND MOBILE DAILY PACKETS.

MORGAN LINE, UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS.

Leaves FRIDAY, May 25th, on the arrival of the 4 P. M. Pontchartrain Railroad train.

FOR MOBILE.

THE new line side-wheel and low-pressure steamer MARY A. L. Myers, commander, will leave as above, carrying the U. S. Mails.

Bills of lading will be signed at the Agent's office until 3½ P. M.

No freight received after 3½ P. M.

Freight taken at greatly reduced rates as tariff.

Coal Oil received in metal packages only.

... I. C. HARRIS, Agt., cor. Camp and Common sts.

For Galveston, Indianola and Lavaca.

MORGAN LINE, UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

Leaves SUNDAY, May 27th, at 8 A. M.

Passage to Galveston......$20 00
do. to Indianola......30 00

Freights to Galveston, Indianola and Lavaca at ... rates as per new Tariff.

Freight delivered at Lavaca by lighters free of extra charge.

THE low pressure, side-wheel steamship W. G. HEWES, D. S. Austin, commander, will leave as above, from the foot of St. Joseph street.

For freight or passage, apply to I. C. HARRIS, corner Camp and Common sts.

Bills of Lading signed at the Agent's office.

These steamers carrying the U. S. Mails leave punctually as advertised.

Coal Oil received in metal packages only.

A steamer of this line will leave every third day for above ports.

REGULAR LOUISVILLE LINE.

Leaves positively on SATURDAY, May 26, at 5 P. M.

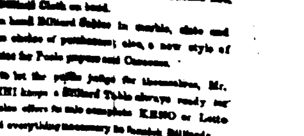
FOR LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE, Cairo, Columbus, Memphis, Vicksburg, Natchez, etc.—The new, fast and unsurpassed accommodation steamer INDIANA, J. S. Neal, master, will leave this port for Louisville, Ky., and all intermediate landings as above.

For spaciousness and elegance of cabin, and attention and comfort to passengers, this steamer cannot be surpassed.

A plan of her cabin can be seen and staterooms engaged upon application. For freight or passage, apply to MARTIN, DOLHONDE & COBB, Agents, No. 37 Natchez street.

B. ANTOGNINI,

BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURER WITH PATENT COMBINATION CUSHIONS,
15......CONTI STREET......15



MR. ANTOGNINI still continues in the same kind of business. Everything belonging to Billiards can be found in his establishment; among other articles CUSHIONS which are superior to any employed heretofore. These Cushions, which are undoubted, have been patented, and have been accepted as a superior article by the celebrated

C. BERGER,
The Champion Billiard Player.

MR. ANTOGNINI has a Billiard Manufactory in the North, which permits him to furnish his customers with the best in the line of Billiards at moderate prices. He keeps always a complete assortment of French and American Billiard Cloth on hand.

He has on hand Billiard Tables in marble, slate and wood, at the choice of purchasers; also, a new style of Square Tables for Poule purposes and Cassause.

In order to let the public judge for themselves, Mr. ANTOGNINI keeps a Billiard Table always ready for trial. He also offers to sale complete KENO or Lotto Games, and everything necessary to furnish Billiards.

MR. ANTOGNINI having visited the best Manufactories in the North, and having acquired all the latest improvements, is enabled to furnish Billiards equal to those made in the North.

Also, on hand—Double Wheel ROULETTES and CHECKS. Ten-Pin Balls and Pins.

OFFICE OF THE NEW ORLEANS BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS,
New Orleans, May 8th, 1866.

THE following ... Board of Underwriters ... made on or after the ... of the premium charged, ... when the insured premium ...

[illegible]

Office of the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad ...
New Orleans, May 16th, 1866.

EXCURSION TRAIN.

ON and after this day of June, an Excursion ... [illegible]