ORLEANS DAILY BEE.
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MS OF THE BEE.
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Advertisements.
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Published six times,
Advertisers shall be rendered
Semi-Weekly Edition.
YEAR ..... $3.
NEW ORLEANS:
MORNING, OCT. 16, 1870.

Auction Sales Monday.

AUCTION.—It has already been that Miss Emma Fairex, Daniel Fairex, Esq., of this return to her former home school stay in Paris, where the musical art under Lavey, chief of orchestra of Opera. Miss Fairex was at school of our distinguished Professor Curto, and was to her debut in Paris the coming Paris war intervened. Those who heard her performances say possessed of a soprano voice and sweetness, and pro remarkable singer. It is recommend that the debut of Orleans shall be made in we take occasion to express for her success. Native gen. let us hope, will our native appreciation falsify the proverb that never without honor save in country, and give a warm welcome to accomplished young debutant may be encouraged to perfectivation of the noble art she has devoted herself.

BOWL.—This is the name of paper, the first number of one, published in French at New Orleans, by Mr. A. J. Cassidy of the *Times*, of that editor's salutatory address we learn that the special *Sugar Bowl* is to promote the the sugar planters, the development of the other interests of Louisiana will a share of attention. The and of immigration and education will be had in view. The is a handsome appearance contents will be a welcome visitor to our readers through

TO GEN. LEE.—It has been take immediate steps towards a monument to the memory leader of the Confederate Are informed that Mr. Ferera member of the Bar, has taken in this matter, and that it will be put in circulation We predict that the suggestion up and carried into execution enthusiasm and alacrity. All contributions will deserve expression of admiration for Gen. this reason small sums should as well as large ones.

THEATRE.—The *Times* mentions history of the Rebellion, in which the editor says: "It is a fact that a general desire expressed by the friends and General Lee that a discourse be and character should be delivered by the Reverend Dr. Palmer of Square. Presbyterian We hope the learned gentleman with this request. There is no country more eloquent Palmer, and very few as capable the subject in a manner worthy and good man whose loss has such sorrow upon our people.

LEGISLATURE.—The Legislature, which assembled on the inst., adjourned from Monday to Tuesday, as follows, from which we infer that the Democrats were in Senate, as reported by the telegraph:

Democrats, 22; Republicans, 9; Democrats, 82; Republicans, 18.

Music.—The Gaite Company in the "White Cat" to night change. Their last week engagement night with an entire new programme, including Mr. Carlisle's humorous special Mad Poet of the Catskills Mr. Gibbons, Mr. Leopold and Miss in their graceful and thrilling air, and other novelties by the company.

For the past eight months (including one of the $12 Grade Gold Watches manufactured by Chas. F. Ward, Watchmaker, No. 47 Maiden street, New York. January 4th, has sold by one after another, with variation in time of only 20 minutes, which speaks volumes as to the same brilliancy of other purchased.

JAMES R. WILTON,
Sec. American S. M. Co. N. Y.
New York, July 30th, 1870. 3m

Louisiana Intelligence.

MARY PARISH.—The *Planter's Banner* at Franklin contains the following in its issue of the 12th inst.:

Our crop in this parish will not be cut in proportion to August. This are not pleased with the prospects some farm hold good on the and the cane purchases. Some new syrup will be in the at the beginning of next week. Planters who are ready for it, Bros. and St. Martin to test the cane, and will be under obligations to you.

In consequence of the revulsion in favor of Sugar to the exclusion will be found in the market of Molasses remain by about market. There will probably be only of the small mills known as Nos. 1 and 2, put up in Attakapas, and in many more worth to their success established beyond Enough will be imported Then merit, and if the demand be attained, next year will in the change effected in the productions are of this part of the other mills are being put up patterns, and doubtless amongst will be found suited to the wants of our small planters small farm adapted to cool and humid lands. We can make sugar as well as those of other years ago. Let great big bear now, and will be satisfied the superiority of our sugarcane, on the score of economy cost, and this will be in a year or two, to the satisfaction of the most

James B. Price, of St. Mary Parish, the 9th inst.

Daniel Dennett, the editor of the returned to Franklin on the 8th after 58 days absence in the South and Eastern States, where he took of health not energy sufficient to for some years. We look to see evidence of Col. Dennett's vigor during the coming winter.

