The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET.

NEW ORLEANS, SUNDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 24, 1869.

43d YEAR—Vol. XLIII.—Whole—14,889

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Reportorial Repertory.—Assistant Alderman Logan, who has performed his duties like a man, has determined to resign.

The steamship Bremen made the trip from Havre to the bar in sixteen days and seventeen hours, about the quickest passage between Havre and New Orleans on record.

The suit against ex-Postmaster Smallwood for deficiency in United States revenues and forfeiture of bonds, is for $19,291.

There are now about twenty large vessels detained by low water outside the bar.

The Fair at Deutsche Co. Hall.—This fair, which is being held for the benefit of St. Maurice's Church in this district, will be open today from 12 to 2 o'clock. It will close on Monday with a grand concert.

Personal.—Hons. Randell Hunt and E. T. Merrick have returned from their summer trip to the North.

The Custom House.—The receipts of the Custom House yesterday were large. Day before yesterday they amounted to about $40,000 in gold. Over $60,000 were paid on a previous occasion.

Concert and Soirée.—A grand concert and *soirée dansante* is to be given by the Harmony Social Club, at 7½ o'clock Saturday evening, Oct. 30th, at the Dantiche Company Hall, for the benefit of the Jewish Widows' and Orphans' Home. The orchestra will be composed of twelve musicians under the direction of Mr. Louis Mayer, and among the singers for the concert we notice the names of the following popular amateurs: Messrs. Cassard, McCoy, Mrs. Isaac Schwartz and others. We are under obligation to the Club for an invitation to be present.

The Reform Meeting at the National Theatre.—The meeting last night at the National Theatre, favoring a reform in municipal affairs, was well attended, many of our best citizens being present. Among them we recognized Messrs. A. B. James, D. Urquhart, V. Hermann, N. E. Bailey, G. W. Kace, Dr. Moss, Dr. Pope, Dr. Brickell, Dr. Sauvé, John Roy, John Davidson, Hugh McCloskey, Patrick Irwin, C. A. Mittenberger, Carl Kohn, J. T. Tucker, N. A. Lambizac, Judge Duplantier, Gen. Busey, Zuberbier and others, to numerous to mention.

The meeting was called to order by N. E. Bailey, Esq., who nominated the following officers:

President—Col. G. W. Kace.

Vice Presidents—First District—C. Schneider; Second District—J. Tayes; Third District—Judge Duplantier; Fourth District—Patrick Irwin.

Secretaries—L. H. Pilié and J. Davidson Hill.

The nominations were approved by acclamation.

The President, Col. Kace, made a brief address, which was well received. He was followed by other citizens, whose remarks elicited more or less approbation. These were: Dr. Brickell, Alfred Pull'ep, Esq., (of Rosalie & Pavlicz,) Maj. Burwell, (Editor of *De Bow's Review*) Gen. Cyrus Busey, (late of the Federal army, and now President of the New Orleans Chamber of Commerce,) Mr. M. F. Bigny, (of the *Picayune*,) and Mr. J. H. Bacon (of the *Picayune*). Messrs. F. A. Johnson and John W. Overall spoke in somewhat different strain from the others, in accordance with calls from a number of persons present.

An address, as adopted by the Ward Committees of the old Real Estate Association and a proposed Constitution of the new Association, to be called the "Tax Payers' Association," was read by Mr. Phillips.

The addresses refer to the past efforts of the Association "to secure the enactment of laws deemed beneficial to property and to restrain by legal means improper legislation," and the facts that their efforts have not met with that success which they deserved; that their appeal to the Legislature to effect a desired change in the city charter was unsuccessful; that the candidates for office selected by the Association without reference to politics were defeated, and that whatever the moral effects of the Association in restraining public abuses they have not successfully accomplished the high objects in view.

This has been owing to various causes, among others to the narrow circle of membership limited to owners of real estate, its members numbering 3600 and odd only. Hence it is proposed to extend membership so as to embrace all payers of taxes, real and personal estate, and to call the Association hereafter THE TAX PAYERS' ASSOCIATION. The fee of membership is fixed at but five per annum, except for real estate owners, who are to pay $2 each.

The address, also, as read by Mr. Phillips, was then adopted by acclamation, and the meeting adjourned.

Jefferson City Affairs.—The case of Judge Cooley, of the Sixth District Court of the parish of Jefferson, which we have heretofore given "mutilated a record" of Justice Bruning's court, was yesterday, at the instance of Judge Cooley himself sent before Judge Pardee for trial, a preliminary examination being waived. The charge against Judge Cooley, which is about as "baseless as the fabric of a vision" was made by a Jefferson City Alderman, who in turn is to be tried on a charge of perjury preferred against him by Judge Cooley.

