NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE.

DUFOUR & LESLIE, PUBLISHERS

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TERMS OF THE BEE

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Finance, Editorial Page, transient advertisements, each insertion, $2 50 per square.

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Semi-Weekly Edition.

TERMS—PER YEAR.....$5.

NEW ORLEANS:

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 2, 1870.

THE MORAL OF THE NEW YORK ELECTION.

Several of our cotemporaries in New Orleans and elsewhere are busying themselves in belittling the late election in the State of New York. We think on the other hand that the Democracy there have had a splendid triumph and the Republicans a stunning defeat. They have suffered a loss of some seventy thousand votes. Excluding New York city and Brooklyn, the Democrats carried the State by nearly 30,000 majority. Including those cities the majority is not far from 100,000. The Republicans are welcome to all the comfort they can derive from depreciating this great victory, but they well know in their hearts that it is the warning-bell notifying them that their ship is near the rocks. The moral of this election is the coming annihilation of the Republican party. The Democracy should now assume the offensive. New York having set the example, the next elections in Pennsylvania and Ohio will show that the infection is spreading. The New York *Star* seems to understand what this great fact of a hundred thousand majority means, and thus sets forth the lessons it teaches:

The first lesson taught by the majority of 100,000 is that the party in the city and the country is harmonious and in complete unity of purpose and action. The redemption of many strong Republican strongholds indicates that the country Democracy, apart from New York County, can wage war with the Republicans on almost equal terms. The second lesson is, that New York will hereafter govern itself without assistance from country Republicans. That feature is virtual condemnation of Grant and his ring enterprise, stock without a policy. The fourth is, that the harmonious action of the Democracy has so exasperated the leaders of the reckless rule-or-ruin faction in the House of Representatives, that they propose to change our form of voting. In other words, to degrade the Empire State to a condition of vassalage like that of Georgia, or any of the pitiable communities which have gone through the farce of Congressional reconstruction. Let the ringleaders beware. They hold their seats for a brief period and by feeble tenure. The people of New York will submit no more to military satraps, and will endure no more military aggressions. The Republicans will do very well to remember that there is a large, powerful belt of States in evitably Democratic, extending from Connecticut to Indiana, which have freely contributed their soldiers to suppress one rebellion and which will send them forward to the protection of the Constitution, if it becomes necessary to rescue it from defacement by a corrupt Congress or a venal Court. Gentlemen of the reconstruction party, "hands off."

SOUTHERN PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.

Report of Committee on Overture for Re-Union From the Presbyterian Church North.

We published some extracts from the proceedings of the Assembly at Louisville in our issue of yesterday, showing the spirit of the majority of the members on that body on the subject of re-union. The following is a more accurate exposition of the views of the Assembly, being the substance of the report, condensed by ourselves, but brought in by the majority of the committee to whom the matter was referred.

The proposition from the Northern Church was "that a committee of five ministers and four elders be appointed by this Assembly, to confer with a similar committee of their Assembly in respect to opening a friendly correspondence between the Northern and Southern Presbyterian Church."

To this the committee recommended an answer to be returned, setting forth the obstacles in the way of re-union, but "agreeing to appoint a Committee of Conference to meet a similar committee, already appointed by the Northern Assembly with instructions to the same that the difficulties which lie in the way of cordial correspondence between the two bodies must be distinctly met and removed."

These difficulties are, briefly, these:

1st. The political utterances of the Northern Assemblies and complications with the State, incumbent upon them to purge themselves of their error.

2. The union now consummated between the old and New School Assemblies North was accomplished by unconstitutional acts, our judgment involve a total surrender of all the essential testimonies of the Church. The united Assembly stands of necessity upon an allowed latitude of interpretation of the standard, and must come to embrace nearly all shades of doctrinal belief. Of these falling testimonies we are not the sole surviving heir, which we must fill from the dust and bear to the generations after us. It would be a serious compromise of this sacred trust to enter into public and official fellowship with those repudiating these testimonies, and to do this expressly upon the ground, as stated in the preamble to the overture before us, "that the terms of reunion between the two branches of the Presbyterian Church at the North, now happily consummated, presents an auspicious opportunity for the adjustment of such relations." To found a correspondence professedly based on this idea, would be to indorse that which we thoroughly disapprove.

3. Some of the members of our body were but a short time since violently and unconstitutionally expelled from the branch of the new United Northern Assembly, under ecclesiastical charges, which, if true, render them utterly ingenious before the church and the world. Every principle of honor and good faith compels us to any terms an equivocal reputation of that interpretation of the law under which these men were condemned must bear a conditional precedent to any official correspondence on our part.