Mr. Parish.—The Alexandria of the 12th says:

weather the past week has been fair and cool, with a variation of showers, which were much Cotton picking still progressing most happy style. Cotton to town very slowly.

Cotton Parish.—The Mansfield of the 8th says:

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Bell.—Mothers know the attached to the care of teeth. Recall the advertisement of Wentworth's Syrup in another

WARD offered by the proprietors Catarrh Remedy, for a case which he cannot cure. $500 Sold by all druggists. Giving symptoms and mode of sent free. Address Dr. Ward, Toledo, O.

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Conductor Erie Railroad Co.

SURPRISE.—The gray haired have their eyes when they claimed locks restored to their by a natural and transparent Vitality on Saturday Hair, is the article in question, to may be estimated.

ADVICE.—Mothers know the attached to the care of teeth. Recall the advertisement of Wentworth's Syrup in another

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The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET. NEW ORLEANS, SUNDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 16, 1870. 44th YEAR—Vol. XLIV.—Whole—15,191.

The "New Eclectic."

This new periodical, adapted to the meridian of the South, is likely to become quite a favorite. It blends original articles, from some of our best writers, with others judicially selected from foreign magazines. It is useless to commend the magazine literature of Great Britain, such as *Blackwood's* and *Fraser's Magazines*, *Chamber's Journal*, the *Saturday Evening Review*, and the like. They are the delight of the age with all appreciative readers. The Scotch and the English have carried this kind of writing to the highest degree of perfection. We cannot, with all our ambition and spirit of enterprise, hope to improve upon it in this country.

There is no reason, however, since we have scholars among us—rare and rareones, who have graduated at our universities, and made the tour of Europe—since we have fine writers in the cities and cotton-trodden South—in Baltimore, Richmond, Charleston, Savannah, New Orleans, and other aristocratic places (we mean places where the aristocracy of intellect predominates—as it ever should do clover that of wealth) why we should not emulate the perfection attained by the first English and Scotch magazine writers. If there is any question about the matter, we might ting down our Reviews at their feet as an evidence of our literary prowess, and of our right to contend for the laurels of learning and scholarship. We say no disgrace of Washington, which is so overshadowed at present by the pernicious upas tree of Radicalism, that nothing harmonizing in letters can be expected to flourish in that metropolis.

The *New Eclectic*, published in Baltimore, has nothing in it of trash—nothing mawkish, nothing commonplace. Its poetry, sketches, essays, stories and criticisms have no savor of skepticism in religion, or of latitudinarianism in politics or in socialism. Against these, like Minerva, it is armed *cap-a-pie*. Its contributors are obviously actuated by life-long attachments to the South. They sympathize with it in its recollections and its trials, and wish to restore its confidence in its own resources.

Let them keep this object steadily in view, avoiding those personal antipathies in which some of our Southern magazines have scandalized, and they cannot fail to command the respect and the literary patronage of the South.

The last, or October number, is delightful reading, and throughout, either amusing or instructive. We are sure that that accomplished scholar, George Frederic Holmes, an Englishman by birth and education, an American by adoption, is a contributor to its pages.

The *Eclectic* is published at Baltimore and can be found at the establishments of all our news dealers and bookstores.

BALL.—We are indebted to the Young Men's Concordia Glee Club for complimentary tickets to a grand fancy dress and masquerade ball, to be given at the Deutsche Company Hall, Saturday evening, October 29th.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Grand Democratic Rally—The Mass Meeting in Lafayette Square.—There was a large, enthusiastic and highly encouraging meeting of Democratic citizens, held last night in pursuance of call on Lafayette Square. The various wards of the city had turned in force with music and banners, and arranged themselves around the speakers stand in solid phalanx, and other parts of phemalia of party tactics fully demonstrated that the people were already aroused and determined to throw off the shackles by which they have been so long bound by Radical rule. The demonstration was even grander for an initial display than we anticipated, there being not less than five or six thousand persons assembled, who listened to the various speakers with the most patient attention.

The vast assemblage was called to order by Col. E. C. Zachariae, President of the Democratic Executive Committee, who announced as President of the meeting Mr. L. A. Ducros, one of our old and prominent citizens, who briefly thanked the audience for the honor conferred on him, saying he felt strong in the cause and hoped that would crow respect to the end of the campaign, which he hoped and believed, judging from this demonstration to be him, would eventuate in the defeat of the Republican party at the polls in November.