Anti-papistical Suit.—It is anticipated that a suit will be filed right by Mr. Z. Foley, the agent of the Lyceum Turnbout Company, against the Lyceum Turnbout Company, a rival association. It is a refusal to transmit a message by the Ballou Telegraph, operated by the latter, the first claim being that the charter of the Telegraph Company does not permit of its being used as a monopoly.

A Letter Homicide—A Colored Boy Kicked to Death by a Colored Man.—Early Monday morning, a controversy occurred on the stable of Mr. Jas. N. Scott, in the rear of his residence, between Rousseau and Tchoupitoulas, in which Louis Andrews, a colored boy of nineteen, and a colored man named Ben were the contestants, that resulted in the former receiving a severe kick in the groin from the effects of which he died.

The youth returned to his home on Howard street, near the corner of Second, quite ill. Dr. Watkins, a physician residing near, was called for, and to him Andrews stated he was suffering from a kick received in the morning.

We give the Doctor's statement of the case in his own words:

"Was called to see the deceased about 12 M. Oct. 20. Found him suffering great pain in the umbilical and hypogastric regions. He stated that the cause of the pain was a kick which he received early in the morning. Said a man named Ben kicked him; was unable to make a careful examination on account of the great tenderness on pressing. On my next visit he had all the symptoms of peritonitis. These symptoms were greatly aggravated next morning. He died at 11 P. M. Bowels distended, and died Oct. 21, about nine o'clock P. M."

The Coroner was sent for the next day, and a *post mortem* examination was made by Drs. McAlister and McCloy, but singularly enough there has as yet been found no witness who saw the attack or the injury inflicted. It occurred so early in the morning that the proprietor had not yet come down, and the deceased made no complaint until he reached home.

Knowing the fearful consequences of the man Ben, but we have not heard that even this was obeyed.

Altogether it seems to have been a rather loosely conducted case.

Wife Beaten.—Mrs. Short with her two children, were found, on Friday, by Dr. Cooper, Police Surgeon, in a room of the house No. 51 Clio-true street, abandoned by their husband and father. The woman was suffering from a severe bruise on the shoulder, and was under the influence of liquor at the time the doctor arrived. Owen Short, her husband, said to be a driver for one of the street railroads, it is stated, has been twice arrested on a club assault a week ago. She is spoken of as one who formerly occupied a good position and was generally respected.

The Great Robbery.—The diamond ring stolen from Mr Sommé's store, 61 Royal street, Friday night, as already noticed by us, were valued at $2000. The robber has not been arrested.

The Metropolitan Board.—E Pollent, Esq., as counsel for the Metropolitan Police Board, has filed in the Sixth District Court a petition of intervention for the Board, protesting against the right of Mr. R. S. Burbank, Treasurer of the Board, to receive the custody of the money held by the State Treasurer for the payment of the police, being the money resulting from the sale of $805,935 in city 7 per cent bonds.

The petition of intervention concludes as follows:

Your petitioners allege that the said Burbank has no authority derived from the law or from the Board; that the State Treasurer had no duty to perform towards him and S. N. Burbank, that all the duties conferred by law upon the State Treasurer in relation to the Metropolitan fund are duties which have been created for the benefit of the Board of Police, and the obligations thereof said duties can only be enforced by the Board. That as Treasurer, Burbank cannot do any act contrary to the orders of the Metropolitan Police Board, who are made responsible for the unauthorized acts of their agents and officers, which it is their duty to forbid; petitioners further allege that until these difficulties are settled, and a transfer of the funds in the State Treasury be accepted by the Board, it is impossible to determine whether bonds be forfeited to the State of New Orleans or to the Metropolitan Police Board, and that the said funds must remain in *status quo* in the State Treasury, awaiting a legal settlement of these difficulties between the authorized interested parties, amicably, if possible, or by judicial or legislative action if necessary.

Your petitioners allege that the State Treasurer has no duty to perform toward Burbank in defiance of the resolutions of the Metropolitan Police Board, and that there is no ground for the granting of a mandamus in this case. Wherefore petitioner prays that this intervention be filed and duly notified to the parties, and that, after the decree of law, the prayer of said petition for a mandamus be dismissed, with costs, and petitioner prays for general relief, and as in duty bound, etc.

And considering the interest of the city of New Orleans in the transfer of the funds in the hands of the State Treasurer, your petitioner further prays that this petition of intervention be notified to the city, in order that they may take such action as they may think proper to protect their interest; and petitioner prays for general relief.

The Proposed Lease Market Lease for Ten Years Sold.—There was a good attendance and spirited bidding at the St. Charles Auction Exchange yesterday, when the City Auctioneer, Mr. G. De Ferriel, offered for sale the ten years lease of the revenue of the proposed Bazar Market, which is to be built by the purchaser of the lease, on the bazar space near the French Market, and is to revert to the city at the expiration of the same.