6. It is well known that similar injurious accusations are preferred against the whole Southern Presbyterian Church, with which the ear of the whole world has been filled, extending, as these charges do, to heresy and blasphemy, they cannot be quickly ignored by an indirection of assertion. If true, we are not worthy of the confidence, respect, Christian honor and love, which are tendered to us in the overture. If untrue, Christian honor and love, righteousness and truth require them to be openly and savagely withdrawn. Sin an unapproachable barrier to official intercourse.

JUDGE ALBERT VOORHIES.—This gentleman leaves the city this evening for New York, whence he will sail for Europe. With the $5,000,000 seven per cent bonds which he conveys to Mr. Cavaroc, who will negotiate them. Mr. Voorhies will return here early in September. During his absence F. Fuselier, Esq., will attend to his professional business.

THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.—After ten years of experiment, and fifteen changes in the ingredients, Phalon has the pleasure of announcing that his VITALIA, OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR, is a perfect article, capable of infallibly restoring gray hair to its primary color, and without failure. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

THE VICKSBURG, SHREVEPORT AND TEXAS RAILROAD.—The Elton *Eagle*, published at Lake Providence, Carroll parish, La., says of the railroad claimed by Lodwling, Ray & Co., to the exclusion of the stockholders and creditors of the V. S. and T. R. R. Co.:

We learn that the owners of this road have been offered $750,000 for their rights and franchises in the important road. The offer is made by a Northern company, who guarantee to put the road through to Texas in quick time. The offer was refused, although it was a magnificent return on their investment. This road is of great importance to all North Louisiana, and will be a mine of wealth to Vicksburg, if the owners are unable to build it, and their policy looks to us a good deal like the dog in the manger policy.

We should like to see this road in the hands of an energetic Northern company, who would build it speedily.

JUDGES BRADLEY AND BLACK.—The Galveston *News* thus recorded the departure from that city of those distinguished gentlemen:

The Hon. Joseph P. Bradley left this morning on the steamer Josephine. His sojourn here has left a very agreeable impression on the minds of all with whom he came in contact, either in his official capacity or in his social relations.

The Hon. Jeremiah Black left also on the same steamer. A gentleman as distinguished in his profession as in the social circle.

Those gentlemen will always find a hearty welcome whenever their inclination or official duties call them to our Island City.

The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET. NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 2, 1870. 43d YEAR—Vol. XLIII.—Whole—15,075

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Resigned.—Judge Donatien Augustin has resigned the office of United States Commissioner.

Not Paid.—The old city officials complain that the Board of Administrators have neglected to make the necessary provision on the pay rolls to pay them, being content to provide for their own interests.

New Directory.—Mr. William Murray, of this city, we notice is engaged in preparing a business directory of Houston, Texas, having been solicited to do so, it seems, by leading merchants and citizens of that place. He expects to issue the work during this month.

Fete Champetre.—A very select entertainment is to be given at Carrollton Gardens on June 7th, 8th and 9th, commencing at 6 o'clock each evening, to raise funds for the building of a new church on St. Charles street, in the Sixth District.

The Chase Testimonial.—The complimentary testimonial to be tendered to Mr. A. B. Chase, in acknowledgment of his successful efforts to gratify the tastes of the public in his "parlor concerts," has been postponed by his many friends till Friday next.

Needs Repairing.—The public generally and the writer particularly are interested in having the crossing at the corner of Baronne and Calliope streets repaired. Will Gen. West please make a note of this.

City Finances.—Mayor Flanders and Mr. Walton, Administrator of Finances, leave this evening for New York, for the purpose of shaving the $5,000,000 seven per cent. city bonds, which are being printed there for transmission to Europe. They will be accompanied by Judge Alfred Voorhies, who is authorized to act as agent for the Administrator of the Floating Debt, and will convey the bonds to Mr. Cavaroc, President of the Bank of New Orleans, now in Europe, for the purpose of negotiating them to the best advantage.

We are indebted to Mr. P. F. Herwig, Special Deputy Collector, for the following:

CUSTOMHOUSE.

Entries passed during May, 1870:

Descr. of Ents.	No. of Entries.	Value of mdse. Appraised
Export	53	1,900
Import	371	155,125
Warehouse	90	469,395
Warehouse Transp.	75	358,723
Re-warehousing	4	3,167
Re-warehousing	2	3,981
Re-ship'g Withdrawal	3	3,915
Total	598	$1,472,406

Festival of "Tres si Bereagita."—This Society will celebrate their usual festival next Sunday at the Oakland Course, for which we notice they have a programme of rare and novel features promising some rare sport, particularly the female features. We allude to the proposed "foot race between six ladies." There are other singular amusing features in the programme which will doubtless attract curiosity.

We are indebted to the Society, who were out last evening in procession with Charles Yerger's brass band for the compliment of a serenade in front of our office. They were in charge of their Captain, our friend, Sansoni.

