The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET. NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 8, 1870. ...AR—Vol. XLIII.—Whole—15,158

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

The weather was decidedly fall-like yesterday.

One thousand uniforms have been ordered for the Louisiana Legion.

Two hundred dollars were stolen Tuesday night from the grocery of Michael Burke, corner of St. Ann and Johnson streets.

An old man and young girl, of Algiers, were complimented with a *charivari* the other night, for their unseasonable conjunction at the altar of Hymen.

Three suits of gentlemen's clothing were stolen from the residence No. 37 Polymnia street. A negro employed by some workmen in repairing the house is suspected of being the thief, from the fact that he was seen wearing one of the coats. He was arrested.

The dead body of an unknown man was found yesterday in Algiers lying at the foot of Seguin street. Verdict, drowned.

Dr. Hays, Health Officer, yesterday reported at the Fifth Precinct Station a case of yellow fever at the corner of Celestine and Union streets.

Samuel Todd, it seems, got the Republican nomination for State Senator in Jefferson Parish.

A man named Schreener attempted to commit suicide yesterday morning by cutting his throat at his house, near the corner of Penniston and Tchoupitoulas streets. He was suffering with heart disease. His physician is doubtful of his recovery.

In the Seventh Ward yesterday there were 25 white and 80 colored persons registered, and in the Ninth Ward, 16 white and 27 colored registered as voters.

The following returns were made by the Recorders for the week ending Sept. 5:

First District, Recorder Houghton	$27 00
Second District, Recorder Stiles	174 50
Third District, Recorder Massicot	40 00
Fourth District, Recorder Weber	81 00
Fifth District, Recorder Dumouchel	25 50
Sixth District Recorder Campbell	33 00
Total	$382 00

Eighth District Court.—The Acting Attorney General of the State, Major New, has filed answer and exceptions in the case of the State on the relation of John Dolhonde vs. James Graham, State Auditor.

The respondent avers that a mandamus cannot issue to compel the State Auditor to cannot draw a warrant on the Treasurer unless there are funds in the Treasury; that relator failed to make a demand when there were funds; that respondent is allowed the exercise of his discretion as to the drawing of warrants, even if there are funds in the treasury; that in conjunction with the Governor of the State and the Fiscal Agent, the President of the Citizens' Bank, he had devised a plan of drawing warrants according to the dates of their issuance by the Board of Public Works of its certificates of indebtedness, and that in June, 1870, he published a notification to the holders of said certificates or warrants, that he would proceed to discharge the duty imposed on him by drawing warrants on the Treasury according to their dates; and that such a course is indispensable to the establishment of public credit, a conclusion demonstrated by experience, etc., etc.

The case was examined yesterday and continued.

The case of Sam'l. Smith & Co. vs. Duchelet, State Treasurer, seeking a mandamus to compel payment of the warrant for $13,333, issued to Smith & Company for that amount, presented by Sol. A. Isaaks, was postponed till Monday, the 14th instant. Isaaks, it will be remembered, was arrested and subpœnaed to the bar of the court last on the ground that the coupons were counterfeit, but Smith & Co. claim to be innocent third purchasers of the warrant, having no knowledge of the fraud.

The case of the Police Board vs. Burbank for the trial by jury of a writ of peremptory, was also continued till the 14th inst.

Attempted Suicide.—Elizabeth Rathbone, 25 years of age, a native of Ireland, tried to commit suicide by jumping in the Old Basin, at the foot of Toulouse street, but was rescued by an old colored man named Frank Wormley, and handed over to the police. She attempted to break away from the police to jump into the basin again, as she says she is tired of life. She is now at the Tremé station. She was under the influence of liquor at the time.

Another Attempt at Suicide.—A woman named Therese Haupt, a native of Germany, was arrested on Wednesday morning, at 9 o'clock, by an officer on Burgundy street, charged with using obscene language and exposing her person. She was locked up at the Jackson Square Station, where she made two unsuccessful attempts to hang herself with her apron to the iron grating of the cell. The woman is an inmate of Madame Lalaurie's fortune-teller, and was once shot by her husband, whom she had nearly ruined and driven crazy by her drunkenness.

An Unnatural Mother.—Mollie Williams was arrested by Officer Walsh, in No. 4 Basin street, the lodging of Josephine Killeen, charged by the officer with being a notorious thief, and with inducing her child into vice by prostituting her little girl, ten years of age. The accused says she is from Russell county, Ala., and has two nieces who are doing brokers in Mobile.

Officer Walsh preferred a charge of violating article 52, city ordinances, against the unnatural mother and a charge of juvenile vagrancy against the girl. The latter was sent to the House of Refuge, the mother, for ten days, to the Parish Prison.

First District Court.—Thomas Gibbons, charged with assault and battery, was acquitted.

Patrick Gilligan, charged with assault and battery on P. O'Reilly, was acquitted.

Wm. Casey, charged with larceny, did not appear, and his bondsman was notified.

David Murphy, charged with an assault and battery on R. Gramer, on the 4th of August, was acquitted.

Frank Wilson, colored, charged by Mrs. Molloy, 170 Tchoupitoulas street, with robbing her, from the 20th July, stolen $5 from her, was found guilty.