The sale was conducted for the city by Mr. C. W. Culbertson, and was made to Mr. W. H. Wells, the highest bidder, for $110,500, with Messrs. John Lelas Cassard, Joseph Hernandez and Simon Mentlier as his securities. Judging from the bids, which were successively as given bel-w, there seemed to be a general impression that somethi g in the neighborhood of $100,000 was a fair offer. The bids in the order made were—$60,100, $100,000, $101,000, $102,000, $103,000, $104,000, $105,000, $105,500, $106,000, $106,500, $107,000, $107,500, $108,000, $108,500, $109,000, $109,500, $110,000, $110,500.

The conditions of the sale of the market are as follows:

[illegible] daily to be occupied as the [illegible] Market, Bank statement unfavorable. Loans increased $8,500,000, specie decreased $1,000,000; circulation decreased $[illegible]; deposits decreased $250,000; legar tenders decreased over $1,600,000.

Cotton receipts 32,500,000 of cotton during the week. Sterling easier—9¾ to 9¾. Gold 131. Week's gold exports $170,000. Government bids all received for sale of 6 per cent gold bonds and certificates, though a trifle above lowest point of afternoon.

New York, Oct. 23—Evening.—Treasury receipts of 1864, 1865, 65s 12⅝ to 12⅝; 65s 11⅝ to 11⅝; 66s 11⅞ to 11⅞; 67s 11⅞ to 11⅞; 10 40s 108¾ to 108¾; Louisianas, old, 67; new, 61.

Imports of dry goods for the week, $2,500,000; general merchandise nearly $3,000,000.

St. Louis, Oct. 23—Superfine flour $4 50 to $4 75. Wheat, No. 2 spring, 90c. Corn 83 to 86c. Oats 50 to 56c. Rye 90 to 92c. Cotton dull and nominally; middling 24¾c to 25c. Tobacco dull. Whisky $1 13 to $1 14. Pork $31. Lard 12c. Bulk meats nominal. Bacon—shoulders 16½c; sides 16½c. New Bulk Meats—shoulders 13½c. Butter and Cheese unchanged. Hogs $9 50 to $10 25.

Chicago, Oct. 23—Flour—spring extras $4 10 to $4 50. Wheat, No. 2 spring, 94 to 95c. Corn 66½ to 66½c. Oats 40 to 40½c. Rye 72c. Barley $1 15 to $1 15. Hogs—Receipts $1 12 to $1 12½. Cattle—Receipts 14½ to 15½. Pork, cut, $31 50; new, $30. Lard 16½ to 17c. Bulk meats—shoulders 14c.

Louisville, Oct. 23—Cotton quiet. Middlings 22c. Supplies of Flour $4 50. Grain and Groceries quiet and unchanged. Tobacco—leaf bids at $7 20 to $11 25. Pork $31. Bacon nominal. Lard 17c. Whisky $1 12 bid. Hogs—Prime Hogs held at $9 to $9 75. Whisky $1 [illegible]

Savannah, Oct. 23—Cotton market dull with a downward tendency; middlings 24¾c; sales 200 bales; receipts 3021; exports 1635.

Charleston, Oct. 23—Cotton market active and steady; middlings 25c; sales 650 bales; receipts 1458; exports consumptive 1095.

Memphis, Oct. 23—Cotton—middlings 24 to 24¾c; sales 800 bales; receipts 1585; exports 828.

Mobile, Oct. 23—Cotton — demand fair; market closed quiet; middlings 24 to 24¼; sales 900 bales; receipts 695; exports 658.

SEVER NEWS.

Vicksburg, Oct. 23.—Passed up: Enterprise at 2, Atlantic and barges at 3, and Belle Lee at 4 P. M. Down: Ida B. Lee, 1 A. M. Virginia, 12 M. River falling slowly.

St. Louis, Oct. 23—River is declining.

Louisville, Oct. 22—River stationary, with 8 feet 8 inches in the canal, and falling above.

The weather is wet at all points on the Ohio river.

Cincinnati, Oct. 23—Departed — Orgueil. River stationary, with 6 feet 8 inches in the canal.

Cairo, Oct. 23—Passed down — Thayer, Mormon, Brando and Carroll. River stationary. Weather clear and cold.

FROM SOUTHWEST PASS.

Southwest Pass, Oct. 23—6 P. M.—Barometer 29 74. Wind north, strong. No arrivals. Sailed—Ship Assam Valley.

FROM QUARANTINE STATION.

Quarantine, Oct. 23—6 P. M.—In quarantine ship Maria Rose, from Havana.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[To the New Orleans Bee.]

FROM WASHINGTON.

Counterfeit 5-20 Coupons of 1863 Detected at the Treasury.

Butterfield Demands Investigation

He will be Allowed to Resign.

Revenue Frauds in Arkansas.