Hospital Reports.—We are indebted to the courtesy of Mr. P. M. Tourné, clerk of Charity Hospital, for the following report for May:

Admissions	425
Discharges	381
Deaths	90
Remaining in Charity Hospital	558
Marine	62
Total remaining	620

Arrival of Coolies.—The ship Ville de St. Leon will arrive to-day at this port with a cargo of 167 Coolies, who are intended, we learn, for labor on some of the plantations in this State. They are the first direct arrival here from China for such purposes.

Died of Small pox.—Moses Brafel, at Dr. Antoni Hospital; Noah Carter, on Terpsichore street, between Howard and Freret; A. M. Zuro, in Algiers; Rachel Pequet, at corner of St. Ann and Rochelle-ave streets; Kitty Smith, at 229 Julia street.

The Slaughter-House Matter.—Judge Bradley, of the United States Court, sitting in the circuit, has requested the respective counsel for the Butchers' Association and the Slaughter-House Company to make out sworn statements of the probable profits which might be collected from the Association were the Slaughter-House act enforced during the year. This is preliminary for the purpose of gauging the bonds required in the suits pending in the matter.

Suit for $25,000 Damages.—Yesterday, in the Sixth District Court, was filed the petition of J. J. Hathaway, alleging in effect that he was falsely and maliciously imprisoned by Capt. Schreiber, at the instance, it is alleged, of Mr. Stroke, broker of St. Charles street, on the charge of having obtained from him seventy-nine thousand dollars, fraudulently, or by means of false pretences.

He complains that he was ignominiously imprisoned in a vile cell with low characters, that the fact of his arrest was made known to the public through the papers, and that false charges, consequently suffered great mental anguish and injury in his reputation as an honorable man, all at the instance of said stranger, whom he therefore claims for $25,000 of damages.

Jewell, Hughes and Dejan counsel for petitioner.

Eighth District Court—The Railroad Case. Judge Dibbell, yesterday decided that the exception taken to the jurisdiction of his court in the case of J. H. Young vs. the Mississippi Valley Railroad Company of Jefferson City must be overruled. On the application for a new trial, he decided that the motion to dismiss, in the matters of Young vs. Young, was also for the highest court of Jefferson City had been divested of jurisdiction.

In the matter of the New Orleans, Mobile and Chattanooga Railroad Company vs. City of New Orleans, the following entry was made: Upon motion of C. S. Lacey, City Attorney, was granted: On suggestion and consent of counsel that the plaintiff herein desires to have title to and to be owner in fee of the bonds and property in controversy herein, it is ordered that the said plaintiff, within five days after the service of this order, do file with the clerk its title deeds, in order that defendants may have over thereof; otherwise, that the suit be dismissed at plaintiffs' costs, and that plaintiffs have notice thereof.

In this court, also, further testimony was taken in the case of the State on the relation of H. S. McComb, et al., Directors, etc., of the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Co. The testimony elicited no facts not already known to the public through the columns of the newspapers being confined to the history of Decree's injunction preventing the election of Directors by the stockholders of the road on the 18th of April, and the subsequent election of himself and others of his partisans as Directors, which he contends was legally committed on the 20th April; he having, it will be remembered, raised the injunction pending against the previous election at the eleventh hour, so as to consummate his plans by the election at the subsequent election held, under the terms of the charter of the company, on the "Monday following," which was the 18th, no election on the regular day fixed for the 20th.

All this is artful dodging quite in keeping with the mountainous movements of the old City Council, Dr. Warmoth, and even the New Board of Administrators, as per the matter of that, in turning heaven and earth, California to sell the road to a song to the cunning millionaire of Delaware.

The case was continued till the 5th inst. We notice an additional appearance as counsel for the Railroad Company in the person of Mr. F. Phillips, an able and distinguished attorney from Washington city.

Attempted Suicide.—About half past 7 o'clock yesterday morning a woman dressed in black, attempted to commit suicide by swallowing the contents of a vial of laudanum, which she had but a moment before purchased at the drug store of Frederickson & Harte, on Canal street.

She rushed back to the clerk of the store that she wished to take some of the laudanum there; but upon his offering to pour out a dose for her, she declined, saying she knew how much was a dose, and started to drink the medicine, the clerk having told her that would take it in the store. To his surprise, when she reached the door she deliberately swallowed the entire contents of the vial which contained several ounces. He endeavored to get her back into the store to give her an emetic, but she disappeared in the crowd which speedily collected in front of the store upon hearing what was the matter, and ran out in the street where she soon fell from the effects of the drug, near Holmes' store, whence an officer conveyed her in a carriage to the Charity Hospital.