Messrs. Thomas Steel, St. Leon Dufrence, J. H. Blade and J. J. Arnold were appointed Secretaries, and about three hundred other prominent citizens named as Vice Presidents.

Col. C. H. Fox was then introduced, and addressed the meeting at length, closely discussing the acts of the Republican party, and especially their measures legislation in this State, handling the Radicals without gloves, and exciting the middle of the audience by his pungent and scathing sarcasm and ridicule, not omitting the special organ of the Republican in this city, which he characterized as the tattled cuff which had necessarily been nourished by the pap of the Radical cow which had been so freely fed from the public crib by party plunder. Alluding to the plunderings of Wickliffe while State Auditor, he said that if Jimel was chief, it could be that Pinkney was Sergeant. The various acts of Radical rule under which we have been so long bound by Radical rule. The demonstration was even grander for an initial display than we anticipated, there being not less than five or six thousand persons assembled, who listened to the various speakers with the most patient attention.

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Be it resolved, That we, the Democracy of the city of New Orleans, in mass meeting assembled, after a calm and deliberate survey of the political field before us, and after duly weighing the merits and qualifications of the different candidates for office in our city and State, cordially endorse and ratify the nominees of the Democratic Conventions as men who by their past history and identification with our people ensure an able economical and honest administration of our public affairs, and that we pledge to them as our standard-bearers in this contest our warmest and most zealous support.

Resolved, That we adopt the platform of the State Democratic Convention as the voice of the people, speaking through their authorized representatives in behalf of a plundered and outraged community.

Resolved, That we invite all honest men opposed to the present State administration and its creature the present city government in their usurpation of the public franchises and their robbery of the public funds, to unite with us in registering and voting for a set of candidates pledged to oppose and repeal the obnoxious measures which now pollute and disgrace our statute books; and that we cannot but regard those of our citizens who fail to do so as recreant to their duty, and as indifferent to the claims of country, and that they can only be classed among the common enemy and are opposed to the regeneration of our State and city.

The meeting was then addressed in stirring and eloquent strains by Major D. M. C. Hughes, Col. Wm. M. Smallwood and E. H. McCaleb, Esq., all of whom made some telling points which we regret we have no room to notice.

The meeting was adjourned at a late hour, after which the various clubs filed away in torchlight procession.

Still Mourning.—The numerous houses which were draped in mourning Friday in respect to the memory of General Lee, remained draped yesterday. We have hardly ever known such general expression of sorrow in this community before.

The committee appointed to make arrangements for the more formal expression of our sorrow request that the ladies will assist them in decorating the St. Charles Theatre for the purpose on Monday and Tuesday.

The City Council.—The Board of City Administrators meet Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of hearing the report of the delegates to the Commercial Convention recently held in Cincinnati.

The Yellow Fever.—This disease seems to be sensibly on the decrease this week, as compared with last week. There were but seven deaths on the 14th and seven on the 15th inst. A little cool weather will probably stop it altogether.

The Tactful Time.—The steamer Natchez, Capt. T. P. Leathers, left the port yesterday morning on a trip to Natchez, running against time, but was obliged to return, after reaching Gallow Point, on account of meeting a heavy fog at that place, which is sixty miles from New Orleans. Her time was as follows:

To Carrollton	20h.	15m.
Harry Hill's		50m.
Red Chimney	1h.	20m.
Bonnet Carré	2h.	25m.
College Point	3h.	25m.
From Mr. C. C. Haley, who was a passenger and timed her, we learn that she made a portion of the trip at the rate of 20½ miles per hour.		

The time made by the R. E. Lee on her celebrated race, when she beat the Natchez, last July, was as follows:

To Carrollton	9h.	22m.
Harry Hill's	1	30
Red Chimney	1	50
Bonnet Carré	2	58
College Point	3	50

The Natchez will leave this morning again on a trial trip to Vicksburg, starting at 5 o'clock this morning, for the purpose of avoiding the fog as much as possible.

Cutting.—A man named Geo. Hawkins was cut in the neck and arm and severely wounded in the affray which took place, which occurred on the levee yesterday, owing to a dispute between them as to the relative running time of the steamers Lee and Natchez. Hawkins was sent to the Charity Hospital and Bell arrested.