Sherman and Grant will Attend Meeting of the Army of Tennessee

Effects of the Recent Earthquake.

FROM EUROPE.

Lord Derby is Dead---Aged 70.

Spanish Cabinet Divided on Choice of a Ruler.

Miscellaneous Intelligence.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Washington, Oct. 23.—Internal Revenue receipts to-day $399,000.

It is positively announced that Sherman and Grant will attend the meeting of the Army of Tennessee, at Louisville, on November 17.

Well, ex-Postmaster Smallwood, remains in Civil Code, and without applying to a Court of Justice to annul the sentence, and without indemnity; and it is also well understood, that if the contractor shall, at any time abandon the work, or not finish and complete the same in conformity with his contract, the said contractor will forfeit all claims he may have on the part of the work done by him up to the date of his abandonment, and that the city shall be thereby discharged and released from any and all liability therefor; and it is also well understood, that in case the contract be resold, the contractor and his securities will be bound, in addition, to pay unto the city all loss or difference between the price at which the contractor originally contracted to perform the work and the price at which it may be sold after his default and adjudication. NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 20, 1869.

(Signed) W. H. BELL, City Surveyor.

Approved by the Committee on Streets and Landings of both Boards of the Common Council.

(Signed) PETER KASTEN,
(Signed) GERALD FARRELL, } Chairmen.

Father Hyacinthe.

AN ANSWER FROM ROME—THE PUNISHMENT

The superior of the order of Barefooted Carmelites has published his letter in reply to Father Hyacinthe. It runs thus:

Rome, Sept. 26.—REVEREND FATHER—Your letter of the 20th only reached me yesterday. You will easily imagine how deep it afflicted me, and with what bitterness it filled my soul. I was far from expecting you to fall to such a depth. Therefore my heart bleeds with grief, and is filled with an immense pity for you, and I raise my humble supplications to the God of all Mercies that he may enlighten you, pardon you, and lead you back from that deplorable and fatal path on which you have entered. It is very true, my reverend father, that during the last five years, in spite of my personal opinions, which are in general contrary to yours on many religious questions—as I have more than once expressed to you—in spite of the counsels I have given to you on several occasions relative to your preachings, and to when, excepting in the case of your Lent sermons at Rome, you paid but little attention, so long as you did not openly depart from the limits imposed by Christian prudence as a priest, and especially on a monk I have always manifested toward you sentiments of esteem and friendship, and encouraged you in your preachings. But of that you are also in a position to remember, in the moment in which I perceived that you were beginning to go beyond those limits, I was forced to inform you of the reproaches to you my fears, and to mark to you my dissatisfaction. You must remember, my reverend father, that I strongly feared the first year, about the month of October, when passing through France, relative to a letter addressed by you to a club in Paris. I then expressed to you what announces and what warnings I gave me. Your letters published in Italy were always painful to me, and also drew on you frequent observations and reprimands, when you visited Rome. Lastly, your presence and your speech at the Logne de la Paix filled up the measure of my apprehension and my grief, and forced me to write to you the letter of the 22d July last, by which I formally ordered you to future not to print any letter or speech, to speak to public assemblies in the city of Rome, to present in the chambers, or to take part in the Logne de la Paix, or any other meetings, the text of which was not exclusively Catholic or religious. My prohibition, as you see, did not in the least refer to your sermons in the pulpit. On the contrary, I desire you in future to devote solely and entirely your talents and your eloquence to teachings in the church. Consequently, it was with the painful surprise that I read in your letter that you could not resecend the pulpit at Notre Dame, with language prevented by dictation or mutilated by reticence. You know, I am aware, my reverend father, that I have never forbidden you to preach, that I have never given you any order or imposed any restrictions on your sermons. I only took the liberty of giving to you some counsels, and of addressing to you some observations, especially on the subject of your last lectures, as my quality of superior it was my right and my duty to do. You we e, consequently, as free to continue your preachings at Paris or elsewhere, as in preceding years, from the date of the 22d of July last; and if you have resolved not to reappear in the pulpit of Notre Dame de Paris it is evidently and of your own free will, and not by virtue of measures adopted by me toward you. Your letter of the 29th announces to me that you are about to leave your monastery in Paris. I learn, indeed, by the journal, and by private letters, that you have already left it, and have cast off your gown, without any ecclesiastical authorization. If the fact is unfortunately true, I would remark to you, my reverend father, that you must be aware that the monk who quits his monastery and the dress of his order, without the regular permission from the competent authority, is considered as a real apostate, and in consequence liable to the canonical penalties mentioned in Decr. *Perlatum*. The punishment is, as you are aware, the greater excommunication, *late sententiæ*, and according to the canons, reserved by the Holy See, part iii., chapter xxxv., No. 12, those who leave the community without an indult, and who, after the expiration of the delay fixed in the letter of monition, have not of infamy. *Qui a congregatione recedunt, spretæ apostasiæ, ipso facto et communicationem et officium amittunt.* As your superior, and in accordance with the prescriptions of the apostolic decrees, which order me to employ every censure to bring you back to the bosom of the Order, I have so deplorably abandoned, I am under the necessity of calling on you to return to the monastery in Paris which you have left for the whole ten days from the date of the present letter, observing to you that if you do not obey this order within the time assigned you, you will be deprived canonically of all the charges you hold in the or barefooted Carmelite monks, and will remain under the censure established by the canons above and by our rules. May you, my reverend father, listen to our voice and to the cry of your conscience; may you promptly and seriously deprecate the scandal and the ruin of your fall, and by a heroic resolution manfully recover yourself, repair the great scandal, and be a consolation to the Holy Church and to the church, your mother, you have so much afflicted. That is the most sincere and ardent desire I can bear; it is also that which your afflicted friends, and myself, your father, ask with all the fervor of our souls of God Almighty, of Good, so full of mercy and clemency.