This is said to be her second attempt. The first time she swallowed two ounces, but refused to give her name to the policeman who took charge of her, and immediately fell asleep on being placed in the carriage.

At last accounts she was still living though in a critical condition.

Since writing the above we find on inquiry at the Hospital, that the woman will recover, having been restored from her stupor; that her name is Annie Gormley, and that she is the reputed wife or mistress of a notorious character known as William McCarthy, who is awaiting trial before the First District Court for larceny.

First District Court.—The court was again engaged yesterday with the trial of John Vandergriff, charged with killing Robt. A. Allen, Jr. Messrs. E. Morel and Given Campbell arguing the case for the prisoner, and Attorney General Belden for the State. The jury were unable to agree last evening, and were locked up till 9 o'clock this morning.

Drowned.—About half-past 4 o'clock last evening a boy, three years old, named Charles Hudson, fell into the Old Basin and was drowned. The body was recovered and taken by his father to his residence, No. 54 St. Louis street. The Coroner was notified to hold an inquest.

Recorder Bissot Court.—Louis Dacheux, a white man, apparently, was arraigned yesterday on a charge of disturbing the peace by breaking the furniture in his own room in the house of Baptiste Clavette, the witnesses who he is apparently a negress, and alleges that the furniture was his own. He was placed under $1000 bonds.

Coroner's Report.—Dr. M. P. Avila, Coroner for the Second and Third Districts, held 46 inquests and 9 views of dead bodies during the month of May. He makes the following report:

Causes of death: Meningitis 8, 1 foetus, 2 pneumonia, 2 fales mesenterique, 1 struck by lightning, 1 infanticide, 2 apoplexy, 3 congestive fever, 2 congestion of lungs, 15 stillborn, 1 heart disease, 1 scalded to death, 1 run over, 1 dyspepsia, 1 crushed to death, 1 old age, 2 drowned, 1 confusion of the brain, 4 smallpox, 1 hemorrhage of the navel, 2 consumption, 1 bronchitis, 1 calampsia, 3 gunshot wounds, 1 tetanus.

Louisiana News.

ST. LANDRY.—The Opelousas *Journal* of the 26th states that the new trial ordered by the Supreme Court in the case of Theophilus W. Evans, who was indicted for the killing of Alex. Daigle, Jr., in Calcasieu parish in 1866, commenced before Judge King on the 20th inst. The *Journal* adds:

The evidence on the new trial was precisely the same as on the former trial, except that it was proved that the only witness for the State, on the former trial, testified that Evans had declared his intention to shoot Daigle, had since made very different and contradictory statements on the point. A further difference was strong testimony on the new trial of Evans' good conduct and integrity since his conviction, and that he had refused to avail himself of many chances of escape from custody. The second jury was empanelled at 10 A. M., on Friday, 20th inst.; the evidence was closed at 4 P. M.; the argument of counsel lasted over three hours; and after receiving the charge of his Honor Judge King, the jury retired, and returning in ten minutes rendered a verdict of not guilty.

The jury were furnished by Geo. H. Wells, Esq., the attorney who fought this well known case through from the beginning to the end. Great interest has been manifested in the parish of Calcasieu and here in the progress and final result of the prosecution; and notwithstanding a great weight of the evidence and public sentiment seemed for a long time to be decidedly against the accused, yet on his second trial, he had the sympathy of this community, and was honorably acquitted—a result entirely due to the ability, zeal and fidelity of his counsel.

LAFOURCHE.—The Thibodaux *Sentinel* thus records the death of an old citizen of that parish:

DEATH OF DR. A. DEDRICK.—Citizens of Thibodaux and Lafourche have met with a severe loss by the death of Doctor Allen Dedrick. He has been a practicing physician in this vicinity for the last fifteen years, and had always stood at the head of the medical profession. Of late years he has been in bad health, and for several months his decease has been awaited at any moment. He was in every sense of the word a good man, possessing a genial and obliging disposition, sociable in his habits, and correct and honorable in all business transactions.

The deceased was eminent as a Mason, and was, we believe, at the head of the Lodge in Thibodaux for several years.

He was buried by his brethren of that Ancient Order in St. John's Episcopal cemetery, following the procession of sympathizing and mourning friends.

The Erie Railway.

LUXURIES OF MODERN TRAVEL.

The question which to-day most forcibly presents itself to the prospective traveler is "By what train can I carry me from any destination?" (for running parallel with each other, the competing lines make the same connections), "but by which three Western and Eastern termini, "But by which Route can I travel with the greatest degree of comfort and freedom from those annoyances hitherto considered inseparable from a journey of a thousand miles or more?"