Bill Dover, charged with assault with a dangerous weapon, did not come forward, and his bondsman was notified of the forfeiture of the bond.

Recorder Stiles' Court.—August Voight, No. 367 Victory street, was charged by Francis Mouney, Bienvenue street between Dauphine and St. Philippe streets, with mayhem, in having on the 5th of May negligently to guard his horse, a vicious animal, through which carelessness it ran away with the wagon and over the child of the complainant, his eleven years old daughter, Eugenie Mouney, injuring her severely.

Recorder Stiles decided that the Staff had failed to make out a case of criminal neglect, and that there was no malicious intent on the part of the driver.

The only case which could be made out was the violating of art. 1257, city ordinances, and for that Voight was fined $25 or twenty days in the Parish Prison.

Officer Chas. Davis, charged by Chas. Retail with assault and battery while intent to kill, was released on bond.

Arthur Guerin, charged by Wm. Cooper with assault with a revolver with intent to kill, was released on $500 bond. An other affidavit is sworn against the accused by Officer Bice, Turnkey of the Jackson Square Station, charging him with assaulting the officer when he was searching him.

Joe Harrison, charged by Ophelia John with assault and battery, was released on bond.

Charles Edward and A. J. Baptiste, colored, for insulting Officer Rolland, $10 or 10 days.

Recorder Houghton's Court.—John Contravenski was examined before Recorder Houghton, and sent before the First District Court on a charge of having robbed the house of Mr. Rutter, by breaking into the rear of the premises while the gas was burning. He told Mrs. Rutter he thought he had been arrested, and wanted her to send him his watch, clothes and some money. She went to the house to bring it, and he accused made use of the opportunity to break into the house and make way with several articles of value.

THE DEVIL'S PARADISE.—The work of defense at all the gates of the ramparts round Paris are being carried on with great activity. There are about one hundred entrenchments in that circle of fortification, 39,000 metres (nearly twenty-four miles) round. At each of them not only a large body of men is employed, but all the materials for constructing the retaining wall are on the spot. With respect to the two wide bays formed by the Seine at each extremity of Paris—below the viaduct bridge at Auteuil, and above the Pont Napoleon at Bercy—the epaulements of the ramparts are carried into the shallow water of the Seine, and are chained in the centre of which will be defended by piles. The seven hundred or eight hundred engineers of the Commune in the parapet all round the circlate remain to be made, but with the number of engineers and laborers employed that work will be terminated in a few days. All the plaf-forses for the gunners are in good condition, as well as the refuges ten open in the gorges of the ninety-four bastions. Baron Haussmann, the last Prefect, as wishes presentiment of what is now taking place, had constructed inside the rampart a fort thirty bomb-proof shelters and houses for the actors, men, and which may become admirable quarters for the defenders.

SOMETHING OF WESTERN.—The former Prussian Ambassador at Paris, Von Usedom, has been very uncomfortably situated since the outbreak of diplomatic war. He is a Prussian, likely enough, but he is married to a Frenchwoman, and his sympathies are with the Emperor. Thus he is between two fires, and he is reported to have left Paris, on the ground that he could not stand the sound of the guns, and to have gone to Wiesbaden. (Goethe's great lyrical poem, "Hermann and Dorothea," has been translated literally with the blank verse, without lodgings, by Miss Ellen Frothingham.) Only one Russian, Count Orloff, is in the Prussian camp, in spite of the diplomatic ties that bind the two countries together. He is the only other person, besides Mr. Hogan, who has gone.

A GOOD VIEW OF THE SEAT OF WAR.—Published to-day, on our second page, is a very valuable portion of France and Germany, which we have had this part of the seat of war. This chart is the clearest and most accurate of any other for a very good idea of the great natural features of the country. It shows the course of the rivers and the mountains, the relative positions of the principal towns. The great lines of defense between Paris and the frontier may be clearly seen. This map will be on sale at our office, mounted in a detachable form.

Tickets given but which an Odd Fellows' Hall by Miss Bailey, assisted by Miss Vida Hogan, and other amateurs, for the benefit of the French wounded, will be repeated by a large and brilliant audience, whose frequent applause at their high appreciation of the scenes and the artistic merits of the performers. We forgot to repeat the "Mamelukes", so deservedly was encored.

INDIGNATION.—The most irritable and restless of most tender hearts household duties, are those who are in action in the Bee, and by using Mrs. Whitcomb's Soothing Syrup.

A BRILLIANT DISCOVERY.—Every housekeeper in the land, whose locks have been tarnished with silver by time, or premature decay, will hail with joy the discovery of Parker's TRIALS, or Salvation for the gray, to be numbered among the wonderful successes of the age of discovery. Its wonderful properties in restoring the color to the hair are most marvelous, and the triumph of science.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

[To the New Orleans Bee.]

The Franco-Prussian War.

Circular of Jules Favre.

Duc De Grammont in London.

His Opinion of the Present Government of France.

Liberation of Political Prisoners.

100,000 Chassepots Found in the Cellars of the Louvre.

Engineers Mining the Heights of Montmartre.