BROTHER DOMINIQUE OF SAINT JOSEPH.

General Grant and the Gold Bond Speculation.

[From the Cincinnati Enquirer.]

Gen Grant has written a letter to Robt Bonner, of the New York *Ledger*, on this subject. There was a great prophecy in the Metropolitan Police Board, and that there is no ground for the granting of a mandamus in this case. Wherefore petitioner prays that this intervention be filed and notified to the parties, and that, after the decree of law, the prayer of said petition for a mandamus be dismissed, with costs, and petitioner prays for general relief, and as in duty bound, etc.

And considering the interest of the city of New Orleans in the transfer of the funds in the hands of the State Treasurer, your petitioner further prays that this petition of intervention be notified to the city, in order that they may take such action as they may think proper to protect their interest; and petitioner prays for general relief.

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The sale was conducted for the city by Mr. C. W. Culbertson, and was made to Mr. W. H. Wells, the highest bidder, for $110,500, with Messrs. John Lelas Cassard, Joseph Hernandez and Simon Mentlier as his securities. Judging from the bids, which were successively as given bel-w, there seemed to be a general impression that something in the neighborhood of $100,000 was a fair offer. The bids in the order made were—$60,100, $100,000, $101,000, $102,000, $103,000, $104,000, $105,000, $105,500, $106,000, $106,500, $107,000, $107,500, $108,000, $108,500, $109,000, $109,500, $110,000, $110,500.

The conditions of the sale of the market are as follows:

[illegible] daily to be occupied as the [illegible] Market,

Continued Existence of the War Spirit.

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* comments on the excuses for defeat which have been made by Northern Democratic journals, and adds:

"The Democratic party lost in Pennsylvania and Ohio because it did not get votes enough, and the sooner we cease to trouble ourselves thereat, the better for the whole ship's crew of us."

* * * * * * *

The issues created by the war are not yet exhausted, and it is probable that there will be no general change in the political situation until they have run their natural and inevitable course. There will be local triumphs and disappointments. A State here and there will be won and lost. The Republican party will go on from bad to worse, involving itself more and more in corruption, and every month degenerating in the popular confidence. The Democratic party, on the other hand, will be chastened by defeat.

It must be obvious to the plainest understanding that the late results in Ohio and Pennsylvania are attributable to the influence of the war spirit, which the Democratic party was not able to set aside by its position upon issues which have either not yet come to fasten a distinct impression on the popular mind or have lost their hold upon the mind.

The Most Perfect Iron Tonic.

HEGEMAN'S FERRATED ELIXIR OF BARK.

A pleasant cordial, prepared from calisaya bark and pyrophosphate of iron, possessing the valuable properties of iron, phosphorus and calisaya, without any injurious ingredients. As a preventive to fever and ague, and as a tonic for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it cannot be surpassed, and is recommended by the most eminent physicians. Physicians in prescribing, and the public in purchasing, should be particular to specify Hegeman's, as there are many inferior articles in the market, purporting to be of the same combination. Prepared only by Hegeman & Co., chemists and druggists, New York, and sold by all respectable druggists. octl7 3m

MONETARY AND FINANCIAL.

SATURDAY EVENING, Oct. 23, 1869.

The Money market proper continues unchanged. On the street, A1 notes with unquestionable collaterals are offered at 1½ per month; good, but not best class, 1¾ to —; All without collaterals at 1¾ to 1¾; good, but not A1, at 2; and second grade at 2½. Money may be had on good A1 paper at 12 per cent per annum for A1 and 15 for second grade.

Gold opened at 131 to 131⅛, sagged 131⅛ at New York, and after a slight recovery closed at the opening rates. The offerings of cash gold were scarce, and this market ruled at the close at par to ¼ per cent premium. Cash gold New York against ¼ to ⅜ below the New York price yesterday. The rates included $8000 and $10,000 at 130⅞ to 131. $5,000 at 131⅛, $1000 and $2000 at 131⅛, and $1000, $2000 and $8000 at 131¼. Nothing reported in silver.