The inquiry is easily answered. Seated in one of the spacious and luxuriously finished drawing-room coaches peculiar to the broad gauge Erie Railway, running without change from Cincinnati, Cleveland, Dunkirk, Buffalo and Rochester to New York, the traveler finds lacking none of the comforts and conveniences of his own home. Roomy seats, neat Washing and Dressing rooms, parlors well ventilated in summer, and warmed by steam in winter, and illumed by gas when night comes, attentive servants, and a view of the finest portions of American scenery, all combine to transform the formerly slow and tedious journey into an entrancing panorama, the termination of which comes only too quickly, to the beholder. At the Company's hotels along the line, the traveler alights to refresh the inner man—eating breakfast in Ohio, dinner in Pennsylvania, supper in New York, yet faring sumptuously and with the same satisfaction as if at his own hotel or residence at home.

Sleeping coaches, well lit and ventilated, and with clean, soft beds, seal all the conveniences of the boudoir are attached to each of the three daily express trains running through to New York, delighted with the novelties to the day's flight, he takes his rest as untroubled as if in his own bed at home.

Prompt arrivals are made at all connecting points, and passengers on arriving in New York are delivered either down in the business centre of the city, or up town in the immediate vicinity of the leading hotels and the New York and New Haven Railroad.

Tickets via this popular line can be obtained at all the principal ticket offices throughout the country.

REV. MR. BECKER VS. ERIE RAILWAY.

"A hundred miles of railroad by way would I go to ride on the Erie Railway, with its magnificent scenery and luxurious drawing-room coaches," were the words of Mr. Beecher lately spoken. Having traveled its entire length to and fro, and experienced the pressure of railroad monopolists, and parties prejudiced in their favor (using every means to detract from the advantages), the road is the publisher's favorite. Its broad, double-track gives to the happy tourist plenty of room in each seat, and the gorgeous palace coaches are fitted to every train.

Its sleeping palaces are indeed fitted up regardless of cost, giving to the occupant all the comfort to be envied. One can hardly realize, with the ease which they experience, that they are being safely and swiftly carried to their destinations at the rate of thirty miles an hour, thus saving time (which is money) to the business man. Try this route once and you will endorse what I say. Thanks, but no, said Sheba when appearing before King Solomon, in the light it was not told me—I half believed the report until I came and saw with mine own eyes, and behold the half was not told me." By all means obtain a descriptive guide of the Erie Railway, which will doubly repay you in giving an account of the delightful places and views, some of which are equal to any in our country.—N. Y. *Democrat.*

CALL FOR A DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.—The Baton Rouge *Advocate* says, and we heartily concur:

Let the Democratic Executive Committee of this parish, acting upon these useful and practical suggestions, issue its call for a State Convention at an early day. The sparsity of the committee is shameful. For months past the Democracy throughout the State have been loud in their call for a State Convention—why disregard it when such a meeting could but augment our chances of success. Gentlemen, the time for action has come. We would act immediately through you when you represent the wishes and views of the interests of the party. Are you doing so? The Democracy are aware of the pressing necessities of said party—the need of a thorough State organization—the necessity and zeal a State Convention will infuse into parochial organizations. Will you call a Convention, or force the Democracy to act independently?

At a recent meeting of Social Equality Freelove Radicals in New York, *Apropos* the strong minded told his story:

She said that ex-Gov. Jewell, of Connecticut, told that there was one application for a divorce in every four marriages in that State. She also stated that there were 16,000 divorces granted in Massachusetts last year. She believed that divorces should be granted at the will of the parties, for marriage should be the outgrowth of intellectual sympathy, and any other union was one of degradation.

THE MOBILE AND NEW ORLEANS RAILROAD.—The Handsboro' (Miss.) *Democrat* says:

About eighteen miles of the New Orleans, Mobile and Chattanooga Railroad, from Mobile in the direction of Pascagoula, is finished, and an engine running. It is thought by those who seem to know, that the trains will be running to Pascagoula river within six weeks from this time. The bridge over the river will be completed in a few days.

SOUND ETHICS.—The New York *World* in an article headed McFarland "Ad Nauseam," in the course of which it reads Sorosis a very severe lesson for its part in the disgusting drama, quotes this extract from the comments following: "Finally, brethren," said the chief of the apostles, "whatsoever things are true, whatsoever things are honest, whatsoever things are just, whatsoever things are pure, whatsoever things are lovely, whatsoever things are of good report; if there be any virtue, if there be any praise, *think on these things.*" This is perhaps one of the soundest ethical exhortations that ever fell even from the lips of inspiration. It is founded on the tendency of the mind habitually contemplates and dwells upon. Manners are cultivated by intercourse with refined society; taste, by familiarity with the best models in art and literature; morals, by companionship with the pure and good; heroism, by the great examples of nobleness; sanctity, by mediating on the beauty of holiness.