Illegal Troublesome Registration.—Francis Lewis and Lawrence Anderson are charged by one of the Registrars of Voters with obtaining registration papers under false representations.

First District Court Sentences.—Richard Wilson, convicted of larceny, having stolen on the 17th September, five dollars from Elizabeth Stockinger, was sent for two years to the Penitentiary.

James Harlem, convicted of larceny, having stolen from John Macon on the 30th of September a gold watch, which he gain valued at $6, was sent three months to the Parish Prison.

George Louis, who plead guilty to swindling from him madison, on the 28th September, one Caleb McGraw, was sent to the penitentiary for one year.

Justin and Anatole, the two boys who were convicted of robbing, on the 6th of September, the till of the grocery store of Mr. Michael Burk, on St. Ann street, of about $200, were sentenced—Anatole to two years Parish Prison, and Justin, who was recommended to the mercy of the Court, by the judge to one day Parish Prison.

J. Contravinsky, a well known thief, was convicted of entering the dwelling house of Mr. Joseph Ritter in the day time, on the 20th August with intent to steal, and was sentenced to hard labor for twenty months in the Penitentiary. Michael Mc. Daniel O'Farrell out of a suit of clothes, he was sentenced to two additional months after the first sentence expired.

Joseph Gardner, who plead guilty to an assault and battery on Lucie Barnes, on the 5th of October—$1 or one day in Parish Prison.

Geo. Harris, convicted of an assault and battery on Officer James Meade, of Tremé street, on the 7th August—$10 fine or one day imprisonment.

Sentence of Death for Murder.—In the case of Vincento Bacuone, alias Saratoga, and Antonio Abriel, convicted of the murder of the Mayday, Andreosia, on the 20th of May, 1869, near the Port market, on the levee, by stabbing him first, and then throwing him into the river, a motion to arrest judgment was argued. D. M. C. Hughes, Esq., assisted by E. K. Washington, appearing for the accused, and Attorney General Belden represented the interest of the State.

Mr. Hughes made motion for an appeal to the Supreme Court, which was granted, returnable the first Monday in December.

Trial of Capital Cases.—In the First District Court the Attorney General will commence, on Thursday next, the 20th October, the trial of his docket of capital cases. The first one is the case of the boy John Burns, who, on the 29th May last, shot and instantly killed a boy, Jean Maria Campo, at the head of St. Philip street.

On Tuesday, October 25, the trial of Vincente Simondelli, charged with the murder of Rosario Dimichelli, who was shot and killed in Congo Square, will take place.

On Thursday, October 27, John Larch, a young fellow, will be tried on the charge of rape.

BY TELEGRAPH.

To the New Orleans Bee.

THE FRANCO-PRUSSIAN WAR.

Indications of a Great Movement by the Belligerents.

Imperial Family Correspondence Found at the Tuilleries.

Herald Correspondent's Interview With Garibaldi.

Circulars Issued by the French Government.

Arrival of Garibaldi at Besançon.

Rumored Surrender of the Prussians at Orleans.

HOME NEWS.

Honors to Memory of Gen. Lee.

Miscellaneous.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Tours, Oct. 15.—Evening.—The rumors from Orleans are startling. It is asserted that the Prussians there, who are in heavy force, have surrounded the city on the north, with all their artillery.

The French forces are continually increasing.

The Government has given the public nothing from Orleans for a day or two.

Tours, Oct. 15.—Messengers who were sent forward by the Associated Press agency two days ago have not yet returned.

There is much anxiety felt to hear official news from Orleans.

On the 8th inst. the Government sent an official circular to its representatives in other countries, refuting by historical deductions the charge made by Bismarck that liberal France had ever desired to conquer, or had ever worked against German unity.

Another circular, dated the 10th instant, asserts that the pretensions of Prussia tend to reduce France to a second rate power.

The circulars dwell on the fact that the Prussian announcement of their readiness to negotiate for peace was premature.

It is said here that Prince Napoleon was engaged in the affair of calling General Trochu to the Palace of Prince Napoleon, of the latter got the better of the Prince's intrigue.

The general confirms the previous statement as to the excellent condition of the army at Metz, and that the surrounding country is well supplied with fresh food.

Intelligence, which is reliable, has just been received here to the effect that a great sortie was made at Paris on Wednesday, the 12th, and was strongly supported by cannon and infantry. No particulars have arrived.