The movement in Foreign Exchange was of fair extent but rates were weaker owing to the decline in gold at New York. The sales of sterling included £27,000, including £2,000 bill of lading at 111, £1000 and £2,000 clear at 111⅛, £7000 bill of lading at 111⅜; £1000 and £3000 At clear at 111⅝, and £2000 at 111⅞ to 112 and £3000 bank at 112. In France there were sales of 480,000, of which 150,000 At commercial at 4 02½ 90,000 do at 4 01½, and 250,000 private bills at 4 00. Sterling may be quoted at 111 to 111⅞ for A1 bill of lading and clear and 112 to 112½ for bank, and France 4 02½ to — for the former and 3 98¾ to 3 96¾ for the latter.

Domestic Exchange was without any notable variation. The banks checked on New York at ¼ to ¼ per cent discount, mostly at the latter, and the sales included $30,000 commercial signt on New York at ¼ discount, $25,000 do, and $25,000 and $25,000 private bankers' at 7-16, $6000 and $25,000 commercial at ⅜, $30,000 and $50,000 private bankers' at the same, and $16,000 sight drafts at ½.

In Stocks there were sales at auction by Messrs Hellman, Marks & Co., auctioneers, of 1 share Importer's Bonded Warehouse at $102; and 10 Hope Insurance Co. at $80. At the Board of Brokers, on Friday night, $500 city seven per cent bonds sold at 62.

We heard of no sales of Government Securities. Some of the dealers bought State Warrants at 62½ to 63 and sold at 63½ to 65.

Nothing transpired in City Treasury Notes. The dealers bought small sums at 21½ discount and sold at 23½.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE BEE,
SATURDAY EVENING, Oct. 23, 1869.

COTTON—The sales to day embraced 2500 bales at middling and low middling grades, without advance, we continue to quote good ordinary at 23½ to 24c. low middling at 21½ to 24¼c, middling at 24¾ to —, and strict middling at — to 25¼c.

The demand was fair, but operations were restricted by the limited extent of the actual sale and the high pretensions of factors, many of whom were unwilling to accept less than 24¼c for strict low middling. The advantage throughout the day was on the side of the seller, especially after 1 P. M., but the additional buoyancy was mainly caused by the excessive supply and the eagerness of shipping buyers. Towards the close it was difficult to find any low middling at less than 24c.

COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand previous to last statement	[illegible]	[illegible]
Arrived since last statement	[illegible]	[illegible]
Arrived previously	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cleared today	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cleared previously	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stock on hand and on shipboard—bales	[illegible]	[illegible]
To day's receipts at ports compared with last year	[illegible]	[illegible]

To-day's receipts at ports compared with last year, 1868 on Havre, 275 to Barcelona and 2845 to New York. Receipts proper since last sailing, 1,000 bales, against 2,000 corresponding time last week, and since September 1st 119,171 bales, against 118,038 last year.

SUGAR—The receipts this morning were cut fifteen to 20 hds new crop. There now remaining unsold on the landing, 18 hhds of the new. The first, three hhds received on the 22d inst., classed centrifugal and sold at 10c per gallon. We quote prime to choice at 10 to 10½c. Yesterday 5 hhds yellow clarified sold at 15c, and to-day 5 yellow centrifugal at 13½c per lb. Also 25 hhds old crop, fair, at 12 to 12½c.

MOLASSES—The receipts this morning of 160 bbls new, but buyers generally have not come forward yet, and the sales to-day were confined to 50 barrels at 35c per gallon for fair and 38c to $1 for prime, with a weak market.

ARRIVALS FROM THE WEST—The Bee and barges, and Lady Gay, from St. Louis, have arrived since our review of yesterday.

WESTERN PRODUCE—A reliable Western produce merchant just arrived from a Western tour informs us that the Pork crop in the West, particularly those in Cincinnati, St. Louis and Louisville are well disposed to pack English meats such as prime mess Pork, short and long middles etc, for the English market, and ship the same regularly to New Orleans all the coming season if they understand that orders for the same will come here. He thinks the war has made a large business in this way and since monopolized by New York, but there are many late changes especially, we believe, to bring back the large trade back and naturally belonging to us.

FLOUR—The market is quiet but firmer today, with some looking around for the high grades. Superfine is quoted at $5 25; double extra $5 50; treble extra $6 to $6 25 per bbl. There were sales to-day of 1200 bbls, of which 500 sold double extra at $5 50, 100, 100 and 50 treble extra, 50, 70 and 70 on its merits at $6; 100 treble extra at $6 20; 50 and 200 on its merits at $6 20; 100 do at $6 70; superfine at $5 25, and 100 single extra at $5 40 per bbl.