NEGRO SECRET SOCIETIES IN FLORIDA.—A Quincy correspondent of the Tallahassee *Floridian* relates the following incidents as having occurred in court there recently: A negro juror was asked by the acting State's Attorney if he had taken an oath in any secret organization when acting as a juror not to bring in a verdict against any of his color where a white man was interested. He replied that he had. The Judge immediately ordered his name to be stricken off the list of jurors.

BY TELEGRAPH.

To the New Orleans Bee.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Congressional Proceedings.

Spies and Informers to be Dispensed With.

Reconstruction of the Judicial Circuits.

The Ohio Democratic State Convention.

Annual Meeting of the Western Associated Press.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Miscellaneous Intelligence.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, June 1.—The President goes to Annapolis to-morrow.

Senator Patterson, of Maine, has been appointed Supervisor of Internal Revenue, vice Harrison resigned, who had charge of Reconstruction.

SENATE.—The Senate resumed executive session on the Sandwich Island treaty at half-past one o'clock.

Mr. Boreman is responding to an enquiry of a resolution of the Senate, places the debt of the city at $1,750,000.

The last sale of city bonds was made at 80 cents.

Henry A. Pulham has been confirmed as Consul General to Hamptico, and Walker A. Wentworth confirmed as Collector of Customs at Tappahannock.

HOUSE.—The tax bill was resumed.

An amendment allowing a discount of ten per cent. on stamps for amounts in excess of $600 was adopted.

In the course of a discussion in regard to the penalties for washing defaced stamps, Mr. Schenck stated that it was the intention of the Committee on Ways and Means to wipe out the whole system of spies and informers, and to allow no more seizures.

A Treasury estimate, which was presented during the discussion, shows the following as the probable amount of receipts for the fiscal year ending June 30th: $370,000,000; from internal revenue tax, $175,000,000; from lands, $900,000; from miscellaneous sources, $20,000,000—making a total of $380,000,000. The estimated expenditures were $291,000,000, which would leave a surplus of $102,000,000.

The bill "To prohibit the stamp on checks for any sum, two cents, was adopted.

The income tax was finally reached, when a long debate ensued, during which an increase of exemption to two thousand dollars, and continuance of the present rates of taxation was favored.

Disraeli has recovered from his recent illness. He dined with Mr. Motley last night.

Rev. Dr. Grant, Catholic Bishop of Southwark, is dead.

London, June 1.—*The Shipping and Mercantile Gazette* fears that the Southern States are planting too much cotton and too little, and apprehend bad results.

London, June 1.—A letter just received from Paris says that Napoleon has authorized the Director of the Grand Opera in Paris to engage Christine Nilsson ten years with a pension added to her salary, and to pay Nicholini $60,000 penalty for Nilsson's breaking her engagement to visit the United States.

The Derby this year excels all previous years, the day was fine, the crowd immense; race exciting and closely contested, and the betting large.

Prince and princess of Wales, prince Leopold of Belgium and the Cabinet bench of Parliament were on the grand stand.

London, June 1.—Lord Falmouth's King Craft won the Derby stake at Epsom to-day; Crawford's brown colt Palmerston 2d, and Master 3d. Fifteen horses ran in the race.

The weather is very unsettled.

The mail steamer from Rio De Janeiro reports that the cotton and sugar crops promise an excellent yield.

Paris, June 1.—It is stated that the Emperor will go to Munich in July.

All of the alleged regicides except two will be discharged.

The Prince Imperial will soon be affianced.

Havana, June 1.—The troops had a skirmish yesterday with a band of rebels near Managua.

The insurgents have killed five volunteers and a Spanish soldier, at Monte Alto, near Palmillas.

The planters and others are holding private meetings in Havana, at which they discuss the proposed abolition of slavery.

The steamer that sailed for Cadiz yesterday took out a number of mercenaries and other deportables, subject, to be laid before the Cabinet and the Cortes.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

Harre, June 1.—Cotton opened heavy; tres ordinaire on the spot 1.35.

Liverpool, June 1—Evening.—Cotton closed steady; uplands 10¾d; Orleans 10¾ d 11d; sales to-day 10,000 bales, of which 1000 were for export and speculation. Lard quiet. Bacon firmer; not higher.

London, June 1.—Evening.—Consols closed 93⅛. Ex-Dividend bonds 92¾.

Frankfort, June 1.—Bonds opened quiet at 95¾. Agio 1.

Paris, June 1.—Evening.—Bourse closed firm. Rentes 74 70.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

Chicago, June 1.—The vote throughout Minnesota yesterday on the proposition to pledge the State credit for the payment of old railroad bonds was very light.