An official decree was issued today which provides that before a court martial all generals or other commanders of troops, who are surprised by the enemy.

J. M. Daniel, of the Richmond Dispatch, is here and has been at Metz and Paris during the siege. He says that the Prussians are Parisians indicates that a great movement is imminent.

Thiers was received by the French Legation at Florence on Thursday.

London, Oct. 15.—A telegram given to the public to-day by the Lombard street News Room, and which is therefore generally discredited, stating that the Prussians have commenced to accept the Spanish crown, and that Victor Emmanuel has given in his adhesion to the scheme.

London, Oct. 15.—The Germans attribute the frequency of railroad accidents to French agency, and will hereafter impose contributions on the communities where such accidents occur.

An early meeting of the North German Parliament has been decided upon to make the necessary provision for carrying on the war. The amount of money to be appropriated has been reduced from one hundred millions to eighty millions thalers.

Among the Imperial manuscripts discovered to have been issued at the Tuileries was a circular illustrating the advantages of an imperial regime.

The *Pall Mall Gazette*, of to-day, gives an outline of the plot of the novel.

London, Oct. 15.—A fire in Liverpool destroyed property which is valued at ten thousand pounds. One thousand operators are temporarily thrown out of employment.

London, Oct. 15.—Official announcement of the re-opening of the port of Kiel is published. To-day mariners are warned against torpedoes in the channel.

Twenty-two of the ships of war wantonly burned by the Parisians as no Prussians were there at the time.

The action of Spain given the French and the Prussians preceding the occupation of Orleans was very severe.

Six hundred pounds sterling have been collected in the city of Strasburg cities from sight seen since the Prussian occupation of the city, which will be appropriated for the German wounded.

Correspondence of the London *Post*, writing from Paris, laughs at the sham hypocrisy of the people of that city. Talk of fighting without hope of success and without the hope of any, and freedom any universal. He says the Government is ready to prove conclusively to the people. The Prussians say they will soon have rifled guns capable of throwing projectiles a mile and a half, a number of these Prussian projectiles are on the way from the Baltic.

London, Oct. 15.—The Prussians before Paris are in fine fix, it is thought the final assault is merely a prelude to a formidable attack.

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Mr. Hughes made motion for an appeal to the Supreme Court, which was granted, returnable the first Monday in December.

Trial of Capital Cases.—In the First District Court the Attorney General will commence, on Thursday next, the 20th October, the trial of his docket of capital cases. The first one is the case of the boy John Burns, who, on the 29th May last, shot and instantly killed a boy, Jean Maria Campo, at the head of St. Philip street.

On Tuesday, October 25, the trial of Vincente Simondelli, charged with the murder of Rosario Dimichelli, who was shot and killed in Congo Square, will take place.

On Thursday, October 27, John Larch, a young fellow, will be tried on the charge of rape.

WAR NEWS.

The Ex-Emperor's Conduct at Sedan.

Brussels, Sept. 23, Evening.—The *Independence Belge* of this evening publishes the reply of General Evate Wimpffen to a letter of the *aides-de-camp* of the Emperor Napoleon. The general says, among other things—The note forwarded to the Empress was a bulletin of the position of General Lebrun to attempt to pass through the Prussian lines in the direction of Carignan. Let your Majesty satisfy yourself among his soldiers. They will consider it an honor to open for you a passage. The object of this invitation was to spare the Emperor the chance of being made a prisoner, and to make use of his prestige in order to facilitate a combined movement, without which it was impossible to cut through. The Emperor did not consent to that proposal, and ordered the white flag to be hoisted, unknown to me. At the same time, his Majesty sent an envoy with a flag of truce to the Prussian headquarters. In spite of my protest and refusal to negotiate, the white flag was not lowered. These acts," adds the writer, "spoiled the execution of the last offensive movements.

The French Generals Captured at Sedan.

The names of the French generals made prisoners at Sedan are as follows:

First Army Corps—General Douay, commander of corps; Brigadier-General Joly Frigola, commanding artillery; General Lacretelle, commanding one second division; General L'Heviller, commanding third division; General Lartigues, commanding fourth division; General Michel now dead, commanding cavalry; Brigadier-General De Montmarie, first brigade; Brigadier-General Grandil, second brigade, and Brigadier-Generals Lacretelle, Paterski, De-Coetlosquet, Frabouleet de Kerledec, De Belle Mare, and Leforestier de Vaudesnuve, commanding cavalry brigade.