CORN—Continues in light supply and firm 100 sacks sold at $1 10 per bushel.

OATS—Are also in light supply and firm: 50, 200, 100 and 200 sacks St Louis sold at 52c per bushel.

BRAN—The market is quiet at $1 07 to $1 10 per 100 lbs.

HAY—Is in light supply and firm. 100 and 150 bales choice Western sold at $28 per ton.

PORK—The market is dull. Mess can be had at $32 50 per bbl. It is selling at $33 50 for sale of 10 bbls mess was made at $32 50 per bbl.

BACON—Some 30 tierces choice sugar-cured Hams sold at the advanced figures of 27½c, subsequently 26c was asked. The market is about bare. Shoulders are retailing at 28¼c; clear rib sides 21c; clear sides 21¾c per lb.

LARD—The stock is light but the market is dull. Prime is quoted at 18 to 18½c; leaf 20 to 20½c per lb, as in quality and quantity. 15 tierces sold on private terms; and 50 kegs, kettle rendered, at 19c per lb.

BREAKFAST BACON—There is little or none here. It is quoted at 25c per lb and higher.

BEEF—Some 10 half barrels, Texas, extra, sold on private terms.

PORK AND BACON—We obtain the following from a reliable source:

The reported total stocks bbl. Pork and Bacon and Dried Salt Meat in New Orleans and the West, October 1st, 1868 and 1869, compare as follows:

	Oct. 1, 1868.	Oct. 1, 1869.
Oct 1st, 1868—27,000 bbls and	14,000 000 lbs.	
Oct 1st, 1869—20,000 bbls and	7,500 000 lbs.	
Deficiency, Oct 1, '69,	4 000 bbls and	7,500,000 lbs

which together are equal to 8,300,000 lbs meat, or 41,500 bbls Pork.

In addition to the above deficiency of supply in New Orleans and the West, New York was reported 12,000 bbls Pork short of last year, at same date, with a proportionate deficiency of other meats; and other Eastern points were in the same condition. With this deficiency in present stocks and Hogs opening 1869, the Hog crop is greater (nearly 4c net) higher than last year, the prospects better for an advance, than a decline, on present stock.

LOUISIANA RECEIPTS—We note sales of 50 bbls prime at 7¾c and 120 bbls in job lots. The demand is fair and prices are steady at 8¼ to 8¾c per lb for choice; 7¾ to 8c for prime to good do, and 6¼ to 7c for ordinary to good.

WHISKEY—The market is dull. 50 bbls 6 per cent rectified sold at $1 27½, and 20 at $1 26½ per gallon. Rectified is quoted at $1 25 to $1 27½ per gallon. High wines at $1 29¼ to $1 25, and Spirits at $1 37½ per gallon.

DRIED APPLES—20 bbls sold at 8c per lb.

COFFEE—There is a good local demand and prices are firm at 16½ to 17c per lb, (gold duty paid) for prime; 15½ to 16c for good; 15 to 15½ for fair, and 14½ to 14¾c for ordinary. Cuba is first hands 3000 bags.

BUTTER—The supply of Western is heavy and the demand is only for choice; Northern is in fair supply and demand. We quote choice Western 38 to 40c per lb; inferior 29 to 35c; choice Goshen 46 to 47c; common to good Northern 38 to 4-4 per lb.

CHEESE—The market is well supplied with both Northern and Western, and the demand is very light. Western Reserve is quoted at 16 to 17c; factory 13 to 17c; Northern factory at 18½ to 19c, and cream at 20 to 21c per lb.

Cattle Market.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 24, 1869.

Arrived yesterday—440 Texas Beeves, 117 Calves and Yearlings, and 372 Sheep.

Sold—348 Texas Beeves, 140 Calves and Yearlings, 61 Hogs, 414 Sheep and 7 Milch Cows.

Stock on Sale—1041 Texas Beeves, 12 Calves and Yearlings, 101 Hogs, 129 Sheep and 27 Milch Cows.

Texas Beeves, corn fed choice, ⅌ lb net	—	@ — 00
Texas Beeves, corn fed 2d quality, ⅌ head	—	@ — 00
Texas Beeves, 1st quality, ⅌ head	55	@ 45 00
Texas Beeves, 2d quality, ⅌ head	35 00	@ 30 00
Texas Beeves, 3d quality, ⅌ head	16 00	@ 20 00
Hogs ⅌ lb gross	12	@ 12 50
Good Sheep, ⅌ head	7 50	@ 8 25
Sheep, 1st quality, ⅌ head	5 50	@ 7 00
Sheep, 2d quality, ⅌ head	3 00	@ 3 50
Sheep, 3d quality, ⅌ head	—	@ — 00
Milch Cows, choice ⅌ head	80 00	@ 100 00
Milch Cows, ⅌ head	50 00	@ 60 00
Milch Cows, with Calves, ⅌ head	—	@ 00 00
Yearlings, ⅌ head	8 00	@ 10 00
Calves, ⅌ head	7 00	@ 10 00
Goats, ⅌ head	1 50	@ 4 00

OLD INFALLIBLE.