About forty-five towns heard from so far give 3,000 majority against the proposition. It is undoubtedly carried by a large majority.

A young girl named Mary Herrick, who was badly injured by Kerosene oil explosion on Monday, died to-day.

The loss by the fire this morning is estimated from $50,000 to $75,000.

In addition to loss already reported 18 cars, containing 1400 barrels of oil, and six cars of freight cars were destroyed, most of the oil was owned by Hussey, Payne & Co.

No insurance on the railroad property.

Louisville, June 1.—The annual meeting of the Western Associated Press was held in this city to-day, with a good attendance from all the cities.

The reports were principally devoted to business which would not interest the public.

The report of the General Agent was held, showing a highly satisfactory state of affairs, a marked improvement in the character of the news, and the existence of harmonious relations with the Western Union Telegraph Company and New York Associated Press.

The following officers and Board of Directors were elected: President, W. N. Walker, of the Detroit *Free Press*; Secretary, D. L. Baker, of the Detroit *Tribune*; Directors, Joseph Medill, Chicago *Tribune*; Richard Smith, Cincinnati *Gazette*; H. N. Haldeman, Louisville *Courier-Journal*; W. D. Bickham, Dayton *Journal*; A. J. Aikens, Milwaukie (Wis.) *Democrat*; Mr. Houser, St. Louis *Democrat*.

The question of the removal of the office to Cleveland was referred to the Board of Directors.

There were in attendance at the evening session of the association, Erastus Brooks, of the New York Express, and J. C. Hoagston, Acting General Agent representing the New York Associated Press, and also J. Russell Young, of the New York *Standard*, and Mr. Wells, of Philadelphia, representing the American Press Association, Gen. Anson Stager, General Superintendent of the Western Union Telegraph Company, and delegations from Nashville and Memphis press.

The Board met and organized by the election of Mr. Heuser as Vice President, and Joseph Medill, Richard Smith and W. N. Haldeman as Executive Committee.

This afternoon a party of gentlemen with their ladies accepted an invitation of the officers of the Jeffersonville and Indianapolis Railroad, to visit an excursion in a special train over the new bridge to New Albany. To-morrow they accept a similar invitation from the Louisville and Nashville Railroad and visit the Mammoth Cave.

Cincinnati, June 1.—The races to-day were largely attended. First race—Club purse, $200; mile dash. Battle ruled out, Biddy Malone 1, Mallory Cadwalder's filley 2. Time 2.29½. Second race—Club purse, $600; mile heats, best 3 in 5, all ages; $450 to 1st, $100 to 2d, $50 to 3d horse. Kitty Free 1—1—1. Marion 2—2—2. Emma Marratta 3—3—3. Time 1.48¼, 1.48¾, 1.47¾.

New York, June 1.—American Girl beat George Wilkes and George Palmer on the Union Course to-day, in five heats. Time 2.33, 2.34¼, 2.35, 2.34½, 2.35, for a purse of $1000; 3 in 5, mile heats. Palmer won 1st and 4th heats.

The game of billiards for the diamond cue and $1000, played in this city last night, resulted in a victory for Rudolph over Dion. On the 41st innings the score stood Dion 1197, Rudolph 925. On the 54th of being out, and Rudolph won. The game was 1800 points up.

The game of base ball yesterday between the Forest City Club, of Rockford, Ills., and the Atlantics, of Brooklyn, N. Y., resulted in the defeat of the Atlantics by a score 17 to 16.

Concord, N. H., June 1.—The State Legislature organized to-day, elected S. H. Wheeler Speaker of the House, and N. Gordon President of the Senate.

New York, June 1.—A few disaffected stockholders of the Bank India Company elected a new Board of Directors, and propose to displace the present management.

All the operators of the French cable have been discharged in consequence of the removal of the office to the Western Union Company's buildings.

Timothy Ormsbee, for 50 years chief clerk of the Commissary Department at West Point, is dead, aged 79.

Athens, June 1.—Ex Prime Minister Santzos was interrogated to-day by the Court of Enquiry, concerning the recent massacre.

Philadelphia, June 1.—The Presbyterian Assembly to-day heard the delegates appointed to visit the Assembly at Louisville.

The delegates presented a communication from the Southern Assembly replying to the overtures for a union of the two Churches, which states that the Southern Church does not approve of a union, because it is a total surrender of all fundamental principles, and embraces all shades of belief, and there are impossible barriers to any official intercourse between the two Churches.

The delegation bringing the communication also submitted their report to show what action had been taken at Louisville. Several representatives then present made speeches showing in what spirit the Southern Assembly had been directed in their opinions. It was thought the report would be received and the committee discharged.

New York, June 1.—The steamer Russia took $800,000 in specie.

St. Albans, Vt., June 1.—The Federal soldiers have departed.