Fifth Army Corps—Division-General Goze; General de l'Abadie d'Agdrin, commanding second division; Brigadier-General Abbatucci, commanding second division; De Maussierez, chief of staff; Brigadier-Generals Saurin and Baron Nicolas-Nicolas.

SEVENTH CORPS.—Division-General Felix Douay, commanding corps; General Renson, chief of staff; General Louis Dautelaine, Brigadier-General Le Hi, commanding second division; Brigadier-General Abbatucci, commanding second division; De Maussierez, chief of staff; Brigadier-Generals Saurin and Baron Nicolas-Nicolas.

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Liverpool, Oct. 15.—The steamship India landed 300 Papal Zouaves at this port yesterday. They were taken aboard at Genoa, and will be sent to their homes on Wednesday.

London, Oct. 15.—A dreadful accident occurred at Mitchell's ship yard, near Castle-on-Tyne, yesterday afternoon. A large iron vessel, unfinished, fell over, crushing several workmen; six bodies have been recovered, and six others are visible but not accessible. There were 20 seriously injured.

The German garrison at Stenay captured by the French from Mouzinedy numbered 60 men.

The Prussian videttes retired before the Mobiles at Mairteres.

Bazaine's activity is undiminished, making frequent sorties harrassing the besiegers.

Advices from Paris state that the Mobiles dispersed some of people from around the Hotel de Ville. A new political club had been formed, among its members are noted journalists and lawyers. The first session was held on Monday night, when an organization was effected.

Military movements among the Prussians and Parisians indicates that a great movement is imminent.

Thiers was received by the French Legation at Florence on Thursday.

London, Oct. 15.—A telegram given to the public to-day by the Lombard street News Room, and which is therefore generally discredited, stating that the Prince Amadeus has consented to accept the Spanish crown, and that Victor Emmanuel has given in his adhesion to the scheme.

London, Oct. 15.—The Germans attribute the frequency of railroad accidents to French agency, and will hereafter impose contributions on the communities where such accidents occur.

An early meeting of the North German Parliament has been decided upon to make the necessary provision for carrying on the war. The amount of money to be appropriated has been reduced from one hundred millions to eighty millions thalers.

Among the Imperial manuscripts discovered to have been issued at the Tuileries was a circular illustrating the advantages of an imperial regime.

The *Pall Mall Gazette*, of to-day, gives an outline of the plot of the novel.

London, Oct. 15.—A fire in Liverpool destroyed property which is valued at ten thousand pounds. One thousand operators are temporarily thrown out of employment.

London, Oct. 15.—Official announcement of the re-opening of the port of Kiel is published. To-day mariners are warned against torpedoes in the channel.

Twenty-two of the ships of war wantonly burned by the Parisians as no Prussians were there at the time.

The action of Spain given the French and the Prussians preceding the occupation of Orleans was very severe.

Six hundred pounds sterling have been collected in the city of Strasburg cities from sight seen since the Prussian occupation of the city, which will be appropriated for the German wounded.

Correspondence of the London *Post*, writing from Paris, laughs at the sham hypocrisy of the people of that city. Talk of fighting without hope of success and without the hope of any, and freedom any universal. He says the Government is ready to prove conclusively to the people. The Prussians say they will soon have rifled guns capable of throwing projectiles a mile and a half, a number of these Prussian projectiles are on the way from the Baltic.

London, Oct. 15.—The Prussians before Paris are in fine fix, it is thought the final assault is merely a prelude to a formidable attack.

London, Oct. 15.—The ship Batenoeg, from Cardiff, sailed this morning again on a trial trip to Vicksburg, starting at 5 o'clock this morning, for the purpose of avoiding the fog as much as possible.

Cutting.—A man named Geo. Hawkins was cut in the neck and arm and severely wounded in the affray which took place, which occurred on the levee yesterday, owing to a dispute between them as to the relative running time of the steamers Lee and Natchez. Hawkins was sent to the Charity Hospital and Bell arrested.

Illegal Troublesome Registration.—Francis Lewis and Lawrence Anderson are charged by one of the Registrars of Voters with obtaining registration papers under false representations.

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