OVER 30 YEARS BEFORE THE PUBLIC.

DR. C. McLANE'S

CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.

The safest and most reliable Worm Destroyer in the world.

No Mother's Nursery should be without it.

Are your children ailing now?

Have they a continual tickling of the nose?
Have they a ravenous or depraved appetite?
Have they a hard, swollen abdomen?
Have they a furred tongue and disagreeable taste?

GIVE THEM MCLANE'S VERMIFUGE.

Have they offensive breath and headache?
Have they a gnawing sensation in the stomach?
Have they disturbed sleep with grinding of the teeth?
Have they temporary blindness and deafness

GIVE THEM MCLANE'S VERMIFUGE.

Be warned in time—Delays are dangerous.

MCLANE'S VERMIFUGE

may be given the tenderest infant or aged adult.

Be sure you get Dr. C. McLANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.

None genuine without the signature of

FLEMING BROS.

Sold all over the world.

Carpet Warehouse.
E. C. PALMER & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

WE keep open the old stand, "Castle" and "Boot," from Liverpool-street, very large assortment of new goods. All our Foreign Goods are of our own importation by a direct consignee, and offered at WHOLESALE or RETAIL, as low as any house in the trade. Our stock of Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Mats, etc., is so large that we invite the trade to call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

CARPETS—Ingrains, Venetian, Brussels, Tapestry, Three-Ply, Hemp, Cocoa, Matting, etc., etc.

OIL CLOTHS—A splendid assortment, every desirable quality. OIL CLOTHS—All widths from 3 to 24 feet.

Patent Rod Fixtures, Brass Trimmings, Cornices, Shades, Cords and Tassels, Mats, every variety, Door Mats, Cocoa and Brussels Mats, every variety, Stair Carpets, Stair Rods, Brass and Wood, Table Covers, Cocoa Matting, Hearths, etc., etc., a complete assortment, at very lowest prices. octl4 tf ly eod

Opera House.

NOTICE.

THE public is hereby informed that the Tickets for the selection of Boxes and Seats is now opened, and will remain open for the sale of Tickets and Boxes as by application at the office of the Secretary, Opera House and Bienville street, every day, from 9 to 3 o'clock. 6t 24 tf

To the Friends of Homeopathy.

THE NEW YORK STATE HOMEOPATHIC SOCIETY desires to make a specialité, under the management of H. R. GRAM, the first physician who introduced Homeopathy into Louisiana, to which it will devote the New

Religious Society, from a sentiment of great charity and virtue, was the only repetitive effective of the 3 cool of Homeopathy in America or Continent. In the three years, from 1866 to 1869, 1000 Millions of Doses, popular, and, while the majority who submit to that system of medicine, are cured, the majority who submit to the Allopathic system are killed.

The above system is based on ONE DOLLAR, for a Complete Medical Cure, and a Pocket Book containing a full and portrait of Dr. Gram; a picture of the Institution, and a Medical Dictionary.

In Stocks there were sales at auction by Messrs Hellman, Marks & Co., auctioneers, of 1 share Importer's Bonded Warehouse at $102; and 10 Hope Insurance Co. at $80. At the Board of Brokers, on Friday night, $500 city seven per cent bonds sold at 62.

We heard of no sales of Government Securities. Some of the dealers bought State Warrants at 62½ to 63 and sold at 63½ to 65.

Nothing transpired in City Treasury Notes. The dealers bought small sums at 21½ discount and sold at 23½.

Coal! Coal!

PITTSBURG, ENGLISH CANNEL COAL, Cut and Delivered.

Office—133 Gravier street.
Yard—Corner Magazine and Girod streets, and corner Tchoupitoulas and Water streets. octl4 3m

New Lusitanos Benevolent Association.

REGULAR QUARTERLY MEETING.

THE Officers and Members of the above named Association are requested to meet at their Hall, on Sunday, October 24, at 3 o'clock P. M., to attend to business.

Partial attendance is earnestly requested, as best interests of our association will be transacted.

R. ONORATO, Secretary.

New Orleans, Oct. 20th, 1869. octl4 tf

To Let.

THAT desirable office now occupied by the Commercial City Rented Company, over the book-store of No. 96 Gravier street. Apply at the Office. Possession given on the 1st of November. Apply to Rose Bros. octl3 2t

Louisiana Portuguese Benevolent Association.

EXTRA GENERAL MEETING.

THE officers and members of the above Association are respectfully requested to meet