Resignation of General Fleury, Minister to St. Petersburg.

Account of the Interview Between Napoleon and King William.

Several Millions of Cartridges Received from Havre.

The French Women Send Delegates to King William.

The Prussians Continue Advancing on Paris.

Basis of Peace Propositions.

HOME NEWS.

Miscellaneous.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Paris, Sept. 7.—The rioters of the Boulevard De Villette, who were sentenced to imprisonment and imprisonment, have been released.

A correspondent of the *Guardian*, from Luxemburg, writes that Metz is starving. Bread is 20 per pound.

A circular has just been issued by Favre, with the following point: The policy of France is peace, leaving Germany tomorrow her own destinies. The King and he made war against the dynasty, not France. The dynasty is gone, yet this implies war against France. Will the King face the responsibility before the world and before history? France yields not one foot of her soil nor one stone of her fortresses.

A shameless peace means extermination of our enemies and of Europe's.

We are ready for the last combat, taints can hold Paris to the last. They can hold it for three months and the departments they pass through.

Which degree of cavalry which managed to escape from Sedan reached Paris this morning.

Gen. Chanzet is here and proposes to form a corps of sharpshooters.

The correspondent of the *Rappel* was a prisoner, but the Prince Royal released him, saying: "When you return, tell them will find a Republic. We will be very severe with Paris.

Paris, Sept. 7.—Several millions of cartridges were received here yesterday from Havre.

In certain parts of the city the pavements are to be taken up to lessen the effects of bombs.

Even the ultra Republican journals, testify that the Prussian Prince Royal's attitude.

The Prussian Mathilde has been released by order of M. Keratry.

Some cases which the Empress left in the Tuileries, in the haste of her departure, have been forwarded to her.

Two hundred and eighty-three persons have been liberated who were political prisoners here.

The Government of National Defense decrees that Toul merits well of the nation for her heroic defenses, which are still continued.

It is intended to lodge 100,000 Garde Mobile from the provinces in the large departments which are vacated, because of the incapacity of landlords and the high prices.

Turin, Sept. 7.—The *Gaulois* says the representatives of all the foreign powers received instructions from their Governments, even before the receipt of the circular of Jules Favre, which was handed them last night, to ratify what they considered great measures necessary to the equilibrium of Europe and the integrity of French territory.

As the Corps Diplomatic leave Paris in case of a siege, his Government will place representatives in towns they select as residence.

The taverns of Grande Arme and de l'Impératrice and Bois de Boulogne are all one vast camp filled with soldiers.

The journals notice an order of the King of Prussia to his troops, to take with them all able bodied men in Berlin.

Paris, Sept. 7.—The officers of the Garde Mobile are resigning.

The corps of Gen. Venay, which arrived yesterday, is mutinous, claiming that their forced march is useless in view of the treaty at Sedan.

London, Sept. 7.—The *Times* has several bitter articles on the absence and apathy of the Queen and Princes, who are decerting, while Europe is quaking to its foundation.

On the success of the Prussians, which it seems is now assured, the writer hopes the French Republic will not persist in a vain struggle, but seek peace and leisure to constitute itself.

The *Daily News* says there is a legion of French refugees, red and, parti-colored, from London.

The English Ministry, by Herculean efforts, have restrained Greece from hurtling the Christian energies into the contest. This submerges England's conduct in the supreme crisis of Europe.

London, Sept. 7.—The *Times* says if France refuses to treat for peace the Republic will perish, because Frenchmen are more jealous of military glory than the right and justice of others.

Weather stormy, rain falling in torrents.

Vienna, Sept. 7.—It is asserted that the accession of Austria to the neutral league was qualified by a condition that mediation would be prohibited.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 7. — Gen. Fleury, Minister from France, resigned, and instantly left the country.

Brussels, sept. 7.—In consequence of the French evacuation of Rome, Italy revokes the call for the 3d class of reserves.

Berlin, Sept. 7.—Provincial correspondences say great events may be expected.

Delbruck, President of Federal Chancery, has summoned King William to conquer. If crushed, France will arise more vengeful. Let Europe know that the Ministry have no other aim or ambition than peace, but war, being inevitable, we will continue the struggle, confident of the triumph of justice.

London, Sept. 7.—The *Times* to-day, in its city article, commenting on the prostration of business and the unsatisfactory state of the market, says the prices of federal bonds advance with Prussian successes.

London, Sept. 7—10 P. M.—It is rumored that Louis Blanc comes as Minister to England.

FROM NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 7.—Special to the *Herald*:

London, Sept. 7.—The Journal of the Imperial Prince was strictly private, his governor prohibiting conversations on accounts of his health.

Duc De Grammont is here. He escaped via Havre. He converses freely, and says the revolutionary government cannot last. All recent tests, he said, prove its members have not the confidence of the people. The men now in power are those whose efforts have been heretofore directed to embarrass the real government, and thus assure the failure of the war.

The Republican journals were constantly endeavoring to shake confidence and destroy the discipline of the army, and attributes the loss of several battles to this cause. It is not see how foreign powers can refuse to recognize the Republic, which, if they do, will have a serious effect on the war.

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