Gen. Donnelly is slowly recovering from wounds. He is still under arrest.

Columbus, O., June 1.—The Democratic State Convention met, to-day at 11 A. M. It is the smallest convention held by that party for years, there being only 350 of 597 delegates present. D. J. Cullen was elected Temporary Chairman, and R. T. Hurlbut Secretary.

Cleveland, O., June 1.—An oil train on the L. S. W. Railroad took fire this morning while crossing the Huron bridge.

The fire communicated to the railroad bridges over the Cuyahoga river and Ohio canal, destroying both.

A frame building occupied by Keith & Crane, Manufacturing Company and Mechanics' Hall, also the damaged to extent of $30,000, which is probably covered by insurance.

The loss to the railroad cannot yet be ascertained.

St. Louis, June 1.—The St. Louis *Republican* appeared this morning in its original size—twelve pages—a four cylinder press which was saved.

The work of roofing the ruins for temporary quarters is progressing, and a large force is employed. The south east corner of Third and Chesnut Streets will be commenced in a few days.

SENATE.—Judge Dodge, Moriarty and Weller, dry goods dealers, made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors today. Their liabilities are about $65,000.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Geneva, June 1.—The Swiss Government has adopted measures to prevent the departure of a large number of Swiss Infantrymen, gathered on the border. A few have been allowed to pass, but the rest are ordered Lombardy. Troops are in pursuit.

Berlin, June 1.—King William and Bismarck are at Ems.

Paris, June 1.—It is again reported that Prevost Paradol has been appointed Minister from France to the United States.

London, June 1.—Mr. Jay the American Minister to Austria, visited the foreign offices here to-day.

Disraeli has recovered from his recent illness. He dined with Mr. Motley last night.

Rev. Dr. Grant, Catholic Bishop of Southwark, is dead.

London, June 1.—*The Shipping and Mercantile Gazette* fears that the Southern States are planting too much cotton and too little, and apprehend bad results.

London, June 1.—A letter just received from Paris says that Napoleon has authorized the Director of the Grand Opera in Paris to engage Christine Nilsson ten years with a pension added to her salary, and to pay Nicholini $60,000 penalty for Nilsson's breaking her engagement to visit the United States.

The Derby this year excels all previous years, the day was fine, the crowd immense; race exciting and closely contested, and the betting large.

Prince and princess of Wales, prince Leopold of Belgium and the Cabinet bench of Parliament were on the grand stand.

London, June 1.—Lord Falmouth's King Craft won the Derby stake at Epsom to-day; Crawford's brown colt Palmerston 2d, and Master 3d. Fifteen horses ran in the race.

The weather is very unsettled.

The mail steamer from Rio De Janeiro reports that the cotton and sugar crops promise an excellent yield.

Paris, June 1.—It is stated that the Emperor will go to Munich in July.

All of the alleged regicides except two will be discharged.

The Prince Imperial will soon be affianced.

Havana, June 1.—The troops had a skirmish yesterday with a band of rebels near Managua.

The insurgents have killed five volunteers and a Spanish soldier, at Monte Alto, near Palmillas.

The planters and others are holding private meetings in Havana, at which they discuss the proposed abolition of slavery.

The steamer that sailed for Cadiz yesterday took out a number of mercenaries and other deportables, subject, to be laid before the Cabinet and the Cortes.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

Harre, June 1.—Cotton opened heavy; tres ordinaire on the spot 1.35.

Liverpool, June 1—Evening.—Cotton closed steady; uplands 10¾d; Orleans 10¾ d 11d; sales to-day 10,000 bales, of which 1000 were for export and speculation. Lard quiet. Bacon firmer; not higher.

London, June 1.—Evening.—Consols closed 93⅛. Ex-Dividend bonds 92¾.

Frankfort, June 1.—Bonds opened quiet at 95¾. Agio 1.

Paris, June 1.—Evening.—Bourse closed firm. Rentes 74 70.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

Chicago, June 1.—The vote throughout Minnesota yesterday on the proposition to pledge the State credit for the payment of old railroad bonds was very light.

About forty-five towns heard from so far give 3,000 majority against the proposition. It is undoubtedly carried by a large majority.

A young girl named Mary Herrick, who was badly injured by Kerosene oil explosion on Monday, died to-day.

The loss by the fire this morning is estimated from $50,000 to $75,000.

In addition to loss already reported 18 cars, containing 1400 barrels of oil, and six cars of freight cars were destroyed, most of the oil was owned by Hussey, Payne & Co.

No insurance on the railroad property.

Louisville, June 1.—The annual meeting of the Western Associated Press was held in this city to-day, with a good attendance from all the cities.

The reports were principally devoted to business which would not interest the public.

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